DOE/CF-0181 Volume 1

Department of Energy FY 2023 Congressional Budget Request

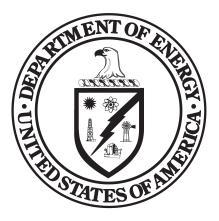


National Nuclear Security Administration

Federal Salaries and Expenses Weapons Activities Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Naval Reactors

> DOE/CF-0181 Volume 1

Department of Energy FY 2023 Congressional Budget Request



National Nuclear Security Administration

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Office of Chief Financial Officer

April 2022

Volume 1

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FY 2023 Congressional Budget Request

Volume 1

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DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Appropriation Summary (dollars in thousands)

Donortmont of Freezew	EV 2021 Emotion	FY 2022	FY2023	FY 2023 vs. FY 2	1 Enacted
Department of Energy	FY 2021 Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	\$	%
partment of Energy		•			
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy	2,861,760	2,861,760	4,018,885	1,157,125	40.4%
Electricity	211,720	211,720	297,386	85,666	40.5%
Cybersecurity, Energy Security, and Emergency Response	156,000	156,000	202,143	46,143	29.69
Petroleum Reserves					
Strategic Petroleum Reserves	188,000	188,000	214,175	26,175	13.99
Naval Petroleum & Oil Shale Reserves	13,006	13,006	13,004	-2	0.0
SPR - Petroleum Account	1,000	1,000	8,000	7,000	700.09
Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserves	6,500	6,500	7,000	500	7.7
Subtotal, Petroleum Reserves	208,506	208,506	242,179	33,673	16.1
Grid Deployment Office	-	-	90,221	90,221	N/
Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)	-	-	169,661	169,661	N/
Office of Manufacturing & Energy Supply Chains (MESC)	-	-	27,424	27,424	N/
Office of State and Community Energy Programs (SCEP)	-	-	726,897	726,897	N/
Nuclear Energy	1,357,800	1,357,800	1,518,460	160,660	11.8
Nuclear Waste Disposal	27,500 750,000	27,500	10,205	-17,295	-62.9
Fossil Energy and Carbon Management		750,000	893,160	143,160 -18 579	19.1 -2.2
Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund (UED&D)	841,000 126,800	841,000 126,800	822,421	-18,579 17,680	-2.2 13.9
Energy Information Administration			144,480	17,680	13.9
Non-Defense Environmental Cleanup Science	319,200 7,026,000	319,200 7,026,000	323,249	4,049	1.5
	7,020,000	-	7,799,211 21,558	773,211 21,558	11.0 N/
Office of Technology Transitions	-	-	21,558	21,558	N/
Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations Advanced Research Project Agency-Energy	- 427,000	- 427,000	700,150		64.0
	166,000	166,000	397,203	273,150	139.3
Departmental Administration	22,000	22,000	150,039	231,203 128,039	582.0
Indian Energy Policy and Programs Office of Inspector General	57,739	57,739	106,808	49,069	85.0
Loan Programs	57,759	57,755	100,808	49,009	85.0
Title 17 - Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program (1)	29,000	29,000	168,206	139,206	480.0
Advanced Technology Vehicles Manufacturing Loan Program	5,000	5,000	9,800	4,800	480.0 96.0
Tribal Energy Loan Guarantee Program	2,000	2,000	9,800 1,860	-140	-7.0
Subtotal, Loan Programs	36,000	36,000	179,866	143,866	399.6
-	14,595,025	14,595,025	19,055,658	4,460,633	395.0
Subtotal, Energy Programs National Nuclear Security Administration	14,555,025	14,555,025	19,033,038	4,400,033	30.0
Federal Salaries and Expenses	442 200	443,200	496,400	53,200	12.0
Weapons Activities	443,200 15,345,000	15,345,000	16,486,298	1,141,298	7.4
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,346,257	86,257	3.8
Naval Reactors	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	397,445	23.6
National Nuclear Security Administration	19,732,200	19,732,200	21,410,400	1,678,200	23.0 8.5
Environmental and Other Defense Activities	15,752,200	15,752,200	21,410,400	1,070,200	0.5
Defense Environmental Cleanup	6,426,000	6,426,000	6,914,532	488,532	7.6
Defense UED&D Fund (2)	0,420,000	0,420,000	0,514,552		7.0 N/
Other Defense Activities	920,000	920,000	978,351	58,351	6.3
Subtotal, Environmental and Other Defense Activities	7,346,000	7,346,000	7,892,883	546,883	0.3 7.4
Nuclear Energy (050)	149,800	149,800	156,600	6,800	4.5
Subtotal, Atomic Energy Defense Activities	27,228,000	27,228,000	29,459,883	2,231,883	8.2
Power Marketing Administrations	27,220,000	27,220,000	25,455,005	2,231,003	0.2
Southeastern Power Administration (SEPA)	-	-	-		N/
Southeastern Power Administration (SEPA)	- 10,400	- 10,400	- 10,608	- 208	2.0
Western Area Power Administration	89,372	89,372	98,732	9,360	10.5
Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance Fund	228	228	228	9,300	0.0
Colorado River Basins Marketing Fund	-21,400	-21,400	-8,568	12,832	-60.0
-					
Subtotal, Power Marketing Administrations	78,600 41 901 625	78,600	101,000 48,616,541	22,400 6 714 916	28.5 16.0
Subtotal, Department of Energy	41,901,625			6,714,916	
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	-	-	-	-	N,
Receipts and Offsets	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Excess Fees and Recoveries, FERC	-9,000	-9,000	-9,000	-	0.0
Title XVII Loan Guar. Prog Section 1703 Negative Credit Subsidy Receipts	-	-	-7,000	-7,000	N,
UED&D Fund Discretionary Payments	-		-417,000	-417,000	N/
Receipts and offsets	-9,000	-9,000	-433,000	-424,000	4711.1

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Appropriation Summary (dollars in thousands)

Department of Energy	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized	FY2023	FY 2023 vs. FY 21 Enacted	
		CR	Request	\$	%
DOE Budget Function					
NNSA Defense (050) Total	19,732,200	19,732,200	21,410,400	1,678,200	8.5%
Non-NNSA Defense Total	7,495,800	7,495,800	8,049,483	553,683	7.4%
Defense (050)	27,228,000	27,228,000	29,459,883	2,231,883	8.2%
Science (250)	7,026,000	7,026,000	7,799,211	773,211	11.0%
Energy (270)	7,638,625	7,638,625	10,924,447	3,285,822	43.0%
Non-Defense (Non-050)	14,664,625	14,664,625	18,723,658	4,059,033	27.7%

(1) The FY 2021 and FY 2022 Continuing Resolution entries for Title 17 and ATVM do not reflect rescissions of prior year emergency balances enacted in Public Law 116-260. Including the rescissions, the final amounts for Title 17 and ATVM would be -\$363 million and -\$1,903 million, respectively.

(2) In the FY 2023 Request, Defense Uranium Decontaination and Decommissioning is requested within the Defense Environmental Cleanup Appropriation.

National Nuclear Security Administration Overview

	(Dollars in Thousands)								
				FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request				
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	VS	VS				
	Enacted ^a	Annualized CR $^{\rm a}$	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)				
National Nuclear Security Administration									
Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	496,400	+53,200	+12.0%				
Weapons Activities	15,345,000	15,345,000	16,486,298	+1,141,298	+7.4%				
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,346,257	+86,257	+3.8%				
Naval Reactors	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	+397,445	+23.6%				
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	19,732,200	19,732,200	21,410,400	+1,678,200	+8.5%				

The National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) FY 2023 Request is \$21,410,000,000, an increase of \$1,678,200,000 (8.5 percent) above the FY 2021 Enacted Level to support the security and safety of our nation. NNSA's FY 2023 Budget Request pursues five major national security endeavors: (1) maintain a safe, secure, and effective nuclear weapons stockpile; (2) reduce global nuclear threats and keep nuclear and radiological materials out of the hands of terrorists; (3) strengthen key science, technology and engineering capabilities in support of certification, assessment, and current and future life extension programs; (4) provide safe and militarily-effective integrated nuclear propulsion systems for the U.S. Navy; and (5) modernize the Nuclear Security infrastructure. Key to all of these efforts is to upgrade where necessary and maintain infrastructure and provide the necessary federal oversight for growing mission requirements. NNSA has pursued a disciplined process to meet nuclear security and nonproliferation policy goals and requirements, support the Navy, and support a highly skilled federal workforce. The FY 2023 Budget request for NNSA is fully informed by and supports the 2022 Nuclear Posture Review (NPR). It includes full support for modernizing all three legs of the nuclear triad and utilizing all aspects of the nation's deterrence capability. This includes enduring support for arms control, risk reduction measures, and nuclear safeguards as well as counterterrorism and counterproliferation measures. The FY 2023 Budget Request will provide the resources necessary to maintain and certify the effectiveness of the nation's nuclear deterrent, supporting NNSA's cutting-edge science and technology program.

National Nuclear Security Administration Outyear Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027			
	Request	Request	Request	Request			
National Nuclear Security Administration							
Federal Salaries and Expenses	514,145	537,908	557,585	566,778			
Weapons Activities	17,816,316	17,897,085	17,586,296	17,633,380			
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,495,489	2,559,407	2,567,578	2,562,557			
Naval Reactors	1,903,050	1,867,600	1,913,541	1,898,285			
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	22,729,000	22,862,000	22,625,000	22,661,000			

NNSA Future-Years Nuclear Security Program

NNSA's Future Years Nuclear Security Program (FYNSP) topline for FY 2024 – FY 2027 is \$90.9 billion. This Request supports the modernization efforts and the scientific tools necessary to execute the 2022 Nuclear Posture Review. The Request continues to modernize America's nuclear stockpile and infrastructure, and the underlying science that supports strategic decisions and certification of the stockpile, as detailed in the annual *Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan (SSMP)*. The Request supports the U.S. Navy's nuclear fleet through safe and effective integrated nuclear propulsion systems. The

^a Funding does not reflect the mandated transfer of \$91.0 million in FY 2021 and FY 2022 to the Office of Nuclear Energy for operations of the Advanced Test Reactor.

Request also supports the nonproliferation goals outlined in NNSA's *Prevent, Counter, and Respond—A Strategic Plan to Reduce Global Nuclear Threats (NPCR)*.

Public Law Authorizations

- P.L. 106-65, National Nuclear Security Administration Act, as amended
- P.L. 117-81, National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
- P.L. 117-103, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022

Appropriation Summary by Program Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2021	FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request		
	Enacted	Annualized CR	FY 2023	VS	VS		
	(Comparable) ^a	(Comparable) ^a	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
NNSA Summary by Appropriation / GPRA Unit					1		
Federal Salaries and Expenses Appropriation							
Program Direction	443,200	443,200	513,200	+70,000	+15.8%		
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	(16,800)	-16,800	0%		
Total, Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	496,400	+53,200	+12.0%		
Weapons Activities Appropriation ^b							
Stockpile Management	4,290,244	4,290,244	4,929,073	+638,829	+14.9%		
Production Modernization	3,903,533		4,640,594		+18.9%		
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,003,489	3,003,489	2,894,658		-3.6%		
Infrastructure and Operations	2,542,071		2,630,963		+3.5%		
Secure Transportation Asset	348,684		344,437		-1.2%		
Defense Nuclear Security	789,078	789,078	882,291	+93,213	+11.8%		
Information Technology and Cybersecurity	366,233		445,654		+21.7%		
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	101,668	101,668	114,632	+12,964	+12.8%		
Subtotal, Weapons Activities	15,345,000		16,882,302		+10.0%		
Use of Prior Year Balances	0		(396,004)	-396,004	0%		
Total, Weapons Activities	15,345,000	15,345,000	16,486,298	+1,141,298	+7.4%		
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation ^c							
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs							
Material Management and Minimization	400,711	400,711	450,885	+50,174	+12.5%		
Global Material Security	528,939	528,939	504,077	-24,862	-4.7%		
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	148,000	148,000	207,656	+59,656	+40.3%		
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	641,900	641,900	720,245	+78,345	+12.2%		
NNSA Bioassurance Program	0	0	20,000	+20,000	0%		
Nonproliferation Construction	148,589	148,589	71,764	-76,825	-51.7%		
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs	1,868,139	1,868,139	1,974,627	+106,488	+5.7%		
Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	377,513	377,513	438,970	+61,457	+16.3%		
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	14,348	14,348	55,708	+41,360	+288.3%		
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,469,305	+209,305	+9.3%		
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	(123,048)	-123,048	0%		
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,346,257	+86,257	3.8%		
Naval Reactors Appropriation							
Naval Reactors Programs	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	+397,445	23.6%		
Total, Naval Reactors Appropriation	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	+397,445	23.6%		
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	19,732,200	19,732,200	21,410,400	+1,678,200	+8.5%		

^a Funding does not reflect the mandated transfer of \$91.0 million in FY 2021 and FY 2022 to the Office of Nuclear Energy for operations of the Advanced Test Reactor.

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Overview

^b The FY 2021 and FY 2022 amounts are presented comparable to the structure proposed for FY 2023 with Forensics R&D (formerly NTNF R&D) under DNN R&D and not as a separate line.

^c The FY 2021 and FY 2022 amounts are comparable with FY 2023 proposed structure to align programmatic construction with the portfolio each project supports, as well as the move of CBI from I&O to Production Modernization.

Appropriation Summary by Program Outyear Funding

Outyear Fundi	пg			
		(Dollars in	Thousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
NNSA Summary by Appropriation / GPRA Unit				
Federal Salaries and Expenses Appropriation				
Program Direction	514,145	537,908	557,585	566,778
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	0	0
Total, Federal Salaries and Expenses	514,145	537 <i>,</i> 908	557 <i>,</i> 585	566,778
Weapons Activities Appropriation				
Stockpile Management	4,967,175	4,943,461	4,778,573	4,914,251
Production Modernization	5,157,563	5,245,420	5,027,160	4,612,573
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,066,793	2,937,730	2,892,508	2,975,030
Infrastructure and Operations	2,774,970	2,842,720	2,893,904	2,972,128
Secure Transportation Asset	354,676	380,973	388,973	442,141
Defense Nuclear Security	927,563	955,314	991,527	1,049,188
Information Technology and Cybersecurity	494,124	513,889	534,445	587,200
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	73,452	77,578	79,206	80,869
Subtotal, Weapons Activities	17,816,316	17,897,085	17,586,296	17,633,380
Total, Weapons Activities	17,816,316	17,897,085	17,586,296	17,633,380
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation				
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation				
Material Management and Minimization	425,644	453,045	427,755	422,967
Global Material Security	515,897	534,986	539,159	538,936
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	207,188	214,854	216,529	216,439
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	712,724	739,095	744,859	744,551
NNSA Bioassurance Program	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Nonproliferation Construction	137,257	102,244	120,000	120,000
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs	2,018,710	2,064,224	2,068,302	2,062,893
Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	436,332	453,887	457,113	456,616
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	40,447	41,296	42,163	43,048
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,495,489	2,559,407	2,567,578	2,562,557
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,495,489	2,559,407	2,567,578	2,562,557
Naval Reactors Appropriation				
Naval Reactors Programs				
	1,903,050	1,867,600	1,913,541	1,898,285
Total, Naval Reactors Appropriation	1,903,050 1,903,050	1,867,600 1,867,600	1,913,541 1,913,541	1,898,285 1,898,285
-			1,913,541	

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Overview

NNSA Overview

Overview

The FY 2023 Request for **Weapons Activities (WA)** is \$16,486,298,000, a \$1,141,298,000 (7.4 percent) increase above the FY 2021 Enacted Level. Weapons Activities funds programs primarily at eight NNSA sites managed and operated by NNSA's contractor partners. The Request is fully informed by and supports by the 2022 Nuclear Posture Review (NPR), and is aligned with Department of Defense (DoD) requirements to ensure the U.S. nuclear deterrent continues to be safe, secure, and effective. Weapons Activities provides for the maintenance and refurbishment of nuclear weapons to continue sustained confidence in their safety, reliability, and performance; continued investment in scientific, engineering, and manufacturing capabilities to enable production and certification of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile; and manufacture of nuclear weapon components. The Request includes funding to continue nuclear deterrent modernization including five warhead modernization programs; significant investments in production capability including the two-site strategy to produce 80 pits per year as close to 2030 as possible; continues infrastructure modernization, as well as efforts in Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering to support the current and future stockpile. The Request includes funding to initiate a new subprogram within Stockpile Management titled Nuclear Enterprise Assurance to prevent, detect, and mitigate subversion risks to the nuclear weapons stockpile and associated design, production, and testing capabilities.

NNSA restructured the Weapons Activities budget in FY 2021 to enable better alignment of portfolios with resources. This allowed improved prioritization within portfolios that have multiple programs and interdependencies. Further refinements are proposed in FY 2023 primarily to align programmatic construction with the portfolio each project supports, as well as the move of CBI from I&O to Production Modernization. FY 2021 and FY 2022 funding is shown on a comparable basis to the proposed structure for FY 2023

The FY 2023 Request for **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN)** is \$2,346,257,000, a \$86,257,000 (3.8 percent) increase from the FY 2021 Enacted Level. The Request includes targeted increases to strengthen key capabilities necessary to protect the nation in a world becoming more complex geopolitically and technologically. It includes funding to establish a Bioassurance Program to anticipate and detect threats and broaden DOE's role in this area.

NNSA's nuclear nonproliferation strategy is to prevent adversaries from acquiring nuclear weapons or weapons-usable materials, technologies, and expertise; counter efforts to acquire such weapons or materials; and respond to nuclear or radiological accidents and incidents domestically and abroad. NNSA's nonproliferation and counterterrorism activities extend the nation's defenses far beyond America's borders. The DNN Request provides policy and technical leadership to prevent or limit the spread of materials, technology, and expertise related to weapons of mass destruction (WMD); develops technologies to detect nuclear proliferation; secures or eliminates inventories of weapons-related materials and infrastructure; ensures technically trained teams and state-of-the-art equipment are prepared to respond to any nuclear or radiological incident worldwide; and supports emergency management.

The FY 2032 Request for **Naval Reactors (NR)** is \$2,081,445,000, a \$397,445,000 (23.6 percent) increase from the FY 2021 Enacted Level. The increased funding continues research and development efforts for future generations of nuclearpowered warships and makes progress on the recapitalization of laboratory facilities and environmental remediation of legacy responsibilities. Additionally, the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project funding profile is updated to reflect the increased resources required in FY 2023 to complete the project.

The FY 2023 Request for NNSA **Federal Salaries and Expenses (FSE)** is \$496,400,000, a \$53,200,000 (12.0 percent) increase above the FY 2021 Enacted Level for the salaries, benefits, and the other expenses of 1,958 federal full-time equivalents (FTEs), 1,934 directly paid from FSE and 24 paid through the Working Capital Fund. The increase reflects the funding required for 194 additional FTEs over the FY 2021 Enacted Level. The request also provides funding for travel, training, support service contracts, space and occupancy needs, funding for the Department of Energy's (DOE) Working Capital Fund, and other expenses. FSE funds recruiting, training, and retention of federal staff to perform program and project management and oversight of approximately \$18.8 billion in Weapons Activities (WA) and Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) funding across the nuclear security enterprise.

Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Request

Stockpile Management - The Stockpile Management program requirements for FY 2023 maintain a safe, secure, and effective nuclear weapons stockpile. The Stockpile Management program encompasses five major subprograms that directly support the nation's nuclear weapons stockpile. Stockpile Major Modernization will continue Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production) activities for the B61-12 LEP (Life Extension Program) and W88 ALT (Alteration) 370, Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) activities for the W80-4 LEP, Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) activities for the W87-1 Modification Program, and Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options) for the W93 Program. Stockpile Sustainment will provide activities to include maintenance, surveillance, assessment, development, and program planning for each Stockpile System and Multi-Weapon Systemsand continue Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) activities for the W76-1/2 Mk4B Shape Stable Nose Tip Retrofit. Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) will provide safe and secure dismantlement of nuclear weaponsand components in accordance with the Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Plan. Production Operations will sustain manufacturing capabilities and capacities, including process improvements and investments focused on increased efficiency of production performance. FY 2023 includes a new Stockpile Management subprogram, Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA), formulated to prevent, detect, and mitigate potential consequences of subversion to the stockpile and associated capabilities to design, produce, and test nuclear weapons.

Production Modernization- The Production Modernization program is responsible for modernizing the facilities, infrastructure, and equipment that produce materials and components to meet stockpile requirements and maintain the Nation's nuclear deterrent. The program encompasses five major subprograms that sustain the Nation's nuclear weapons stockpile:

- 1. The Primary Capability Modernization program consolidates management of primary stage material processing and component production capabilities in the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) nuclear security enterprise. The program includes (1) Plutonium Modernization and (2) High Explosives and Energetics Modernization.
- 2. The Secondary Capability Modernization program restores and increases manufacturing capabilities for the secondary stage to required levels in the nuclear security enterprise. This includes ensuring the availability of strategic materials and other sub-component streams necessary for the secondary stage as well as modernizing the facilities and operations required to process these materials, fabricate them into parts, and assemble the final components. The program includes (1) Uranium Modernization, (2) Depleted Uranium Modernization, and (3) Lithium Modernization.
- 3. The Tritium Modernization and Domestic Uranium Enrichment program consists of two parts: (1) Tritium Modernization produces, recovers, and recycles tritium to support national security requirements and (2) Domestic Uranium Enrichment (DUE) establishes a reliable supply of enriched uranium to support U.S. national security needs.
- 4. The Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization (NNCM) program provides management and oversight of strategic investments to modernize capabilities for design, qualification, and production of non-nuclear components for multiple weapon systems. The NNCM program provides increased capability and capacity to produce and qualify non-nuclear components to meet scheduled stockpile sustainment and weapon modernization programs, as well as development of strategies, processes and new capabilities and programmatic equipment for production of non-nuclear components.
- 5. The Capability Based Investments (CBI) program executes projects for equipment, tools, supporting facilities, and infrastructure directly related to enduring, multi-program weapon activity capabilities, mission deliverables, and management of programmatic risk across the nuclear security enterprise.

The Request includes a significant increase for Primary Capability Modernization to reconstitute plutonium pit production fabrication capabilities to produce no fewer than 80 plutonium pits per year (ppy) as close to 2030 as possible, and to reestablish high explosives capabilities necessary to meet current and future stockpile requirements. The Request includes smaller increases for Tritium Modernization and Domestic Uranium Enrichment, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization, and Capability Based Investments. The Request reflects a decrease in Secondary Capability Modernization resulting from the transition of peak construction towards startup and commissioning activities for the Uranium Processing Facility.

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering - Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering (SRT&E) provides the data and tools that underpin science-based stockpile decisions, along with the development and maturation of component and manufacturing technologies for future insertion in the stockpile, focuses on the most pressing investments the nuclear security enterprise needs to meet DoD warhead needs and schedules, and enables assessment and certification capabilities used throughout the nuclear security enterprise. The program provides the knowledge and expertise needed to maintain

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confidence in the nuclear stockpile without the need for underground nuclear explosive testing. Funding requested in FY 2023 supports the continued implementation of the Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) and various activities in preparation to accept and operate NNSA's first Exascale high performance computing system for program use in 2023. Both capabilities are needed to support W80-4 LEP design validation and W87-1 Modification certification requirements. In addition, the funding supports the necessary development of the design, engineering, and adaptation of physics and engineering codes needed to support stockpile decisions to operate on this new platform. Funding in this area also supports the development of new materials, technologies, and processes to evolve our nuclear systems and production complex. This is accomplished through warhead component and production technology development and maturation needed for ongoing, planned, and future warhead modernization programs. It also reinvigorates and develops the future generation of the highly trained technical and specialized workforce by experimental and computational programs along with academic institutions. The program includes Assessment Science, Engineering and Integrated Assessments, Inertial Confinement Fusion, Advanced Simulation and Computing, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation and Academic Programs.

Infrastructure and Operations (I&O) - The program maintains, operates, and modernizes NNSA's infrastructure in a safe, secure, and cost-effective manner to support program execution while seeking to maximize return on investment and reduce enterprise risk. The program also plans, prioritizes, and constructs facilities and infrastructure to support all NNSA programs, except for new complex-construction projects, which are funded by the capability sponsor. Infrastructure and Operations consists of the following programs: Operations of Facilities, Safety and Environmental Operations, Maintenance and Repair of Facilities, Recapitalization, and Line-Item Construction Projects. Operations of Facilities funds the NNSA facilities to operate in a safe and secure manner and is critical to achieving the administration's plutonium, uranium, tritium, lithium, high explosives, and other mission objectives. This program includes essential support such as water and electrical utilities, safety systems, lease agreements, and activities associated with Federal, state, and local environmental, worker safety, and health regulations. The Safety and Environmental Operations program provides for the Department's Nuclear Criticality Safety Program (NCSP), Nuclear Safety Research and Development (NSR&D), Packaging subprogram, Long Term Stewardship (LTS) subprogram and Nuclear Materials Integration (NMI) subprogram. These activities support safe, efficient operation of the nuclear security enterprise through the provision of safety data, nuclear material packaging, environmental monitoring, and nuclear material tracking. The FY 2023 Request provides funding for activities to enable plutonium pit production, meet LEP schedules at Kansas City National Security Campus (KCNSC), and address infrastructure modernization throughout the complex. Furthermore, the funding allows NNSA to execute Recapitalization projects to improve the condition and extend the design life of structures, capabilities, and systems to meet program demands; reduce future operating costs by replacing older facilities with new, more efficient facilities; and reduce safety, security, environment, and program risk.

Secure Transportation Asset (STA) - STA supports safe, secure transport of the Nation's nuclear weapons, weapon components, and special nuclear material throughout the NSE. Nuclear weapon life-extension programs, limited-life component exchanges, surveillance, dismantlement, nonproliferation activities, and experimental programs rely on STA activities to ensure safe, secure, and on schedule transport. The FY 2023 Request supports modernizing and sustaining STA transportation assets, including life extension of the Safeguards Transporter until it is replaced by the Mobile Guardian Transporter; vehicle sustainment; replacement armored tractors, escort, and support vehicles; upgrades of the Tractor Control Unit to accommodate for communications and security; and continued development and testing of the Mobile Guardian Transporter. The first Mobile Guardian Transporter production unit is planned for completion in FY 2026 and will begin a phased in approach beginning in FY 2027. Program Direction resources in this account provide salaries and expenses for the secure transportation workforce, including Federal Agents.

Defense Nuclear Security (DNS) - DNS provides protection for NNSA personnel, facilities, nuclear weapons, and materials from a full spectrum of threats, ranging from minor security threats to acts of terrorism, at its national laboratories, production plants, processing facilities, and the Nevada National Security Site (NNSS). Employing more than 1,700 Protective Force officers, DNS secures more than 5,000 buildings and protects more than 57,000 personnel. The FY 2023 request includes funding to fill positions in key security program areas required to implement a risk-based, layered protection strategy at the sites. The request also supports some increased security needs associated with known mission growth in weapons programs across the NSE, including Pit Production at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), and efforts to support the Uranium Processing Facility (UPF). The FY 2023 request also reflects support for development and

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implementation of the Caerus security system, Security Infrastructure Revitalization Program (SIRP) projects, the Physical Security Center of Excellence (PSCOE), and the Center for Security Technology, Analysis, Response, and Testing (CSTART), as well as funding for the WEPAR project, which will install a new Perimeter Intrusion Detection and Assessment System (PIDAS) section, thus reducing the Y-12 National Security Complex (Y-12) Protected Area by approximately 50% while integrating with the UPF.

Information Technology (IT) and Cybersecurity -The NNSA Office of the Associate Administrator for Information Management and Chief Information Officer (OCIO) is responsible for information sharing and information safeguarding that support the execution of NNSA mission activities and implementation of the President's Executive Order on Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity. The OCIO supports Information Technology (IT) and Cybersecurity services and solutions, which include continuous monitoring, cloud-based technologies, and enterprise security technologies (i.e., identity, credential, and access management) to meet security challenges. The IT and Cybersecurity Program is based on practical principles that provide superior information management support to current operations while implementing unclassified and classified cloud-based technologies and infrastructure to support the NSE. The program collaborates and coordinates with the DOE Office of the Chief Information Officer (DOE OCIO) on the development and deployment of IT and Cybersecurity solutions protecting DOE information and information assets. The FY 2023 Request enables the development and execution of integrated IT initiatives that provide an effective and secure technology infrastructure across the enterprise. These initiatives will fundamentally redesign the NNSA IT environments to provide a more modern and secure set of capabilities including unified communication, agile cloud infrastructure, and next-generation collaboration services. Additionally, the NNSA IT and Cybersecurity Program will deploy emerging technology, leading-edge operational technology, and artificial intelligence/machine learning to provide tools and capabilities to the NNSA workforce and that secure NNSA operations.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation

The FY 2023 Request continues DNN's efforts to reduce the danger of hostile nations or terrorist groups acquiring nuclear devices, radiological dispersal devices, weapons-usable material, nuclear and dual-use commodities and technology, or nuclear-related expertise. It includes funding to establish a Bioassurance Program to anticipate and detect threats and broaden DOE's role in this area. These programs, as part of a whole-of-government approach to nuclear threat reduction, provide policy and technical leadership to prevent or limit the spread of WMD-related materials, technology, and expertise; develop technologies to detect nuclear proliferation; secure or eliminate inventories of nuclear weapons-related materials and infrastructure; and ensure highly trained and equipped Nuclear Emergency Support Team (NEST) personnel are available to respond to nuclear and radiological incidents and accidents worldwide. As part of the DOE's emergency response posture, these programs, in conjunction with key capabilities operated and managed by the NNSA's Office for Information Management and Chief Information Officer, ensure that a worldwide interoperable, secure, and trusted emergency communications network is in place.

Material Management and Minimization (M3) - M3 programs reduce and, when possible, eliminate weapons-usable nuclear material around the world to achieve permanent threat reduction. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports the conversion or shutdown of research reactors and isotope production facilities that use highly enriched uranium (HEU), the continued support of non-HEU-based Molybdenum-99 (Mo-99) production facilities in the United States, the recovery of limited amounts of high-assay low enriched uranium, the removal and disposal of weapons-usable nuclear material, the removal of plutonium from the State of South Carolina and implementation of the dilute and dispose strategy for plutonium disposition, and costs to downblend HEU.

Global Material Security (GMS) - GMS directly contributes to national security efforts to reduce global nuclear security threats. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports program efforts to prevent terrorists and other actors from obtaining nuclear and radioactive material to use in an improvised nuclear device (IND) or a radiological dispersal device (RDD) by working domestically and with partner countries to improve the security of vulnerable materials and facilities, and to build partners' sustainable capacity to detect, disrupt, and investigate illicit trafficking of these materials. GMS works with countries in bilateral partnerships and with multilateral partners such as the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), the Global Initiative to Combat Nuclear Terrorism (GICNT), and International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL). As part of an ongoing strategic analysis process, GMS is also exploring innovative approaches, technologies, and tools to adapt to emerging threats and the growing demand for nuclear energy and technology. GMS supports U.S. national security

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priorities to reduce global nuclear security threats and sustain access to needed peaceful applications of nuclear technology that support climate change, energy security and global health priorities.

Nonproliferation and Arms Control (NPAC) - NPAC programs strengthen nonproliferation and arms control regimes through innovative policy development and implementation to prevent proliferation, ensure peaceful nuclear uses, and enable verifiable nuclear reductions. To advance this mission, NPAC builds the capacity of the IAEA and partner countries to implement international safeguards obligations, builds domestic and international capacity to implement export control obligations, supports the negotiation and implementation of agreements and associated monitoring regimes to verifiably reduce nuclear weapons and nuclear programs, and develops approaches and strategies to address emerging nonproliferation and arms control challenges and opportunities.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (DNN R&D) - DNN R&D is the key component for the innovation of United States' technical capabilities to detect nuclear detonations; foreign nuclear weapons programs' activities; and the presence, movement, or diversion of special nuclear materials. The program also sustains and develops foundational nonproliferation technical competencies that ensure the technical agility needed to support a broad spectrum of U.S. nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats. Finally, the program funds technical nuclear analysis capabilities at the National Laboratories that can support time-critical decisions in the event of a nuclear or radiological incident and assist in determining the origin of interdicted materials or nuclear devices. DNN R&D uses the unique facilities and scientific skills of DOE, academia, and industry to perform research, conduct technology demonstrations, develop prototypes, and produce and deliver sensors for integration into operational systems. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports planned activities for early detection of proliferation-related R&D and continued production of nuclear detonation detection satellite payloads. The FY 2023 Budget Request also supports continued efforts to sustain and develop foundational nonproliferation technical competencies by providing targeted, long-term support for enabling infrastructure, science and technology, and an expert workforce.

NNSA Bioassurance Program -The NNSA Bioassurance Program establishes a national security R&D program to anticipate and detect threats and broaden DOE's role in national biodefense. The NNSA Bioassurance Program complements DOE's support of other departments and agencies and U.S. biodefense strategies and plans. The Program works in close coordination with the Office of Science (DOE/SC) integrating NNSA's high-security work with DOE/SC's supported "open" science and provides the full spectrum of capabilities essential for a bioassurance program informed by national security expertise that is drawn from parallel and analogue work on nuclear threats, risks, export controls and licensing, nonproliferation, detection, and verification.

Nonproliferation Construction (supports Material Management and Minimization) - Nonproliferation Construction consolidates construction costs for DNN projects. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports the implementation of the dilute and dispose strategy with the continuation of the Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) project, which will add additional glovebox capacity at the Savannah River Site to accelerate plutonium dilution and aid in the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina.

Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program (NCTIR) - The NCTIR program sustains the United States' nuclear counterterrorism and counterproliferation activities, maintains critical nuclear incident and accident response and technical reachback capabilities, and supports DOE's all-hazards emergency management system. The Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation (CTCP) subprogram provides the nation's technical capability to understand and defeat nuclear devices, including improvised nuclear devices and lost or stolen foreign nuclear weapons. The FY 2023 Request for NCTIR supports programs to manage and deploy the DOE/NNSA NEST comprised of expert scientific teams and equipment poised to respond rapidly to nuclear or radiological incidents and accidents worldwide; maintain a nuclear forensics capability to attribute the source of nuclear material outside of regulatory control or used in a nuclear device; and to educate, through training and exercises, domestic and international partners to respond effectively to nuclear or radiological incidents.

Additionally, NCTIR operates the DOE/NNSA's Emergency Operations (EO) subprogram. The EO subprogram provides both the structure and processes to ensure a comprehensive and integrated approach to all-hazards emergency management, thus improving readiness and effectiveness of the DOE Emergency Management System on a programmatic and performance level regardless of the nature of the emergency impacting the DOE/NNSA enterprise or its equities anywhere in the world. This promotes unity of effort and a culture of continuous improvement to safeguard the health and safety of **National Nuclear Security Administration**/

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workers and the public, protect the environment, and enhance the resilience of the Department and the Nation. The EO subprogram develops plans and procedures for prevention, protection, mitigation, response to, and recovery from, all hazards emergency accidents, incidents, and events.

Naval Reactors

The FY 2023 Request continues NR's core objective of supporting the daily safe and reliable operation of the Nation's nuclear fleet (68 submarines, 11 aircraft carriers, and 5 research, development, and training platforms). The Program's development work consists of refining and improving existing technology to ensure that the U.S. Navy's nuclear propulsion plants are increasingly efficient and effective and will be capable of meeting future threats to national security. In addition to supporting the existing nuclear fleet, NR has three major DOE initiatives—the *Columbia*-Class Reactor System Development, the Land-based S8G Prototype Refueling Overhaul, and the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project. Funding is also requested for the program direction account for NR federal employees who directly oversee and set policies and procedures for developing new reactor plants, operating existing reactor plants, facilities supporting these plants, contractors, and the Bettis and Knolls Atomic Power Laboratories. The Request includes continued reinvestment in advanced technology development, modernization of infrastructure, and remediation of environmental liabilities as well as additional funding for the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project (SFHP) and to support Navy timelines for future attack submarine development.

NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses

The FY 2023 Request builds upon ongoing efforts to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of NNSA federal oversight and to meet current and future workforce needs. The request provides for 1,958 Federal FTEs (1,934 directly funded from FSE, 24 funded through the Working Capital Fund for overseas representation). The NNSA workforce is critical to the success of the Nation's NSE. It is essential to have sufficient people, with the right capabilities, to meet growing mission requirements and commitments including modernizing the nuclear deterrent, recapitalizing the aging infrastructure, and continuing to meet the requirements of nonproliferation and counterterrorism programs. NNSA will use a variety of innovative methods to grow and shape the professional staff including the use of recruitment events and expanded excepted service hiring authority. The NNSA will also continue to monitor the evolving need for federal oversight in support of the nuclear modernization missions and adjust future staffing plans accordingly. NNSA will use partnerships with academic alliances to grow the workforce with early identification and recruitment of top science, technology, engineering, and math talent.

Entry Level Hires: The NNSA supports a variety of programs to help train and recruit the next generation of leaders in managing the nuclear stockpile, nonproliferation, nuclear security, and international security, such as the NNSA Graduate Fellowship Program (NGFP), the Minority Serving Institutions Partnership Program (MSIPP), and the Presidential Management Fellows (PMF) program. These programs foster the pipeline of qualified professionals who will sustain expertise in these areas through future employment in the NNSA NSE.

DOE Working Capital Fund (WCF) Support

NNSA's Total FY 2023 Request includes \$76,082,000 for NNSA's projected support to the DOE WCF. Of this amount, \$36,129,000 will be paid out of FSE; \$32,903,000 out of WA; \$4,487,000 out of DNN; and \$2,563,000 out of NR. This funding covers selected shared enterprise activities including managing enterprise-wide systems and data, telecommunications, and supporting the integrated acquisition environment.

Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments

These budget lines included in the WA and DNN accounts include funding for the Requa settlement reached in 2019 as well as a portion of an unfunded pension liability at the Savannah River Site in addition to DOE's annual reimbursement made to the University of California (UC) Retirement Plan (UCRP) for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL).

The *Requa* lawsuit involved UC employees of LLNL who retired prior to the Laboratory's transition to a new contractor on October 1, 2007. The retirees had been receiving health insurance through a UC health plan but when the LLNL contract transitioned to LLNS, the employees were offered health insurance through the new LLNL contractor, leading the retirees to file a lawsuit seeking reinstatement into the UC health plan. The parties settled the lawsuit in 2019, and a final judgment was issued in April 2020. DOE/NNSA agreed, pursuant to the legacy UC-LLNL Contract, to provide UC a portion of the total

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costs to settle the lawsuit, over a period of seven years through FY 2026. DOE/NNSA's responsibility for FY 2023 is \$9,000,000.

Funding is also requested for reimbursement of the unfunded liability of the Savannah River Nuclear Solutions pension plan. The FY 2023 Request includes a total of \$218,000,000 for this liability with 60 percent allocated to the Office of Environmental Management and 40 percent, or \$87,255,000, allocated to NNSA.

These budget lines also continue to include DOE/NNSA's annual reimbursement made to the UCRP for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the LLNL and LANL. The annual reimbursement is based on the actuarial valuation report and an annual assessment provided by UC and is covered by the terms described in the contracts. The Request includes a total of \$74,085,000.

Top 15 PropertyLeases at NNSA

Rebuilding the NNSA NSE infrastructure requires new, Federally-owned facilities, as well as leasing arrangements, when in the Government's best interest. NNSA intends to minimize the use of leases, which typically are more expensive for the Government over the long term. The top fifteen leases for NNSA are included below with the property name, annual rent, and usable square feet as well as the funding mechanism of direct or indirect is included.

Site	Property Name	Annual Rent	Usable Square Feet	Funding Source
Kansas City National Security Campus	National Security Campus NNSA Complex, 14500 Botts Road	\$51,274	997,587	Direct
Kansas City National Security Campus	National Security Manufacturing Center Building, 14500 Botts Road	\$13,882	260,906	Direct
Pantex Plant	John C. Drummond Center Office Building (formerly known as ASC)	\$6 <i>,</i> 188	273,600	Direct
Kansas City National Security Campus	Building 22	\$1,860ª	102,000	Direct
Kansas City National Security Campus	Building 23	\$1,731	275,193	Direct
Kansas City National Security Campus	Building 21	\$1,541	56,011	Direct
Nevada National Security Site – Las Vegas	Southern Nevada Science Center II	\$1,162	32,535	Direct

Direct Funded Leases (Dollars in Thousands)

Indirect Funded Leases (Dollars in Thousands)

Site	Site Property Name			Funding Source
Y-12 National Security Complex	Jack Case Office Building	\$14,217 ^b	288,286	Indirect
Y-12 National Security Complex	New Hope Center	\$4,730°	96,431	Indirect
Sandia National Laboratories – New Mexico	Innovation Parkway Office Center	\$3,915	118,738	Indirect
Sandia National Labs – New Mexico	Sandia @ Buena Vista	\$2,524	119,560	Indirect
Sandia National Laboratories – New Mexico	Center for Global Security and Cooperation	\$1,761	45,617	Indirect
Los Alamos National Laboratory	Office Building	\$1,499	22,659	Indirect
Nevada National Security Site – Los Alamos	Los Alamos Operations	\$1,330	45,275	Indirect
Y-12 National Security Complex	Commerce Park Offices	\$1,058	65,000	Indirect

^a Decrease reflects completion of improvements in FY 2020.

^b Increase reflects Operations and Maintenance, which is usually included as part of Annual Rent.

^c Increase reflects Operations and Maintenance, which is usually included as part of Annual Rent.

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Minor Construction

Minor Construction Projects

Pursuant to Section 4701 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act, as amended, notification is being provided for minor construction projects with a total estimated cost of more than \$5 million planned for execution. Projects with a total estimated cost of more than \$10 million that are planned for execution are listed in a separate section below.

Minor Construction Projects (Dollars in Thousands)

Weapons Activities – Kansas City National Security Campus

					FY 2022			Construction
				FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023		Design
Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	Enacted	CR	Request	Outyears	Estimate
Building Classification Upgrade	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	6,846	Install the security systems, dock door covers, entry vestibule at the existing entry and other security infrastructure to support securing the space.	0	0	6,846	0	696

Weapons Activities – Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL)

				FY 2021	FY 2022 Annualized	FY 2023		Construction Design
Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	Enacted	CR	Request	Outyears	Estimate
Bldg. 453 CTS Power and Cooling Improvements/Modific ations ^a	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	7,000	Once CTS-2 is operational, modify existing CTS-supported facility and cooling loops and power distribution for future generations. This includes piping, equipment, and controls modifications, raceway, cable, distribution components,	0	0	0	7,000	700
			equipment, and metering modifications.					

^a Project is not funded in FY 2023 but is included as a provisional notification in the event the program reprioritizes activities to initiate the project.

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
Bldg. 451 Power and Cooling Improvements/Modific ations ^a	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	7,500	Aging facility requires overhauls in power and mechanical distribution equipment.	0	0	0	7,500	750
Building 190 CAMS SF6 Transfer Station Upgrade	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	5,800	Replace the existing deteriorating Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF6) Gas Storage and Handling/Transfer System with a new and modernized system which adds seismic protection, gas detection and controlled gas tank shutdown functionalities. Scope also includes a weather enclosure to provide protection from the elements.	0	0	5,800	0	425
Building 850 Upgrade	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	7,000	Revitalize existing 5,500 square foot decommissioned facility back to working condition to support programmatic needs. Scope includes upgrades to mechanical, electrical, architectural, and utilities systems necessary to bring the facility to current code.	0	0	7,000	0	400
Building 133 Heating Hot Water System Upgrade	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	7,950	Replaces two failing 25-year-old boilers with new boilers which will operate as needed to support the building heating requirements with improved capacity, efficiency, and	0	0	7,950	0	650

^a Project is not funded in FY 2023 but is included as a provisional notification in the event the program reprioritizes activities to initiate the project.

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
			reliability. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.					

Weapons Activities – Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL)

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
TA-55 Fire Suppression Water Line for Security Facilities	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	9,472	Remove non seismically qualified security assets from the existing fire suppression water supply that supports seismically qualified buildings within the PIDAS at TA-55. Security assets and co-located buildings that are not seismically qualified will be transferred to a separate fire suppression water supply.	0	0	9,472	0	965
TA-03-0040-E39 3D Printing Room	Production Modernization	9,625	Renovating TA03-0040-E39 into a functional advanced manufacturing facility to house a variety of traditional and additive manufacturing capabilities along with sensor integration and testing areas for the devices being manufactured (by 3D printing).	0	0	9,625	0	500

Weapons Activities – Nevada National Security Site (NNSS)

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
New DAF Operations Complex Utilities	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	7,500	Supports DAF Area Planning by providing necessary utility connections (power, water, fire suppression, and communications) for multiple planned facilities.	0	0	900	6,600	900

Weapons Activities – Pantex (PX)

					FY 2022			Construction
	_			FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023		Design
Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	Enacted	CR	Request	Outyears	Estimate
12-64 Bays 11, 12 & 15	Stockpile	5,283	Reconfigure Bays 11, 12 and 15 to	0	0	0	5,283	1,300
Replacement Facilities ^a	Management		support the "stage right"					
			container staging configuration of					
			2030 and 2040 sealed insert					
			containers. Current operations in					
			Bays 11 and 15 will be moved to					
			Cell 8 upon completion of that					
			project and prior to reconfiguring					
			the bays for Stage Right. Bay 12 is					
			currently configured for dense					
			pack staging and no operations					
			are being conducted in the bay.					
Southeast Circuit	Infrastructure	7,625	Install Manual Transfer Switches	0	0	7,625	0	700
Upgrade	and Operations:		(MTSs) at four locations on the					
	Infrastructure		on the Electrical distribution					
	and Safety		system circuits in Zone 12. The					
			new switches will provide the					
			ability to isolate Electrical					

^a Project is being re-notified under Stockpile Management; project originally notified under Strategic Materials Sustainment in the FY 2018 Congressional Budget Justification.

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
			Distribution System components and sections of the circuits and improves ability to perform maintenance and to isolate electrical faults. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.					
Building 15-34 Pump House and Tank Upgrades	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	6,350	Install flow meters for the high- pressure fire loop (HPFL) and a pressure relief bypass to allow for re-circulation of discharge water. This work will reinforce the response capabilities of the HPFL and also for independent operation which will reduce maintenance downtime impacts.	0	0	6,350	0	1,000

Weapons Activities – Sandia National Laboratories (SNL)

				FY 2021	FY 2022 Annualized	FY 2023		Construction Design
Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	Enacted	CR	Request	Outyears	Estimate
SNL\CA Site High Voltage LGS Replacement	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	5,700	Replace a total of thirteen (13) GE PowerVac type breakers along with the breaker enclosures and associated control accessories for both sides of the Load Grid Switchgear (LGS).	0	0	600	5,100	600
Building 6530 High Radiation Laboratory	Infrastructure and Operations:	5 <i>,</i> 400	Buildout out existing high bay to create laboratory for	0	0	5,400	0	400

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
Upgrade (AKALINACin TA-III)	Infrastructure and Safety		experiments. Scope will include required shielding, graded shielding behind the targets, interlocks, new control room location, and ventilation upgrades.					
4MW Power Upgrade for 725 HPC Facility	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	5,500	Provide for near-term additional power (from existing Sandia power infrastructure) in Building 725-E for Commodity Technology (CT) systems and other High Performance Computing (HPC) systems.	0	5,500	0	0	0
725E Infrastructure Platform	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	6,800	External platform construction for HPC facility infrastructure expansion to accommodate future growth	0	300	6,500	0	300
725E Cooling Capacity ^a Expansion	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	9,500	Expanded cooling capacity to accommodate future HPC system siting requirements	0	0	0	9,500	0

^a Project is not funded in FY 2023 but is included as a provisional notification in the event the program reprioritizes activities to initiate the project.

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
Pu Metallography Capability	Production Modernization	5,000	Upgrade facility to perform Pu metallography on Pu metal samples from LANL, LLNL and SRPPF	0	0	1,000	4,000	1,000
Mass Spec Replacement Project #1A: New Inert Mass Spec (New MS #5) 234- H Room 301	Stockpile Management	5,500	This project provides room modifications required to support the installation, testing, and qualification of a new Inert Mass Spectrometer. This unit will be backup to the current MS #23 and will be utilized for evaluation and qualification as a loading process support instrument.	1,500	4,000 ª	0	0	1,500
Redesign TEF Mass Spec 4 Location And purchase new Mass Spec for TEF	Production Modernization	8,600	Complete utility installations needed to support 2nd mass spec. Purchase and install the 2nd mass spec.	0	2,100 ^b	6,500	0	2,100
Install HT-TCAP Feed/Product Transfer Lines, SRS	Production Modernization	6,000	Provide two transfer lines connecting the evacuation and product gas storage from TCAP to HT-TCAP.	0	0	6,000	0	500
Module Stripper Blower Redesign/Replacement, SRS	Production Modernization	7,750	Develop new blower design that will allow blower maintenance without major/system/facility outage being required.	0	0	750	7,000	750
Glovebox Stripper Blower	Production Modernization	7,000	Develop new blower design that will allow blower maintenance	0	0	2,000	5,000	2,000

Weapons Activities – Savannah River Site (SRS)

^a Construction will begin after notification and the wait period is complete.

^b Design work has not started.

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
Redesign/Replacement, SRS			without major/system/facility outage being required.					
WorkerProtection System (WPS)	Production Modernization	6,250	Convert the obsolete WPS PLC to a Delta V technology.	0	0	0	6,250	750
Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) to Delta V Conversion, SRS ^a								

Weapons Activities – Y-12

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
LiM 9204-02 Lithium Process Equipment Relocation	Production Modernization	6,500	This project is to move any process equipment and tooling required before moving out of facility.	0	1,000	5,000	0	0
9215 Liquid Transfer Station	Production Modernization	7,000	Clear area & install a liquid transfer station in facility 9215	0	300	6,700	0	300
9204-2E Liquid Transfer Station	Production Modernization	7,000	Clear area & install a liquid transfer station in facility 9204- 2E	0	300	6,700	0	300
9995 Liquid Transfer Station	Production Modernization	7,000	Clear area & install a liquid transfer station in facility 9995	0	300	6,700	0	300
Drying Oven #3	Production Modernization	5,200	Procure and install a production drying oven in production facility	0	0	5,200	0	0
A-2 Wing/ 9212 Decoupling	Production Modernization	8,311	Install new supply fan in A-2 Wing to decouple from 9212	0	0	1,185	7,126	1,185

^a Project is not funded in FY 2023 but is included as a provisional notification in the event the program reprioritizes activities to initiate the project.

Weapons Activities – Secure Transportation Asset Central Command

				FY 2021	FY 2022 Annualized	FY 2023		Construction Design
Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	Enacted	CR	Request	Outyears	Estimate
Agent Operations	Secure	5,000	Sitewide planning as well as	0	5,000	0	0	0
Central Command	Transportation		construction of a storm water					
Sitewide Infrastructure	Asset		drainage network, streets, and					
Upgrades			utility extensions/distribution					
			networks essential to support					
			move/new construction off					
			Pantex Plant.					

Naval Reactors – Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory (BL)

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
BL Warehouse Upgrade	Naval Reactors	8,079	This project upgrades the Warehouse to consolidate storage areas and support new	0	0	480	7,599	480
			IT infrastructure.					

Naval Reactors – Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory (KL)

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
KL 002 Outfall	Naval Reactors	7,600	This project installs a new outfall, with higher measurement capacity, to support environmental monitoring of process water, storm water, and river water flow.	0	0	800	6,800	800
KL RML Building Envelope	Naval Reactors	6,939	The RML Building Envelope Upgrade applies a spray-on	0	0	630	6,309	630

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
			foam insulation and corrugated metal panel siding to the RML and Building E1 in order to improve the ability to maintain negative pressure and improve energy efficiency.					

Naval Reactors – Kenneth A. Kesselring Site (KS)

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
KS Storm Water Upgrades	Naval Reactors	5,207	This project upgrades, replaces, and/or refurbishes portions of the storm sewer system to prevent flooding of the system during major weather events and to extend service life of the overall storm water system.	0	0	650	4,557	650

Naval Reactors – Naval Reactors Facility (NRF)

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
NRF Transporter Path	Naval Reactors	6,745	This project will consist of constructing a permanent concrete transfer path from the Spent Fuel Packaging Facility South (SFPF-South) to the existing air pallet transfer path.	0	0	479	6,266	479

50 US Code 2746, as amended by the FY 2022 NDAA, requires that if the total estimated cost for construction design in connection with any construction project exceeds \$5,000,000, funds for that design must be specifically authorized by law. NNSA requests Congressional Authorization for 2022 and FY 2023 minor construction projects exceeding the \$5,000,000 design threshold for the following projects:

FY 2023 Minor Construction Projects – Design Over \$5 Million (Dollars in Thousands)

None to report.

Minor Construction

Projects Subject to Section 3119 of the FY 2018 National Defense Authorization Act (Dollars in Thousands)

As directed in the FY 2018 National Defense Authorization Act, this section provides the requested project information for projects with a total project cost
(TPC) over \$10 million planned for execution.

					Construction	Project Milestones			
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	TPC	Design	Project	Design	Construction	
					Estimate	Start	Complete	Complete	
Building 23	KCNSC	Construct approximately 20,000 square	Infrastructure and	18,165	1,852	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Advancedand		feet of development space, including	Operations:						
Exploratory		electrical and mechanical distribution	Infrastructure and						
Technologies		systems to prepare the space for	Safety						
Area Buildout		equipment installations.							
Building	KCNSC	Build out utility infrastructure, security,	Infrastructure and	58,243	1,862	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024	
Purchase and		and information technology, HVAC,	Operations:						
Expansion		electrical grids, restrooms, breakrooms,	Infrastructure and						
Infrastructure		and plant gases needed to support	Safety						
Upgrades		initial occupancy. The project includes							
		the building purchase and is not							
		considered a construction activity. The							
		minor construction activities will be							
		under the minor construction							
		threshold.							
New Livermore	LFO	Construct an approximately 24,000	Infrastructure and	24,750	1,000	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2025	
Federal Center		square foot building consisting of	Operations:						
Office Building		approximately 100 office spaces	Infrastructure and						
		(including secured offices), conference	Safety						
		rooms, and support spaces for Federal							
		staff located on site at Livermore.							

					Construction	I	Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	TPC	Design	Project	Design	Construction
					Estimate	Start	Complete	Complete
New Experimental Science Office Facility Building 266 (STAR)	LLNL	Construct a 22,000 square foot office building near the NA-11 RDT&E work areas. This office building includes ~100 offices, conference rooms, collaborative space, and mechanical/electrical rooms for building services as well as site preparation and utility services. Reusing the LLNL STAR B224 office building design.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	22,200	900	FY 2022	FY 2022	FY 2023
New Site 200 Weapon Activity Warehouse	LLNL	Construct an approximately 20,000 square foot building to provide secure and climate-controlled warehouse space. The building will not be occupied nor have offices. Project will address both the growing need for storage of classified parts and the existing need of climate-controlled storage for critical life safety spare parts not currently being met. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	13,950	825	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2025

					Construction	I	Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
Site 200 Electrical Utility Re-distribution System Capacity Upgrade	LLNL	Install additional high-voltage (13.8kV) power cables to Load Grid System (LGS)-63 and LGS-66 to increase the reliability and useable capacity to 24MW each. This project will also install high-voltage (13.8kV) power factor correction capacitor banks at LGS-63 and LGS-66. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	15,025	245	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Building 331 Tritium Delivery System Upgrade	LLNL	Install a new Tritium Delivery System (TDS) housed in two new glove boxes and associated ventilated enclosures (and associated systems) in B331 R154/158. The two boxes will increase overall system availability, as an issue preventing one box from operating can allow continued operation in the other box to support critical fill for Stockpile stewardship, radiation survivability effects, and HED experiments. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	19,450	1,650	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2025

					Construction	I	Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
Building 151 Nuclear and Radiochemistry Facility Dissolver Laboratory Suite Revitalization	LLNL	Replace antiquated glove boxes with standalone gloveboxes and fume hoods and renovate sample storage rooms. Two outdated changing rooms will be repurposed: one into a restroom and the other, merged with a small adjacent laboratory, into a large wet chemistry laboratory. Two hot-cells will be restored to full operational capability.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	12,400	585	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
U193 Site 200 Sewer Diversion Plant Facility Upgrade ^a	LLNL	Renovate the existing Sewer Diversion Facility by replacing all existing system pumps, pipes, tanks, power systems, alarm, lighting, and control systems.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	16,375	1,200	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
Quench furnace infrastructure and space buildout	LLNL	Remove old equipment and build out a suitable space for a custom vacuum quench furnace in support of DU modernization and broader Production Modernization and Science activities	Production Modernization	10,500	500	FY 2022	FY 2022	FY 2023
DAF Glovebox Exhaust System for expanded glovebox operations	LLNL	This project will make necessary modifications to the facility to install the glovebox exhaust system at NNSS to support various glovebox configurations that support pit certification needs, current end of life equipment replacements, existing pit certification residue processing, and SCE fabrication equipment.	Production Modernization	10,000	750	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024

^a Project is not funded in FY 2023 but is included as a provisional notification in the event the program reprioritizes activities to initiate the project.

			Construction	Project Milestones				
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	TPC	Design	Project	Design	Construction
					Estimate	Start	Complete	Complete
New TA-03 Weapons Archive Records Facility (WARF)	LANL	Construct a 6,000 square foot climate- controlled storage facility in TA-03. The interior configuration consists of 3,000 square foot for NARA-approved climate-controlled storage of mission- critical film media and 3,000 square foot of space for digitizing the film media.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	16,600	1,800	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2025
New TA-63 Fire Station 1 (STAR)	LANL	Construct an approximately 16,000 square foot modern fire station with 4- 5 apparatus bays and house approximately 10 on-shift personnel. This project will reuse the design for Fire Station 5. The design will be modified for site conditions and utility tie-ins based on exact siting. The new station will support an overall strategy that improves fire department emergency response times and capabilities to incidents (turnout and travel times) and provides sufficient apparatus staging and operational support space. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	22,500	995	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2025
ATS-5 Cooling Installation	LANL	Install connecting ATS-5 system to cooling	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	18,000	500	FY 2025	FY 2025	FY 2026
ATS-5 Electrical Installation	LANL	Install ATS-5 system to power systems	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	12,000	500	FY 2025	FY 2025	FY 2026

					Construction		Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
Crossroads Installation Project	LANL	The Crossroads Installation Project provides the necessary modifications to the existing electrical distribution, warm-water cooling and facility management systems to support the installation of the Crossroads supercomputer.	Stockpile Research Technologyand Engineering	18,759ª	663	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
New U1a Centralized Monitor and Control Center Installation	NNSS	Build out and install Centralized Monitor and Control Center in New U1a Operations Support Facility. Scope will include physical connections from critical underground and surface U1a systems. The project will provide the capability to monitor all vital U1a facilities and life safety systems and allow for remote control during normal operations as well as in emergency situations. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	12,000	1,700	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
New U1a 02b Refuge Station ^b	NNSS	Install the required surface infrastructure and build-out the underground space for an additional Refuge Station. A new refuge station will allow an increased number of personnel underground and will be located closer to the test beds enabling a faster, more efficient route to safety in the event of an emergency.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	16,700	2,000	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2028

^a Crossroads Installation Project construction work was incorrectly included in the MIE and was not properly notified.

^b Project is not funded in FY 2023 but is included as a provisional notification in the event the program reprioritizes activities to initiate the project.

					Construction	F	Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
Demonstration Cascade 2 (DCAS2)	ORNL	Demonstration Cascade 2 (DCAS2) is a 2 floor, ~7000 sq ft concrete addition to existing research facility at ORNL main campus (Building 6010). The project will provide the facility footprint for an R&D testbed to prove viability of small uranium enrichment centrifuges in a cascade environment.	Production Modernization	19,000	850	FY 2021ª	FY 2022	FY 2023
Uranium Science and Technology Center	ORNL	Renovate and repurpose radiological laboratories in 4500N Wing 1 for use in Uranium S&T Center.	DNN Research and Development	23,902	750	FY 2021 ^b	FY 2023	FY 2026

^a Project design began in FY 2021 and was halted due to lack of notification. No further work will occur until notification and the wait period is complete. Full funding was provided in FY 2021 to ensure no funding delays.

^b Project started as one useful segment in FY 2021 for \$4,900,000. Notifying project expansion to include multiple, fully funded useful segments.

					Construction		Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
New Stockpile and Component Modernization Support Building (STAR)	SNL	Construct an approximately 26,000 square foot classified office building for Nuclear Deterrent staff, full time on- site and teleworkers. It will provide secure on site and reservable telework spaces for LEP work as well as more traditionally workspaces for classified. This is part of the ProtoSTAR design initiative to pilot a common kit of parts, developing a flexible, scalable design for administrative spaces that could be deployed at various NNSA complexes. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	16,400	1,400	FY 2023	FY 2022 ^a	FY 2024
New TA-II Master Substation	SNL	Install a new 115 kV - 12.47 kV electrical master substation with 12.47 kV switchgear/capacitor bank, protection/controls/metering, walled yard with control house, grounding, and miscellaneous systems. This substation will support many Mission Critical buildings within TA-I, TA-II, and provide backup to adjacent substations, including Sub 42 located in TA-IV to the south.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	18,500	1,850	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2025

^a Design was funded at \$1,400,000 in late FY 2021 as part of a ProtoSTAR design pilot.

					Construction		Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
TA-III, V, & Remotes 5kV Substation Replacement	SNL	Replace and modernize three (3) of the seven (7) 5kV substations that currently serve TA-III, V, and the Remotes. This project supports NNSA's resilience and sustainability planning, design, construction, and/or operation objectives.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	19,500	1,950	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Waste Container Handling Area	SRS	New structure to temporarily house a large waste container on a trailer while the lid is being welded on to it. This project increases the number of extractions that can be performed in the TEF facility.	Production Modernization	11,262	3,697	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
SNL CA High Security Office Modular Addition	SNL	Install a modular-built high-security building to respond to the urgent need for high security workspace to support Nuclear Deterrence Modernization programs. The modular high-security office will enable critical programs to achieve their mission commitments and reduce schedule and security risks.	Stockpile Management	13,500ª	800	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
Install Mini-TCAP in TEF	SRS	Install Mini TCAP in TEF to demonstrate that the new TCAP can provide gas that would support the loading of GTS and to allow TEF to stack waste protium.	Production Modernization	15,645	1,145	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2027
Mobile Melt- Consolidate System 2.0	SRS	Design and build a follow-on Mobile Melt-Consolidate system for use in a second country.	Material Management and Minimization	11,000	2,000	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Notified in FY 2022; re-notifying due to TPC increase.

					Construction	I	Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
Development Facility Acquisition & Modification, Y- 12 (formerly Production Development Facility Acquisition and Revitalization Modification)	Y-12	Execute facility improvements, including modification and upgrades to laboratory and productions areas, utilities, and common areas within existing 73,000 sq ft facility. Project will provide modern and capable facility to enable relocation of development equipment and capabilities to support Y12 production mission.	Infrastructure and Operations: Infrastructure and Safety	24,000	1,500	FY 2022ª	FY 2023	FY 2024
LiM Lithium Lab Area Upgrades	Y-12	The scope of this project is to upgrade and refurbish the Room 121 laboratory to install lithium lab equipment in Building 9995 to support sample analysis requirements. Also, procure and install lithium lab equipment in the Room 121 laboratory of Building 9995 to support sample analysis requirements.	Production Modernization	14,000	0	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2026

^a Project funded with FY 2021 carryover. No work will occur until notification and the wait period is complete.

					Construction		Project Miles	tones
Project	Site	Project Description	Program	TPC	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
LiM 9204-2 Redundant Crusher Grinder Installation	Y-12	The scope of this project is to design and install a more reliable, redundant crusher/grinder line for lithium hydride production in Building 9204-2. While this equipment has undergone upgrades in recent years and has a well- defined preventative maintenance program, there is a significant risk exist associated with internal malfunctions, requiring significant maintenance efforts with break downs resulting in excessive downtime and costs. The scope would install a scaled system to support increased production demands.	Production Modernization	11,000	0	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2026
KS Radio Upgrade	Kenneth A. Kesselring Site (KS)	This project will provide a new radio system for the Kesselring Site.	Naval Reactors	17,678	1,603	FY 2023	FY 2025	FY 2029
BL Simulation Development Laboratory and BRES	Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory (BL)	The Simulation Development Laboratory (SDL) provides a permanent facility to support the design and development of long term, advanced simulation technology for the Naval Nuclear Propulsion Training Program (NNPTP).	Naval Reactors	19,000	N/A	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2026
NRF ECF Electric Heat Conversion	Naval Reactors Facility (NRF)	Convert the steam heat to electric heat at the ECF.	Naval Reactors	13,500	1,000	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2028

Institutional Minor Construction Projects for NNSA – (>\$5M) (Dollars in Thousands)

Weapons Activities – Los Alamos National Laboratory

								Construction
				FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		Design
Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	Enacted	Request	Request	Outyears	Estimate
Pajarito Road Traffic	Institutional	6,500	This project will design and	0	0	500	6,000	500
Circle Construction			construct a traffic circle					
			along Pajarito Road where a					
			three-way intersection					
			currently exists. This new					
			project will eliminate traffic					
			safety concerns.					

Weapons Activities – Sandia National Laboratories

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
SNL-NM - Bldg. 895 Physical Security Laboratory Addition	Institutional	6,500	Construct a staging/storage addition to Building 895 to increase utilization of high bay laboratories as existing space is at capacity and requires storage of items outside of the building.	0	0	650	5,850	650
SNL NM Radio Frequency Facility/Bldg 872 - West SCIF Upgrade	Institutional	6,400	Design and construction of implementing SCIF features for the western half of Building 872, approximately 3,938 square feet. Interior features include STC 50 conference room, manager and staff offices, computing	0	230	6,170	0	230

Project Title	Program	Total	Project Description	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	FY 2023 Request	Outyears	Construction Design Estimate
			areas, new shipping/receiving and restroom addition, and common space to support mission needs.					

Institutional Minor Construction Projects for NNSA – (>\$10M) (Dollars in Thousands)

				Construction	P	roject Mileston	es
Project	Site	Project Description	ТРС	Design Estimate	Project Start	Design Complete	Construction Complete
Diamond Drive Road Upgrades	LANL	This project will design and construct multiple road work upgrades along Diamond Drive to address traffic capacity issues. Capacity issues need to be addressed for current and future on-site mission growth.	24,000	900	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024
STAR - TA-15 New Construction General Purpose Laboratory/Office Building 1	LANL	This project will construct a new 17,000 sq. ft. office facility to provide office and meeting space for multiple staff and programs within TA-15.	22,500	900	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024
Building 9103 Revitalization	Y-12	This project involves the modification of Building 9103, a Balance of Plant facility. The facility will support various Programs at the site. It includes renovation and modernization of Building 9103's restrooms, change houses, two vault type rooms, office space, storage space and facility systems such as electrical, plumbing, and HVAC.	13,100	2,000	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024

Information on Maintenance in response to legislative language set forth in Conference Report (H.R. Conf. Rep. No. 108-10) accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Resolution, 2003 (Public Law 108-7) (pages 886-887), which directs the Department of Energy provide an annual year-end report on maintenance expenditures to the Committees on Appropriations is included within the Infrastructure Crosscut in Volume 2.

	(FY 2021	Dollars in Thou FY 2022	sanusj	-	Y 2023 Request		
Site	Enacted	Annualized	FSE	- F WA	DNN	NR	Total
Argonne National Laboratory	53,524	41,721	923	5,040	41,970	-	47,933
Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory	364,997	364,997	-	-	-	652,183	652,183
Brookhaven National Laboratory	14,931	17,243	6	515	16,363	-	16,884
Carlsbad Area Office	56	1	1	-	49	-	50
Chicago Operations Office	6	6	6	-	-	-	6
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	750	750	_	_	843	-	843
Fluor Marine Propulsion, LLC	475	445	-	500	-	-	500
Idaho National Laboratory	369,301	359,165	6	5,542	97,161	195,891	298,600
Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC)	1,209,612	1,171,525	110	1,276,598	49,716	-	1,326,424
Kansas City Site Office	10,448	11,346	9,664	425	3,753	-	13,842
Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory	654,727	654,727	-	-	-	653,950	653,950
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory	10,875	15,185	-	572	11,386	-	11,958
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	2,057,676	2,089,597	1,580	2,007,276	211,809	-	2,220,665
Livermore Site Office	17,112	17,516	18,241	1,000	-	-	19,241
Los Alamos National Laboratory	3,290,364	3,098,197	-	3,608,575	477,452	-	4,086,027
Los Alamos Site Office	17,064	17,474	20,669	60	-	-	20,729
National Energy Technology Laboratory	64,706	58,109	113	26,484	1,635	-	28,232
Naval Reactors Facility	325,121	325,121	-	-	-	503,000	503,000
Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office	20,680	20,680	-	-	-	23,410	23,410
Naval Research Laboratory	8,500	7,000	-	2,500	-	-	2,500
Nevada Field Office	19,435	17,816	19,821	1,335	-	-	21,156
Nevada National Security Site	786,307	776,524	150	554,395	98,744	-	653,289
NNSA Albuquerque Complex	1,308,278	1,375,584	7,484	1,020,543	215,557	-	1,243,584
NNSA Production Office (NPO)	86,098	46,927	32,122	11,000	75,146	-	118,268
Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education	2,047	5,162	-	-	3,228	-	3,228
Oak Ridge National Laboratory	201,780	175,781	-	72,491	159,763	-	232,254
Office of Scientific & Technical Information	477	333	-	539	72	-	611
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	335,847	346,645	1,500	91,307	266,079	-	358,886
Pantex Plant	987,692	973,369	-	1,134,159	9,415	-	1,143,574
Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant	43,000	32,000	-	60,000	-	-	60,000
Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory	760	460	-	-	855	-	855
Richland Operations Office	2,920	2,111	6	-	2,788	-	2,794
Sandia National Laboratories	2,611,217	2,509,782	-	2,565,772	245,047	-	2,810,819
Sandia Site Office	64,339	75,673	20,018	957	42,223	-	63,198
Savannah River Operations Office	30,419	20,289	10,871	18,248	135	-	29,254
Savannah River Site	1,051,626	1,117,371	-	1,263,360	176,219	-	1,439,579
SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	1,916	1,755	-	180	1,862	-	2,042
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility	-	100	-	100	-	-	100
University of Rochester	82,000	82,000	-	75,000	-	-	75,000
Washington Headquarters	1,490,269	1,693,255	369,909	1,116,138	186,787	53,011	1,725,845
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	11,067	6,607	-	-	12,890	-	12,890
Y-12 National Security Complex	2,123,781	2,201,851	-	1,961,691	60,358	-	2,022,049
Adjustment	-	-	(16,800)	(396,004)	(123,048)	-	(535,852)
Grand Total	19,732,200	19,732,200	496,400	16,486,298	2,346,257	2,081,445	21,410,400

Site Estimates

Support Service Contracts

Annual report on "NNSA service support contracts" – Reporting for FY 2021

The following table provides information required by paragraphs (f)(2), (f)(3), f(5) and f(6). Note: The FSE chapter of the budget provides information for (f)(1). This information does not address paragraph (f)(4). As noted in responses to the GAO audit for support service contracts, NNSA has been fully transparent in its budget justification materials regarding data limitations that prevent accurate, reliable reporting of this information. NNSA does not have access to contractor personnel systems and collecting and reporting such data could run counter to regulations/statutes regarding employer/employee relationships. In this case, the vendor, not NNSA, is the employer and we must avoid any activities that would give the appearance of attempting to manage or oversee contractor employees or staffing. NNSA will, however, meet with congressional staff on ways to further enhance the reported data to meet their needs. *Status as of CY2021: NA-APM has coordinated with NA-EA to schedule follow-up discussions with congressional parties. To date, we have not received any further direction or feedback from our inquiries.*

For the Annual Service Support Contractor (SSC) table, we continue to include Technical and Management (professional) support service contracts and <u>exclude</u> the following services: Management and Operating contracts, contracts for housekeeping, custodial, physical security, IT helpline, maintenance, and facilities maintenance.

The total number of SSC active in FY 2021 is 186, with 1,328 contractor Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) reported:

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
ACCENTURE FEDERAL SERVICES LLC	89233120FNA000082	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$5,232,194	4	(
	89233120FNA000082 Total			\$5,232,194	4	(
ADVANCED MANAGEMENT						
STRATEGIES GROUP, INC.	89233120FNA400258	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$800,333	20	(
		Weapons Activities Program Direction	0	\$1,450,049	0	(
	89233120FNA400258 Total			\$2,250,382	20	
ALUTIIQ COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES						
LLC	NA0002827	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	-\$62,408	6	(
	NA0002827 Total			-\$62,408	6	(
ALVAREZ LLC	89233118FNA000026	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	10	(
	89233118FNA000026 Total			\$0	10	(
	89233119FNA000049	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$10,310,000	7	(
	89233119FNA000049 Total			\$10,310,000	7	(
APOGEE GROUP, LLC	89233118CNA000056	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$233,221	1	(
	89233118CNA000056 Total			\$233,221	1	(
APPLIED RESEARCH ASSOCIATES	89233121PNA000107	WA Reimbursable Work with Non-Federal Entities (was 2T)	0	\$14,912	1	(
	89233121PNA000107 Total			\$14,912	1	(
ASPEN CULTURAL RESOURCE						
MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS	89233120CNA000139	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	3	(
	89233120CNA000139 Total			\$0	3	(
AUGUR CONSULTING INC	89233120FNA400290	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$0	1.9	(
	89233120FNA400290 Total			\$0	1.9	(
BANDA GROUP INTERNATIONAL,LLC	89233119CNA000066	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,110,000	4	(
	89233119CNA000066 Total			\$1,110,000	4	
	89233120CNA000128	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	2	
	89233120CNA000128 Total			\$0	2	

^a Active or Follow-on for FY 2021 expired contract.

^b Expired Requirement with a Follow-on starting in FY 2021.

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	NA0002903	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	89233121CNA000179	\$0	0	
	NA0002903 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$0	0	:
	NA0003412	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	0	
	NA0003412 Total			\$0	0	
BETTERUP, INC.	89233121CNA000207	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$300,000	1	
	89233121CNA000207 Total			\$300,000	1	
CE2 CORPORATION INC	89233121FNA400376	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$2,041,704	15	
	89233121FNA400376 Total			\$2,041,704	15	
	DT0009471	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	-\$858	0	
	DT0009471 Total			-\$858	0	
	DT0009761	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$557,466	18	
	DT0009761 Total			\$557,466	18	
	DT0011828	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$235,414	3	
	DT0011828 Total			\$235,414	3	
	DT0012670	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$838,013	6	
	DT0012670 Total			\$838,013	6	
CHENEGA PROFESSIONAL &						
TECHNICAL SERVICES, LLC	89233119CNA000081	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$2,700,000	18	
	89233119CNA000081 Total			\$2,700,000	18	
	DT0012824	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$120,000	0	
		Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$778,800	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$360,000	18	
	DT0012824 Total			\$1,258,800	18	
COGENT SECURITY CONSULTING LLC	89233119FNA400197	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$507,880	4	
	89233119FNA400197 Total			\$507,880	4	
CORPORATE ALLOCATION SERVICES,						
INC	BP0005605	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$44,000	2	
	BP0005605 Total			\$44,000	2	
	DT0012654	WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	0	\$0	3	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$72,659	0	
	DT0012654 Total			\$72,659	3	

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active 1	otal FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
COVENANT PARK INTEGRATED						
INITIATIVES	89233118FNA400044	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	89233121CNA000187	\$1,376,501	0	12
	89233118FNA400044 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$1,376,501	0	12
	89233121CNA000187	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	89233118FNA400044	\$747,000	10	0
	89233121CNA000187 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$747,000	10	0
CRITERION SYSTEMS, INC.	89233118FNA000015	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$10,002,504	44	0
	89233118FNA000015 Total			\$10,002,504	44	0
	BP0005221	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,665,498	12	0
	BP0005221 Total			\$1,665,498	12	0
DELOITTE CONSULTING LLP	89233121FNA000091	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$126,000	0	0
	89233121FNA000091 Total			\$126,000	0	0
DIGON SYSTEMS, LLC	89233120CNA000146	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,140,235	13	0
	89233120CNA000146 Total			\$1,140,235	13	0
DIVERSIFIED PROTECTION						
CORPORATION	89233120FNA400244	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$0	28.62	0
	89233120FNA400244 Total			\$0	28.62	0
	89233121CNA000174	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$138,549	1	0
	89233121CNA000174 Total			\$138,549	1	0
DOXCELERATE CORPORATION	NA0003349	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	89233121CNA000227	\$0	0	1.5
	NA0003349 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$0	0	1.5
EUCLID TECHLABS, LLC	89233121CNA000209	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,679,894	3	0
	89233121CNA000209 Total			\$1,679,894	3	0
FEASIBILITY RESEARCH GROUP OHIO						
LLC	89233121FNA400383	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$20,596	5	0
	89233121FNA400383 Total			\$20,596	5	0
GARTNER, INC.	89233120FNA400298	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$3,586,990	8	0
	89233120FNA400298 Total			\$3,586,990	8	0
GRADILLAS COURT REPORTERS INC	89233119FNA400231	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$5,000	0	0
	89233119FNA400231 Total			\$5,000	0	0
HARKCON, INC	89233120FNA400313	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$3,154,647	17	0
	89233120FNA400313 Total			\$3,154,647	17	0
	89233121FNA400339	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	DT009564	\$812,484	6	0
	89233121FNA400339 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$812,484	6	0
HENRY L STIMSON CENTER	89233119CNA000075	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,885,192	8.6	0
	89233119CNA000075 Total			\$1,885,192	8.6	C

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active To	otal FTEs for Expire
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number Total FY	21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
HYPERION TECHNOLOGIES LLC	89233119CNA000107	DA Primary Fund	0	\$50,000	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$240,000	4.5	
	89233119CNA000107 Total			\$290,000	4.5	
NNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY						
PARTNERSHIPS LLC	89233120FNA400249	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$770,000	8	
	89233120FNA400249 Total			\$770,000	8	
	89233120FNA400264	WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	0	\$1,942	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$5,520,093	65	
	89233120FNA400264 Total			\$5,522,035	65	
	DT0014072	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$168,151	2	
	DT0014072 Total			\$168,151	2	
INTERNATIONAL SERVICES AND						
ADVISORS INC	NA0003742	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$0	5	
	NA0003742 Total			\$0	5	
INTUITIVE INFORMATION SYSTEMS						
TECHNOLOGIES, LLC	89233120FNA400273	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,589,032	5.5	
	89233120FNA400273 Total			\$1,589,032	5.5	
IG MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS INC	89233118FNA400104	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$199,552	2.23	
	89233118FNA400104 Total			\$199,552	2.23	
	89233119FNA400184	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,393,407	9	
	89233119FNA400184 Total			\$1,393,407	9	
	89233120FNA400246	WA Reimbursable Work with Non-Federal Entities (was 2T)	0	\$234,690	2	
	89233120FNA400246 Total			\$234,690	2	
	89233120FNA400293	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$9,114	4.22	
	89233120FNA400293 Total			\$9,114	4.22	
	DT0011413	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$289,844	3	
	DT0011413 Total			\$289,844	3	
IGMS GOVERNMENT SERVICES, LLC	89233118FNA400056	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$242,523	4	
	89233118FNA400056 Total			\$242,523	4	
	89233118FNA400094	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$175,000	2	
	89233118FNA400094 Total			\$175,000	2	
	89233118FNA400103	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$163,237	1.85	
	89233118FNA400103 Total			\$163,237	1.85	
	BP0005948	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$54,451	1.5	
	BP0005948 Total			\$54,451	1.5	
	DT0011516	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$902,855	7	
	DT0011516 Total			\$902,855	7	
	DT0012665	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$351,942	0	
		Other Defense Activities (ODA) Primary Fund (was TF)	0	\$50,000	5	
DI	DT0012665 Total			\$401,942	5	

Overview

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number Total F	/ 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
HYPERION TECHNOLOGIES LLC	89233119CNA000107	DA Primary Fund	0	\$50,000	0	C
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$240,000	4.5	C
	89233119CNA000107 Total			\$290,000	4.5	C
INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY						
PARTNERSHIPS LLC	89233120FNA400249	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$770,000	8	C
	89233120FNA400249 Total			\$770,000	8	C
	89233120FNA400264	WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	0	\$1,942	0	C
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$5,520,093	65	C
	89233120FNA400264 Total			\$5,522,035	65	C
	DT0014072	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$168,151	2	C
	DT0014072 Total			\$168,151	2	C
INTERNATIONAL SERVICES AND						
ADVISORS INC	NA0003742	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$0	5	C
	NA0003742 Total			\$0	5	C
INTUITIVE INFORMATION SYSTEMS						
TECHNOLOGIES, LLC	89233120FNA400273	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,589,032	5.5	C
	89233120FNA400273 Total			\$1,589,032	5.5	C
JG MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS INC	89233118FNA400104	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$199,552	2.23	C
	89233118FNA400104 Total			\$199,552	2.23	C
	89233119FNA400184	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,393,407	9	C
	89233119FNA400184 Total			\$1,393,407	9	C
	89233120FNA400246	WA Reimbursable Work with Non-Federal Entities (was 2T)	0	\$234,690	2	C
	89233120FNA400246 Total			\$234,690	2	C
	89233120FNA400293	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$9,114	4.22	C
	89233120FNA400293 Total			\$9,114	4.22	C
	DT0011413	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$289,844	3	C
	DT0011413 Total			\$289,844	3	C
JGMS GOVERNMENT SERVICES, LLC	89233118FNA400056	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$242,523	4	C
	89233118FNA400056 Total			\$242,523	4	0
	89233118FNA400094	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$175,000	2	C
	89233118FNA400094 Total	. ,		\$175,000	2	C
	89233118FNA400103	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$163,237	1.85	0
	89233118FNA400103 Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$163,237	1.85	1

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	r Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	BP0005948	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund		0 \$54,451	1.5	
	BP0005948 Total			\$54,451	1.5	
	DT0011516	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)		0 \$902,855	7	
	DT0011516 Total			\$902,855	7	
	DT0012665	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund		0 \$351,942	0	(
		Other Defense Activities (ODA) Primary Fund (was TF)		0 \$50,000	5	
	DT0012665 Total			\$401,942	5	
LINK TECHNOLOGIES INC	89233120FNA400317	WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	DT0013473	\$1,847,017	19	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	DT0013473	\$800,000	0	
	89233120FNA400317 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$2,647,017	19	
	DT0013473	WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	89233120FNA400317	\$0	0	1
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233120FNA400317	-\$236,552	0	
	DT0013473 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		-\$236,552	0	1
LONGENECKER AND ASSOCIATES,						
INC	89233118FNA400109	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund		0 \$335,000	4.01	
	89233118FNA400109 Total			\$335,000	4.01	
	89233118FNA400112	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)		0 \$6,728,318	7.41	
	89233118FNA400112 Total			\$6,728,318		
	89233119FNA400224	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)		0 \$500,000		
	89233119FNA400224 Total			\$500,000		
	DT0009564	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund		0 \$0	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)		0 \$0	7	
	DT0009564 Total			\$0		
LTD GLOBAL, LLC	89233118CNA000052	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund		0 \$792,971	4.1	
,.	89233118CNA000052 Total			\$792,971		
				<i></i>		
		Defense Environmental Cleanup Primary Fund (was Defense Facilities Closure	3			
	89233119CNA000062	Projects thru FY03; Defense Site Acceleration Completion thru FY06) (was TP)		0 \$65,000	0.85	
	001001100.000001	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)		0 \$45,018		
	89233119CNA000062 Total			\$110,018		
	NA0003116	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund		0 \$1,715		
	NA0003116 Total			\$1,715		
	NA0003420	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	89233121FNA400390	\$1,71		
	NA0003420 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.	03233121114400330	ېر \$(

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
MCLANE ADVANCED						
TECHNOLOGIES, LLC	89233121FNA400365	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$3,692,025	35	(
	89233121FNA400365 Total			\$3,692,025	35	C
MELE ASSOCIATES INC	89233118FNA000008	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,525,000	5	(
	89233118FNA000008 Total			\$1,525,000	5	C
	89233119FNA400200	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$3,166,000	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$700,000	22	(
	89233119FNA400200 Total			\$3,866,000	22	C
	89233120FNA400255	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$13,483,233	42	(
	89233120FNA400255 Total			\$13,483,233	42	C
	89233120FNA400260	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$6,848,210	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	26.5	(
	89233120FNA400260 Total			\$6,848,210	26.5	C
	89233121FNA400373	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$2,567,599	6.5	(
	89233121FNA400373 Total			\$2,567,599	6.5	C
	DT0013157	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$7,662,000	41	(
	DT0013157 Total			\$7,662,000	41	C
	DT0013826	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$175,000	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$2,000,000	15	(
	DT0013826 Total			\$2,175,000	15	(
MONTECH INC.	NA0003226	WA Program Direction	0	\$0	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	0	(
	NA0003226 Total			\$0	0	(
	NA0003445	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$0	0	(
		Transfers Activity - DOEPAC Phase II (Admin) (was YY)	0	\$50,000	2.53	(
		WA Program Direction	0	\$0	0	(
	NA0003445 Total			\$50,000	2.53	(
	NA0003599	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$2,000	1	(
	NA0003599 Total			\$2,000	1	(
	NA0003675	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	-\$48,793	0	(
	NA0003675 Total			-\$48,793	0	C
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF PUBLIC						
ADMINISTRATION	NA0003411	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$0	1	(
	NA0003411 Total			\$0	1	C
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES	NA0003381	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$0	1	(
	NA0003381 Total	· · ·		\$0	1	(

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
NAVARRO RESEARCH AND						
ENGINEERING, INC	89233118FNA400122	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400384	\$78,403	0	÷
	89233118FNA400122 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$78,403	0	:
	89233121FNA400384	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233118FNA400122	\$128,342	3	(
	89233121FNA400384 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$128,342	3	(
PARSONS GOVERNMENT SERVICES						
INC	89233118FNA000001	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$766,065	0.11	(
	89233118FNA000001 Total			\$766,065	0.11	(
	89233118FNA000012	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	-\$868	0.54	(
	89233118FNA000012 Total			-\$868	0.54	(
	89233118FNA000013	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$0	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	0.3	(
	89233118FNA000013 Total			\$0	0.3	(
	89233118FNA000016	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$299,200	0.39	(
	89233118FNA000016 Total			\$299,200	0.39	(
	89233118FNA000022	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$100,000	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$175,000	2.39	(
	89233118FNA000022 Total			\$275,000	2.39	(
	89233119FNA000037	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,777,583	0	(
	89233119FNA000037 Total			\$1,777,583	0	(
	89233119FNA000039	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,000	18.9	(
	89233119FNA000039 Total			\$1,000	18.9	(
	89233119FNA000041	Working Capital Fund (42 USC 5815) (was WF)	0	-\$85,091	1.4	(
	89233119FNA000041 Total			-\$85,091	1.4	(
		Def. Env. Cleanup ORP Waste Treatment Plant 01-D-416(A-E) (OMB SF132				
	89233119FNA000043	FY12)	0	\$310,402	7.37	(
	89233119FNA000043 Total			\$310,402	7.37	(
	89233119FNA000044	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$1,606,438	3.15	(
	89233119FNA000044 Total			\$1,606,438	3.15	(
	89233119FNA000045	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$152,355	3	(
	89233119FNA000045 Total			\$152,355	3	(
	89233119FNA000046	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$2,329,482	7.3	(
	89233119FNA000046 Total			\$2,329,482	7.3	(
	89233119FNA000050	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$100,000	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0			(
	89233119FNA000050 Total			\$607,270		(

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expire
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	89233119FNA000051	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	1.77	7.18	
	89233119FNA000051 Total			\$6,525,000	7.18	
	89233119FNA000057	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	1	4.62	
	89233119FNA000057 Total			\$989,365	4.62	
	89233119FNA000061	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0			
	89233119FNA000061 Total			\$0	2.75	
	89233120FNA000065	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	4	
	89233120FNA000065 Total			\$0	4	
	89233120FNA000067	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,097,903	8.05	
	89233120FNA000067 Total			\$1,097,903	8.05	
	89233120FNA000069	EERE Program Direction	0	\$29,291	0.91	
	89233120FNA000069 Total			\$29,291	0.91	
	89233120FNA000070	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$2,700,000	4.3	
	89233120FNA000070 Total			\$2,700,000	4.3	
	89233120FNA000074	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$50,000	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$50,000	2.67	
	89233120FNA000074 Total			\$100,000	2.67	
	89233120FNA000075	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$51,000	1.05	
	89233120FNA000075 Total			\$51,000	1.05	
	89233121FNA000084	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,512,768	6.4	
	89233121FNA000084 Total			\$1,512,768	6.4	
	89233121FNA000085	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$555,165	0.56	
	89233121FNA000085 Total			\$555,165	0.56	
	89233121FNA000095	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$589,872	1.31	
	89233121FNA000095 Total			\$589,872	1.31	
	DT0013131	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	1.52	
	DT0013131 Total			\$0		
	DT0013499	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$24,000	1.09	
	DT0013499 Total			\$24,000	1.09	
	DT0013580	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0		2.59	
	DT0013580 Total		-	-\$650,132		
ERATON INC.	89233119CNA000083	WA Reimbursable Work with Non-Federal Entities (was 2T)	0		3	
	89233119CNA000083 Total			\$0	3	
ERIKIN ENTERPRISES, LLC	89233118CNA000039	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	•	1	
	89233118CNA000039 Total			\$102,618		
	89233119CNA000080	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0		2	
	89233119CNA000080 Total			\$90,000	2	

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expire
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	89233120FNA400291	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,902,145	9	
	89233120FNA400291 Total			\$1,902,145	9	
	89233120FNA400292	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,818,283	9	
	89233120FNA400292 Total			\$1,818,283	9	
PROJECT ENHANCEMENT						
CORPORATION	89233118FNA400114	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	89233121FNA400393	\$138,706	0	
	89233118FNA400114 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$138,706	0	
	89233120FNA400303	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$949,759	8	
		Weapons Activities Program Direction	0	\$860,959	0	
	89233120FNA400303 Total			\$1,810,717	8	
	89233121FNA400380	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	DT0011426	\$5,390,000	0	
		WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	DT0011426	\$30,000	39	
	89233121FNA400380 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$5,420,000	39	
	89233121FNA400393	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	89233118FNA400114	\$980,000	5	
	89233121FNA400393 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$980,000	5	
	DT0011426	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	89233121FNA400380	\$13,399,153	0	3
	DT0011426 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$13,399,153	0	3
RADUS SOFTWARE LLC	89233121CNA000189	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$512,885	1.25	
	89233121CNA000189 Total			\$512,885	1.25	
RED RIVER COMPUTER CO., INC.	89233120FNA400304	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$3,983,333	1	
	89233120FNA400304 Total			\$3,983,333	1	
RHINOCORPS LTD CO	89233121CNA000219	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$300,000	12	
	89233121CNA000219 Total			\$300,000	12	
	NA0003782	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$415,000	15	
	NA0003782 Total			\$415,000	15	
RIVIDIUM INC.	89233121FNA400361	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$1,540,324	11	
	89233121FNA400361 Total			\$1,540,324	11	
SIGMA SCIENCE INC	89233118FNA400089	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	-\$3,644	1	
	89233118FNA400089 Total			-\$3,644	1	
	89233119FNA400172	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	-\$114,056	10	
	89233119FNA400172 Total			-\$114,056	10	
	89233119FNA400185	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400367	-\$9,665	0	
	89233119FNA400185 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		-\$9,665	0	
	89233119FNA400186	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$827,559	1	
	89233119FNA400186 Total		-	\$827,559	1	
	89233119FNA400188	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400367	-\$17,907	0	
	89233119FNA400188 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		-\$17,907	0	

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	89233119FNA400189	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400367	-\$15,103	0	
	89233119FNA400189 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		-\$15,103	0	
	89233119FNA400195	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$210,750	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	1	
	89233119FNA400195 Total			\$210,750	1	
	89233119FNA400196	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400378	-\$563,752	0	
	89233119FNA400196 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		-\$563,752	0	
	89233119FNA400205	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$1,290,134	6	
	89233119FNA400205 Total			\$1,290,134	6	
	89233121FNA400336	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,307,691	9	
	89233121FNA400336 Total			\$1,307,691	9	
			89233119FNA400185, 89233119FNA400188,&			
	89233121FNA400367	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233119FNA400189	\$859,336	3	
	89233121FNA400367 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$859,336	3	
	89233121FNA400368	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	BP0004432	\$1,180,000	0	
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	BP0004432	\$6,067,700	23	
	89233121FNA400368 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$7,247,700	23	1
	89233121FNA400378	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233119FNA400196	\$492,410	1	
	89233121FNA400378 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$492,410	1	
SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE	89233120CNA000127	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$14,576,000	32	
	89233120CNA000127 Total			\$14,576,000	32	
STARFIRE INDUSTRIES LLC	89233121CNA000229	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,045,449	2	
	89233121CNA000229 Total			\$1,045,449	2	
STRATIVIA LLC	89233121CNA000179	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$315,103	3	
	89233121CNA000179 Total			\$315,103	3	
STREET LEGAL INDUSTRIES, INC	89233121CNA000173	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$632,000	6	
	89233121CNA000173 Total			\$632,000	6	
SUMMIT EXERCISES AND TRAINING						
LLC	89233118FNA400091	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$2,163,237	0	
		WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	0	\$375,000	10	
	89233118FNA400091 Total			\$2,538,237	10	
SYSTEMATIC MANAGEMENT						
SERVICES INC	89233120FNA400309	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$6,865,813	23	
	89233120FNA400309 Total			\$6,865,813	23	
TECHNOLOGY VENTURES INC	89233119CNA000098	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0		4	
	89233119CNA000098 Total			\$759,954	4	

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
TECHNOMICS INC	89233118FNA400047	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$1,910,890	7	(
	89233118FNA400047 Total			\$1,910,890	7	(
	89233119FNA400217	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$389,174	0	(
		Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$74,146	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$2,614,882	8	(
	89233119FNA400217 Total			\$3,078,201	8	(
	89233120FNA400261	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,162,982	0	(
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$6,231,101	18	(
	89233120FNA400261 Total			\$7,394,083	18	(
	89233121FNA400398	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$100,000	7	(
	89233121FNA400398 Total			\$100,000	7	(
TECHSOURCE INC	89233119FNA400223	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$978,822	1.32	(
	89233119FNA400223 Total			\$978,822	1.32	(
	89233120FNA400310	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,400,015	4	(
	89233120FNA400310 Total			\$1,400,015	4	(
	89233120FNA400321	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,575,000	15.5	(
	89233120FNA400321 Total			\$1,575,000	15.5	(
	89233120FNA400322	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$4,039,027	10	(
	89233120FNA400322 Total			\$4,039,027	10	(
	89233121FNA400330	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	DT0013256	\$1,500,000	4.5	(
	89233121FNA400330 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$1,500,000	4.5	(
	89233121FNA400340	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	DT0013337	\$1,257,891	3.5	(
	89233121FNA400340 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$1,257,891	3.5	(
	89233121FNA400357	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$4,902,112	35	(
	89233121FNA400357 Total			\$4,902,112	35	(
	89233121FNA400374	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	DT0013591	\$947,000	2.5	(
	89233121FNA400374 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$947,000	2.5	(
	89233121FNA400375	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	DT0014080	\$2,595,000	7.13	(
	89233121FNA400375 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$2,595,000	7.13	(
	BP0004432	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	89233121FNA400368	\$180,696	0	23
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400368	\$1,860,000	0	(
	BP0004432 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$2,040,696	0	23
	DT0011895	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$1,030,000	3.5	(
	DT0011895 Total			\$1,030,000	3.5	

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active To	•
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	DT0012050	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	+	4.5	
	DT0012050 Total			\$206,972	4.5	
	DT0012554	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	3	
	DT0012554 Total			\$0	3	
	DT0013032	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,624,064	9.5	
	DT0013032 Total			\$1,624,064	9.5	
	DT0013256	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400330	\$0	0	
	DT0013256 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$0	0	
	DT0013337	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400340	\$0	0	
	DT0013337 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$0	0	
	DT0013591	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400374	\$303,000	0	
	DT0013591 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$303,000	0	
	DT0014080	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400375	\$505,000	0	
	DT0014080 Total	Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.		\$505,000	0	
TETRA TECH INC	89233119FNA400183	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	2.4	
	89233119FNA400183 Total			\$0	2.4	
	89233120FNA400272	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,454,931	9	
	89233120FNA400272 Total			\$1,454,931	9	
THE A R GROUP LLP	89233119FNA400174	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$25,000	0	
	89233119FNA400174 Total			\$25,000	0	
THE MITRE CORPORATION	89233120FNA400300	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0		1.5	
	89233120FNA400300 Total			\$0	1.5	
I VERBATIM CONSULTING INC.	89233121FNA400390	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$200,000	3	
	89233121FNA400390 Total		-	\$200,000	3	
FIBARAY, INC.	89233121CNA000226	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0		3.5	
	89233121CNA000226 Total		Ū	\$2,407,514	3.5	
TIERRA RIGHT OF WAY SERVICES,	05100111011100011010101			<i>\</i>	0.0	
.TD.	89233120PNA000093	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	-\$29,456	0.75	
	89233120PNA000093 Total			-\$29,456	0.75	
	89233121PNA000112	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0		5	
	89233121PNA000112 Total		0	\$202,686	5	
ſUVA, LLC	NA0003424	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$4,900,000	63	
0VA, LLC	NA0003424 Total	weapons Activities (WA) rinnary rund (was rej	U	\$4,900,000	63	
ECTOR RESOURCE INC	89233118FNA400001	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233121FNA400386	\$4,900,000	03	
		Expired requirement with a follow-on starting in FY21.	037222151114400280	\$369,000 \$369,000	0	
	89233118FNA400001 Total		^		0	
	89233118FNA400013	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$0	•	
	00000440584400040 7 1	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$0	3.5	
	89233118FNA400013 Total			\$0	3.5	

Overview

			Expired or Follow-On		Total FTEs for Active	Total FTEs for Expired
Awardee Name / Vendor Name	Contract/Order Number	Fund Value and Description	Contract/Order Number	Total FY 21 Obligations	Contracts a	Contracts b
	89233118FNA400053	Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	0	\$1,400,000	5	0
	89233118FNA400053 Total			\$1,400,000	5	0
	89233119FNA400239	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$0	3.5	0
	89233119FNA400239 Total			\$0	3.5	0
	89233120FNA400281	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,152,532	5	0
	89233120FNA400281 Total			\$1,152,532	5	0
	89233121FNA400328	Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	0	\$234,088	6	0
		Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$1,898,316	0	0
	89233121FNA400328 Total			\$2,132,404	6	0
	89233121FNA400386	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	89233118FNA400001	\$1,800,000	4	0
	89233121FNA400386 Total	Follow-on for FY21 expired contract.		\$1,800,000	4	0
	DT0012586	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$10,632,000	33.1	0
	DT0012586 Total			\$10,632,000	33.1	0
WYANT DATA SYSTEMS, INC	89233119FNA400230	Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	0	\$846,055	6.5	0
	89233119FNA400230 Total			\$846,055	6.5	0
Grand Total				\$276,398,492	1328	131

 ^a Active or Follow-on for FY 2021 expired contract.
 ^b Expired Requirement with a Follow-on starting in FY 2021.

NNSA Support Service Contracts NDAA Annual Report on SSC (Active throughout FY 2021) Summary of Original Fund Value Categories _Total amount obligated from Individual Contracts above				
Subtotals for all Fund Values Reported above for Individual Contracts	Sum of FY21 Obligations			
DA Primary Fund	\$50,000			
FY12)	\$310,402			
Closure Projects thru FY03; Defense Site Acceleration Completion thru FY06)	\$65,000			
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) Primary Fund (was NS)	\$73,833,384			
EERE Program Direction	\$29,291			
Federal Salaries and Expenses Primary Fund	\$26,467,044			
Other Defense Activities (ODA) Primary Fund (was TF)	\$50,000			
Transfers Activity - DOEPAC Phase II (Admin) (was YY)	\$50,000			
WA Program Direction	\$0			
WA Reimbursable Work with Non-Federal Entities (was 2T)	\$249,602			
WA Reimbursable Work with Other Federal Agencies (was 3T)	\$2,253,959			
Weapons Activities (WA) Primary Fund (was TC)	\$170,813,894			
Weapons Activities Program Direction	\$2,311,007			
Working Capital Fund (42 USC 5815) (was WF)	-\$85,091			
Grand Total	\$276,398,492			

Federal Salaries and Expenses

Federal Salaries and Expenses

Federal Salaries and Expenses Proposed Appropriation Language

For National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) Federal Salaries and Expenses (FSE), [\$464,000,000] \$496,400,000, to remain available until September 30, [2023] 2024. That of such amount, \$17,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses.

Explanation of Changes

Changes to the appropriation language consist of changes to the overall amount and a change to maintain the two-year period of availability. The FY 2023 Budget Request for NNSA FSE is \$496,400,000, a \$53,200,000 (12 percent) increase above the FY 2021 Enacted for the salaries, benefits, and other expenses for 1,958 federal full-time equivalents (FTEs), 1,934 paid from FSE and 24 paid through the Working Capital Fund.

Public Law Authorizations

- P.L. 106-65, National Nuclear Security Administration Act, as amended
- P.L. 116-283, William M (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021
- P.L. 116-260, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021

Federal Salaries and Expenses

	(\$ in thousands)					
		FY 2023 Request FY				
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	vs.	vs.	
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 21 Enacted (\$)	FY 21 Enacted (%)	
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	513,200	+70,000	15.8%	
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	-16,800	-16,800		
Total, NNSA Federal Salaries andd Expenses	443,200	443,200	496,400	53,200	12.0%	

	(\$ in thousands)					
	FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 2026 FY 202 Request Request Request Request					
	Request	Request	Request	Request		
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	514,145	537,908	557,585	566,778		

Funding by Object Class

Salaries and Benefits: Provides \$414,000,000 for salaries and benefits for the majority of the NNSA Federal staff. It does not include funding for the Federal staff supporting the Weapons Activities (WA) Secure Transportation Asset program or the Naval Reactors (NR) account. The NNSA workforce consists of a diverse cadre of scientists, engineers, project and program managers, foreign affairs specialists, and highly technical support staff that perform program and project management and appropriate oversight of the national security missions related to the WA account and the Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation account. The workforce is also comprised of mission support staff focusing on management, emergency management, information technology management, budget analysis, accounting, legal services (general and patent attorney, paralegal specialist), operations research, miscellaneous clerk and assistant, public affairs, quality assurance, general business and industry, government information specialists, industrial hygiene, industrial property management, realty, equal employment opportunity, grants management, environmental protection specialist, safety and occupational health management, logistics management, computer engineering, records and information management, financial management, psychology, safety and electrical engineering, and architecture.

NNSA staff is located throughout the United States, reflecting NNSA's work with the nuclear security enterprise. The staff is geographically located in Washington, DC; Germantown, Maryland; Albuquerque, New Mexico; and at seven Federal field offices: Kansas City Field Office (Missouri); Lawrence Livermore Field Office (California); Los Alamos Field Office (New Mexico); Nevada Field Office (Nevada); NNSA Production Office (Texas and Tennessee); Sandia Field Office (New Mexico and California); and Savannah River Field Office (South Carolina).

<u>Travel:</u> Provides \$13,875,000 for travel necessary to conduct NNSA business. Domestic travel provides management oversight, public outreach, travel related to training, and national security assistance and interface between NNSA Headquarters, NNSA Field Offices, DOE laboratories and production facilities, and local governments. International travel is a key element of NNSA's nonproliferation work to share the United States' long experience in managing special nuclear materials with partners around the world to achieve international nonproliferation and counterterrorism goals. The FY 2023 request recognizes new business practices based on COVID-19 lessons learned.

<u>Support Services</u>: Includes \$20,080,000 for management and professional services for headquarters support offices and field offices to assist or train staff to achieve efficient and effective management and operation of activities and systems, including administrative support, funding for Environmental Safety and Health activities for General Counsel's support of the National Environmental Policy Act at Los Alamos Field Office, and the NNSA Graduate Fellowship Program (NGFP).

Other Related Expenses: Provides \$65,245,000 for the following items:

• <u>Training</u>: Provides \$4,260,000 for necessary learning, career development, and skills maintenance of the NNSA Federal staff. It does not include training for the Federal staff supporting the WA Secure Transportation Asset program or the

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses Naval Reactors account which are supported by separate Program Direction accounts. Training includes valuable learning activities for NNSA Headquarters and Field Offices, and corporate training, as managed by the NNSA's Chief Learning Officer. The NNSA corporate training program encompasses the Technical Qualification Program and mandatory training (such as executive, managerial, and supervisory training). It also funds: Leadership Development Programs, Mid-Level Leadership Development Program, Executive Development Program, 360 Assessments, Rotations, NNSA 1st Year (Onboarding) Program, Mentoring, Coaching, and other learning events. NNSA's goal is to proactively address future workforce needs and Administration priorities, advance employee competencies, and demonstrate NNSA's commitment to the strategic development of all employees to allow them to reach their fullest potential.

• <u>Space and Occupancy</u>: Provides \$18,880,000 to support minor renovation costs at headquarters and space and occupancy costs at the field offices.

<u>Working Capital Fund</u>: Provides \$36,129,000 for FSE's contribution to the Department of Energy's (DOE) Working Capital Fund (WCF). The FSE contribution includes funding for DOE's overseas presence for administrative and operational support to Departmental personnel. The Department's overseas presence includes 22 DOE employees in 21 foreign countries and 2 Headquarters FTEs for transition to and from overseas locations. This supports both federal employees and locally employed staff and reimburses the Department of State for International Cooperative Administrative Support Services and Capital Security Cost Sharing charges. The Department's WCF budget chapter included in Volume 2 provides details on all programs funded through the WCF. Charges for Overseas Presence are to be derived from previous actual usage of these services by program offices. The annual bill for these charges covers the direct costs of the program and is to be allocated to program offices based on their share of usage in the last completed FY at the time of budget formulation.

• <u>Other Expenses</u>: Provides \$5,976,000 in funding for activities required for NNSA's Federal personnel, including field site investigations in coordination with the DOE General Counsel, headquarters security investigations costs, and other miscellaneous procurements, such as potential settlements. Also includes \$17,000 for Reception and Representation funds.

Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

The FY 2023 Request supports a federal staff of 1,958 FTEs providing appropriate oversight to ensure NNSA can meet growing mission requirements and commitments including modernizing the nuclear deterrent, recapitalizing the aging infrastructure, and continuing to meet the requirements of nonproliferation and counterterrorism programs.

FY 2023 - FY 2027 Strategy

• NNSA will use a variety of innovative methods to grow and shape the professional staff including recruitment events and expanded excepted service hiring authority. The NNSA will also continue to monitor the evolving need for federal oversight in support of the nuclear modernization missions and adjust future staffing plans accordingly. NNSA will also use partnerships with academic alliances to grow the workforce with early identification and recruitment of top science, technology, engineering, and math talent. NNSA's recruitment and hiringactions will continue to support the Administration goals of promoting racial and economic equity across the Federal Government pursuant to Executive Order 13985, while promoting science and research and development. NNSA's goal is to reach up to 2,100 FTEs by FY 2027 pending pay and non-pay escalation through the FYNSP.

Entry Level Hires

The NNSA supports a variety of programs to help train and recruit the next generation of leaders in managing the nuclear stockpile, nonproliferation, nuclear security, and international security, including the NNSA Graduate Fellowship Program (NGFP), the Minority Serving Institutions Partnership Program, and the Presidential Management Fellows program. The entry level employees from these pipelines will become the qualified professionals who will sustain expertise the NNSA nuclear security enterprise.

In FY 2023, the FSE appropriation will provide up to \$1,500,000 for NGFP support and development activities.

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

Federal Salaries and Expenses Funding by Congressional Control

	(\$ in thousands)					
				FY 2023 Request		
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	vs.		
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted		
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	513,200	70,000		
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	-16,800	-16,800		
Total, NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	496,400	53,200		
FTEs (paid from FSE)	1,745	1,808	1,934	+189		
FTEs (paid from WCF)	19	18	24	+5		
Total FTEs	1,764	1,826	1,958	+194		

	(\$ in thousands)				
				FY 2023 Request	
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	vs.	
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted	
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses					
Headquarters					
Salaries and Benefits	239,820	250,165	296,986	+57,166	
Travel	2,703	11,159	12,249	+9,546	
Support Services	27,201	16,714	16,518	-10,683	
Other Related Expenses	51,652	46,609	50,526	-1,126	
Total, Headquarters	321,376	324,647	376,279	+54,903	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	1,213	1,277	1,368	+155	
Livermore Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	15,778	16,612	16,251	+473	
Travel	175	222	227	+52	
Support Services	843	459	853	+10	
Other Related Expenses	1,078	1,803	1,976	+898	
Total, Livermore Field Office	17,874	19,096	19,307	+1,433	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	74	74	82	+8	
Los Alamos Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	15,626	16,427	18,300	+2,674	
Travel	173	283	289	+116	
Support Services	641	400	710	+69	
Other Related Expenses	561	287	807	+246	
Total, Los Alamos Field Office	17,001	17,397	20,106	+3,105	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	83	83	93	+10	

Program Direction, Continued

	(\$ in thousands)					
				FY 2023 Request		
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	VS.		
Sandia Field Office	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted		
Salaries and Benefits	16,897	17,353	18,752	+1,855		
Travel	130	193	198	+68		
Support Services	454	119	477	+23		
Other Related Expenses	6,954	3,617	7,499	+545		
Total, Sandia Field Office	24,435	21,282	26,926	+2,491		
Total, Full Time Equivalents	86	86	87	+1		
Nevada Field Office						
Salaries and Benefits	15,978	16,141	17,396	+1,418		
Travel	43	174	178	+135		
Support Services	352	308	557	+205		
Other Related Expenses	1,980	152	1,105	-875		
Total, Nevada Field Office	18,353	16,775	19,236	+883		
Total, Full Time Equivalents	78	78	80	+2		
NNSA Production Office (NPO)						
Salaries and Benefits	24,398	24,006	28,015	+3,617		
Travel	229	411	420	+191		
Support Services	318	278	358	+40		
Other Related Expenses	2,128	1,232	2,469	+341		
Total, NNSA Production Office	27,073	25,927	31,262	+4,189		
Total, Full Time Equivalents	131	131	137	+6		

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

FY 2023 Congressional Request

Program Direction, Continued

	(\$ in thousands)				
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs.	
Kansas City Field Office	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted	
Salaries and Benefits	6,694	7,599	8,585	+1,891	
Travel	96	168	172	+76	
Support Services	0	0	0	0	
Other Related Expenses	660	373	754	+94	
Total, Kansas City Field Office	7,450	8,140	9,511	+2,061	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	37	37	39	+2	
Savannah River Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	8,309	9,015	9,715	+1,406	
Travel	90	139	142	+52	
Support Services	1,083	675	607	-476	
Other Related Expenses	156	107	109	-47	
Total, Savannah River Field Office	9,638	9,936	10,573	+935	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	43	43	48	+5	
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses					
Salaries and Benefits	343,500	357,318	414,000	+70,500	
Travel	3,639	12,749	13,875	+10,236	
Support Services	30,892	18,953	20,080	-10,812	
Other Related Expenses	65,169	54,180	65,245	+76	
Subtotal, NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	513,200	70,000	
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	-16,800	-16,800	
Total, NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	496,400	53,200	
FTEs (paid from FSE)	1,745	1,809	1,934	+189	
FTEs (paid from WCF)	19	17	24	+5	
Total FTEs	1,764	1,826	1,958	+194	

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

FY 2023 Congressional Request

Support Services and Other Related Expenses

	(\$ in thousands)				
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs.	
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted	
Support Services					
Management and Professional Services	22,578	16,203	19,780	-2,798	
Environmental Safety and Health Support	300	300	300	0	
Corporate Project Management Support	8,014	2,500	0	-8,014	
Total, Support Services	30,892	19,003	20,080	-10,812	
Other Related Expenses					
Training	5,127	4,103	4,260	-867	
Space and Occupancy Costs	16,307	8,291	18,880	+2,573	

	(\$ in thousands)				
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs.	
Headquarters Working Capital Fund (WCF)	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted	
Supplies	423	547	547	+124	
Building Occupancy	12,464	20,946	20,946	+8,482	
Telecommunications	8,879	0	0	-8,879	
Corporate Training Services	429	507	507	+78	
Corporate Business Systems	2,405	2,405	2,405	0	
Overseas Representation	11,259	11,401	11,401	+142	
Health Services	270	323	323	+53	
TOTAL, Headquarters Working Capital Fund (WCF)	36,129	36,129	36,129	0	
Other Expenses					
Other Services	7,589	5,640	5,959	-1,630	
Reception and Representation	17	17	17	0	
Subtotal, Other Expenses	7,606	5,657	5,976	-1,630	
Total, Other Related Expenses	65,169	54,180	65,245	+76	

Outyears

	(\$ in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses					
Headquarters					
Salaries and Benefits	298,493	319,556	336,470	342,358	
Travel	12,249	12,249	12,249	12,249	
Support Services	16,518	16,518	16,518	16,518	
Other Related Expenses	47,526	47,526	47,526	47,526	
Total, Headquarters	374,786	395,849	412,763	418,651	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	1,380	1,416	1,476	1,508	
Livermore Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	16,652	17,064	17,485	17,917	
Travel	227	227	227	227	
Support Services	853	853	853	853	
Other Related Expenses	1,976	1,976	1,976	1,976	
Total, Livermore Field Office	19,708	20,120	20,541	20,973	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	82	82	82	82	
Los Alamos Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	18,752	19,215	19,690	20,176	
Travel	289	289	289	289	
Support Services	710	710	710	710	
Other Related Expenses	807	807	807	807	
Total, Los Alamos Field Office	20,558	21,021	21,496	21,982	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	93	93	93	93	

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

Outyears, continued

		(\$ in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027		
	Request	Request	Request	Request		
Sandia Field Office						
Salaries and Benefits	19,215	19,690	20,176	21,150		
Travel	198	198	198	198		
Support Services	477	477	477	477		
Other Related Expenses	7,499	7,499	7,499	7,499		
Total, Sandia Field Office	27,389	27,864	28,350	29,324		
Total, Full Time Equivalents	87	87	87	89		
Nevada Field Office						
Salaries and Benefits	17,826	18,266	18,717	19,179		
Travel	178	178	178	178		
Support Services	557	557	557	557		
Other Related Expenses	1,105	1,105	1,105	1,105		
Total, Nevada Field Office	19,666	20,106	20,557	21,019		
Total, Full Time Equivalents	80	80	80	80		
NNSA Production Office (NPO)						
Salaries and Benefits	28,707	29,416	30,143	30,887		
Travel	420	420	420	420		
Support Services	358	358	358	358		
Other Related Expenses	2,469	2,469	2,469	2,469		
Total, NNSA Production Office	31,954	32,663	33,390	34,134		
Full Time Equivalents	137	137	137	137		

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

Outyears , continued

		(\$ in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027			
	Request	Request	Request	Request			
Sandia Field Office							
Salaries and Benefits	19,215	19,690	20,176	21,150			
Travel	198	198	198	198			
Support Services	477	477	477	477			
Other Related Expenses	7,499	7,499	7,499	7,499			
Total, Sandia Field Office	27,389	27,864	28,350	29,324			
Total, Full Time Equivalents	87	87	87	89			
Nevada Field Office							
Salaries and Benefits	17,826	18,266	18,717	19,179			
Travel	178	178	178	178			
Support Services	557	557	557	557			
Other Related Expenses	1,105	1,105	1,105	1,105			
Total, Nevada Field Office	19,666	20,106	20,557	21,019			
Total, Full Time Equivalents	80	80	80	80			
NNSA Production Office (NPO)							
Salaries and Benefits	28,707	29,416	30,143	30,887			
Travel	420	420	420	420			
Support Services	358	358	358	358			
Other Related Expenses	2,469	2,469	2,469	2,469			
Total, NNSA Production Office	31,954	32,663	33,390	34,134			
Full Time Equivalents	137	137	137	137			

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

Outyears, continued

	(\$ in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	
Kansas City Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	8,585	8,679	8,774	8,871	
Travel	172	172	172	172	
Support Services	0	0	0	0	
Other Related Expenses	754	754	754	754	
Total, Kansas City Field Office	9,511	9,605	9,700	9,797	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	39	39	39	39	
Savannah River Field Office					
Salaries and Benefits	9,715	9,822	9,930	10,039	
Travel	142	142	142	142	
Support Services	607	607	607	607	
Other Related Expenses	109	109	109	109	
Total, Savannah River Field Office	10,573	10,680	10,788	10,897	
Total, Full Time Equivalents	48	48	48	48	
NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses					
Salaries and Benefits	417,945	441,708	461,385	470,578	
Travel	13,875	13,875	13,875	13,875	
Support Services	20,080	20,080	20,080	20,080	
Other Related Expenses	62,245	62,245	62,245	62,245	
Total, NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses	514,145	537,908	557,585	566,778	
FTEs (paid from FSE)	1,946	1,982	2,042	2,076	
FTEs (paid from WCF)	24	24	24	24	
Total FTEs	1,970	2,006	2,066	2,100	

National Nuclear Security Administration/ Federal Salaries and Expenses

Outyears Support Services and Other Related Expenses

	(\$ in thousands)				
	FY 2024 FY 2025		FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	
Support Services					
Management and Professional Services	19,780	19,780	19,780	19,780	
Environmental Safety and Health Support	300	300	300	300	
Corporate Project Management Support	0	0	0	0	
Total, Support Services	20,080	20,080	20,080	20,080	
Other Related Expenses					
Training	4,260	4,260	4,260	4,260	
Space and Occupancy Costs	15,880	15,880	15,880	15,880	

Support Services and Other Related Expenses, Continued

	(\$ in thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	
Headquarters Working Capital Fund (WCF)	·				
Supplies	547	547	547	547	
Building Occupancy	20,946	20,946	20,946	20,946	
Telecommunications	0	0	0	0	
Corporate Training Services	507	507	507	507	
Corporate Business Systems Overseas Representation	2,405 11,401	2,405 11,401	2,405 11,401	2,405 11,401	
Health Services	323	323	323	323	
TOTAL, Headquarters Working Capital Fund (WCF)	36,129	36,129	36,129	36,129	
Other Expenses					
Other Services	5,959	5,959	5 <i>,</i> 959	5,959	
Reception and representation	17	17	17	17	
	5,976	5,976	5,976	5,976	
otal, Other Related Expenses	62,245	62,245	62,245	62,245	

Federal Salaries and Expenses Program Direction

Activities and Explanation of Changes FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted
Salaries and Benefit \$343,500,000	Salaries and Benefits \$414,000,000	Salaries and Benefits +\$70,500,000
 Provides support for an NNSA Federal staff of 1,745 FTEs, not including 19 that are funded through the WCF 	 Provides support for an NNSA Federal staff of 1,934 FTEs, not including 24 that are funded through the WCF Includes 4.6% pay raise and 5% benefit escalation 	 Increase reflects 189 FTEs above the FY 2021 enacted level FY 2023 reflects 4.6% pay raise, 5% benefit escalation, and adjustments to reflect current average salary and benefit costs Increase also reflects the FY 2022 2.2% pay raise and 5% benefit escalation Increase is primarily in support of Defense Programs to meet growing mission requirements and commitments including modernizing the nuclear deterrent and recapitalizing the aging infrastructure
Travel \$3,639,000	Travel \$13,875,000	Travel+\$10,236,000
 Supports domestic and foreign travel necessary as part of NNSA's mission 	 Supports domestic and foreign travel necessary as part of NNSA's mission 	 Reflects post covid operations Includes reductions from FY 2019 consistent with new business practices based on COVID-19 lessons learned
Support Services\$30,892,000	Support Services\$20,080,000	Support Services-\$10,812,000
 Includes Management and Professional Services; Environment Safety and Health support; NGFP support (\$22,878,000) Includes Corporate Project Management program (\$8,014,000) 	 Includes Management and Professional Services; Environment Safety and Health support; and NGFP support 	 Reflects the transfer of administrative support services to Weapons Activities and Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (-\$4,900,000) Reflects the transfer of Corporate Project Management to Weapons activities (-\$8,014,000) Support Services for support and field offices will

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted
Other Related Expenses \$65,169,000	Other Related Expenses \$65,245,000	Other Related Expenses + \$76,000
 Provides funding for Space and Occupancy costs at Headquarters and field sites (\$16,307,000). Includes FSE's contribution to the DOE WCF (\$36,129,000) Provides necessary training and skills maintenance of the NNSA federal staff to address future workforce needs and administration priorities, advance employee competencies, and demonstrate NNSA's commitment to the strategic development of all employees (\$5,127,000) Includes funding for miscellaneous procurements (\$7,606,000) 	 Provides funding for Space and Occupancy costs at Headquarters and field sites (\$18,880,000). Includes FSE's contribution to the DOE WCF (\$36,129,000) Provides necessary training and skills maintenance of the NNSA federal staff to address future workforce needs and administration priorities, advance employee competencies, and demonstrate NNSA's commitment to the strategic development of all employees (\$4,260,000) Includes funding for miscellaneous procurements (\$5,976,000) 	 Space and Occupancy (+\$2,573,000): Increase for planned headquarters renovation projects for secure space Training (-\$867,000): Decrease reflects planned efficiencies with remote learning opportunities Other Expenses (-\$1,630,000): Reflects one-time requirements in FY 2021

Capital Summary

	(\$ in Thousands)					
			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
	Total	Prior Years	Enacted	Annualized	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
				CR		
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0
BH-061 Corridor Construction, WDC	7,723	782	6,539	402	0	-6,539
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	6,539	402	0	-6,539
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	6,539	402	0	-6,539

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Funding by Site Detail

Federal Salaries and Expenses FY 2023

Pederal Salaries and Expo			
(Dollars in Thousa	FY 2021 Enacted Requested Total	FY 2022 Annualized CR Requested Total	FY 2023 Request Detail Requested Total
Argonne National Laboratory			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	608	684	923
Total Argonne National Laboratory	608	684	923
Brookhaven National Laboratory			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration Total Brookhaven National Laboratory	6 6	6 6	6 6
Carlsbad Area Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	1	1	1
Total Carlsbad Area Office	1	1	1
Chicago Operations Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	6	6	6
Total Chicago Operations Office	6	6	6
Idaho National Laboratory			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	166	206	(
Total Idaho National Laboratory	166	206	6
Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC)			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	110	110	110
Total Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC)	110	110	110
Kansas City Site Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	7,340	8,030	9,664
Total Kansas City Site Office	7,340	8,030	9,664
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	700	4.500	4 50
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration Total Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	762 762	1,580 1,580	1,580 1,580
Livermore Site Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration Total Livermore Site Office	17,112 17,112	17,516 17,516	18,24 ⁻ 18,24 -
Los Alamos Site Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	17,001	17,397	20,669
Total Los Alamos Site Office	17,001	17,397	20,669
National Energy Technology Lab			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	1,269	113	113
Total National Energy Technology Lab	1,269	113	113
Nevada Field Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	18,203	16,625	19,821
Total Nevada Field Office	18,203	16,625	19,821

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Funding by Site Detail

Federal Salaries and Expenses FY 2023

(Dollars in Tho	usands)		
```	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Nevada National Security Site			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	150	150	150
Total Nevada National Security Site	150	150	150
NNSA Albuquerque Complex			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	6,868	3,596	7,484
Total NNSA Albuquerque Complex	6,868	3,596	7,484
NNSA Production Office (NPO)			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	27,073	25,927	32,122
Total NNSA Production Office (NPO)	27,073	25,927	32,122
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	1,382	1,500	1,500
Total Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	1,382	1,500	1,500
Richland Operations Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	6	6	6
Total Richland Operations Office	6	6	6
Sandia Site Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	17,567	17,686	20,018
Total Sandia Site Office	17,567	17,686	20,018
Savannah River Operations Office			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	9,638	9,936	10,871
Total Savannah River Operations Office	9,638	9,936	10,871
Washington Headquarters			
Program Direction - National Nuclear Security Administration	317,932	322,125	369,909
Total Washington Headquarters	317,932	322,125	369,909
Total Funding by Site - Federal Salaries and Expenses	443,200	443,200	513,200

# **Weapons Activities**

# **Weapons Activities**

# FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

# Weapons Activities

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## Weapons Activities Proposed Appropriation Language

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other incidental expenses necessary for atomic energy defense weapons activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, and the purchase of not to exceed *one ambulance* for replacement only, [\$15,345,000,000] \$16,486,298,000 to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$123,684,000] \$130,070,000 shall be available until September 30, [2022] 2024, for program direction.

## **Explanation of Change**

The FY 2023 Budget Request provides a 7.4% increase from the FY 2021 Enacted Level to support ongoing warhead acquisition programs: B61-12, W88 Alt 370, W80-4, W87-1, and the W93; development and qualification for the W76-1/2 Mk4B Shape Stable Nose Tip retrofit and legacy Stockpile Sustainment activities; and production facility and capability modernization that include plutonium pit production, radiation case manufacturing, special materials for canned subassembly component manufacturing, implementation of enhanced experimental (Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments), and computational capabilities (Exascale) required to support the warhead acquisition programs.

#### **Public Law Authorizations**

- P.L. 106-65, National Nuclear Security Administration Act, as amended
- P.L. 117-81, National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
- P.L. 117-103, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022

#### Weapons Activities

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Weapons Activities	15,345,000	15,345,000	16,486,298	+1,141,298	+7.4%

#### Overview

Programs funded in the Weapons Activities appropriation support the Nation's current and future defense posture and necessary nationwide infrastructure of science, technology, engineering, and production capabilities without resuming underground nuclear explosive testing. Weapons Activities provides for the maintenance and refurbishment of nuclear weapons to continue sustained confidence in their safety, reliability, military effectiveness; investment in scientific, engineering, manufacturing capabilities for certification of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile; and manufacture of nuclear weapon components. Weapons Activities also provides for maintenance and investment in the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) nuclear complex infrastructure to be more responsive and resilient.

NNSA's Management and Operating (M&Os) contractors employ approximately 57,000 people across the enterprise, predominantly at eight geographical sites, including Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), Sandia National Laboratories (SNL), Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Nevada National Security Site (NNSS), Pantex, Y-12, Kansas City National Security Campus (KCNSC), and Savannah River Site (SRS). NNSA M&O partners are managed by a Federal workforce composed of civilian and military staff. Additional details about these programs will be included in the FY 2023 Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan (SSMP).

## Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget

#### Stockpile Management

The Stockpile Management program requirements for FY 2023 maintain a safe, secure, and effective nuclear weapons stockpile. The Stockpile Management program encompasses five major subprograms that directly support the nation's nuclear weapons stockpile. Stockpile Major Modernization will continue Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production) activities for the B61-12 LEP (Life Extension Program) and W88 ALT (Alteration) 370, Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) activities for the W80-4 LEP, Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) activities for the W87-1 Modification Program, and Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options) for the W93 Program. Stockpile Sustainment will provide activities to include maintenance, surveillance, assessment, development, and program planning for each Stockpile System and Multi-Weapon Systems and continue Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) activities for the W76-1/2 Mk4B Shape Stable Nose Tip Retrofit. Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) will provide safe and secure dismantlement of nuclear weapons and components in accordance with the Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Plan. Production Operations will sustain manufacturing capabilities and capacities, including process improvements and investments focused on increased efficiency of production performance. FY 2023 includes a new Stockpile Management subprogram, Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA), formulated to prevent, detect, and mitigate potential consequences of subversion to the stockpile and associated capabilities to design, produce, and test nuclear weapons.

#### Stockpile Major Modernization

The Stockpile Major Modernization subprogram is where all the approved warhead acquisition programs are conducted. The acquisition programs are necessary to extend the expected life of stockpile systems for an additional 20 to 30 years. NNSA, in conjunction with the Department of Defense (DoD), executes an LEP following the Phase 6.X process guidelines, which provides a framework to conduct and manage refurbishment activities for existing weapons. Phase 6.1 (Concept Assessment) should provide sufficient information for the Nuclear Weapons Council (NWC) to authorize Phase 6.2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options). Follow-on phases include Phase 6.2A (Design Definition and Cost Study), Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering), Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering), Phase 6.5 (First Production) and Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production). For the purposes of this justification, the term "refurbishment" refers to all nuclear weapon alterations and modifications, including LEPs, modernization, and revised military requirements. The W93 Program modernization activity will use the joint DOE/NNSA-DOD Phase 1-7 weapons acquisition process that is very similar to the Phase 6.X process. The seven phases consist of Phase 1 (Concept Assessment), Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options), Phase 2A (Design

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Definition and Cost Study), Phase 3 (Developmental Engineering), Phase 4 (Production Engineering), Phase 5 (First Production), Phase 6 (Full-Scale Production/Sustainment), and Phase 7 (Retirement, Dismantlement, and Disposal).

## Stockpile Sustainment

The Stockpile Sustainment program directly executes maintenance, surveillance, assessment, surety, and management activities for all enduring weapons systems in the stockpile. The program includes the B61, W76, W78, W80, B83, W87, and W88 Stockpile Systems, and Multi-Weapon Systems. The FY 2023 request supports the W76-1/2 Mk4B Shape Stable Nose Tip Retrofit activity.

## Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition

The Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) program is a critical element of NNSA's integrated effort to transform the enterprise and the stockpile. Specific activities include weapons disassembly, recycling of material and hardware for LEPs, disposition of retired warhead system components, and ensuring components are available for safety testing. Other supporting activities specific to retired warheads include conducting hazard assessments, issuing safety analysis reports, conducting laboratory and production plant safety studies, and declassification and sanitization of component parts. WDD relies on several enabling programs and offices to complete its mission, such as Production Operations for shipping, receiving, and equipment maintenance; Infrastructure and Operations for infrastructure sustainment and containers; and Secure Transportation Asset for the movement of weapons and weapon components.

## Production Operations

Production Operations provides engineering and manufacturing labor, quality assurance, and programmatic equipment support for the manufacturing base that enables the individual site capability and capacity to sustain NNSA's nuclear security enterprise's production mission. The production mission is defined as weapon assembly, weapon disassembly, component production, surveillance, and weapon safety and reliability testing. Production Operations also enables the modernization of production capabilities to improve efficiency and ensure manufacturing operations meet future requirements. Production Operations requires close coordination with the Advanced Manufacturing Development program, which is charged with development and initial deployment of new manufacturing and production capabilities as well as several capability modernization programs to ensure the correct capabilities are in place to support the stockpile demands. Facility major modernization and construction activities are not part of this budget subprogram and are covered in other parts of the Weapons Activities account.

#### Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA)

Nuclear Enterprise Assurance ensures the Nuclear Security Enterprise (NSE) actively manages adversarial subversion risks to nuclear weapons and associated design, production, and testing capabilities throughout the Phase 6.x lifecycle. NEA enables the responsible use of digital technologies in the modernization of weapons, facilities, and engineering capabilities, by preventing, detecting, and mitigating potential consequences of subversion in digital technologies, the supply chain, and other threat pathways. NEA includes technical and governance activities for the assurance of components integral to weapon systems, operational technologies directly related to weapons, and capabilities that cross-cut multiple weapons programs.

#### **Production Modernization**

The Production Modernization program focuses on the production capabilities of nuclear weapons components critical to weapon performance, including primaries, secondaries, radiation cases, and non-nuclear components. The program encompasses five major subprograms that sustain the Nation's nuclear weapons stockpile: Primary Capability Modernization, Secondary Capability Modernization, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization, and Capability Based Investments (CBI).

#### Primary Capability Modernization

The Primary Capability Modernization Program consolidates management of primary stage material processing and component production capabilities in the NNSA nuclear security enterprise. The program includes Plutonium Modernization, the funding efforts across the nuclear security enterprise to restore the Nation's capability to produce 80 plutonium pits per year (ppy), and the High Explosives and Energetics program which focuses on modernization and prioritization of high explosives (HE) processing facilities and qualification of high explosive, pyrotechnic, and propellant

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materials across the nuclear security enterprise. The program enables the production of HE and energetic materials for nuclear explosive package and non-nuclear components required for an effective stockpile.

#### Secondary Capability Modernization

The Secondary Capability Modernization program is responsible for restoring and increasing manufacturing capabilities for the secondary stage of nuclear weapons in the nuclear security enterprise. This includes ensuring the availability of strategic materials and other sub-component material streams that are managed by NNSA, as well as modernizing the facilities and operations required to process these materials, fabricate, and assemble the final components. The program includes Uranium Modernization (which consolidates Uranium Sustainment and Process Technology Development investments), Depleted Uranium Modernization, and Lithium Modernization activities.

#### Uranium Modernization

The Uranium Modernization program provides funding to modernize enriched uranium operations to ensure delivery of secondary components needed to maintain the stockpile and support Naval Reactors and Nonproliferation programs.

The program modernizes existing enriched uranium capabilities through the development and deployment of new technologies into existing facilities to reduce cost and improve manufacturing processes for nuclear weapon materials. These new technologies improve existing Building 9212 capabilities by shortening production schedules, reducing risks, and enhancing personnel safety. The installation and operation of these systems in existing facilities will allow for the current aqueous-based chemical recovery and high-hazard metal conversion processes to be shut down. This effort entails continuing to support the three current major items of equipment (MIE) and associated technology development efforts: Electrorefining, Calciner, and Direct Chip Melt.

## Depleted Uranium Modernization

The Depleted Uranium (DU) Modernization Program enables the restart of lapsed capabilities to ensure NNSA can meet imminent mission requirements. These capabilities lapsed in the early 2000s due to the reuse of materials, weak demand signals, and prioritization of other activities. These capabilities include feedstock procurement, restarting and maintaining DU and DU-niobium alloying and manufacturing capabilities, and investing in key new technologies.

## Lithium Modernization

The Lithium Modernization program maintains the production of the nation's enriched lithium supply in support of Defense Programs, Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Science, Department of Homeland Security, and other customers. In addition, the program manages technology development that improves the efficiency and reliability of the existing lithium capability and the future Lithium Processing Facility (LPF).

#### Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment

The Tritium Modernization and Domestic Uranium Enrichment program is responsible for producing tritium and supplying unobligated low-enriched uranium to support national security needs. The program includes Tritium Modernization and Domestic Uranium Enrichment.

The Tritium Modernization Program operates the national capability for producing, recovering, and recycling tritium, and it is expanding capacity to meet increased national security requirements. Since FY 2003, NNSA has been producing tritium by irradiating tritium-producing burnable absorber rods (TPBAR) in the Watts Bar Unit 1 (WBN1) nuclear power reactor operated by the Tennessee Valley Authority. In FY 2021, tritium production began in Watts Bar Unit 2 (WBN2) as well. Tritium recovery and recycling is completed at the SRS, where tritium is recovered from gas transfer systems, purified, and returned to the pipeline for future use.

The Domestic Uranium Enrichment (DUE) program is responsible for ensuring a reliable supply of enriched uranium to support national security. The DUE program provides unobligated, low-enriched uranium (LEU) for tritium production by managing existing uranium stocks and downblending highly enriched uranium (HEU) declared excess to national security needs. LEU inventories identified by the DUE program will sustain tritium production through 2044, at which point the United States will require a new domestic uranium enrichment capability to meet tritium production and other national

security needs. The DUE program preserves and advances uranium enrichment technology for potential future deployment to meet national security needs.

#### Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization

The Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization program provides funding to modernize production of non-nuclear components for multiple weapon systems. Non-nuclear components are a significant portion of the costs for the stockpile modernization programs due to the number of parts, complexity, and testing of the warhead. This program consolidates management and oversight of strategic investments in technology, equipment, infrastructure, tools, and materials. Specifically, the program focuses on improving and/or increasing the capability and capacity of the nuclear security enterprise to manufacture stockpile components in categories that include (but are not limited to) Cable Assemblies, Neutron Generators, Polymers, Electronic Assemblies, Gas Transfer System Production, Microelectronics Packaging, Power Sources, Radiation Hardened Microelectronics, Testers, and Lightning Arrest Connectors.

#### Capability Based Investments

The Capability Based Investments (CBI) program executes projects to replace or enhance core enterprise capabilities through recapitalization of high risk of failure test, measurement, and production equipment. CBI addresses enduring, multi-program requirements through discrete, short-duration projects. These investments recapitalize scientific and manufacturing capabilities that have degraded due to aging, broken, or outdated equipment and supporting systems. CBI activities primarily include capital equipment purchases and minor construction projects that enable installation and use of the equipment and associated capabilities. These investments address needs beyond any single facility, campaign, or weapon system and are essential to achieving Defense Programs mission objectives. The CBI portfolio reduces risks to mission and ensures needed capabilities are available for stockpile stewardship, sustainment, and modernization.

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering (SRT&E) provides the data and tools that underpin science-based stockpile decisions, along with the development and maturation of component and manufacturing technologies for future insertion in the stockpile, focuses on the most pressing investments the nuclear security enterprise needs to meet DoD warhead needs and schedules, and enables assessment and certification capabilities used throughout the nuclear security enterprise. The program provides the knowledge and expertise needed to maintain confidence in the nuclear stockpile without the need for underground nuclear explosive testing. Funding requested in FY 2023 supports the continued implementation of the Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) and various activities in preparation to accept and operate NNSA's first Exascale high performance computing system for program use in 2023. Both of these capabilities are needed to support W80-4 LEP design validation and W87-1 Modification certification requirements. In addition, the funding supports the necessary development of the design, engineering, and adaptation of physics and engineering codes needed to support stockpile decisions to operate on this new platform. Funding in this area also supports the development of new materials, technologies, and processes to evolve our nuclear systems and production complex. This is accomplished through warhead component and production technology development and maturation needed for ongoing, planned, and future warhead modernization programs. It also reinvigorates and develops the future generation of the highly trained technical and specialized workforce by experimental and computational programs along with academic institutions. The program includes Assessment Science, Engineering and Integrated Assessments, Inertial Confinement Fusion, Advanced Simulation and Computing, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation, and Academic Programs.

The reduced request for SRT&E in FY 2023 by \$108,831,000 is comprised of changes to the subprograms. Assessment Science decreased funding due to fewer funding needs for U1a Complex Enhancements. Engineering and Integrated Assessments increased funding to support the planned line-item project Combined Radiation Environments for Survivability Testing (CREST) facility and support pre-Phase X/6.X studies and feasibility assessments. Inertial Confinement Fusion decreased funding to prioritize support for maturing experimental platforms to execute High Energy Density (HED) experiments critical to supporting stockpile needs. Advanced Simulation and Computing decreased funding due to the planned conclusion of funding for the Exascale Computing Facility Modernization project. Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation decreased funding due to a transfer of quality assurance scope and funding to Stockpile Management, Production Operations, and Production Modernization. Academic Programs slightly decreased funding due to reprioritization in SSAA Centers' focus while supporting existing awards until completion.

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## Assessment Science

The Assessment Science program provides the knowledge and expertise needed to maintain confidence in the nuclear stockpile in the absence of nuclear explosive testing. Capabilities developed and maintained in the Assessment Science program support the entire Nuclear Weapons Complex, providing (1) the scientific underpinnings required to conduct annual assessments of weapon performance and certification of life extension programs (LEPs), (2) the scientific insight necessary to inform our understanding of the impacts of surveillance findings to ensure that the nuclear stockpile remains safe, secure, and effective, and (3) the core technical expertise required to be responsive to technical developments and geopolitical drivers. Assessment Science also facilitates the assessment of current weapon and weapon component lifetimes, the development and qualification of modern materials and manufacturing processes, the exploration of concepts for component reuse, and the development of modern safety concepts for sustainment.

Assessment Science performs experiments to obtain the materials and nuclear data required to validate and understand the physics of nuclear weapons performance. These include hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments used to obtain data on the dynamic behavior of plutonium and surrogate materials in integrated geometries. Science program experiments and data analyses also facilitate safety, security, and evaluations of sustainment concepts without the need for additional nuclear explosive testing. These activities serve to develop, exercise, and maintain the expertise and competence of the nuclear weapon design, engineering, and assessment community that resides at the national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities. This compendium of weapons-relevant data is acquired using unique, small- and large-scale experimental facilities throughout the DOE nuclear security enterprise.

## Engineering and Integrated Assessments

The Engineering and Integrated Assessments Program is responsible for ensuring system agnostic survivability in present and future stockpile-to-target sequences (STS) and ensures a responsive nuclear deterrent through collaborative partnerships, proactive integration, and assessments. This program supports four key mission areas: (1) strengthening the science, technology, and engineering base by maturing advanced technologies to improve future weapon systems, (2) providing tools for qualifying weapon components and certifying weapons without nuclear explosive testing, (3) supporting annual stockpile assessments through improved weapons surveillance technologies and warhead component aging assessments, and (4) providing capabilities that accelerate the nuclear weapons acquisition process and strengthen the ability of the United States to respond to unexpected developments that could threaten nuclear security.

#### **Inertial Confinement Fusion**

The Inertial Confinement Fusion (ICF) Program provides high energy density (HED) science capabilities and expertise that support research and testing across the breadth of the Stockpile Stewardship Program. Its two-fold mission is to meet immediate and emerging HED science needs to support the deterrent of today, and to advance the research and development (R&D) capabilities necessary to meet those needs for the deterrent of the future. The ICF program enables access to and study of the HED regime through (1) the design and execution of complex physics experiments to improve our fundamental science understanding; (2) the development of instrumentation to diagnose physics phenomena at the extreme temperature, pressure, and density conditions relevant to nuclear weapons performance; and (3) the development and operation of experimental facilities capable of reaching those conditions. The ICF program's flagship facilities, the National Ignition Facility (NIF) at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), the Z pulsed power facility (Z) at Sandia National Laboratories (SNL), and the Omega Laser Facility (Omega) at the University of Rochester's Laboratory for Laser Energetics (LLE), represent a complementary set of capabilities designed to meet the diverse needs of weapons physics, the pursuit of ignition, and the exploration of fundamental HED science.

#### Advanced Simulation and Computing

The Advanced Simulation and Computing (ASC) program provides high-end simulation capabilities (e.g., modeling codes, computing platforms, and supporting infrastructure) to meet the requirements of the Stockpile Stewardship Program (SSP). Modeling the complexity of nuclear weapons systems is essential to maintaining confidence in the performance of our stockpile without underground nuclear testing. The ASC program provides the weapon codes that provide the integrated assessment capability supporting annual assessment and future sustainment program qualification and certification of the stockpile. ASC is an integral element of the Stewardship Capability Delivery Schedule. ASC provides critical capabilities that help inform decision making related to the sustainment of the nuclear stockpile in support of U.S. national security objectives. The program also coordinates with other NNSA programs and other government agencies, including the

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intelligence community, to support nonproliferation, emergency response, nuclear forensics, and attribution activities. ASC will deliver the El Capitan system in FY 2023.

## Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation

The Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation program is responsible for developing agile, affordable, assured, and responsive technologies and capabilities for nuclear stockpile sustainment and modernization to enable Defense Programs' mission success. The efforts enable evolving stockpile and production capabilities away from legacy systems and processes, providing for resilience, and laying the foundation for future success of the nuclear security enterprise. The core areas of work in FY 2023 include agile, assured, and affordable technologies; partnership with stakeholders to meet stockpile and customer requirements; qualification and certification; developing a skilled technical workforce, and establishing enhanced capabilities

## Academic Programs

The challenges of modernizing our nuclear stockpile demand a strong and diverse base of national expertise and educational opportunities in specialized technical areas that uniquely contribute to nuclear stockpile stewardship. The Academic Programs are designed to support academic programs in science and engineering disciplines of critical importance to the nuclear security enterprise, such as, nuclear science, radiochemistry, materials at extreme conditions, high energy density science, advanced manufacturing, and high-performance computing. In addition, building a diverse workforce will strengthen our stewardship of the future. Funding in this area directly supports the President's Executive Order on Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities through the Federal Government. The Minority Serving Institutions Partnership Program (MSIPP) within Academic Programs helps develop the next generation of diverse, highly trained technical workers able to support NNSA's core missions. MSIPP also reinvigorates and develops the future generation of the highly trained and specialized technical workforce by experimental and computational programs along with academic institutions. The role of the broader collection of Academic Programs is three-fold: (1) Develop the next generation of highly trained technical workers able to support its core mission; (2) Maintain technical peer expertise external to the nuclear security enterprise for providing valuable oversight, cross-check, and review; and (3) Enable scientific innovation to enhance the nuclear security enterprise missions to strengthen the basic fields of research relevant to the NNSA mission.

#### Infrastructure and Operations (I&O)

The program maintains, operates, and modernizes NNSA's infrastructure in a safe, secure, and cost-effective manner to support program execution while seeking to maximize return on investment and reduce enterprise risk. The program also plans, prioritizes, and constructs facilities and infrastructure to support all NNSA programs, with the exception of programmatic construction projects, which are funded by the capability sponsor. Infrastructure and Operations consists of the following programs: Operations of Facilities, Safety and Environmental Operations, Maintenance and Repair of Facilities, Recapitalization, and Line-Item Construction Projects. Operations of Facilities funds the NNSA facilities to operate in a safe and secure manner and is critical to achieving the administration's plutonium, uranium, tritium, lithium, high explosives, and other mission objectives. This program includes essential support such as water and electrical utilities, safety systems, lease agreements, and activities associated with Federal, state, and local environmental, worker safety, and health regulations. The Safety and Environmental Operations program provides for the Department's Nuclear Criticality Safety Program (NCSP), Nuclear Safety Research and Development (NSR&D), Packaging subprogram, Long Term Stewardship (LTS) subprogram and Nuclear Materials Integration (NMI) subprogram. These activities support safe, efficient operation of the nuclear security enterprise through the provision of safety data, nuclear material packaging, environmental monitoring, and nuclear material tracking.

The Maintenance and Repair of Facilities program directly funds maintenance activities across the NNSA enterprise for the recurring day-to-day work required to sustain and preserve NNSA facilities in a condition suitable for their designated purpose. These efforts include predictive, preventive, and corrective maintenance activities to maintain facilities, property, assets, systems, roads, and vital safety systems. The Recapitalization program, comprised of the Infrastructure and Safety subprogram, is key to modernizing NNSA's infrastructure. A sustained investment in Recapitalization is needed to address numerous obsolete support and safety systems; revitalize facilities that are beyond the end of their design life; and improve the reliability, efficiency, and capability of core infrastructure to meet mission requirements. The Recapitalization program modernizes NNSA's infrastructure by prioritizing investments to improve the condition and extend the life of structures, capabilities, and systems thereby improving the safety and quality of the workplace. Recapitalization investments help **Weapons Activities/** 

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achieve operational efficiencies and reduce safety, security, environmental, and program risk. The program also includes minor construction and infrastructure upgrade projects, real property purchases, planning, Other Project Costs (OPC) for Infrastructure and Operations funded mission enabling infrastructure, and deactivation and disposal of excess infrastructure. Infrastructure and Operations line-item construction projects are critical to revitalizing the infrastructure. These projects will replace obsolete, unreliable facilities and infrastructure to reduce safety and program risk while improving responsiveness, capacity, and capabilities.

## Secure Transportation Asset

The Secure Transportation Asset (STA) provides safe, secure transport of the Nation's nuclear weapons, weapon components, and special nuclear material throughout the nuclear security enterprise to meet nuclear security requirements and support the broader NNSA and DOE operations. Nuclear weapon life-extension programs, limited-life component exchanges, surveillance, dismantlement, nonproliferation activities, and experimental programs rely on transport of STA cargos on schedule and in a safe and secure manner. The STA program includes the Operations and Equipment and Program Direction subprograms. The Operations and Equipment subprogram provides the STA's transportation service infrastructure required to meet NNSA's nuclear security activities as outlined in the FY 2023 Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan. The Program Direction subprogram provides salaries, travel, and other related expenses in support of Federal Agents (FA) and the secure transportation workforce.

STA currently has the mission capacity to meet NNSA stockpile sustainment priorities, strategic material and component transfers, and other DOE workloads. STA will continue to balance and prioritize customer requests against capacity. Since its establishment in 1974, STA has maintained its legacy of safety and security to include no loss of cargo and no radiological release on any shipment.

# **Defense Nuclear Security**

The Office of Defense Nuclear Security (DNS) leads, develops, and implements the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) security program to enable NNSA's nuclear security enterprise (NSE) missions. DNS provides protection for NNSA personnel, facilities, nuclear weapons, and materials from a full spectrum of threats, ranging from minor security incidents to acts of terrorism, at its national laboratories, production plants, processing facilities, and the Nevada National Security Site (NNSS). In addition, DNS provides nuclear security expertise for a broad set of 21st century national security needs, in line with its core mission, such as those in defense nuclear nonproliferation, homeland security, and intelligence. Employing more than 1,700 Protective Force officers, DNS secures more than 5,000 buildings and protects more than 57,000 personnel.

# Information Technology and Cybersecurity

The Office of the Associate Administrator for Information Management and Chief Information Officer (OCIO) is responsible for information sharing and information safeguarding to support the mission of NNSA and execute the President's Executive Order to Improve the Nation's Cybersecurity. The OCIO supports Information Technology (IT) and cybersecurity services and solutions, which includes continuous monitoring, cloud-based technologies, and enterprise security technologies (i.e., identity, credential, and access management) to help meet security challenges. The IT and Cybersecurity Program is based on practical principles that provide superior information management support to current operations, while implementing unclassified and classified cloud-based technologies and infrastructure to support the Nuclear Security Enterprise. The OCIO prioritizes the implementation of a strong and comprehensive IT and Cybersecurity Program to support the nuclear security enterprise mission, to protect and defend nuclear security enterprise information, information assets of sites, employees, and the public. The program collaborates with the DOE Office of the Chief Information Officer (DOE OCIO) on IT and cybersecurity solutions providing protection for DOE information and information assets.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

# <u>Stockpile Management</u>

 Execute B61-12 aircraft integration activities with U.S. Air Force B-21 bomber and Dual Capable Aircraft throughout FY 2024 - FY 2027 and complete B61-12 Pantex Last Production Unit and life-of-program component overbuilds by FY 2026.

- Complete W80-4 LEP System Final Design Review in FY 2024, receive W80-4 LEP Phase 6.5 (First Production) Authorization and produce First Production Unit (FPU) in FY 2025, conduct W80-4 LEP System and Warhead Production Steady State Gate in FY 2026, and receive Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production Authorization) in FY 2026.
- Conduct, in conjunction with the Air Force, SentineIGBSD environmental flight tests in Mk21A in FY 2024 and FY 2025, complete W87-1 Component Baseline Design Reviews in FY 2024 and FY 2025, complete W87-1 System Baseline Design Review in FY 2025, complete W87-1 Baseline Cost Report and enter Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) in FY 2026, and conduct, in conjunction with the Air Force, W87-1 JTA development flight tests in FY 2026 and FY 2027.
- Complete W93 Program Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options), complete W93 Program Phase 2A (Design Definition and Cost Study) in FY 2025/2026 including the Weapon Design and Cost Report (WDCR), and obtain W93 Program Phase 3 (Development Engineering) authorization.

# <u>Production Modernization</u>

- Achieve 10 pits per year production capability (2024), CD-2/3 for SRPPF (2024), 30 pits per year production capability (2026), and complete equipment replacement and refurb projects at LANL that support the roadmap to 30 pits per year by FY 2026.
- Achieve CD-4 approval for the HE Science and Engineering (HESE) Facility, CD-2/3 approval for the HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production (HESFP) Facility, and CD-2/3 approval for the Energetic Materials Characterization (EMC) Facility.
- Deactivate the wet chemistry process in Building 9212 at Y-12, reducing operational and safety risks and initiate work to fabricate, install direct chip melt bottom loading furnaces in Building 9215 expanding capacity to process chips, and achieve Target Working Inventory within Area 5 to phase out mission dependency on Building 9212, enhancing the safety of existing facilities that will be operational through the 2040s.
- Increase production to 2,800 grams of tritium over an 18-month reactor cycle by 2024. Further ramp up production levels, reliably producing 3,300 grams by 2025.

# • <u>SRT&E</u>

- Mature the technology for cinematographic radiography for future hydrodynamic and sub-critical experiments to provide a robust test of the predictive capability of weapons design codes and help reduce the need for nuclear explosive testing.
- Advance revolutionary radiography and other diagnostics as well as modernize data analysis techniques and models to increase learning from dynamic experiments (e.g., surrogate and plutonium experiments supporting stockpile assessments and LEP developments) through delivery of high-fidelity data which may provide a better test of current codes, reducing the need for nuclear explosive testing.
- Complete the U1a Complex 03 Test Bed in preparation for dynamic neutron diagnosed subcritical experiments (NDSE) experiments in FY 2024, the Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD) project in FY 2025, execute subcritical experiments in the U1a Complex 03 Test Bed using NDSE in FY 2025, and execute subcritical experiments in the U1a Complex 100 Test Bed using ASD in FY 2026 and FY 2027.
- Demonstrate a mature optical initiation system, technology readiness level (TRL) 5 & manufacturing readiness level (MRL) 3 for next insertion option such as the W93, continue focused development of a multi-point safety design concept that can be qualified for a future insertion opportunity, continue limited development of improved power management technologies tailored to modernized applications, and develop advanced safety mechanisms and demonstrate technologies on a relevant demonstrator.
- Develop a distributed bus-based architecture (DBBA) that provides an electrically stable yet flexible digital interface that forms the key enabling element of a modular theme. This approach replaces the traditional highly optimized analog interface architectures used by existing weapons systems.
- Demonstrate methodology for born qualified additively manufactured cushions and pads using automated onmachine metrology and in-situ process monitoring to enable quicker production for future systems, stand up pilot plant to enable recycling and recovery of valuable special material for future systems, continue to work towards qualification of additively manufactured and particle injection molded high explosives and mock, continue to develop advanced coating technologies in time for the W93 and future systems.

## Infrastructure and Operations

 Provide support for pit production, with a focus on the LANL production mission of at least 30 pits per year, major modernization programs, and other NNSA missions such as nonproliferation and counterterrorism. The program also supports efforts to reduce Deferred Maintenance (DM) and Repair Needs (RN) and continuing to modernize

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NNSA's infrastructure to reduce mission and safety risks through the application of an enterprise risk management methodology

- o Support line item construction investments largely directed to mission enabling infrastructure.
- Seek operational efficiencies by deactivating and dispositioning facilities that are no longer needed, thereby reducing operations, maintenance, and recapitalization requirements.

# <u>Secure Transportation Asset</u>

- $\circ \quad \text{Delivery of Mobile Guardian Transport FPU in FY 2026.}$
- $\circ$  Life Cycle Replacement of first 737 in FY 2027

# <u>Defense Nuclear Security</u>

- $\circ$  Complete the West End Protected Area Reduction (WEPAR) project at Y-12
- o Complete critical SIRP projects, which aligns with NNSA's priority to recapitalize security infrastructure

# Information Technology and Cybersecurity

- Establish additional Centers of Excellence to improve and enhance cyber security operations throughout the nuclear security enterprise in FY 2025.
- Reinforce security posture for highly classified information and enhancing the capability to share information with the Department of Defense (DoD). This includes modernizing the network architecture, as well as upgrades and enhancing security capabilities for the classified systems, including the Emergency Communications Network (ECN).
- Develop architecture of the classified wireless network for non-pit production facilities.
- Develop a roadmap to support and sustain advanced analytic capabilities, including artificial intelligence and machine learning, from the research and development phase to production and deployment.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

# Stockpile Management

- Achieved FPU on 115 of 115 B61-12 weapon components including all six Base Metal Electrode (BME) capacitor affected components and completed seven B61-12 system joint flight tests on PA-200, F-16 Mid-Life Upgrade (MLU), and F-35A aircraft platforms. Completed all four B61-12 First Production Capability Units (FPCU) activities at Pantex, including two Weapons Evaluation Test Laboratory (WETL) system level testing and two Development Joint Test Assembly (DJTA) builds.
- o Completed W88 ALT 370 System FPU in July 2021 and Joint Test Assembly 8 FPU in September 2021.
- Completed W80-4 LEP Program Protection Plan (PPP), Nuclear Explosive Package (NEP) Certification Plan, and the Nuclear Weapon Subsystem Test Plan (NWSSTP). Kicked off the W80-4 LEP Baseline Cost Report development in March 2021 and the Preliminary Design Review and Acceptance Group in August 2021.
- Finalized and documented W87-1 down-select decisions and documented component design trades, completed W87-1 initial design definition discussions between the Design Agencies and Production Agencies, formalized W87-1/Mk21A Memorandum of Understanding with Air Force, and completed W87-1 down select to single warhead architecture and entered Phase 6.2A (Design Definition and Cost Study).

# • <u>Production Modernization</u>

- Successfully produced pits in PF-4 to support process qualification and product certification enabling war reserve (WR) pit production to begin in 2023 and installed equipment in PF-4 to support production ramp up to 10 ppy in 2024.
- Achieved CD-1 and awarded the preliminary and final design contract for HESFP and completed Analysis of Alternatives for the EMC facility, achieved PEI1 subproject (04-D-125-05) CD-4 approval over one year ahead of schedule, and obtained the Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project (LAP4) CD-1 in April 2021, TA-55 Reinvestments Project Phase III (TRP-III) CD-1/2/3 in May 2021, and the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (SRPPF) CD-1 in June 2021.
- Continued down-blending campaign, which successfully delivered unobligated LEU on schedule and continued the acquisition process towards Approval of Alternative Selection and Cost Range CD-1 for a domestic uranium enrichment capability.
- Initiated the Next Generation Life Extension Program Research and Development Component Fabrication Facility (NextGen Fabrication Facility) study to identify option for a joint Design Agency-Production Agency collaborative space and testbed that can assess, develop, tailor, and transition new manufacturing technologies and designs that

will enable NNSA to accelerate the development and production of non-nuclear components for future modernization programs.

# • <u>SRT&E</u>

- Completed the third series of high explosive tests on the inner plutonium confinement vessel (IPCV) design for the Pu@pRad project. The test series included 125% over-pressure experiments, both with and without fragment mitigation in the IPCV.
- Delivered plutonium data and supported facility operations on JASPER, Z, and TA-55 to validate the plutonium equation-of-state (EOS) and plutonium aging models directly relevant to stockpile assessments, stockpile certification, and future stockpile options including the B61-12 LEP and W87-1 Modification programs.
- Established a new production unclassified restricted enclave at LANL for new high performance computing (HPC) services in support of tri-lab Remote Computing Enablement (RCE), continued production operation of Trinity (ATS-1) and CTS-1 systems Snow, Fire, Ice, and Cyclone in full production use, achieved 89% completion of the Exascale Computing Facility Modernization (ECFM) construction project at LLNL, completed the B654 Low Conductivity Water Cooling Loop for future CTS systems at LLNL, and installed power, cooling, and networking infrastructure for CTS-2 systems in conjunction with the 3MW power upgrade to the 725-East HPC Facility at SNL.
- Completed the Ground Test 2 (GT2) and Ground Test 3B (GT3B) series of experiments demonstrating a new reentry vibration qualification workflow for a subsystem, a full system re-entry body in a Mk5-like envelope, and a modular full-system re-entry body.
- Transitioned Small Ferroelectric Neutron Generator (SFENG) to W87-1. Its new detonator improves safety, performance, and shelf life; and its new cylindrical shape improves producibility.
- Matured the Direct Cast production process to TRL 6 MRL 4, having produced high fidelity components in a simulated operational environment, thus transitioning the Direct Casting Technology Realization Team to NA-195 for further development and implementation into Y-12 production.
- Completed a first of its kind, Odin's Tesseract pRAD experiment at LANL that demonstrated near identical behavior between electrical and optical fire sets. This is a significant milestone in the development of an Optical Initiation system.

# Infrastructure and Operations

- Completed 65 Recapitalization projects and 11 Disposition projects 19 assets demolished (28,569 sq ft), including nine process-contaminated facilities.
- Provided technical infrastructure, expertise, and experimentation capabilities for the DOE encompassing Nuclear Data, Analytical Methods, Training & Education, Information Preservation and Dissemination, and Integral Experiments.
- Conducted projects to provide the technical foundation for safety analyses and controls as well as authorization basis decision making for NNSA nuclear facilities and associated operations.
- Conducted maintenance and repair of facilities at KCNSC, LLNL, LANL, NNSS, Pantex, SNL, SRS, and Y-12 to improve equipment, waste management, facility functionality, and critical operations.
- Completed 14 TRU waste shipments from LLNL and 49 total WIPP shipments (1,241 containers) from RANT at LANL.
- Completed first production unit for the DPP-3 package.

# <u>Secure Transportation Asset</u>

- Completed over 108 we apon/special nuclear materials shipments and made over 62 limited-life component deliveries without incident, completed 737 aircraft procurement (replacing DC-9).
- Completed the Baseline Design Review for the Mobile Guardian Transporter (MGT).

# <u>Defense Nuclear Security</u>

- Continued upgrades to CATS, developed the Safeguards and Security (S&S) Career Path Guide, began the WEPAR project at Y-12, demonstrated initial capability of Caerus, achieved initial operating capability at NNSS, and initiated construction efforts at both Pantex and Y-12, in support of the installation efforts of the Counter Unmanned Aircraft System (CUAS) platform.
- Completed Phase 3, Analysis Phase, of the Design Basis Threat (DBT) Implementation Strategy, successfully deployed Portable Intrusion Detection System (PIDS) units for use at Y-12 in support of the WEPAR, Security Infrastructure Revitalization Program (SIRP), and Uranium Processing Facility (UPF) projects, and continued to ensure security operations could support all NNSA requirements during the COVID-19 pandemic through a multitude of contracting, policy, and logistical modifications.

#### Weapons Activities/ Overview

## Information Technology and Cybersecurity

- Implemented Phase I of the IT Modernization Project by working closely with the Department and element CIOs and IT Managers to move to Windows 10 and Microsoft 365.
- Completed initial operating capability of NNSA's network modeling and risk scoring platform enabling for a more resilient enterprise.
- Completed the replacement of the Information Assurance Response Center (IARC) Enterprise Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) tool enhancing continuous monitoring, threat detection, and rapid investigation and response.
- Completed the recapitalization of NNSA's deployed sensor platform enhancing deployed monitoring capabilities.

## Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments

This budget line includes funding for the Requa settlement reached in 2019 as well as a portion of an unfunded pension liability at the Savannah River Site in addition to DOE's annual reimbursement made to the University of California (UC) Retirement Plan (UCRP) for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL).

The *Requa* lawsuit involved UC employees of LLNL who retired prior to the Laboratory's transition to a new contractor on October 1, 2007. The retirees had been receiving health insurance through a UC health plan but when the LLNL contract transitioned to LLNS, the employees were offered health insurance through the new LLNL contractor, leading the retirees to file a lawsuit seeking reinstatement into the UC health plan. The parties settled the lawsuit in 2019, and a final judgment was issued in April 2020. NNSA agreed, pursuant to the legacy UC-LLNL Contract, to provide UC a portion of the total costs to settle the lawsuit, over a period of seven years through FY 2026. NNSA's responsibility for FY 2023 is \$9 million.

Funding is also requested for reimbursement of NNSA's portion of the unfunded liability of the Savannah River Nuclear Solutions pensions plan. The FY 2023 Request includes a total of \$218 million for this liability with 60 percent allocated to the Office of Environmental Management (EM) and 40 percent allocated to NNSA. NNSA's portion is allocated between the DNN and Weapons Activities appropriation accounts.

This budget line also continues to include the Weapons Activities share of the DOE's annual reimbursement made to the University of California (UC) Retirement Plan (UCRP) for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL). The annual reimbursement is based on the actuarial valuation report and an annual assessment provided by UC and is covered by the terms described in the contracts. These contracts are paid through the Legacy Contractor Pensions and settlement payments line item.

The Weapons Activities share of these costs in the FY 2023 Budget is \$114,632,000.

#### **Entry Level Hires**

The NNSA supports a variety of programs to help train and recruit the next generation of leaders in managing the nuclear stockpile, nonproliferation, nuclear security, and international security, such as the NNSA Graduate Fellowship Program (NGFP), the Minority Serving Institutions Partnership Program (MSIPP), and, where appropriate, the Presidential Management Fellows (PMF) program. These programs foster the pipeline of qualified professionals who will sustain expertise in these areas through future employment within the NNSA nuclear security enterprise. In FY 2023, the Weapons Activities appropriation projects providing \$5.5 million for NGFP support and development activities.

## DOE Working Capital Fund (WCF) Support

NNSA Weapons Activities appropriation projected contribution to the DOE WCF for FY 2023 is \$32,903,000. This funding covers certain shared enterprise activities including managing enterprise-wide systems, data, and telecommunications and supporting the integrated acquisition environment.

#### Weapons Activities^a Funding by Program

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request	
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs	
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)	
Weapons Activities Appropriation						
Stockpile Management						
B61-12 LEP	815,710	815,710	672,019	-143,691	-17.6%	
W88 ALT 370	256,922	256,922	162,057	-94,865	-36.9%	
W80-4 LEP	1,000,314	1,000,314	1,122,451	+122,137	+12.2%	
W80-4 ALT-SLCM	0	0	0	0	0%	
W87-1 Modification Program	541,000	541,000	680,127	+139,127	+25.7%	
W93 Program	53,000	53,000	240,509	+187,509	+353.8%	
Total, Stockpile Major Modernization	2,666,946	2,666,946	2,877,163	+210,217	+7.9%	
Stockpile Sustainment	998,357	998,357	1,321,139	+322,782	+32.3%	
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	56,000	56,000	50,966	-5,034	-9.0%	
Production Operations	568,941	568,941	630,894	+61,953	+10.9%	
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	48,911	+48,911	0%	
Total, Stockpile Management	4,290,244	4,290,244	4,929,073	+638,829	+14.9%	
Production Modernization						
Primary Capability Modernization						
Plutonium Modernization						
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization						
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	610,599	610,599	767,412	+156,813	+25.7%	
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	226,000	226,000	588,234	+362,234	+160.3%	
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	30,000	30,000	30,002	+2	0%	
07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	36,687	36,687	24,759	-11,928	-32.5%	
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement						
Project, LANL	169,427	169,427	162,012	-7,415	-4.4%	
Total, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,072,713	1,072,713	1,572,419	+499,706	+46.6%	

^a The FY 2021 and FY 2022 amounts are comparable with FY 2023 proposed structure. NNSA restructured the Weapons Activities budget in FY 2021 to enable better alignment of portfolios with resources. This allowed improved prioritization within portfolios that have multiple programs and interdependencies. Further refinements are proposed in FY 2023 to align programmatic construction with the portfolio each project supports, as well as the move of CBI from I&O to Production Modernization.

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request	
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs	
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)	
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization						
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	200,000	200,000	58,300	-141,700	-70.9%	
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	241,896	241,896	700,000	+458,104	+189.4%	
Total, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	441,896	441,896	758,300	+316,404	+71.6%	
Enterprise Plutonium Support	90,782	90,782	88,993	-1,789	-2.0%	
Total, Plutonium Modernization	1,605,391	1,605,391	2,419,712	+814,321	+50.7%	
High Explosives & Energetics						
High Explosives & Energetics	67,370	67,370	101,380	+34,010	+50.5%	
23-D-516 Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	0	0	19,000	+19,000	0%	
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	31,000	31,000	108,000	+77,000	+248.4%	
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	43,000	43,000	20,000	-23,000	-53.5%	
Total, High Explosives & Energetics	141,370	141,370	248,380	+107,010	+75.7%	
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	1,746,761	1,746,761	2,668,092	+921,331	+52.7%	
Secondary Capability Modernization						
Uranium Modernization	306,689	306,689	297,531	-9,158	-3.0%	
Depleted Uranium Modernization	110,915	110,915	170,171	+59,256	+53.4%	
Lithium Modernization	39,400	39,400	68,661	+29,261	+74.3%	
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	109,405	109,405	216,886	+107,481	+98.2%	
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	750,000	750,000	362,000	-388,000	-51.7%	
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	1,316,409	1,316,409	1,115,249	-201,160	-15.3%	
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment						
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	312,109	312,109	361,797	+49,688	+15.9%	
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	160,000	160,000	144,852	-15,148	-9.5%	
Uranium Reserve	75,000	75,000	0	-75,000	-100.0%	
18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	27,000	27,000	73,300	+46,300	+171.5%	
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	574,109	574,109	579,949	+5,840	+1.0%	

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request	
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS	
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)	
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	-					
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	107,137	107,137	123,084	+15,947	+14.9%	
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	107,137	107,137	123,084	+15,947	+14.9%	
Capability Based Investments	149,117	149,117	154,220	+5,103	+3.4%	
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	10,000	10,000	0	-10,000	-100.0%	
Total, Production Modernization	3,903,533	3,903,533	4,640,594	+737,061	+18.9%	
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering						
Assessment Science						
Primary Assessment Technologies	150,000	150,000	154,507	+4,507	+3.0%	
Dynamic Materials Properties	130,981	130,981	124,366	-6,615	-5.1%	
Advanced Diagnostics	35,989	35,989	31,064	-4,925	-13.7%	
Secondary Assessment Technologies	84,000	84,000	72,104	-11,896	-14.2%	
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	215,579	215,579	277,225	+61,646	+28.6%	
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	152,845	152,845	142,402	-10,443	-6.8%	
17-D-640, U1a, Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	160,600	160,600	53,130	-107,470	-66.9%	
Total, Assessmment Science	929,994	929,994	854,798	-75,196	-8.1%	
Engineering and Integrated Assessments						
Archiving and Support	45,760	45,760	43,950	-1,810	-4.0%	
Delivery Environments	39,235	39,235	37,674	-1,561	-4.0%	
Weapons Survivability	59 <i>,</i> 500	59 <i>,</i> 500	93,303	+33,803	+56.8%	
Studies and Assessments	0	0	5,000	+5,000	0%	
Aging and Lifetimes	62,260	62,260	59 <i>,</i> 682	-2,578	-4.1%	
Stockpile Responsiveness	70,000	70,000	68,742	-1,258	-1.8%	
Advanced Certification and Qualification	60,649	60,649	58,104	-2,545	-4.2%	
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	337,404	337,404	366,455	+29,051	+8.6%	
Inertial Confinement Fusion	575,000	575,000	544,095	-30,905	-5.4%	
Advanced Simulation and Computing	761,214	761,214	742,646	-18,568	-2.4%	

Weapons Activities/ Appropriation Language

	(Doll	ars in Thousa	nds)		
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation					
Surety Technologies	54,365	54,365	51,497	-2,868	-5.3%
Weapon Technology Development	131,692	131,692	121,330	-10,362	
Advanced Manufacturing Development	111,908	111,908	113,338	+1,430	
Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	297,965	297,965	286,165	-11,800	
Academic Programs	101,912	101,912	100,499	-1,413	-1.4%
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,003,489	3,003,489	2,894,658	-108,831	
Infrastructure and Operations					
Operating					
Operations of Facilities	1,014,000	1,014,000	1,038,000	+24,000	+2.4%
Safety and Environmental Operations	165,354	165,354	162,000	-3,354	-2.0%
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	667,000	667,000	680,000	+13,000	+1.9%
Recapitalization					
Infrastructure and Safety	573,717	573,717	561,663	-12,054	-2.1%
Subtotal, Recapitalization	573,717	573,717	561,663	-12,054	-2.1%
Total, Operating	2,420,071	2,420,071	2,441,663	+21,592	+0.9%
Construction					
Mission Enabling Construction					
23-D-519 Special Materials Facility, Y-12	0	0	49,500	+49,500	0%
23-D-518 Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste					
Management Office Building, LANL	0	0	48,500	+48,500	0%
23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	0	0	24,000	+24,000	0%
22-D-514 Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	0	0	67,300	+67,300	0%
19-D-670 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS	59,000	59,000	0	-59,000	-100%
15-D-612 Emergency Operations Center, LLNL	27,000	27,000	0	-27,000	-100.0%
15-D-611 Emergency Operations Center, SNL	36,000	36,000	0	-36,000	-100.0%
Total, Mission Enabling Construction	122,000	122,000	189,300	+67,300	+55.2%
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	2,542,071	2,542,071	2,630,963	+88,892	+3.5%

(Dollars in Thousands)					
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Secure Transportation Asset					
Operations and Equipment	225,000	225,000	214,367	-10,633	-4.7%
Program Direction	123,684	123,684	130,070	+6,386	+5.2%
Total, Secure Transportation Asset	348,684	348,684	344,437	-4,247	-1.2%
Defense Nuclear Security					
Operations and Maintenance	763,078	763,078	878,363	+115,285	+15.1%
Construction	26,000	26,000	3,928	-22,072	-84.9%
Total, Defense Nuclear Security	789,078	789,078	882,291	+93,213	+11.8%
Information Technology and Cybersecurity	366,233	366,233	445,654	+79,421	+21.7%
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	101,668	101,668	114,632	+12,964	+12.8%
Subtotal, Weapons Activities	15,345,000	15,345,000	16,882,302	+1,537,302	+10.0%
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	-396,004		
Total, Weapons Activities	15,345,000	15,345,000	16,486,298	,	

# Weapons Activities Outyear Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request		
Weapons Activities Appropriation	ŀ	ļ				
Stockpile Management						
B61-12 LEP	501,744	242,424	12,892	0		
W88 ALT 370	148,823	78,700	17,700	0		
W80-4 LEP	1,009,929	1,009,929	966,090	808,900		
W80-4 ALT-SLCM	0	0	0	0		
W87-1 Modification Program	797,377	880,908	920,000	1,002,724		
W93 Program	323,000	471,372	625,000	814,000		
Future Strategic Warhead	0	0	0	70,000		
Total, Stockpile Major Modernization	2,780,873	2,683,333	2,541,682	2,695,624		
Stockpile Sustainment	1,435,630	1,470,402	1,448,471	1,408,401		
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	51,000	51,380	52,459	53,561		
Production Operations	644,443	668,530	674,572	690,007		
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	55,229	69,816	61,389	66,658		
Total, Stockpile Management	4,967,175	4,943,461	4,778,573	4,914,251		
Production Modernization						
Primary Capability Modernization						
Plutonium Modernization						
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization						
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	814,507	820,898	873,846	906,943		
21-D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	670,000	660,000	625,000	365,000		
15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	30,000	34,475	2,000	0		
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	8,933	0	0	0		
04-D-125 Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project,						
LANL	248,917	167,867	0	0		
Total, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,772,357	1,683,240	1,500,846	1,271,943		

Weapons Activities/ Appropriation Language

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request		
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	P		F			
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	70,000	81,584	120,000	170,000		
21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	858,235	1,014,508	1,051,339	952,000		
Total, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	928,235	1,096,092	1,171,339	1,122,000		
Enterprise Plutonium Support	87,948	94,766	90,365	91,317		
Total, Plutonium Modernization	2,788,540	2,874,098	2,762,550	2,485,260		
High Explosives & Energetics						
High Explosives & Energetics	95,497	85,675	89,747	91,632		
23-D-516 Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	29,000	107,000	136,000	43,000		
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	162,000	212,000	96,767	0		
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	58,356	0	0	0		
Total, High Explosives & Energetics	344,853	404,675	322,514	134,632		
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	3,133,393	3,278,773	3,085,064	2,619,892		
Secondary Capability Modernization						
Uranium Modernization	372,508	332,534	330,126	337,059		
Depleted Uranium Modernization	195,600	197,000	181,000	173,000		
Lithium Modernization	44,833	45,820	46,828	47,811		
18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	260,770	280,000	290,000	250,000		
06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	122,589	0	0	0		
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	996,300	855,354	847,954	807,870		
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment						
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	339,173	365,350	352,602	360,007		
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	233,262	273,869	307,214	314,355		
Uranium Reserve	0	0	0	0		
18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	92,200	105,700	89,200	66,200		
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	664,635	744,919	749,016	740,562		

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request			
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization							
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	168,278	141,694	121,566	122,529			
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	37,886	71,083	43,902	44,824			
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	206,164	212,777	165,468	167,353			
Capability Based Investments	157,071	153,597	154,658	161,896			
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	0	0	0	0			
Warhead Assembly							
Warhead Assembly Operations	0	0	10,000	15,000			
18-D-680, Material Staging Facility, PX	0	0	15,000	100,000			
Total, Warhead Assembly	0	0	25,000	115,000			
Total, Production Modernization	5,157,563	5,245,420	5,027,160	4,612,573			
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering							
Assessment Science							
Primary Assessment Technologies	160,905	171,138	170,614	173,767			
Dynamic Materials Properties	128,777	131,482	134,243	137,062			
Advanced Diagnostics	35,200	36,500	33,210	33,907			
Secondary Assessment Technologies	75,006	76,581	78,273	79,917			
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	272,300	180,000	115,256	113,604			
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	146,410	148,443	148,245	151,358			
17-D-640, U1a, Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	129,870	0	0	0			
Total, Assessmment Science	948,468	744,144	679,841	689,615			
Engineering and Integrated Assessments							
Archiving & Support	44,881	44,875	44,819	45,769			
Delivery Environments	38,453	38,447	38,397	39,208			
Weapons Survivability	88,517	59 <i>,</i> 002	39,248	43,434			
Studies and Assessments	5,000	5,000	5 <i>,</i> 000	5,105			
Aging & Lifetimes	60,781	60,813	60,742	62,035			
Stockpile Responsiveness	70,000	70,000	70,000	71,470			
Advanced Certification & Qualification	59 <i>,</i> 234	59,229	59,160	60 <i>,</i> 417			
25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL	0	97,000	164,000	212,000			
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	366,866	434,366	481,366	539,438			

Weapons Activities/

# Appropriation Language

# (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Inertial Confinement Fusion	549,701	549,701	549,701	561,245
Advanced Simulation and Computing	753,794	753,795	753,795	769,415
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation				
Surety Technologies	50,446	51,619	51,619	52,703
Weapon Technology Development	150,468	153,333	138,323	130,072
Advanced Manufacturing Development	144,524	146,196	131,196	123,741
Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	345,438	351,148	321,138	306,516
Academic Programs	102,526	104,576	106,667	108,801
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,066,793	2,937,730	2,892,508	2,975,030
Infrastructure and Operations				
Operating				
Operations of Facilities	1,144,000	1,182,000	1,222,000	1,250,000
Safety and Environmental Operations	161,000	167,000	167,000	171,000
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	711,000	727,000	743,000	751,000
Recapitalization				
Infrastructure and Safety	580,470	582,220	604,204	666,428
Subtotal, Recapitalization	580,470	582,220	604,204	666,428
Total, Operating	2,596,470	2,658,220	2,736,204	2,838,428

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
L	Request	Request	Request	Request
Construction				
Mission Enabling Construction				
27-D-XXX, Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL	0	0	0	48,700
26-D-XXX, U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS	0	0	30,000	85,000
26-D-XXX, Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL	0	0	48,700	C
25-D-XXX, Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	0	48,500	0	C
25 D- XXX, Maintenance Facility, Y-12	0	50,000	0	C
24-D-XXX, Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	35,000	0	0	C
24-D-XXX, Plutonium Production Building, LANL	48,500	0	0	C
23-D-519, Special Materials Facility, Y-12	0	0	0	C
23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste				
Management Office Building, LANL	0	0	0	C
23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	95,000	86,000	79,000	C
22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	0	0	0	C
19-D-670, 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS	0	0	0	C
16-D-515, Albuquerque Complex Project	0	0	0	C
15-D-612, Emergency Operations Center, LLNL	0	0	0	C
15-D-611, Emergency Operations Center, SNL	0	0	0	0
Total, Mission Enabling Construction	178,500	184,500	157,700	133,700
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	2,774,970	2,842,720	2,893,904	2,972,128

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Secure Transportation Asset				
Operations and Equipment	222,412	245,709	250,873	301,145
Program Direction	132,264	135,264	138,100	140,996
Total, Secure Transportation Asset	354,676	380,973	388,973	442,141
Defense Nuclear Security				
Operations and Maintenance	927,563	955,314	991,527	1,049,188
Construction	0	0	0	0
Total, Defense Nuclear Security	927,563	955,314	991,527	1,049,188
Information Technology and Cybersecurity	494,124	513,889	534,445	587,200
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	73,452	77,578	79,206	80,869
Subtotal, Weapons Activities	17,816,316	17,897,085	17,586,296	17,633,380
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	0	0
Total, Weapons Activities	17,816,316	17,897,085	17,586,296	17,633,380

#### **Research and Development**

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No A-11, "Preparation, Submission, and Execution of the Budget," requires the reporting of research and development (R&D) data consistent with this requirement, R&D activities funded by NNSA Weapons Activities programs are displayed below.

		(Dollars in Thousands)				
				FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request	
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	VS	VS	
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)	
Research and Development (R&D)	<u> </u>					
Basic				0	0%	
Applied	2,983,546	3,086,697	3,180,281	+196,735	6.6%	
Development	496,959	506,424	636,891	+139,932	28.2%	
Subtotal, R&D	3,480,505	3,593,121	3,817,172	+336,667	9.7%	
Equipment	547,840	437,717	396,820	-151,020	-27.6%	
Construction	244,552	244,493	82,797	-161,756	-66.1%	
Total, R&D	4,272,898	4,275,331	4,296,789	+23,891	0.6%	

#### Stockpile Management

## Overview

The Stockpile Management program requirements for FY 2023 maintain a safe, secure, and effective nuclear weapons stockpile. The Stockpile Management program encompasses five major subprograms that directly support the nation's nuclear weapons stockpile. **Stockpile Major Modernization** will continue Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production) activities for the B61-12 LEP and W88 ALT 370; continue Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) activities for the W80-4 LEP; continue Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) activities for the W87-1 Modification Program; and continue Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options) for the W93 Program. **Stockpile Sustainment** will provide activities to include maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, surety studies and capability development, and management activities for the W76-1/2 Mk4B. **Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD)** will provide safe and secure dismantlement of nuclear weapons and components in accordance with the Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Plan, and **Production Operations (PO)** will sustain manufacturing capabilities and capacities, including process improvements and investments focused on increased efficiency of production performance. FY 2023 includes a new Stockpile Management subprogram **Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA)** formulated to prevent, detect, and mitigate potential consequences of subversion to the stockpile and associated capabilities to design, produce, and test nuclear weapons.

### Major Subprogram Overview:

**Stockpile Major Modernization** extends the lifetime of the nation's nuclear stockpile while addressing required updates, replacing aging or obsolete components to ensure continued service life, as well as enhancing security and safety features.

**Stockpile Sustainment** directly executes maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, surety studies and capability development, and management activities for all enduring weapons systems in the stockpile. The program includes the B61, W76, W78, W80, B83, W87 and W88 Stockpile Systems, as well as Multi-Weapon Systems (MWS).

**Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD)** provides weapon dismantlements, safety studies on retired systems, material characterization, legacy component disposition, and the disposal of retired weapon parts. Includes activities for technical analysis needed to dismantle and safely store weapons being removed from the stockpile.

**Production Operations (PO)** is a multi-weapon system manufacturing-based program that drives individual site production capabilities and capacity for the stockpile sustainment and modernization programs, including limited life component production and weapon assembly and disassembly operations. Production Operations also provides programmatic equipment maintenance, and maintenance/calibration services for manufacturing operations to meet DOD War Reserve requirements. Production Operations scope covers sustainment of labor required for weapon systems capabilities that enable individual weapon production and are not specific to one material stream. Facility major modernization and construction activities are not part of this budget subprogram and are covered in other parts of the Weapons Activities account.

**Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA)** ensures the Nuclear Security Enterprise (NSE) actively manages subversion risks to the nuclear weapons stockpile and associated design, production, and testing capabilities. Digital technologies introduce new vulnerability characteristics and multiple new susceptible pathways that if compromised can produce unacceptable physical impacts to safety, the environment, weapon performance, and loss of capabilities. Through nuclear weapon digital assurance (NWDA), NEA enables risk-managed adoption of leading-edge technologies to meet emerging military requirements and reduce modernization schedules and costs. NEA maintains a team of multi-disciplinary experts who perform rapid assessments, develop tools and assurance methods, and provide recommended mitigations. Close coordination is maintained across NNSA and other agencies to stay informed of current threats and best practices.

## Stockpile Management Funding

			(Dollars i	n Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Stockpile Management		••			
Stockpile Management					
Stockpile Major Modernization					
B61-12 LEP	815,710	815,710	672,019	-143,691	-17.6%
W88 ALT 370	256,922	256,922	162,057	-94,865	-36.9%
W80-4 LEP	1,000,314	1,000,314	1,122,451	+122,137	+12.2%
W80-4 ALT-SLCM	0	0	0	0	0%
W87-1 Modification Program	541,000	541,000	680,127	+139,127	+25.7%
W93 Program	53 <i>,</i> 000	53,000	240,509	+187,509	+353.8%
Total, Stockpile Major Modernization	2,666,946	2,666,946	2,877,163	+210,217	+7.9%
Stockpile Sustainment	998,357	998,357	1,321,139	+322,782	+32.3%
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	56,000	56,000	50,966	-5,034	-9.0%
Production Operations	568,941	568,941	630,894	+61,953	+10.9%
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	48,911	+48,911	0%
Total, Stockpile Management	4,290,244	4,290,244	4,929,073	+638,829	+14.9%

# Stockpile Management Outyear Funding

	- <b>D</b>			
		(Dollars in ⁻	Thousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Stockpile Management				
Stockpile Major Modernization				
B61-12 LEP	501,744	242,424	12,892	0
W88 ALT 370	148,823	78,700	17,700	0
W80-4 LEP	1,009,929	1,009,929	966,090	808,900
W80-4 ALT-SLCM	0	0	0	0
W87-1 Modification Program	797,377	880,908	920,000	1,002,724
W93 Program	323,000	471,372	625 <i>,</i> 000	814,000
Future Strategic Warhead	0	0	0	70,000
Total, Stockpile Major Modernization	2,780,873	2,683,333	2,541,682	2,695,624
Stockpile Sustainment	1,435,630	1,470,402	1,448,471	1,408,401
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	51,000	51,380	52,459	53,561
Production Operations	644,443	668,530	674,572	690,007
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	55,229	69,816	61,389	66,658
Total, Stockpile Management	4,967,175	4,943,461	4,778,573	4,914,251

## Stockpile Management Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Stockpile Management	
<b>Stockpile Major Modernization:</b> The increase represents the W80-4 LEP ramp-up for entrance to Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) including readiness activities; the W87-1 Modification Program transition from Phase 6.2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options), to Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering); and the W93 Program continued planned ramp-up for Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Option) activities.	+210,217
<b>Stockpile Sustainment:</b> The increase primarily represents W76 Mk4B development and qualification; design, development, qualification, and production of weapon surety capabilities; implementation of Integrated Surety Architecture (ISA) in accordance with the FY 2018 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA); development and deployment of product realization and digital engineering tools and applications; transition of the B61-12 into the stockpile; high explosive component development and production; special material procurement supporting limited life components (LLCs); Joint Test Assembly (JTA) flight test vehicle development and production; and activities supporting transition from Minuteman III (MMIII) to Air Force Sentinel, also known as the Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD).	+322,782
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition: The decrease represents a reduction in disposition of legacy component inventories.	-5,034
<b>Production Operations:</b> The increase represents programmatic equipment maintenance scope for SNL and KCNSC transferred from the Infrastructure and Operations portfolio; KCNSC expansion and equipment relocation; and hiring of critical skilled labor resources to support increase in production activities.	+61,953
<b>Nuclear Enterprise Assurance:</b> The increase represents the establishment of a new Stockpile Management subprogram to actively manage subversion risks to the nuclear weapons stockpile and associated design, production, and testing capabilities.	+48,911
Total, Stockpile Management	+638,829

#### Stockpile Management Stockpile Major Modernization

#### Overview

The Stockpile Major Modernization program extends the lifetime of the nation's nuclear stockpile while addressing required updates, replacing aging/obsolete components to ensure continued service life, and enhancing security and safety features. Stockpile Major Modernization is the stockpile management subprogram necessary to address updated DOD requirements for potentially new capabilities or extending the expected life of stockpile systems for an additional 20 to 30 years. NNSA, in conjunction with DOD, executes stockpile modernization following the Phase X/6.X process guidelines, which provides a framework to conduct and manage refurbishment activities for potentially new or existing weapons, respectively. Phase 1/6.1 (Concept Assessment) should provide sufficient information for the Nuclear Weapons Council (NWC) to authorize Phase 2/6.2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options). Follow-on phases include Phase 2A/6.2A (Design Definition and Cost Study), Phase 3/6.3 (Development Engineering), Phase 4/6.4 (Production Engineering), Phase 5/6.5 (First Production) and Phase 6/6.6 (Full-Scale Production). For the purposes of this justification, the term "refurbishment" refers to all nuclear weapon alterations and modifications, including LEPs, modernization, and revised military requirements.

#### Stockpile Management Stockpile Major Modernization

# Description

## B61-12 LEP

The B61-12 LEP refurbishes, reuses, or replaces all the bomb's nuclear and non-nuclear components to extend the service life of the B61 by at least 20 years, and to improve the bomb's safety, effectiveness, and security. This life extension program addresses all age-related issues of the bomb, and enhances its reliability, field maintenance, safety, and Use Control. With these upgrades and the addition of an Air Force supplied Tail Kit Assembly, the B61-12 LEP will consolidate and replace three B61 weapon designs: 3, 4, and 7. When fielded, the B61-12 will balance greater accuracy provided by the modern tail kit, with no overall change in military characteristics. In June 2016, NNSA authorized the program to transition into Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering). In 2019, delivery of the system-level First Production Unit (FPU) was formally rescheduled due to delays resulting from an issue with capacitors used in six major electrical components. At the gate review in September 2020 with a follow-on memorandum in November 2020, NNSA authorized the program to transition into Phase 6.5 (First Production) and the Air Force conducted Final Design Review and Acceptance Group (FDRAAG). In FY 2022, NNSA achieved system level FPU at the Pantex Plant and is scheduled to enter Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production) in Q3 FY 2022. Program completion is planned for FY 2026.

### W88 ALT 370

The W88 ALT 370 Program increases the W88 lifetime by modernizing the arming, fuzing, and firing (AF&F) assembly; improving surety; and incorporating a lightning arrestor connector. It also provides required logistical spares for sustaining the life of the system. During development, the arming and fuzing portion of the AF&F assembly was designed to be forward compatible with Air Force Fuze requirements, maintaining joint capability during production. The maintenance programs for neutron generator (NG) and gas transfer system (GTS) replacement receive funding under the W88 enduring stockpile system, and as required, while Limited Life Component (LLC) replacement will be performed concurrently with the ALT 370 conversion. In November 2014, the NWC authorized replacement of the Conventional High Explosive (CHE) and associated materials on the W88 coincident with ALT 370 activities, referred to as CHE Refresh. The CHE Refresh scope is included in the W88 ALT 370 Program and leverages existing tests to the maximum extent possible to minimize costs and reduce logistical impacts to the Navy. In February 2017, NNSA authorized the program to transition into Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering). In 2019, delivery of the reentry body assembly was formally rescheduled because of delays resulting from an issue with capacitors used in three major components. Phase 6.5 (First Production) authorization occurred in November 2020, and NNSA completed the reentry body assembly FPU in July 2021. The NWC formally accepted the W88 ALT 370 as a standard stockpile item in December 2021. The program completion date is planned for FY 2026.

#### W80-4 LEP

The W80-4 LEP extends the life of the legacy W80 warhead for use in the Air Force Long Range Stand-Off (LRSO) cruise missile. The LRSO is the replacement for the current, aging Air-Launched Cruise Missile (ALCM). The life extension program will integrate the warhead with the replacement missile platform and address warhead component aging concerns as well as military requirements for reliability, service life, field maintenance, and surety. The program established key design requirements for this LEP include using insensitive high explosives for the primary, enhancing surety, and developing the warhead/missile interface in parallel with the Air Force. In July 2015, the NWC authorized the program to transition into Phase 6.2, Feasibility Study and Option down-select. The program received Phase 6.2A (Design Definition and Cost Study) authorization on September 28, 2017, and the NNSA team continued to work closely with the LRSO missile development team and contractors to refine the design. The program completed the primary 6.2A deliverable, the W80-4 LEP Weapon Design and Cost Report (WDCR), in FY 2019.

The NWC approved the W80-4 LEP transition to Phase 6.3, Development Engineering, in February 2019 in support of the Air Force LRSO missile program. The next major milestone is System Baseline Design Review (BDR) and entry into Phase 6.4, Production Engineering in FY2023. After this review the Program will update its bottom-up cost and schedule estimates and enter Phase 6.4, Production Engineering.

Per direction from the NWC, the W80-4 Program of Record includes a 2025 FPU. However, that date is currently being reevaluated due to COVID, staffing and technical progress delays. Due to the current margin between NNSA FPU and Air Force Initial Operational Capability (IOC), NNSA has high confidence that it will support Air Force LRSO weapon IOC in FY 2030.

### W80-4 ALT-SLCM

Consistent with the Administration's Nuclear Posture Review, NNSA did not request funding for this program.

### W87-1 Modification Program

The W87-1 Modification Program will replace the W78 warhead and support fielding on the Air Force Sentinel, also known as Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD) missile system by FY 2030. The W78 is one of the oldest warheads in the stockpile and the W87-1 Modification Program provides improvement in warhead security, safety, and Use Control. The W87-1 Modification Program is based on a modified design of the W87-0 and will be fielded in the Mk21A reentry vehicle. The FPU is planned for FY 2030.

#### W93 Program

The W93 Program modernization activity will use the joint NNSA-DOD Phase 1-7 we apons acquisition process that is similar to the Phase 6.X process. Work in support of the W93 Program includes Phase 1 (Concept Assessment) to evaluate warhead architectures and available technologies against potential range of desired attributes, draft military characteristics, and known constraints. It also informs the DOD's program activities to define the requirements for the associated Mk7 reentry body within which the W93 Program will be deployed. Deliverables also include documenting the results of the Concept Assessment study, providing recommendations for scope of feasibility study and design options for Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options), and beginning execution for Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options). The UK is participating as observers in the US W93/Mk7 warhead program.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

#### B61-12 LEP

- Execute steadystate production of all components.
- Maintain system-level production at Pantex Plant and deliver B61-12 weapons to the DOD in support delivery dates.
- Execute aircraft compatibility testing, including the Air Force B-21 Raider and Dual Capable Aircraft (U.S. and NATO).
- Execute Retrofit Evaluation System Test (REST) surveillance scope for both system and component in-flight and lab environments.

#### W88 ALT 370

- Execute full-scale system-level production.
- Complete first production unit of the Alternate Main Charge B High Explosive and complete CET-5 flight test.

#### W80-4 LEP

- Begin Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) activities for the W80-4 LEP in support of the Air Force LRSO program.
- Begin Component Final Design Reviews.
- Complete Component Product Definition and Documentation Reviews.
- Continue Facility Upgrade Minor Construction project and Major Item of Equipment for the Fulmer project.
- Develop Preliminary Weapon Development Report.
- Conduct joint testing with Air Force Long Range Stand-Off (LRSO) Program including Missile Development Flight Testing.

#### W87-1 Modification Program

- Mature program management and program controls and transition to oversight of the W87-1 Modification Program with Earned Value Management.
- Advance technology maturation and manufacturing readiness levels.
- Conduct qualitative risk identification and impact analysis and mature quantitative risk analysis process.
- Conduct joint testing with Air Force Ground Based Strategic Deterrence (GBSD) and Mk21A programs, including preparations for the first W87-1 flight test with a GBSD missile.

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Management

#### FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

• Continue Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) and advance technology and manufacturing readiness levels, and progress component and sub-system designs in preparation for the system conceptual design review.

### W93 Program

- Continue Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options), with NWC approval, to ascertain and down-select major subsystem designs and components.
- Conduct customer requirements reviews with the Navy and begin requirements assignment to lower-level systems and major components.
- Continue to establish federal program management documents including a mature Work Breakdown Structure to serve as the basis for the Phase 2A (Design Definition and Cost Study) and Weapon Design Cost Report (WDCR) for eventual entry into Phase 3 (Development Engineering).
- Assess technology and Manufacturing Readiness Levels for potential feasible designs.
- Generate M&O technical documents as part of Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options) study and design options.
- Coordinate with the UK on their Replacement Warhead.

### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

## B61-12 LEP

- Complete B61-12 shipments to the Air Force and achieve Full Operational Capability.
- Complete Pantex Last Production Unit and life of program component overbuilds by FY 2026.
- Execute aircraft integration activities with U.S. Air Force B-21 bomber and Dual Capable Aircraft throughout FY 2024-FY 2025.
- Complete Retrofit Evaluation System Test (REST) System and Component level flight and laboratory testing by FY 2025.
- Complete program close out by FY 2026.

### W88 ALT 370

- Maintain component and system-level steady state production rates from FY 2024 to FY 2026.
- Complete W88ALT 370 system conversions (last production unit) by FY 2026.
- Conduct program close out activities in FY 2026.

#### W80-4 LEP

- Complete System Final Design Review in FY 2024.
- Conduct System/Warhead A/D Pre-Pilot Production Gate in FY 2024.
- Receive Phase 6.5 (First Production) Authorization in FY 2025.
- Produce First Production Unit (FPU) in FY 2025.
- Conduct System and Warhead Production Steady State Gate in FY 2026.
- Receive Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production Authorization) in FY 2026.

#### W87-1 Modification Program

- Conduct, in conjunction with the Air Force, GBSD environmental flight tests in Mk21A in FY 2024 and FY 2025.
- Complete Component Baseline Design Reviews in FY 2024 and FY 2025.
- Complete System Baseline Design Review in FY 2025.
- Complete Baseline Cost Report in FY 2026.
- Enter Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) in FY 2026.
- Conduct, in conjunction with the Air Force, W87-1 JTA development flight tests in FY 2026 and FY 2027.

#### W93 Program

- Complete W93 Program Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options).
- Complete Phase 2A (Design Definition and Cost Study), in FY 2025/2026 including the Weapon Design and Cost Report (WDCR).
- Obtain Phase 3 (Development Engineering) authorization from the NWC.

## Future Strategic Warhead

• Execute in FY 2027 the Phase 6.1 (Concept Assessment) for the Future Strategic Warhead (FSW) culminating in a Phase 6.2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options) recommendation briefing to the NWC.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

B61-12 LEP

- Achieved FPU on 115 of 115 weapon components including all six Base Metal Electrode (BME) capacitor affected components.
- Completed seven system joint flight tests on PA-200, F-16 Mid-Life Upgrade (MLU), and F-35A aircraft platforms.
- Completed all system level electrical and electromagnetic testing required because of the six capacitor affected components, verifying the B61-12 meets military requirements.
- Completed all four First Production Capability Units (FPCU) activities at Pantex, including two Weapons Evaluation Test Laboratory (WETL) system level testing and two Development Joint Test Assembly (DJTA) builds.

### W88 ALT 370

- Received authorization to enter Phase 6.5 (First Production).
- Completed all qualification activities and FPUs for components affected by the capacitor issue.
- Completed System FPU in July 2021.
- Completed Joint Test Assembly 8 FPU in September 2021.

#### W80-4 LEP

- Completed Program Protection Plan (PPP).
- Completed Nuclear Explosive Package (NEP) Certification Plan.
- Completed Nuclear Weapon Subsystem Test Plan (NWSSTP).
- Kicked off Baseline Cost Report development in March 2021.
- Kicked off Preliminary Design Review and Acceptance Group in August 2021.
- Conducted joint testing with Air Force Long Range Stand-Off (LRSO) weapon:
  - Completed successful Environmental Test Unit (ETU) 1: Instrumented Captive Carriage (ICC) 4 test
  - Completed ETU3-501 delivery for Separation and Control Test Vehicle (SCTV)-2
  - Delivered Functional Ground Test Unit (FGTU)-501 for the Functional Ground Test Vehicle (FGTV)-1 test

#### W87-1 Modification Program

- Finalized and documented W87-1 down-select decisions.
- Documented W87-1 component design trades.
- Completed initial design definition discussions between the Design Agencies and Production Agencies.
- Conducted several life-of-program material procurements.
- Formalized W87-1/Mk21A Memorandum of Understanding with the Air Force.
- Completed Customer Requirements Review with the Air Force.
- Continued coordinated flight test requirements with the Air Force.
- Completed down-select to single warhead architecture.
- Entered Phase 6.2A (Design Definition and Cost Study).

#### W93 Program

- Identified nuclear and non-nuclear design space.
- Prepared Class 5 Cost Estimates.
- Conducted Technology Readiness Assessment.
- Initiated Phase 1 (Concept Assessment) study report.

# Stockpile Major Modernization

# Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
B61-12 LEP \$815,710,000	B61-12 LEP \$672,019,000	B61-12 LEP -\$143,691,000
<ul> <li>Executed aircraft compatibility testing with dual capable aircraft (U.S. and NATO), including the Air Force F-35A and B-21.</li> <li>Executed steady state component production on all components unaffected by capacitor issue.</li> <li>Achieved First Production for capacitor affected components and begin shipments to Pantex.</li> <li>Completed system validation testing for capacitor affect components.</li> <li>Completed two remaining FPCUs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain component full-scale production.</li> <li>Execute system level builds at Pantex Plant and B61-12 shipment schedules to DOD.</li> <li>Execute aircraft compatibility testing with bombers and dual capable aircraft (U.S. and NATO), including the Air Force B-21.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease represents alignment with the program plan to execute full-scale production. The Design Agencies will complete FY 2023 activities. Production of components will be at full rate.</li> </ul>
W88 ALT 370 \$256,922,000	W88 ALT 370 \$162,057,000	W88 ALT 370 -\$94,865,000
<ul> <li>Completed FPU for the reentry body assembly and JTA8 Test Body and ramp-up to full-scale production.</li> <li>Executed full-scale production of all components not affected by the capacitor issue supporting original delivery schedules.</li> <li>Completed qualification activities for components affected by the capacitor issue and executed full- scale production.</li> <li>Completed all System Qualification tests, including those added due to the capacitor issue.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Execute Phase 6.6 (Full-Scale Production) in accordance with approved schedules.</li> <li>Continue coordinating closely with the Navy to ensure a fully integrated schedule of hardware needs and deliveries.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease represents start of Phase 6.6 (Full- Scale Production) and a significant decrease in design activity.</li> </ul>
W80-4 LEP \$1,000,314,000	W80-4 LEP \$1,122,451,000	W80-4 LEP +\$122,137,000
<ul> <li>Continued Phase 6.3 (Development and Engineering) activities as staffing levels ramp-up which is consistent with the increase in PPI and QE builds and testing activities.</li> <li>Commencement of Baseline Cost Report Update/Independent Cost Estimate for 6.4</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering) activities for the W80-4 in support of the Air Force LRSO program.</li> <li>Complete Product Definition and Documentation Review.</li> <li>Release System Complete Engineering.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents a ramp-up of activities as the program transitions from Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) to Phase 6.4 (Production Engineering).</li> </ul>
Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Management		FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

<ul> <li>FY 2021 Enacted</li> <li>Authorization.</li> <li>Completed Component Baseline Design Reviews and Product Pre-Production Engineering Gates. Associated testing and analysis continued to increase with a focus on progressing Technology and Manufacturing Readiness Levels and transitioning towards 6.4 Authorization and Production Engineering.</li> <li>Continued Warhead simulators/test unit deliveries. as the W80-4 LEP integrates with Cruise Missile contractor.</li> <li>Continued fit Check Units and Separation Control Test Vehicle warheads to be delivered to the Air Force.</li> <li>Continued LEP system level mechanical, electrical, electromagnetic, and abnormal testing.</li> <li>Continued hydrodynamic physics test to support component First Production and design changes primarily focused on producibility improvement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FY 2023 Request</li> <li>Conduct System Product Definition Documentation Review.</li> <li>Conduct Nuclear Explosive Safety Study Activities.</li> <li>Conduct Component Final Design Reviews.</li> <li>Conduct Component Product Readiness Reviews.</li> <li>Conduct Component Product Pre-Pilot Production Gates.</li> </ul>	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>W87-1 Modification Program \$541,000,000</li> <li>Completed the feasibility study of design options (Phase 6.2) and enter design definition and cost study phase (6.2A).</li> <li>Advanced technology maturation.</li> <li>Continued program management and control implementation.</li> <li>Integrated with Air Force acquisition programs.</li> <li>Conducted inter-laboratory peer review.</li> <li>Conducted independent cost review.</li> <li>Completed initial Major Impact Report (MIR).</li> <li>Initiated Weapon Design and Cost Report (WDCR)</li> <li>Completed Phase 6.2 report.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>W87-1 Modification Program \$680,127,000</li> <li>Mature program management and program controls.</li> <li>Advance technology maturation and manufacturing readiness levels.</li> <li>Conduct qualitative risk identification and impact analysis and mature quantitative risk analysis process.</li> <li>Transition to oversight of the program with Earned Value Management.</li> <li>Conduct joint testing with the Air Force Global Based Strategic Deterrence (GBSD) and Mk21A program including preparations for the first W87-1 flight test with a GBSD missile.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>W87-1 Modification Program +\$139,127,000</li> <li>The increase represents a transition from Phase 6.2 (Feasibility Study and Design Options) to Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering), including development hardware production to support initial system tests.</li> </ul>

		FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>W93 Program (formerly W93) \$53,000,000</li> <li>Conducted Phase 1 Concept Assessment to evaluate warhead architectures and available technologies against potential range of desired attributes, draft military characteristics and known constraints.</li> <li>Informed the Navy Mk 7 aeroshell development program and assess warhead and aeroshell requirements.</li> <li>Produced Phase 1 study report and provide recommendations for the Phase 2 Feasibility Study and Design Options.</li> <li>Coordinated with UK on their Replacement Warhead.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>W93 Program \$240,509,000</li> <li>Continue Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Option) to execute design and decision analysis to down-select the Nuclear Explosive Package (NEP), including conducting Hydro test and modeling/ simulations.</li> <li>Execute non-nuclear Component (NNC) and surety architecture design configuration options and continue the Feasibility Study.</li> <li>Continue to conduct customer requirements review with the Navy and begin requirements assignment to lower-level systems and major components.</li> <li>Initiate Earned Value Management systems in accordance with the M&amp;Os, the Federal Program Office and Navy.</li> <li>Continue to establish federal program management documents, including a mature Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) to serve as the basis for the Phase 2A (Design Definition and Cost Study) and Weapon Design Cost Report (WDCR) for eventual entry into Phase 3 (Development Engineering).</li> <li>Continue to coordinate with the UK on their Replacement Warhead.</li> <li>Begin building and testing W93 relevant protype Non-Nuclear Component hardware and continue to conduct trade Studies leading to design down- select decisions. Initiate comprehensive system- level Nuclear Explosive Physics assessment of Primary designs to support Nuclear system design down-select decisions.</li> </ul>	W93 Program+\$187,509,000 • The increase represents the ramp-up of activiti within Phase 2 (Feasibility Study and Design Option), to execute design and decision analysi to down-select the Nuclear Explosive Package (NEP), to include Hydro testing and modeling/simulations. Execute non-nuclear Component (NNC) and surety architecture desi configuration options, and continue the Feasibility Study, activities for the Navy, WBS/WDCR activities, initiation of the Earned Value Management system.

FY 2023 Request

FY 2021 Enacted

**Explanation of Changes** 

FY 2023 Request vs

## Stockpile Management Stockpile Sustainment

## Overview

The Stockpile Sustainment program directly executes maintenance, limited life component exchanges (LLCE), minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, surety studies and capability development, and management activities for all enduring weapons systems in the stockpile. The program includes the B61, W76, W78, W80, B83, W87, and W88 Stockpile Systems, as well as Multi-Weapon Systems (MWS). As required by 50 United States Code (USC) 2525, safety, security, and effectiveness assessments are performed to determine whether the systems can continue to be certified without the need for an underground nuclear test.

		/arheads—Strategic Ballistic N			
Type ^a	Description	Carrier	Laboratories	Mission	Military
W78	Reentry vehicle warhead	Minuteman III Intercontinental Ballistic Missile	LANL/SNL	Surface to surface	Air Force
W87-0	Reentry vehicle warhead	Minuteman III Intercontinental Ballistic Missile	LLNL/SNL	Surface to surface	Air Force
W76-0/1/2	Reentry body warhead	Trident II D5 Strategic Weapon System (Submarine Launched Ballistic Missile)	LANL/SNL	Underwater to surface	Navy
W88	Reentry body warhead	Trident II D5 Strategic Weapon System (Submarine Launched Ballistic Missile)	LANL/SNL	Underwater to surface	Navy
		Bombs—AircraftPlatfo	rms		
Type ^a	Description	Carrier	Laboratories	Mission	Military
B61-3/4	Non-strategic bomb	F-15, F-16, certified NATO aircraft	LANL/SNL	Air to surface	Air Force/ Sele NATO forces
B61-7	Strategic bomb	B-2 bomber	LANL/SNL	Air to surface	Air Force
B61-11	Strategic bomb	B-2 bomber	LANL/SNL	Air to surface	Air Force
B83-1	Strategic bomb	B-2 bomber	LLNL/SNL	Air to surface	Air Force
		Warheads—Cruise Missile	Platforms		
Type ^a	Description	Carrier	Laboratories	Mission	Military
W80-1	Air-launched cruise missile strategic weapon	B-52 bomber	LLNL/SNL	Air to surface	Air Force
LNL = Lawre IATO = Nort INL = Sandia	lamos National Laborator ence Livermore National L h Atlantic Treaty Organiza National Laboratories	aboratory			

Current II S nuclea	r weapons and associat	ad delivery systems
current 0.5. nuclea	r wedpons and associat	eu uenvery systems

^a The suffix associated with each warhead or bomb type (*e.g., "*-0/1" for the W76) represents the modification associated with the respective weapon.

#### Stockpile Management Stockpile Sustainment

### Description B61 Stockpile Systems

The B61 gravity bombs are the oldest weapons in the enduring stockpile. The B61 is deployed by the Air Force on various aircraft. The B61 family includes five modifications with two distinct categories. The strategic category includes the B61 Modifications -7 and -11. The non-strategic category includes the B61 Modifications -3 and -4, supporting the Nation's extended nuclear commitment. This program directly executes weapon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the B61 gravity bombs.

## W76 Stockpile Systems

The W76-0/1/2 are the warheads integrated into the Trident II D5 Strategic Weapon System. It is part of the Submarine-Launched Ballistic Missile (SLBM) force. The W76-0/Mk4, W76-1/Mk4A, and W76-2/Mk4A are completed by NNSA as a Reentry Body Assembly and delivered to DOD. This program directly executes weapon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the W76 warheads.

### W78 Stockpile Systems

The Mk12A/W78 re-entry vehicle is deployed on the Minuteman III Intercontinental Ballistic Missile (ICBM). This program directly executes weapon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the W78 warheads.

### W80 Stockpile Systems

The W80 warhead is used in the Air Launched Cruise Missile (ALCM) deployed by the Air Force. This program directly executes weapon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the W80 warheads.

## **B83 Stockpile Systems**

The B83 is an aircraft-delivered, strategic gravity bomb deployed by the Air Force. This program directly executes we apon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the B83 gravity bombs.

## W87 Stockpile Systems

The W87-0/Mk21 re-entry vehicle is deployed on the Minuteman III ICBM and will be the first Warhead deployed on GBSD. This program directly executes we apon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the W87 warheads.

#### W88 Stockpile Systems

The W88 is integrated into the Trident II D5 Strategic Weapon System. It is part of the SLBM force. The W88/Mk5 is completed by NNSA as a Re-entry Body Assembly and delivered to DOD. This program directly executes weapon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities for the W88 warheads.

#### Multi-Weapon Systems

Multi-Weapon Systems (MWS) is a multi-weapon, multi-site product-based program that enhances the integration and efficiency of the NNSA's nuclear security enterprise (NSE). The activities within MWS include those which are cross-cutting among sites and/or weapons or cannot be funded by specific weapons programs due to classification restrictions. This program provides multi-weapon products to the NNSA NSE supporting surveillance, reliability, maintenance, product realization, digital engineering, weapons response, nuclear explosive safety, military liaison, integrated surety architecture, and use control for both the current and modernized stockpile.

### Major activities within each area

- (1) Weapon Maintenance: Includes production of limited-life components (LLCs) includinggas transfer systems (GTS), neutron generators (NG), and other designated limited-life components as required by guidance and directive schedules, day-to-day stockpile maintenance and repair activities, production and delivery of components for each weapon type, refurbishment and replacement of aging components to sustain stockpile life and rebuilds.
- (2) Weapon Surveillance: Includes Joint Test Assembly (JTA) flight test vehicle and ground testbed builds, new material laboratory and flight tests, retrofit evaluation system laboratory and flight tests, stockpile laboratory tests, stockpile flight tests, quality evaluations, special testing, and component and material evaluation to support assessment of the safety, security, and effectiveness of the nuclear weapons stockpile. Data from these tests contributes to the Annual Assessment and Memorandum to the President.
- (3) Weapon Assessment: Includes activities associated with management of fielded weapon systems. Provides systems and component engineering support, support to planning, resolution, and documentation of significant finding investigations (SFIs) to include assessment of root cause, extent of condition, and impact to system effectiveness or safety. Also includes activities associated with planning, developing, and updating the technical basis for the materials, components, and weapons and performing the weapon assessments. Finally, this includes activities associated with preparation, writing, and coordination of Annual Assessment Reports (AARs) and Weapon Reliability Reports (WRRs), as well as activities needed to assess/resolve system-specific weapon response issues and to provide support to the Nuclear Explosive Safety Study Groups (NESSGs) and the Nuclear Weapon System Surety Groups (NWSSGs) as required. Within MWS, activities in this area include use control studies and assessment, surety capability design, development, qualification, production, and integration for the legacy and modern stockpile.
- (4) Development Studies/CapabilityImprovements: Includes activities associated with improvements in surveillance capabilities, technical basis improvements, we apon specific technology maturation for insertion or replacement, JTA development/refresh, and system/surety studies.
- (5) Weapon Program Planning/Support: Includes activities associated with management of fielded weapon systems. Provides systems and component engineering support for planning, issue resolution, and documentation. Within MWS, includes those activities needed to operate, maintain, and develop products, tools, and applications supporting enterprise product realization through an integrated digital environment and activities associated with external production liaison missions, weapon response, nuclear explosive safety, and technical basis.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Complete development, qualification, production, and delivery of all scheduled Limited Life Components (LLC) for the B61, W76, W78, W80, B83, W87, and W88. LLCs include gas transfer systems (GTS), neutron generators (NG), and alteration kits delivered to sustain the nuclear weapons stockpile.
- Conduct surveillance program activities for all weapon systems using data collection from flight tests, laboratory tests, and component evaluations to assess stockpile reliability, performance, and safety.
- Conduct Annual Assessment activities for all weapon systems including the in-depth testing and analysis of systems, subsystems, and components.
- Analyze, evaluate, and close high priority Significant Finding Investigations (SFI) in accordance with the currently approved plans.
- Complete legacy component builds on legacy equipment for life of program needs.
- Produce the new electronic neutron generator (ELNG) for the B61-11 program.
- Execute and analyze B61-11 hydrodynamic test to support weapon assessment
- Conduct high explosive qualification and development activities to support production requirements to support B61-12 rebuild schedules.
- Initiate transition activities of the B61 Mod 12 from the LEP to the stockpile.
- Begin procurement and production of B61-12 GTS second cycle components as risk mitigation to reduce restart costs.
- Support of Integrated Surety Architecture (ISA) requirements for B61 Stockpile Systems.
- Conduct full-scale development for the new W76-1 Joint Test Assembly-3 (JTA3) flight test body, an engineering refresh of the existing W76-1 JTA1.
- Development and qualification activities for ALT 939 Integrated Surety Architecture (ISA) implementation on the W76 family of warheads.
- Continue Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) of the W76-1/2 Mk4B development and qualification program.

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Management

#### FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

- Conduct pre-production activities and development of W78 JTA6R to replace obsolete W78 JTA6 components to support future flight test missions.
- Conduct W78 repair activities.
- Execute ALT 369 surveillance production activities for the W80-1 program.
- Begin W80-1 high explosive safety and hydrodynamic testing to support weapon assessment.
- Execute W80-1 procurements for abnormal heating safety tests.
- Complete B83 abnormal thermal safety test.
- Execute electrostatic discharge quantitative analysis to support B83 weapon response
- Produce W87 ALT 360 GTS.
- Integration of W87-0 with the Air Force's Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD) replacement for the Minuteman III (MMIII) and the Mk21 Fuze.
- Support Air Force execution of MMIII to GBSD transition for W87-0 and W78.
- Execute W87-0 NG retrofit repairs and rebuild activities.
- Develop and produce firing set assemblies (FSA) and JTA components, including canned subassembly (CSA) simulator (Sim), for the W87-0.
- Develop new SS-21 tooling for the W87-0 program at Pantex.
- Complete qualification of W88 ALT 940 ISA and meet initial operational capability.
- Produce W88 ALT 940 ISA components.
- Produce GTS and NG for W88 ALT 370 to support stockpile sustainment.
- Conduct procurement and installation of the Safeguard Transporter (SGT) Capability Retrofit (SCR) as the ISA application for transportation SGT solutions.
- Execute ISA logistics hub operations for DOE/NNSA transportation in accordance with ISA requirements and schedules.
- Conduct stockpile sustainment activities providing products, components, and/or services to execute multi-weapon surveillance, weapons reliability reporting to DOD, weapon logistics and accountability, special materials, and stockpile planning.
- Provide multi-system weapon response, nuclear explosive safety, and external production resources ensuring safe nuclear explosive operations.
- Continue implementation of multi-system ISA requirements across the stockpile, specifically with progress toward IOC of Enhanced Capability Shipping Configurations.
- Conduct multi-system use control system studies and assessments.
- Design, develop, qualify, and produce surety capabilities aligned with weapon schedules and enduring stockpile refresh opportunities.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Integrate the B61-12 into stockpile sustainment to include LLC production, surveillance, and annual assessment activities.
- Complete B-21 aircraft nuclear compatibility certifications for the B61.
- Begin full rate production of B61-12 GTS second cycle components.
- Begin production of high explosive (PBX 9502) components to support B61-12 rebuilds.
- Fully produce and field ISA capability for the B61-12.
- Complete W76 Mk4B Final Design Review in FY 2024.
- Complete W76 JTA3 Baseline Design Review in FY 2024.
- Complete W76ALT 939 Final Design Review in FY 2025.
- Achieve W76 Mk4B First Production Unit (FPU) in FY 2026.
- Achieve W76 ALT 939 FPU in FY 2026.
- Execute W76 JTA3 Final Design Review in FY 2026.
- Complete W78 repairs in FY 2026.
- Achieve W78 JTA6R FPU in FY 2027.
- Execute ALT 369 surveillance replacement builds for the W80.
- Initiate implementation of ISA capability for the W80-1 in FY 2027.
- Conduct W80 disassembly activities for conversion to W80-4.
- Accomplish the "-05" firing set assembly FPU for the W87 in FY 2024.

# Weapons Activities/

## Stockpile Management

#### FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

- Integrate Mk21 fuze modernization for the W87 in FY 2024.
- Achieve first Joint Environmental Test Unit (JETU) flight for W87 GBSD in FY 2024.
- Achieve JTA1-3 and JTA4b flight test vehicle qualification flights for W87 GBSD starting in FY 2026.
- Complete 1E38 Detonator Lot 3811 in FY 2025 for the W88.
- Complete SGT Capability Retrofit (SCR) and transition to sustainment operations (MWS).
- Execute Cell 8 Project at Pantex supporting enhanced pit staging configurations (MWS).
- Deliver use control systems studies and capabilities (MWS).
- Deliver Weapon Reliability Report to DOD annually (MWS).
- Complete engineering support to bring a third centrifuge at WETL online (MWS).
- Deliver digital capabilities that improve the product realization processes across the nuclear security enterprise (MWS).

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Delivered all scheduled LLCs for the B61, W76, W78, W80, B83, W87, and W88.
- Conducted surveillance activities for all we apon systems using data collection from flight tests, laboratory tests, and component evaluations to assess stockpile reliability without nuclear testing which culminated in completion of all Annual Assessment Reports and generation of Laboratory Director Letters to the President.
- Completed B61-Mod 11 fragmentation test successfully with validated data analysis.
- Reaccepted B61 JTA components by referencing newly developed reacceptance criteria.
- Continued planning and early development for the W76JTA 3 (JTA1 refresh). Completed W76-1JTA3 associated feasibility gate reviews.
- Implemented tailored analysis of alternatives study to replace H1333B shipping container for W76 warheads with H1514D container.
- Conducted W78 repairs.
- Continued development of the W78JTA6R (JTA6 Refresh).
- Completed FY 2021 W80-1 ALT 369 deliveries to the Air Force.
- Conducted W80-1 ISA product realization team support of ISA implementation plans.
- Executed two W80-1 ALCM JTA8 flight tests.
- Completed the last "major portion" unit of W80-1 ALT 369 at Pantex.
- Completed a congressional report detailing the current status and surveillance findings for the B83.
- Met requirements for W87-0 small ferroelectric neutron generator retrofits.
- Conducted W87-0 integration activities to support MK21 replacement fuze and GBSD including JETU, JTA4a and JTA4b flight test vehicle development.
- Achieved W87-0-107 FSA FPU and continued development and production activities for-05 FSA and other non-nuclear components.
- Completed development of W88 ALT 940 ISA transportation surety solution and initiated production activities.
- Met FPU for W88 ALT 940 Mechanical Module.
- Met FPU for W88 H1514C containers and began deliveries to the DOE/NNSA and DOD.
- Delivered the Weapon Reliability Report to the DOD.
- Completed required Weapons Evaluation Test Laboratory (WETL) lab test requirements.
- Achieved FPU ahead of schedule for Code Management System (CMS) Controller.

## Stockpile Sustainment

## Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Stockpile Sustainment \$998,357,000	Stockpile Sustainment \$1,321,139,000	Stockpile Sustainment +\$322,782,000
<ul> <li>Overall:</li> <li>Produced and conducted LLCE operations.</li> <li>Conducted surveillance activities, including disassembly and inspection (D&amp;I), system-level laboratory tests, joint flight tests, component and material evaluations, and assessment.</li> <li>Conducted weapon assessment activities necessary to complete WRRs and AARs, to include analyses of laboratory testing and SFIs, as required.</li> <li>Executed activities associated with management of fielded weapon systems.</li> <li>Provided systems and component engineering support for planning, resolution, and documentation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Overall:</li> <li>Execute weapon maintenance, limited life component exchanges, minor alterations, surveillance, assessment, capability development and management activities.</li> <li>Produce and conduct LLCE operations.</li> <li>Conduct surveillance activities, including D&amp;I, system-level laboratory tests, joint flight tests, component and material evaluations, and assessment.</li> <li>Conduct weapon assessment activities necessary to complete WRRs and AARs, to include analyses of laboratory testing and SFIs, as required.</li> <li>Implement integrated surety architecture (ISA) capabilities and conduct multi-system implementation studies.</li> <li>Develop, qualify, and produce weapon surety capabilities.</li> <li>Execute activities associated with management of fielded weapon systems.</li> <li>Provide systems and component engineering support for planning, resolution, and documentation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Overall:</li> <li>The increase primarily represents W76 Mk4B development and qualification; design, development, qualification, and production of weapon surety capabilities; implementation of ISA in accordance with the 2018 NDAA; development and deployment of product realization and digital engineeringtools and applications; transition of the B61-12 into stockpile; high explosive component development and production; special material procurement supporting limited life components (LLCs); Joint Test Assembly (JTA) flight test vehicle development and production; and activities supporting Air Force transition from MMIII to GBSD.</li> <li>Additional details for the individual Stockpile Systems explanation of change are listed below.</li> </ul>
B61 Stockpile Systems	B61 Stockpile Systems	B61 Stockpile Systems
<ul> <li>Produced neutron generators for the B61-11.</li> <li>Executed weapon assessment activities necessary to support the transition of the B61- 12 into the stockpile.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin sustainment activities of B61-12 to include system management, annual assessment, joint test assembly (JTA) development and procurement, canned sub- assembly (CSA) retrofit evaluation system test</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents transition of B61-12 into stockpile sustainment including system management, annual assessment, JTA development and procurement, CSA REST surveillance, and technical basis development;</li> </ul>
Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Management		FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Conducted analysis supporting weapon reliability and annual assessment including analyses of laboratory testing and significant finding investigations.</li> <li>Conducted activities associated with management of fielded weapon systems to support the transition of the B61-12 into the stockpile.</li> <li>Performed development and qualification activities to support ISA requirements.</li> <li>Conducted ISA feasibility studies in conjunction with DOD for the B61 family of systems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(REST) surveillance, and technical basis development.</li> <li>Execute and analyze a B61-11 cable pull down and hydrodynamic test to support weapon assessment.</li> <li>Execute high explosive qualification and development activities to support B61-12 rebuild schedules.</li> <li>Development and qualification activities to support ISA requirements.</li> </ul>	qualification and development of high explosive components to support B61-12 rebuild schedules; and execution and analysis of a B61- 11 hydrodynamic test to support weapon assessment.
W76 Stockpile Systems	W76 Stockpile Systems	W76 Stockpile Systems
<ul> <li>Conducted development of W76-1 JTA3 to achieve FPU prior to JTA1 end of life.</li> <li>Started ALT 939 development activities to support ISA implementation on the W76-1 and W76-2.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct joint development and qualification activities with the Navy on the Mk4B for the W76-1 and W76-2 systems. Development and qualification activities includes warhead level ground testing and analysis, component qualification testing and analysis, execution of Phase 6.3 (Development Engineering) reviews, and planning for authorization of Mk4B nuclear explosive operations at Pantex for warhead conversion from Mk4A to Mk4B configuration for warhead FPU and quantity production.</li> <li>Continue full program execution for development and qualification of W76-1 JTA3 to ensure on time FPU prior to JTA1 end of life.</li> <li>Continue ALT 939 development and preproduction on the W76-1 and W76-2 systems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents W76 Mk4B development and qualification, JTA3 development and qualification, and ALT 939 ISA development activities.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
W78 Stockpile Systems	W78 Stockpile Systems	W78 Stockpile Systems
<ul> <li>Conducted JTA6Rtechnology development (JTA6 flight test vehicle refresh) and pre- production activities.</li> <li>Initiated planning for ISA development.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct JTA6R technology development including qualification testing and component production.</li> <li>Conduct W78 repair activities.</li> <li>Complete detonator production.</li> <li>Support Air Force execution of MMIII to GBSD transition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents the JTA6R qualification testing and component production, detonator production, and MMIII to GBSD transition activities.</li> </ul>
W80 Stockpile Systems	W80 Stockpile Systems	W80 Stockpile Systems
<ul> <li>Completed W80 ALT 369 production.</li> <li>Performed development and qualification activities to support ISA/MTAD requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct W80 ALT 369 surveillance replacement builds.</li> <li>Begin assembly process re-qualification to support JTA3 authorization basis.</li> <li>Continue W80 disassembly activities for conversion to W80-4.</li> <li>Begin high explosive safety and hydrodynamic testing activities to support we apon assessment.</li> <li>Execute procurements for abnormal heating safety tests.</li> <li>Continue ISA qualification and production activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents procurements for abnormal heating safety tests, weapon assessment activities to conduct high explosive safety and hydrodynamic testing, JTA3 re- qualification, and ISA qualifications and production.</li> </ul>
B83 Stockpile Systems	B83 Stockpile Systems	B83 Stockpile Systems
<ul> <li>Conducted activities to support stockpile decision by the Nuclear Weapons Council including analysis and planning for two alterations and a joint test assembly replacement.</li> <li>Performed technical studies and readiness activities to restart nuclear explosive operations at Pantex.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct surveillance activities, including D&amp;Is, system-level laboratory tests, joint flight tests, CMEs, and assessment.</li> <li>Complete the abnormal thermal safety test.</li> <li>Execute electrostatic discharge quantitative analysis to support weapon response and safe handling operations.</li> <li>Execute surveillance backlog from disassembly pause at Pantex.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents execution of backlogged surveillance activities due to suspended nuclear explosive operations and executing electrostatic discharge quantitative analysis to support weapon response and safe handling operations; and does not include activities for two alterations and a joint test assembly replacement.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>W87 Stockpile Systems</li> <li>Continued Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD) qualification activities.</li> <li>Continued firing set development and production activities for out-year stockpile rebuilds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>W87 Stockpile Systems</li> <li>Conduct GTS production to support LLCE deliveries and hedge.</li> <li>Execute W87-0 NG retrofit repairs and rebuild activities.</li> <li>Conduct firing set development and production activities for out-year stockpile rebuilds.</li> <li>Support GBSD qualification activities with the DOD including test planning, flight test vehicles development, and supporting stockpile hardware planning.</li> <li>Support integration of W87-0 with GBSD replacement for the Minute Man III (MMIII) and the Mk21 fuze.</li> <li>Produce joint test assembly components including canned subassemblies (CSA) Simulator (Sim).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>W87 Stockpile Systems</li> <li>The increase represents hardware procurements and production to support rebuilds, repairs, and GBSD integration; production of JTA components including canned subassembly (CSA) simulator; and MMIII to GBSD transition activities.</li> </ul>
W88 Stockpile Systems	W88 Stockpile Systems	W88 Stockpile Systems
<ul> <li>Continued system level qualification activities for surety enhancements, began production of ALT 940. Executed H1514C container production.</li> <li>Continued system level qualification activities for SGT Capability Retrofit (SCR) ISA transportation solution and began production activities.</li> <li>Established ISA logistics hub operations at Kansas City New Mexico Operations (KC-NMO) in support of ISA employment. Completed required physical and security upgrades at the logistics hub.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Produce ALT 940 ISA system and associated components.</li> <li>Complete system level qualification activities for SCR ISA transportation and continue production activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease represents the ALT 940 project transition from development and qualification to initial system-level production. It also represents the transition of ISA logistics hub operations to MWS for long-term operations and sustainment.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Multi-Weapon Systems	Multi-Weapon Systems	Multi-Weapon Systems
<ul> <li>Conducted use control capability development, equipment procurements and studies supporting LEP FPUs, the enduring stockpile, and external deliverables.</li> <li>Conducted use control training and capability integration with DOD customers.</li> <li>Completed complex-wide studies and multiweapon activities that analyze the comprehensive security risk and consequence analysis of nuclear weapon systems against specific threats.</li> <li>Designed, developed, produced, and maintained multi-weapon handling and test gear supporting weapon logistics.</li> <li>Performed production and maintenance of test and handling gear, spare parts for DOD, and containers.</li> <li>Coordinated and managed LLC delivery and schedules with DOD.</li> <li>Procured and managed special material inventories supporting LLCs.</li> <li>Maintained storage capacity and provide safe, secure, and compliant storage of Special Nuclear Material (SNM) at the Pantex Plant, and conduct required SNM surveillance activities supporting the stockpile assessment.</li> <li>Conducted multi-system weapon response and conduct nuclear explosive safety studies for uninterrupted operations at the Pantex Plant.</li> <li>Conducted multi-system weapon surveillance activities and tester development.</li> <li>Operated and maintained Product Realization Integrated Digital Enterprise (PRIDE) systems to include design, product as-built, surveillance,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct use control capability development, equipment procurements and studies supporting LEP FPUs, the enduring stockpile, and external deliverables.</li> <li>Operate and maintain the ISA logistics hub as a cross-cuttingfunction acrossall ISA enabled systems.</li> <li>Procure and manage special material inventories supporting LLCs.</li> <li>Operate and maintain Product Realization Integrated Digital Enterprise (PRIDE) systems to include design, product as-built, surveillance, and dismantlement information in support of the Stockpile Management mission from design through dismantlement.</li> <li>Develop and deploy new product realization tools and applications to support stockpile sustainment and modernization activities within a digital engineering and model-based system engineering integrated environment.</li> <li>Support cybersecurity requirements for digital engineering tools and applications.</li> <li>Conduct use control training and capability integration with DOD customers.</li> <li>Execute complex-wide studies and multiweapon activities that analyze the comprehensive security risk and consequence analysis of nuclear weapon systems against specific threats.</li> <li>Design, develop, produce, and maintain multiweapon logistics.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents design, development, and production of surety capabilities supporting multiple weapon systems; an increase in material procurement requirements to support LLCs for stockpile sustainment and modernization; an increase to support development and deployment of enhanced product realization tools and applications; an increase to support development and implementation of enterprise digital engineering architectures and tools; an increase to support increased cybersecurity requirements of mission applications; an increase to support multi-weapon ISA sustainment; an increase to support additional nuclear explosive safety activities and weapon response in line with increased throughput at Pantex; and an increase for the transition of ISA logistics hub operations to MWS for sustained operations and maintenance.</li> </ul>
weapons Activities/		

# Stockpile Management

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>and dismantlement information in support of the Stockpile Management mission from design through dismantlement.</li> <li>Responded to DOD Unsatisfactory Reports (URs) in response to potential issues with the stockpile.</li> <li>Provided DOD training on weapons maintenance activities in the field.</li> <li>Delivered Weapon Reliability Report (WRR) to DOD annually.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform production and maintenance of test and handling gear, spare parts for DOD, and containers.</li> <li>Coordinate and manage LLC delivery and schedules with DOD.</li> <li>Maintain storage capacity and provide safe, secure, and compliant storage of SNM at the Pantex Plant, and conduct required SNM surveillance activities supporting the stockpile assessment.</li> <li>Conduct multi-system weapon response and conduct nuclear explosive safety studies for un-interrupted operations at the Pantex Plant.</li> <li>Conduct multi-weapon surveillance activities and tester development.</li> <li>Deliver the WRR to DOD annually.</li> <li>Respond to DOD Unsatisfactory Reports (URs) in response to potential issues with the stockpile.</li> <li>Provide DOD training on weapons maintenance activities in the field.</li> </ul>	

#### Stockpile Management Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition

#### Overview

The Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) program provides weapon dismantlements, safety studies on retired systems, material characterization, legacy component disposition, and the disposal of retired weapon parts. Includes activities for technical analysis needed to dismantle and safely store weapons being removed from the stockpile.

#### Stockpile Management Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition

#### Description

Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) is a critical element of NNSA's integrated effort to transform the enterprise and the stockpile. Specific activities include weapons disassembly, recycling of material and hardware for LEPs, disposition of retired warhead system components, and ensuring components are available for safety testing. Other supporting activities specific to retired warheads include conducting hazard assessments, issuing safety analysis reports, conducting laboratory and production plant safety studies, and declassification and sanitization of component parts. WDD relies on several enabling programs to complete its mission, such as the Office of Stockpile Production Integration for shipping, receiving, and equipment maintenance; Infrastructure and Operations for infrastructure sustainment and containers; and the Office of Secure Transportation for the movement of weapons and weapon components.

WDD focuses on the safe and secure dismantlement of excess nuclear weapons and components. The WDD program has four major activities:

- (1) Disassembly WDD enables the dismantlement of weapons and canned subassemblies and is a significant supplier of material for future nuclear weapons production and Naval Reactors.
- (2) Component Disposition WDD ensures waste streams are identified to allow for the permanent disposition of weapon components.
- (3) Retired Systems Management WDD enables safety studies that ensure weapons in the stockpile awaiting dismantlement remain safe while in DOD custody.
- (4) **Component Characterization** WDD ensures that all potential hazards contained in weapon components are characterized to allow the weapons complex to safely work with individual weapon components.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Execute a weapon dismantlement program consistent with the priorities of the LEPs, stockpile, and Naval Reactors.
- Execute annual activities as stated in the Production and Planning Directive.
- Provide enriched uranium, lithium, and components to the LEPs and external customers.
- Perform legacy component disposition activities.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Conduct dismantlement activities consistent with the Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Memorandum.
- Reduce the size of legacy disposition inventories at each site.
- Eliminate excess power supplies from Pantex inventories.
- Develop processes and procure equipment to support dismantlement of special CSAs.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Met stockpile and naval reactor requirements through prioritized weapon and component dismantlement schedules.
- Maintained focus on the Pantex FY 2022 dismantlement program of record.
- Dispositioned weapon program components, keeping legacy piles from growing.
- Managed dismantlement system safety concerns on time.
- Conducted component characterization of hazards on time with no impact to worker safety.

## Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition

## Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) \$56,000,000	Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) \$50,966,000	Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition (WDD) -\$5,034,000
<ul> <li>Continued safe and secure dismantlement of nuclear weapons and components in excess of national security requirements.</li> <li>Recycled material and components from dismantled unites required for LEPs, the stockpile, and other customers.</li> <li>Reduced Legacy component inventories to make space available for incoming LEP material.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue safe and secure dismantlement of nuclear weapons and components in excess of national security requirements.</li> <li>Recycle material and components from dismantled units required for LEPs, the stockpile, and other customers.</li> <li>Continue effort at minimal levels to decrease Legacy component inventories to make space available for incoming LEP material.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease represents a reduction in disposition of legacy component inventories.</li> </ul>

## Stockpile Management Production Operations

### Overview

Productions Operations is a multi-weapon system manufacturing-based program that drives individual site production capabilities and capacity for the stockpile sustainment and modernization programs, including limited life component production and weapon assembly and disassembly operations. Production Operations also provides maintenance and calibration services for manufacturing operations to meet DOD War Reserve requirements. Production Operations scope covers sustainment of labor required for weapon systems capabilities that enable individual weapon production and are not specific to one material stream. Facility major modernization and construction activities are not part of this budget subprogram and are covered in other parts of the Weapons Activities account.

### **Production Operations:**

Provides the manufacturing labor capabilities (e.g., engineering, manufacturing, quality assurance) and capacity for Major Modernization and enduring stockpile production, we apon assembly, we apon disassembly required to meet NNSA schedules and meet DOD delivery schedules.

Supports the development, qualification, and production of Neutron Generator Assemblies (NGA) shippable items and shelf-life units; in addition, manufactures detonators and detonator cable assemblies.

Expands engineering and quality assurance processes responsive to increased non-nuclear component production requirements.

Provides programmatic equipment maintenance scope for SNL and KCNSC transferred from the Infrastructure and Operations portfolio; KCNSC expansion and equipment relocation; and hiring of critical skilled labor resources to support increase in production activities.

## Stockpile Management Production Operations

## Description

Production Operations provides a multifaceted, skilled labor force, focusing on engineering and manufacturing labor, quality assurance, and programmatic equipment support for the manufacturing base that enables the individual site capability and capacity to sustain NNSA's production mission. Production Operations also refreshes and replaces production capabilities and supports programmatic equipment maintenance to improve efficiency and ensure manufacturing operations meet future DOD requirements. Production Operations requires close coordination with several NNSA Offices to ensure the correct capabilities are in place on time to support stockpile demands.

#### Production Operations major activities include the following:

- Engineering Operations Internal plant-wide activities that establish product process flows and improvements, develop and maintain operating procedures, determine critical design parameter and manufacturing process capabilities, establish process controls, metrics, and quality indices, and establish and maintain process safety controls/assessments.
- Manufacturing Operations Activities that manage and provide oversight to manufacturing departments and all internal non-weapon-type specific manufacturing operations and processes, material controls, supervision, planning and scheduling, inventory control, packaging, shipping and procurement, internal production-related transportation, and internal production related safety activities. It also includes classified manufacturing operations that cannot be associated with a particular warhead.
- Quality, Supervision, and Control Includes activities dealing with quality control, supervision of general in-line inspection and radiography, procedures development and execution, process control certification for War Reserve products, measurement standards and calibration techniques, calibration of equipment, tooling, gages and testers, and Quality Assurance (QA)-related equipment/processes for certification.
- **Tool, Gage, and Equipment Services** Activities that include preparation of specifications and designs for non-weapontype specific tooling including tools, gages, jigs and fixtures and test equipment, as well as design and development of tester software including tester control and product assurance. This category also includes work related to verification/qualification of hardware and software, procurement processes, and maintenance, both corrective and preventative, that directly support production-related equipment/process components.
- **Purchasing, Shipping, and Materials Management** Planning, engineering, supplier management, and logistics activities associated with the materials supply chain.
- Electronic Product Flow Activities that include internal plant-wide purchase, design, development, installation, configuration, testing, training, and maintenance of classified and unclassified computer systems including hardware and software. These activities are directly linked to the performance of site-specific production functions but are separate and distinct from general-use administrative and office-automated systems. Supported systems in both unclassified and classified environments enable manufacturing and quality assurance functions.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Provides support to both KCNSC and SNL for programmatic equipment maintenance.
- Continues support for the Neutron Generator Enterprise and detonator production activities.
- Provides support for the KCNSC expansion and equipment relocation.
- Provides support for equipment maintenance to ensure mission deliverables are met for the Sustainment, WDD, and Major Modernization programs.
- Hiring critical skilled labor resources to support increase in production activities.
- Completes deployment of initial Enterprise Capacity Analysis capability.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Increase critical skilled labor to maintain Stockpile Major Modernization scope and schedules.
- Continue support of programmatic equipment maintenance.
- Continue support of KCNSCExpansion.
- Support projected peak detonator production at LANL.
- Sustain Neutron Generator Enterprise capacity through end of projected wave of manufacturing and ship demand.

# Weapons Activities/

#### Stockpile Management

#### FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Sustained labor base that spans multiple programs to meet current stockpile deliverables and NNSA's production mission.
- Completed calibration services of over 1,400 critical equipment calibrations on-time in support of production activities.
- Supported ~800 LLNL Engineering Authorizations (EA), ~800 NSE EAs, and ~360 PRT meetings.
- Deployed and executed CNS Y-12 comprehensive corrective and preventative maintenance program activities for production related equipment enabling the site to complete modernization, surveillance, and dismantlement deliverables.
- Performed tritium process computing maintenance to support LLCE GTS production and GTS surveillance and classified communications/data management.
- Accepted over 130,000 SNL components at a 100% NNSA acceptance rate.

# **Production Operations**

#### **Activities and Explanation of Changes**

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Production Operations \$568,941,000	Production Operations \$630,894,000	Production Operations +\$61,953,000
<ul> <li>Continued engineering operations for weapon operations including LEP, surveillance, dismantlement, and component production to meet directive schedules and meet DOD delivery schedules.</li> <li>Continued base production capability to meet Neutron Generator production build plan as defined in the approved NG Enterprise Integrated Program Plan (NIPP) responsive to five weapon system product line ship/delivery schedules.</li> <li>Continued base production capability to meet detonator production build plan as defined in the approved NG Enterprise Integrated Program Plan (NIPP) responsive to five weapon system product line ship/delivery schedules.</li> <li>Continued base production capability to meet detonator production build plan as defined in the approved Detonator Production and Surveillance Program Execution Plan supporting seven product line weapon system ship/delivery schedules. Executed activities to enable on-time completion of deliverables by ensuring process equipment availability.</li> <li>Provided labor and supplies for increased preventative and corrective maintenance, including equipment calibration throughout the enterprise supporting increased LEP and Major ALT workload.</li> <li>Continued engineering and quality assurance expansion for increased non-nuclear component production requirements.</li> <li>Increased intra-site logistical support required to support weapon and component moves related to production.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supports base labor operations and activities at:</li> <li>KCNSC: Executes programmatic equipment maintenance, calibration services, analytical sciences, industrial engineering, and production/materials management.</li> <li>LANL: Supports manufacturing of detonators and detonator cable assemblies.</li> <li>LLNL: Independent quality engineers in support of Stockpile Major Modernization Programs.</li> <li>Pantex: Executes multi-system hardware procurements, testing &amp; storage. On-site transportation of Special Nuclear Materials and High-Explosives.</li> <li>Y-12: Supports corrective &amp; preventative maintenance for production equipment and accountability &amp; control activities for Special Nuclear Materials.</li> <li>SNL: Executes programmatic equipment maintenance for MESA &amp; Primary Standards Lab; supports development, qualification &amp; production of Neutron Generator Assemblies</li> <li>SRS: Supports tritium process controls with classified computing systems and programmatic equipment for GTS reservoir gas analysis.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents programmatic equipment maintenance scope for SNL and KCNSC transferred from the Infrastructure and Operations portfolio; KCNSC expansion and equipment relocation; and hiring of critical skille labor resources to support increase in productio activities.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Continued engineering and quality assurance preparation for B61-12 and W88 ALT 370 non-nuclear component production.</li> <li>Developed policy implementation strategies, tools, and techniques for use across programs and all sites in the NSE to reduce the risks of subversion.</li> <li>Refined and deployed NEA awareness education across the NSE and site-specific training at all sites.</li> <li>Supported Model Based Enterprise initiatives which allow NNSA to seamlessly exchange classified 3-dimensional product definition via common Computer Aided Drafting and Design (CADD) architecture from weapon component sourcing to quality inspection.</li> </ul>		

#### Stockpile Management Nuclear Enterprise Assurance

#### Overview

NNSA will initiate the Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA) subprogram to actively manage subversion risks to nuclear weapons and associated design, production, and testing capabilities throughout the Phase 6.X (Weapons Acquisition) Process. NEA enables the responsible use of digital technologies in the modernization of weapons, facilities, and engineering capabilities, by preventing, detecting, and mitigating potential consequences of subversion in digital technologies, the supply chain, and other threat pathways. NEA includes technical and governance activities for the assurance of components integral to weapon systems, operational technologies directly related to weapons, and capabilities that cross-cut multiple weapons programs.

#### Stockpile Management Nuclear Enterprise Assurance

## Description

Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA) ensures the Nuclear Security Enterprise (NSE) actively manages subversion risks to the nuclear weapons stockpile and associated design, production, and testing capabilities. Digital technologies introduce new vulnerability characteristics and multiple new susceptible pathways that, if compromised, can produce unacceptable physical impacts to safety, the environment, weapon performance, and loss of capabilities. Using the nuclear weapon digital assurance (NWDA) process, NEA enables risk-managed adoption of leading-edge technologies to meet emerging military requirements and reduce modernization schedules and costs. NEA maintains a team of multi-disciplinary experts who perform rapid assessments, develop tools and assurance methods, and provide recommended mitigations. Close coordination is maintained across NNSA and other agencies to stay informed of current threats and best practices.

NEA focuses on technical and governance activities for the assurance of digital systems integral to weapon systems, operational technologies directly related to weapons, and capabilities that cross-cut multiple weapons programs. The NEA program has four major activities:

- (1) Assurance Evaluations and Recommendations Cross-site, multi-disciplinary teams of subject matter experts from all NNSA sites who rapidly perform vulnerability risk assessments; develop and mature assurance methods; and provide recommended mitigations and implementation plans across NNSA programs. These activities also address non-program-specific NEA risks (e.g., supply chain integrity) through cross-cutting capabilities and process development.
- (2) Tools and Capabilities Cross-cutting and non-program-specific tools and capabilities that assist in vulnerability discovery, consequence analysis, and mitigation implementation.
- (3) Policy, Requirements, and Oversight Activities include developing and informing NNSA and DOE policies, orders, and directives to ensure integrated governance and compliance with federal law; coordination with DOD and UK partners; and establishing quantifiable metrics to assess the performance of NEA policies, requirements, and NSE execution.
- (4) Workforce Standards Creates standards and processes for NSE-wide NEA awareness, training, and skills development. Activities include integrating an NWDA approach for weapons and associated design, production, and testing capabilities throughout the NSE.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Establish cross-site, multi-disciplinary assurance capability.
- Address highest priority subversion risks at each of the eight NNSA sites.
- Institute cybersecurity of nuclear weapon policy, requirements, and oversight processes.
- Establish, update, and expand NEA training and qualification programs.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Address most significant subversion risks as determined by mission impact at all eight NNSA sites.
- Institutionalize NEA policy, training, and qualification programs across NNSA.
- Mature countersubversion tools and capabilities and assurance standards for the workforce.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

• This is a new subprogram.

# Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA)

### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA) \$0	FY 2023 Request Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA) \$48,911,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Nuclear Enterprise Assurance (NEA) +\$48,911,000
• N/A.	<ul> <li>Establish cybersecurity of nuclear weapon information technology (NWIT) policy, processes, and requirements.</li> <li>Establish NWIT training and certification program.</li> <li>Establish a government-led NEA Core Team of multidisciplinary subject matter experts.</li> <li>Establish NEA Core Team qualification program.</li> <li>Initiate site-specific NEA subject matter expert teams.</li> <li>Develop implementation plan for long-term assurance of non-nuclear components logistics systems.</li> <li>Complete NEA assessments and mitigation plans for highest mission-consequence operational technologies at each of the eight NNSA sites.</li> <li>Establish NEA measure-of-success process.</li> <li>Improve and expand NEA assurance laboratories and tools.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase represents the establishment of NEA as a new Stockpile Management subprogram to actively manage subversion risks to the nuclear weapons stockpile and associated design, production, and testing capabilities.</li> </ul>

# Stockpile Management Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))								
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	40,847	78,744	105,314	+64,467		
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	46,473	65,079	30,865	-15,608		
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	87,320	143,823	136,179	+48,859		
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)								
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	36,491	37,294	38,114	+1,623		
Life Extension Program Project 4, Y12	28,750	0	2,800	25,950	0	-2,800		
Multi-Mass Leak Detector, Y-12	7,813	6,257	1,556		0	-1,556		
South e-Beam Welder Project, Y-12	15,200	0	0	15,200	0	0		
GB03 Airlock/Hood Replacement & Upgrades, Y-12	8,300	0	0		8,000	+8,000		
Large Graphite/VTL Lathe #1, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	5,000	+5,000		
Graphite Drying Oven #1, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	5,000	+5,000		
General Shop Drying Oven, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	5,000	+5,000		
Coordinate Measuring Machine #1, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	5,000	+5,000		
Coordinate Measuring Machine #2, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Coordinate Measuring Machine #3, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Coordinate Measuring Machine #5, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Press Support Equipment, Y-12	8,000	0	0	0	8,000	+8,000		
Press Equipment, Y-12	5,200	0	0	0	5,200	+5,200		
Ultrasonic Machine #2, Y-12	5,200	0	0	0	5,200	+5,200		
Ultrasonic Machine #3, Y-12	5,200	0	0	0	5,200	+5,200		
Ultrasonic Machine #4, Y-12	5,200	0	0	0	5,200	+5,200		
Ultrasonic Machine #5, Y-12	5,200	0	0	0	5,200	+5,200		
Ultrasonic Machine #6, Y-12	5,200	0	0	0	5,200	+5,200		
Graphite Drying Oven #2, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Solution Heat Treat Furnace, Y-12	18,000	0	0	0	0	0		
9204-2E High Temperature Ovens (Final Assembly), Y-12	18,000	0	0	0	0	0		
9201-5N Dye Pent/Ultrasonic Tanks, Y-12	18,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Component Canning Box, Y-12	15,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Large Graphite/VTL Lathe #2, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Large Graphite Lathe #3, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
SNMV Purchase/Replacement, Y-12	5,000	0	0	0	0	0		
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	40,847	78,744	105,314	64,467		

Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Management

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)								
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	29,550	30,200	30 <i>,</i> 865	+1,315		
SNL CA High Security Office Modular Addition, SNL	13,500	0	7,800	5,700	0	-7,800		
12-64 Bays 11, 12 & 15 Replacement Facilities, PX ^a	5,283	0	0	0	0	0		
12-44, Cell 8, PX ^b	8,000	1,150	3 <i>,</i> 873	2,977	0	-3,873		
Mass Spec Replacement Project #1A: New Inert Mass Spec (New MS #5) 234-H								
Room 301, SR	5 <i>,</i> 500	0	1,500	4,000	0	-1,500		
9990-03 Facility Upgrades, Y-12	19,952	0	1,750	18,202	0	-1,750		
Building 9201-1 Pangborn Upgrades, Y-12	6,000	0	2,000	4,000	0	-2,000		
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	46,473	65,079	30,865	-15,608		
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	87 <i>,</i> 320	143,823	136,179	+48,859		

Weapons Activities/

# Stockpile Management

^a Project originally notified in FY 2018 under Directed Stockpile Work. Project was moved to Stockpile Management as part of the FY 2021 Weapons Activities Budget restructuring but was erroneously included in the Production Modernization Capital Summary in the FY 2021 and FY 2022 Congressional Budget Requests. Re-notifying under Stockpile Management to reflect correct funding location.

^b Project originally notified and funded in FY 2020 under Directed Stockpile Work. Project was moved to Stockpile Management as part of the FY 2021 Weapons Activities Budget restructuring, but was erroneously included in the Production Modernization Capital Summary in the FY 2021 and FY 2022 Congressional Budget Requests. This reflects the correct funding location (SM) starting in FY 2021.

# Stockpile Management Outyear Capital Summary

_	(Dollars in Thousands)								
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears				
L Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))			ļ						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	79,953	67,810	40,686	74,081	N/A				
Minor Construction	32,844	36,220	32,947	33,672	N/A				
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	112,796	104,030	73,632	107,752	N/A				
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)									
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	38,953	39,810	40,686	41,581	N/A				
Coordinate Measuring Machine #2, Y-12	0	5,000	0	0	0				
Coordinate Measuring Machine #3, Y-12	0	0	0	5,000	0				
Coordinate Measuring Machine #5, Y-12	0	5,000	0	0	0				
Graphite Drying Oven #2, Y-12	5 <i>,</i> 000	0	0	0	0				
Solution Heat Treat Furnace, Y-12	18,000	0	0	0	0				
9204-2E High Temperature Ovens (Final Assembly), Y-12	18,000	0	0	0	0				
9201-5N Dye Pent/Ultrasonic Tanks, Y-12	0	18,000	0	0	0				
Component Canning Box, Y-12	0	0	0	15,000	0				
Large Graphite/VTL Lathe #2, Y-12	0	0	0	5,000	0				
Large Graphite Lathe #3, Y-12	0	0	0	5,000	0				
SNMV Purchase/Replacement, Y-12	0	0	0	2,500	2,500				
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	79,953	67,810	40,686	74,081	N/A				
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)									
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	31,544	32,237	32,947	33,672	N/A				
12-64 Bays 11, 12 & 15 Replacement Facilities, PX	1,300	3,983	0	0	0				
Total, Minor Construction Projects	32,844	36,220	32,947	33,672	N/A				
Total, Capital Summary	112,796	104,030	73,632	107,752	N/A				

### **Production Modernization**

# Overview

The Production Modernization program is responsible for modernizing the facilities, infrastructure, and equipment that produce materials and components to meet stockpile requirements and maintain the Nation's nuclear deterrent. The program encompasses five major subprograms that sustain the Nation's nuclear weapons stockpile^a:

- 1. The Primary Capability Modernization program consolidates management of primary stage material processing and component production capabilities in the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) nuclear security enterprise. The program includes (1) Plutonium Modernization and (2) High Explosives and Energetics Modernization.
- 2. The Secondary Capability Modernization program restores and enhances manufacturing capabilities for the secondary stage to required levels in the nuclear security enterprise. This includes ensuring the availability of strategic materials and other sub-component streams necessary for the secondary stage as well as modernizing the facilities and operations required to process these materials, fabricate them into parts, and assemble the final components. The program includes (1) Uranium Modernization, (2) Depleted Uranium Modernization, and (3) Lithium Modernization.
- 3. The Tritium Modernization and Domestic Uranium Enrichment program consists of two parts: (1) Tritium Modernization produces, recovers, and recycles tritium to support national security requirements and (2) Domestic Uranium Enrichment (DUE) establishes a reliable supply of enriched uranium to support U.S. national security needs.
- 4. The Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization (NNCM) program provides management and oversight of strategic investments to modernize capabilities for design, qualification, and production of non-nuclear components for multiple weapon systems. The NNCM program provides enhanced capability and capacity to produce and qualify non-nuclear components to meet scheduled stockpile sustainment and weapon modernization programs, as well as development of strategies, processes and new capabilities and programmatic equipment for production of non-nuclear components.
- 5. The Capability Based Investments (CBI) program executes projects for equipment, tools, supporting facilities, and infrastructure directly related to enduring, multi-program weapon activity capabilities, mission deliverables, and management of programmatic risk across the nuclear security enterprise.

# The Production Modernization program does the following:

- 1. Provides funding for efforts across the nuclear security enterprise to restore the Nation's capability to produce 80 plutonium pits per year (ppy).
- 2. Enables sustainment and modernization high explosives and energetics infrastructure across the nuclear security enterprise and capabilities necessary for the timely delivery of qualified high explosive, pyrotechnic, and propellant materials to meet current and future stockpile requirements.
- 3. Provides funding to modernize uranium operations to ensure delivery of secondary components needed to maintain the stockpile as well as provide support to the U.S. Navy and nonproliferation programs.
- 4. Enables the restart and modernization of lapsed depleted uranium (DU) alloying and component manufacturing capabilities to ensure NNSA can meet short- and long-term mission requirements.
- 5. Maintains the production of the Nation's enriched lithium supply in support of Defense Programs, the Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Science, the Department of Homeland Security, and other customers.
- 6. Operates the national capability for producing, recycling, and recovering tritium and is expanding capacity to reliably meet additional national security requirements.
- 7. Provides funding to modernize capabilities for the production and qualification of non-nuclear components for multiple weapon systems.
- 8. Provides funding for risk reduction through recapitalization or enhancement of core scientific and manufacturing capabilities.

^a Starting in FY 2023 as part of the proposed budget structure, Production Modernization includes Line-item Construction Projects funded in Infrastructure and Operations in previous years that now reside in their respective portfolios for ease of management and transparency, as well as Capability Based Investments (CBI).

### Line-Item Construction

Production Modernization line-item construction projects are critical to revitalizing the program-specific capabilities that directly support the nuclear weapons programs. These projects ensure the strategic material industrial base necessary for stockpile modernization is constructed for the nuclear security enterprise and will provide the base materials for component production. These projects will also replace obsolete, unreliable facilities and infrastructure to reduce safety and program risk while improving responsiveness, capacity, and capabilities.

# Production Modernization Funding (Comparable)

		(Dollars in Thousands)						
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request			
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS			
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Production Modernization								
Primary Capability Modernization								
Plutonium Modernization								
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization								
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	610,599	610,599	767,412	+156,813	+25.7%			
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	226,000	226,000	588,234	+362,234	+160.3%			
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	30,000	30,000	30,002	+2	0%			
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	36,687	36,687	24,759	-11,928	-32.5%			
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement					-4.4%			
Project, LANL	169,427	169,427	162,012	-7,415	-4.470			
Total, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,072,713	1,072,713	1,572,419	+499,706	+46.6%			
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization								
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	200,000	200,000	58,300	-141,700	-70.9%			
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	241,896	241,896	700,000	+458,104	+189.4%			
Total, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	441,896	441,896	758,300	+316,404	+71.6%			
Enterprise Plutonium Support	90,782	90,782	88,993	-1,789	-2.0%			
Total, Plutonium Modernization	1,605,391	1,605,391	2,419,712	+814,321	+50.7%			
High Explosives & Energetics								
High Explosives & Energetics	67,370	67,370	101,380	+34,010	+50.5%			
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	0	0	19,000	+19,000	0%			
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	31,000	31,000	108,000	+77,000	+248.4%			
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	43,000	43,000	20,000	-23,000	-53.5%			
Total, High Explosives & Energetics	141,370	141,370	248,380	+107,010	+75.7%			
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	1,746,761	1,746,761	2,668,092	+921,331	+52.7%			
Secondary Capability Modernization								
Uranium Modernization	306,689	306,689	297,531	-9,158	-3.0%			
Depleted Uranium Modernization	110,915	110,915	170,171	+59,256	+53.4%			
Lithium Modernization	39,400	39,400	68,661	+29,261	+74.3%			
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	109,405	109,405	216,886	+107,481	+98.2%			
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	750,000	750,000	362,000	-388,000	-51.7%			
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	1,316,409	1,316,409	1,115,249	-201,160	-15.3%			
	,,	,, , ,	, _,					

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request			
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	vs			
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	-			-				
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	312,109	312,109	361,797	+49,688	+15.9%			
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	160,000	160,000	144,852	-15,148	-9.5%			
Uranium Reserve	75,000	75,000	0	-75,000	-100.0%			
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	27,000	27,000	73,300	+46,300	+171.5%			
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	574,109	574,109	579,949	+5,840	+1.0%			
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization								
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	107,137	107,137	123,084	+15,947	+14.9%			
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	0	0	0	0	0%			
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	107,137	107,137	123,084	+15,947	+14.9%			
Capability Based Investments	149,117	149,117	154,220	+5,103	+3.4%			
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	10,000	10,000	0	-10,000	-100.0%			
Total, Production Modernization	3,903,533	3,903,533	4,640,594	+737,061	+18.9%			

# Production Modernization Outyear Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Production Modernization				
Primary Capability Modernization				
Plutonium Modernization				
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization				
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	814,507	820,898	873,846	906,943
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	670,000	660,000	625,000	365,000
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	30,000	34,475	2,000	0
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	8,933	0	0	0
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	248,917	167,867	0	0
Total, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,772,357	1,683,240	1,500,846	1,271,943
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization				
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	70,000	81,584	120,000	170,000
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	858,235	1,014,508	1,051,339	952,000
Total, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	928,235	1,096,092	1,171,339	1,122,000
Enterprise Plutonium Support	87,948	94,766	90,365	91,317
Total, Plutonium Modernization	2,788,540	2,874,098	2,762,550	2,485,260
High Explosives & Energetics				
High Explosives & Energetics	95,497	85,675	89,747	91,632
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	29,000	107,000	136,000	43,000
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	162,000	212,000	96,767	0
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	58,356	0	0	0
Total, High Explosives & Energetics	344,853	404,675	322,514	134,632
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	3,133,393	3,278,773	3,085,064	2,619,892
Secondary Capability Modernization				
Uranium Modernization	372,508	332,534	330,126	337,059
Depleted Uranium Modernization	195,600	197,000	181,000	173,000
Lithium Modernization	44,833	45,820	46,828	47,811
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	260,770	280,000	290,000	250,000
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	122,589	0	0	0
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	996,300	855,354	847,954	807,870

Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

		(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027			
	Request	Request	Request	Request			
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment							
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	339,173	365,350	352,602	360,007			
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	233,262	273,869	307,214	314,355			
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	92,200	105,700	89,200	66,200			
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	664,635	744,919	749 <i>,</i> 016	740,562			
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization							
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	168,278	141,694	121,566	122,529			
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	37,886	71,083	43,902	44,824			
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	206,164	212,777	165,468	167 <i>,</i> 353			
Capability Based Investments	157,071	153,597	154,658	161,896			
Warhead Assembly							
Warhead Assembly Operations	0	0	10,000	15,000			
18-D-680 Material Staging Facility, PX	0	0	15,000	100,000			
Total, Warhead Assembly	0	0	25,000	115,000			
Total, Production Modernization	5,157,563	5,245,420	5,027,160	4,612,573			

# Production Modernization Funding (Non-Comparable)

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request			
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS			
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Primary Capability Modernization		••						
Plutonium Modernization								
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization								
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	610,599	610,599	767,412	+156,813	+25.7%			
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	226,000	226,000	588,234	+362,234	+160.3%			
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	0	0	30,002	+30,002	0%			
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	0	0	24,759	+24,759	0%			
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement					0%			
Project, LANL	0	0	162,012	+162,012	078			
Total, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	836,599	836,599	1,572,419	+735,820	+88.0%			
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization								
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	200,000	200,000	58,300	-141,700	-70.9%			
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	241,896	241,896	700,000	+458,104	+189.4%			
Total, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	441,896	441,896	758,300	+316,404	+71.6%			
Enterprise Plutonium Support	90,782	90,782	88,993	-1,789	-2.0%			
Total, Plutonium Modernization	1,369,277	1,369,277	2,419,712	+1,050,435	+76.7%			
High Explosives & Energetics								
High Explosives & Energetics	63,620	63,620	101,380	+37,760	+59.4%			
HESE OPCs	3,750	3,750	0	-3,750	-100.0%			
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	0	0	19,000	+19,000	0%			
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	0	0	108,000	+108,000	0%			
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	0	0	20,000	+20,000	0%			
Total, High Explosives & Energetics	67,370	67,370	248,380	+181,010	+268.7%			
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	1,436,647	1,436,647	2,668,092	+1,231,445	+85.7%			
Secondary Capability Modernization								
Uranium Sustainment	242,732	242,732	0	-242,732	-100.0%			
Uranium Modernization	0	0	297,531	+297,531	0%			
Process Technology Development	63,957	63,957	0	-63,957	-100.0%			
Depleted Uranium Modernization	110,915	110,915	170,171	+59,256	+53.4%			
Lithium Modernization	39,400	39,400	68,661	+29,261	+74.3%			
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	0	0	216,886	+216,886	0%			
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	0	0	362,000	+362,000	0%			
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	457,004	457,004	1,115,249	+658,245	+144.0%			

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request			
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs			
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment			_	-				
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	312,109	312,109	361,797	+49,688	+15.9%			
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	70,000	70,000	144,852	+74,852	+106.9%			
HEU Downblend	90,000	90,000	0	-90,000	-100.0%			
Uranium Reserve	75,000	75,000	0	-75,000	-100.0%			
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	0	0	73,300	+73,300	0%			
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	547,109	547,109	579,949	+32,840	+6.0%			
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization								
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	107,137	107,137	123,084	+15,947	+14.9%			
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	0	0	0	0	0%			
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	107,137	107,137	123,084	+15,947	+14.9%			
Capability Based Investments	0	0	154,220	+154,220	0%			
Total, Production Modernization	2,547,897	2,547,897	4,640,594	+2,092,697	+82.1%			

# Production Modernization Outyear Funding

Cutycarranang				
		(Dollars in T	housands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Primary Capability Modernization				
Plutonium Modernization				
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization				
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	814,507	820,898	873,846	906,943
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	670,000	660,000	625,000	365,000
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	30,000	34,475	2,000	0
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	8,933	0	0	0
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	248,917	167,867	0	0
Total, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,772,357	1,683,240	1,500,846	1,271,943
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization				
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	70,000	81,584	120,000	170,000
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	858,235	1,014,508	1,051,339	952,000
Total, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	928,235	1,096,092	1,171,339	1,122,000
Enterprise Plutonium Support	87,948	94,766	90,365	91,317
Total, Plutonium Modernization	2,788,540	2,874,098	2,762,550	2,485,260
High Explosives & Energetics				
High Explosives & Energetics	89,710	83,710	89,747	91,632
HESE OPCs	5,787	1,965	0	0
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	29,000	107,000	136,000	43,000
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	162,000	212,000	96,767	0
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	58,356	0	0	0
Total, High Explosives & Energetics	344,853	404,675	322,514	134,632
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	3,133,393	3,278,773	3,085,064	2,619,892
Secondary Capability Modernization				
Uranium Modernization	372,508	332,534	330,126	337,059
Depleted Uranium Modernization	195,600	197,000	181,000	173,000
Lithium Modernization	44,833	45,820	46,828	47,811
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	260,770	280,000	290,000	250,000
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	122,589	0	0	0
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	996,300	855,354	847,954	807,870
-				

Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027		
	Request	Request	Request	Request		
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment						
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	339,173	365,350	352,602	360,007		
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	233,262	273,869	307,214	314,355		
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	92,200	105,700	89,200	66,200		
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	664,635	744,919	749,016	740,562		
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization						
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	168,278	141,694	121,566	122,529		
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	37,886	71,083	43,902	44,824		
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	206,164	212,777	165,468	167,353		
Capability Based Investments	157,071	153,597	154,658	161,896		
Warhead Assembly						
Warhead Assembly Operations	0	0	10,000	15,000		
18-D-680, Material Staging Facility, PX	0	0	15,000	100,000		
Total, Warhead Assembly	0	0	25,000	115,000		
Total, Production Modernization	5,157,563	5,245,420	5,027,160	4,612,573		

## **Production Modernization Explanation of Major Changes** (Dollars in Thousands)

	vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Production Modernization	
Plutonium Modernization	
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	+156,813
Increase supports a ramp in engineering evaluations and certification activities to produce the first war reserve (WR) plutonium pit in concert with increased equipment purchases/installation activities and the hiring, training, and qualification of additional staff to support WR pit production ramp up.	
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	+362,234
Increase allows for the establishment of a performance baseline for the Decontamination and Decommissioning subproject; approval of long-lead equipment and enclosure procurements for the 30 ppy Base Equipment Installation subproject; and, updates to acquisition/tailoring to the remainder of the subprojects at Los Alamos National Laboratory's (LANL) Plutonium Facility (PF)-4.	
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL No significant change.	+2
17-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	-11,928
Decrease reflects the revised Critical Decision 2/3 funding profile and the use of carryover to execute construction activities.	
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement, Project, LANL	-7,415
Decrease reflects use of carryover to align with design and construction estimates for the RC3 and PEI2 subprojects.	
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	-141,700
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	
Decrease is due to June 2021 CD-1 package approval outlining adjusted CD-4 timeline and associated delay in Savannah River Site (SRS) Program Office staffing and activity ramp up.	
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	+458,104
Increase supports 90 percent design maturation for CD-2 (Approve Performance Baseline) of Savannah River Plutonium	, -
Processing Facility (SRPPF) as well as demolition and removal, bulk material buys, and equipment purchases.	
Weapons Activities/	

FY 2023 Request

	FY 2023 Request vs
	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<b>Enterprise Plutonium Support</b> Decrease accounts for reduced certification activities as the program reaches the First Production Unit (FPU) of a WR pit at LANL.	-1,7
gh Explosives and Energetics	
High Explosives and Energetics	+34,0
Increase supports establishment of a high explosives production capability at the Naval Surface Warfare Center Indian Head Division (NSWC IHD) by FY 2026 to increase schedule confidence for qualified PPI, QE, and WR LX-17 lots. Additionally, increase supports pilot plant parameter studies at Pantex and Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) to achieve LX- 17 qualified material production for the W87-1 and future weapon systems. Increase also reflects the increased HE Science and Engineering Facility (HESE) OPC need in FY 2023.	
	. 40.0
<b>23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL</b> Increase required to begin preliminary design activities.	+19,0
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	+77,0
Increase required to start construction activities to include site preparation approval and long-lead procurements.	
15-D-301, HE Science and Engineering Facility, PX	-23,0
Decrease reflects use of carryover for construction activities. FY 2023 funding will be used for construction with on-site mobilization, and to execute main works construction contract.	
econdary Capability Modernization	
Uranium Modernization	-9,1
Uranium Sustainment and Process Technology Development funding lines have been consolidated into Uranium	
Modernization due to synergies within the scope associated with each program. The decrease reflects transition from procurement and installation towards startup and commissioning activities for Electrorefining and Calciner projects.	
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	-388,0
Decrease reflects transition from peak construction activities towards startup and commissioning activities.	500,0
Depleted Uranium Modernization	+59,2
Increase reflects investment in critical foundry modernization projects and activities to support Binary ingot production.	,
Funding also accounts for executing scope to modernize the historical wrought process to meet component manufacturing	
demand and mitigate reliability risks amongst other program activities planned to be executed in FY 2023, such as the DU	
Bridging Strategy.	
pons Activities/	

Production Modernization

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Lithium Modernization Increase to fully fund minor construction projects such as the Lithium Lab Area Upgrades, Backup Crusher/Grinder project, and the Lithium Process Equipment Relocation risk reduction activity.	+29,261
<b>18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12</b> Increase supports long-lead procurements and site preparation.	+107,481
<b>Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment</b> <b>Tritium Sustainment and Modernization</b> Increase supports tritium production requirements, licensing Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) reactors beyond 1,792 TPBARs, Spent Fuel Pool Rerack, Hot and Cold Nitrogen Replacement.	+49,688
<b>18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, Y-12</b> Increase reflects an increase in activity to improve the design schedule and in activities to support obtaining CD-2/3 in FY 2024 for the Site Preparation and Warehouse subproject	+46,300
<b>Domestic Uranium Enrichment</b> Decrease reflects combining HEU down-blending into the Domestic Uranium Enrichment line. Decrease reflects use of carryover for down-blending activities, offset by increases for centrifuge development as the program advances towards larger-scale research and development (R&D) demonstrations.	-15,148
<b>Uranium Reserve</b> Decrease reflects that funding for the Uranium Reserve is not requested in FY 2023 under the Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment program.	-75,000
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Increase reflects the transfer of scope for Accelerator and Major Environmental Test Facility programmatic equipment maintenance requirements from I&O and includes additional support for required qualification and testing capabilities including modernization efforts for the radiation testing facility Annular Core Research Reactor (ACRR) at Sandia National Laboratories (SNL). Increase also supports the Tester Transformation Initiative at SNL to improve tester requirements by establishing a means for pre-qualifying testers to a common DA/PA platform and ensures that designs and hardware meet requirements. Increase also reflects direct funding for At-Risk Materials, an enterprise-wide effort for early identification of at-risk-materials and development of solutions to avoid mission supply chain interruptions.	+15,947

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capability Based Investments Increase reflects the expansion of the Flexible Production Capacity Initiative to eliminate excess programmatic equipment to free up floor space, and address known space shortfalls.	+5,103
<b>Planning for Programmatic Construction</b> Decrease reflects the shift to account for pre-CD-1 funds at the program level to more directly allocate other project cost (OPC) funds to prioritized projects rather than at the Defense Programs level.	-10,000
Total, Production Modernization	+737,061

### Production Modernization Primary Capability Modernization

#### Overview

The Primary Capability Modernization program consolidates management of primary stage material processing and component production capabilities in the NNSA nuclear security enterprise. The program includes (1) Plutonium Modernization and (2) High Explosives and Energetics Modernization.

### Description

The Plutonium Modernization program provides funding for efforts across the nuclear security enterprise to restore the Nation's capability to produce 80 pits per year (ppy). NNSA will continue to provide additional details regarding Plutonium Modernization activities to Congressional staff through quarterly pit production briefings, as required by the FY 2020 Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act. NNSA remains committed to achieving the statutory pit production capability goals on the path to 80 ppy, including the capability to produce not less than 30 pits during 2026 at LANL.

### Plutonium Modernization activities include the following:

• Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization: Activities include Los Alamos Plutonium Operations, which provides for the operational expenses needed to meet pit production requirements at LANL, including activities to hire, train, qualify, and retain required pit production personnel; recapitalization of equipment for WR pit production; pit production process qualification and certification activities; tooling design and fabrication; and Plutonium Modernization's share of operational expenses for PF-4. This funding also supports manufacturing of precision plutonium devices for science-related evaluation. In FY 2023, LANL will continue process qualification and certifications also provides funding for key support services and safety management programs in PF-4, including a radiological control program, facility and equipment maintenance, a criticality safety program, shipping and receiving, authorization basis, work control documentation, training and qualification, waste management, material handling and storage, and facility availability to maintain plutonium capabilities.

Activities within Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization also include the Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project, 21-D-512. This project will manage capital acquisitions required to increase production capacity at PF-4 to no fewer than 30 ppy, as well as associated infrastructure investments at LANL to support pit production. FY 2023 funding will support efforts to mature design documentation, continue removal of legacy equipment in PF-4, and install new production equipment.

The TA-55 Reinvestment Project, Phase 3, 15-D-302 funding will continue construction activities to modernize fire alarm panels providing a vital safety function in PF-4.

The Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility (TLW), 07-D-220-04 funding will support the construction of a new hazard category 3 nuclear facility to house processing equipment capable of treating transuranic (TRU) liquid waste, a TRU liquid influent storage, and necessary utilities.

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, 04-D-125 funding will be used to continue design on the PEI2 and RC3 subprojects and construction/procurement of long-lead items including the Post 118 secure entrance to PF-4 and nearby change rooms that service programmatic personnel working in the facility. Funding in FY 2023 for PEI2 will support construction activities to improve TA-55 and PF-4 personnel and vehicular ingress/egress, levels of worker preparation/staging and warehousing for relocated AC/MC operations and personnel, and design work for equipment installation. FY 2023 funds for the RC3 subproject will continue design work to support CD-2/3 for equipment in 3Q FY 2025 and construction of a small office building and warehouse.

• Savannah River Plutonium Modernization: Supports the establishment of a program office at SRS to enable pit production development efforts, train and hire future production staff, and support future production and operations

planning. Until an appropriate training center is fully operational, SRS will use existing facilities at both SRS and LANL to support training activities.

Additionally, the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (SRPPF) project, 21-D-511, repurposes the partially completed Mixed Oxide Fuel Fabrication Facility (MFFF) to achieve a production capability of 50 ppy consistent with the NNSA's recommended alternative for pit production. FY 2023 activities focus on maturing the design of the main process building, which includes production equipment and gloveboxes, safety systems, facility utilities, and support infrastructure. Other supporting activities will continue to focus on design of subprojects for utilities/site preparation, administrative buildings, and the training center.

• Enterprise Plutonium Support: Provides funding for activities that support pit production across the nuclear security enterprise, including Kansas City National Security Campus production of non-nuclear components, certification activities, management of the plutonium pit Product Realization Team (PRT) at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), and material management activities at the Nevada National Security Site (NNSS).

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Support pit production capability modernization in accordance with Department of Defense requirements.
- Qualify pit production processes and perform certification tests to produce the first WR pit.
- Continue investments to install additional production equipment and recapitalize end-of-life equipment in PF-4 to reduce pit production mission risk.
- Continue hiring, training, and qualifying staff to ramp up future pit production.
- Improve PF-4 vault facilities efficiency through inventory work-off and optimization of footprint to support the transition to plutonium production and improve Material at Risk (MAR) posture.
- Provide storage/staging and inventory management capabilities in support of the plutonium pit production mission.
- Continue to mature the new SRS Plutonium Operations program to include expanded knowledge transfer and training.
- Continue efforts to mature the design of the SRPPF project.
- Obtain CD-2/3 for West Entry Control Facility Subproject (WECF) as part of LAP4.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Achieve 10 pits per year production capability (2024).
- Achieve 30 pits per year production capability (2026).
- Obtain CD-2/3 for SRPPF (2024).

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Produced pits in PF-4 successfully to support process qualification and product certification enabling WR pit production to begin in 2023.
- Installed equipment in PF-4 to support increased production.
- Improved Transuranic (TRU) waste management and characterization capabilities to support safe and efficient TRU waste disposition at LANL.
- Executed material movements at NNSS in support of plutonium pit production mission.
- Deployed 15 SRS personnel to LANL as part of the expanding Knowledge Transfer initiative.
- Obtained LAP4 CD-1 approval in April 2021.
- Obtained SRPPFCD-1 approval in June 2021.
- Obtained TRP-III CD-1/2/3 approval in May 2021.
- Achieved PEI1 subproject (04-D-125-05) CD-4 approval in January 2021, more than one year ahead of schedule.

### **Plutonium Modernization**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Plutonium Modernization \$1,605,391,000	Plutonium Modernization \$2,419,712,000	Plutonium Modernization +\$814,321,000
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization
\$1,072,713,000	\$1,572,419,000	+\$499,706,000
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	Los Alamos Plutonium Operations
\$610,599,000	\$767,412,000	+\$156,813,000
<ul> <li>Maintained base personnel while adding additional personnel to ramp up work and sustain pit-manufacturing capability.</li> <li>Continued to recapitalize end-of-life equipment vital to the pit manufacturing mission.</li> <li>Invested in personnel and equipment needed to support pit production.</li> <li>Produced pits for the Process Prove-in (PPI) phase of product realization.</li> <li>Continued design agency qualification of production processes through engineering evaluations.</li> <li>Continued to recover, recycle, and disposition nuclear materials in support of pit production mission at LANL.</li> <li>Continued CMR de-inventory of legacy special nuclear material in accordance with the CMR Facility Exit Plan.</li> <li>Provided safe and secure storage, disposition, and management of nuclear materials in support of plutonium missions at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain base personnel while adding additional personnel to ramp up work and sustain pitmanufacturing capability.</li> <li>Continue to recapitalize end-of-life equipment vital to the pit manufacturing mission.</li> <li>Continue engineering evaluation of processes and conduct pit certification activities.</li> <li>Produce FPU of a WR pit.</li> <li>Provide safe and secure storage and staging capabilities, management of nuclear materials and disposition planning (including analysis, forecasting, and modeling) in support of plutonium missions at LANL.</li> <li>Continue to recover, recycle, and to disposition programmatic nuclear materials in support of pit production mission at LANL.</li> <li>De-inventory legacy special nuclear material at CMR, including analytical sample reserves, in accordance with the CMR Facility Exit Plan.</li> <li>Provide safe and secure storage, disposition, and management of nuclear materials in support of plutonium missions at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase includes costs for increased hiring and expanded production to support of reaching FPU</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
21-D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL \$226,000,000	21-D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL \$588,234,000	21-D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL +\$362,234,000
<ul> <li>Developed design documentation to complete CD-1 and advance toward CD-2.</li> <li>Pursued long-lead procurements.</li> <li>Conducted facility and site preparation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete design documentation for WECF and Training Facility.</li> <li>Achieve CD-2/3 for multiple subprojects.</li> <li>Continue pursuing long-lead procurements.</li> <li>Install equipment to expand pit production capacity in PF-4.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase reflects start of construction on multiple subprojects.</li> </ul>
15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL \$30,000,000	15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL \$30,002,000	15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL +\$2,000
<ul> <li>Continued to extend the life of TA-55 by recapitalizing and revitalizing an aging and obsolete fire alarm system.</li> </ul>	Continue construction activities.	<ul> <li>No significant change</li> </ul>
07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL \$36,687,000	07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL \$24,759,000	07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL -\$11,928,000
• Continued to execute activities associated with a new hazard category 3 nuclear facility to house processing equipment capable of treating at least 29,000 liters of transuranic (TRU) liquid waste each year, a TRU liquid influent storage, and necessary utilities.	Restart construction activities.	Decrease reflects the revised Critical Decision 2/3 funding profile and the use of carryover to execute construction activities
04-D-125 Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL \$169,427,000	04-D-125 Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL \$162,012,000	04-D-125 Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL -\$7,415,000

FY 2021 Enacted Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	FY 2023 Request Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Savannah River Plutonium Modernization
\$441,896,000	\$758,300,000	+\$316,404,000
Savannah River Plutonium Operations \$200,000,000	Savannah River Plutonium Operations \$58,300,000	Savannah River Plutonium Operations -\$141,700,000
<ul> <li>Continued establishing and staffing a program office at SRS to support project and future</li> </ul>	• Continue to mature SRS program office to support future production activities.	<ul> <li>FY 2021 budget included pre-CD-1OPC funding for SRPPF</li> </ul>
<ul><li>production activities.</li><li>Completed conceptual design to achieve CD-1.</li></ul>	Hire and train staff.	<ul> <li>Decrease aligns budget based on adjusted Operations requirements after approval of CD-1.</li> </ul>
21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS \$241,896,000	21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS \$700,000,000	21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS +\$458,104,000
<ul> <li>Continued site preparatory work.</li> <li>Began long lead procurements, including gloveboxes.</li> <li>Completed conceptual design to achieve CD-1.</li> <li>Began planning and design on high fidelity training facility design.</li> <li>Matured preliminary design to advance toward CD-2.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Execute long lead procurement, demolition and removal (D&amp;R), and site preparation activities.</li> <li>Support design maturation in anticipation of CD-2.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase aligns budget based on CD-1 approval and CD-4 timeline.</li> </ul>
Enterprise Plutonium Support \$90,782,000	Enterprise Plutonium Support \$88,993,000	Enterprise Plutonium Support -\$1,789,000
<ul> <li>Continued LLNL certification activities associated with pit production.</li> <li>Continued Kansas City National Security Campus (KCNSC) non-nuclear component production.</li> <li>Supported Product Realization Team management at LLNL.</li> <li>Executed material management and storage activities at NNSS.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue LLNL certification activities associated with pit production to enable FPU of a WR pit at LANL in 2023.</li> <li>Continue KCNSC non-nuclear component production.</li> <li>Continue to support PRT management at LLNL.</li> <li>Execute material management activities at NNSS.</li> </ul>	Reduction in funding based on reduced amount of certification activities necessary post FPU.

### Primary Capability Modernization High Explosives and Energetics

# Description

The High Explosives and Energetics (HE&E) program focuses on modernization and prioritization of High Explosives (HE) processing facilities and qualification of high explosive, pyrotechnic, and propellant materials for supplying the nuclear security enterprise across five M&O sites (Pantex Plant, SNL, LANL, LLNL, and NNSS). The HE&E program enables the production of HE and energetic materials required for an effective stockpile including the main charge, boosters, detonators, actuators, timer/drivers, spin rockets, and the materials necessary to achieve nuclear weapon safety and security.

Each site maintains multiple dispersed facilities dually capable of performing Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDT&E) and production operations, for example, main charges at Pantex, detonators at LANL, spin rocket motors at SNL, novel HE formulations at LLNL, and large-scale test operations at NNSS.

The HE&E program manages the capital investment of the HE&E infrastructure and equipment to modernize manufacturing capabilities in aging facilities and provide efficiencies in material processing to make a safer working environment. Through active supply chain management and modernization projects, the HE&E program ensures the infrastructure and vendor base is in place to meet tight material production requirements to sustain and modernize the stockpile.

The High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production Facility (HESFP) at Pantex, and prototype HE manufacturing capability at NSWC IHD will hedge against current HE production and testing capability gaps. The Energetics Materials Characterization (EMC) project is required to support future HE mission requirements for HE synthesis and analytical characterization activities at LANL. The HE&E program ensures that materials and capabilities, such as main charge material development, procurement, and characterization, are available and efficient to ensure a safe, secure, and effective stockpile as NNSA continues to modernize the stockpile to meet nuclear deterrent requirements.

The HE&E modernization program will do the following:

- 1. Manage the HE&E supply chain risk portfolio to ensure an internal nuclear security enterprise and external vendor base to maintain, manufacture, and deploy Mark Quality HE and energetics in support of weapons production.
- 2. Define and monitor the qualification standards of HE and energetic material.
- 3. Support the future development and production of novel HE and energetic material.
- 4. Define and ensure infrastructure capital investment strategies meet both HE&E material and component requirements to sustain and modernize the stockpile.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Procure energetic material to meet development and qualification needs of the W87-1.
- Assess production modernization and programmatic equipment priorities across the HE&E enterprise to include additive manufacturing from lab pilot to production, radiography/assembly operations at LANL and NNSS, energetics enclaves at LLNL, energetics manufacturing at SNL, and advanced fabrication at Pantex.
- Stabilize the supply chain and enable material/manufacturing maturation, where needed, to meet the energetic material requirements of the current and future stockpile modernization programs.
  - Re-establish the production capability for titanium/potassium perchlorate (TKP) for ignitor production.
  - Complete work to develop a new hexanitrostilbene 1 qualification testing order to qualify future production of timer drivers for Neutron Generator production.
  - Further develop PBX-9751 as a candidate for future main charge production.
- Provide guidance and contract support for programmatic activities to obtain CD-3A for the HESFP.
- Begin preliminary design activities for the Energetics Material Characterization with a path to final design and CD-2/3.
- Obtain and demonstrate a new capability for insensitive high explosives qualification to hostile impulse environments by completing construction of a full-scale testing environment at SNL with a transition to readiness in FY 2024.
- Complete Insensitive High Explosive (IHE) qualification capability recapitalization at LLNL Site 300 to meet W80-4 IHE qualification deliverables.

Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

- Begin High Explosives production concept, facility, equipment, and automation design at the NSWC-IHD to establish reliable IHE production capability for LX-17 to support main charge FPU in FY 2029.
- Conduct pilot scale TATB synthesis and LX-17 formulation characterization to ensure LX-17 specification is realized in time for HESFP commissioning.
- Complete infrastructure upgrades to LLNL TATB synthesis pilot plant to support PBX-9502 specification development.
- Complete legacy LX-17 qualification to mitigate Holston Army Ammunition Plant production delays.
- Conduct LX-17 development and characterization for the W87-1.
- Demonstrate the nuclear security enterprise's ability to manufacture titanium subhydride (TiH1.65) through an advance equilibrium process to reconstitute titanium subhydride potassium perchlorate (THKP) production.

### FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Achieve CD-4 approval for HESE.
- Achieve CD-2/3 approval for HESFP (working to accelerate into FY 2023).
- Obtain CD-2/3 approval for EMC.
- Achieve WR production of PBX-9502 for the W80-4.
- Achieve WR production requirements out of NSWCIHD.
- Obtain material specification for LX-17 high explosive for the W87-1.
- Conduct the first full scale live-HE system vulnerability test simulating a cold x-ray environment.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed specification for Triaminotrinitrobenzene (TATB)/polymer-bonded explosives (PBX)-9502.
- Achieved CD-1 and awarded the preliminary and final design contract for HESFP.
- Redefined the machining parameters for NNSA Explosive Safety Committee review to decrease machining times.
- Completed Analysis of Alternatives in January 2021 for the EMC facility.
- Reduced identified risks to supply chains by completing third party testing to enable permanent shipping authorization of TKP-OP, TKP-IP, and THKP in support of W80-4 actuator production.
- Made significant progress towards reestablishing synthesis formulation of key IHE material components to be used in future Life Extension Programs (LEP).
- Obtained approval from the proponent organizations for revisions to IHE material and IHE subassembly qualification test description and criteria.
- Supported the procurement and installation of a stainless-steel filter pressat the Holston Army Ammunition Plant to enable higher levels of production within EPA limits and provide the correct gradation of TATB material required for NNSA specifications.
- Coordinated the return of LX-17 machine cutting from Holston Army Ammunition Plant as a means of ensuring a viable mitigation plan for the W87-1 main charge material requirements.
- Completed the Development Lot N1 and N2 of PBX 9502 for the B61-12, consisting of 7,500 lbs. total, at Holston Army Ammunition Plant.
- Completed the Development lot 2 and 3 of PBX-9502 for the W80-4, consisting of 9,000 lbs. total, at Holston Army Ammunition Plant.
- Completed an independent review to inform the implementation of a new capability for IHE qualification to hostile impulse requirements at full scale.
- Partnered with the DoD for additional upgrades to Holston Army Ammunition Plant (HSAAP) to further reduce toluene emissions and enable additional TATB production for both the DoD and DOE.

# **High Explosives and Energetics**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>High Explosives and Energetics \$67,370,000</li> <li>Consolidated the supplychain and procurements of HE&amp;E to be managed by one program.</li> <li>Facilitated modernization of the HE&amp;E infrastructure across the nuclear security enterprise.</li> <li>Established a modern and robust production and manufacturing capability.</li> <li>Enhanced Mark Quality production for next generation explosive components and materials at SNL.</li> <li>Provided guidance for energetics surveillance, weapon response, transportation, containers, and explosive/electrical environments.</li> <li>Supported OPCs for the HESE Line-Item Project.</li> <li>Supported the JASONs Summer Study on High Explosives Manufacturing Science.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>High Explosives and Energetics \$101,380,000</li> <li>Continue to facilitate modernization of the HE&amp;E infrastructure across the nuclear security enterprise.</li> <li>Achieve CD-3A for HESFP at Pantex to initiate early works and procurement of long leaditems.</li> <li>Continue to establish a modern and robust production and manufacturing capability.</li> <li>Continue to enhance Mark Quality production for next generation explosive components and materials at SNL.</li> <li>Continue to provide guidance for energetics surveillance, weapon response, and explosive/electrical environments.</li> <li>Produce high explosive material (LX-17 and LX-21) for the W87-1 program, reconstitute TKP-IP for energetic ignitors, process-prove-in PBX-9502 for the B61-12 and qualify PBX-9502 for the W80-4.</li> <li>Begin high explosives production work at the NSWC-IHD.</li> <li>Ex-17 specification development.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>High Explosives and Energetics +\$34,010,000</li> <li>Increase required to manage inflation to support sustainment, qualification, and modernization activities, including material production and infrastructure efforts, to maintain and modernize the stockpile</li> <li>Increase includes funding for facility design at the NSWC-IHD.</li> <li>Increase includes Interface Requirements Agreement (IRA) work at Pantex, SNL, and LLNL, including increased material costs and pilot plant parameter studies.</li> <li>Increase to cover the current OPC need in FY 2023</li> </ul>
23-D-516Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL \$0	23-D-516 Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL \$19,000,000	23-D-516Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL +\$19,000,000
• N/A	<ul> <li>Complete preliminary design activities including conducting a phased 30%, 60%, 90%, 100% design development.</li> <li>Complete DOE 413. 3b activities in preparation for a CD-2/3 decision.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supports preliminary design activities and preparation for a CD-2/3 decision.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX \$31,000,000	21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX \$108,000,000	21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX +\$77,000,000
<ul><li>Continue design activities.</li><li>Begin post-CD-1 activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Complete final design.</li> <li>Begin construction activities including implementing CD-3A requirements to approve site preparation and long-lead procurements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase required to begin construction activities.</li> </ul>
15-D-301, HE Science and Engineering Facility, PX \$43,000,000	15-D-301, HE Science and Engineering Facility, PX \$20,000,000	15-D-301, HE Science and Engineering Facility, PX -\$23,000,000
Complete preliminary design activities.	<ul> <li>Complete final site preparation.</li> <li>Begin construction with on-site mobilization.</li> <li>Execute main works construction contract.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects use of carryover to execute construction activities.</li> </ul>

### Production Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization

### Overview

The Secondary Capability Modernization program is responsible for restoring and increasing manufacturing capabilities for the secondary stage of nuclear weapons in the nuclear security enterprise. This includes ensuring the availability of strategic materials and other sub-component material streams that are managed by NNSA as well as modernizing the facilities and operations required to process these materials, fabricate, and assemble the final components. The program includes (1) Uranium Modernization (formerly Uranium Sustainment), (2) Depleted Uranium Modernization, (3) Lithium Modernization, (4) the Lithium Processing Facility (LPF), and (5) the Uranium Processing Facility (UPF).

#### Secondary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization

### Description

The Uranium Modernization program provides funding to modernize enriched uranium operations to ensure delivery of secondary components needed to maintain the stockpile and support Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program Nonproliferation programs.

Building 9212 at Y-12, which is more than 75 years old, contains the most hazardous enriched uranium operations and does not meet modern nuclear safety and security standards. The Uranium Modernization program implements elements of NNSA's Uranium Mission Strategy associated with decreasing mission dependency on Building 9212. This requires sustained resources across a multi-year period to systematically plan and execute all phases of this effort. Uranium Modernization specifically supports the transition of Building 9212 capabilities into existing facilities and the Uranium Processing Facility (UPF) as well as implementation of a coordinated transition strategy to end production operations in Building 9212 and begin post-operations deactivation and transition activities.

UPF will provide new floor space for enriched uranium casting, special oxide, and salvage capabilities. The UPF project includes a Main Process Building (MPB), Salvage and Accountability Building (SAB), Mechanical Electrical Building (MEB), Process Support Facilities (PSF), and various other support facilities. Constructing multiple facilities allows each facility to be designed and constructed with a level of safety and security appropriate for the hazards of each operation. UPF was baselined in March of 2018 for \$6,500,000,000. FY 2023 funding supports construction of the Main Process Building (MPB), Salvage and Accountability Building (SAB), and Process Support Facilities (PSF) subprojects.

The program also leverages capability relocations to modernize existing enriched uranium capabilities through the development and deployment of new technologies to reduce cost and improve manufacturing processes for nuclear weapon materials. These new technologies improve on existing Building 9212 capabilities by shortening production schedules, reducing risks, and enhancing personnel safety. For example, casting operations in UPF will use microwave technology, replacing the current vacuum induction melt process in Building 9212. The installation and operation of systems moving to enduring facilities will allow for the current high-hazard processes for producing purified uranium metal, processing low equity material, and processing uranium chips/turnings to be shut down.

Uranium Modernization manages material inventories to maintain improved safety posture and optimize composition of the inventory. Program funding also supports investments to extend the operational life of Y-12's Buildings 9215, 9204-2E and 9995. These two efforts will allow for safe and secure operations, including those relocated from Building 9212, in existing facilities through the 2040s. Uranium Modernization also implements a strategy to optimize limited space in the enriched uranium facilities to improve NNSA's responsiveness and resiliency for potential future production requirements.

The program also optimizes the utilization of Y-12's Building 9212 resources to supply the current stockpile with purified enriched uranium metal through 2023, while supporting the transition of new capabilities (e.g., Microwave Casting, Electrorefining, and Direct Chip Melt) into the new and enduring facilities. The program also provides a comprehensive storage capability to support a steady supply stream of material through peak production periods.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Continue activities that will allow NNSA to phase out mission dependency on Building 9212 by supporting the transition
  of enriched uranium capabilities into existing facilities and UPF and deactivating out-of-service systems in Building
  9212. Activities include the following:
  - Complete installation, complete pre-operational testing, and achieve beneficial occupancy for the calciner in Building 9212 to process low equity uranium solutions and an electrorefining capability in Building 9215 to purify uranium metal.
  - Conclude pre-operational testing and transition the direct chip melt front loading furnace to production in Building 9215 and advance the direct chip melt bottom loading furnace project through the DOE O 413.3B process.
  - Reestablish a uranium oxide to metal conversion capability.

Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

- Maintain working inventory levels of material to reduce safety and security risks in enduring facilities and optimize the material composition of the uranium inventory.
- Continue to implement a strategy to optimize limited space in enriched uranium facilities.
- Develop, sustain, and increase the reliability of uranium analytical and manufacturing capabilities to reduce risks.
- Extend the operational life of enduring enriched uranium facilities.
- Continue purified metal production.
- Reduce material inventory, deactivate systems and process and disposition of legacy materials to phase out mission dependency on Building 9212.
- Improve highly enriched uranium (HEU) feedstock quality before and during transition to the new and enduring facilities.

# FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Deactivate the wet chemistry process in Building 9212, reducing operational and safety risk in the facility.
- Initiate work to fabricate and install direct chip melt bottom-loading furnaces in Building 9215 to expand capacity of process chips.
- Advance the direct electrolytic reduction technology, which, with the electrorefining process, will provide the capability to convert uranium oxide to purified metal.
- Qualify the viability of casting enriched uranium parts using microwave technology, which is efficient and will improve the quality of the enriched uranium metal supply.
- Maintain Target Working Inventory, the minimum amount needed, within enduring facilities to enhance the safety of existing facilities that will be operational through the 2040s.
- Bridge the gap and reduce risk on an oxide conversion capability.
- Optimize quantity and quality of purified metal production.
- Update Highly Enriched Materials Facility capabilities to accommodate needs of the Uranium Processing Facility.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Produced five buttons with Production Operators utilizing the ER Development Glovebox system.
- Contracted for commercial solution to the uranium oxide to metal conversion capability gap.
- Established parameters for casting using microwave technology.
- Reduced risk by moving a quantity of material from production areas and into storage.
- Removed 10 pieces of out-of-service equipment in the enriched uranium production area to improve the flexibility and resiliency of operations.
- Deactivated 26 out-of-service systems to prepare for transitioning operations out of facilities, including Building 9212.

### **Uranium Modernization**

#### **Activities and Explanation of Changes**

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Uranium Modernization \$306,689,000	Uranium Modernization \$297,531,000	Uranium Modernization -\$9,158,000
<ul> <li>Continued activities that will allow NNSA to phase out mission dependency on Building 9212 by supporting the transition of enriched uranium capabilities into existing and new-build facilities and deactivating out-of-service systems in Building 9212.</li> <li>Produced five buttons with Production Operators utilizing the ER Development Glovebox system.</li> <li>Contracted for commercial solution to the uranium oxide to metal conversion capability gap.</li> <li>Produced purified enriched uranium feedstock to meet mission requirements.</li> <li>Established parameters for casting using microwave technology.</li> <li>Removed additional material from production areas and into storage.</li> <li>Deactivated additional systems to prepare for transitioning operations out of facilities, including Building 9212.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue activities that will allow NNSA to phase out mission dependency on Building 9212 by supporting the transition of enriched uranium capabilities into existing and new-build facilities and deactivating out-of-service systems in Building 9212.</li> <li>Complete installation, pre-operational testing, and achieve beneficial occupancy for the calciner in Building 9212 to process low equity uranium solutions and an electrorefining capability in Building 9215 to purify uranium metal.</li> <li>Continue development and execution of direct chip melt bottom-loading furnace to process machine turnings.</li> <li>Continue efforts to reestablish a uranium oxide to metal conversion capability and optimize metal supply.</li> <li>Continue material optimization efforts to reduce safety and security risks; achieve and maintain target working inventory levels and optimize the material composition of the uranium inventory.</li> <li>Improve existing manufacturing capabilities and optimize floor space for flexible production capacity in enriched uranium facilities.</li> <li>Extend the operational life of enduring enriched uranium facilities.</li> <li>Continue purified metal production.</li> <li>Deactivate systems and processing and disposition legacy materials to phase out mission dependency on Building 9212.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects transition from procurement and installation towards startup and commissioning activities for Electrorefining and Calciner projects.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	<ul> <li>Improve HEU feedstock quality before and during transition to the new and enduring facilities.</li> </ul>	
06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12 \$750,000,000	06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12 \$362,000,000	06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12 -\$388,000,000
<ul> <li>Continued construction of the Mechanical Electrical Building.</li> <li>Continued construction of the Process Support Facility.</li> <li>Continued construction and installation of process equipment for the Main Process Building and Salvage and Accountability Building</li> <li>Began Readiness/Start Up Activities for the Mechanical Electrical Building.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Execute contracts for the specialized equipment and bulk commodities needed for ongoing nuclear facility construction, leases, and for incremental commitments to previously awarded contracts to support progress on UPF.</li> <li>Complete construction for the Main Process Building and Salvage and Accountability Building.</li> <li>Begin startup testing and commissioning activities on the Main Process Building and Salvage and Accountability Building.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects transition from peak construction activities towards startup and commissioning activities.</li> </ul>

### Secondary Capability Modernization Depleted Uranium Modernization

### Description

The Depleted Uranium (DU) Modernization Program enables the restart of lapsed capabilities to ensure NNSA can meet imminent weapons delivery mission requirements. These capabilities lapsed in the early 2000s due to the reuse of materials, low demand signals, and prioritization of other activities. These capabilities include feedstock procurement, restarting and maintaining DU and DU-niobium alloying and manufacturing capabilities, and investing in key new technologies. The capability to produce, process, and handle depleted uranium supports several key missions within the nuclear security enterprise, from providing components for LEPs to the down-blending of HEU to low-enriched uranium.

DU modernization supports re-establishing a reliable supply of High Purity DU (HPDU) metal. The current supply runs out in FY 2030. The program also supports restarting and maintaining existing DU operations and DU-niobium alloying capabilities to meet current and future weapon component needs. The DU-niobium alloy is also referred to as binary. To produce new binary, Y-12 will need to restart the Vacuum Induction Melt (VIM) - Vacuum Arc Remelt (VAR) - VAR production process (aka, VIM- VAR- VAR) to produce binary ingots. The program will also modernize the wrought manufacturing and machining capabilities needed for component manufacturing. Lastly, DU modernization will train operators, develop procedures, and assist with process qualification activities at LANL and LLNL.

The program is also investing in key new technologies to modernize production and meet future demands. Direct Casting would improve the existing component manufacturing process by significantly reducing the risks of current equipment failure, reducing material waste, and improving process efficiency. The program is also pursuing other technologies to provide additional opportunities for material reuse and recycling to reduce mission risk, such as Electron Beam Cold Hearth Melting (CHM). These new technologies could improve both the DU-niobium alloying process as well as the production of DU and binary components.

### Depleted Uranium Modernization activities include the following:

- 1. Supply new High Purity DU (HPDU) metal feedstock by establishing a Depleted Uranium Tetrafluoride (DUF4) conversion capability.
- 2. Restart and maintain the VIM-VAR-VAR and component manufacturing processes at Y-12.
- 3. Develop, mature, and deploy key new technologies for insertion into production.
- 4. Track and execute risk mitigation strategies for DU feedstock supplies while setting up conversion capabilities.
- 5. Execute a bridging strategy to meet weapons deliverables through 2035 and increase component capacity with a mixture of modernized existing capabilities and new technologies.
- 6. Planning for the future Depleted Uranium Manufacturing Complex (DUMC).

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Execute strategy to re-establish a reliable supply of HPDU metal feedstock to meet mission requirements.
- Install newly procured equipment as part of the DU bridging strategy to mitigate risks associated with the aging material and component processes at Y-12.
- Startup critical VIM-VAR-VAR and wrought capabilities to support current and future weapon systems.
- Execute DU foundry modernization projects supporting binary production (e.g., 2nd VAR, Nitric Acid Tank, Swager).
- Develop technology for future insertion into production to reduce reliance on aging material and component processes, reduce material demands, and improve binary production efficiency. Technologies include Direct Cast and Cold Hearth Melting.
- Invest in DU storage capabilities and material modeling to ensure long-term availability of strategic materials.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Re-establish a reliable supply of HPDU metal feedstock to meet mission requirements by FY 2028.
- Execute DU bridging strategy to meet critical near-term mission requirements.
- Produce a qualified binary ingot by restarting lapsed manufacturing processes by FY 2024.
- Achieve Technical Readiness Level 7 (Full-scale, similar system demonstrated in relevant environment) for Cold Hearth Melting by FY 2024.

#### Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

- Implement investments as part of the DU bridging strategy to meet mission requirements through 2035.
- Increase storage capacities to provide a steady supply stream of material during peak production periods.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Conducted relevant analyses in support of the physics and engineering qualification for Direct Cast components, which is an important step in implementing the Bridging Strategy.
- Published a joint LLNL and LANL Binary Ingot Qualification Plan in support of VIM-VAR-VAR restart activities at Y-12, allowing the labs to have one specification for all weapon systems.
- Restarted LANL's development of the VAR furnace to enable the manufacture of development binary ingots, alleviating the risk of binary production and usage at Y-12.
- Completed engineering assessments of direct cast binary.
- Commissioned the CHM for future binary recycling and alloying.
- Production weld box (support equipment for VAR) was made operational.
- Initiated welding activities for 1st production VAR melts.
- Provided five binary ingots to Stockpile Programs with a prototype VAR.
- Completed installation and site acceptance testing of Direct Cast furnace to support advancement of technology and manufacturing readiness levels.

# Depleted Uranium Modernization

# Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Depleted Uranium Modernization \$110,915,000	FY 2023 Request Depleted Uranium Modernization \$170,171,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Depleted Uranium Modernization+\$59,256,000
<ul> <li>Re-established a reliable supply of HPDU metal feedstock to meet mission requirements.</li> <li>Restarted lapsed alloying and manufacturing capabilities to support future weapon systems.</li> <li>Supported technologies for alloy and component production to reduce waste and costs.</li> <li>Invested in DU storage capabilities and material modeling to ensure long-term availability of strategic materials.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Down select a path forward to establish a reliable supply of HPDU metal feedstock to meet mission requirements.</li> <li>Produce binary-ingots and test hardware and components with the newly restarted VIM-VAR-VAR and wrought capabilities to support current and future weapon systems.</li> <li>Develop and deploy new technologies further, such as Direct Cast and Cold Hearth Melting, to improve alloying and component production efficiencies.</li> <li>Establish more DU storage capabilities and conduct material modeling with new technology assumptions to ensure long-term availability of strategic materials.</li> <li>Install newly procured equipment as part of the DU bridging strategy to mitigate risks associated with the aging material and component processes at Y-12.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase is to invest in critical foundry modernization projects and activities to support Binary ingot production.</li> <li>Increase will support the execution of scope to modernize the historical wrought process to meet component manufacturing demand and mitigate reliability risks.</li> <li>Increase will support the DU Bridging Strategy by investing in activities and equipment needed to increase reliability and capacity for the existing wrought process (i.e., additional salt baths, annealing furnaces, lathes, direct cast furnaces, equipment controllers, etc.).</li> <li>Increase will support the activities to mitigate against HPDU schedule risks associated with the DUF4 conversion project.</li> <li>Increase is to perform operations supporting the development of the Cold Hearth Melter for binary recycling and alloying.</li> </ul>

### Secondary Capability Modernization Lithium Modernization

### Description

The Lithium Modernization program maintains the production of the nation's enriched lithium supply in support of Defense Programs, the DOE Office of Science, the Department of Homeland Security, and other customers. In addition, the program manages technology development that will improve the efficiency and reliability of the existing lithium capability and the Lithium Processing Facility (LPF).

Lithium materials for the nuclear weapons stockpile and other customers are currently processed in Y-12's Building 9204-2, a Manhattan Project-era building that has housed lithium processing since the 1950s. The historical processes are very corrosive in nature and have caused accelerated degradation to the facility. Additionally, the facility and its processes are oversized for today's mission, do not meet current codes/standards, and are well beyond their designed operational life.

The Lithium Modernization program supports operations for processing lithium materials to meet mission requirements. The program also plans and executes recapitalization projects and risk reduction activities to ensure that the current lithium processing capability is sustained until the LPF is operational in the 2030s. Additionally, the program is developing the operational release plan for startup and transition to full operations in LPF.

The program also supports the maturation of technologies and the development of process improvements that make lithium processing more efficient, safer to workers, and less impactful to surrounding infrastructure. In FY 2023, the Lithium Modernization program will begin an effort to increase lithium processing development and expertise to build future Lithium material SMEs across the enterprise, with key partnerships at LANL, LLNL, and PNNL.

### Lithium Modernization activities include the following:

- Produce and maintain the lithium material inventory to meet current mission requirements and customer deliverables.
- Purify and convert lithium materials to lithium hydride and/or lithium deuteride (LiH/LiD), which are the two types of lithium materials used for component production.
- Recapitalize process equipment and perform risk reduction activities to sustain process capabilities until LPF comes online.
- Develop, mature, and deploy lithium purification and production technologies in support of the LPF baseline and beyond.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Produce and maintain the lithium material supply to meet Defense Program (DP) mission and customer deliverables, including the maintenance of a configuration-controlled lithium supply and demand model.
- Continue to reestablish conversion and purification capabilities in support of near-term mission requirements.
- Maintain and recapitalize program equipment to reduce risk of single-point failures.
- Mature lithium technology alternatives for future deployment to improve processing efficiencies in support of the Lithium Strategy.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Install an additional capacity Crusher Grinder equipment to eliminate a critical path single point of failure in the lithium material stream.
- Ramp up staffing to support the transition from Building 9204-2 to LPF.
- Begin lithium process transitions in support of a future operational release plan, ultimately transitioning lithium operations to the Lithium Processing Facility and reducing lithium mission reliance on Building 9204-2.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed all Lithium material deliverables on schedule to support component production.
- Updated and validated Lithium supply and demand model to inform future investments and ensure an adequate lithium supply.

#### Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

- Completed restart of select lithium salvage operations to reclaim lithium from consumable materials prior to disposition.
- Migrated Lithium Integrated Master Schedule to classified system to better integrate and prioritize investments.
- Completed Lithium Crystallization and Material Conversion and Equipment Refurbishment (MCER) recapitalization projects required to supply lithium materials for near-term weapons deliverables.
- Updated Lithium Infrastructure Implementation Plan for recapitalization and risk reduction for the aging Building 9204-2.

## Lithium Modernization

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)			
Lithium Modernization \$39,400,000	Lithium Modernization \$68,661,000	Lithium Modernization +\$29,261,000			
<ul> <li>Continued Wet Chemistry and Material Conversion operations in support of requirements.</li> <li>Continued to process LiH and LiD in support of deliverables.</li> <li>Planned and began executing additional recapitalization of process equipment to sustain process capabilities.</li> <li>Planned and executed activities to reduce risk to the facility and process equipment.</li> <li>Planned rapid response processes for most likely operational failure modes.</li> <li>Continued the maturation of technologies for near term use.</li> <li>Continued to support LPF capital acquisition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Process LiH and LiD in support of deliverables.</li> <li>Plan and begin execution of Lithium Lab Area Upgrades project in support of requirements.</li> <li>Complete installation of additional evaporator (Bird Bath).</li> <li>Begin design and execution of Backup Crusher/Grinder project.</li> <li>Plan and prioritize activities in the Lithium Process Equipment Relocation risk reduction activity.</li> <li>Continue to plan and execute activities to reduce risk to the facility and process equipment.</li> <li>Plan rapid response processes for most likely operational failure modes.</li> <li>Continue the maturation of technologies for near term use.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase to fully fund minor construction projects including Lithium Lab Area Upgrades, Backup Crusher/Grinder project and the Lithium Process Equipment Relocation risk reduction activity.</li> </ul>			
18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12 \$109,405,000	18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12 \$216,886,000	18-D-690Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12 +\$107,481,000			
• This was under Infrastructure and Operations.	<ul> <li>Achieve CD-3A to authorize long lead procurements and site prep.</li> <li>Continue process design work.</li> <li>Continue facility design work.</li> <li>Execute long lead procurement fabrication contracts such as Crusher Grinder, Isostatic Press, and Machining Mill and Lathe complexes.</li> <li>Execute site preparation contract.</li> <li>Begin testing to achieve TRL 7 for homogenization (HMG) technology, a new technology for LPF that will improve material health.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase due to ramp up staffing, procurements, design work, and other on scope priorities as the project continues to work towards CD-2/3 to establish project baseline and begin construction.</li> </ul>			

#### Production Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment

## Overview

The Tritium Modernization and Domestic Uranium Enrichment (DUE) program is responsible for producing tritium and supplying unobligated low-enriched uranium to support national security needs. The program includes (1) Tritium Modernization and (2) Domestic Uranium Enrichment.

The Tritium Modernization program operates the national capability for producing, recovering, and recycling tritium. The Tritium supply chain's capacity is increasing as part of a multi-year plan to reliably meet national security requirements. DOE/NNSA produces new tritium by irradiating Tritium Producing Burnable Absorber Rods (TPBARs) in two of the Tennessee Valley Authority's (TVA's) light water reactors (Watts Bar 1 and 2) The TPBARs are inserted into fuel assemblies that contain low enriched uranium. Once irradiated for 18-months, the TPBARs are removed and then shipped to the Savannah River Site's (SRS's) Tritium Extraction Facility (TEF) where the tritium is extracted and loaded into gas bottles. SRS also recovers tritium from returned reservoirs. The recovered tritium is processed, added to existing tritium inventories, and made available for future use.

The DUE program is responsible for ensuring a reliable supply of enriched uranium to support national security. The DUE program provides unobligated, low-enriched uranium (LEU) for tritium production by managing existing uranium stocks and downblending HEU declared excess to national security needs. LEU inventories identified by the DUE program will sustain tritium production through 2044, at which point the United States will require a new domestic uranium enrichment capability to meet tritium production and other national security needs. The DUE program preserves and advances uranium enrichment technology for potential future deployment to meet national security needs.

### Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Tritium Sustainment and Modernization

## Description

The Tritium Sustainment and Modernization program operates the national capability for producing tritium. The Tritium supply chain's capacity is increasing as part of a multi-year plan to reliably meet national security requirements. Since FY 2003, NNSA has been producing tritium by irradiating TPBARs in the Watts Bar Nuclear Plant Unit 1 (nuclear power reactor) operated by TVA, during normal 18-month operating cycles. The tritium inventory is required to meet national security requirements including support for limited-life component exchanges of tritium reservoirs that are deployed in the stockpile. The program establishes tritium production schedules, based on detailed computational models and annual tritium reconciliations, to maintain required tritium inventories, including reserve quantities. Production planning takes into consideration the material that is constantly being recovered and recycled from deployed reservoirs, including those from weapon dismantlements.

FY 2023 funding for the Tritium Finishing Facility (TFF) at the Savannah River Site will continue support for process building preliminary design activities. The TFF project relocates critical capabilities currently housed in the 60-year-old H-Area Old Manufacturing (HAOM) facility. The infrastructure of this building has deteriorated and is well beyond expected end-of-life. These critical capabilities, housed in deteriorating facilities, create a substantial risk to the enduring Tritium Mission. Infrastructure failures, mainly electrical systems, have increased the frequency of production delays and led to increased safety, security, maintenance, and operating costs. The new facilities within the TFF project will adhere to the new and more stringent DOE/NNSA construction standards. TFF infrastructure is based on analyses of accidents/impacts of natural phenomena, such as earthquakes and high wind events.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Execute additional component procurements and TPBAR assemblies to satisfy increased production requirements.
- Commence irradiation of 1,792 TPBARs in WBN1 Cycle 18, complete irradiation of 544 TPBARs in WBN2 Cycle 04, and commence irradiation of a minimum of 1104 TPBARs in WBN2 Cycle 05.
- Proceed with implementation of tritium production assurance, including advanced mitigation planning for extended reactor outages.
- Conduct six extractions at the Tritium Extraction Facility (TEF), beginning the ramp-up to full operations mode.
- Maintain a purified tritium supply and enable delivery of tritium for national security needs.
- Disposition of helium-3 byproduct for U.S. government needs.
- Execute process system sustainment plan (PSSP) to refurbish or replace tritium processing equipment.
- Execute research and development (R&D) activities supporting extraction, recycle and recovery, risk mitigation activities, and technology maturation efforts.
- Provide OPC funding for the TFF line-item project.
- Complete preliminary design as currently scheduled.
- Work to complete activities in FY 2023 to support obtaining CD-2/3 earlier in FY 2024 for the Site Prep and Warehouse subproject.

### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Provide a cost-effective tritium supply chain that meets the inventory requirements.
- Fabricate and deliver ~14K TPBARs to TVA.
- TVA irradiate ~16K TPBARs in both WBN1 and WBN2.
- Complete ~46 shipments of irradiated TPBARs to the TEF (~14K TPBARs).
- Complete ~36 extractions at TEF (~11K TPBARs).
- Invest in measures to increase confidence in the tritium supply chain.
- Recycle, recover, and purify tritium and helium-3 byproduct.
- Support Weapons Engineering Tritium Facility (WETF) de-inventory mission at LANL.
- Provide a cost-effective tritium supply chain that meets the inventory requirements.
- Increase production to 2,800 grams of tritium over an 18-month reactor cycle by 2024.
- Further ramp up production levels, reliably producing 3,300 grams by 2025.
- Increase the number of yearly extractions at the TEF to eight by 2026.

## Weapons Activities/

### **Production Modernization**

- Maintain a purified tritium supply and enable delivery of tritium for national security needs.
- Disposition helium-3 byproduct for U.S. government needs.
- Execute process system sustainment plan (PSSP) to refurbish or replace tritium processing equipment.
- Initiate a CD-3A long-lead procurement of a mass spectrometer in FY 2024.
- Work toward CD-2 and CD-3 completion in early FY 2025.
- Begin construction in FY 2025.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Continued irradiation of 1,792 TPBARs in Cycle 17 in WBN1 reactor and 544 TPBARs in Cycle 4.
- Completed five extractions of 300 TPBARs at the TEF, procured one waste cask and dispositioned four extracted consolidation containers.
- Completed five shipments of TPBARs to TEF and one waste shipment from TVA to NNSS.
- Completed analytical chemistry for pellet lots to support all Cycle 18 and Cycle 5 core design options.
- Issued TPBAR Design Evolution Strategy Report.
- Received approval of FSLOCA LAR and prepared for implementation following refueling outages.
- Completed DryCask Test for >30 KW Loading and loaded 5 casks with greater heat load.
- Led Tritium Science Program studies at multiple DOE labs.
- Recovered and recycled tritium to meet NNSA requirements and managed helium-3 byproduct to not impact Gas Transfer System mission.
- Completed replacement of four HT-TCAP hydride beds.
- Completed CD-2/3 Task Analysis and Schedule.
- Completed Site Prep-Startup Testing Implementation Plan.
- Completed Safeguards and Security Requirements Identification Document.
- Awarded Fluor Affiliate Task Order 1.
- Completed Enercon Site Prep Design.
- Prepared an approved design performance baseline change proposal to develop a cost and schedule plan for the TFF.

### **Tritium Sustainment and Modernization**

### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)				
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization \$312,109,000	Tritium Sustainment and Modernization \$361,797,000	Tritium Sustainment and Modernization +\$49,688,000				
<ul> <li>Addressed technical issues for increasing TPBAR production and NRC licensing actions. Support WBN core design and core performance analysis.</li> <li>Received NRC approval for the LAR to implement BELOCA evaluation methodology for Watts Bar Units 1 and 2 tritium production.</li> <li>Started fabrication of 1,792 TPBARs for WBN1 Cycle 18 and a minimum of 864 TPBARs for WBN2 Cycle 05.</li> <li>Continued Cycle 17 irradiation of 1,792 TPBARs and loaded 544 TPBARs at WBN2 for Cycle 04.</li> <li>Conducted five TPBAR shipments to the TEF</li> <li>Continued design of TPBAR transportation cask and finalize performance work statement for transportation services.</li> <li>Conducted post-irradiation examination of pellet test samples from INL's ATR; conduct tritium experiments, analysis, and modeling to reduce production risks; and monitor industry developments of future technologies.</li> <li>Recovered, recycled, and purified tritium and disposition helium-3 byproduct.</li> <li>Executed R&amp;D activities to reduce and mitigate risk to extraction and recycle and recovery activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Execute additional component procurements and TPBAR assemblies to satisfy increased production requirements.</li> <li>Complete irradiation of 1,792 TPBARs in WBN1 Cycle 18, and 1104 TPBARs in WBN2 Cycle 05.</li> <li>Complete fabrication of 1,792 TPBARs for WBN1 Cycle 19 and 1300 TPBARs for WBN2 Cycle 06.</li> <li>Proceed with implementation of tritium production assurance, including advanced mitigation planning for extended reactor outages.</li> <li>Commence WBN1 Cycle 19 TPBAR Irradiation.</li> <li>High-capacity TPBAR transport cask delivery.</li> <li>Conduct nine TPBAR shipments to the TEF. Ship low-level hardware waste to NNSS.</li> <li>Conduct six extractions at the Tritium Extraction Facility (TEF), beginning the ramp-up to full operations mode.</li> <li>Maintain a purified tritium supply and enable delivery of tritium for national security needs.</li> <li>Disposition helium-3 byproduct for U.S. government needs.</li> <li>Execute process system sustainment plan (PSSP) to refurbish or replace tritium processing equipment.</li> <li>Execute research and development (R&amp;D) activities supporting extraction, recycle and recovery, risk mitigation activities, and technology maturation efforts.</li> <li>Provide OPC funding for the Tritium Finishing Facility line-item project.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased production requirements that necessitate additional TPBAR assemblies and irradiation costs.</li> <li>Increased funding will allow additional licensing of TVA reactors beyond 1,792 TPBARs to allow NNSA flexibility in meeting future tritium production requirements.</li> <li>Increased funding will allow a Spent Fuel Pool Rerack: A high-density rerack would ease the fue selection issues for dry cask loads and provide schedule flexibility, should a cask-loading campaign need to be cut short or a full-core offload is necessary.</li> <li>Increased funding for a Hot and Cold Nitrogen Replacement: Funding to procure long lead items to support TCAP column A and Hot and Cold nitrogen outage.</li> </ul>				

Production Modernization

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRNS \$27,000,000	18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRNS \$73,300,000	18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRNS +\$46,300,000		
<ul> <li>Hired an architect-engineer subcontractor to advance the design from 5% complete towards 30% complete.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete Preliminary Design as currently scheduled but ramp up Final Design, allowing Final Design to complete 3-6 months earlier.</li> <li>Work to complete activities in FY 2023 to support obtaining CD-2/3 earlier in FY 2023 for the Site Prep and Warehouse subproject.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased funding to complete Final Design 3-6 months earlier than initially planned.</li> <li>Increased funding to complete activities in FY 2023 to support obtaining CD-2/3 earlier in FY 2023 for the Site Prep and Warehouse subproject.</li> </ul>		

### Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Domestic Uranium Enrichment

## Description

The Domestic Uranium Enrichment program is responsible for ensuring a reliable supply of enriched uranium to support U.S. national security needs. Since the closure of the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant in 2013, the United States has lacked the capability to produce enriched uranium free of peaceful use obligations (i.e., unobligated). DOE/NNSA requires unobligated enriched uranium to fuel reactors that produce tritium for nuclear weapons and to power the nuclear Navy. The DUE program is implementing a three-pronged strategy to supply current enriched uranium needs and re-establish a supply of enriched uranium to meet long-term needs. First, NNSA seeks to ensure and extend availability of its unobligated LEU fuel supply through 2044 by down-blending excess HEU. Second, DUE is preserving and advancing uranium enrichment expertise and technology to meet current and future U.S. government needs. Third, DUE is executing the acquisition process to re-establish a long-term supply of enriched uranium to support future U.S. national security needs.

## Domestic Uranium Enrichment activities include the following:

- 1. Manage Departmental uranium inventories to support tritium production, including down-blending of excess HEU.
- 2. Preserve and advance uranium enrichment expertise and technology.
- 3. Execute the acquisition process to deploy a domestic uranium enrichment capability.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Continue down-blending of HEU from existing uranium inventory to provide LEU fuel for tritium production.
- Continue to seek and secure additional sources of unobligated enriched uranium to support the tritium production mission.
- Preserve and advance uranium enrichment expertise and technology for current and future U.S. national security
  needs through the Domestic Uranium Enrichment Centrifuge Experiment (DUECE) centrifuge technology research and
  development.
- Continue the acquisition process towards *Approval of Alternative Selection and Cost Range* (CD-1) for a domestic uranium enrichment capability.

### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Complete down-blending campaign in FY 2025 to provide additional LEU fuel for tritium production.
- Perform final down-select for a domestic uranium enrichment technology in the mid-2020s.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Continued down-blending campaign, which successfully delivered unobligated LEU on schedule.
- Secured additional unobligated LEU held at the Portsmouth, OH cleanup site, which provided an additional 1.5 reloads and, when combined with the ongoing down-blending campaign, extended the need date for LEU fuel for tritium production to 2044.
- Successfully tested DUECE small centrifuge design at Oak Ridge National Laboratory in a demonstration cascade on uranium gas.
- Continued the acquisition process towards Approval of Alternative Selection and Cost Range CD-1 for a domestic uranium enrichment capability.

## Domestic Uranium Enrichment

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Domestic Uranium Enrichment \$160,000,000	Domestic Uranium Enrichment \$144,852,000	Domestic Uranium Enrichment -\$15,148,000
<ul> <li>Continued down-blending campaign to extend the need date for LEU fuel for tritium production to 2044.</li> <li>Worked to identify additional sources of unobligated enriched uranium to support the tritium production mission.</li> <li>Continued to preserve and advance uranium enrichment expertise and technology to meet current and future U.S. national security needs.</li> <li>Continued the acquisition process for a domestic uranium enrichment capability.</li> <li>Continued HEU Downblend campaign to extend the need date for LEU fuel for tritium production.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue down-blending campaign to extend the need date for LEU fuel for tritium production.</li> <li>Continue to seek and secure additional sources of unobligated enriched uranium to support the tritium production mission.</li> <li>Continue to preserve and advance uranium enrichment expertise and technology to meet current and future U.S. government needs.</li> <li>Continue the acquisition process for a domestic uranium enrichment capability.</li> <li>Begin design activities for an enrichment technology pilot plant, if appropriate.</li> <li>Complete DUECE Demonstration Cascade 2 Minor Construction project at ORNL.</li> <li>HEU Downblend funding requested under the Domestic Uranium Enrichment funding line in FY 2023.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects program plan to spend down prior year carryover.</li> <li>Funding for HEU down-blending, which had previously been appropriated in a separate HEU Downblend line, is now included in the Domestic Uranium Enrichment line.</li> <li>Increased scope of centrifuge development as the program advances towards larger-scale demonstration. Specifically, this includes increases in R&amp;D personnel and long-lead procurements for the DUECE Demonstration Cascade 2 experiment.</li> </ul>

### Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Uranium Reserve

## Description

The Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Energy (DOE/NE), in coordination with NNSA, worked to develop and implement the Uranium Reserve program in FY 2021. DOE/NE and NNSA are planning to establish a uranium reserve by procuring uranium and conversion services for that uranium, storing the domestically produced natural uranium hexafluoride (UF₆) at commercial facilities in the United States, and developing governance processes and criteria for the material's end use. No funds are requested for this program in FY 2023.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

• No funds from NNSA are requested for this program in FY 2023.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

• A Request for Information (RFI) was released in FY2021 to inform the procurement strategy for the Uranium Reserve.

#### **Uranium Reserve**

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Uranium Reserve \$75,000,000	Uranium Reserve \$0	Uranium Reserve -\$75,000,000
<ul> <li>As directed by Congress, NNSA is working with the DOE Office of Nuclear Energy to develop a plan for the Uranium Reserve.</li> </ul>	• No funding requested for FY 2023.	<ul> <li>Decrease in funding for the Uranium Reserve which is not requested for FY 2023.</li> </ul>

### Production Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization

## Description

The Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization program manages projects and executes strategies to modernize, monitor, and ensure enduring availability of non-nuclear capabilities and capacities for multiple weapon systems. Non-nuclear components are a significant portion of the costs for the weapons systems due to the number of parts, complexity, and testing of the warhead. This program provides management and oversight of strategic investments to modernize capabilities for design, qualification, production, and sustainment of non-nuclear components for multiple weapon systems. NNCM provides increased capability and capacity, as well as development of strategies, processes and new capabilities, and programmatic equipment for production of non-nuclear components.

## Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization activities include the following:

- 1. Procure equipment to meet non-nuclear component manufacturing capacity requirements.
- 2. Increase in capacity and capability of non-nuclear component manufacturing within the nuclear security enterprise and extend and strengthen the trusted supplier base.
- 3. Sustain NNSA's capability to produce trusted microelectronics.
- 4. Recapitalize critical capabilities for the design, production, and qualification of nuclear weapon electrical and mechanical systems.
- 5. Modernize capabilities with a fragile vendor base such as those supporting Power Sources program deliverables.
- 6. Reduce component manufacturing costs through introduction of modernized processes and technologies.
- 7. Develop and implement a front-end assurance system model for commercial-off-the-shelf (COTS) parts to reduce risk in weapons modernization programs.
- 8. Address specific weaknesses in NNSA's industrial base and supply chain risks due to commercial technology trends and domestic market conditions through a strategic approach to implementing mitigation activities that address multiple-program and cross-site risks.
- 9. Identify and monitor materials used in nuclear weapons that are at risk of obsolescence, discontinuation, scarceness, unavailability, or usability issues.
- **10.** Modernize production of non-nuclear components through long range planning and OPC activities for line items.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Expand KCNSC manufacturing capacity to meet program of record (PoR) production requirements.
- Procure tools and equipment for the development, production, testing, qualification, and sustainment of power sources.
- Procure fabrication tools and equipment to enable continued manufacturing of trusted strategic radiation hardened (TSRH) microsystems at the MESA complex for the nuclear weapon stockpile.
- Refurbish SNL's SATURN X-Ray effects testing capabilities, which are critical to ensuring that non-nuclear components can survive the complex and extreme environments of the Stockpile to Target Sequence.
- Refurbish SNL's ACRR radiation testing facility, which is critical for qualification and surveillance testing of all weapons systems.
- Develop and implement a front-end assurance system model for COTS parts to reduce risk in weapons modernization programs.
- Procure production tools and equipment to enable manufacturing of Neutron Generators for the nuclear weapons stockpile.
- Develop thermal spray production capability needed to meet requirements of modernization systems.
- Continue strategic sourcing risk mitigation project to prioritize and implement low-cost high-payoff mitigation actions to target distressed commodities and vendors and implement commodity strategies that reduce overall supply chain risks.
- Continue implementation of an enterprise-wide effort for early identification of at-risk-materials and development of solutions to avoid mission supply chain interruptions.
- Begin funding responsibility for programmatic equipment acquisition and maintenance (previously funded in Infrastructure and Operations) for Accelerator (including facilities such as SATURN and HERMES) and Major Environmental Test Facilities (METF) at SNL.

#### Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

• Obtain CD-0 for the Microelectronics Heterogeneous Integration Facility (HIFac) line-item project.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Complete KCNSC short-term expansion plan, FY 2026.
- Obtain CD-1 (Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range) for Power Sources Capability, FY 2024.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Expanded KCNSC manufacturing capacity to meet PoR production requirements through 2026.
- Procured fabrication tools and equipment to enable continued manufacturing of trusted strategic radiation hardened (TSRH) microsystems at the MESA complex for the nuclear weapon stockpile.
- Began refurbishment of SNL's SATURN X-Ray effects testing capabilities, which are critical to ensuring that non-nuclear components can survive the complex and extreme environments of the Stockpile to Target Sequence.
- Developed and implemented a front-end assurance system model for COTS parts to reduce risk in we apons modernization programs.
- Initiated development of thermal spray production capability needed for future systems.
- Supported establishing a university-led Center of Excellence to focus on developing new additive and advanced manufacturing techniques, technologies, and methodologies to evaluate, diagnose, and control materials for production and manufacturing purposes.

# Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)				
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization				
\$107,137,000	\$123,084,000	+\$15,947,000				
<ul> <li>Modernized environmental testing, power source production, and trusted radiation-hardened microelectronics capabilities at SNL.</li> <li>Studied process improvements to reduce manufacturing costs across the enterprise.</li> <li>Expanded manufacturing capability at KCNSC to address increased capacity needs due to increased LEP requirements.</li> <li>Developed and began implementation of a front-end assurance system model for COTS parts to reduce risk in weapons modernization programs.</li> <li>Initiated development of thermal spray production capability for modernization programs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue expanding manufacturing capability at KCNSC to address increased capacity needs for PoR requirements through 2026.</li> <li>Continue OPC funding for the Power Source Capability (PSC) and Heterogeneous Integration Facility line-item projects.</li> <li>Continue development of thermal spray production capability for modernization programs.</li> <li>Continue to modernize environmental testing, power source development, and trusted radiation-hardened microelectronics capabilities at SNL.</li> <li>Continue implementation of a front-end assurance system model for COTS parts to reduce risk in weapons modernization programs.</li> <li>Support for modernization efforts for radiation testing facility at SNL (ACRR).</li> <li>Continue implementation of the Tester Transformation Initiative to establish a means for pre-qualifying testers to a common DA/PA platform.</li> <li>Procure production tools and equipment to enable continued manufacturing of Neutron Generators for the nuclear weapons stockpile.</li> <li>Replace Power Sources programmatic equipment beyond service life for use in Agile Facility and PSC.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase will fund the inclusion of Accelerator and METF programmatic equipment maintenance and procurement requirements at SNL.</li> <li>Increase for support for modernization efforts for radiatio testing facility (ACRR) at SNL.</li> <li>Increase to improve tester requirements and ensure that designs and hardware meet requirements for the Tester Transformation Initiative at SNL.</li> <li>Increase for the Development of industrial base and suppl chain strategic approach to implement mitigation activitie that address multiple-program and cross-site risks.</li> </ul>				

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	<ul> <li>Continue studies of process improvements to reduce manufacturing costs across the enterprise.</li> </ul>	

## Production Modernization Capability Based Investments

## Description

The Capability Based Investments (CBI) program executes projects to replace or enhance core enterprise capabilities through recapitalization of high risk of failure test, measurement, and production equipment. CBI addresses enduring, multi-program requirements through discrete, short-duration projects. These investments recapitalize scientific and manufacturing capabilities that have degraded due to aging, broken, or outdated equipment and supporting systems. CBI activities primarily include capital equipment purchases and minor construction projects that enable installation and use of the equipment and associated capabilities. These investments address needs beyond any single facility, campaign, or weapon system and are essential to achieving DP mission objectives. The CBI portfolio reduces programmatic risk to mission across the nuclear security enterprise and ensures needed capabilities are available for stockpile stewardship, sustainment, and modernization.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

• Table I shows the planned CBI projects to be executed with FY 2023 funding based on the status of enterprise infrastructure as of April 2022. This plan may need to be updated before the FY 2023 execution year to respond to changing infrastructure conditions and requirements.

## Table I

National Nuclear Security Administration Capability Based Investments Planned FY 2023 Recapitalization Projects - As of April 2022				
Site	Project Name	FY 2023 Allocation (\$K)		
	Development Laboratory Modernization	1,000		
	Special Application Machining Modernization	1,200		
KCNSC	Gas Transfer Systems Production Modernization	2,500		
	Analytic Lab Equipment	1,000		
	Assembly and Electrical Fabrication Equipment	2,300		
Subtotal,	Kansas City National Security Campus	8,000		
	Applied Material Engineering Consolidation	7,800		
	LEP Equipment Capabilities Replacement Project	11,560		
	Stockpile to Target Sequence Environmental Capabilities	5,490		
LLNL	Detonation and Dynamic Diagnostic Deployment	1,911		
	Site 300 Firing and Control System Modernization	2,239		
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	1,000		
Subtotal,	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	30,000		
	Fabricate pRad Outer Vessel	3,000		
	Forming and Fabrication Equipment Upgrades at Sigma (New Press)	5,400		
	TRU Waste GloveBox Field Installation	6,200		
LANL	PF-4 Trolley Buss Bar Refurbishment	3,060		
	DARHT Reliability Capability Upgrades, Phase II	2,340		
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	1,000		
Subtotal,	Los Alamos National Laboratory	21,000		
	Programmatic Mission Power Equipment	2,500		
	U1a Diagnostics Control Connectivity	1,500		
	Multi-Axis Lathe/Mill Replacement	2,500		
NNSS	Calibration Laboratory Capacity Upgrade	2,500		
	U1a Ventilation	2,500		
	High Explosives Assembly Capability	2,500		
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	1,000		
Subtotal	Nevada National Security Site	15,000		
	Mass Properties Measurement Machine - Bay 12 (Replacement)	3,000		
	SNM Component Staging Facility (SNMCRF) (Replacement)	4,000		
PX	Procure Three Lathes for Production Tooling	1,200		
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	2,000		
Subtotal	Pantex Plant	10,200		
	Major Environmental Test Facilities Refurbishments and Upgrades	8,250		
SNL	Primary Standards Lab (PSL) Equipment	990		
5.12	Accelerators Upgrades	1,320		

Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

National Nuclear Security Administration Capability Based Investments Planned FY 2023 Recapitalization Projects - As of April 2022			
Site	Project Name	FY 2023 Allocation (\$K)	
	Tonopah Test Range Equipment Refurbishment	500	
	Electrical Sciences Equipment Recapitalization	4,120	
	Reactor Equipment	1,320	
	Neutron Diagnostic (ND) Programs Equipment Recapitalization	1,000	
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	1,000	
Subtotal,	Sandia National Laboratories	17,500	
	Replace Inert Met Lab Scanning Electron Microscope	1,700	
SRS	Replace Film Radiography in Finishing Gloveboxes, FL4&5	1,200	
343	Mass Spec Replacement Project #1B	3,000	
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	1,000	
Subtotal, Savannah River Site		6,900	
	Dimensional Standards Lab HVAC (AHU-108)	2,500	
	Gear Lab HVAC (AHU-109)	500	
Y12	Install Leitz Infinity CMM (1&2)	2,700	
National Security	Leitz Infinity CMM #2 (M32/48)	2,700	
Campus	225 kV Microfocus/450 kV CT	2,900	
	225 kV Microfocus CT	2,900	
	Additional 5 Axis Mill	4,000	
Subtotal,	Subtotal, Y-12 National Security Complex		
	Flexible Production Capacity Initiative	3,000	
	Corporate Reserves, Taxes and Assessments	4,627	
	CBI Planning, Design, Program Management and Reserves	19,793	
Grand To	al, Capability Based Investments	154,220	

### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Meet current commitments that enable W80-4 and W87-1 modernization programs by FY 2025.
- Complete equipment replacement and refurb projects at LANL that support the roadmap to 30 pits per year.
- Modernize sub-critical testing capabilities used for stockpile assessment, NEP design, and weapon certification activities to support planned sub-crit schedules.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Replaced PF4 trolley control cabinets, LANL.
- Established metal additive manufacturing capability, Y12.
- Established Laser Powder Bed Fusion (LPBF) Capability, KCNSC.
- Supported new DA/PA integrated Polymer Enclave, LLNL.
- Re-constituted DARHT confinement vessel production capability, LANL.
- Completed design for new WETL High-G centrifuge, SNL.

# **Capability Based Investments**

FY 2021 Enacted Capability Based Investments \$149,117,000	FY 2023 Request Capability Based Investments \$154,220,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Capability Based Investments +\$5,103,000
<ul> <li>Program was under Infrastructure and Operations.</li> <li>CBI provided targeted, strategic investments for life-extension and modernization of enduring requirements needed to sustain Defense Programs' capabilities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Table I contains the current FY 2023 project plan as of February 2022. CBI project funds are allocated in accordance with planned priorities but retain the flexibility to adjust efforts to address emerging changes in priorities and unplanned programmatic equipment failures.</li> </ul>	• The increase provides for the expansion of the Flexible Production Capacity Initiative, which identifies and removes out-of-service equipment in active production areas to create usable space, adding flexibility and agility for new and existing mission.

### Production Modernization Planning for Programmatic Construction

## Description

This program consolidated funding for planning activities necessary to approve mission need and approve alternative selection and cost range for a portfolio of mission needs and related project proposals at multiple NNSA sites: The Power Sources Capability (PSC), SNL; Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing (CREST), SNL; Energetic Materials Characterization Facility (EMCF), LANL; Heterogeneous Integration Facility (HIFac), SNL.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- NNSA is not requesting funding in the Planning for Programmatic Construction (pre-CD-1) line. These activities will be funded within the sponsoring programs.
- The shift to account for pre-CD-1 funds at the program level more directly allocates other project cost (OPC) funds to prioritized projects.
- This shift does not reflect an overall decrease of \$10M, rather it moved accounting for the funds associated with the scope from the "Planning for Programmatic Construction" funding line to specific programs.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

Activities included the development of mission need and project requirements documents, cost estimates, analyses of alternatives, acquisition strategies, conceptual designs, and other important pre-CD-1 documentation.

# Planning for Programmatic Construction

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Planning for Programmatic Construction	Planning for Programmatic Construction	Planning for Programmatic Construction
\$10,000,000	\$0	-\$10,000,000
<ul> <li>Pre-CD1 activities to mature planning for CREST, EMCF, PSC, HIFAC and NNCC.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No funds are requested at the planning for Programmatic Construction line. The shift to account for pre-CD-1 funds at the program level more directly allocates other project cost (OPC) funds to prioritized projects rather than at the Defense Programs level.</li> </ul>	• This decrease reflects a shift in accounting for the funds associated with the scope from the "Planning for Programmatic Construction" line in specific programs.

## Production Modernization Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	301,336	494,716	460,447	+159,111
Minor Construction	N/A	-	67,172	79,096	135,155	+155,877
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A		368,508	573,812	595,602	+214,988
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	131,917	134,819	137,785	+5,868
Expanded Flash X-Ray System, LLNL	5,556	2,967	2,589	0	0	-2,589
DAF Glovebox Exhaust System, LLNL	24,000	0	0	24,000	0	0
Next Generation Machining and Assembly for High Volume Pit Production, LLNL	8,915	0	0	8,915	0	0
DAF Pit Certification support gloveboxes, LLNL	7,100	0	0	0	0	0
DAF pit residue processing gloveboxes, LLNL	8,600	0	0	0	0	0
DAF End of Life equipment replacement, LLNL	13,500	0	0	0	0	0
Forming & Fabrication Equipment Upgrades at Sigma (New Press), LANL	8,300	0	0	8,300	0	0
TRU Waste Glovebox Field Installation, LANL	8,000	0	0	8,000	0	0
TRU Waste Glovebox Project, LANL	17,843	2,719	6,599	6,080	2,445	-4,154
Foundry Upgrades Parts Staging (Previously Foundry Upgrades Phase 3), LANL	26,533	2,390	2,238	6,048	15,857	+13,619
LANL	10,128	4,602	1,000	4,526	0	-1,000
Final Machining #2 (Previously T-Base #1 Replacement), LANL	32,938	1,870	2,833	24,732	3,503	+670
Subassembly Installation, LANL	10,554	0	0	3,340	0	0
Immersion Density, LANL	10,459	3,423	1,586	3,145	2,305	+719
Heat Treat (90%), LANL	16,742	0	1,568	15,174	0	-1,568
CNC Lathe (90%), LANL	13,361	2,780	1,759	2,408	6,414	+4,655
Machining Parts Staging #1 (Previously Machining (Parts Staging)), LANL	18,163	0	2,142	8,018	8,003	+5,861
Machining Parts Staging #2, LANL	20,694	0	1,735	6,832	0	-1,735
Foundry Immersion Density, LANL	8,907	1,476	1,394	1,274	0	-1,394
Coordinate Measurement Machine (CMM) #2, LANL	44,713	26,650	6,798	7,504	3,761	-3,037

Weapons Activities/

**Production Modernization** 

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Turnings Consolidation glovebox (Previously Install new turnings consolidation						
glovebox), LANL	35,000	0	0	0	0	0
Microscopy Upgrades Project (MUP) (Previously Microprobe - TA-55), LANL	22,467	0	6,022	8,481	7,964	+1,942
Basement Radiography Upgrades, LANL	20,376	-		3,032	6,777	+2,358
Aqueous Nitrate Evaporator Upgrades (Prevously AQ-Nitrate Upgrades), LANL	12,336			0	0	_,0
Aqueous Nitrate Cement Fixation Upgrades, LANL	12,689		0	0	0	0
PPCW (Positive Pressure Chilled Water Upgrades) (Previously Chilled Water and	12,005	Ũ	Ŭ	0	0	Ũ
Compressed Air), LANL	8,300	0	0	1,795	0	0
Process Compressed Air Upgrades (PCA), LANL	8,701		0	1,792	0	0
TIMS #3 into RLUOB, LANL	8,612		0	2,856	0	0
Room 126 MR&R Upgrade, LANL	22,873		8,388	4,722	0	-8,388
PF-4 nuclear material vault storage upgrade, LANL	6,500		3,000	2,500	0	-3,000
AQ-Nitrate Recovery Upgrades (Previously Oxide Roast Glovebox), LANL	10,486			8,886	0	-3,000
			0		-	-
Size Reduction Press GB Installation, LANL	18,895		0	7,600	0	0
Electrorefining Line MC&A GB, LANL	12,867		0	12,867	0	0
D&D Bostomatic, LANL	9,226		3,300	2,305	0	-3,300
Manufacturing Modernization Project (MMP), LANL	32,768		4,836	4,633	6,673	+1,837
CaCl2 "Salt Preparation", LANL	6,031		0	6,031	0	0
T-Base #2 (D&D and Replacement), LANL	30,500		0	0	30,500	+30,500
Install ICP-MS Multi-Collector into RLUOB (Neptune), LANL	6,187		1,787	4,400	0	-1,787
Install Introductory Box XB #1, LANL	14,201		0	3,033	0	0
Load Frame Installation, LANL	14,475		1,392	3,202	9,881	+8,489
MC Upgrades at TFF - GLADOS Lab, LANL	7,596		0 0	7,596	0 24,000	0 +24,000
Drill and Press D&D and Replacement, LANL LANL PF-4 Relocated Vault Administrative Area, LANL	24,290 5,296		0	0 0	5,296	+24,000 +5,296
Parts Radiography, LANL	5,290		0	0	5,290	+5,000
Tunneling Electron Microscope, LANL	8,000		0	8,000	3,000	+3,000 0
DUF4 Conversion Line, PPPO	123,780		15,000	6,000	30,000	+15,000
Replace Three 5-Axis Mills, 12-121, PX	9,812		3,312	5,000	1,500	-1,812
High-G Surveillance Testing Centrifuge (WETL, Pantex), SNL	8,700			3,900	1,500	-4,800
KLA CIRCL with BFI Altair Module (previously KLA2367 Bright Field Inspection Tool),	0,700	0	4,000	3,300	0	4,000
SNL	5,536	0	5,536	0	0	-5,536
Polymide Track & Oven (T&O), SNL	5,625		5,625	0	0	-5,625
High Current Ion Implanter, SNL	6,165		5,025	6,165	0	-5,025
Monone Activities /	0,200	Ū	0	0,200	0	Ū

Weapons Activities/

**Production Modernization** 

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)							
Solvent Spray System, SNL	6,260	0	0	6,260	0	0	
Flexible Production Stepper (previously I-line Multiple Wafer Size Stepper (ASML1							
Replacement)), SNL	12,580	0	0	0	0	0	
Rapid Thermal Annealing (RTA) Tool, SNL	5,000		0	-,	0	0	
Oxide CMP AMAT Mirra MESA, SNL	5,475		0	-	0	0	
Production Plating Tool (previously Production Plating System), SNL	8,125		0	-	8,125	+8,125	
SCREEN SU-2000 Backside Clean, SNL	5,500	0	0	0	0	0	
3" Capable Production Stepper Tool (previously XLS Stepper Tool - ASML PAS-5500	0 225	0	0	0	0	0	
(GCA4 Replacement)), SNL	8,235		0	-	-	0	
FSI-Tel Track (ASML1), SNL	10,615		0	0	10,615	+10,615	
Tonopah Test Range Radar #1, SNL	17,500	0	0	0	17,500	17,500	
Tonopah Test Range Radar #2, SNL	17,500	0	0	0	0	0	
WB20/WB22 Replacement, SNL	5,100	0	0	0	0	0	
CMP Planarization Tool - AMAT Mirra, SNL	5,125	0	0	0	0	0	
Diffusion Furnace Replacements (Qty 5), SNL	16,250	0	0	0	0	0	
Tritium Extraction Facility (TEF) Spare Furnace, SRS	24,000	0	0	24,000	0	0	
Electropolish Equipment (previously Establish Electropolishing Capability), Y-12	6,000	0	6,000	0	0	-6,000	
Vapor Degreasing/Ultrasonic Cleaning Station, Y-12	6,000	0	0	6,000	0	0	
15 MeV Linatron, 9204-2E, Y-12	6,700	3,300	3,400	0	0	-3,400	
Low Temperature Thermal Decomposition (LTTD) Oven, Y-12	7,500	0	7,500	0	0	-7,500	
Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), Y-12	6,089	0	0	2,332	3,757	+3,757	
CNC Jig Grinder, Y-12	5,500	0	0	0	0	0	
9204-2E Enhanced Backfill Station, Y-12	6,000		0	0	6,000	+6,000	
Calciner, Y-12	107,817		27,000		547	-26,453	
Front Loading Furnace, Y12 (Formerly Machine Chip Processing Furnace 1), Y-12	20,200	17,200	3,000	0	0	-3,000	

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)					,		
Direct Chip Melt Bottom Loading Furnace (formerly Bottom Loading Furnace), Y12 ^a	211,600	23,600	7,700	19,863	31,543	+23,843	
Electrorefining, Y-12	101,000	89,441	10,421	1,138	0	-10,421	
Service Hood System, Y-12	7,645	7,000	645	0	0	-645	
Special Materials Equipment, Y-12	30,000	0	0	0	0	0	
DUM Direct Cast Production Furnace Execution (formerly Direct Casting Production							
Furnace), Y-12	32,000	0	0	0	12,000	+12,000	
Bldg. 9215 UCI3 STAR, Y-12	7,500	0	1,500	3,000	3,000	+1,500	
DUM Foundry Nitric Acid Tank Installation, Y-12	8,100	0	0	8,100	0	0	
DUM A2 Wing New Weldbox Installation, Y-12	16,597	0	0	1,597	15,000	+15,000	
DUM Rolling Mill Controller Installation, Y-12	9,306	315	2,595	2,500	3,896	+1,301	
DUM Rolling Building 9215 High Temperature Salt Bath 350B Installation, Y-12	12,800	0	0	0	12,800	+12,800	
DUM Rolling Annealing Furnace Installation, Y-12	20,960	0	0	960	10,000	+10,000	
DUM Rolling 9215 Stack 11 Replacement, Y-12 (formerly Stock 11 Replacement, Y-12)	7,000	0	0	7,000	0	0	
9204-02 Additional Bird Bath Crystallizer, Y-12	7,500	0	0	7,500	0	0	
DUM 9201-01 Vertical Turning Lathe Execution, Y-12	7,000	0	0	3,000	4,000	+4,000	
DUM Machining 3 A5NW 5-Axis Machines Execution (PD3M5AME), Y-12	6,000	0	0	0	6,000	+6,000	
DUM 9215 P Wing Vacuum Furnace Execution (PD3PWVFE), Y-12	8,000	0	0	0	8,000	+8,000	
DUM 3500T Press Control Upgrade, Y-12	12,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Machine Dust Transfer Station, Y-12	6,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	301,336	494,716	460,447	+159,111	

^a Moved from SRT&E to PM in 2021. Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	-	26,575	27,160	27,757	+597
Establish IT Production Infrastructure @ TA-55, LANL	6,500	-	1,500	2,000	2,000	0
Shipping & Receiving (Exterior), LANL Increase Positive Personal Identity Verification (PPIV) Booth Capacity (East Entry	12,500	0	2,800	9,700	0	-9,700
Control Facility), LANL	12,000	0	0	0	12,000	+12,000
TA-03-0040-E39 3D Printing Room, LANL	9,625	0	0	0	9,625	+9,625
Quench furnace infrastructure and space buildout, LLNL	10,500	0	0	10,500	0	-10,500
DAF Glovebox Exhaust System for expanded glovebox operations, LLNL	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	-10,000
DAF Deployment Project, NNSS	7,300	0	2,500	3,100	1,700	-1,400
Demonstration Cascade 2 (DCAS2), ORNL ^a Reliable Dry Room Installation and Li Battery Pack Rapid Prototyping Lab	19,000	0	19,000	0	0	0
Installation, SNL	12,000	1,100	10,900	0	0	0
Installation, SNL Install Mini-TCAP in TEF, SRS	12,000	-	10,900	1,145	0	-1,145
	-				Ũ	
Redesign TEF Mass Spec 4 Location And purchase new Mass Spec for TEF, SRS Install HT-TCAP Feed/Product Transfer Lines, SRS	8,600 6,000		0	2,100 0	6,500	+4,400 +6,000
Module Stripper Blower Redesign/Replacement, SRS	7,750		0	0	6,000 750	+6,000 +750
			0			
Glovebox Stripper Blower Redesign/Replacement, SRS	7,000	0	0	0	2,000	+2,000
Worker Protection System (WPS) Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) to Delta V Conversion, SRS	6,250	0	0	0	0	0
Waste Container Handling Area, SRS	6,250 11,262		0	0	3,697	+3,697
Pu Metallography Capability, SRS	5,000		0	0	1,000	+3,097
Modularize Salvage Operations, Y-12	8,000		2,500	3,000	2,500	-500
LiM 9204-02 Equipment Removal, Y-12	7,000		1,000	5,000	1,000	-4,000
9215 Liquid Transfer Station, Y-12	7,000		1,000	300	6,700	+6,400
9204-2E Liquid Transfer Station, Y-12	7,000		0	300	6,700	+6,400
9995 Liquid Transfer Station, Y-12	7,000		0	300	6,700	+6,400
Drying Oven #3, Y-12	5,200		0	0	5,200	+5,200
A-2 Wing/ 9212 Decoupling, Y-12	8,311		0	0	1,185	+1,185
9212 Decon/ Sort & Seg Facility, Y-12	7,958		397	3,491	1,959	-1532
LiM 9204-02 Lithium Process Equipment Relocation, Y-12	6,500	-		1,000	5,000	+4,000
LiM Lithium Lab Area Upgrades Y-12	14,000		0	0	14,000	14000
LiM 9204-2 Redundant Crusher Grinder Installation Y-12	11,000	0	0	0	11,000	11000
Building 9215 Complex Integration with Bottom Loading Furnace, Y-12	7,582	0	0	0	182	+182
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	67,172	79,096	135,155	+55,877
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	368,508	573,812	595,602	+214,988

^a Project design began in FY 2021 and was halted due to lack of notification. No further work will occur until notification and the wait period is complete. Full funding was provided in FY 2021 to ensure no funding delays. Weapons Activities/

Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears		
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))	LI				<b>_</b>		
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	354,259	291,640	216,786	209,829	N/A		
Minor Construction	66,459	43,992	29,630	36,032	N/A		
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	420,718	335,632	246,416	245,861	N/A		
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)							
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	140,816	143,914	147,081	150,316	N/A		
DAF Pit Certification support gloveboxes, LLNL	0	7,100	0	0	0		
DAF pit residue processing gloveboxes, LLNL	0	0	8,600	0	0		
DAF End of Life equipment replacement, LLNL	0	0	0	13,500	0		
Subassembly Installation, LANL	0	7,214	0	0	0		
Machining Parts Staging #2, LANL	12,127	0	0	0	0		
Foundry Immersion Density, LANL	0	0	0	4,763	0		
Turnings Consolidation glovebox (Previously Install new turnings consolidation							
glovebox), LANL	35,000	0	0	0	0		
Aqueous Nitrate Evaporator Upgrades (Prevously AQ-Nitrate Upgrades), LANL	12,336	0	0	0	0		
Aqueous Nitrate Cement Fixation Upgrades, LANL	12,689	0	0	0	0		
PPCW (Positive Pressure Chilled Water Upgrades) (Previously Chilled Water and							
Compressed Air), LANL	0	6,505	0	0	0		
Process Compressed Air Upgrades (PCA), LANL	0	6,909	0	0	0		
TIMS #3 into RLUOB, LANL	5,756		0	0	0		
Size Reduction Press GB Installation, LANL	0	11,295	0	0	0		
Manufacturing Modernization Project (MMP), LANL	0	11,168	0	0	0		
DUF4 Conversion Line, PPPO	23,000	23,000	10,000	0	0		
Replacement)), SNL	0	0	12,580	0	0		
Oxide CMP AMAT Mirra MESA, SNL	0	5,475	0	0	0		
SCREEN SU-2000 Backside Clean, SNL	5,500	0	0	0	0		
Replacement)), SNL	8,235	0	0	0	0		
Tonopah Test Range Radar #2, SNL	17,500	0	0	0	0		
WB20/WB22 Replacement, SNL	5,100	0	0	0	0		
CMP Planarization Tool - AMAT Mirra, SNL	0	0	5,125	0	0		
Diffusion Furnance Replacements (Qty 5), SNL	0	0	0	16,250	0		
CNC Jig Grinder, Y-12	0	5,500	0	0	0		
Bottom Loading Furnace, Y12	26,200	35,560	33,400	25,000	8,734		
Special Materials Equipment, Y-12	30,000		0	0	0		
DUM Direct Cast Production Furnace Execution (formerly Direct Casting Production	30,000		0	0	0		
Furnace), Y-12	10,000	10,000	0	0	0		
DUM Rolling Annealing Furnace Installation, Y-12	10,000	10,000	0	0	0		
DUM 3500T Press Control Upgrade, Y-12	10,000	12,000	0	0	0		
Machine Dust Transfer Station (ROT), Y-12	0	6,000	0	0	0		
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	354,259	291,640	216,786	209,829	<u>_</u>		
,	234,233	,040	0,00				

Weapons Activities/

Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears		
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	28,368	28,992	29,630	30,282	N/A		
Install Mini-TCAP in TEF, SRS	0	14,500	0	0	0		
Module Stripper Blower Redesign/Replacement, SRS	7,000	0	0	0	0		
Glovebox Stripper Blower Redesign/Replacement, SRS	5,000	0	0	0	0		
Worker Protection System (WPS) PLC to Delta V Conversion, SRS	0	500	0	5,750	0		
Waste Container Handling Area, SRS	7,565	0	0	0	0		
773A Pu Metallography Capability, SRS	4,000	0	0	0	0		
A-2 Wing/ 9212 Decoupling, Y-12	7,126	0	0	0	0		
Building 9215 Complex Integration with Bottom Loading Furnace, Y-12	7,400	0	0	0	0		
	66,459	43,992	29,630	36,032			
Total, Minor Construction Projects					N/A		
Total, Capital Summary	420,718	335,632	246,416	245,861	N/A		

## Production Modernization Construction Project Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)	
Production Modernization			I				
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL							
TEC	334,618	0	0	0	19,000	19,000	
OPC	17,242	6,860	0	0	0	0	
TPC, 23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	351,860	6,860	0	0	19,000	19,000	
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL							
TEC	323,327	0	0	13,827	0	-13,827	
OPC	37,005	3,000	6,000	800	800	0	
TPC, 22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	360,332	3,000	6,000	14,627	800	-13,827	
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL							
TEC	3,209,209	0	226,000	345,000	547,234	+202,234	
OPC	389 <i>,</i> 325	60,000	0	5,000	41,000	+36,000	
Total Project Cost, 21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	3,598,534	60,000	226,000	350,000	588,234	+238,234	
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS							
TEC	8,919,766	0	241,896	459,000	670,000	+211,000	
OPC	2,180,234	311,213	110,000	16,000	30,000	14,000	
Total Project Cost, 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	11,100,000	311,213	351,896	475,000	700,000	+225,000	
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX							
TEC	630,460	0	30,600	44,500	108,000	+63,500	
OPC	30,600	6,793	400	0	0	0	
TPC, 21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	661,060	6,793	31,000	44,500	108,000	+63,500	

# Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)	
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12							
TEC	1,545,000	51,000	99,405	164,902	213,886	+48,984	
OPC ^a	100,000	11,424	10,000	3,000	3,000	0	
TPC, 18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	1,645,000	62,424	109,405	167,902	216,886	+48,984	
18-D-680, Material Staging Facility, PX							
TEC	144,200	29,200	0	0	0	0	
OPC	4,000	4,000	0	0	0	0	
TPC, 18-D-680, Material Staging Facility, PX	148,200	33,200	0	0	0	0	
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS							
TEC	562,300	27,000	27,000	27,000	73,300	+46,300	
OPC ^b	77,700	9,700	2,000	2,000	0	-2,000	
TPC, 18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	640,000	36,700	29,000	29,000	73,300	+44,300	
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL							
TEC	187,914	34,438	30,000	27,000	30,002	+3,002	
OPC	47,143	11,088	2,000	5,000	11,000	+6,000	
TPC, 15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL	235,057	45,526	32,000	32,000	41,002	+9,002	
15-D-301, HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX							
TEC	213,628	92,272	43,000	0	20,000	20,000	
OPC	14,372	2,870	3,750	0	0	0	
TPC, 15-D-301, HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	228,000	95,142	46,750	0	20,000	+20,000	

Weapons Activities/ Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)
07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	L					
TEC ^a	193,228	92,849	36,687	30,000	24,759	-5,241
OPC	22,099	3,234	1,000	3,000	4,000	+1,000
TPC, 07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	215,327	96,083	37,687	33,000	28,759	-4,241
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12						
TEC	6,121,337	4,564,748	718,500	546,500	219,000	-327,500
OPC	378,663	100,663	31,500	53,500	143,000	+89,500
TPC, 06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	6,500,000	4,665,411	750,000	600,000	362,000	-238,000
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement, LANL						
TEC	2,357,220	1,610,381	115,093	110,970	162,012	+51,042
OPC	421,340	281,833	54,334	27,153	0	-27,153
TPC, 04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement, LANL	2,778,560	1,892,214	169,427	138,123	162,012	+23,889
Total, Production Modernization						
TEC	24,742,207	6,501,888	1,568,181	1,768,699	2,087,193	+318,494
OPC	3,719,723	812,678	220,984	115,453	232,800	+117,347
TPC Total, Production Modernization	28,461,930	7,314,566	1,789,165	1,884,152	2,319,993	+435,841

^a Lithium Processing Facility OPCs are funded under Lithium Modernization in FY 2020 and the prior years.

^b Tritium Finishing Facility OPCs are funded under Tritium Sustainment in FY 2020 and the outyears. 18-D-650 became Tritium Finishing Facility in FY 2020. Weapons Activities/

Production Modernization

 ^a Reflects recission of \$28,013 in FY 2017; In FY 2018, reflects an internal reprogramming from 12-D-301, Transuranic Waste Facilities, LANL project to this project for continued design activities conducted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.
 Weapons Activities/
 Production Modernization

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion	
Production Modernization						
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL						
TEC	29,000	107,000	136,000	43,000	618	
OPC	0	0	5,000	5,382	0	
TPC, 23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	29,000	107,000	141,000	48,382	618	
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL						
TEC	37,886	71,083	43,902	44,824	111,805	
OPC	2,200	4,000	5,705	4,000	10,500	
TPC, 22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL	40,086	75,083	49,607	48,824	122,305	
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL						
TEC	617,000	593,160	563,515	305,000	12,300	
OPC	53,000	66,840	61,485	60,000	42,000	
Total Project Cost, 21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	670,000	660,000	625,000	365,000	54,300	
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS						
TEC	828,235	984,508	1,001,339	877,000	3,857,788	
OPC	30,000	30,000	50,000	75,000	1,528,021	
Total Project Cost, 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	858,235	1,014,508	1,051,339	952,000	5,385,809	
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX						
TEC	162,000	211,000	74,360	0	0	
OPC	0	1,000	22,407	0	0	
TPC, 21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	162,000	212,000	96,767	0	0	

			(Dollars in Th	ousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12					
TEC	250,770	264,000	270,000	228,000	3,037
OPC	10,000	16,000	20,000	22,000	4,576
TPC, 18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	260,770	280,000	290,000	250,000	7,613
18-D-680, Material Staging Facility, PX					
TEC	0	0	15,000	100,000	0
OPC	0	0	0	0	0
TPC, 18-D-680, Material Staging Facility, PX	0	0	15,000	100,000	0
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS					
TEC	92,200	105,700	89,200	66,200	54,700
OPC	8,000	10,500	11,000	10,000	24,500
TPC, 18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	100,200	116,200	100,200	76,200	79,200
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL					
TEC	30,000	34,474	2,000	0	0
OPC	11,808	5,700	547	0	0
TPC, 15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL	41,808	40,174	2,547	0	0
15-D-301, HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX					
TEC	58,356	0	0	0	0
OPC	5,787	1,965	0	0	0
TPC, 15-D-301, HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	64,143	1,965	0	0	0

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion	
07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL						
TEC	8,933	0	0	0	0	
OPC	6,230	4,635	0	0	0	
TPC, 07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	15,163	4,635	0	0	0	
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12						
TEC	72,589	0	0	0	0	
OPC	50,000	0	0	0	0	
TPC, 06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	122,589	0	0	0	0	
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement, LANL						
TEC	248,917	109,847	0	0	0	
OPC	0	58,020	0	0	0	
TPC, 04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement, LANL	248,917	167,867	0	0	0	
Total, Production Modernization						
TEC	2,435,886	2,480,772	2,195,316	1,664,024	4,040,248	
OPC	177,025	198,660	176,144	176,382	1,609,597	
TPC Total, Production Modernization	2,612,911	2,679,432	2,371,460	1,840,406	5,649,845	

## 23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## <u>Summary</u>

The Energetic Materials Characterization Facility Project (EMC) will support the nuclear weapons design and detonator production missions and provide the capability to perform high explosive, energetics characterization, analysis and testing, as well as replace aging, obsolete facilities. The FY 2023 Request for EMC is \$19,000K in Total Estimated Cost (TEC) funding to initiate preliminary design. The current Critical Decision (CD-0) was approved on April 2, 2020 by the NNSA Administrator. The Analysis of Alternatives (AoA) Team developed the Total Project Cost (TPC) estimate as a range, resulting in a \$351,860K TPC and a CD-4 in FY 2030. This range and funding will be updated at CD-1. A Federal Project Director has been assigned to this project and has approved this construction project data sheet (CPDS).

## Significant Changes

This project is a new start in FY 2023. The EMC project received CD-0 in April 2020. Program Management Executive (PME) authority was delegated April 2, 2020 to the DADP (NA-10). An AoA study was subsequently conducted and resulted in the recommendation of the three building approach. This selected option indicated a cost range of \$200M - \$410M for the three building alternative. On July 30, 2021, 100% conceptual design was completed. An initial cost estimate was developed based on the conceptual design. This cost estimate is pending external review.

## Critical Milestone History

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2023	4/2/2020	7/30/2021	1Q FY2023	4Q FY2025	4Q FY2024	4Q FY2025	N/A	2Q FY2030

CD-0 – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

Conceptual Design Complete – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable).

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

D&D Complete –Completion of D&D work

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Complete

## Project Cost History (\$K)

Fiscal	TEC,	TEC,	TEC	OPC,	OPC,	OPC	ТРС
Year	Design	Construction	Total	Except D&D	D&D	Total,	
FY 2023	48,000	286,618	334,618	17,242	0	17,242	351,860

### 2. Project Scope and Justification

## <u>Scope</u>

The EMC Project is a facility design and construction project. The project will replace 18 aging and/or obsolete facilities housing high explosive (HE) characterization and analysis laboratories with a new, integrated facility campus. The conceptual design includes three buildings: 1) A single story 59,000 ft² High Explosives Characterization/Detonator Laboratory constructed of cast-in-place concrete, 2) A two story 29,000 ft² office building based on modular construction techniques providing approximately 107 office spaces and 3) 2,000 ft² HE storage capacity (magazines). Associated infrastructure (parking, connecting walkways, utilities, and associated site modifications for facility access) are also included in project scope.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL

# **Justification**

Energetic Materials (EM), including HE, are vital components of nuclear weapons. EM characterization, analysis, testing, and production are needed to ensure the safety, security, and effectiveness of the U.S. nuclear weapons stockpile. Specifically, this characterization includes evaluation of the safety and performance characteristics of both extant and new formulations of EM, understanding pathways for material degradation, chemical composition analysis, and performance and aging tests.

These aspects of EM technology are essential for the development, production, and evaluation of existing stockpile materials, components, and the identification and selection of new formulations for future nuclear weapons applications. Currently, Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) accomplishes the EM characterization operations in 18 aging facilities, many of which are plagued by mechanical, structural, electrical, and safety system issues.

Current infrastructure that is actively supporting the EM characterization, analysis, testing, and production mission is failing resulting in direct impact to the ability to conduct work. A lack of temperature control, compressed air, frequent power outages resulting in equipment failure, and inadequate power distribution are causing degradation of HE science. The aging and faulty infrastructure has caused loss of experimental data, failure of environmentally and time sensitive experiments, significant worker inefficiency and mandatory overtime efforts, as well as an inability to conduct legacy characterization experiments. If not addressed, inoperable and failing equipment coupled with increased dependence on administrative safety controls will progressively increase risk of safety failures. Unreliable systems in inflexible and congested laboratory spaces will cause high to unacceptable programmatic risks. Significantly more program funding will have to be diverted to deferred maintenance until facilities completely fail, ultimately impacting the overarching mission goals.

The primary objective of the EMC Project is to design and construct a Laboratory, Office and HE storage integrated campus which will provide the capability to perform HE energetics characterization, analysis, and testing to support the nuclear weapons design and detonator production missions. This consolidated facility will include modern engineered safety controls, reliable utilities and temperature controlled environments needed for effective HE science, flexible spaces and systems to allow staff to incorporate new techniques and systems, and the improved overall ability for staff to work in a safe productive environment.

Contingency has been allocated as a percentage of the base cost from the parametric class five estimate. The project has initialized risk assessment activities and is pursuing qualitative and quantitative risk analysis to support the development of more specific cost estimates based on mature risk analysis.

Funds appropriated under this CPDS may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Program Manager and the Federal Project Director to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project required by DOE O 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents. The Project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. As allowed by the Order, the Critical Decision process will be tailored by combining CD-2, *Approve Performance Baseline*, and CD-3, *Approve Start of Construction/Execution*, into a single CD-2/3 authorization to improve overall Project efficiency and to reduce the time required to achieve Facility beneficial occupancy.

# Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

KPPs were established at CD-0 that consider material development, transportation, characterization and qualification of HE for the stockpile and that provide a capability appropriate to the development of novel materials and the implementation of new technologies. Achievement of the threshold KPPs is a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, *Project Completion*. Threshold and Objective KPPs will be included in the CD-1 package.

- KPP-1, Material Characterization, Qualification, and Transportation Support: The capability will allow for chemical and physical characterization necessary to meet War Reserve analytical criteria and provide provenance for energetic materials with respect to technical specifications.
- KPP-2, Novel Process and Material Development: Parameters related to supporting facilities and infrastructure shall be optimized during design.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL

# 3. Financial Schedule (\$K)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2023	19,000	19,000	16,150
FY 2024	29,000	22,990	22,990
FY 2025	0	6,010	8,860
Total Design	48,000	48,000	48,000
Construction			
FY 2025	107,000	38,194	38,194
FY 2026	136,000	65,258	65,258
FY 2027	43,000	47,761	47,761
FY 2028	618	30,843	30,843
FY 2029	0	63,728	63,728
FY 2030	0	40,834	40,834
Total Construction	286,618	286,618	286,61
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2023	19,000	19,000	16,15
FY 2024	29,000	22,990	22,990
FY 2025	107,000	44,204	47,054
FY 2026	136,000	65,258	65,258
FY 2027	43,000	47,761	47,76
FY 2028	618	30,843	30,84
FY 2029	0	63,728	63,72
FY 2030	0	40,834	40,834
Total TEC	334,618	334,618	334,61
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2020	212	212	212
FY 2021	3,981	3,981	3 <b>,</b> 98:
FY 2022	2,667	2,667	2,66
FY 2023	0	0	(
FY 2024	0	0	(
FY 2025	0	0	(
FY 2026	5,000	2,000	2,000
FY 2027	5,382	2,500	2,50
FY 2028	0	3,000	3,000
FY 2029	0	2,500	2,500
FY 2030	0	382	382
Total OPC	17,242	17,242	17,242

(Dollars in Thousands)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2020	212	212	212
FY 2021	3,981	3,981	3,981
FY 2022	2,667	2,667	2,667
FY 2023	19,000	19,000	16,150
FY 2024	29,000	22,990	22,990
FY 2025	107,000	44,204	47,054
FY 2026	141,000	67,258	67,258
FY 2027	48,382	50,261	50,261
FY 2028	618	33,843	33,843
FY 2029	0	66,228	66,228
FY 2030	0	41,216	41,216
Grand Total	351,860	351,860	351,860

## 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate (\$K)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	Lotiniate	Lotiniate	Buschnic
Design			
Design	35,556	N/A	N/A
Contingency	12,444	N/A	N/A
Total Design	48,000	N/A	N/A
<u>Construction</u>			
Site Work	15,016	N/A	N/A
Equipment	39,136	N/A	N/A
Construction	100,876	N/A	N/A
Title III Services	6,778	N/A	N/A
Oversight & Management	52,259	N/A	N/A
Contingency	72,553	N/A	N/A
Total Construction	286,618	N/A	N/A
TOTAL TEC	334,618		
Contingency - TEC	84,997	N/A	N/A
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
Conceptual Design	6,995	N/A	N/A
Startup/Turnover to Operations	5,850	N/A	N/A
Contingency	4,397	N/A	N/A
TOTALOPC	17,242		
Contingency - OPC	4,397	N/A	N/A
TOTAL PROJECT COSTS (TPC)	351,860		
Contingency – TPC (TEC+OPC)	89,394	N/A	N/A

#### 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests (\$K)

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	Out Years	Total
	TEC	0	19,000	29,000	107,000	136,000	43,000	618	334,618
FY2023	OPC	6,860	0	0	0	5,000	5,382	0	17,242
	TPC	6,860	19,000	29,000	107,000	141,000	48,382	618	351,860

#### 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	2Q FY2030
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	50
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	2Q FY2080

#### Related Funding Requirements (\$M)

Funding Requirements	Annual Costs		ements Annual Costs		Life Cycl	e Costs
Estimate Totals	Previous Estimate Current Estimate		<b>Previous Estimate</b>	<b>Current Estimate</b>		
Operations and Maintenance	N/A	\$203	N/A	\$10,140		

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL

## 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is replacing existing facilities. The D&D of these existing facilities is not a part of the EMC Project. Future use or demolition of existing facilities will be individually considered due to proximity and plausible inclusion on National Historic Park under development in the vicinity.

# 8. Acquisition Approach

The EMC Project acquisition strategy assigns project execution to the LANL Management and Operating (M&O) Contractor, Triad National Security, LLC. Based on the specific business case for each major element of scope, Triad will submit procurement planning information for approval to NNSA which will represent an optimal procurement strategy and best value to the government.

## 15-D-301 High Explosive Science and Engineering (HESE) Facility Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas Project is for Design and Construction

# 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

**Summary:** The FY 2023 Request for the High Explosive Science and Engineering (HESE) Facility is \$20,000,000. The most recent DOE O 413.3B approved Critical Decisions (CD) are CD-3A, *Approve Site Preparation and Long Lead Procurement*, with a cost of \$23,300,000 and a completion of 2nd Quarter FY 2023 and CD-2/3, *Approve Performance Baseline and Start of Construction*, with a Total Project Cost (TPC) of \$228,000,000 and a CD-4 date of November 2027. The projected schedule that was established at CD-1 has been revised with the start of construction moving from 1st Quarter FY 2018 to 3rd Quarter FY 2022, due to the project being placed "on hold" for three years and a delay in receiving a construction contract bid. This submission increases the TPC identified in the FY 2021 project data sheet from \$195,497,000 to \$228,000,000 based on supply chain and market conditions affecting the value of construction bids compared to initial estimates in FY 2020. Pursuant to 50 U.S.C. § 2744, *Limits on Construction Projects*, this submission notifies Congress of the cost increase for the project. The increase exceeds by more than 25 percent the amount of the total estimated cost (TEC) shown in the fiscal year (FY) 2021 President's Budget Request. The TEC has increased 58 percent, from \$135,272,000 for FY 2021 to \$213,628,000 for FY 2023.

This FY 2023 Request also documents the removal of the demolition and disposal (D&D) scope of the project and reallocates the planned OPC funding to TEC to support increased construction costs. The construction contract award is planned for 3rd Quarter FY 2022. The Performance Baseline was informed by an Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) and an External Independent Review (EIR) that were completed in June 2020 and were supplemented prior to CD-2/3approval. The FY 2023 Request includes funds to continue the construction of the facility.

While Congress appropriated funds for OPC in a separate "HESE OPC" control in FY 2021, funds for OPCs are included as part of the High Explosives and Energetics program in FY 2024 and 2025 of the FY 2023-2027 FYNSP.

#### Significant Changes:

This Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update of the Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 CPDS and does not include a new start for the budget year. This CPDS provides notification of a change in execution strategy for the project, with CD-3A having occurred October 30, 2020 to optimize the project schedule, the removal of the demolition and disposal (D&D) from the project scope, a shift in OPC funding into the FYNSP, and an increase in TEC funding.

Preliminary and Final Design were completed in July 2018 before the project was placed on hold awaiting construction funding, which was deferred to accommodate higher priority projects. Due to the length of time between design completion and receipt of construction funding, design revalidation efforts were completed in FY 2021, with several code updates, but no major changes to the overall design, before construction could begin. CD-3A for site preparation and long lead procurement was approved October 30, 2020. The D&D was removed from the project as identified in section 7.

A Federal Project Director is currently assigned to this project.

# Critical Milestone History^a

	Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2015	11/22/2011	N/A	4Q FY 2014	4Q FY 2015	3Q FY 2016	4Q FY 2016	3Q FY 2020	3Q FY 2020
FY 2016	11/22/2011	1/9/2015	1/09/2015	1Q FY 2018	4Q FY 2017	1Q FY 2018	3Q FY 2023	4Q FY 2023
FY 2020	11/22/2011	1/9/2015	1/09/2015	3Q FY 2020	2Q FY 2020 ^b	3Q FY 2020	3Q FY 2025	4Q FY 2025
FY 2021	11/22/2011	1/9/2015	1/09/2015	4Q FY 2020	3Q FY 2020 ^a	4Q FY 2020	3Q FY 2025	4Q FY 2025
FY 2023	11/22/2011	1/9/2015	1/09/2015	4/13/2022	8/17/2020ª	4/13/2022	N/A	1Q FY 2028

CD-0 – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

Conceptual Design Complete – Actual date the conceptual design was completed

CD-1-Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

Fiscal Year	Performance Baseline Validation	CD-3A
FY 2023	4/12/2022	10/30/2020

**CD-3A** – Approve Site Preparation and Long-Lead Procurement

# Project Cost History

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2015	11,800	60,500	72,300	6,100	18,600	24,700	97,000
FY 2016	14,249	83,051	97,300	21,055	36,124	57,179	154,479
FY 2020	15,372	119,900	135,272	12,025	48,200	60,225	195,497
FY 2021	15,372	119,900	135,272	12,025	48,200	60,225	195,497
FY 2023	18,497	195,131	213,628	14,372	N/A	14,372	228,000

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

#### <u>Scope</u>^c

The project will build three structures totaling 68,500 square feet with associated weather-proofed ramps totaling 4,000 square feet. These structures will replace the aging facilities in Zone 11 with new facilities that meet current codes and standards and better support program requirements:

- HE Laboratory: Equipment and facility will be designed to sustain an HE loading of 12 lb (±15%) HE equivalent. (28,000 square feet)
- HE Staging: Equipment and facility will be designed to sustain 50 lb (±15%) HE equivalent for temporary storage. (500 square feet)

^c All square foot values have been rounded to the nearest 500 SF.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-301 High Explosive Science

and Engineering (HESE)

^a The schedules are estimates and consistent with the high end of the schedule ranges.

^b The final design was completed on 7/27/2018, but this represents the completion of design revalidation.

• Technology Development and Deployment Laboratory: Provide necessary laboratory space for approximately 73 personnel to support the weapons complex mission. (40,000 square feet)

## **Justification**

Currently HE S&E personnel, as well as laboratory operations, are located in 15 separate facilities which are, on average, more than 60 years old. The existing facilities are not constructed for today's operations or HE limits, and their distribution across Zone 11 does not provide for efficient work processes. The distance between facilities increases travel time for personnel and materials back and forth, which adds additional cost to operations. In addition, safety, security, and environmental issues associated with these aging facilities are mounting, as are the costs of addressing them.

Current HE capacity limits prohibit quantities greater than a small amount create inefficient operations in several of the laboratories. HE limits mandate additional moves of HE to various facilities as well as to maintain safe separation limits. The HE capacity limitations are primarily due to the original design and structure of the old facilities. The numerous HE handling activities required to load, unload and move the HE increase potential safety hazards.

This project provides the following additional benefits in support of HE Manufacturing:

- Computational and experimental capability
- Capability to develop diagnostic tools for the evaluation, manufacturing support, surveillance, and testing of materials
- Capability to conduct technology development in modern facilities (most existing facilities that provide these capabilities are over 60 years old)
- Separate classified and non-classified spaces, increasing efficiency and lowering Information Security risk

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used to provide independent assessments for planning and execution of this project, and contracted support services to the federal project team for oversight and support.

#### Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion.

Performance Measure			
HE Laboratory: HE Operational Limit of 12 pounds			
HE Staging: HE Operational Limit of 50 pounds			
Technology Development and Deployment Laboratory: Accommodate approximately 73 personnel in the laboratory			
space; minimum number of 64, but no more than 85			

#### 3. Project Cost and Schedule

#### **Financial Schedule**

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2015	11,800	11,760	61
FY 2016	0	-11	1,515

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-301 High Explosive Science and Engineering (HESE) Facility, PX

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2017	-28ª	0	5,106
FY 2018	500 ^b	519	4,041
FY 2019	0	-1,084°	-7°
FY 2020	3,100	4,188	4,282
FY 2021	3,125	3,125	1,585
FY 2022	0	0	1,914
Total, Design	18,497	18,497	18,497
Construction			
FY 2020	76,900	76,900	C
FY 2021	39,875	39,875	10,200
FY 2022	0	0	21,200
FY 2023	20,000	20,000	95,600
FY 2024	58,356	58,356	66,950
FY 2025	0	0	1,181
Total, Construction	195,131	195,131	195,131
Total Estimated Costs			
FY 2015	11,800	11,760	61
FY 2016	0	-11	1,515
FY 2017	-28	0	5,106
FY 2018	500	519	4,041
FY 2019	0	-1,084	-7
FY 2020	80,000	81,088	4,282
FY 2021	43,000	43,000	11,785
FY 2022	0	0	23,114
FY 2023	20,000	20,000	95,600
FY 2024	58,356	58,356	66,950
FY 2025	0	0	1,181
Fotal, TEC	213,628	213,628	213,628
Other Project Costs			
FY 2013	1,790	1,790	200
FY 2014	750	750	1,200
FY 2015	100	100	400
FY 2016	100	100	(
FY 2017	0	0	C

^a Reflects rescission of \$28,013 in FY 2017.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/15-D-301 High Explosive Science

and Engineering (HESE)

^b Reflects an internal reprogramming from 12-D-301, Transuranic Waste Facilities, LANL project to this project for continued design activities conducted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

^c Reflects result of deobligations that occurred during FY 2019 on AY 2015 funding.

^d Reflects a credit that occurred during FY 2019 execution.

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	130	130	0
FY 2021	3,750	3,750	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	5,787	5,787	3,725
FY 2025	1,965	1,965	5,550
FY 2026	0	0	3,297
Total, OPC	14,372	14,372	14,372
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2013	1,790	1,790	200
FY 2014	750	750	1,200
FY 2015	11,900	11,860	461
FY 2016	100	89	1,515
FY 2017	-28	0	5,106
FY 2018	500	519	4,041
FY 2019	0	-1,084	-7
FY 2020	80,130	81,218	4,282
FY 2021	46,750	46,750	11,785
FY 2022	0	0	23,114
FY 2023	20,000	20,000	95,600
FY 2024	64,143	64,143	70,675
FY 2025	1,965	1,965	6,731
FY 2026	0	0	3,297
Grand Total	228,000	228,000	228,000ª

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)						
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline			
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Design						
Design	17,997	13,572	17,847			
Federal Support	500	1,300	500			

^a The project spend plan is less than the funding request and will be updated as the Performance Baseline is approved at CD-2/3 in 3Q FY 2022.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-301 High Explosive Science and Engineering (HESE) Facility, PX

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Contingency	0	500	150
Total, Design	18,497	15,372	18,497
Construction			
Site Work	14,541	9,600	14,541
Equipment	4,450	5,000	4,450
Construction	147,930	86,000	147,930
Federal Support	3,410	2,600	3,410
Contingency	24,800	16,700	24,800
Total, Construction	195,131	119,900	195,131
Total, TEC	213,628	135,272	213,628
Contingency, TEC	24,950	17,200	24,950
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
Analysis of Alternatives	200	200	200
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	1,600	1,600	1,600
Start-up (Transition to Operations)	9,482	3,200	9,482
<b>Equipment and Moves</b>	1,590	4,800	1,590
Contingency	1,500	2,225	1,500
Total, OPC except D&D	14,372	12,025	14,372
OPCD&D			
Demolition	0	18,000	0
Utility Relocation	0	20,600	0
Contingency	0	9,600	0
Total, OPC D&D	0	48,200	0
Total, OPC	14,372	60,225	14,372
Contingency, OPC	1,500	11,825	1,500
Total Project Cost	228,000	195,497	228,000
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	26,450	29,025	26,450

# 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

(Dollars in Thousands)							
Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	Total
	TEC	72,300	0	0	0	0	72,300
FY 2015	OPC	24,700	0	0	0	0	24,700
	TPC	97,000	0	0	0	0	97,000
	TEC	96,456	0	0	0	0	96,456
FY 2016	OPC	36,945	0	0	20,234	0	57,179
	TPC	133,401	0	0	20,234	0	153,635
FY 2020	TEC	135,272	0	0	0	0	135,272
FT 2020	OPC	6,620	3,750	19,655	30,200	0	60,225

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-301 High Explosive Science and Engineering (HESE) Facility, PX

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	Total
	TPC	141,892	3,750	19,655	30,200	0	195,497
	TEC	135,272	0	0	0	0	135,272
FY 2021	OPC	6,620	3,000	20,405	30,200	0	60,225
	TPC	141,892	3,000	20,405	30,200	0	195,497
	TEC	135,272	0	20,000	58,356	0	213,628
FY 2023	OPC	6,620	0	0	5,787	1,965	14,372
	TPC	141,892	0	20,000	64,143	1,965	228,000

#### 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	1Q FY 2028
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	50
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	1Q FY 2078

# **Related Funding Requirements**

(Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)						
	Annua	Costs	Life Cycle Costs			
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate		
Operations and Maintenance	15.14	15.14	757	757		
Operations and Maintenance	13.14	13.14	131	737		

## 7. D&D Information

The disposition of the existing facilities has been captured in NNSA's infrastructure planning system and will be funded outside of the line-item once HESE is operational.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at Pantex Plant	72,500
Area of D&D at the Pantex Plant	0ª
Area at the Pantex Plant to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	72,500
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	0
Total area eliminated	72,500ª

Pantex Plant Zone 11, Bldgs 11-2, 11-5, 11-14, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17A, 11-18, 11-19, 11-22, 11-27, 11-28, 11-38, 11-45, 11-47, 11-R-4, 11-R-7, 11-R-8, 11-R-10, 11-R-11, 11-R-13, 11-R-13A, and 11-R-23.

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

The design and the construction were acquired through firm-fixed price contracts under the existing M&O cost plus incentive fee contract.

^a Changed from the FY 2021 CPDS that indicated 82,766 SF because the D&D has been removed from the project.
 Weapons Activities/Production Modernization
 Construction/15-D-301 High Explosive Science
 and Engineering (HESE)

#### 21-D-512, Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project (LAP4) Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

# 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

# Summary:

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 request for the Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project (LAP4) is \$588,234K of Total Project Costs (TPC). Estimated outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests as National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) baselines the subprojects in accordance with Department of Energy (DOE) Order (O) 413.3B. The FY 2023 request includes funds to continue design activities on the four subprojects that have not received CD-2/3 approval and to continue construction activities in the D&D subproject.

LAP4 includes the procurement of equipment and systems to support a baseline production increase from 10 plutonium pits per year (ppy) at LANL to not less than 30 ppy, and to provide equipment and infrastructure necessary to support the reliable and timely provision of strategic weapons systems' primary components to strategic defense missions.

Critical Decision (CD)-1, *Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range*, was approved April 27, 2021, with a TPC cost range of \$2,700,000K - \$3,900,000K. The full project TPC will not be determined until all the subprojects are baselined at CD-2/3 approval, but it includes both Total Estimated Cost (TEC) and Other Project Cost (OPC) that will be executed through this line item funding.

The project is supported by the Plutonium Pit Production Analysis of Alternatives (AoA), completed in October 2017, and the Plutonium Pit Production Engineering Assessment (EA), completed in April 2018.

Per DOE O 413.3B, any cost savings realized from an LAP4 subproject will be returned to the LAP4 Total Project contingency pool for use, as needed after approval of a baseline change, in other LAP4 subprojects within this CPDS.

# Significant Changes:

This Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update of the FY 2022 CPDS and does not include a new start for the budget year. This data sheet updates the project to include, a) establishing a performance baseline for the Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) subproject, b) approval of long-lead equipment and enclosure procurements for the 30 ppy Base Equipment Installation subproject, and c) updates to acquisition/tailoring to the remainder of the LAP4 subprojects that are currently under review. The overall CD-2/3 date for the LAP4 project has been delayed by about 18 months due to a re-prioritization of the subprojects, which has resulted in the 30 Reliable and the Training and Development Center being delayed.

The project is not currently funded at the high-end range of the approved CD-1 estimate. NNSA will continue value engineering efforts to reduce the total cost of the project and revise outyear amounts as design matures. The project will continue to refine the tailoring strategy to reflect program priorities, funding, resource availability, and other criteria, as is indicated in the changes in values between this submission and the one in FY 2022. These changes are reflected in Critical Milestone History and represent the current planning basis of the project. These changes are currently under review by NNSA. Until design is complete, and the performance baselines are established for each subproject, the finalization of the required funding profiles and completion dates cannot be established. Outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests as NNSA baselines the project in accordance with DOE O 413.3B.

Specific details on the changes to the LAP4 subprojects are listed below.

**D&D Subproject (21-D-512-01):** Achieved CD-2/3, *Approve Performance Baseline* and *Approve Start of Construction* on November 18, 2021, with a TPC of \$529,000,000 and a schedule completion date of March 2027.

30 Base (30B) Subproject (21-D-512-02): Achieved CD-3A, Approve Long-Lead Procurements on January 3, 2022, with a TPC of \$71,939,000 and a completion date of June 2024. The 30B subproject anticipates reaching final design completion, establishing a performance baseline (CD-2), and approving start of construction (CD-3) in December 2022.

30 Reliable (30R) Subproject (21-D-512-03): The 30R subproject, currently at CD-1, anticipates completing a CD-3A longlead procurement package in December 2022. Final design completion, establishing a performance baseline (CD-2), and approving start of construction (CD-3) is anticipated in December 2023. The changes in the schedule reflect the focusing of resources and funding on 30B and near-term priorities consistent with updated acquisition and tailoring strategies that are under evaluation by NNSA. The long-lead procurement activities are intended to mitigate the delays associated delays with achieving CD-2/3 as originally planned at CD-1.

Training and Development Center (TDC) Subproject (21-D-512-04): Currently at CD-1, the TDC subproject anticipates final design completion, establishing a performance baseline (CD-2), and approving start of construction (CD-3) in September 2024. The changes in the schedule reflect the focusing of resources and funding on 30B, WECF, and near-term priorities consistent with updated acquisition and tailoring strategies that are under evaluation.

West Entry Control Facility (WECF) Subproject (21-D-512-05): Currently at CD-1, the WECF subproject anticipates final design completion, establishing a performance baseline (CD-2), and approving start of construction (CD-3) in March 2023.

A Federal Project Director has been assigned to the project.

#### **Critical Milestone History**

#### Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project (21-D-512)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2021	11/25/2015	4Q FY2020	1Q FY2021	4Q FY2022	4Q FY2022	4Q FY2022	2Q FY2024	4Q FY2028
FY 2022	11/25/2015	4Q FY2020	04/27/2021	2Q FY2023	1Q FY2023	2Q FY2023	N/A	4Q FY2028
FY 2023	11/25/2015	03/08/2021	04/27/2021	4Q FY2024	3Q FY2024	4Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2028

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#### Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) Subproject (21-D-512-01)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date						
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	CD-4
FY 2023	11/25/2015	03/08/2021	04/27/2021	10/28/2021	2QFY2022	10/28/2021	2Q FY2027

#### 30 Base Equipment Installation (30B) Subproject (21-D-512-02)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date						
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	CD-4
FY 2023	11/25/2015	03/08/2021	04/27/2021	1Q FY2023	4Q FY2022	1Q FY2023	4Q FY2026

Fiscal Year	CD-3A
FY 2022	2Q FY 2022
FY 2023	01/03/2022

#### CD-3A – Approve Long-Lead Procurements

#### 30 Reliable Equipment Installation (30R) Subproject (21-D-512-03)

Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	CD-4
FY 2023	11/25/2015	03/08/2021	04/27/2021	1Q FY2024	4Q FY2023	1Q FY2024	4Q FY2028

 Fiscal Year
 CD-3A

 FY 2023
 1Q FY2023

#### CD-3A – Approve Long-Lead Procurements

#### Training and Development Center Subproject (TDC) (21-D-512-04)

_	Fiscal Quarter or Date							
	Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	CD-4
ſ	FY 2023	11/25/2015	03/08/2021	04/27/2021	4Q FY2024	3Q FY2024	4Q FY2024	4Q FY2028

## West Entry Control Facility (WECF) Subproject (21-D-512-05)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	CD-4	
FY 2023	11/25/2015	03/08/2021	04/27/2021	2Q FY2023	4Q FY2022	2Q FY2023	2Q FY2026	

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

# Project Cost History

#### Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project (21-D-512)

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС	
F١	/2021	116,900	79,100	196,000	30,000	30,000	226,000ª	
F١	(2022	456,000	3,035,000	3,491,000	404,000	404,000	3,895,000 ^b	
F١	(2023	489,897	3,005,340	3,495,237	399,763	399,763	3,895,000 ^b	

## D&D Subproject (21-D-512-01)

(Dollars in Thousands)							
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС	
FY 2023	22,689	459 <i>,</i> 695	482,384	46,616	46,616	529,000 ^c	

(Dollars in Thousands)

#### 30B Subproject (21-D-512-02)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 202	3 212,626	1,599,990	1,812,616	213,384	213,384	2,026,000

#### 30R Subproject (21-D-512-03)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	163,074	517,871	680,945	79,055	79,055	760,000

#### TDC Subproject (21-D-512-04)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	71,185	331,947	403,132	46,868	46,868	450,000

#### WECF Subproject (21-D-512-05)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	20,323	95,837	116,160	13,840	13,840	130,000

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

The project scope includes the further repurposing of spaces within the existing LANL Plutonium Facility 4 (PF-4), beyond the scope of repurposing in the Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement (CMRR) project, including removal of previously installed equipment and support systems as necessary to accommodate new pit production equipment. Scope

^a The project cost history amounts for FY 2021 reflected only funding requested in that budget year; TPC is not indicative of the total project cost.

^b The TPC reflects the top of the CD-1 cost range.

^c The D&D subproject established a performance baseline on October 28, 2021.

includes design, construction, and installation of processing equipment, support systems, utilities infrastructure, physical infrastructure, and security features to reach the capability to produce 30 ppy. The PF-4 is an operating Hazard Category (HC)- 2, Security Category 1 Nuclear Facility. PF-4 and supporting capabilities need to be modified to achieve the required pit production capability/capacity.

The LAP4 project is composed of the five subprojects identified below.

# Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) Subproject (21-D-512-01)

Decontamination and decommissioning of enclosures and programmatic equipment in PF-4 in preparation for installation of pit production equipment. The scope encompasses characterization, D&D, size reduction, removal, waste handling, and disposition.

# 30 Base Equipment Installation (30B) Subproject (21-D-512-02)

Pit production enclosures and programmatic equipment procurement and installation to support pit production capacity of a base of 30 ppy. The scope encompasses designing, procuring, installing, testing, transitioning to operations (TTO), and hot startup of new gloveboxes and associated equipment in PF-4 and the Sigma facility. The 30B subproject establishes a capability and capacity to provide a minimum of 30 war reserve ppy to the stockpile. To support reduced project and program risk, long-lead procurement and fabrication of enclosures and process equipment was approved on December 21, 2021, and is expected to be complete in 2023. Advanced procurement of the long-lead equipment integrates with the anticipated approval of CD-2/3 in December of 2022, enabling installation to proceed immediately after the approval of the performance baseline. Installation of the long-lead procurement will proceed as the remainder of the 30B enclosures and equipment are fabricated. This tailored approach minimizes impacts to program operations and increase construction efficiencies. Additionally, temporary 80,000 sq ft warehouse space will be provided for the pre-staging of equipment for setup, testing, and assembly, prior to final installation.

# 30 Reliable Equipment Installation (30R) Subproject (21-D-512-03)

Pit production enclosures and programmatic equipment procurement and installation to support pit production capacity of 30 ppy reliably. The scope encompasses designing, procuring, installing, testing, transitioning to operations (TTO), and hot startup of new gloveboxes and associated equipment in PF-4 and the Sigma facility. The 30R subproject expands the capability and capacity to provide 30 war reserve pits per year to the stockpile at a 90% confidence using a single shift. To support reduced project and program risk, long-lead procurement and fabrication of enclosures and process equipment is planned for December 2022 and is expected to be complete in FY 2024. Advanced procurement of the long-lead equipment integrates with the anticipated approval of CD-2/3 in December of 2023, enabling installation to proceed immediately after the approval of the performance baseline. Installation of the long-lead procurement will proceed as the remainder of the 30R enclosures and equipment are fabricated. This tailored approach minimizes impacts to program operations and increase construction efficiencies.

# Training and Development Center (TDC) Subproject (21-D-512-04)

The Training capability will ensure that production personnel can effectively receive approximately 700,000 required annual staff training hours for initial and annual training, including certification to fully satisfy skill and qualification requirements. The Development capability will support the enduring pit production mission by providing facilities and space for process improvement and development in a non-nuclear environment. The two capabilities require 75,000 net square feet and are briefly summarized below:

- Nuclear worker training laboratories for glovebox operator and fissile material handler fundamentals training and process worker requalification training. The requalification training laboratories will have a dual purpose to also support production process and technology development activities.
- Unclassified Training areas including classrooms, computer-based training rooms, a training records management center and training staff office space.
- Classified Training areas including classrooms, conference rooms, auditorium/lecture hall, classified records management and storage, facility control system simulation area, cold machine shop, a glovebox equipment pre-installation testing area, and a classified parts vault-type room.

# West Entry Control Facility (WECF) Subproject (21-D-512-05)

The TA-55 WECF is required to accommodate the additional 800 workers per day entering the property protection area at TA-55 projected to implement the 30 ppy mission. This projected increase effectively doubles the workforce entrance control processing demand. The new WECF, like the existing East ECF, must be a DOE-compliant personnel screening facility which maintains integrity of the protected area at TA-55 to enable safe and secure environment for manufacturing operations and support the required 24/7 schedule.

# **Justification**

The NNSA's ability to produce pits in the required quantities established by the Nuclear Weapons Council (NWC) is an essential component of the nuclear deterrent. An Analysis of Alternatives (AoA) was conducted after CD-0, in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11. The AoA identified two preferred alternatives with different construction approaches at two separate locations:

- Additional capability and capacity to accomplish 30 ppy pit production requirements at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL); and,
- Refurbishment and repurposing of facilities at the Savannah River Site to accomplish the capability and capacity to reach an additional 50 ppy.

Sustained and reliable pit production at LANL additionally requires a commensurate increase in infrastructure and support facilities to accommodate the increased activity in a nuclear facility with a diversified mission portfolio. Resources necessary to operate and maintain a sustained and substantial production capacity drives a critical need for training infrastructure, which is included in this project. Increased ingress and egress of production personnel is also essential, and this project includes a new personnel access point/facility into Technical Area-55, which encloses the plutonium facilities. Other infrastructure upgrades necessary to support pit production goals have been identified, and will be acquired by other means, and are not included in the LAP4 project.

The NNSA Office of Cost Estimating and Program Evaluation conducted a review of the AoA and recommended that further refinement of the preferred alternatives be completed before selecting an alternative that meets requirements. NNSA contracted with an independent architecture and engineering (A&E) firm to complete an Engineering Assessment of the two preferred alternatives and two additional alternatives to provide the basis for a future decision.

The Chairwoman of the NWC provided written certification to Congress regarding the NNSA's recommended alternative on May 4, 2018. The NNSA Administrator selected a preferred alternative on May 10, 2018, to continue pit production investments to reach the 30 ppy capability at LANL by 2026, and to repurpose facilities at the Savannah River Site to produce 50 plutonium pits per year.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. Funds appropriated under the Plutonium Modernization Program and described in this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct independent reviews of design and construction for LAP4.

# Preliminary Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Preliminary Key Performance Parameters were developed as part of the CD-1 approval and will be finalized for CD-2 approval.

#### Preliminary Key Performance Measures

D&D: Complete turnover, to facility operations, of the space and infrastructure of D&D items in PF-4 identified in the LAP4 Program Requirement Document (PRD), Appendix B.

D&D: Complete disposition and removal of decommissioned, demolished, and removed equipment waste from TA-55 under LAP4.

30B: Complete equipment hot testing and turnover of 11–30 ppy base equipment and structures, systems, and components necessary to achieve a 30 ppy base capacity in PF-4 and Sigma, identified in the LAP4 PRD, Appendix B, to Weapons Production for initiation of Process Prove-in activities.

30R: Complete equipment hot testing and turnover of all 30 ppy reliable equipment and structures, systems, and components identified in the LAP4 PRD, Appendix B, to Weapons Production for initiation of Process Prove-in activities.

LAP4 Infrastructure: Training and Development Center, and TA-55 West Entry Control Facility will receive beneficial occupancy to allow operations.

#### 3. Financial Schedule

The TPC in this section does not reflect the top of the CD-1 cost range.

# Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project (21-D-512)

(Dollars in Th	nousands)		
	Budget		
	Authority		<b>_</b>
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	154,000ª	154,000	21,015
FY 2022	148,300	148,300	225,756
FY 2023	120,268	120,268	175,258
FY 2024	55,000	55,000	49,971
FY 2025	12,329	12,329	17,897
Total Design	489,897	489,897	489,897
Construction			
FY 2021	<b>72,000</b> ª	72,000	5,167
FY 2022	196,700	196,700	102,146
FY 2023	426,966	426,966	397,902
FY 2024	562,000	562,000	725,374
FY 2025	580,831	580,831	605,935
FY 2026	563,515	563,515	524,846
FY 2027	305,000	305,000	343,998
FY 2028	12,300	12,300	13,944
Total Construction	2,719,312	2,719,312	2,719,312

^a This value does not equal the amount from the FY 2022 submission as the funding spread was changed as the CD-1 package was finalized.

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)	(Appropriations)	Obligations	0313
FY 2021	226,000	226,000	26,182
FY 2022	345,000	345,000	327,902
FY 2023	547,234	547,234	573,160
FY 2024	617,000	617,000	775,345
FY 2025	593,160	593,160	623,832
FY 2026	563,515	563,515	524,846
FY 2027	305,000	305,000	343,998
FY 2028	12,300	12,300	13,944
Total TEC	3,209,209	3,209,209	3,209,209
Other Project Costs (OPC)	3,203,203	-,,	-,,
FY 2019	1,932	1,932	1,930
FY 2020	58,068ª	58,068	24,950
FY 2021	0	0	28,241
FY 2022	5,000	5,000	6,900
FY 2023	41,000	41,000	41,000
FY 2024	53,000	53,000	42,000
FY 2025	66,840	66,840	58,600
FY 2026	61,485	61,485	59,514
FY 2027	60,000	60,000	81,904
FY 2028	42,000	42,000	44,286
Total OPC	389,325	389,325	389,325
Total Project Costs (TPC)	,		
FY 2019	1,932	1,932	1,930
FY 2020	58,068	58,068	24,950
FY 2021	226,000	226,000	54,423
FY 2022	350,000	350,000	334,802
FY 2023	588,234	588,234	614,160
FY 2024	670,000	670,000	817,345
FY 2025	660,000	660,000	682,432
FY 2026	625,000	625,000	584,360
FY 2027	365,000	365,000	425,902
FY 2028	54,300	54,300	58,230
Grand Total	3,598,534	3,598,534	<b>3,598,534</b> ^b

^a This value does not equal the amount from the FY22 submission because after the submission, a better understanding of the amount of OPC that was provided in FY20 between the project and program was understood.

^b The total project cost in section 3 does not equal the total project cost in sections 2 and 4 due to ongoing efforts to reduce the cost of the project through value engineering, as well as a broader effort to balance risk across the Production Modernization portfolio.

(Dollars in Thousands) Budget							
	Authority						
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs				
Fotal Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Design							
FY 2021	22,689	22,689	15,504				
FY 2022	0	0	7,185				
Total Design	22,689	22,689	22,689				
Construction							
FY 2021	72,000	72,000	5,167				
FY 2022	74,700	74,700	69,146				
FY 2023	119,000	119,000	125,260				
FY 2024	92,000	92,000	140,642				
FY 2025	58,840	58,840	58,968				
FY 2026	23,209	23,209	39,000				
FY 2027	20,000	20,000	21,567				
Total Construction	459,749	459,749	459,74				
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)							
FY 2021	94,689	94,689	20,673				
FY 2022	74,700	74,700	76,332				
FY 2023	119,000	119,000	125,260				
FY 2024	92,000	92,000	140,64				
FY 2025	58,840	58,840	58,968				
FY 2026	23,209	23,209	39,000				
FY 2027	20,000	20,000	21,567				
Total TEC	482,438	482,438	482,43				
Other Project Costs (OPC)							
FY 2019	302	302	300				
FY 2020	9,289	9,289	3,875				
FY 2021	0	0	4,387				
FY 2022	1,000	1,000	1,000				
FY 2023	2,000	2,000	2,000				
FY 2024	6,000	6,000	5,000				
FY 2025	15,000	15,000	8,000				
FY 2026	12,971	12,971	12,000				
FY 2027	0	0	10,000				
Total OPC	46,562	46,562	46,562				

# Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) Subproject (21-D-512-01)

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TPC)			
FY 2019	302	302	300
FY 2020	9,289	9,289	3,875
FY 2021	94,689	94,689	25,058
FY 2022	75,700	75,700	77,331
FY 2023	121,000	121,000	127,260
FY 2024	98,000	98,000	145,641
FY 2025	73,840	73,840	66,968
FY 2026	36,180	36,180	51,000
FY 2027	20,000	20,000	31,567
Grand Total	529,000	529,000	529,000

# 30 Base Equipment Installation (30B) Subproject (21-D-512-02)

(Dollars in Tho	usands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	130,311	130,311	5,511
FY 2022	78,000	78,000	164,000
FY 2023	4,315	4,315	43,115
Total Design	212,626	212,626	212,626
Construction			
FY 2022	122,000	122,000	33,000
FY 2023	223,000	223,000	223,000
FY 2024	367,603	367,603	450,000
FY 2025	429,000	429,000	409,000
FY 2026	206,628	206,628	229,231
FY2027	56,000	56,000	60,000
Total Construction	1,404,231	1,404,231	1,404,231

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Costs (TEC		Obligations	COSIS
	130,311	130,311	5,511
FY 2021	200,000	200,000	197,000
FY 2022	227,315	200,000	266,115
FY 2023	367,603	367,603	450,000
FY 2024	429,000	429,000	409,000
FY 2025	206,628	206,628	229,231
FY 2026	56,000	56,000	60,000
FY 2027			
Total TEC	1,616,857	1,616,857	1,616,857
Other Project Costs (OPC)	0.00	0.00	966
FY 2019	966	966	
FY 2020	26,634	26,634	12,492
FY 2021	0	0	14,138
FY 2022	4,000	4,000	3,500
FY 2023	39,000	39,000	39,000
FY 2024	47,000	47,000	37,000
FY 2025	41,400	41,400	40,000
FY 2026	43,000	43,000	42,000
FY2027	0	0	12,904
Total OPC	202,000	202,000	202,000
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2019	966	966	966
FY 2020	26,634	26,634	12,492
FY 2021	130,311	130,311	19,649
FY 2022	204,000	204,000	200,500
FY 2023	266,315	266,315	305,115
FY 2024	414,603	414,603	487,000
FY 2025	470,400	470,400	449,000
FY 2026	249,628	249,628	271,231
FY 2027	56,000	56,000	72,904
Grand Total	1,818,857	1,818,857	1,818,857

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	(		
Design			
FY 2022	53,300	53,300	37,000
FY 2023	87,674	87,674	103,000
FY 2024	22,100	22,100	23,074
Total Design	163,074	163,074	163,074
Construction			
FY 2023	43,289	43,289	15,000
FY 2024	57,000	57,000	95,000
FY 2025	81,160	81,160	115,000
FY 2026	233,626	233,626	155,000
FY 2027	51,569	51,569	85,000
FY 2028	0	0	1,644
Total Construction	466,644	466,644	466,644
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2022	53,300	53,300	37,000
FY 2023	130,963	130,963	118,000
FY 2024	79,100	79,100	118,074
FY 2025	81,160	81,160	115,000
FY 2026	233,626	233,626	155,000
FY 2027	51,569	51,569	85,000
FY 2028	0	0	1,644
Total TEC	629,718	629,718	629,718
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2019	377	377	377
FY 2020	11,623	11,623	4,868
FY 2021	0	0	5,510
FY 2022	0	0	(
FY 2023	0	0	(
FY 2024	0	0	(
FY 2025	0	0	(
FY 2026	4,055	4,055	4,055
FY 2027	43,000	43,000	43,000
FY 2028	20,000	20,000	21,245
Total OPC	79,055	79,055	79,055

# 30 Reliable Equipment Installation (30R) Subproject (21-D-512-03)

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2019	377	377	377
FY 2020	11,623	11,623	4,868
FY 2021	0	0	5,510
FY 2022	53,300	53,300	37,000
FY 2023	130,963	130,963	118,000
FY 2024	79,100	79,100	118,074
FY 2025	81,160	81,160	115,000
FY 2026	237,681	237,681	159,055
FY 2027	94,569	94,569	128,000
FY 2028	20,000	20,000	22,889
Grand Total	708,773	708,773	708,773

# Training and Development Center (TDC) Subproject (21-D-512-04)

(Dollars in Tho	usands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2022	3,100	3,100	3,039
FY 2023	22,856	22,856	22,816
FY 2024	32,900	32,900	27,433
FY 2025	12,329	12,329	17,897
Total Design	71,185	71,185	71,185
Construction			
FY 2024			
FY 2025	11,831	11,831	11,831
FY 2026	100,052	100,052	100,052
FY 2027	177,431	177,431	177,431
FY 2028	12,300	12,300	12,300
Total Construction	301,614	301,614	301,614
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2022	3,100	3,100	3,039
FY 2023	22,856	22,856	22,816
FY 2024	32,900	32,900	27,433
FY 2025	24,160	24,160	29,728
FY 2026	100,052	100,052	100,052

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2027	177,431	177,431	177,431
FY 2028	12,300	12,300	12,300
Total TEC	372,799	372,799	372,799
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2019	223	223	223
FY 2020	7,186	7,186	2,882
FY 2021	0	0	3,263
FY 2022	0	0	1,000
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	1,459	1,459	1,459
FY 2027	17,000	17,000	16,000
FY 2028	22,000	22,000	23,041
Total OPC	47,868	47,868	47,868
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2019	223	223	223
FY 2020	7,186	7,186	2,882
FY 2021	0	0	3,263
FY 2022	3,100	3,100	4,039
FY 2023	22,856	22,856	22,816
FY 2024	32,900	32,900	27,433
FY 2025	24,160	24,160	29,728
FY 2026	101,511	101,511	101,511
FY 2027	193,431	193,431	193,431
FY 2028	34,300	34,300	
Grand Total	420,667	420,667	420,667

# West Entry Control Facility (WECF) Subproject (21-D-512-05)

(Dollars in Thousands)			
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	0
FY 2022	13,900	13,900	14,532
FY 2023	5,423	5,423	5,791
Total Design	20,323	20,323	20,323

	Budget			
	Authority		<b>.</b> .	
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs	
Construction	44.677	44 677	24.642	
FY 2023	41,677	41,677	34,642	
FY 2024	45,397	45,397	39,733	
FY 2025	0	0	11,136	
FY 2026	0	0	1,563	
Total Construction	87,074	87,074	87,074	
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)				
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	0	
FY 2022	13,900	13,900	14,532	
FY 2023	47,100	47,100	40,433	
FY 2024	45,397	45,397	39,733	
FY 2025	0	0	11,136	
FY 2026	0	0	1,563	
Total TEC	107,397	107,397	107,397	
Other Project Costs (OPC)				
FY 2019	64	64	64	
FY 2020	3,336	3,336	833	
FY 2021	0	0	943	
FY 2022	0	0	1,400	
FY 2023	0	0	0	
FY 2024	0	0	0	
FY 2025	10,440	10,440	10,600	
FY 2026	0	0	0	
Total OPC	13,840	13,840	13,840	
Total Project Costs (TPC)	•		-	
FY 2019	64	64	64	
FY 2020	3,336	3,336	833	
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	943	
FY 2022	13,900	13,900	15,932	
	47,100	47,100	40,433	
FY 2023	45,397	45,397	39,733	
			22,, 00	
FY 2024		10 440	21 736	
FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 2026	10,440	10,440 0	21,736 1,563	

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

# Overall Project (21-D-512)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	371,468	365,000	N/A
Federal Design Support	20,585	37,000	N/A
Contingency	97,844	54,000	N/A
Total Design	489,897	456,000	N/A
Construction			
Site Preparation	85,400	300,000	N/A
Equipment	190,738	154,000	N/A
Construction	1,788,323	2,100,000	N/A
Federal Construction Support	58,067	75,000	N/A
Contingency	882,812	406,000	N/A
Total Construction	3,005,340	3,035,000	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	3,495,237	3,491,000	N/A
Contingency, TEC	980,656	460,000	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
<b>Conceptual Activities</b>	58,379	59,000	N/A
Start-up	257,900	294,000	N/A
Contingency	83,484	51,000	N/A
Total, OPC	399,763	404,000	N/A
Contingency, OPC	83,484	51,000	N/A
Total Project Cost	3,895,000	3,895,000	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	1,064,140	511,000	N/A

	(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
Design	22,689	N/A	22,689		
Federal Design Support	0	N/A	0		
Contingency	0	N/A	0		
Total Design	22,689	N/A	22,689		
Construction					
Site Preparation	0	N/A	0		
Equipment	46,238	N/A	46,238		
Construction	258,244	N/A	258,244		
Federal Construction Support	11,946	N/A	11,946		
Contingency	143,267	N/A	143,267		
Total Construction	459,695	N/A	459,695		
Total Estimated Cost	482,384	N/A	482,384		
Contingency, TEC	145,267	N/A	145,267		
Other Project Cost (OPC)					
OPC except D&D					
Conceptual Activities	8,616	N/A	8,616		
Start-up	36,000	N/A	36,000		
Contingency	2,000	N/A	2,000		
Total, OPC	46,616	N/A	46,616		
Contingency, OPC	2,000	N/A	2,000		
Total Project Cost	529,000	N/A	529,000		
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	145,267	N/A	145,267		

# Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) Subproject (21-D-512-01)

#### 30 Base Equipment Installation (30B) Subproject (21-D-512-02)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)			
Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
161,186	N/A	N/A	
10,973	N/A	N/A	
40,467	N/A	N/A	
212,626	N/A	N/A	
46,000	N/A	N/A	
60,000	N/A	N/A	
983,373	N/A	N/A	
28,853	N/A	N/A	
481,764	N/A	N/A	
1,599,990	N/A	N/A	
1,812,616	N/A	N/A	
522,231	N/A	N/A	
30,800	N/A	N/A	
131,200	N/A	N/A	
51,384	N/A	N/A	
213,384	N/A	N/A	
51,384	N/A	N/A	
2,026,000	N/A	N/A	
573,615	N/A	N/A	
	Current Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate         Previous Total Estimate           161,186         N/A           10,973         N/A           40,467         N/A           212,626         N/A           46,000         N/A           60,000         N/A           983,373         N/A           28,853         N/A           1,599,990         N/A           1,599,990         N/A           1,31,200         N/A           30,800         N/A           131,200         N/A           213,384         N/A           213,384         N/A	

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Design	120,670	N/A	N/A	
Federal Design Support	4,804	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	37,600	N/A	N/A	
Total Design	163,074	N/A	N/A	
Construction				
Site Preparation	0	N/A	N/A	
Equipment	40,000	N/A	N/A	
Construction	323,602	N/A	N/A	
Federal Construction Support	9,128	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	145,141	N/A	N/A	
Total Construction	517,871	N/A	N/A	
Total Estimated Cost	680,945	N/A	N/A	
Contingency, TEC	182,741	N/A	N/A	
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC except D&D				
<b>Conceptual Activities</b>	10,755	N/A	N/A	
Start-up	51,300	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	17,000	N/A	N/A	
Total, OPC	79,055	N/A	N/A	
Contingency, OPC	17,000	N/A	N/A	
Total Project Cost	760,000	N/A	N/A	
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	199,741	N/A	N/A	

# 30 Reliable Equipment Installation (30R) Subproject (21-D-512-03)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Design	51,923	N/A	N/A	
Federal Design Support	3,885	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	15,377	N/A	N/A	
Total Design	71,185	N/A	N/A	
Construction				
Site Preparation	30,600	N/A	N/A	
Equipment	40,000	N/A	N/A	
Construction	167,606	N/A	N/A	
Federal Construction Support	6,475	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	87,266	N/A	N/A	
Total Construction	331,947	N/A	N/A	
Total Estimated Cost	403,132	N/A	N/A	
Contingency, TEC	102,643	N/A	N/A	
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC except D&D				
<b>Conceptual Activities</b>	6,368	N/A	N/A	
Start-up	30,500	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	10,000	N/A	N/A	
Total, OPC	46,868	N/A	N/A	
Contingency, OPC	10,000	N/A	N/A	
Total Project Cost	450,000	N/A	N/A	
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	112,643	N/A	N/A	

# Training and Development Center (TDC) Subproject (21-D-512-04)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	15,000	N/A	N/A
Federal Design Support	923	N/A	N/A
Contingency	4,400	N/A	N/A
Total Design	20,323	N/A	N/A
Construction			
Site Preparation	8,800	N/A	N/A
Equipment	4,500	N/A	N/A
Construction	55,498	N/A	N/A
Federal Construction Support	1,665	N/A	N/A
Contingency	25,374	N/A	N/A
Total Construction	95,837	N/A	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	116,160	N/A	N/#
Contingency, TEC	29,774	N/A	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
<b>Conceptual Activities</b>	1,840	N/A	N/A
Start-up	8,900	N/A	N/A
Contingency	3,100	N/A	N/A
Total, OPC	13,840	N/A	N/A
Contingency, OPC	3,100	N/A	N/A
Total Project Cost	130,000	N/A	N/#
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	32,874	N/A	N/A

# West Entry Control Facility (WECF) Subproject (21-D-512-05)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

# 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2020	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	ТРС	26,156	0	N/A	26,156						
	TEC	N/A	196,000	N/A	N/A						
FY 2021	OPC	N/A	30,000	N/A	N/A						
	ТРС	26,156	226,000	350,000	500,000	450,000	200,000	200,000	N/A	N/A	TBD
FY 2022	TEC	0	196,000	310,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,985,000	3,491,000
	OPC	60,000	30,000	40,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	274,000	404,000
	ТРС	60,000	226,000	350,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	3,259,000	3,895,000
FY 2023	TEC	0	226,000	345,000	547,234	617,000	593,160	563,515	305,000	12,300	3,209,209
	OPC	60,000	0	5,000	41,000	53,000	66,840	61,485	60,000	42,000	389,325
	ТРС	60,000	226,000	350,000	588,234	670,000	660,000	625,000	365,000	54,300	3,598,534

(Dollars in Thousands)

# 6. <u>Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements</u>

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	4Q FY 2028
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	50
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	4Q FY 2078

# Related Funding Requirements

	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs ^a		
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	\$88	\$88	\$9,800	\$9,800	

# 7. <u>D&D Information</u>

The scope parameters established at CD-1 established the necessary site infrastructure improvements (West Entry Control Facility, Training and Development Center, temporary warehouse, material staging and laydown area, etc.) to support establishing a 30 ppy mission and to enable increased construction capacity, risk mitigation, and project efficiency.

These activities will include an increase in site square footage and the D&D of equipment within existing facilities. The D&D of existing facilities are not funded on this project. PF-4 D&D is not part of the LAP4 project scope. Some removal of contaminated equipment in PF-4 for space reuse will occur using project funds.

^a Life cycle costs associated with this project were developed as part of CD-1. Neither the Plutonium Pit Production Analysis of Alternatives (AoA) nor Plutonium Pit Production Engineering Assessment (EA) evaluated life cycle costs of reaching 30 ppy at LANL separately from reaching the full 80 ppy production rate for various LANL options.

Gross Square Footage Created/Eliminated	WECF Square Feet	TDC Square Feet	Temporary Warehouse Square Feet
New area to be constructed by this project at Los Alamos National Laboratory	32,000	130,000	80,000
Area of D&D in this project at Los Alamos National Laboratory	0	0	0
Area at Los Alamos National Laboratory to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	32,000	130,000	80,000
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0	0	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked	0	0	0
Total area eliminated	0	0	0

# 8. Acquisition Approach

Expansion of pit production capacity at LANL will be accomplished with the installation of systems of gloveboxes and equipment. Equipment installation to provide the capability to produce 10 ppy will be accomplished using program funding in the Plutonium Modernization Program. The installation of equipment to produce more than 10 ppy will be accomplished through this project. The LANL management and operating (M&O) contractor will execute design, and construction will be implemented with cleared and accomplished LANL craft resources. Subcontract installation of equipment is not feasible within PF-4, with consideration of concurrent operational activities and the requisite security and safety restraints. The performance baselines for each subproject will be established upon completion of 90% design maturity, to allow development of credible cost estimates in accordance with DOE O 413.3B and NNSA policy.

For infrastructure, non-nuclear design and construction will be executed via M&O-issued design-bid-build and design-build construction contracts. The performance baselines for each subproject will be established using a graded approach for design maturities appropriate for the various facility types, and to allow development of credible cost estimates in accordance with DOE O 413.3B and NNSA policy.

# 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (SRPPF) Savannah River Site (SRS), Aiken, South Carolina Project is for Design and Construction

# 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

# Summary:

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Request for the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (SRPPF) project is \$700,000K of Total Project Costs (TPC). This amount supports meeting the requirement to produce 80 pis per year (ppy) as close to 2030 as possible. Critical Decision (CD)-1 was approved on June 25, 2021 by the Deputy Secretary of Energy. CD-0, Approve Mission Need for the "Plutonium Modular Approach," was approved on November 25, 2015. The approved Mission Need established the requirement for a responsive infrastructure to meet plutonium pit production requirements. This data sheet has been updated to reflect the outcome from approved changes in the project's scope that have occurred since CD-1 approval, which is further described in the Significant Changes section below. The final performance baseline will be established at 90% design completion to support CD-2/3 approval in FY 2024. A Federal Project Director has been assigned to this project and has approved this Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS).

NNSA completed the Plutonium Pit Production analysis of alternatives (AoA) in October 2017 and the follow-on Plutonium Pit Production Engineering Assessment (EA) in April 2018. Both efforts informed NNSA's selection of a preferred alternative on May 10, 2018 to continue to invest in Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) for the capability to produce 30 ppy in 2026, and to repurpose existing facilities at Savannah River Site to produce a capability of 50 ppyin 2030. Based on information developed to support the CD-1 approval, NNSA has determined that achieving the required 50 war reserve ppy production rate at the Savannah River Site in 2030 is not feasible. Establishing the required SRPPF pit production capacity as close as possible to 2030 remains a high-priority and is required for sustaining the effectiveness of the Nation's nuclear deterrent.

The FY 2023 Request includes funds to complete final design and achieve total project CD-2/3 in FY 2024. Funding will continue initial Demolition & Removal (D&R), early long-lead materials and equipment procurements, and approve CD-2/3 to begin construction for the following subprojects to achieve required production capacity closer to 2030:

- Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01)
- Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03)
- Training and Operations Center Subproject (21-D-511-05)

The scope, cost and schedule estimates approved at CD-1 include an estimated cost range of \$6,900,000K to \$11,100,000K and a CD-4 schedule range of 1st Quarter FY 2032 to 4th Quarter FY 2035.

# Significant Changes:

This CPDS is an update of the FY 2022 CPDS and is not a new start.

The most recent Department of Energy (DOE) approved Critical Decision (CD) for the 21-D-511 project is CD-1. Critical Decision (CD)-1, *Approve Alternative Selection & Cost Range* for the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (SRPPF) Project was approved by the Deputy Secretary of Energy on June 25, 2021.

The FY 2022 SRPPF CPDS included knowledge from two years of detailed planning, benchmarking, and development of the conceptual design and was supported by a 30% design cost and schedule estimate to complete SRPPF. Through this development process, it was determined that NNSA needs to commence initial long-lead equipment procurements and D&R as soon as feasible to have any opportunity to complete the project in the early 2030's. The proposed early activities will cause little to no inherent risk to the on-going SRPPF design but will enable the project to commence construction and enable two major work fronts once design is completed in 4QFY 2023 and level the work load over the project life cycle. The proposed initial activities will consist of:

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization/ Construction/21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (SRPPF), SRS

- 1) Long-lead material and equipment procurements Combined with an intent to maximize the beneficial use of Mixed Oxide Fuel Fabrication Facility (MFFF) material/equipment inventory turned over to SRPPF, to support early construction inside and outside of the process building,
- 2) Interior to process building Demolish and remove MFFF paint, commodities, equipment and wall/floor sections,
- 3) Exterior to the process building Site preparation for the mobilization of the construction forces and initiation of final below grade excavation, structures and utility installation.

During the NNSA review of the CD-1 package, the decision was made to move to a single line option (SLO) for process operations based on modeling completed for the SRPPF production/through-put. Upon Program Secretarial Officer (PSO) approval, NNSA began to develop a higher-fidelity, more risk-informed design performance baseline, currently scheduled for completion in June 2022. Until the design performance baseline has been completed and approved by NNSA, the Critical Milestone and Project Cost sections of the data sheet are best estimates and updates with further refinement will be included in the FY 2024 submission. The project is in the processes of planning the work to efficiently execute within the funding provided by this data sheet.

The FY 2023 and FY 2024 funding within this request supports preliminary and final design and support for the start of CD-3A early site preparation for the Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01), CD-3A D&R within the 226-F facility associated with the Main Process Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-02), and needed long lead material and equipment procurements, which will maximize beneficial use of the inventory turned over from MFFF materials and equipment. The overall project CD-2/3 approval is still expected prior to the end of FY 2024 and the Critical Milestone and Project Cost sections will be updated at that time.

The SRPPF project will utilize lessons learned in acquisition and execution of similarly-sized nuclear projects, including the execution of the Los Alamos Plutonium Pit Production Project and Uranium Processing Facility Project. These lessons learned include:

- early long-lead material and engineered procurements, including gloveboxes;
- early site preparation, to include D&R required to prepare existing SRS facilities for SRPPF CD-2/3 design and construction activities; and,
- phasing of appropriate SRPPF project work scope into smaller, related, complete and useable sub-projects, where individual "phased" subprojects would be managed under the overall SRPPF CD-1 cost range and schedule range.

The approved CD-1 package identified a multi-subproject construction execution approach. This acquisition approach will continue to be refined as design matures, along with integration with the national supply chain. Within each subproject, where appropriate, a phasing approach will be applied that may include the following as necessary to optimize project schedule and cash flow:

- early site preparation and installation of temporary facilities / utilities necessary to enable construction mobilization, demolition and removal actions, long lead procurements (i.e., CD-3A);
- performance of independent and usable segments of project scope as subprojects utilizing a "phasing" tailoring strategy approach per DOE O 413.3B, (i.e., a phased subproject that would be managed under its own independent CD-2/3 and CD-4. This will be managed under the CD-1 cost and schedule range, prior to the final CD-2/3 and CD-4 for the overall project).

Preliminary Subproject descriptions are included in Section 2. Initial subprojects are:

- Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01)
- Main Process Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-02)
- Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03)
- Safeguards and Security Subproject (21-D-511-04)
- Training and Operations Center Subproject (21-D-511-05)

NOTE: Site preparations and long-lead procurements will be accomplished via CD-3A under applicable subprojects to optimize project schedule. Prior to initiation of procurements or early site preparation, individual point estimate based performance measurement baselines will be developed, reviewed and approved by the appropriate NNSA approval authority, aligned with the estimated TPC of each CD-3A to establish the basis for performance and resource management.

In FY 2023, project funding for design and construction activities will support continued final design efforts; D&R of equipment and installed commodities in 226-F; long-lead materials and equipment; early preparation and installation for all temporary facilities, utilities (above and below ground) and other general temporary infrastructure necessary to support mobilization and onboarding of construction resources, storage / laydown of construction materials and equipment, shop / fabrication / work areas, etc., to support initiation of SRPPF construction activities; and, final site work including installation of buried process support utilities and a waste transfer line, and demolition and removal of any unneeded MFFF support buildings (temporary and some permanent), and final roadways and grading.

# **Critical Milestone History**

				al Quarter or I				
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2021	11/25/2015	4Q FY 2020	2Q FY 2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	4Q FY 2026 - 4Q FY 2031ª
FY 2022	11/25/2015	3Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	1Q FY 2032 - 4Q FY2035 ^b
FY 2023	11/25/2015	06/25/2021	06/25/2021	1Q FY 2024	4Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2024	N/A	1Q FY 2032 - 4Q FY2035⁵

# Overall Project (21-D-511-01 through 21-D-511-05)

# Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date											
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4				
FY 2022	11/25/2015	3Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD				
FY 2023	11/25/2015	06/25/2021	6/25/2021	2Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2023	2Q FY 2023	N/A	2Q FY 2030				

# Main Process Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-02)

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2022	11/25/2015	3Q FY2021	3Q FY2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2023	11/25/2015	06/25/2021	6/25/2021	1Q FY 2024	4Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2024	N/A	1Q FY 2032 - 4Q FY 2035 ^b

^a CD-4 range was based on the Plutonium Pit Production Engineering Assessment.

^b CD-4 range reflects the range approved at CD-1.

# Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03)

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2022	11/25/2015	3Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2023	11/25/2015	06/25/2021	6/25/2021	2Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2023	2Q FY 2023	N/A	4Q FY 2030

### Safeguards and Security Subproject (21-D-511-04)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date											
	Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
I	FY 2022	11/25/2015	3Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD			
[	FY 2023	11/25/2015	06/25/2021	6/25/2021	1Q FY 2024	3Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2024	N/A	3Q FY 2029			

# Training and Operations Center Subproject (21-D-511-05)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date												
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4					
FY 2022	11/15/2015	3Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD					
FY 2023	11/25/2015	06/25/2021	6/25/2021	2Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2023	2Q FY 2023	N/A	4Q FY 2028					

 $\textbf{CD-0}-\textbf{A} pprove\ \textbf{Mission}\ \textbf{Need}\ for\ a\ \textbf{construction}\ project\ with\ a\ \textbf{conceptual}\ scope\ and\ \textbf{cost}\ range$ 

Conceptual Design Complete – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

D&D Complete – Completion of Demolition and Disposal (D&D) work

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

Fiscal Year	D&R CD-3A	Utilities		
		CD-3A		
FY 2022	3Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021		
FY 2023	4Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2022		

Main Process Building Subproject (21-D-511-02) Demolition and Removal (D&R) CD-3A – Removal of equipment, partially installed commodities, and coatings from Building 226-F.

**Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01) CD-3A**–Site preparation and installation of all temporary facilities, utilities (above and below ground), other general temporary infrastructure necessary to support mobilization and onboarding of construction resources, i.e., storage / laydown of construction materials and equipment, shop / fabrication / work areas, etc., to support initiation of SRPPF construction activities. Final site work, including installation of buried process support utilities and a waste transfer line, demolition and removal of any unneeded MFFF support buildings (temporary and some permanent), and final roadways/grading.

# <u>Project Cost History</u> Overall Project (21-D-511-01 through 21-D-511-05)

	(Dollars in Thousands)											
	Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Other	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС				
ĺ	FY 2021	241,896	0	N/A	241,896	110,000	110,000	4,590,000ª				
	FY 2022	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	11,100,000 ^b				
	FY 2023	1,550,896	6,779,766	589,104	8,919,766	2,180,234	2,180,234	11,100,000ª				

# Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01)

	(Dollars in Thousands)											
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Other	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС					
FY 2022	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD					
FY 2023	93,500	406,500	60,000	560,000	60,000	60,000	620,000					

#### Main Process Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-02)

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Other	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2022	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2023	1,318,896	5,704,766	441,104	7,464,766	1,935,234	1,935,234	9,400,000

#### Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03)

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Other	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2022	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2023	5,500	46,500	6,000	58,000	22,000	22,000	80,000

# Safeguards and Security Subproject (21-D-511-04)

_	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Other	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС
ſ	FY 2022	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	FY 2023	100,000	360,000	60,000	520,000	110,000	110,000	630,000

#### Training and Operations Center Subproject (21-D-511-05)

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Other	TEC, Total	ОРС	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2022	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2023	33,000	262,000	22,000	317,000	53,000	53,000	370,000

^a TEC and OPC amounts reflect estimated costs for FY 2021 only, the TPC amount reflects the high end of the cost range developed during the *Plutonium Pit Production Engineering Assessment* (EA) in 2018. Future submissions of the project cost history will be updated following CD-1 approval.

^b TPC amount reflects the high end cost range developed for the CD-1 package.

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

The 21-D-511 project scope includes repurposing Building 226-F, including removal of previously installed equipment and support systems as necessary to accommodate the new pit production mission. Scope includes turnover of all necessary design and quality documentation from the previous mission, any required modifications to Building 226-F and the design, construction and installation of processing equipment, process support systems and buildings, utilities and security features for a capability to produce 50 ppy. The 21-D-511 project will also include transfer, stewardship, and incorporation of select MFFF project government property into the SRPPF project, conversion of the Building 226-2F warehouse building into a high-fidelity training facility, and design and construction of support facilities. Given the special nuclear material (SNM) expected during operations in the SRPPF, Building 226-F will be a Hazard Category 2, Security Category I facility.

The SRPPF project has identified the following subprojects:

**Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01**): This subproject will include: early preparation and installation for all temporary facilities, utilities (above and below ground) and other general temporary infrastructure necessary to support mobilization and onboarding of construction resources, storage / laydown of construction materials and equipment, shop / fabrication / work areas, etc., to support initiation of SRPPF construction activities; and, final site work including installation of buried process support utilities and a waste transfer line, and demolition and removal of any unneeded MFFF temporary support buildings, and final roadways and grading.

**Main Process Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-02):** The Main Process Building includes design, procurement, 226-F construction, including CD-3A removal of equipment, partially installed commodities, and coatings from 226-F, testing and start-up of structures, systems and components necessary to produce a minimum of 50 ppy, and upgrade a facility to house first shift of Protection Force safeguards and security staff for training and construction interface purposes during overall project construction.

Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03): The Administration Building Subproject will include design and construction of an approximately 50,000 square foot new Maintenance and Construction support building. This primary mission need is to provide office space for operational management and support personnel. The Maintenance and Construction support building will be constructed early in the project schedule to allow for offices and management support during construction and start-up. The subproject will be integrated with the completion of the final phase of the Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject.

**Safeguards and Security Subproject (21-D-511-04)**: This subproject will include design and construction of entry control facilities, security fencing, reconfigure and remodel of Building 706-4F building for protective forces and other security infrastructure.

**Training and Operations Center Subproject (21-D-511-05)**: The Training and Operations Center Subproject includes conversion of the Building 226-2F warehouse building into a high-fidelity training facility, both classroom and hands-on equipment training. This high-fidelity training facility will contain nearly identical process gloveboxes and equipment lines for key processes, including balance of plant systems, to what will be installed in the main process building. This facility will provide the ideal location to perform cold development of future pit builds and train the future pit production workforce at SRS.

# **Justification**

NNSA's ability to produce pits in the required quantities established by the Nuclear Weapons Council (NWC) is an essential component of the nuclear deterrent. An Independent AoA was conducted after CD-0, in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11. Multiple alternatives were analyzed and the AoA identified two preferred alternatives with different construction approaches at two separate locations:

- Refurbishment and repurposing of facilities at the Savannah River Site; and,
- Additional footprint to accommodate pit production requirements at LANL

The NNSA Office of Cost Estimating and Program Evaluation conducted a review of the AoA in October 2017 and recommended that further refinement of the preferred alternatives be completed before selecting an alternative that meets requirements. NNSA contracted with an independent architecture and engineering (A&E) firm to complete the follow-on Engineering Assessment to evaluate two preferred alternatives and two additional alternatives to better inform the selection of an alternative and support conceptual design which was completed on April 20, 2018 along with a workforce analysis.

The NNSA Administrator selected a recommended alternative on May 10, 2018 to repurpose Building 226-F, a partially constructed facility at the SRS, for pit production to meet Department of Defense plutonium pit requirements by 2030. The selected alternative will continue to invest in LANL for the capability to produce 30 pits per year (ppy) in 2026, and to repurpose existing facilities at SRS to produce a capability of 80 ppy (both sites) during 2030. The Chairwoman of the Nuclear Weapons Council provided written certification to Congress regarding the NNSA's recommended alternative.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. Funds appropriated under the Plutonium Modernization Program and described in this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct independent reviews and oversight of design and construction for SRPPF.

# Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance. KPPs will be finalized in support of CD-2 documentation, the preliminary KPPs below will be revised in support of CD-2.

#### Performance Measure^a

**226-F Demolition and Removal (D&R):** Complete demolition and removal of MFFF equipment & utility commodities in 226-F. **50 ppy Process and Equipment:** Complete successful Operational Readiness Review including completion of integrated Cold System Testing and turnover of all 50 ppy facility, systems and components identified in the SRPPFProgram Requirements Document (PRD) to Weapons Production for initiation of hot operations Process Prove-in activities.

**Physical Safeguards and Security (S&S) Infrastructure:** Complete successful S&S integrated systems and components testing and reconfiguration of 706-4F including project turnover in support of the 50 PPY SRPPF Process and Equipment Operational Readiness Review.

**Training and Operation Center (TOC):** Training and Development Center will receive beneficial occupancy approval to allow utilization by the Project for Technology maturation and operational preparations with ultimate turnover to Plutonium Operations

**SRPPF Infrastructure:** Receive beneficial occupancy to support early project utilization and ultimate operations in accordance with the PRD.

# 3. Project Cost and Schedule

# Financial Schedule

SRPPF funding will be appropriated at the Overall Project level (21-D-511) and be allocated to the subprojects in the tables below. NOTE: Tables reflect funding in outyears beyond CD-4 completion anticipated to be needed for project financial closeout.

^a These Preliminary Key Performance Parameters were developed as part of the CD-1 package.

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
tal Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	241,896	241,896	29,870
FY 2022	359,000	359,000	491,02
FY 2023	450,000	450,000	490,000
FY 2024	500,000	500,000	540,00
Total Design	1,550,896	1,550,896	1,550,89
Construction			
FY 2022	100,000	100,000	75,00
FY 2023	220,000	220,000	190,50
FY 2024	328,235	328,235	260,00
FY 2025	984,508	984,508	930,00
FY 2026	1,001,339	1,001,339	950,00
FY 2027	877,000	877,000	900,00
FY 2028	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,041,00
FY 2029	450,000	450,000	361,00
FY 2030	800,000	800,000	893,00
FY 2031	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,00
FY 2032	507,788	507,788	366,50
FY 2033	0	0	200,00
FY 2034	0	0	150,00
FY 2035	0	0	51,87
Total Construction	7,368,870	7,368,870	7,368,87
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2021	241,896	241,896	29,87
FY 2022	459,000	459,000	566,02
FY 2023	670,000	670,000	680,50
FY 2024	828,235	828,235	800,00
FY 2025	984,508	984,508	930,00
FY 2026	1,001,339	1,001,339	950,00
FY 2027	877,000	877,000	900,00
FY 2028	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,041,00
FY 2029	450,000	450,000	361,00
FY 2030	800,000	800,000	893,00

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2031	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
FY 2032	507,788	507,788	366,500
FY 2033	0	0	200,000
FY 2034	0	0	150,000
FY 2035	0	0	51,870
Total TEC	8,919,766	8,919,766	8,919,766
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2019	91,313	91,313	39,328
FY 2020	219,900	219,900	143,744
FY 2021	110,000	110,000	184,824
FY 2022	16,000	16,000	38,176
FY 2023	30,000	30,000	30,000
FY 2024	30,000	30,000	30,000
FY 2025	30,000	30,000	30,000
FY 2026	50,000	50,000	50,000
FY 2027	75,000	75,000	75,000
FY 2028	100,000	100,000	100,000
FY 2029	750,000	750,000	700,000
FY 2030	400,000	400,000	440,000
FY 2031	200,000	200,000	100,000
FY 2032	78,021	78,021	100,000
FY 2033	0	0	50,000
FY 2034	0	0	39,162
FY 2035	0	0	30,000
Total OPC ^a	2,180,234	2,180,234	2,180,234
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	91,313	91,313	39, 328
FY 2020	219,900 ^b	219,900	143,744
FY 2021	351,896	351,896	214,694
FY 2022	475,000	475,000	604,202
FY 2023	700,000	700,000	710,500

^a OPC for FY 2018-2021 were provided from Plutonium Sustainment / Savannah River Plutonium Operations program. Beginning in FY 2022 OPC funding was included in the line-item.

^b Budget authority in FY 2018-2020 was appropriated in the Plutonium Sustainment Program to support planning and design activities for the plutonium strategy.

	Dudant Authority		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	858,235	858,235	830,000
FY 2025	1,014,508	1,014,508	960,000
FY 2026	1,051,339	1,051,339	1,000,000
FY 2027	952,000	952,000	975,000
FY 2028	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,141,000
FY 2029	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,061,000
FY 2030	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,333,000
FY 2031	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,100,000
FY 2032	585,809	585,809	466,500
FY 2033	0	0	250,000
FY 2034	0	0	189,162
FY 2035	0	0	81,870
Grand Total	11,100,000	11,100,000	11,100,000

# Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (21-D-511-01)

# (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	5,000	5,000	741
FY 2022	87,500	87,500	67,259
FY 2023	1,000	1,000	25,500
Total Design	93,500	93,500	93,500
Construction			
FY 2022	20,000	20,000	5,000
FY 2023	60,000	60,000	50,000
FY 2024	70,000	70,000	60,000
FY 2025	80,000	80,000	65,000
FY 2026	20,000	20,000	25,000
FY 2027	146,500	146,500	150,000
FY 2028	10,000	10,000	10,000
FY 2029	10,000	10,000	10,000
FY 2030	50,000	50,000	40,000
FY 2031	0	0	20,000
FY 2032	0	0	31,500

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Construction	466,500	466,500	466,500
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2021	5,000	5,000	741
FY 2022	107,500	107,500	72,259
FY 2023	61,000	61,000	75,500
FY 2024	70,000	70,000	60,000
FY 2025	80,000	80,000	65,000
FY 2026	20,000	20,000	25,000
FY 2027	146,500	146,500	150,000
FY 2028	10,000	10,000	10,000
FY 2029	10,000	10,000	10,000
FY 2030	50,000	50,000	40,000
FY 2031	0	0	20,000
FY 2032	0	0	31,500
Total TEC	560,000	560,000	560,000
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2023	500	500	200
FY 2024	10,000	10,000	8,000
FY 2025	500	500	500
FY 2026	500	500	500
FY 2027	500	500	500
FY 2028	500	500	500
FY 2029	20,000	20,000	20,000
FY 2030	27,500	27,500	20,500
FY 2031	0	0	8,000
FY 2032	0	0	1,300
Total OPC	60,000	60,000	60,000
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2021	5,000	5,000	741
FY 2022	107,500	107,500	72,259
FY 2023	61,500	61,500	75,700
FY 2024	80,000	80,000	68,000
FY 2025	80,500	80,500	65,500
FY 2026	20,500	20,500	25,500
FY 2027	147,000	147,000	150,500
FY 2028	10,500	10,500	10,500
FY 2029	30,000	30,000	30,000

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2030	77,500	77,500	60,500
FY 2031	0	0	28,000
FY 2032	0	0	32,800
Grand Total	620,000	620,000	620,000

# Main Process Buildings (MPB) Subproject (21-D-511-02)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	234,396	234,396	28,832
FY 2022	224,000	224,000	385,564
FY 2023	389,500	389,500	399,000
FY 2024	471,000	471,000	505,500
Total Design	1,318,896	1,318,896	1,318,896
Construction			
FY 2022	80,000	80,000	70,000
FY 2023	139,000	139,000	135,000
FY 2024	148,235	148,235	120,000
FY 2025	708,508	708,508	680,000
FY 2026	891,339	891,339	824,000
FY 2027	704,500	704,500	715,000
FY 2028	989,000	989,000	950,000
FY 2029	238,000	238,000	250,000
FY 2030	739,500	739,500	750,000
FY 2031	1,000,000	1,000,000	950,000
FY 2032	507,788	507,788	300,000
FY 2033	0	0	200,000
FY 2034	0	0	150,000
FY 2035	0	0	51,870
Total Construction	6,145,870	6,145,870	6,145,870
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2021	234,396	234,396	28,832
FY 2022	304,000	304,000	455,564
FY 2023	528,500	528,500	534,000

	Budget Authority	Obligations	Contra
EV 2024	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	619,235	619,235	625,500
FY 2025	708,508	708,508	680,000
FY 2026	891,339	891,339	824,000
FY 2027	704,500	704,500	715,000
FY 2028	989,000	989,000	950,000
FY 2029	238,000	238,000	250,000
FY 2030	739,500	739,500	750,000
FY 2031	1,000,000	1,000,000	950,000
FY 2032	507,788	507,788	300,000
FY 2033	0	0	200,000
FY 2034	0	0	150,000
FY 2035	0	0	51,870
Total TEC	7,464,766	7,464,766	7,464,766
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2019	91,313	91,313	39,328
FY 2020	219,900	219,900	143,744
FY 2021	110,000	110,000	184,824
FY 2022	16,000	16,000	38,176
FY 2023	28,000	28,000	29,200
FY 2024	17,000	17,000	20,300
FY 2025	3,000	3,000	17,000
FY 2026	21,500	21,500	28,500
FY 2027	73,500	73,500	53,500
FY 2028	49,000	49,000	51,400
FY 2029	670,000	670,000	628,000
FY 2030	358,000	358,000	408,000
FY 2031	200,000	200,000	83,000
FY 2032	78,021	78,021	91,100
FY 2033	0	0	50,000
FY 2034	0	0	39,162
FY 2035	0	0	30,000
Total OPC	1,935,234	1,935,234	1,935,234
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2019	91,313	91,313	39,328
FY 2020	219,900	219,900	143,744
FY 2021	344,396	344,396	213,656
FY 2022	320,000	320,000	493,740

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2023	556,500	556,500	563,200
FY 2024	636,235	636,235	645,800
FY 2025	711,508	711,508	697,000
FY 2026	912,839	912,839	852,500
FY 2027	778,000	778,000	768,500
FY 2028	1,038,000	1,038,000	1,001,400
FY 2029	908,000	908,000	878,000
FY 2030	1,097,500	1,097,500	1,158,000
FY 2031	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,033,000
FY 2032	585,809	585,809	391,100
FY 2033	0	0	250,000
FY 2034	0	0	189,162
FY 2035	0	0	81,870
Grand Total	9,400,000	9,400,000	9,400,000

# Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03)

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	500	500	49
FY 2022	2,500	2,500	2,451
FY 2023	2,500	2,500	3,000
Total Design	5,500	5,500	5,500
Construction			
FY 2023	1,000	1,000	500
FY 2024	20,000	20,000	15,000
FY 2025	21,000	21,000	15,000
FY 2026	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2027	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2028	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2029	2,000	2,000	1,000
FY 2030	5,500	5,500	3,000
FY 2031	0	0	5,000
FY 2032	0	0	10,000
Total Construction	52,500	52,500	52,500

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2021	500	500	49
FY 2022	2,500	2,500	2,451
FY 2023	3,500	3,500	3,500
FY 2024	20,000	20,000	15,000
FY 2025	21,000	21,000	15,000
FY 2026	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2027	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2028	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2029	2,000	2,000	1,000
FY 2030	5,500	5,500	3,000
FY 2031	0	0	5,000
FY 2032	0	0	10,000
Total TEC	58,000	58,000	58,000
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2023	500	500	200
FY 2024	2,000	2,000	1,000
FY 2025	1,000	1,000	2,000
FY 2026	500	500	500
FY 2027	500	500	500
FY 2028	500	500	500
FY 2029	10,000	10,000	7,000
FY 2030	7,000	7,000	5,000
FY 2031	0	0	3,000
FY 2032	0	0	2,300
Total OPC	22,000	22,000	22,000
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2021	500	500	49
FY 2022	2,500	2,500	2,451
FY 2023	4,000	4,000	3,700
FY 2024	22,000	22,000	16,000
FY 2025	22,000	22,000	17,000
FY 2026	1,500	1,500	1,500
FY 2027	1,500	1,500	1,500
FY 2028	1,500	1,500	1,500
FY 2029	12,000	12,000	8,000
FY 2030	12,500	12,500	8,000

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2031	0	0	8,000
FY 2032	0	0	12,300
Grand Total	80,000	80,000	80,000

# Safeguards and Security Subproject (21-D-511-04)

# (Dollars in Thousands)

Budget Authority (Appropriations)         Obligations           Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	Costs 124 15,376 50,000 34,500 100,000
Design           FY 2021         1,000         1,000           FY 2022         20,000         20,000           FY 2023         50,000         50,000           FY 2024         29,000         29,000           Total Design         100,000         100,000           Construction	15,376 50,000 34,500 100,000
FY 2021       1,000       1,000         FY 2022       20,000       20,000         FY 2023       50,000       50,000         FY 2024       29,000       29,000         Total Design       100,000       100,000         Construction	15,376 50,000 34,500 100,000
FY 2022         20,000         20,000           FY 2023         50,000         50,000           FY 2024         29,000         29,000           Total Design         100,000         100,000           Construction	15,376 50,000 34,500 100,000
FY 2023       50,000       50,000         FY 2024       29,000       29,000         Total Design       100,000       100,000         Construction	50,000 34,500 100,000
FY 2024         29,000         29,000           Total Design         100,000         100,000           Construction	34,500 100,000
Total Design100,000100,000Construction	100,000
Construction	
	30,000
FY 2024 40,000 40,000	30,000
FY 2025 25,000 25,000	20,000
FY 2026 25,000 25,000	20,000
FY 2027 25,000 25,000	20,000
FY 2028 100,000 100,000	80,000
FY 2029 200,000 200,000	100,000
FY 2030 5,000 5,000	100,000
FY 2031 0 0	25,000
FY 2032 0 0	25,000
Total Construction 420,000 420,000	420,000
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)	
FY 2021 1,000 1,000	124
FY 2022 20,000 20,000	15,376
FY 2023 50,000 50,000	50,000
FY 2024 69,000 69,000	64,500
FY 2025 25,000 25,000	20,000
FY 2026 25,000 25,000	20,000
FY 2027 25,000 25,000	20,000
FY 2028 100,000 100,000	80,000
FY 2029 200,000 200,000	100,000
FY 2030 5,000 5,000	100,000

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2031	0	0	25,000
FY 2032	0	0	25,000
Total TEC	520,000	520,000	520,000
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2023	500	500	200
FY 2024	500	500	500
FY 2025	500	500	500
FY 2026	500	500	500
FY 2027	500	500	500
FY 2028	50,000	50,000	45,000
FY 2029	50,000	50,000	45,000
FY 2030	7,500	7,500	6,500
FY 2031	0	0	6,000
FY 2032	0	0	5,300
Total OPC	110,000	110,000	110,000
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	124
FY 2022	20,000	20,000	15,376
FY 2023	50,500	50,500	50,200
FY 2024	69,500	69,500	65,000
FY 2025	25,500	25,500	20,500
FY 2026	25,500	25,500	20,500
FY 2027	25,500	25,500	20,500
FY 2028	150,000	150,000	125,000
FY 2029	250,000	250,000	145,000
FY 2030	12,500	12,500	106,500
FY 2031	0	0	31,000
FY 2032	0	0	30,300
Grand Total	630,000	630,000	630,000

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	124		
FY 2022	25,000	25,000	20,376		
FY 2023	7,000	7,000	12,500		
Total Design	33,000	33,000	33,000		
Construction					
FY 2023	20,000	20,000	5,000		
FY 2024	50,000	50,000	35,000		
FY 2025	150,000	150,000	150,000		
FY 2026	64,000	64,000	80,000		
FY 2027	0	0	14,000		
Total Construction	284,000	284,000	284,000		
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)					
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	124		
FY 2022	25,000	25,000	20,376		
FY 2023	27,000	27,000	17,500		
FY 2024	50,000	50,000	35,000		
FY 2025	150,000	150,000	150,000		
FY 2026	64,000	64,000	80,000		
FY 2027	0	0	14,000		
Total TEC	317,000	317,000	317,000		
Other Project Costs (OPC)					
FY 2023	500	500	200		
FY 2024	500	500	200		
FY 2025	25,000	25,000	10,000		
FY 2026	27,000	27,000	20,000		
FY 2027	0	0	20,000		
FY 2028	0	0	2,600		
Total OPC	53,000	53,000	53,000		
Total Project Costs (TPC)					
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	124		
FY 2022	25,000	25,000	20,376		
FY 2023	27,500	27,500	17,700		

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	50,500	50,500	35,200
FY 2025	175,000	175,000	160,000
FY 2026	91,000	91,000	100,000
FY 2027	0	0	34,000
FY 2028	0	0	2,600
Grand Total	370,000	370,000	370,000

#### 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

#### Overall Project (21-D-511-01 through 21-D-511-05)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	1,380,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	170,896	TBD	N/A
Total Design	1,550,896	TBD	N/A
Construction		TBD	
Site Preparation	465,000	TBD	N/A
Equipment	762,500	TBD	N/A
Construction	4,262,500	TBD	N/A
Contingency	1,289,766	TBD	N/A
Total Construction	6,779,766	TBD	N/A
Other TEC (if any)		TBD	
Cold Startup	426,104	TBD	N/A
Contingency	163,000	TBD	N/A
Total, Other TEC	589,104	TBD	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	8,919,766	TBD	N/A
Contingency, TEC	1,623,662	TBD	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
OPC except D&D			
Conceptual Planning & Design	300,000	TBD	N/A
Post CD-1 OPC Costs ^a	1,705,234	TBD	N/A
Contingency	175,000	TBD	N/A
Total, OPC	2,180,234	TBD	N/A
Contingency, OPC	175,000	TBD	N/A
Total Project Cost	\$11,100,000 ^b	\$11,100,000	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	1,798,662	TBD	N/A

#### Utilities, Site, and Infrastructure Subproject (021-D-511-01)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)			
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	85,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	8,500	TBD	N/A
Total Design	93,500	TBD	N/A
Construction		TBD	
Site Preparation	20,000	TBD	N/A
Equipment	20,000	TBD	N/A
Construction	266,500	TBD	N/A
Contingency	100,000	TBD	N/A
Total Construction	406,500	TBD	N/A
Other TEC (if any)		TBD	
Cold Startup	50,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	10,000	TBD	N/A
Total, Other TEC	60,000	TBD	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	560,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency, TEC	118,500	TBD	N/A

^a Includes support for NEPA, Regulatory / Permitting, Startup and Commissioning

^b This value represents the CD-1 approved high end of the range.

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D		TBD	
Post CD-1 OPC Costs ^a	50,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	10,000	TBD	N/A
Total, OPC	60,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency, OPC	10,000	TBD	N/A
Total Project Cost	620,000	TBD	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	128,500	TBD	N/A

# Main Process Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-02)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)			
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	1,170,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	148,896	TBD	N/A
Total Design	1,318,896	TBD	N/A
Construction		TBD	
Site Preparation	400,000	TBD	N/A
Equipment	700,000	TBD	N/A
Construction	3,540,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	1,064,766	TBD	N/A
Total Construction	5,704,766	TBD	N/A
Other TEC (if any)		TBD	
Cold Startup	301,104	TBD	N/A
Contingency	140,000	TBD	N/A
Total, Other TEC	441,104	TBD	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	7,464,766	TBD	N/A
Contingency, TEC	1,353,662	TBD	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			

^a Includes support for NEPA, Regulatory/Permitting, Startup and Commissioning.

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
OPC except D&D			
Conceptual Planning & Design	300,000	TBD	N/A
Post CD-1 OPC Costs ^a	1,485,234	TBD	N/A
Contingency	150,000	TBD	N/A
Total, OPC	1,935,234	TBD	N/A
Contingency, OPC	150,000	TBD	N/A
Total Project Cost	9,400,000	TBD	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	1,503,662	TBD	N/A

# Administration Buildings Subproject (21-D-511-03)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)							
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline				
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Design							
Design	5,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	500	TBD	N/A				
Total Design	5,500	TBD	N/A				
Construction		TBD					
Site Preparation	5,000	TBD	N/A				
Equipment	2,500	TBD	N/A				
Construction	34,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	5,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Construction	46,500	TBD	N/A				
Other TEC (if any)		TBD					
Cold Startup	5,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	1,000	TBD	N/A				
Total, Other TEC	6,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Estimated Cost	58,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency, TEC	6,500	TBD	N/A				
Other Project Cost (OPC)							
OPC except D&D							

^a Includes support for NEPA, Regulatory / Permitting, Startup and Commissioning

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Post CD-1 OPC Costs ^a	20,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	2,000	TBD	N/A
Total, OPC	22,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency, OPC	2,000	TBD	N/A
Total Project Cost	80,000	TBD	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	8,500	TBD	N/A

### Safeguards and Security Subproject (21-D-511-04)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)							
	Current Previous Total Total Estimate Estimate						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Design							
Design	90,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	10,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Design	100,000	TBD	N/A				
Construction		TBD					
Site Preparation	20,000	TBD	N/A				
Equipment	20,000	TBD	N/A				
Construction	240,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	80,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Construction	360,000	TBD	N/A				
Other TEC (if any)		TBD					
Cold Startup	50,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	10,000	TBD	N/A				
Total, Other TEC	60,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Estimated Cost	520,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency, TEC	100,000	TBD	N/A				

^a Includes support for NEPA, Regulatory / Permitting, Startup and Commissioning

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
Post CD-1 OPC Costs ^a	100,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	10,000	TBD	N/A
Total, OPC	110,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency, OPC	10,000	TBD	N/A
Total Project Cost	630,000	TBD	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	110,000	TBD	N/A

### Training and Operations Center Subproject (21-D-511-05)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)							
	Current Total Estimate	Total Total					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Design							
Design	30,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	3,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Design	33,000	TBD	N/A				
Construction		TBD					
Site Preparation	20,000	TBD	N/A				
Equipment	20,000	TBD	N/A				
Construction	182,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	40,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Construction	262,000	TBD	N/A				
Other TEC (if any)		TBD					
Cold Startup	20,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency	2,000	TBD	N/A				
Total, Other TEC	22,000	TBD	N/A				
Total Estimated Cost	317,000	TBD	N/A				
Contingency, TEC	45,000	TBD	N/A				
Other Project Cost (OPC)							

^a Includes support for NEPA, Regulatory / Permitting, Startup and Commissioning

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
OPC except D&D			
Post CD-1 OPC Costs ^a	50,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency	3,000	TBD	N/A
Total, OPC	53,000	TBD	N/A
Contingency, OPC	3,000	TBD	N/A
Total Project Cost	370,000	TBD	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	48,000	TBD	N/A

# 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

	(Dollars in Thousands)											
Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total	
	TEC	0	241,896	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD	
FY 2021	OPC	326,000	110,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD	
	ТРС	326,000	351,896	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD	
	TEC	0	241,896	445,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD	
FY2022	OPC	311,213	110,000	30,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD	
	ТРС	311,213	351,896	475,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	9,961,891	11,100,000	
	TEC	0	241,896	459,000	670,000	828,235	984,508	1,001,339	877,000	3,857,788	8,919,766	
FY2023	OPC	311,213	110,000	16,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	50,000	75,000	1,528,021	2,180,234	
	TPC	311,213	351,896	475,000	700,000	858,235	1,014,508	1,051,339	952,000	5,385,809	11,100,000 ^b	

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	1Q FY 2032 – 4Q FY 2035
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	50
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	4Q FY 2085

#### **Related Funding Requirements**

#### (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual		Life Cycle Costs ^c		
	Previous Total Estimate	Previous Total Current Total		Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	520	600	27,800	48,100	

^a Includes support for NEPA, Regulatory / Permitting, Startup and Commissioning

^b This value represents the CD-1 approved high end of the cost estimate range.

^c Current Life Cycle Costs and Annual Costs are based on an updated Life Cycle Cost Estimate performed in January 2021.

# 7. D&D Information

The SRPPF plutonium processing capability will be constructed within the existing partially completed 226-F building. This will require demolition and removal of previously installed MFFF equipment and support systems and facilities as necessary to accommodate the new plutonium production mission. Costs for demolition and removal of previously installed MFFF equipment will be part of the Demolition and Removal Subproject.

# 8. Acquisition Approach

On May 10, 2018, in support of the CD-1, NNSA requested Savannah River (SR) M&O to lead the SRPPF CD-1 Conceptual Design development activities while leveraging the LANL M&O plutonium processing knowledge and ongoing project and operation activities. The SR M&O utilized a LANL subcontract with Merrick to provide the process conceptual design. The SR M&O utilized an affiliate sub-contract relationship with Fluor Inc., located in Greenville S.C., to provide design of the balance of plant systems. The SR M&O was responsible for the nuclear safety and ES&H system conceptual design development while relying on the Physical Security Center of Excellence (PSCOE) from Sandia National Laboratories for the physical security conceptual design.

For preliminary and final design, the SR M&O will utilize sole-source subcontracts with Merrick, Fluor and integrate the PSCOE to complete the integrated SRPPF design. The SR M&O and design partners will be engaging qualified specialty equipment and materials suppliers early in design to improve the quality of design enabling optimum procurements and construction execution. The SR M&O will be responsible for the project design's constructability. The design agent and construction lead under the SR M&O will be an Engineering, Procurement, and Construction (EPC) set of contractors. The SR M&O does not have extensive EPC experience in executing large capital nuclear construction projects. The SR M&O will be the Facility Design Authority (FDA) for the facility, the production equipment, balance of plant support systems and nuclear safety and security systems. The SR M&O is the operational authority and will ensure SRPPF includes operability, maintainability and sustainability requirements and are flowed down, implemented and controlled throughout the project execution. As the project integrator, SR M&O will be responsible for project management and integration of design. procurement, construction and start-up and properly sequencing the project activities and submission of multiple quality CD-3A and phased CD-2/3 Package submittals. LANL will continue to support the FDA by providing process inputs and oversight for specialty process equipment. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory will also support the FDA and serve as the Weapons Design Agency for the first pit type to be produced at SRS. The SR M&O contract will include Contract Line Item Numbers to execute NNSA capital line items at SR to align the applicable requirements and appropriate incentives to optimize the project execution and completion.

# 21-D-510 High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production (HESFP) Facility Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas Project is for Design and Construction

# 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

**Summary:** The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Request for the High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production (HESFP) Facility is \$108,000,000 of Total Project Costs (TPC). This funding will be used to begin construction of the facility. Estimated outyear funding may be revised in future budget requests as the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) baselines the project in accordance with Department of Energy (DOE) Order (O) 413.3B. The most recent DOE O 413.3B approved Critical Decision (CD) is CD-1, *ApproveAlternative Selection and Cost Range*, which was approved on February 11, 2021 with a cost range of \$523,000,000 to \$739,000,000 and a high-end of the CD-4 schedule range of 4Q FY 2030. Subsequently on September 21, 2021, the Project Management Executive approved a revised CD-1 cost range of \$505,000,000 to \$699,000,000. The project is funded at \$661,060,000, which is not the high-end range of the approved CD-1 estimate. NNSA will continue value engineering efforts to reduce the total cost of the project and revise outyear amounts as design matures. Outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests as NNSA baselines the project in accordance with DOE Order 413.3B.

The FY 2023 Request was informed by an Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) performed in June 2020. The CD-3A, *Site Preparation and Long Lead Procurement*, is expected to be approved no later than 2Q FY 2023.

# Significant Changes:

This Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update of the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022 CPDS and does not include a new start for the budget year. The Preliminary Design began in September 2021, with a planned completion of the final design by 2Q FY 2023. The project is currently working to compress the schedule, and the funding reflects the compression with construction starting earlier. A compressed schedule is being evaluated to reduce the risk that the current schedule will not produce the mission requirements for insensitive high explosives for the W87-1 stockpile modernization program.

A Federal Project Director has been assigned to this project.

# Critical Milestone History^a

	Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	Final Design Complete	CD-2	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
FY 2021	01/18/2019	12/31/2019	4Q FY 2020	1Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2026	4Q FY 2025			
FY 2022	01/18/2019	12/31/2019	02/11/2021	2Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2024	1Q FY 2024	N/A	4Q FY 2030			
FY 2023	01/18/2019	12/31/2019	02/11/2021	2Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2024	1Q FY 2024	N/A	4Q FY 2030			

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

^a The schedules are estimates and consistent with the high end of the schedule ranges.

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work **CD-4** – Approve Project Closeout

Fiscal Year	CD-3A		
FY 2022	2Q FY 2023 ^a		
FY 2023	2Q FY 2023 ^a		

# **CD-3A** – Approve Site Preparation and Long-Lead Procurements

### Project Cost History^b

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2021	31,000	146,395	177,395	42,605	20,000	62,605	240,000
FY 2022	66,800	636,076	702,876	30,600	N/A	30,600	733,476
FY 2023	51,560	616,840	668,400	30,600	N/A	30,600	699,000

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

#### 2. Project Scope and Justification

### <u>Scope</u>

The project consists of planning, design, and construction of three new buildings, access roads, and perimeters for a single synthesis and formulation facility and a blending facility using the current batch process for synthesis at the Pantex Plant. The total facility square footage, based upon the final Conceptual Design, is expected to be 75,000-100,000 square feet. These structures will replace the aging facilities in Zones 11 and 12 with new facilities in Zone 11 that better support program requirements and meet current codes and standards.

# Justification

To ensure the viability of the nation's nuclear deterrent, NNSA needs to modernize and scale its War Reserve high explosive material production capabilities to meet stockpile requirements. Currently, NNSA relies on a single, external Department of Defense vendor, BAE Holston, for large-scale synthesis, formulation, and blending for high explosive products. In the past, Holston has had failures in production resulting in late deliveries. Pantex provides some formulation, blending, and pilot-scale synthesis. Pantex synthesis capabilities are currently unable to provide adequate redundancy in case there are issues with Holston deliveries. Current facilities for formulation and blending at Pantex are aging and in order to meet delivery targets for high explosive products in the nuclear weapon stockpile, NNSA requires a sufficient and timely supply base for High Explosives (HE) products.

The primary benefits from mitigating the risks gaps are as follows:

- Enable the NNSA to meet near and long-term HE material needs for the stockpile by constituting a supply base that brings to bear all the needed capabilities and capacities.
- Eliminates risks associated with aging facilities for synthesis, formulation, blending, and packaging/staging.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/21-D-510 High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production (HESFP) Facility, PX

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

^a The planned CD-3A approval date is at the high end of the schedule range. The project team is analyzing opportunities to reduce that schedule to move CD-3A approval into FY 2022.

^b No construction will be performed until the project performance baseline has been validated and CD-3 has been approved.

- Improve the controls systems for formulation and allow for higher confidence in repeatability between batches, as well as better recording and documentation to allow for knowledge and data capture for future generations.
- Reduce or eliminate single points of failure in the HE materials supply chain.
- Provide flexibility and agility with synthesis, formulation, and production of HE to meet future mission needs.
- Avoid heightened and deferred maintenance costs in existing facilities.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used to provide independent assessments for planning and execution of this project, and contracted support services to the federal project team for oversight and support.

# Preliminary Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

Preliminary Performance Measure ^a	Threshold	Objective
HE Formulation, Annual Production Rate	25,000 pounds per year	50,000 pounds per year
HE Synthesis, Annual Production Rate	25,000 pounds per year	50,000 pounds per year
HE Blending	5,000 pounds per batch	N/A
HE Staging/packaging	20,000 pounds, total	N/A

# 3. Project Cost and Schedule

#### Financial Schedule^b

(	Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2021	30,600	9,138	1,799
FY 2022	20,960	42,422	33,368
FY 2023	0	0	10,330
FY 2024	0	0	6,063
Total, Design	51,560	51,560	51,560
Construction			
FY 2022	23,540	23,540	0
FY 2023	108,000	108,000	21,171

^a Preliminary Key Performance Parameters were developed as part of the CD-1 approval.

Construction/21-D-510 High Explosive Synthesis,

^b The project has not yet been approved for CD-2, and therefore has not been baselined. Out year funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests as NNSA baselines the project in accordance with DOE Order 413.3B. **Weapons Activities/Production Modernization** 

Formulation, and Production (HESFP)

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	162,000	162,000	52,910
FY 2025	211,000	211,000	196,299
FY 2026	74,360	74,360	147,203
FY 2027	0	0	125,985
FY 2028	0	0	35,332
Total, Construction	578,900	578,900	578,900
Total Estimated Costs			
FY 2021	30,600	9,138	1,799
FY 2022	44,500	65,962	33,368
FY 2023	108,000	108,000	31,501
FY 2024	162,000	162,000	58,973
FY 2025	211,000	211,000	196,299
FY 2026	74,360	74,360	147,203
FY 2027	0	0	125,985
FY 2028	0	0	35,332
Total, TEC	630,460	630,460	630,460
Total Other Project Costs			
FY 2019	3,700	3,700	1,392
FY 2019 FY 2020	3,700 3,093	3,700 3,093	1,392 3,639
FY 2020	3,093	3,093	3,639
FY 2020 FY 2021	3,093 400	3,093 0	3,639 975
FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022	3,093 400 0	3,093 0 400	3,639 975 0
FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023	3,093 400 0 0	3,093 0 400 0	3,639 975 0 0
FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2024	3,093 400 0 0 0	3,093 0 400 0 0	3,639 975 0 0 0
FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025	3,093 400 0 0 0 1,000	3,093 0 400 0 0 1,000	3,639 975 0 0 0 33
FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 2026	3,093 400 0 0 0 1,000 22,407	3,093 0 400 0 0 1,000 22,407	3,639 975 0 0 0 0 33 1,167
FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         FY 2026         FY 2027	3,093 400 0 0 0 1,000 22,407 0	3,093 0 400 0 1,000 22,407 0	3,639 975 0 0 0 33 1,167 1,649
FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         FY 2026         FY 2027         FY 2028	3,093 400 0 0 0 1,000 22,407 0 0	3,093 0 400 0 0 1,000 22,407 0 0	3,639 975 0 0 0 33 1,167 1,649 8,969
FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         FY 2026         FY 2027         FY 2028         FY 2029	3,093 400 0 0 0 1,000 22,407 0 0 0	3,093 0 400 0 0 1,000 22,407 0 0 0	3,639 975 0 0 0 33 1,167 1,649 8,969 10,510
FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         FY 2026         FY 2027         FY 2028         FY 2029         FY 2030	3,093 400 0 0 0 1,000 22,407 0 0 0 0 0	3,093 0 400 0 1,000 22,407 0 0 0 0	3,639 975 0 0 0 33 1,167 1,649 8,969 10,510 2,266

^a OPC for FY 2019 and 2020 were provided from the Capability Based Investments program. Starting in FY 2021, OPC funding was included in the line item.

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/21-D-510 High Explosive Synthesis,

Formulation, and Production (HESFP)

Facility, PX

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2020	3,093	3,093	3,639
FY 2021	31,000	9,138	2,774
FY 2022	44,500	66,362	33,368
FY 2023	108,000	108,000	31,501
FY 2024	162,000	162,000	58,973
FY 2025	212,000	212,000	196,332
FY 2026	96,767	96,767	148,370
FY 2027	0	0	127,634
FY 2028	0	0	44,301
FY 2029	0	0	10,510
FY 2030	0	0	2,266
Grand Total	661,060	661,060	661,060ª

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
Design	38,930	50,200	N/A		
Federal Support	2,500	3,200	N/A		
Contingency	10,130	13,400	N/A		
Total, Design	51,560	66,800	N/A		
Construction					
Site Work	16,130	17,000	N/A		
Process Equipment	97,320	50,000	N/A		
Construction	381,450	450,000	N/A		
Federal Support	7,500	8,800	N/A		
Contingency	114,440	110,276	N/A		
Total, Construction	616,840	636,076	N/A		
Total Estimated Cost	668,400	702,876	N/A		

^a The total project cost in section 3 does not equal the total project cost in section 4 due to ongoing efforts to reduce the cost of the project through value engineering.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/21-D-510 High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production (HESFP) Facility, PX

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

	Current Total Estimate		Original Validated Baseline
Contingency, TEC	124,570	123,676	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC			
Pre-Conceptual Activities	1,200	1,200	N/A
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	5,593	5,593	N/A
Start-up	17,000	17,000	N/A
Equipment Move	3,186	4,000	N/A
Federal Start-up Support	1,188	N/A	N/A
Contingency	2,433	2,807	N/A
Total, OPC	30,600	30,600	N/A
Contingency, OPC	2,433	2,807	N/A
Total Project Cost	699,000	733,476	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	127,003	126,483	N/A

### 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests^a

(Dollars in Thousands)

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	Out Years	Total
	TEC	31,000	20,000	54,000	60,395	12,000	0	N/A	N/A	177,395
FY 2021	OPC	15,000	500	500	7,500	20,000	19,105	N/A	N/A	62,605
	TPC	46,000	20,500	54,500	67,895	32,000	19,105	N/A	N/A	240,000
	TEC	30,600	44,500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	627,776	702,876
FY 2022	OPC	7,193	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23,407	30,600
	TPC	37,793	44,500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	651,183	733,476
	TEC	30,600	44,500	108,000	162,000	211,000	74,360	0	0	630,460
FY 2023	OPC	7,193	0	0	0	1,000	22,407	0	0	30,600
	TPC	37,793	44,500	108,000	162,000	212,000	96,767	0	0	661,060

#### 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	4Q FY 2030
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	50
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	4Q FY 2080

^a The project has not yet been approved for CD-2, and therefore has not been baselined. Outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests as NNSA baselines the project in accordance with DOE Order 413.3B.

### **Related Funding Requirements**

# (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annua	al Cost	Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total Current Total Estimate Estimate		Previous Total	Current Total	
			Estimate	Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	\$39.0	\$39.0	\$1,952	\$1,952	

# 7. D&D Information

The facility is planned for construction in a greenfield, so no D&D is needed to enable the construction. The disposition of the existing facilities that will be obsolete/excess once the HESFP project new construction is completed has been captured in NNSA's Master Asset Plan and will be evaluated for future funding outside of the HESFP line item.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at Pantex Plant	100,000
Area of D&D at the Pantex Plant	0
Area at the Pantex Plant to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	100,000
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	0
Total area eliminated	100,000

# 8. Acquisition Approach

The conceptual design was led by the M&O contractor utilizing a subcontracted Architectural and Engineering firm. The Acquisition Strategy is planned as a design-bid-build with the design and construction as two separate project phases. The design phase strategy will be led by the M&O contractor utilizing a firm fixed price subcontract to an Architectural and Engineering firm. The project has incorporated the award of an M&O firm fixed price subcontract for site preparation work and long lead procurement, but the main construction phase strategy will be developed as part of the CD-2 approval.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/21-D-510 High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production (HESFP) Facility, PX

#### 18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee Project is for Design and Construction

#### 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

**Summary**: The FY 2023 Request for the Lithium Processing Facility (LPF) is \$216,886,000 The current Critical Decision (CD)-1 was approved on December 31, 2019 by the Chief Executive for Project Management with a high end cost range of \$1,645,000,000 [total project cost (TPC)]. Outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests as NNSA baselines the project in accordance with DOE Order 413.3B.

#### Significant Changes:

This project is not a new start. The most recent DOE Order 413.3B Critical Decision (CD) was CD-1, approved on December 31, 2019. Based on this approval, in FY 2021 the Architect and Engineering (A/E) subcontract was awarded and the preliminary design effort was initiated. At the end of FY 2022, the design will be approximately 50% complete.

The project experienced minimal COVID-19 impacts to date primarily associated with workspace cleaning requirements in building 1099.

FY 2023 funds will be used for design, CD-3A long-lead and site preparation procurements.

Preliminary and final design, construction and Other Project costs (OPC) will continue to be executed through line item funding specifically appropriated for the project, as started in FY 2021. Prior to FY 2021, OPCs were funded from Capability Based Investments and Lithium Sustainment, except in FY 2018 where funding appropriated under the project funded conceptual design.

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2019	06/10/2015	01/19/2018	2Q FY 2019	1Q FY 2021	2Q FY 2022	1Q FY 2021	N/A	2Q FY 2027
FY 2020	06/10/2015	02/28/2019	3Q FY 2019	2Q FY 2022	2Q FY 2022	2Q FY 2022	N/A	3Q FY 2027
FY 2021	06/10/2015	02/28/2019	12/31/2019	3Q FY 2024	3Q FY 2024	3Q FY 2024	N/A	4Q FY 2031
FY 2022	06/10/2015	02/28/2019	12/31/2019	1Q FY 2026 ^b	2Q FY 2025 °	1Q FY 2026	N/A	4Q FY 2031
FY 2023	06/10/2015	02/28/2019	12/31/2019	1Q FY 2026	2Q FY 2025	1Q FY 2026	N/A	4Q FY 2031

Fiscal Quarter or Date^a

#### **Critical Milestone History**

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable).

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Complete

Fiscal Year	CD-3A	
FY 2019	N/A	

^a Project schedules are estimates until the project baseline is approved at CD-2.

^c Final Design Completion date adjusted to include addition of schedule contingency previously omitted from CPDS.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

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Construction/18-D-690 Lithium Processing
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^b CD-2 and CD-3 dates adjusted to include addition of schedule contingency previously omitted from CPDS.

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	CD-3A
FY 2020	4Q FY 2021
FY 2021	4Q FY 2022
FY 2022	4Q FY 2023
FY 2023	4Q FY 2023

**CD-3A** – Long-Lead Procurements and Site Preparation – Long-lead procurements consists of critical equipment such as lathes, mills, and presses. Site preparation work includes demolition of slabs and underground utilities; removal of unsuitable soils and backfill; and installation of site access controls, water drainage features, retention basins, and temporary facilities.

# Project Cost History^a

(Dollars in Thousands)							
Fiscal	TEC,	TEC,		OPC	OPC,		
Year	Design	Construction	TEC, Total	Except D&D	D&D	OPC, Total	TPC
FY 2019	120,000	530,000	650,000	70,000	0	70,000	720,000
FY 2020	125,000	525,000	650,000	70,000	0	70,000	720,000
FY 2021	384,000	1,161,000	1,545,000	100,000	0	100,000	1,645,000
FY 2022	384,000	1,161,000	1,545,000	100,000	0	100,000	1,645,000
FY 2023	384,000	1,161,000	1,545,000	100,000	0	100,000	1,645,000

The project will seek to procure long lead capital equipment and prepare the construction site prior to approval of the project baseline at CD-2.

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

The LPF project will design and construct a new facility, at the former Biology complex site on Y-12, to relocate lithium operations and processes currently in Y-12's Building 9204-2 into a safe, reliable, modern building. LPF will be approximately 134,000 SF in size. It will be designed with space for lithium process equipment, shipping and receiving areas, in-process storage areas, and technical and administrative support areas. The LPF project plans to pursue approval of a CD-3A for the long lead scope and site preparation. Long-lead procurements consists of critical equipment such as lathes, mills, and presses. Site preparation work includes demolition of slabs and underground utilities; removal of unsuitable soils and backfill; and installation of site access controls, water drainage features, retention basins, and temporary facilities. The project cost estimate and funding profile may be revised in future budget requests prior to CD-2 to account for improved definition of the design, schedule, and/or risks. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct reviews of design and construction. A level III Federal Project Director has been assigned.

# **Justification**

Lithium is an essential element for the refurbishment and modernization of the nuclear weapons stockpile. To support Defense Programs missions, Y-12 maintains capabilities and facilities for the production of lithium components. In addition to supporting Defense Programs missions, lithium capabilities support international agreements, the NNSA Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence program, the Department of Homeland Security Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction Office, and the Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Science Isotope Business Office.

^a Project costs are estimates until the project baseline is approved at CD-2.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/18-D-690 Lithium Processing

Production work for lithium and related nonnuclear special materials vital to canned subassemblies is performed in Building 9204-2, which was built in 1943. The facility is oversized for today's mission, is costly to operate, has many operating issues, and has exceeded its expected life. Despite short-term investments to sustain capabilities, conditions in Building 9204-2 remain poor, in part due to a significant amount of deferred maintenance. As an example of impact and concern, the Senate Armed Service Committee in the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2015, acknowledged that: "Portions of the concrete ceiling above equipment that supplies components to the stockpile are spalling as the rebar inside the 60-plus-year-old concrete has corroded due to a desiccant used in the air handling system. Such working conditions are unacceptable if not dangerous." In order to ensure continuity of lithium capabilities, reduce annual operating costs, and increase process efficiencies using safer, more modern, agile, and responsive processes, a new facility must be built. A project specific Analysis of Alternatives (AoA) was completed in 2017. Key evaluation criteria included life-cycle cost, capacity, complexity, schedule, safety, and impact on existing operations. Off-site real estate surveys and facilities assessments were completed and no suitable facilities were identified, therefore the selected preferred alternative was to build a new facility. Due to cost growth between CD-0 and CD-1, primarily due to industrial/process space and office space allocations growth, DOE Cost Estimating and Program Evaluation (CEPE) was prompted to reexamine the AoA. After completing the AoA reexamination process, NNSA leadership re-affirmed the selection of building a new facility.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. Project risk assessment was conducted as part of the CD-1 approval process. Risk management assessments and updates continue as part of the project management. Also, consistent with DOE O 413.3B, earned value information for the LPF design effort will be reported in the Project Assessment and Reporting System (PARS). Funding specifically appropriated for the LPF project may also be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct reviews of design and construction of the LPF.

# Preliminary Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The threshold KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. These thresholds are presented with increased detail in the classified Project Requirements Document (PRD). Achievement of the threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The objective KPPs, also detailed in the PRD, represent the desired project performance.

Performance Measure ^a	Threshold	Objective
Demonstrate capacity to process and produce	Threshold Performance	Objective Performance
sufficient lithium material and manufacture sufficient	Parameters are identified in the	Parameters are identified in
lithium components to meet projected weapons	Classified Project Requirements	the Classified Project
program demands	Document	Requirements Document

# 3. Financial Schedule

(Dollars in Thousands)			
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	19,000	19,000	6 <i>,</i> 570
FY 2020	32,000	19,000	7,736
FY 2021	99,405	99,405	29,233 ^b
FY 2022	164,902	164,902	165,000

^a Key Performance Parameters will be approved upon approval of the project baseline.

^b Updated to reflect actual FY21 TEC cost.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/18-D-690 Lithium Processing

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
FY 2023	63,693	76,693	167,000
FY 2024	5,000	5,000	8,461
Total Design	384,000	384,000	384,000
Construction			
FY 2021	0	0	(
FY 2022	0	0	(
FY 2023	150,193	140,000	100,000
FY 2024	245,770	245,770	205,000
FY 2025	264,000	264,000	335,000
FY 2026	270,000	270,000	260,000
FY 2027	228,000	180,000	165,000
FY 2028	3,037	29,630	50,000
FY 2029	0	26,600	30,000
FY 2030	0	5,000	10,000
FY 2031	0	0	6,000
Total Construction	1,161,000	1,161,000	1,161,000
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2018	0	0	(
FY 2019	19,000	19,000	6,570
FY 2020	32,000	19,000	7,730
FY 2021	99,405	99,405	29,233
FY 2022	164,902	164,902	165,00
FY 2023	213,886	216,693	267,00
FY 2024	250,770	250,770	213,46
FY 2025	264,000	264,000	335,00
FY 2026	270,000	270,000	260,00
FY 2027	228,000	239,000	165,00
FY 2028	FY 2028 3,037 2,230		50,000
FY 2029	0	0	30,000
FY 2030	0	0	10,000
FY 2031	0	0	6,000
Total TEC	1,545,000	1,545,000	1,545,00
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2015 ^b	497	497	8
FY 2016	247	247 247	
FY 2017	4,680	4,680	57
FY 2018	5,000	3,661	4,52
FY 2019	0	0	3,262

 $^{^{\}rm a}$  Updated to reflect actual FY21 TEC cost.

^b OPC funding in FY 2015-2017 was funded out of Capability Based Investments.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/18-D-690 Lithium Processing

Facility, Y-12

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
FY 2020	1,000	1,000	C
FY 2021	10,000	10,000	979
FY 2022	3,000	3,000	4,000
FY 2023	3,000	3,000	8,000
FY 2024	10,000	10,000	12,000
FY 2025	16,000	16,000	16,000
FY 2026	20,000	20,000	5,000
FY 2027	22,000	22,000	10,000
FY 2028	4,576	5,915	15,000
FY 2029	0	0	10,000
FY 2030	0	0	5,720
FY 2031	0	0	4,210
Total OPC	100,000	100,000	100,00
otal Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2015	497	497	8
FY 2016	247	247	63
FY 2017	4,680	4,680	57
FY 2018	5,000	3,661	4,52
FY 2019	19,000	19,000	9,83
FY 2020	33,000	20,000	7,73
FY 2021	109,405	109,405	30,212
FY 2022	167,902	167,902	169,00
FY 2023	216,886	219,693	275,00
FY 2024	260,770	260,770	225,46
FY 2025	280,000	280,000	351,00
FY 2026	290,000	290,000	265,00
FY 2027	250,000	261,000	175,00
FY 2028	7,613	8,145	65,00
FY 2029	0	0	40,00
FY 2030	0	0	15,720
FY 2031	0	0	10,21
rand Total	1,645,000	1,645,000	1,645,00

 ^a Updated to reflect a ctual FY21 OPC cost.
 ^b Updated to reflect a ctual FY21 TPC cost.
 Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12

## 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC))			
Design			
Design	306,000	300,000	N/A
Federal Support	18,000	18,000	
Contingency	60,000	66,000	N/A
Total, Design	384,000	384,000	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	25,045	25,045	N/A
Equipment	417,939	417,939	N/A
Construction	434,018	434,018	N/A
Federal Support	28,000	28,000	N/A
Project Management	66,628	66,628	N/A
Contingency	189,370	189,370	N/A
Total, Construction	1,161,000	1,161,000	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	1,545,000	1,545,000	N/A
Contingency, TEC	249,370	255,370	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	23,389	23,389	N/A
<b>Conceptual Planning</b>	7,085	7,085	N/A
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	4,218	4,218	N/A
Other OPC Costs (Startup,	47,698	47,698	N/A
ES&H, etc.)	47,098	47,098	
Contingency	17,610	17,610	N/A
Total, OPC	100,000	100,000	N/A
Contingency, OPC	17,610	17,610	N/A
Total Project Cost	1,645,000	1,645,000	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	266,980	272,980	N/A

# (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

## 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

	(Dollars in Thousands)											
Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Out Years	Total	
	TEC	51,000	26,200	125,900	201,600	200,000	45,300	0	0	0	650,000	
FY 2019	OPC	11,369	1,000	1,000	1,000	11,936	13,663	17,032	13,000	0	70,000	
	TPC	62,369	27,200	126,900	202,600	211,936	58,963	17,032	13,000	0	720,000	
	TEC	56,000	26,200	125,900	191,600	217,728	32,572	0	0	0	650,000	
FY 2020	OPC	10,074	1,000	1,000	1,000	12,236	16,563	18,132	9,995	0	70,000	
	TPC	66,074	27,200	126,900	192,600	229,964	49,135	18,132	9,995	0	720,000	
EV 2021	TEC	51,000	99,405	218,902	223,012	250,770	245,312	251,000	147,000	58,599	1,545,000	
FY 2021	OPC	11,424	10,000	3,000	3,000	10,000	16,000	20,000	22,000	4,576	100,000	

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12

	TPC	62,424	109,405	221,902	226,012	260,770	261,312	271,000	169,000	63,175	1,645,000
	TEC	51,000	99,405	164,902	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	1,229,693	1,545,000
FY 2022	OPC	11,424	10,000	3,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	75,576	100,000
	TPC	62,424	109,405	167,902	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	1,305,269	1,645,000
	TEC	51,000	99,405	164,902	213,886	250,770	264,000	270,000	228,000	3,037	1,545,000
FY 2023	OPC	11,424	10,000	3,000	3,000	10,000	16,000	20,000	22,000	4,576	100,000
	TPC	62,424	109,405	167,902	216,886	260,770	280,000	290,000	250,000	7,613	1,645,000

## 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy	4Q FY 2031
Expected Useful Life	50 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset	4Q FY 2081

#### Related Funding requirements

## (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual		Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	73	33	3,666	1,669ª	

#### 7. D&D Information

The location for the new facility is the former Biology Complex at Y-12; however, D&D of the existing facilities is being funded and managed by DOE's Office of Environmental Management through its Y-12 Excess Facilities D&D program. Building 9204-2 houses operations in addition to lithium production, and the plan for the transition of those operations to other facilities is yet to be decided. Once all capabilities have been moved out of Building 9204-2, final D&D of existing facilities will be the responsibility of the DOE Office of Environmental Management.

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

NNSA has contracted with the M&O to award multiple subcontracts of various types. Primary design effort, through the end of the project, will be accomplished via a cost plus award fee subcontract to an Architect/Engineeringfirm. Various firm fixed price subcontracts, with a firm fixed price option to fabricate, will be used for most of the specialized process equipment design and procurement. Specific to the machining lathe/mill complex prototype, a cost plus incentive fee subcontract will be used for design phase with an optional firm fixed price for fabrication. The project will utilize Construction Manager at Risk (CMR) services. The first phase, providing constructability reviews and providing cost saving design/construction recommendations, will be via a time and materials subcontract. The second phase will be an optional firm fixed price subcontract for the construction of the LPF facility. As allowed by Order 413.3B, Change 6, the project scope may be phased into smaller subprojects with phased CD-2/3 approvals and CD-3A for site preparation and long lead procurements.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Previous Total Estimate incorrectly included capital acquisition and D&D costs.

## 18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## Summary:

This Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update of the FY 2022 CPDS and does not include a new start for the budget year. The FY 2023 Request for the Tritium Finishing Facility (TFF) Project is \$73,300,000. The current preliminary Total Project Cost (TPC) range approved at CD-1 on December 20, 2019, is \$305,000,000 to \$640,000,000

## Significant Changes:

In FY 2023, \$73,300,000 is requested to continue design activities towards 30% design complete in FY 2023 and 60% design complete in FY 2025 for the Process Buildings, to complete design and begin construction for the Site Preparation and Warehouse Construction Subproject, and to prepare for long-lead procurements.

The cost and schedule information shown in the FY 2023 PDS has been updated only within the boundary of the current approved CD-1 cost range and CD-4 date as compared to the FY 2022 PDS, to align planning with the increased budget requested for FY 2023. The overall project schedule was re-evaluated based on an FY 2021 NNSA review conducted on the Management and Operations (M&O) contractor's submittal of a risk-informed Design Performance Baseline (DPB) for expected critical path to achieve CD-2/3 approval for the entire TFF project. Based on NNSA input, the M&O contractor updated the DPB to achieve CD-2/3, which NNSA reviewed and approved in February 2022. The FY 2023 CPDS continues to support the approved CD-1 cost and schedule range, but NNSA will continue evaluating the project's funding profile and estimate to determine if the current CD-1 high end ranges for TPC and CD-4 would still be considered bounding. NNSA is continuing to explore opportunities that could result in cost avoidances, including acquisition strategies and scope trade-offs that can meet programmatic requirements while staying within the approved CD-1 cost and schedule ranges.

An in-depth cost estimate for completing design and achieving CD-2/3 approval was developed in June 2021. Discussions with NNSA senior leadership were then held to consider options and decide on the best path forward for the project. As the M&O Contractor has considered the overall project schedule, it has revised the expected critical path of the project, resulting in changes to the project schedule in the FY 2023 CPDS. CD-2/3 for the Site Preparation and Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01) must be achieved by Q4 of FY 2023. The project is required to coordinate relocation of the H-Area New Manufacturing (HANM) 13.8kV power supply, scope included within the Site Preparation and Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01), to ensure 13.8kV power line relocation completion / turnover back to the Program for a critical production operations Thermal Cycling Absorption Process (TCAP) outage to support the Tritium Extraction Facility extraction schedule. Accordingly, the Site Preparation and Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01) CD-2/3 is currently shown in Q4 of FY 2023, to ensure 13.8kV power line relocation completion / turnover back to the Program for a critical production schedule. Accordingly, the Site Preparation and Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01) CD-2/3 is currently shown in Q4 of FY 2023, to ensure 13.8kV power line relocation completion / turnover back to the Program by February 2024.

In FY 2021, the overall project schedule necessary to achieve readiness for CD-2 was finalized, including activities to begin design for the CD-3A for long lead procurement in support of the Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02), and the CD-2/3 for the Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01). The M&O awarded an affiliated subcontract with Fluor Federal Services for the design of the Process facility. The Project team achieved approximately 90% complete the design for the Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01) and worked to advance the Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02) toward 30% design complete.

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The most recent Critical Decision (CD) is CD-1, approved December 20, 2019. The CD-4 range is 4Q FY 2029-4Q FY 2031. A Federal Project Director has been appointed. The FPD is certified as a Level 1 FPD and is pursuing certification as a Level III FPD. The Director, SRS APMO, the FPD's supervisor, is certified as a Level IV FPD.

The TFF subprojects are described below:

**Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01)**: The subproject will demolish three warehouses, build one new replacement warehouse, relocate a cooling tower, relocate the Limited Area fence, and relocate utilities to provide space for the process building constructions.

**Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02)**: The Process Building Subproject will provide the two main structures of the TFF: Building 1 (249-12H) is a Hazard Category (HC)-2 nuclear facility and Building 2 (249-23H) is a below HC-3 radiological facility. 249-12H is approximately 19,000 square feet and will house the systems processing tritium-loaded gas transfer systems. 249-13H is approximately 10,000 square feet and will house the reservoir handling processes conducted prior to tritium loading. The envisioned project is intended to replace key capabilities in H-Area Old Manufacturing (HAOM), a 1950s vintage building that does not meet current codes and standards and that presents a risk to the tritium mission due to the age of the building and systems as well as susceptibility to natural phenomena. HAOM supports an extensive array of mission critical capabilities, such as the pre-loading process, inert loading, reservoir acceptance, assembly of reservoir components, packaging, storage, shipping, and metallurgical analysis. These capabilities directly support shipments of Gas Transfer Systems (GTS) and Limited Life Component Exchanges (LLCE) to the Department of Defense (DoD).

The subproject will also provide a new fire protection system, security systems, final site civil work, startup testing of new systems, and commissioning.

**Critical Milestone History** 

# Overall Project (18-D-650) and Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02)

Fiscal Quarter or Date^a

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptua l Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2018	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	2Q FY2018	4Q FY2022	2Q FY2022	4Q FY2022	N/A	4Q FY2027
FY 2019	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	3Q FY2018	2Q FY2023	2Q FY2022	2Q FY2023	N/A	4Q FY2029
FY 2020	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	4Q FY2019	2Q FY2024	4Q FY2023	2Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2031
FY 2021	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2031
FY 2022	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2031
FY 2023	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	3Q FY2026	3Q FY2026	3Q FY2026	N/A	4Q FY2031

^a The schedules are only estimates until the project baseline is approved. Dates listed correspond to the high end of the schedule range.

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptua l Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2018	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	2Q FY2018	4Q FY2022	2Q FY2022	4Q FY2022	N/A	4Q FY2027
FY 2019	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	3Q FY2018	2Q FY2023	2Q FY2022	2Q FY2023	N/A	4Q FY2029
FY 2020	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	4Q FY2019	2Q FY2024	4Q FY2023	2Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2031
FY 2021	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2031
FY 2022	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	N/A	4Q FY2031
FY 2023	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	3Q FY2026	3Q FY2026	3Q FY2026	N/A	4Q FY2031

#### Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01)

#### Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2022	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2024	N/A	2Q FY2025
FY 2023	06/10/2015	01/28/2017	12/20/2019	4Q FY2023	4Q FY2023	4Q FY2023	N/A	2Q FY2025

**NOTE**: This CPDS reflects a CD-2/3 for the Site Preparation and Warehouse Construction Subproject in 4Q FY2023 to support obtaining CD-2/3 in FY2023 and commencing Site Preparation construction work in FY2023, as described in the Significant Changes update for this CPDS.

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

**Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

CD-1 – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2/3 Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject** – demolishing existing structures, relocating a fence, relocating a cooling tower, move access roads, install warehouse space, and relocate utilities to clear and prepare the site for new construction or refurbishment of existing buildings.

CD-4 – Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject complete

CD-2/3 – Approve Performance Baseline; Approve Start of Construction

**Final Design Complete** – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d) **D&D Complete** – D&D will not be performed as part of this project, due to the nature of decontaminating tritium process systems

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Complete

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Fiscal Quart	er or Date
Fiscal Year	CD-3A
FY 2018	1Q FY 2020
FY 2019	1Q FY 2020
FY 2020	1Q FY 2022
FY 2021	3Q FY 2021
FY 2022	3Q FY 2024
FY 2023	3Q FY 2024

CD-3A - Long Lead Procurement of critical equipment

#### Project Cost History

**Overall Project (18-D-650)** 

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2018	76,000	349,000	425,000	74,000	0	74,000	499,000
FY 2019	76,000	425,042	501,042	74,000	0	74,000	575,042
FY 2020	79,000	464,829	543,829	75,000	0	75,000	618,829
FY 2021	80,000	482,300	562,300	77,700	0	77,700	640,000
FY 2022	144,000	418,300	562,300	77,700	0	77,700	640,000
FY 2023	150,300	412,000	562,300	77,700	0	77,700	640,000

## Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01)

## (Dollars in Thousands)^a

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2022	8,100	16,700	24,800	5,500	0	5,500	30,300
FY 2023	8,100	16,700	24,800	5,500	0	5 <i>,</i> 500	30,300

## Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02)

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2022	135,900	401,600	537,500	72,200	0	72,200	609,700
FY 2023	142,200	395,300	537,500	72,200	0	72,200	609,700

^a The costs are only estimates until the project performance baseline is approved.

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The Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject achieved approximately 90% design complete in FY 2021 and this will serve as input into the Process Building Subproject design. The project will initiate a CD-3A long-lead procurement of a mass spectrometer in FY 2024. Start of construction activities are dependent upon completion of the design for the Process Buildings Subproject.

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

The TFF project will construct two new buildings to relocate tritium and deuterium processes currently in H-Area Old Manufacturing into safe, reliable, modern buildings. The first, hardened building (estimated at 17,000+/-10% square feet) will house tritium equipment processes, and the second (estimated at 8,000 +/-10% square feet) will house non-nuclear process equipment. To make room for the new buildings, existing warehouses will be demolished and replaced elsewhere. A hardened corridor (estimated at 1,000+/-10% square feet) will be constructed to allow for transportation of tritium containing components to and from the TFF structure. Scope for the project also includes project design, safety basis development, and relocation of utilities, fences, and an access road.

**Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01)**: A subproject is requested for dismantlement and removal of structures, systems and components, re-establishing warehouse space and site preparation to reduce project schedule and subsequent cost. The subproject will demolish three warehouses, build one new approximately 9,000 square foot replacement warehouse, relocate a cooling tower, relocate the Limited Area fence, relocate utilities to provide space for the process building construction and provide an access road.

**Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02)**: The Process Buildings Subproject will provide the two main structures of the TFF: Building 1 is a Hazard Category (HC)-2 nuclear facility and Building 2 is a HC-3 facility. The envisioned project was intended to replace key capabilities in H-Area Old Manufacturing (HAOM), a 1950s vintage building that does not meet current codes and standards and that presents a risk to the tritium mission due to the age of the building and systems as well as susceptibility to natural phenomena. HAOM supports an extensive array of mission critical capabilities, such as the pre-loading process, inert loading, reservoir acceptance, assembly of reservoir components, packaging, storage, shipping, and metallurgical analysis. 249-12H will house the tritium-filled reservoir processes: reservoir acceptance, assembly of reservoir components, packaging, storage and shipping. 249-13H will house the inert systems: receipt inspection, pre-loading process, inert loading and metallurgical analysis. These capabilities directly support shipments of Gas Transfer Systems (GTS) and Limited Life Component Exchanges (LLCE) to the Department of Defense (DoD).

This subproject will also provide a new fire protection system, security systems, final site civil work, startup testing of new systems, and commissioning. This subproject will also construct a hardened corridor to connect TFF to existing facilities through which tritium-containing components can be transported.

# Justification

The NNSA Stockpile Stewardship mission and the Tritium-related missions require the specific capability of providing tritium and deuterium-filled reservoirs to the Department of Defense, a capability that must be ensured well into the foreseeable future. These capabilities include, but are not limited to, receipt, inspection, inert loading, pre-loading, metallography, surveillance, container storage, packaging, and shipping. These critical capabilities are currently housed in a 60-year-old building, H-Area Old Manufacturing. The infrastructure of the building has deteriorated and is well beyond expected end-of-life. Critical capabilities are now housed in areas that create a substantial risk to the enduring Tritium mission. Infrastructure failures have increased, leading to increased safety, security, maintenance and operating costs.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets, and all appropriate project management

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requirements for CD-1 have been met. The project funding profile may be revised in future budget requests prior to CD-2 to account for improved definition of the design, schedule, and risks.

Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct reviews of design and construction. <u>Preliminary Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)</u>

The threshold KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective
Demonstrate the operational capability of <u>inert loading</u> at a capacity rate that can meet the annualized threshold requirement based on an assumed 40 weeks		
of equipment availability per year.	Classified	Classified
Demonstrate the operational capability of the <u>pre-</u> <u>loading process</u> at a capacity rate that can meet the annualized threshold requirement based on 40 weeks		
of equipment availability per year.	Classified	Classified

## 3. Financial Schedule

TFF funding is appropriated, apportioned and allocated at the Overall Project level (18-D-650), then distributed within the Overall Project to the subprojects, as shown in below.

	(Dollars in Thousands) Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
otal Estimated Cost (TEC)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Design			
FY 2018	0	0	(
FY 2019	0	0	(
FY 2020	4,000	4,000	4,000
FY 2021	2,500	2,500	2,000
FY 2022	700	700	1,000
FY 2023	900	900	1,100
FY 2024	0	0	(
Total, Design	8,100	8,100	8,100
Construction			
FY 2020	0	0	(
FY 2021	0	0	(
FY 2022	0	0	(
FY 2023	14,000	14,000	5,700
FY 2024	2,700	2,700	11,000
FY 2025	0	0	(
FY 2026	0	0	(
FY 2027	0	0	(
FY 2028	0	0	(
FY 2029	0	0	(
FY 2030	0	0	(
FY 2031	0	0	0
Total, Construction	16,700	16,700	16,700
Total Estimated Cost			
FY 2018	0	0	(
FY 2019	0	0	(
FY 2020	4,000	4,000	4,000
FY 2021	2,500	2,500	2,000
FY 2022	700	700	1,000

#### Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01)

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	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2023	14,900	14,900	6,800
FY 2024	2,700	2,700	11,000
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
FY 2030	0	0	0
FY 2031	0	0	0
Total, TEC	24,800	24,800	24,800
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
FY 2015	0	0	0
FY 2016	0	0	0
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2025	4,500	4,500	4,500
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
FY 2030	0	0	0
FY 2031	0	0	0
Total, OPC	5,500	5,500	5,500
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
FY 2015	0	0	0
FY 2016	0	0	0
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	4,000	4,000	4,000
FY 2021	2,500	2,500	2,000
FY 2022	700	700	1,000
FY 2023	14,900	14,900	6,800

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	3,700	3,700	12,000
FY 2025	4,500	4,500	4,500
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
FY 2030	0	0	0
FY 2031	0	0	0
Total, TPC (18-D-650-01)	30,300	30,300	30,300

# Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02)

	Budget Authority	· · · ·	
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)		·	
Design			
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	23,000	23,000	7,500
FY 2021	24,500	24,500	22,000
FY 2022	26,300	26,300	41,800
FY 2023	58,400	58,400	58,400
FY 2024	10,000	10,000	12,500
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
FY 2030	0	0	0
FY 2031	0	0	0
Total, Design	142,200	142,200	142,200
Construction			
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	79,500	79,500	73,000
FY 2025	105,700	105,700	96,000
FY 2026	89,200	89,200	85,000
FY 2027	66,200	66,200	60,000
FY 2028	42,700	42,700	42,300
FY 2029	12,000	12,000	22,000
FY 2030	0	0	12,300
FY 2031	0	0	4,700
Total, Construction	395,300	395,300	395,300
Total Estimated Cost			
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	23,000	23,000	7,500
FY 2021	24,500	24,500	22,000
FY 2022	26,300	26,300	41,800
FY 2023	58,400	58,400	58,400

(Dollars in Thousands)

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	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	89,500	89,500	85,500
FY 2025	105,700	105,700	96,000
FY 2026	89,200	89,200	85,000
FY 2027	66,200	66,200	60,000
FY 2028	42,700	42,700	42,300
FY 2029	12,000	12,000	22,000
FY 2030	0	0	12,300
FY 2031	0	0	4,700
Total, TEC	537,500	537,500	537,500
Other Project Cost (OPC	2)		
FY 2015	1,700	1,700	1,700
FY 2016	3,300	3,300	3,300
FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,000
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	1,000	1,000	1,700
FY 2020	2,000	2,000	100
FY 2021	2,000	2,000	2,000
FY 2022	2,000	2,000	1,700
FY 2023	0	0	500
FY 2024	7,000	7,000	6,000
FY 2025	6,000	6,000	5,300
FY 2026	11,000	11,000	10,000
FY 2027	10,000	10,000	10,000
FY 2028	13,000	13,000	11,000
FY 2029	11,500	11,500	10,400
FY 2030	0	0	6,000
FY 2031	0	0	1,500
Total, OPC	72,200	72,200	72,200
Total Project Cost (TPC)			

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2015	1,700	1,700	1,700
FY 2016	3,300	3,300	3,300
FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,000
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	1,000	1,000	1,700
FY 2020	25,000	25,000	7,600
FY 2021	26,500	26,500	24,000
FY 2022	28,300	28,300	43,500
FY 2023	58,400	58,400	58,900
FY 2024	96,500	96,500	91,500
FY 2025	111,700	111,700	101,300
FY 2026	100,200	100,200	95,000
FY 2027	76,200	76,200	70,000
FY 2028	55,700	55,700	53,300
FY 2029	23,500	23,500	32,400
FY 2030	0	0	18,300
FY 2031	0	0	6,200
Total, TPC (18-D-650-02)	609,700	609,700	609,700

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	, Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			-
Design			
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	27,000	27,000	11,500
FY 2021	27,000	27,000	24,000
FY 2022	27,000	27,000	42,800
FY 2023	59,300	59,300	59,500
FY 2024	10,000	10,000	12,500
Total, Design	150,300	150,300	150,300
Construction			
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	14,000	14,000	5,700
FY 2024	82,200	82,200	84,000
FY 2025	105,700	105,700	96,000
FY 2026	89,200	89,200	85,000
FY 2027	66,200	66,200	60,000
FY 2028	42,700	42,700	42,300
FY 2029	12,000	12,000	22,000
FY 2030	0	0	12,300
FY 2031	0	0	4,700
Total, Construction	412,000	412,000	412,000
Total Estimated Cost			
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	27,000	27,000	11,500
FY 2021	27,000	27,000	24,000
FY 2022	27,000	27,000	42,800
FY 2023	73,300	73,300	65,200
FY 2024	92,200	92,200	96,500
FY 2025	105,700	105,700	96,000
FY 2026	89,200	89,200	85,000
FY 2027	66,200	66,200	60,000
FY 2028	42,700	42,700	42,300
FY 2029	12,000	12,000	22,000

(Dollars in Thousands)

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	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2030	0	0	12,300
FY 2031	0	0	4,700
Total, TEC	562,300	562,300	562,300
Other Project Cost	(OPC)		
FY 2015	1,700	1,700	1,700
FY 2016	3,300	3,300	3,300
FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,000
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	1,000	1,000	1,700
FY 2020	2,000	2,000	100
FY 2021	2,000	2,000	2,000
FY 2022	2,000	2,000	1,700
FY 2023	0	0	500
FY 2024	8,000	8,000	7,000
FY 2025	10,500	10,500	9,800
FY 2026	11,000	11,000	10,000
FY 2027	10,000	10,000	10,000
FY 2028	13,000	13,000	11,000
FY 2029	11,500	11,500	10,400
FY 2030	0	0	6,000
FY 2031	0	0	1,500
Total, OPC	77,700	77,700	77,700

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Project Co			
FY 2015	1,700	1,700	1,700
FY 2016	3,300	3,300	3,300
FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,000
FY 2018	0	0	C
FY 2019	1,000	1,000	1,700
FY 2020	29,000	29,000	11,600
FY 2021	29,000	29,000	26,000
FY 2022	29,000	29,000	44,500
FY 2023	73,300	73,300	65,700
FY 2024	100,200	100,200	103,500
FY 2025	116,200	116,200	105,800
FY 2026	100,200	100,200	95,000
FY 2027	76,200	76,200	70,000
FY 2028	55,700	55,700	53,300
FY 2029	23,500	23,500	32,400
FY 2030	0	0	18,300
FY 2031	0	0	6,200
Total, TPC (18-D-650)	640,000	640,000	640,000

## 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

TFF costs roll up from the Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction (18-D-650-01) and Process Buildings Subprojects (18-D-650-02) to the cumulative Overall Project (18-D-650) Total Project Cost, as shown below.

## Site Preparation & Warehouse Construction Subproject (18-D-650-01)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)						
	Current Total					
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline			
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Design						
Design	6,500	6,500	N/A			
Safety Basis	100	100	N/A			
Federal Support	500	500	N/A			
Project and Design Management	500	500	N/A			
Contingency	500	500	N/A			
Total, Design	8,100	8,100	N/A			
Construction						
Site Work	8,500	8,500	N/A			

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization/ Construction/18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Facility Demolition	3,000	3,000	N/A
Construction	2,000	2,000	N/A
Safety Basis Documents	200	200	N/A
Federal Support	1,000	1,000	N/A
M&O Support	500	500	N/A
Contingency	1,500	1,500	N/A
Total, Construction	16,700	16,700	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	24,800	24,800	N/A
Contingency, TEC	2,000	2,000	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Planning	0	0	N/A
Analysis of Alternative	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Design	1,000	1,000	N/A
NEPA & Permit	0	0	N/A
Federal Support	250	250	N/A
Safeguard & Security	250	250	N/A
ES&H	2,000	2,000	N/A
Contractor Support	1,500	1,500	N/A
Startup	0	0	N/A
Contingency	500	500	N/A
Total, OPC except D&D	5,500	5 <i>,</i> 500	N/A
Contingency, OPC	500	500	N/A
Total Project Cost (18-D-650-01)	30,300	30,300	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC +OPC)	2,500	2,500	N/A

# Process Buildings Subproject (18-D-650-02)

	y in Thousands of Dollars) Current Previous ^a Original				
	Total	Total	Validated		
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
Design	99,400	95,000	N/A		
Safety Basis	8,300	7,900	N/A		
Federal Support	5,700	5,500	N/A		
Project and Design Management	12,600	12,000	N/A		
Contingency	16,200	15,500	N/A		
Total, Design	142,200	135,900	N/A		
Construction					
Site Work	3,900	4,000	N/A		
Facility Demolition	1,000	1,000	N/A		
Construction	328,600	333,800	N/A		
Safety Basis Documents	5,700	5,800	N/#		
Federal Support	6,900	7,000	N/A		
M&O Support	4,400	4,500	N/A		
Contingency	44,800	45,500	N/A		
Total, Construction	395,300	401,600	N/#		
Total Estimated Cost	537,500	537,500	N//		
Contingency, TEC	61,000	61,000	N/#		
Other Project Cost (OPC)					
OPC except D&D					
R&D	0	0	N/#		
Conceptual Planning	3,700	3,700	N/A		
Analysis of Alternative	800	800	N/#		
Conceptual Design	2,200	2,200	N//		
NEPA & Permit	500	500	N//		
Federal Support	2,750	2,750	N//		
Safeguard & Security	750	750	N//		
ES&H	10,500	10,500	N//		
Contractor Support	4,500	4,500	N//		
Startup	38,000	38,000	N//		
Contingency	8,500	8,500	N//		

^a Totals for Design and Construction under the Previous Total Estimate were mis-added in FY22 PDS. Adjustments to Current Total Estimate values now add to totals appropriately.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization/ Construction/18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS

	Current Total Estimate	Previous ^a Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total, OPC except D&D	72,200	72,200	N/A
Contingency, OPC	8,500	8,500	N/A
Total Project Cost (18-D-650-02)	609,700	609,700	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	69,500	69 <i>,</i> 500	N/A

## Overall Project (18-D-650)

	Current	<b>Previous</b> ^a	Original
	Total	Total	Validated
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	105,900	101,500	N/A
Safety Basis	8,400	8,000	N/A
Federal Support	6,200	6,000	N/A
Project and Design Management	13,100	12,500	N/A
Contingency	16,700	16,000	N/A
Total, Design	150,300	144,000	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	12,400	12,500	N/A
Facility Demolition	4,000	4,000	N/A
Construction	330,600	335,800	N/A
Safety Basis Documents	5,900	6,000	N/A
Federal Support	7,900	8,000	N/A
M&O Support	4,900	5,000	N/A
Contingency	46,300	47,000	N/A
Total, Construction	412,000	418,300	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	562,300	562,300	N/A
Contingency, TEC	63,000	63,000	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Planning	3,700	3,700	N/A
Analysis of Alternative	800	800	N/A
Conceptual Design	3,200	3,200	N/A
NEPA & Permit	500	500	N/A
Federal Support	3,000	3,000	N/A
Safeguard & Security	1,000	1,000	N/A
ES&H	12,500	12,500	N/A
Contractor Support	6,000	6,000	N/A
Startup	38,000	38,000	N/A

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization/ Construction/18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS

^a Totals for Design and Construction under the Previous Total Estimate were mis-added in FY22 PDS. Adjustments to Current Total Estimate values now add to totals appropriately.

Contingency	9,000	9,000	N/A
Total, OPC except D&D	77,700	77,700	N/A
Contingency, OPC	9,000	9,000	N/A
Total Project Cost (18-D-650)	640,000	640,000	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	72,000	72,000	N/A

#### 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

TFF funding is appropriated, apportioned and allocated at the Overall Project level (18-D-650), then distributed within the Overall Project to the subprojects, as shown in previous Sections of this Project Data Sheet.

#### Overall Project (18-D-650)

Request	Turk	Prior	FY	FY	FY	FY	FY	FY	FY	Out	
Year	Туре	Years	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Years	Total
	TEC	81,805	13,000	22,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	308 <i>,</i> 195	425,000
FY 2018 ^a	OPC	16,100	3,000	3,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	51,900	74,000
	TPC	97,905	16,000	25,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	360,095	499,000
	TEC	60,800	13,000	30,000	45,000	200,000	152,242	0	0	0	501,042
FY 2019	OPC	16,100	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	10,000	10,000	22,900	74,000
	TPC	76,900	16,000	33,000	48,000	203,000	155,242	10,000	10,000	22,900	575,042
	TEC	27,000	13,000	30,000	44,909	166,500	152,242	110,178	0	0	543,829
FY 2020	OPC	12,600	2,000	2,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	5,000	7,000	37,400	75,000
	TPC	39,600	15,000	32,000	47,909	169,500	155,242	115,178	7,000	37,400	618,829
	TEC	27,000	27,000	27,000	55,000	85,000	120,000	97,000	73,000	51,300	562,300
FY 2021	OPC	9,700	2,000	2,000	3,000	3,000	6,000	10,000	8,000	34,000	77,700
	TPC	36,700	29,000	29,000	58,000	88,000	126,000	107,000	81,000	85,300	640,000
	TEC	27,000	27,000	27,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	481,300	562,300
FY 2022	OPC	9,700	2,000	2,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	64,000	77,700
	TPC	36,700	29,000	29,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	545,300	640,000
	TEC	27,000	27,000	27,000	73,300	92,200	105,700	89,200	66,200	54,700	562,300
FY 2023	OPC	9,700	2,000	2,000	0	8,000	10,500	11,000	10,000	24,500	77,700
	TPC	36,700	29,000	29,000	73,300	100,200	116,200	100,200	76,200	79,200	640,000

(Dollars in Thousands)

#### 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

^a For value shown in the Total Beyond FY 2027 column for the FY 2018 Request Year CPDS reflects the total representing years beyond FY 2023 found in the Outyears column of the FY 2018 CPDS.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization/

Construction/18-D-650 Tritium Finishing Facility,

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy	4Q FY 2031
Expected Useful Life	50 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset [Note: D&D of a tritium facility cannot begin until	1Q FY 2152
approximately 70 years after the end of its 50-year useful life due to tritium trapped within metallic structures that needs to decay over a period of roughly five half-lives.]	

## Related Funding Requirements (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual	Costs	Life Cycl	e Costs
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate
Operations and Maintenance	4.9	4.9	2,478	2,478

# 7. D&D Information

Because the existing facility contains tritium, the facility cannot be decommissioned and demolished for another 70 years. The approximate area of warehouses to be demolished under 18-D-650-01 to clear the site for the new building is listed here.

D&D Description	Square Feet
1. New area being constructed by this project on the Savannah River Site	30,000 – 40,000
<ol> <li>Area on the Savannah River Site to be D&amp;D by this project (Demolished warehouses. HAOM will not undergo D&amp;D under this project)</li> </ol>	15,000
3. Area on the Savannah River Site to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	0
4. Area on other sites to be D&D by this project	0
5. Area on other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	0
6. Total area eliminated (add boxes 2, 3, 4, and 5)	15,000

Square footage numbers rounded to the next highest 1,000 sq ft.

## 8. Acquisition Approach

The Acquisition Strategy was approved by the Deputy Administrator for Defense Programs on December 20, 2019. Based on lessons learned on other capital asset projects executed across the complex, the recommended approach for M&O design/construction projects is to segregate capital asset projects from other operational scope. Consistent with the Deputy Secretary's September 12, 2018 memorandum, *Improving Acquisition Management*, the TFF acquisition will "maximize the use of objective performance measures that focus on outcomes which balance considerations of cost control, schedule achievement, and technical performance" and ensure fee payments are "aligned with contractual end objectives and mission accomplishment".

The existing M&O contract has been modified to incorporate a new Contract Line Item (CLIN) for NNSA Capital Asset Construction Projects. This construction CLIN includes generalized terms and conditions to allow capital asset projects to be performed using contract types such as: Cost-Plus-Incentive-Fee (CPIF), Fixed-Price-Incentive-Fee (FPIF) and Fixed-Price with Economic Price Adjustment (FP-EPA) at the Sub-CLIN level. Sub-CLINs will be negotiated separately for each NNSA project at SRS. The advantage to this CLIN/Sub-CLIN approach is that additional Sub-CLINs can be negotiated and added as other NNSA capital asset construction project needs are identified.

The Sub-CLIN established for the TFF project will include the following:

- Separate work scopes for each Critical Decision(CD).
- Separate fee types for each CD that may include a combination of Incentive and Milestone Fees related to cost and schedule performance depending on the specific project phase.

It is anticipated the M&O contractor will award competitive subcontracts for various portions of the work. During FY 2021 the M&O contractor issued a subcontract to Fluor Federal Services to perform architect/engineer design scope. Although the design and construction work will require both the architect/engineering and construction firms with AMSE NQA-1 capability; significant portions of the construction work are commercial in nature and NNSA anticipates competition from qualified firms for construction

## 15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project (TRP) Phase III Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

<u>Summary</u>: The FY 2023 request for the TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III is \$30,002,000 of Total Estimated Cost (TEC) funding. The TEC baseline is \$188,887,000 and the Total Project Cost (TPC) baseline is \$236,030,000.

## Significant Changes:

The TA-55 Reinvestment Project was initiated in FY 2005 and subsequently split into three phases.

The most recent Critical Decision (CD) for the project is a combined CD-1/2/3 to approve the alternative selection, performance baseline, and authorization of construction which was approved on May 6, 2021. An Independent Cost Estimate and External Independent Review were completed in August and October 2020 respectively to support the approval of the Performance Baseline. The TPC estimate approved at CD-1/2/3 is shown below and approved by the Project Management Executive per DOE Order 413.3B. Future Years Nuclear Security Program (FYNSP) amounts contain reduced amounts of management reserve and contingency. NNSA will re-evaluate outyear funding levels as project risks are realized. FY 2023 funding will be used to continue construction. The pace at which construction and turnover to operations can be executed is limited by the work being performed in an operating nuclear facility that is required to support critical program deliverables during the execution of this project. These considerations were validated during the NNSA review and approval of the CD-1/2/3 package and are reflected in the CD-4 date which is forecasted for the 3rd quarter of FY 2027.

The Baseline is reflective of CD-1/2/3 package and consistent with the scope selection from the Federal Analysis of Alternatives (AoA), final design, lessons learned, and input from the Independent Cost Estimate and External Independent Reviews.

A Federal Project Director has been appointed to this project and has approved this data sheet.

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2015	03/23/2005		1QFY2015	4QFY 2017	2QFY2018	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY2022
FY 2016	03/23/2005	12/23/2014	4QFY2016	4QFY 2018	2QFY2018	4QFY2018	N/A	3QFY2026
FY 2017	03/23/2005	12/23/2014	4QFY2016	4QFY 2018	2QFY2018	4QFY2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2021	03/23/2005	11/15/2018	3QFY2021	3QFY2021	4QFY2020	3QFY2021	2QFY2024	2QFY2026
FY 2022	03/23/2005	11/15/2018	5/06/2021	5/06/2021	1/22/2021	5/06/2021	2QFY2025	3QFY2027
FY 2023	03/23/2005	11/15/2018	5/06/2021	5/06/2021	1/22/2021	5/06/2021	2QFY2025	3QFY2027

# **Critical Milestone History**

CD-0 – Approve Mission Need

Conceptual Design Complete – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

CD-1 – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Project Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

CD-3 – Approve Start of Construction/Execution

D&D Complete – Completion of D&D work (see Section 9)

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Completion

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2015	30,062	110,000	140,062	29,500	N/A	29,500	169,562
FY 2016	30,060	150,002	180,062	46,500	N/A	46,500	226,562
FY 2017	30,060	111,448	141,508	31,500	N/A	31,500	173,008
FY 2021	35,628	155,104	190,732	34,658	12,808	47,466	238,198
FY 2022	22,435	166,452	188,887	44,778	2,365	47,143	236,030
FY 2023	19,184ª	169,703	188,887	44,778	2,365	47,143	236,030

# Project Cost History

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

## <u>Scope</u>

The TRP III scope encompasses replacing the currently outdated LANL Technical Area (TA)-55 fire alarm system that is not compliant with current codes and standards. Specifically the existing detection, control, and evacuation devices associated with the fire alarm system are not National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliant, and are not Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. All major components of the system are obsolete and costly to maintain. Spare part availability has continued to be a significant concern as circuit boards for the main fire alarm control panel are no longer available.

The current single fire alarm control panel will be replaced with multiple panels; separating the nuclear facility, Plutonium Facility (PF)-4, and the non-nuclear facilities within the TA-55 site. The scope also includes addition of area-wide and early warning fire detection throughout PF-4, installation of Underwriter Laboratory (UL) listed digital/addressable components, sprinkler flow sensing switches, new evacuation strobes and audible alarms, consolidated monitoring of the campus in the TA-55 Operations Center, and other components to provide inputs from over 2,000 devices spread throughout 199 zones of protection in TA-55. All new systems must be installed and accepted into operation while existing systems continue to provide alarm functions for the operating facility.

Upon completion of the new system, the project includes decommissioning and decontamination of components of the old systems. Demolition involves appropriate radiation protection and waste management characterization of the areas and parts to be removed.

# **Justification**

PF-4 within TA-55 is the only Hazard Category 2 (HC-2) nuclear facility/Security Category 1 (SC-1) supporting all enduring Plutonium missions for Department of Energy (DOE)/NNSA at this time. The mission need for TRP III is to extend the life of TA-55 so it can continue to operate safely and reliably in support of the stockpile stewardship program. This project specifically extends the life of TA-55 by recapitalizing and revitalizing an aging and obsolete fire alarm system.

The TA-55 main fire control panel and supporting devices represent a single point failure risk for this critical capability. More specifically, this facility is critical to support certification of the stockpile, pit production, and all other DOE/NNSA plutonium missions. PF-4 has been in operation for over 35 years and, before the TRP I and TRP II upgrades, the infrastructure and systems were aging and approaching the end of their service life, required excessive maintenance, and experienced increased operating costs and reduced system reliability. The facility is not in compliance with safety and regulatory requirements that are required for the fire alarm systems. TRP III is the final phase of the three-phase project that supports critical upgrades of PF-4 within the TA-55 boundary at LANL.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL

^a TEC design activities were completed for \$3.251M less than the baselined value \$22.435M. The budget under-run was reallocated to Federal construction contingency during the implementation of the performance baseline.

Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project required by DOE Order 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE Order 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*.

## Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

Performance Measure ^a	Threshold KPP	Objective KPP
New PF-4 fire alarm system (FAS)	<b>T1:</b> New FAS is installed and accepted into operations for PF-4	<b>O1:</b> New FAS is installed and accepted into operations for Balance of Plant
	<b>T2:</b> All data points cutover from old system to the new system as required per baseline design	<b>O2:</b> All Balance of Plant data points cutover from old system to the new system as required per baseline design

## 3. Financial Schedule

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2015	16,062	16,062	0
FY 2016 ^b	6,373	8,192	0
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	1,503
FY 2020 ^b	0	(1,819)	12,506
FY 2021	(3,251)°	(3,251)	5,175 ^d
FY 2022	0	0	0
Total Design	19,184	19,184	19,184
Construction			
FY 2016	10,003	10,003	0

^a Key Performance Parameters approved per CD-1/2/3.

^b In FY 2020 there was reprogramming of \$1.82M of the FY 2016 appropriation to the LANLTA-3 Substation replacement, 16-D-621.

^c TEC design activities were completed for \$3.251M less than the baselined value \$22.435M. The budget under-run was reallocated to contingency per the performance baseline.

^d Final design financial closeout was completed in the first quarter of FY 2022 that resulted in a cost reduction of \$19K. This reduction was applied against the FY 2021 costs.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment

Project Phase III, LANL

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2017	2,000	2,000	0
FY 2018	0	2,000	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	33,251ª	33,251	7,762
FY 2022	27,000	27,000	54,976
FY 2023	30,002	30,002	39,261
FY 2024	30,000	30,000	27,623
FY 2025	34,474	34,474	37,108
FY 2026	2,000	2,000	2,000
Total Construction	168,730	168,730	168,730
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2015	16,062	16,062	0
FY 2016 ^b	16,376	18,195	0
FY 2017	2,000	2,000	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	1,503
FY 2020	0	(1,819)	12,506
FY 2021	30,000	30,000	12,937
FY 2022	27,000	27,000	54,976
FY 2023	30,002	30,002	39,261
FY 2024	30,000	30,000	27,623
FY 2025	34,474	34,474	37,108
FY 2026	2,000	2,000	2,000
Total TEC	187,914°	187,914	187,914
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
FY 2013 ^d	1,675	1,675	1,675
FY 2014	750	750	750
FY 2015	1,802	1,802	1,802
FY 2016	133	133	133
FY 2017	828	828	828

^a TEC reflected appropriation of \$30M plus funding reallocated at the completion of design - \$3.251M.

^b In FY 2020 there was reprogramming of \$1.82M of the FY 2016 appropriation to the LANLTA-3 Substation replacement, 16-D-621.

^c The total funding amount and the total spend plan do not match. The funding level in the financial schedule is provided at a 70% confidence level while the approved top of the cost range is provided at an 85% confidence level.

^d The OPC costs for FY 2013 through FY 2019 have been updated to reflect the actual cost incurred.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment

Project Phase III, LANL

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2018	3,596	3,596	3 <i>,</i> 596
FY 2019	1,804	1,804	1,775
FY 2020 ^a	500	500	-6
FY 2021	2,000	2,000	174
FY 2022	5,000	5,000	6,582
FY 2023	10,900	10,900	10,037
FY 2024	9,543	9,543	8,258
FY 2025	5,700	5,700	8,215
FY 2026	547	547	959
Total, OPC except D&D	44,778	44,778	44,778
OPC D&D			
FY 2023	100	100	79
FY 2024	2,265	2,265	2,286
Total OPC D&D	2,365	2,365	2,365
Total OPC			
FY 2013 ^b	1,675	1,675	1,675
FY 2014	750	750	750
FY 2015	1,802	1,802	1,802
FY 2016	133	133	133
FY 2017	828	828	828
FY 2018	3,596	3,596	3,596
FY 2019	1,804	1,804	1,775
FY 2020	500	500	-6
FY 2021	2,000	2,000	174
FY 2022	5,000	5,000	6,582
FY 2023	11,000	11,000	10,116
FY 2024	11,808	11,808	10,544
FY 2025	5,700	5,700	8,215
FY 2026	547	547	959
Total OPC	47,143	47,143	47,143
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2013	1,675	1,675	1,675
FY 2014	750	750	750
	17.004	17,864	1,802
FY 2015	17,864	17,804	1,002
FY 2015 FY 2016	17,864 16,509	18,328	133

^a No OPC funding was provided in FY 2020. The required OPCs were added in FY 2022.

^b The OPC costs for FY 2013 through FY 2019 have been updated to reflect the actual cost incurred.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2018	3,596	3,596	3,596
FY 2019	1,804	1,804	3,278
FY 2020	500	(1,319)	12,500
FY 2021	32,000	32,000	13,111
FY 2022	32,000	32,000	61,558
FY 2023	41,002	41,002	49,377
FY 2024	41,808	41,808	38,167
FY 2025	40,174	40,174	45,323
FY 2026	2,547	2,547	2,959
Grand Total TPC	235,057ª	235,057	235,057

^a Due to a management decision during the budgeting process, the total funding amount and the total spend plan do not match. The funding level in the financial schedule is provided at a 70% confidence level while the approved top of the cost range is provided at an 85% confidence level.

## 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

	(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current	Previous	Original		
	Total Estimate	Total Estimate	Validated		
Total Estimated Cost	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline		
(TEC)					
Design					
Design	18,884	22,135	22,135		
Federal Support	300	300	300		
Contingency					
Total, Design	19,184	22,435	22,435		
Construction					
LongLead	0	0	0		
Procurements	-	-	-		
Construction	111,499	111,499	111,499		
Safety Basis					
Federal Support	5,239	5,239	5,239		
Contingency	52,965	49,714	49,714		
Total, Construction	169,703	166,452	166,452		
Total, TEC	188,887	188,887	188,887		
Contingency, TEC	52,965°	49,714	49,714		
Other Project Cost (OPC)					
OPC except D&D	0	0	0		
Conceptual Planning	8,885	8 <i>,</i> 885	8,885		
Conceptual Design	1,668	1,668	1,668		
Start-Up	9,405	9,405	9,405		
Project Support	14,541	14,541	14,541		
Federal Support	1,160	1,160	1,160		
Contingency	9,119	9,119	9,119		
Total OPC except D&D	44,778	44,778	44,778		
OPC D&D					
OPC D&D	2,365	2,365	2,365		
Contingency					

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment Project Phase III, LANL

^a TEC design activities were completed for \$3.251M less than the baselined value \$22.435M. The budget under-run was reallocated to Federal construction contingency during the implementation of the performance baseline.

	Current Total	Previous Total	Original Validated
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline
Total, OPC	47,143	47,143	47,143
Contingency, OPC	9,119	9,119	9,119
Total, TPC	236,030ª	236,030	236,030
Total, Contingency	62,084	58,833	58,833

## 5. Schedule of Appropriation Requests^b

(Dollars in Thousands) Request Prior FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2026 Year Type Years FY 2025 FY 2027 Outyears Total TEC 140,062 0 0 0 140,062 0 0 0 0 0 FY 2015 OPC 26,500 2,000 1,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 29,500 TPC 166,562 2,000 1,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 169,562 5.000 TEC 109,508 30.554 20.000 15.000 0 0 0 0 180,062 FY 2016 OPC 22,500 3.000 3.000 3.000 5,000 6.000 4.000 0 0 46,500 TPC 132,008 33,554 23,000 18,000 10,000 6,000 4,000 0 0 226,562 TEC 109,508 0 32,000 0 0 0 141,508 0 0 0 FY 2017 3,000 OPC 20,500 3.000 3,000 2,000 0 0 0 0 31,500 TPC 130,008 35,000 3,000 2,000 0 0 0 0 173,008 3,000 TEC 36,257 0 190,732 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 34,475 0 0 FY 2021 OPC 2,000 3,000 11,000 11,808 4,000 3,070 47,466 12,588 0 0 TPC 48,845 32,000 33,000 41,000 41,808 38,475 3,070 0 0 238,198 TEC 34,437° 30,000 27,000 TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD 97,450 188,887 FY 2022 5,000 TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD OPC 11,088 2,000 29,055 47,143 TPC 45,525 32,000 32,000 TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD 126,505 236,030 TEC 34,438 30,000 27,000 30,002 30,000 34,474 2,000 0 0 187,914 0 FY 2023 OPC 11,088 2,000 5,000 11,000 11,808 5,700 547 0 47,143 TPC 45,526 32,000 32,000 41,002 41,808 40,174 2,547 0 0 235,057ª

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	3Q FY 2027
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	25 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	3Q FY 2052

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestment

Project Phase III, LANL

^a Section 4 estimate remains consistent with CD-1/2/3 performance baseline. Due to a management decision during the budgeting process, the total funding amount and the total spend plan do not match. The funding level in the financial schedule is provided at a 70% confidence level while the approved performance baseline is provided at an 85% confidence level.

^b Entries in this table have been updated to correct errors in prior year appropriation request amounts shown in the FY 2022 Construction Project Data Sheet

^c The decrease in the prior year TEC funding is the result of an FY 2020 reprogramming of \$1.82M of the FY 2016 appropriation to the LANL TA-3 Substation replacement 16-D-621.

# Related FundingRequirements (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

## 7. D&D Information

There is no new area being constructed in this construction project, but the old system will be removed.

## 8. Acquisition Approach

The TRP III acquisition strategy assigns project execution to the LANL Management and Operating (M&O) Contractor. The final design was issued through a firm fixed price subcontract. Construction activities will be self-performed by the M&O Contractor for PF-4 scope and can be subcontracted for the Balance of Plant scope.

## 07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project, Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## Summary:

Critical Decision (CD) 2/3 was approved on January 6, 2022 with a Total Estimated Cost (TEC) of \$193,228,000, and the Total Project Cost (TPC) baseline is \$215,327,000 and a CD-4 Approval date of August 29, 2027. The FY23 request is \$4,000,000 OPC, \$24,759,000 TEC and \$28,759,000 TPC.

## Significant Changes:

This Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update of the Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 CPDS and does not include a new start for the budget year. The most recent critical decision is CD-2/3, Approve Performance Baseline and Start of Construction on January 6, 2022 with a TPC of \$215,327,000 and a CD-4 date of August 2027. The Project completed the final design in September 2017 and the Preliminary Documented Safety Analysis was approved in April 2018. As required by the Department of Energy Order (DOE O) 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*, prior to CD-2/3 approval the DOE Office of Project Management Oversight and Assessment (PMOA) conducted the Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) in February 2018. Based on this estimate, the upper end of the TPC range was estimated at \$144,000,000 with a CD-4 date of 4Q FY 2024. The Project was paused in September 2017 to allow the upcoming Management and Operating contractor to accept the ownership of the design and nuclear safety basis. The project was authorized to restart in 2019. In May 2019, a new architect/engineer (A/E) evaluated the existing design; this A/E will become the engineer of record (EOR) who accepts responsibility and liability of the design. The project design was revised to address changes to DOE Orders, Standards, and design operability concerns.

DOE-PM updated the ICE and conducted the required External Independent Review (EIR) to validate the Performance Baseline in FY 2021. The construction RFP was issued April 21, 2021 and bids were received July 23, 2021. The bids that were received significantly exceeded the performance baseline estimate. The cost increases are attributed to current market conditions associated with an increase of regional construction projects absorbing all the construction capacity, increases in commodity prices, and the impacts from COVID-19. CD-2/3 was approved with a Total Project Cost (TPC) baseline of \$215,327,000 and a CD-4 Approval date of August 29, 2027. The construction sub contract was awarded on March, 23, 2022.

A Level 3 Federal Project Director has been appointed.

# **Critical Milestone History**

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2014	10/04/2004		09/16/2011	4QFY2016	1QFY 2017	1Q FY 2017	N/A	4Q FY 2020
FY 2015	10/04/2004		09/23/2013	4QFY2016	1QFY 2017	2Q FY 2017	N/A	4Q FY 2020
FY 2016	10/04/2004	09/23/2013	09/23/2013	4QFY 2017	1QFY 2017	4Q FY 2017	N/A	4Q FY 2020
FY 2017	10/04/2004	09/23/2013	09/23/2013	4Q FY 2017	1Q FY 2017	4Q FY 2017	N/A	4Q FY 2021
FY 2018	10/04/2004	09/23/2013	09/23/2013	2Q FY 2018	02/06/2017	2Q FY 2018	N/A	4Q FY 2023
FY 2021	10/04/2004	09/23/2013	09/23/2013	4Q FY 2020	1Q FY 2021	4Q FY 2020	N/A	4Q FY 2024
FY 2023	10/04/2004	09/23/2013	09/23/2013	01/06/2022	04/15/2021	01/06/2022	N/A	4Q FY 2027

07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project, LANL

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need

**Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

 $\textbf{CD-1}-Approve \ Alternative \ Selection \ and \ Cost \ Range$ 

**CD-2** – Approve Project Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction/Execution

D&D Complete – Completion of D&D work (see Section 9)

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Completion

# Project Cost History

	TEC,	TEC,	TEC, Total	OPC	OPC,	OPC, Total	TPC
Fiscal Year	Design	Construction	120, 1010	Except D&D	D&D	01 0, 1010	
FY 2014	20,546	74,270	94,816	12,780	0	12,780	107,596
FY 2015	25 <i>,</i> 605	60,000	85 <i>,</i> 605	10,428	0	10,428	96,033
FY 2016	25 <i>,</i> 605	66,997	92,602	10,428	0	10,428	103,030
FY 2017	25 <i>,</i> 605	66,997	92,602	10,428	0	10,428	103,030
FY 2018	25,605	67,244	92,849	12,940	0	12,940	105,789
FY 2021	40,500	89,036	129,536	14,464	0	14,464	144,000
FY 2023	44,829	148,399	193,228	22,099	0	22,099	215,327

## 2. Project Scope and Justification

## Scope

The project will design and construct a new hazard category 3 nuclear facility of approximately 5,000 square feet. The facility will house processing equipment capable of treating at least 29,000 liters of transuranic (TRU) liquid waste each year, a TRU liquid influent storage and necessary utilities.

#### Justification

The existing degraded and outdated treatment facility systems pose elevated risk to workers, public, environment and plutonium missions at LANL. Continuous workarounds are required to keep systems running and excessive corrosion threatens system availability. The replacement is needed to remediate significant deficiencies associated with the existing Radioactive Liquid Waste (RLW) treatment capabilities that pose a threat to the long-term availability of this function. The replacement is ultimately aimed at providing a RLW treatment capability that is safe, reliable, and effective for the next 50 years in support of primary plutonium missions at LANL. Delays in TLW could have a significant risk to the NNSA plutonium mission due to the potential risks associated with the aging existing Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment Facility. The new facility will be built to comply with the current codes, Nuclear Safety/Quality, standards including International Building Code, seismic design/construction codes, and the National Electric Code (NEC).

The project is being executed in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE Order 413.3B. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used to for independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project and for contracted support services to the federal project team for oversight and support.

# Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project, LANL

## Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

Performance Measure	Threshold KPP	Objective KPP
- Design and construct the capability to process 29,000 liters per year of TRU liquid waste	- Process 29,000 liters per year	Any additional throughput will be accomplished through operational temposince this facility is a batch process expected
- Design and construct the	-Meet the WAC for the LLW	
TLW Facility such that the TLW effluent will meet the Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) for the LLW collection system	,	

#### 3. Financial Schedule

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2014	10,605	10,605	641
FY 2015	7,500	7,450	4,471
FY 2016	22,395	22,437	8,474
FY 2017	0	8	7,390
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	780
FY 2020	0	0	12,006
FY 2021	4,329	4,329	9,799
FY 2022	0	0	1,268
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total Design	44,829	44,829	44,829
Construction			
FY 2016	18,554	18,554	0
FY 2017	15,900	15,900	0
FY 2018	17,895	17,895	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	32,358	0	0
FY 2022	30,000	62,358	78,005
FY 2023	24,759	24,759	22,249
FY 2024	8,933	8,933	48,145
Total Construction	148,399	148,399	148,399

07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project, LANL

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

	Budget		
	Authority		_
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2014	10,605	10,605	641
FY 2015	7,500	7,450	4,471
FY 2016	40,949	40,991	8,474
FY 2017	15,900ª	15,908	7,390
FY 2018	17,895	17,895	0
FY 2019	0	0	780
FY 2020	0	0	12,006
FY 2021	36,687	4,329	9,799
FY 2022	30,000	62 <i>,</i> 358	79,273
FY 2023	24,759	24,759	22,249
FY 2024	8,933	8,933	48,145
Total TEC	193,228	193,228	193,228
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2014	0	0	0
FY 2015	0	0	0
FY 2016	0	0	0
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	524	524	0
FY 2019	1,000	1,000	1,426
FY 2020	1,710	1,710	121
FY 2021	1,000	1,000	0
FY 2022	3,000	3,000	692
FY 2023	4,000	4,000	2,825
FY 2024	6,230	6,230	12,400
FY 2025	4,635	4,635	4,635
Total OPC	22,099	22,099	22,099
		• 	
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2014	10,605	10,605	641
FY 2015	7,500	7,450	4,471
FY 2016	40,949	40,991	8,474
FY 2017	15,900	15,908	7,390
FY 2018	18,419	18,419	2 206
FY 2019 FY 2020	<u>1,000</u> 1,710	<u>1,000</u> 1,710	2,206 12,127
FY 2020 FY 2021	37,687	5,329	9,799

^a FY 2017 amount reflects a reprogramming of \$1,153,000 from this project to the Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment Facility project. 07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project,

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2022	33,000	65,358	79,965
FY 2023	28,759	28,759	25,074
FY 2024	15,163	15,163	60,545
FY 2025	4,635	4,635	4,635
Grand Total TPC	215,327	215,327	215,327

## 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budg	(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
Design	44,711	27,500	44,711		
Federal Support	0	2,200	0		
Contingency	118,400	10,800	118,400		
Total, Design	44,829	40,500	44,829		
Construction					
Other Construction	112,150	51,259	112,150		
Equipment (GFE)	0	8,191	0		
Safety Basis	2,421	6,994	2,421		
Federal Support	5,275	3,000	5,275		
Contingency	28,553	19,592	28,553		
Total, Construction	148,399	89,036	148,399		
Total, TEC	193,227	129,536	193,227		
Contingency, TEC	28,671	30,392	28,671		
Other Project Cost (OPC)					
OPC except D&D					
Conceptual Planning	0	0	0		
Conceptual Design					
Design Support	1,547	3,565	1,547		
Start-Up	15,904	5,537	15,904		
Federal Support	725	0	725		
Contingency	3,923	5,362	3,923		
Total OPC except D&D	22,099	14,464	22,099		
OPC D&D					
OPC D&D	0	0	0		
Contingency	0	0	0		
Total OPC D&D	0	0	0		

07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project, LANL

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
Total, OPC	22,099	14,464	22,099	
Contingency, OPC	3,923	5,362	3,923	
Total, TPC	215,327	144,000	215,327	
Total, Contingency	32,595	35,754	32,595	

## 5. Schedule of Appropriation Requests

## (Dollars in Thousands)

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	Total
	TEC	86,053	0	0	0	0	0	86,053
FY2014	OPC	12,780	0	0	0	0	0	12,780
	TPC	98,833	0	0	0	0	0	98,833
	TEC	85,605	0	0	0	0	0	85,605
FY2015	OPC	10,428	0	0	0	0	0	10,428
	TPC	96,033	0	0	0	0	0	96,033
	TEC	85,102	0	0	0	0	0	85,102
FY2016	OPC	10,428	0	0	0	0	0	10,428
	TPC	95,530	0	0	0	0	0	95,530
	TEC	85,102	0	0	0	0	0	85,102
FY2017	OPC	9,428	1,000	0	0	0	0	10,428
	TPC	94,530	1,000	0	0	0	0	95,530
	TEC	92,849	0	0	0	0	0	92,849
FY2018	OPC	4,234	1,000	2,000	512	0	0	7,746
	TPC	97,083	1,000	2000	512	0	0	100,595
	TEC	92,849	36,687	0	0	0	0	129,536
FY2021	OPC	3,234	1,000	3,000	4,000	3230	0	14,464
	TPC	96,083	37,687	3000	4000	3230	0	144,000
	TEC	92,849	36,687	30,000	24,759	8,933	0	193,228
FY2023	OPC	3,234	1,000	3,000	4,000	6,230	4,635	22,099
	TPC	96,083	37,687	33,000	28,759	15,163	4,635	215,327

## 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	Q4 FY 2027
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	50
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	Q4 FY 2077

07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste (TLW) Treatment Facility Upgrade Project, LANL

# Related FundingRequirements (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annua	al Costs	Life Cycle Costs		
	Current Total Previous Total		Current Total	Previous Total	
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	
Operations	1.400	1.400	70.0	70.0	
Utilities	.050	.050	2.5	2.5	
Maintenance & Repair	.400	.400	20.0	20.0	
Total	1.850	1.850	92.5	92.5	

## 7. D&D Information

The one-for-one offset requirement will be met by utilizing site-banked square footage. A plan for D&D of the existing facility will be developed at the end of construction of the new facility when characterization data is available.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at LANL	5,000
Area of D&D in this project at LANL	0
Area at LANL to be transferred, sold, and/or D&Doutside the project including area previously "banked"	5,000
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&Doutside the project including area previously "banked"	0
Total area eliminated	5,000

## 8. Acquisition Approach

CD-2/3 approval was received on January 6, 2022, and a firm fixed price contract for construction was awarded on March, 23, 2022.

#### Uranium Processing Facility (UPF), 06-D-141 Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## Summary:

The FY 2023 Request for the Uranium Processing Facility (UPF) is \$362,000,000. The current Critical Decision (CD)-2/3 was approved on March 21, 2018 by the Deputy Secretary of Energy, with a total project cost (TPC) of \$6,500,000,000 and a CD-4 of December 31, 2025. A Level 4 Federal Project Director has been assigned to this project and has approved this Capital Asset Project Data Sheet (CPDS).

The project plans to allocate \$70 million in FY 2023 for the Salvage and Accountability Building (SAB) Subproject (06-D-141-09). The CD-2/3 for the subproject was approved on March 21, 2018 by the Deputy Secretary of Energy with a TPC of \$1,180,000,000. The long lead equipment authorized as part of MPB CD-3B for the SAB was included in the SAB TPC at CD-2/3 for the SAB.

The project plans to allocate \$292,000,000 in FY 2023 for the Main Process Building (MPB) Subproject (06-D-141-04). The CD-2/3 was approved on March 21, 2018 by the Deputy Secretary of Energy with a TPC of \$4,731,800,000. The CD-3A for Long Lead Procurement and Site Preparation was approved on March 30, 2016. The long lead equipment authorized as part of CD-3B for the MPB is included in the MPB TPC.

## Significant Changes:

This project was initiated in FY 2006. The most recent Critical Decision was CD-2 for the UPF, approved by the Deputy Secretary of Energy on March 21, 2018, at a TPC of \$6,500,000,000 and a CD-4 date of December 31, 2025.

Construction associated with the UPF project is ongoing, and the project is performing startup and commissioning activities for completed scope as appropriate. Significant construction activities completed in FY 2021 include completing the exterior walls and roof for the MPB, SAB, and the Process Support Facilities (PSF) such that all three buildings are "in the dry", completing key MEB construction milestones to include 13.8KV conduit and building energization, the chilled water and cooling tower systems for the MEB, and completing installation of all facility grid racks, and the Standby Diesel Generator for the SAB; and delivery of the first two MPB gloveboxes Design is complete for the project.

The Mechanical Electrical Building (MEB) Subproject (06-D-141-06) baseline CD-4 date was extended to August 2022, and the TPC was increased from \$284,000,000 to \$310,000,000 via a Baseline Change approved by the Project Management Executive in February 2022. The increase in cost was covered by underruns on the previously completed Substation Subproject, as well as recovery of unearned fee. The extension of the MEB CD-4 date has no impact of the overall UPF project completion date.

The project is currently forecast to complete up to 8 months beyond current baseline. The project may potentially exceed the approved TPC of \$6,500,000,000 due to ongoing supply chain issues and delays associated with the COVID-19 pandemic. More information will be available when an ongoing bottoms-up Estimate at Completion from the contractor is received and reviewed during FY 2023. More information will be provided in the FY 2024 Construction Project Data Sheet.

Since CD-2/3, the project is 70% complete and is 76% spent.

The UPF Project experienced direct costs impacts due to COVID, including reimbursement of the costs of paid leave associated with COVID-19 (including sick leave) for the contractor and eligible subcontractors. Additional impacts include direct costs associated with temperature checks, planning and response activities related to COVID-19, construction labor for facility cleaning, bus cleaning, and hand sanitizing stations, additional busing and additional medical support. Total direct, impacts realized through February 2022 are \$24,850,000. NNSA continues to evaluate other potential impacts to include reduced productivity of craft and non-manual workers, and cost and schedule impacts to subcontracts and procurements.

FY 2023 and prior year funds will be used for ongoing construction, startup, and commissioning activities for the MPB, SAB, and PSF UPF subprojects. Subproject descriptions are included in Section 2.

A Level 4 Project Management Career Development Program (PMCDP) qualified Federal Project Director (FPD) has been assigned to this project and has approved this CPDS.

A FPD has been assigned to each subproject. Project funds may be used by the FPD for contracted support services for the federal project team.

As represented since the FY 2012 Request, design, construction, and Other Project Costs (OPC) will continue to be executed through the line-item funding. After October 1, 2011, OPC work has been and will only be performed using funding specifically appropriated by Congress for the project.

## **Critical Milestone History**

Table 1 · Uranium Processing Facilit	v Project (06-D-141) Critical Milesto	one History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2011	12/17/2004	N/A	7/25/2007	TBD	2QFY2014	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2012	12/17/2004	N/A	7/25/2007	4QFY2013	2QFY2014	4QFY2013	TBD	TBD
FY 2013	12/17/2004	N/A	7/25/2007	4QFY2013	2QFY2014	4QFY2013	N/A	TBD
FY 2014	12/17/2004	N/A	6/8/2012	3QFY2014	4QFY2015	3QFY2015	N/A	TBD
FY 2015	12/17/2004	N/A	6/8/2012	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2016	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2017	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2018	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2018	4QFY2017	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2019	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2018	8/25/2017	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2020 PB	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2021	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2022	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2023	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025

Table 1.1: Site Readiness Subproject (06-D-141-01) Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2014 PB	12/17/2004	N/A	6/8/2012	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	N/A	2QFY2015
FY 2015	12/17/2004	N/A	6/8/2012	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	N/A	2QFY2015
FY 2016	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	N/A	2QFY2015
FY 2017	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	1/29/2013	N/A	2/27/2015

Table 1.2: Site Infrastructure and Services Subproject (06-D-141-05) Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2015	12/17/2004	N/A	7/25/2007	4QFY2014	4QFY2013	4QFY2014	N/A	4QFY2016
FY 2016	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	2QFY2015	3QFY2015	2QFY2015	N/A	4QFY2016
FY 2017 PB	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	N/A	4/28/2018
FY 2018	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	N/A	4/28/2018
FY 2019	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	N/A	4/28/2018
FY 2020	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	3/12/2015	N/A	2/28/2018

Table 1.3: Substation Subproject (06-D-141-07) Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	12/17/2004					4QFY2016		1QFY2019
FY 2018 PB	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	9/14/2016	9/30/2017	9/14/2016	N/A	6/30/2020
FY 2019	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	9/14/2016	12/22/2017	9/14/2016	N/A	6/30/2020
FY 2020	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	9/14/2016	12/22/2017	9/14/2016	N/A	6/30/2020
FY 2021	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	9/14/2016	12/22/2017	9/14/2016	N/A	12/20/2019

Table 1.4:	Mechanical E	lectrical Buildi	ng Subproje	ct (06-D-141-06	5) Critical Mile	estone History	by Fiscal Qua	rter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2017	4QFY2017	2QFY2017	N/A	4QFY2021
FY 2018 PB	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	12/13/2016	4QFY2017	12/13/2016	N/A	1/31/2022
FY 2019	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	12/13/2016	9/30/2017	12/13/2016	N/A	1/31/2022
FY 2020	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	12/13/2016	9/30/2017	12/13/2016	N/A	1/31/2022
FY 2021	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	12/13/2016	9/30/2017	12/13/2016	N/A	1/31/2022
FY 2022				12/13/2016				1/31/2022
FY 2023	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	12/13/2016	9/30/2017	12/13/2016	N/A	8/31/2022ª

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

 $^{^{\}rm a}$  Reflects BCP approved in FY 2022 extending the CD-4 date.

Construction/06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility,

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3QFY2017	3QFY2017	3QFY2017	N/A	4QFY2021
FY 2018	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2018	4QFY2017	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2019	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2018	9/30/2017	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2020 PB	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/16/2018	9/30/2017	3/16/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2021	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/16/2018	9/30/2017	3/16/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2022	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/16/2018	9/30/2017	3/16/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2023	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/16/2018	9/30/2017	3/16/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
				а				

Table 1.5: Process Support Facilities Subproject (06-D-141-08) Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Table 1.6: Salvage and Accountability Building Subproject (06-D-141-09) Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2018	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	4QFY2017	3/21/2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2019	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2020 PB	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2021	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2022	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2023	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025

Table 1.7: Main Process Building Subproject (06-D-141-04) Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2014	12/17/2004	N/A	6/8/2012	3QFY2014	4QFY2015	3QFY2015	N/A	TBD
FY 2015	12/17/2004	N/A	6/8/2012	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2016	12/17/2004	2/9/2006	6/8/2012	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2017	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	N/A	4QFY 2025
FY 2018	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2018	4QFY2017	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY 2025
FY 2019	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	2QFY2018	8/25/2017	2QFY2018	N/A	4QFY 2025
FY 2020 PB	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2021	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2022	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025
FY 2023	12/17/2004	6/24/2015	6/8/2012	3/21/2018	8/25/2017	3/21/2018	N/A	12/31/2025

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Corrects CD-2/3 approval date to 3/16/2018 from FY 2020 through FY 2022 dates, which were in error.

Construction/06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility,

and Long Lead Approval by Fiscal Qualiter of Date										
Fiscal Year	UPF CD-2/3	MPB CD-3A	MPB CD-3B	MPB CD-3C	Substation CD-3A					
FY 2017	N/A	2QFY2016	1QFY2017	1QFY2017	3QFY2016					
FY 2018	3/21/2018	3/30/2016	1/13/2017	N/A	N/A					

Table 2: Uranium Processing Facility Project (06-D-141) Baseline and Long Lead Approval by Fiscal Quarter or Date

MPB CD-3A - Long Lead Procurement for site preparation and long lead procurements

MPB CD-3B – Long Lead Procurements

MPB CD-3C - Cancelled as reflected in the FY 2018 CPDS

Substation CD-3A – Cancelled as reflected in the FY 2018 CPDS

#### Project Cost History

Table 3: Uranium Processing Facility Project (06-D-141) Financial Data	
(Dollars in Thousands)	

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2011	351,149	935,000-	1,124,000-	276,000-	TBD	TBD	1,400,000-
	551,149	1,604,000	1,928,000	472,000	עסו	עסו	3,500,000
FY 2012	528,690	3,174,779-	3,703,000-	497,000-	N/A	497,000-	4,200,000-
	528,090	5,320,310	5,849,000	651 <i>,</i> 000	N/A	651 <i>,</i> 000	6,500,000
FY 2013	566,192	3,136,808-	3,703,000-	497,000-	N/A	497,000-	4,200,000-
	500,192	5,150,808	5,717,000	783,000	IN/A	783,000	6,500,000
FY 2014	1,164,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2015	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2016	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2017	1,880,000	4,103,000	5,983,000	517,000	0	517,000	6,500,000
FY 2018	1,926,000	4,148,500	6,074,500	425,500	0	425,500	6,500,000
FY 2019	1,855,809	4,463,724	6,319,533	180,467	0	180,467	6,500,000
FY 2020	1,838,000	4,283,337	6,121,337	378,663	0	378,663	6,500,000
FY 2021	1,838,000	4,283,337	6,121,337	378,663	0	378,663	6,500,000
FY 2022	1,838,000	4,283,337	6,121,337	378,663	0	378,663	6,500,000
FY 2023	1,838,000	4,283,337	6,121,337	378,663	0	378,663	6,500,000

Table 3.1: Site Readiness Subproject (06-D-141-01) Financial Data

	(Dollars in Thousands)											
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС					
FY 2015	N/A	64,000	64,000	1,000	N/A	1,000	65 <i>,</i> 000					
FY 2016		64,000	64,000	1,000	N/A	1,000	65,000					
FY 2017	0	43,277	43,277	0	0	0	43,277					
FY 2018	0	43,277	43,277	0	0	0	43,277					
FY 2019	0	43,714	43,714	0	0	0	43,714					

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2015	N/A	58,000	58,000	1,500	N/A	1,500	59 <i>,</i> 500
FY 2016	N/A	84,500	84,500	500	N/A	500	85,000
FY 2017	0	78,000	78,000	500	0	500	78 <i>,</i> 500
FY 2018	0	78,000	78,000	500	0	500	78,500
FY 2019	0	78,000	78,000	500	0	500	78,500
FY 2020	0	60,500	60,500	0	0	0	60,500

Table 3.2: Site Infrastructure and Services Subproject (06-D-141-05) Financial Data (Dollars in Thousands)

## Table 3.3: Substation Subproject (06-D-141-07) Financial Data

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	0	48,000	48,000	2,000	0	2,000	50,000
FY 2018	0	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
FY 2019	0	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
FY 2020	0	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
FY 2021	0	48,568	48,568	0	0	0	48,568
FY 2022	0	43,800	43 <i>,</i> 800	0	0	0	43,800

Table 3.4: Mechanical Electrical Building Subproject (06-D-141-06) Financial Data

(Dollars in Thousands)							
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	0	540,000	540,000	60,000	0	60,000	600,000
FY 2018	0	284,000	284,000	0	0	0	284,000
FY 2019	0	283,917	283,917	83	0	83	284,000
FY 2020	0	282,980	282,980	1,020	0	1,020	284,000
FY 2021	0	282,980	282,980	1,020	0	1,020	284,000
FY 2022	0	282,980	282,980	1,020	0	1,020	284,000
FY 2023	0	308,980	308,980	1,020	0	1,020	310,000

Table 3.5: Process Support Facilities Subproject (06-D-141-08) Financial Data (Dollars in Thousands)

			(Dollars)	n Thousands)			
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	0	55,000	55,000	5,000	0	5,000	60,000
FY 2018	0	111,000	111,000	10,000	0	10,000	121,000
FY 2019	0	116,702	116,702	4,298	0	4,298	121,000
FY 2020	0	118,000	118,000	22,000	0	22,000	140,000
FY 2021	0	118,000	118,000	22,000	0	22,000	140,000
FY 2022	0	118,000	118,000	22,000	0	22,000	140,000
FY 2023	0	118,000	118,000	22,000	0	22,000	140,000

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Includes \$16,200K of savings from the Substation Subproject which has been redeployed to cover a TPC increase in the MEB Subproject.

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	0	1,200,000	1,200,000	130,000	0	130,000	1,330,000
FY 2018	0	1,060,250	1,060,250	25,000	0	25,000	1,085,250
FY 2019	0	1,013,761	1,013,761	16,239	0	16,239	1,030,000
FY 2020	0	1,105,000	1,105,000	75,000	0	75,000	1,180,000
FY 2021	0	1,105,000	1,105,000	75,000	0	75,000	1,180,000
FY 2022	0	1,105,000	1,105,000	75,000	0	75,000	1,180,000
FY 2023	0	1,105,000	1,105,000	75,000	0	75,000	1,180,000

Table 3.6: Salvage and Accountability BuildingSubproject (06-D-141-09) Financial Data (Dollars in Thousands)

## Table 3.7: Main Process Building Subproject (06-D-141-04) Financial Data

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2015	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2016	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2017	1,880,000	2,138,723	4,018,723	319,500	0	319,500	4,338,223
FY 2018	1,926,000	2,511,973	4,437,973	390,000	0	390,000	4,827,973
FY 2019	1,855,809	2,867,630	4,723,439	159,347	0	159,347	4,882,786
FY 2020	1,838,000	2,613,143	4,451,143	280,643	0	280,643	4,731,786
FY 2021	1,838,000	2,613,143	4,451,143	280,643	0	280,643	4,731,786
FY 2022	1,838,000	2,613,143	4,451,143	280,643	0	280,643	4,731,786
FY 2023	1,838,000	2,603,343	4,441,343	280,643	0	280,643	4,721,986 ª

## 2. Project Scope and Justification

## <u>Scope</u>

The UPF Project is a design and construction project. The UPF Project consists of a series of industrial and nuclear buildings and supporting infrastructure. It is a major system acquisition that was selected in the Record of Decision for the Complex Transformation Supplemental Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement to ensure the long-term viability, safety, and security of the Enriched Uranium (EU) capability at the Y-12 National Security Complex. The UPF consists of 6 buildings, totaling 568,524 square feet. The UPF project focuses on modernizing uranium processing capabilities at Y-12 to reduce program and safety risk. The UPF project provides new buildings to replace the Building 9212 capabilities for Highly Enriched Uranium (HEU) casting, oxide production, recovery, decontamination, and assay. Coordination between Headquarters Acquisition and Project Management, the Uranium Program Manager, the NNSA Production Office (NPO), and the Y-12 Acquisition and Project Management Office (APMO) is essential as the uranium mission strategy and associated implementation plans define how the uranium capabilities are transitioned, relocated, sustained, and/or replaced.

The goals and objectives of the UPF Project are to support the following modernization strategy:

- Ensure the long-term capability and improve the reliability of EU operations;
- Replace deteriorating, end-of-life buildings with modern manufacturing buildings;
- Significantly improve the health and safety posture for workers and the public by replacing administrative controls with engineered controls to manage the risks related to worker safety, criticality safety, fire protection, and environmental compliance.

^a Reflects a reduction in the MPB Construction cost as recovery of unearned fee to cover an increase in the MEB Subproject. Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

The UPF project consists of the following subprojects:

**Site Readiness Subproject (06-D-141-01):** The Site Readiness Subproject scope included Bear Creek Road relocation, including a bridge overpass of the haul road; installation of potable water lines paralleling the new road; electrical line demolition to make way for the road and clear the construction site; electrical line and communication cable installation; preparation of the West Borrow area to receive excess-soil and preparation and maintenance of a spoil area for wet soil; extension of an existing haul road for access to the construction site; and jack-and-bore installation of casings for future utilities. No change since the previous Request.

**Site Infrastructure and Services (SIS) Subproject (06-D-141-05**): The SIS Subproject scope included demolition of Building 9107 and its hillside, installation of haul road security features, completion of a sedimentation basin, a concrete batch plant, and completion of the Construction Support Building, which is 66,000 square feet. No change since the previous Request.

**Substation Subproject (06-D-141-07):** The Substation Subproject provided for the installation of the 161 kilovolt (kV) Main Electrical Substation for the UPF Project and capacity for most of the rest of the Y-12 plant. The Substation provides electrical power from the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) 161kV transmission system. The Substation Subproject includes all equipment, facilities, and structures needed for a fully operational substation. No change since the previous Request.

**Mechanical Electrical Building (MEB) Subproject (06-D-141-06):** The MEB Subproject constructed a 66,384 square feet facility and installed the utility equipment and support systems required by both the MPB and the SAB. The MEB is a standalone building housing mechanical, electrical, heating, ventilation, air conditioning, utility equipment, and support systems. The MEB is constructed to nonnuclear commercial industrial standards. This subproject includes a leased warehouse and fabrication facility; a cooling tower; and an onsite warehouse. Per the approved baseline change proposal, the MEB Subproject will be complete in August 2022.

**Process Support Facilities (PSF) Subproject (06-D-141-08):** The Process Support Facilities Subproject will construct a 23,914 square feet building and provide facilities for instrument air, demineralized water, waste management, and chemical and gas storage needed to support the MPB and SAB. No change since the previous Request.

Salvage and Accountability Building (SAB) Subproject (06-D-141-09): The SAB Subproject consists of two buildings totaling 160,113 square feet that will contain the following processes: waste preparation, decontamination, nondestructive analysis, the clean and contaminated shops, chemical recovery, calcination and leaching, electronics and calibration maintenance, filter room, and personnel-related rooms. The SAB will be constructed to standards commensurate with the radioactive hazard and security requirements for the materials and processes contained within. This subproject includes support buildings including a fire tank pump building as well as the Personnel Support Building which provides personnel access and monitoring station, truck bay, loading dock, and material access. Long lead equipment purchases associated with the SAB Subproject are allocated to the SAB TPC. No change since the previous Request.

Long Lead Procurements, CD-3B: Included long lead gloveboxes, skids, and select long lead procurements for structural steel, rebar, embeds, and specialty items associated with SAB.

Main Process Building (MPB) Subproject (06-D-141-04): The MPB Subproject consists of a nuclear building totaling 252,113 square feet that will house the casting and oxide production capabilities. It also contains nondestructive analysis and waste preparations, furnaces and repacking, and spaces needed for process support such as the shift manager's office, restrooms, and other personnel-related rooms. The MPB will be constructed to nuclear standards commensurate with high-hazard materials and security for the processes to be carried out within. The MPB Subproject will include the construction of the Highly Enriched Uranium Materials Facility (HEUMF) connector, and the new Perimeter Intrusion Detection and Assessment System surrounding the UPF campus and support buildings. Design costs for the UPF project are included in the MPB Subproject baseline, as design costs are not tracked for each individual UPF subproject. No change since the previous Request.

**Site Preparation and Long Lead Procurements, CD-3A:** Included excavation and fill for the MPB, SAB, and the MEB; installation of temporary facilities, power, storm water and sanitary sewers; and long lead procurements of tower cranes and rebar for the MEB slab.

Long Lead Procurements, CD-3B: Included long lead gloveboxes, skids, and select long lead procurements for structural steel, rebar, embeds, and specialty items associated with MPB.

## Justification and Mission Need

The UPF Project is needed to ensure the long-term viability, safety, and security of the Enriched Uranium (EU) capability in the United States. The UPF Project will support the Nation's nuclear weapons stockpile, down blending of EU in support of nonproliferation, and provide uranium as feedstock for fuel for naval reactors. Currently, these capabilities reside in aged Manhattan Project-era facilities. There is substantial risk that the existing facilities will continue to deteriorate to the point of significant impact to Defense Programs, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation, and Naval Reactors programs. The impacts could result in loss of the U.S. capability to maintain the nuclear weapons stockpile through life extension programs, shutdown of the U.S. Navy nuclear powered fleet due to lack of EU fuel feedstock materials, and impact to the Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation program's ability to reduce the enrichment level of foreign research reactors through supply of lower enrichment fuels manufactured at Y-12. The risk of inadvertent or accidental shutdown of the existing facilities is high and may occur prior to completion and startup of the UPF Project.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets. Consistent with DOE O 413.3B, Earned Value (EV) information for all subprojects and the UPF design effort is reported in the Project Assessment and Reporting System (PARS). The Management and Operating (M&O) contractor received EV Management System certification approval from DOE in 2018. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for the incremental funding and execution of the project on an annual basis. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct reviews of design and construction.

The UPF project contingency was originally calculated using a detailed risk assessment in advance of CD-2/3. The contingency was updated at the completion of contract negotiations, and reflects additional contingency due to the favorable outcome of the negotiations (i.e., the contract value was lower than planned, resulting in additional contingency).

The UPF Mission Need Statement approved in December 2004, states that safe, efficient, and secure enriched uranium processing capabilities are needed within the Nuclear Weapons Complex to meet the mission of the DOE's NNSA. The UPF Project is needed to ensure the long-term viability, safety, and security of the EU capability in the United States. The UPF Mission Need was reexamined at each of the subsequent CD phases and remains valid.

## Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

Table 4: Key Performance Parameters						
Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective				
	Threshold Performance Parameters are identified in the Classified Project	Objective Performance Parameters are identified in the Classified Project				
	Requirements Document	Requirements Document				

## Table A. Kay Daufa wasan sa Dawawastawa

#### 3. Financial Schedule

UPF funding is appropriated at the Overall Project level (06-D-141) and is allocated to the subprojects in the tables below.

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<b>C</b> anguttono	00000
Design			
FY 2005	0	0	0
FY 2006	5,000	5,000	0
FY 2007	5,000	5,000	677
FY 2008	38,583	38,583	33,950
FY 2009	90,622	90,622	79,184
FY 2010	94,000	94,000	80,959
FY 2011	115,271	115,271	109,855
FY 2012	160,194	160,109	170,700
FY 2013	269,069	269,026	192,389
FY 2014	301,886	301,886	198,448
FY 2015	270,929	269,823	220,761
FY 2016	298,000	297,978	309,154
FY 2017	179,884	179,748	326,205
FY 2018	9,562	10,954	115,718
Total Design	1,838,000	1,838,000	1,838,000
Construction			
FY 2012	0	0	0
FY 2013	43,714	43,714	5,242
FY 2014	0	0	25,928
FY 2015	60,500	60,500	20,853
FY 2016	132,000ª	132,000	32,270
FY 2017	395,116	395,116	89,918
FY 2018	653,438	653,438	298,467
FY 2019	701,980	701,853	568,246
FY 2020	740,000	739,973	826,841
FY 2021	718,500	718,500	890,993
FY 2022	546,500	546,500	906,297
FY 2023	219,000	219,000	373,469
FY 2024	72,589	72,743	173,943
FY 2025	0	0	70,870

Table 5: Uranium Processing Facility Project (06-D-141) Financial Schedule<br/>(Dollars in Thousands)

^a Allocation of funding and obligations reflects the final TPC of the Substation Subproject redeployed to cover a TPC increase in the MEB Subproject.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Construction	4,283,337	4,283,337	4,283,337
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2005	0	0	0
FY 2006	5,000	5,000	0
FY 2007	5,000	5,000	677
FY 2008	38,583	38,583	33,950
FY 2009	90,622	90,622	79,184
FY 2010	94,000	94,000	80,959
FY 2011	115,271	115,271	109,855
FY 2012	160,194	160,109	170,700
FY 2013	312,783	312,740	197,631
FY 2014	301,886	301,886	224,376
FY 2015	331,429	330,323	241,614
FY 2016	430,000ª	429,978	341,424
FY 2017	575,000	574,864	416,123
FY 2018	663,000	664,392	414,185
FY 2019	701,980	701,853	568,246
FY 2020	740,000	739,973	826,841
FY 2021	718,500	718,500	890,993
FY 2022	546,500	546,500	906,297
FY 2023	219,000	219,000	373,469
FY 2024	72,589	72,743	173,943
FY 2025	0	0	70,870
Total TEC	6,121,337	6,121,337	6,121,337
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2005	12,113	12,113	12,113
FY 2006	7,809	7,809	7,809
FY 2007	10,082	10,082	10,082
FY 2008	11,730	11,730	11,730
FY 2009	14,000	14,000	14,000
FY 2010	20,500	20,500	20,500
FY 2011	18,409 ^b	18,409	18,409
FY 2012	0	0	0
FY 2013	0	0	0
FY 2014	0	0	0
FY 2015	0	0	0

^a Allocation of funding and obligations reflects the final TPC of the Substation Subproject redeployed to cover a TPC increase in the MEB Subproject.

^b Updated to correctly represent the OPC funding allocated to the MPB subproject. This was an error in the prior year's CPDS and budget authority should have been aligned to the actual costs based on DCAA audit.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

FY 2016         FY 2017         FY 2018         FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017         FY 2018	ropriations) 0 0 1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622 114,500	Obligations           0           0           0           1,020           5,000           31,500           53,500           143,000           50,000           0           378,663           12,113           12,809           15,082           50,313           104,622	Costs 0 0 1,083 2,631 63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680 93,184
FY 2017         FY 2018         FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total OPC         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	0 0 1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	0 0 1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	0 0 0 1,083 2,631 63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2018         FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2009         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	0 1,083 2,631 63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2019         FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	1,020 5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	0 1,083 2,631 63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2020         FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	5,000 31,500 53,500 143,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	2,631 63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2021         FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2009         FY 2010         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2017	31,500 53,500 143,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	31,500 53,500 143,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	2,631 63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2022         FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	53,500 143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	63,361 115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2023         FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2009         FY 2010         FY 2013         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	143,000 50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	115,380 101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2024         FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2009         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	50,000 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	101,565 0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2025         Total OPC         Total Project Costs (TPC)         FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2009         FY 2010         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	0 <b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
Total OPC           Total Project Costs (TPC)           FY 2005           FY 2006           FY 2007           FY 2008           FY 2009           FY 2010           FY 2011           FY 2012           FY 2013           FY 2015           FY 2017	12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	<b>378,663</b> 12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	<b>378,663</b> 12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
Total Project Costs (TPC)           FY 2005           FY 2006           FY 2007           FY 2008           FY 2009           FY 2010           FY 2011           FY 2012           FY 2013           FY 2014           FY 2015           FY 2016           FY 2017	12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	12,113 12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	12,113 7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2005         FY 2006         FY 2007         FY 2008         FY 2009         FY 2010         FY 2011         FY 2012         FY 2013         FY 2014         FY 2015         FY 2016         FY 2017	12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2006 FY 2007 FY 2008 FY 2009 FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	12,809 15,082 50,313 104,622	7,809 10,759 45,680
FY 2007 FY 2008 FY 2009 FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	15,082 50,313 104,622	15,082 50,313 104,622	10,759 45,680
FY 2008 FY 2009 FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	50,313 104,622	50,313 104,622	45,680
FY 2009 FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	104,622	104,622	
FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017			93,184
FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	114,500		
FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017		114,500	101,459
FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	133,680	133,680	128,264
FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	160,194	160,109	170,700
FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	312,783	312,740	197,631
FY 2016 FY 2017	301,886	301,886	224,376
FY 2017	331,429	330,323	241,614
-	430,000	429,978	341,424
FY 2018	575 <i>,</i> 000	574,864	416,123
	663,000	664,392	414,185
FY 2019	703,000	702,873	568,246
FY 2020	745,000	744,973	827,924
FY 2021	750,000	750,000	893,624
FY 2022	600,000	600,000	969,658
FY 2023	362,000	362,000	488,849
FY 2024	122,589	122,743	275,508
FY 2025	0	-	70,870
Grand Total	0	0	,

	Dollars in Thousands) Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	(Appropriations)	Obligations	COSIS
Design			
FY 2017	N/A	0	0
Total Design	N/A	0	0
Construction			
FY 2013	43,714	43,714	5,242
FY 2014	0	0	25,928
FY 2015	0	0	12,107
FY 2016	0	0	437
FY 2017	0	0	0
Total Construction	43,714	43,714	43,714
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2013	43,714	43,714	5,242
FY 2014	0	0	25,928
FY 2015	0	0	12,107
FY 2016	0	0	437
FY 2017	0	0	0
Total TEC	43,714	43,714	43,714
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2017	0	0	0
Total OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2013	43,714	43,714	5,242
FY 2014	0	0	25,928
FY 2015	0	0	12,107
FY 2016	0	0	437
FY 2017	0	0	0
Grand Total	43,714	43,714	43,714

## Table 5.1: Site Readiness Subproject (06-D-141-01) Financial Schedule (Dollars in Thousands)

	Dollars in Thousands) Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	<u>,                                    </u>		
Design			
FY 2016	N/A	0	0
FY 2017	N/A	0	0
Total Design	N/A	0	0
Construction			
FY 2015	60,500	°60,500	8,746
FY 2016	0	0	26,875
FY 2017	0	0	23,166
FY 2018	0	0	1,713
FY 2019	0	0	0
Total Construction	60,500	60,500	60,500
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2015	60,500	60,500	8,746
FY 2016	0	0	26,875
FY 2017	0	0	23,166
FY 2018	0	0	1,713
FY 2019	0	0	0
Total TEC	60,500	60,500	60,500
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
Total OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2015	60,500	60,500	8,746
FY 2016	0	0	26,875
FY 2017	0	0	23,166
FY 2018	0	0	1,713
FY 2019	0	0	0
Grand Total	60,500	60,500	60,500

Table 5.2: Site Infrastructure and Services Subproject (06-D-141-05) Financial Schedule (Dollars in Thousands)

^a Subproject received CD-4 approval in FY 2018 and completed under budget; baseline was \$78,000,000, actual cost was \$60,500,000.

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Design			
FY 2016	N/A	0	0
FY 2017	N/A	0	0
Total Design	N/A	0	0
Construction			
FY 2016	43,800ª	43,800	0
FY 2017	0	0	11,064
FY 2018	0	0	26,101
FY 2019	0	0	6 <i>,</i> 635
FY 2020	0	0	0
Total Construction	43,800	43,800	43,800
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2016	43,800	43,800	0
FY 2017	0	0	11,064
FY 2018	0	0	26,101
FY 2019	0	0	6 <i>,</i> 635
FY 2020	0	0	0
Total TEC	43,800	43,800	43,800
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2016	0	0	0
FY 2017	0	0	0
Total OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2016	43,800	43,800	0
	43,800 0	43,800 0	0 11,064
FY 2016			
FY 2016 FY 2017	0	0	11,064
FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018	0 0	0 0	11,064 26,101

Table 5.3: Substation Subproject (06-D-141-07) Financial Schedule	
(Dollars in Thousands)	

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a The approximately \$16,200,000 of cost savings from the Substation Subproject has been redeployed to the MEB subproject to cover a TPC increase.

(D	ollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	· · · · · · · ·		
Design			
FY 2016	N/A	0	0
FY 2017	N/A	0	0
Total Design	N/A	0	0
Construction			
FY 2016	16,200	16,200	0
FY 2017	55,000	55,000	1,425
FY 2018	160,000	160,000	35,061
FY 2019	67,980	67,980	61,043
FY 2020	0	0	107,361
FY 2021	0	0	68,093
FY 2022	9,800	9,800	35,997
Total Construction	308,980	308,980	308,980
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2016	16,200	16,200	0
FY 2017	55,000	55,000	1,425
FY 2018	160,000	160,000	35,061
FY 2019	67,980	67,980	61,043
FY 2020	0	0	107,361
FY 2021	0	0	68,093
FY 2022	9,800	9,800	35,997
Total TEC	308,980	308,980	308,980
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2019	1,020	1,020	0
FY 2020	0	0	28
FY 2021	0	0	880
FY 2022	0	0	112
Total OPC	1,020	1,020	1,020
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2016	16,200	16,200	0
FY 2017	55,000	55,000	1,425
FY 2018	160,000	160,000	35,061
FY 2019	69,000	69,000	61,043
FY 2020	0	0	107,389
FY 2021	0	0	68,973
FY 2022	9,800	9,800	36,109
Grand Total	310,000	310,000	310,000

Table 5.4: Mechanical Electrical Building Subproject (06-D-141-06) Financial Schedule (Dollars in Thousands)

(L	Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2016	N/A	0	0
FY 2017	N/A	0	0
Total Design	N/A	0	0
Construction			
FY 2018	15,000	15,000	2,139
FY 2019	30,000	30,000	6,853
FY 2021	19,000	19,000	36,535
FY 2022	0	0	49,465
FY 2023	0	0	4,469
Total Construction	118,000	118,000	118,000
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2018	15,000	15,000	2,139
FY 2019	30,000	30,000	6,853
FY 2020	54,000	54,000	18,539
FY 2021	19,000	19,000	36,535
FY 2022	0	0	49,465
FY 2023	0	0	4,469
Total TEC	118,000	118,000	118,000
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2020	1,000	1,000	0
FY 2021	21,000	21,000	0
FY 2022	0	0	12,000
FY 2023	0	0	10,000
Total OPC	22,000	22,000	22,000
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2018	15,000	15,000	2,139
FY 2019	30,000	30,000	6,853
FY 2020	55,000	55,000	18,539
FY 2021	40,000	40,000	36,535
FY 2022	0	0	61,465
FY 2023	0	0	14,469
Grand Total	140,000	140,000	140,000

Table 5.5: Process Support Facilities Subproject (06-D-141-08) Financial Schedule	
(Dollars in Thousands)	

Budget Authority (Appropriations)         Obligations         Costs           Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	]	Dollars in Thousands)				
(Appropriations)         Obligations         Costs           Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	-					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)           Design           FY 2016         N/A         0         0           FY 2017         N/A         0         0           Total Design         N/A         0         0           Construction		-	Obligations	Costs		
Design           FY 2016         N/A         0         0           FY 2017         N/A         0         0           Total Design         N/A         0         0           Construction         -         -         -           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         226,174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,05,000         144,702           FY 2018         195,000         253,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2018         195,000         144,702           FY 2021         197,000         335,826           FY 2022         178,000         1,05,000	Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	(				
FY 2016         N/A         0         0           FY 2017         N/A         0         0           Total Design         N/A         0         0           Construction         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2018         195,000         253,000         124,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         223,6174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,405,000         1,405,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)						
FY 2017         N/A         0         0           Total Design         N/A         0         0           Construction         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2018         195,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         32,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         197,000         195,000         250,000           FY 2018         195,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2018         195,000         144,702           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2022         178,000         32,000         32,000           FY 2023         32,000		N/A	0	0		
Total Design         N/A         0         0           Construction         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2018         195,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)           195,000         56,194           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         144,702           FY 2018         195,000         250,000         220,000           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         226,174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         32,000           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         32,000						
Construction           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         195,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2018         195,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td>			0			
FY 2019         253,000         253,000         2244,702           FY 2020         250,000         225,861         197,000         236,174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         195,000         253,000         227,861           FY 2019         253,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2025         0         0         32,000           FY 2021         5,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         2,000         35		· ·				
FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         378,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         195,000         253,000         253,000         227,861           FY 2019         253,000         250,000         227,861         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         250,000         227,861         197,000         144,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861         197,000         335,826           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826         197,200         32,000           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)	FY 2018	195,000	195,000	56,194		
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FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         -         -         -           FY 2018         195,000         253,000         256,194           FY 2019         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         236,174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         38,000           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2023         0         0 <td></td> <td>250,000</td> <td>250,000</td> <td>227,861</td>		250,000	250,000	227,861		
FY 2022178,000178,000335,826FY 202332,00032,00069,000FY 20240032,000FY 2025003,243Total Construction1,105,0001,105,0001,105,000Total Estimated Costs (TEC)11,105,0001,44,702FY 2019253,000250,000250,000227,861FY 2020250,000250,000236,174FY 2021197,000197,000335,826FY 202332,00032,00069,000FY 2024003,243Total TEC1,105,0001,105,0001,105,000Other Project Costs (OPC)1,105,0005,00056FY 202338,00038,00036,00FY 202338,00038,00044,844FY 202338,00038,00044,844FY 20250000Total OPC75,00075,00075,000FY 2018195,000253,000253,000FY 2018195,000253,000253,000FY 2018195,000253,000253,000FY 2018195,000253,000253,000FY 2019253,000253,000253,000FY 2018195,000253,000253,000FY 2019253,000253,000253,000FY 2020252,000253,000253,000FY 2020252,000253,000253,000	FY 2021	197,000	197,000	236,174		
FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         195,000         253,000         253,000         256,194           FY 2018         195,000         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         236,174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2023         38,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0         0		178,000	178,000	335,826		
FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)              FY 2018         195,000         253,000         256,194           FY 2019         253,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2025         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000	FY 2023	32,000	32,000	69,000		
FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total Construction         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Total Estimated Costs (TEC)         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         236,174           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         34,344           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2023         38,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000		0	0	32,000		
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         227,861           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         32,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         34,844           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2025         0         0         0         0           FY 2025         0         0         0         0 </td <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>3,243</td>		0	0	3,243		
FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2025         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         5         5         5           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         <	Total Construction	1,105,000	1,105,000	1,105,000		
FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       250,000       250,000       227,861         FY 2021       197,000       197,000       236,174         FY 2022       178,000       178,000       335,826         FY 2023       32,000       32,000       69,000         FY 2024       0       0       32,000         FY 2025       0       0       32,000         Other Project Costs (OPC)       1,105,000       1,105,000         FY 2020       2,000       2,000       35         FY 2021       5,000       5,000       56         FY 2022       22,000       22,000       20,944         FY 2023       38,000       38,000       9,121         FY 2023       38,000       38,000       9,121         FY 2025       0       0       0         FY 2025       0       0       0         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       227,896         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	Total Estimated Costs (TEC)					
FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         250,000         250,000         227,861           FY 2021         197,000         197,000         236,174           FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         7         7         7           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000 <t< td=""><td>FY 2018</td><td>195,000</td><td>195,000</td><td>56,194</td></t<>	FY 2018	195,000	195,000	56,194		
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FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         1,105,000         1,105,000         35           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         227,896		250,000	250,000	227,861		
FY 2022         178,000         178,000         335,826           FY 2023         32,000         69,000           FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         35           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         252,000         227,896           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         227,896	FY 2021	197,000	197,000	236,174		
FY 2024         0         0         32,000           FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         144,702           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         227,896		178,000	178,000	335,826		
FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,0944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         9,121           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         227,896           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         202,000         202,000	FY 2023	32,000	32,000	69,000		
FY 2025         0         0         3,243           Total TEC         1,105,000         1,105,000         1,105,000           Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         252,000         227,896           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         252,000         201,692	FY 2024	0	0	32,000		
Other Project Costs (OPC)         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2020         2,000         5,000         56           FY 2021         5,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         227,896           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         252,000         227,896		0	0	3,243		
FY 2020         2,000         2,000         35           FY 2021         5,000         5,000         56           FY 2022         22,000         22,000         20,944           FY 2023         38,000         38,000         44,844           FY 2024         8,000         8,000         9,121           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         75,000         75,000         75,000           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         227,896	Total TEC	1,105,000	1,105,000	1,105,000		
FY 2021       5,000       5,000       56         FY 2022       22,000       22,000       20,944         FY 2023       38,000       38,000       44,844         FY 2024       8,000       8,000       9,121         FY 2025       0       0       0         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         FY 2018       195,000       195,000       56,194         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	Other Project Costs (OPC)					
FY 2022       22,000       22,000       20,944         FY 2023       38,000       38,000       44,844         FY 2024       8,000       8,000       9,121         FY 2025       0       0       0         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         Total Project Costs (TPC)       195,000       56,194         FY 2018       195,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	FY 2020	2,000	2,000	35		
FY 2023       38,000       38,000       44,844         FY 2024       8,000       8,000       9,121         FY 2025       0       0       0         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         FY 2018       195,000       195,000       56,194         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	FY 2021	5,000	5,000	56		
FY 2024       8,000       8,000       9,121         FY 2025       0       0       0         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         Total Project Costs (TPC)       75,000       75,000       56,194         FY 2018       195,000       195,000       56,194         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	FY 2022	22,000	22,000	20,944		
FY 2025       0       0       0         Total OPC       75,000       75,000       75,000         Total Project Costs (TPC)       75,000       75,000       75,000         FY 2018       195,000       195,000       56,194         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	FY 2023	38,000	38,000	44,844		
Total OPC       75,000       75,000         Total Project Costs (TPC)       75,000       75,000         FY 2018       195,000       195,000       56,194         FY 2019       253,000       253,000       144,702         FY 2020       252,000       252,000       227,896	FY 2024	8,000	8,000	9,121		
Total Project Costs (TPC)           FY 2018         195,000         195,000         56,194           FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         227,896	FY 2025	0	0	0		
FY 2018195,000195,00056,194FY 2019253,000253,000144,702FY 2020252,000252,000227,896	Total OPC	75,000	75,000	75,000		
FY 2019         253,000         253,000         144,702           FY 2020         252,000         252,000         227,896	Total Project Costs (TPC)					
FY 2020 252,000 252,000 227,896	FY 2018	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
202,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000	FY 2019	····· <b>·</b> ·····	253,000	144,702		
FY 2021 202,000 202,000 236,230	FY 2020	252,000	252,000	227,896		
	FY 2021	202,000	202,000	236,230		

Table 5.6: Salvage and Accountability Building Subproject (06-D-141-09) Financial Schedule (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2022	200,000	200,000	356,770
FY 2023	70,000	70,000	113,844
FY 2024	8,000	8,000	41,121
FY 2025	0	0	3,243
Grand Total	1,180,000	1,180,000	1,180,000

Table 5.7: Main Process Building Subproject (06-D-141-04) Financial Schedule

ts
0
0
677
,950
,184
,959
,855
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,389
8,448
,761
,154
5,205
5,718
3,000
,958
,263
,259
,013
,080
),191

 ^a In FY 2014, \$5,000,000 in prior year funding was reprogrammed from 06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility to Maintenance and Repair of Facilities at Y-12. Change from FY 2018 CPDS also reflects a rescission of \$2,114,341.
 ^b In FY 2016, \$2,885,659 in prior year funding was reprogrammed from 06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility to Uranium Sustainment: Storage under the Directed Stockpile Work program. Change from FY 2018 CPDS also reflects a rescission of \$685,002.08.

Construction/06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility,

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2023	187,000	187,000	300,000
FY 2024	72,589	72,743	141,943
FY 2025	0	0	67,627
Total Construction	2,603,343	2,603,343	2,603,343
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2005	0	0	0
FY 2006	5,000	5 <i>,</i> 000	0
FY 2007	5,000	5 <i>,</i> 000	677
FY 2008	38,583	38,583	33,950
FY 2009	90,622	90,622	79,184
FY 2010	94,000	94,000	80,959
FY 2011	115,271	115,271	109,855
FY 2012	160,194	160,109	170,700
FY 2013	269,069	269,026	192,389
FY 2014	301,886	301,886	198,448
FY 2015	270,929	269,823	220,761
FY 2016	370,000	369,978	314,112
FY 2017	520,000	519,864	380,468
FY 2018	293,000	294,392	292,977
FY 2019	351,000	350,873	349,013
FY 2020	436,000	435,973	473,080
FY 2021	502,500	502,500	550,191
FY 2022	358,700	358,700	485,009
FY 2023	187,000	187,000	300,000
FY 2024	72,589	72,743	141,943
FY 2025	0	0	67,627
Total TEC	4,441,343	4,441,343	4,441,343
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
FY 2005	12,113	12,113	12,113
FY 2006	7,809	7,809	7,809
FY 2007	10,082	10,082	10,082
FY 2008	11,730	11,730	11,730
FY 2009	14,000	14,000	14,000
FY 2010	20,500	20,500	20,500
FY 2011	18,409	18,409	18,409
FY 2012	0	0	0
FY 2013	0	0	0
FY 2014	0	0	0
FY 2015	0	0	0
FY 2016	0	0	0

(Appropriations)         Obligations         Costs           FY 2017         0         0         0           FY 2018         0         0         0           FY 2019         0         2,000         2,000         1,020           FY 2020         2,500         5,500         1,695           FY 2021         5,500         30,305           FY 2022         31,500         30,305           FY 2023         105,000         105,000         60,536           FY 2023         105,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2006         12,809         7,809         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         10,759         7,809           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         104,622         93,184           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2013		Budget Authority		
FY 2018         0         0           FY 2019         0         0           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         1,020           FY 2021         5,500         5,500         1,695           FY 2022         31,500         31,500         30,305           FY 2023         105,000         105,000         60,536           FY 2024         42,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           Total OPC         280,643         12,113         12,113           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2006         12,809         7,809         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         10,759         7,809           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         93,184         14,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389		· · · · · ·		-
FY 2019         0         0         0           FY 2019         0         0         0           FY 2020         2,000         2,000         1,020           FY 2021         5,500         5,500         1,695           FY 2022         31,500         31,500         30,305           FY 2023         105,000         105,000         60,536           FY 2024         42,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2005         12,809         7,809         7,809           FY 2006         12,809         10,759         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         10,759         7,809           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2012         160,194         160,109         170,700	FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2020         2,000         2,000         1,020           FY 2021         5,500         5,500         1,695           FY 2022         31,500         31,500         30,305           FY 2023         105,000         105,000         60,536           FY 2024         42,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643         280,643           FY 2025         0         0         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643         280,643         280,643           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2006         12,809         12,809         7,809         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         10,759         16,019         10,759           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         93,184         14,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2012         160,194         16	FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 20215,5005,5001,695FY 202231,50031,50030,305FY 2023105,000105,00060,536FY 202442,00042,00092,444FY 2025000Total OPC280,643280,643280,643Total OPC280,643280,643280,643280,643FY 200512,11312,11312,113FY 200612,80912,8097,809FY 200715,08215,08210,759FY 200850,31350,31345,680FY 2010114,500114,500101,459FY 2011133,680133,680128,264FY 2012160,194160,109170,700FY 2013269,069269,026192,389FY 2014301,886301,886198,448FY 2015270,929269,823220,761FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2019351,000350,873349,013FY 2020438,000437,973474,100FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200360,53651,836FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	FY 2019			
FY 2022         31,500         31,500         60,536           FY 2023         105,000         105,000         60,536           FY 2024         42,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           FY 2025         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2005         12,809         12,809         7,809           FY 2006         12,809         15,082         10,759           FY 2007         15,082         15,082         10,759           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         104,622         93,184           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         128,264         192,389           FY 2012         160,194         160,109         170,700           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2014         301,886         301,886         198,448           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000	FY 2020	······		
FY 2023         105,000         105,000         60,536           FY 2024         42,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           FY 2025         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2005         12,809         12,809         7,809           FY 2006         12,809         15,082         10,759           FY 2007         15,082         15,082         10,759           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         104,622         93,184           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         128,264         192,389           FY 2012         160,194         160,109         170,700           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2014         301,886         301,886         198,448           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000         369,978         314,112           FY 2018         293,000	FY 2021	·····		
FY 2024         42,000         42,000         92,444           FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643           Total Project Costs (TPC)         7         7         7           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2006         12,809         12,809         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         10,759         12,809         7,809           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         104,622         93,184           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2014         301,886         301,886         304,886           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000         369,978         314,112           FY 2017         520,000         519,864         380,468           FY 2018 <td>FY 2022</td> <td>31,500</td> <td>31,500</td> <td>30,305</td>	FY 2022	31,500	31,500	30,305
FY 2025         0         0         0           Total OPC         280,643         280,643         280,643         280,643           Total Project Costs (TPC)         12,113         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2005         12,809         12,809         7,809           FY 2006         12,809         12,809         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         15,082         10,759           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         93,184         114,500         101,459           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2012         160,194         160,109         170,700           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,384           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000         369,978         314,112           FY 2017         520,000         519,864         380,468           FY 2018         293,000         294,392 <td>FY 2023</td> <td>105,000</td> <td>105,000</td> <td>60,536</td>	FY 2023	105,000	105,000	60,536
Total OPC280,643280,643280,643Total Project Costs (TPC)FY 200512,11312,11312,113FY 200612,80912,8097,809FY 200715,08215,08210,759FY 200850,31350,31345,680FY 2009104,622104,62293,184FY 2010114,500114,500101,459FY 2011133,680133,680128,264FY 2012160,194160,109170,700FY 2013269,069269,026192,389FY 2014301,886301,886198,448FY 2015270,929269,823220,761FY 2016370,000519,864380,468FY 2017520,000519,864380,468FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2019351,000350,873349,013FY 2020438,000437,973474,100FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 202500067,627	FY 2024	42,000	42,000	92,444
Total Project Costs (TPC)           FY 2005         12,113         12,113         12,113           FY 2006         12,809         12,809         7,809           FY 2007         15,082         15,082         10,759           FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         104,622         93,184           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2012         160,194         160,109         170,700           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2014         301,886         301,886         198,448           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000         369,978         314,112           FY 2018         293,000         294,392         292,977           FY 2019         351,000         350,873 </td <td>FY 2025</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 200512,11312,11312,113FY 200612,80912,8097,809FY 200715,08215,08210,759FY 200850,31350,31345,680FY 2009104,622104,62293,184FY 2010114,500114,500101,459FY 2011133,680133,680128,264FY 2012160,194160,109170,700FY 2013269,069269,026192,389FY 2014301,886301,886198,448FY 2015270,929269,823220,761FY 2016370,000369,978314,112FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2019351,000350,873349,013FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	Total OPC	280,643	280,643	280,643
FY 200612,80912,8097,809FY 200715,08215,08210,759FY 200850,31350,31345,680FY 2009104,622104,62293,184FY 2010114,500114,500101,459FY 2011133,680133,680128,264FY 2012160,194160,109170,700FY 2013269,069269,026192,389FY 2014301,886301,886198,448FY 2015270,929269,823220,761FY 2016370,000519,864380,468FY 2017520,000519,864380,468FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2019351,000350,873349,013FY 2020438,000437,973474,100FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2007       15,082       15,082       10,759         FY 2008       50,313       50,313       50,313       45,680         FY 2009       104,622       104,622       93,184         FY 2010       114,500       114,500       101,459         FY 2011       133,680       133,680       128,264         FY 2012       160,194       160,109       170,700         FY 2013       269,069       269,026       192,389         FY 2014       301,886       301,886       198,448         FY 2015       270,929       269,823       220,761         FY 2016       370,000       369,978       314,112         FY 2017       520,000       519,864       380,468         FY 2018       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2005	12,113	12,113	12,113
FY 2008         50,313         50,313         45,680           FY 2009         104,622         104,622         93,184           FY 2010         114,500         114,500         101,459           FY 2011         133,680         133,680         128,264           FY 2012         160,194         160,109         170,700           FY 2013         269,069         269,026         192,389           FY 2014         301,886         301,886         198,448           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000         369,978         314,112           FY 2017         520,000         519,864         380,468           FY 2018         293,000         294,392         292,977           FY 2019         351,000         350,873         349,013           FY 2020         438,000         437,973         474,100           FY 2021         508,000         508,000         551,886           FY 2022         390,200         390,200         515,314           FY 2023         292,000         292,000         360,536           FY 2025         0         0         67,627	FY 2006	12,809	12,809	7,809
FY 2009104,622104,62293,184FY 2010114,500114,500101,459FY 2011133,680133,680128,264FY 2012160,194160,109170,700FY 2013269,069269,026192,389FY 2014301,886301,886198,448FY 2015270,929269,823220,761FY 2016370,000369,978314,112FY 2017520,000519,864380,468FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2020438,000437,973474,100FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2023292,000390,200515,314FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	FY 2007	15,082	15,082	10,759
FY 2010       114,500       114,500       101,459         FY 2011       133,680       133,680       128,264         FY 2012       160,194       160,109       170,700         FY 2013       269,069       269,026       192,389         FY 2014       301,886       301,886       198,448         FY 2015       270,929       269,823       220,761         FY 2016       370,000       369,978       314,112         FY 2017       520,000       519,864       380,468         FY 2018       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2008	50,313	50,313	45,680
FY 2011       133,680       133,680       128,264         FY 2012       160,194       160,109       170,700         FY 2013       269,069       269,026       192,389         FY 2014       301,886       301,886       198,448         FY 2015       270,929       269,823       220,761         FY 2016       370,000       369,978       314,112         FY 2017       520,000       519,864       380,468         FY 2018       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2024       114,589       114,743       234,387         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2009	104,622	104,622	93,184
FY 2012160,194160,109170,700FY 2013269,069269,026192,389FY 2014301,886301,886198,448FY 2015270,929269,823220,761FY 2016370,000369,978314,112FY 2017520,000519,864380,468FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2019351,000350,873349,013FY 2020438,000437,973474,100FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	FY 2010	114,500	114,500	101,459
FY 2012       269,069       269,026       192,389         FY 2014       301,886       301,886       198,448         FY 2015       270,929       269,823       220,761         FY 2016       370,000       369,978       314,112         FY 2017       520,000       519,864       380,468         FY 2018       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2024       114,589       114,743       234,387         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2011	133,680	133,680	128,264
FY 2014         301,886         301,886         198,448           FY 2015         270,929         269,823         220,761           FY 2016         370,000         369,978         314,112           FY 2017         520,000         519,864         380,468           FY 2018         293,000         294,392         292,977           FY 2019         351,000         350,873         349,013           FY 2020         438,000         437,973         474,100           FY 2021         508,000         508,000         551,886           FY 2022         390,200         390,200         515,314           FY 2023         292,000         292,000         360,536           FY 2024         114,589         114,743         234,387           FY 2025         0         0         67,627	FY 2012	160,194	160,109	170,700
FY 2017270,929269,823220,761FY 2016370,000369,978314,112FY 2017520,000519,864380,468FY 2018293,000294,392292,977FY 2019351,000350,873349,013FY 2020438,000437,973474,100FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	FY 2013	269,069	269,026	192,389
FY 2015       370,000       369,978       314,112         FY 2017       520,000       519,864       380,468         FY 2018       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2024       114,589       114,743       234,387         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2014	301,886	301,886	198,448
FY 2017       520,000       519,864       380,468         FY 2018       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2024       114,589       114,743       234,387         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2015	270,929	269,823	220,761
FY 2017       293,000       294,392       292,977         FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2024       114,589       114,743       234,387         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2016	370,000	369,978	314,112
FY 2018         293,000         294,392         292,977           FY 2019         351,000         350,873         349,013           FY 2020         438,000         437,973         474,100           FY 2021         508,000         508,000         551,886           FY 2022         390,200         390,200         515,314           FY 2023         292,000         292,000         360,536           FY 2024         114,589         114,743         234,387           FY 2025         0         0         67,627	FY 2017	520,000	519,864	380,468
FY 2019       351,000       350,873       349,013         FY 2020       438,000       437,973       474,100         FY 2021       508,000       508,000       551,886         FY 2022       390,200       390,200       515,314         FY 2023       292,000       292,000       360,536         FY 2024       114,589       114,743       234,387         FY 2025       0       0       67,627	FY 2018	293,000	294,392	292,977
FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627		351,000	350,873	349,013
FY 2021508,000508,000551,886FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627	FY 2020	438,000	437,973	474,100
FY 2022390,200390,200515,314FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627		508,000	508,000	551,886
FY 2023292,000292,000360,536FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627		390,200	390,200	515,314
FY 2024114,589114,743234,387FY 20250067,627		292,000	292,000	360,536
FY 2025 0 0 67,627				••••••
		-		
		4,721,986	4,721,986	

^a Reflects a reduction in the MEB Construction cost as recovery of unearned fee to cover an increase in the MEB Subproject. **Weapons Activities/Production Modernization** 

Construction/06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility,

#### 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate ^a	Original Validated Baseline⁵
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	1,838,000	1,838,000	1,838,000
Contingency	0	0	0
Total Design	1,838,000	1,838,000	1,838,000
Construction			
Site Preparation	156,214	156,214	191,700
Equipment	1,081,640	1,158,950	1,370,180
Construction	2,457,703	2,340,893	2,420,463
Contingency	587,780	611,080	340,300
Total Construction	4,283,337	4,267,137	4,322,643
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost	6,121,337	6,105,137	6,160,643
Contingency, TEC	587,780	611,080	340,300
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
<b>Conceptual Planning</b>	30,000	30,000	30,000
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	64,643	64,643	64,643
Start-up	225,000	225,000	225,000
Contingency	59,020	59,020	59,000
Total, OPC	378,663	378,663	378,643
Contingency, OPC	59,020	59,020	59,000

# Table 6: Details of UPF Project (06-D-141) Cost Estimate(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Previous Total Estimate reflects baseline values as of May 2020. The FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not have the correct values for Current Total Estimate.

^b The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimateª	Original Validated Baseline ^ь
Contingency from completed subprojects	0	16,200 ^c	0
Total Project Cost	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,500,000 ^{.d}
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	646,800 [.]	686,300	399,300

## Table 6.1: Details of Site Readiness Subproject (06-D-141-01) Cost Estimate (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)						
	Current Total	Previous Total	Original Validated			
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline			
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Design						
Design	0	0	N/A			
Contingency	0	0	N/A			
Total Design	0	0	N/A			
Construction						
Site Preparation	43,714	43,714	50,200			
Equipment	0	0	0			
Construction	0	0	0			
Contingency	0	0	13,800			
Total Construction	43,714	43,714	64,000			
Other TEC (if any)						
Cold Startup	0	0	0			
Contingency	0	0	0			
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0			
Total Estimated Cost	43,714	43,714	64,000			
Contingency, TEC	0	0	13,800			
Other Project Cost (OPC)						
OPC except D&D						
R&D	0	0	0			
Conceptual Planning	0	0	0			
Conceptual Design	0	0	0			

^a Previous Total Estimate reflects baseline values as of May 2020. The FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not have the correct values for Current Total Estimate.

^b The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

^c Allocation of funding and obligations reflects the final TPC of the Substation Subproject. Per DOE O 413.3B, the \$16.2 million of cost savings from the Substation Subproject has been returned to the Total Project contingency pool for other Subprojects within this CPDS, the funding for this contingency is from FY 2016.

Management Reserve due to contractor performance, as well as COVID impacts.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

#### Construction/06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility,

Y-12

^d Excludes a \$21,286,000 underrun from the Site Readiness CD-2/3 TPC and an \$18,000,000 underrun from the Site Infrastructure and Services CD-2/3 TPC that had been realized prior to establishing the overall UPF CD-2 TPC baseline. ^e Contingency will likely be required to address anticipated overruns of the Performance Measurement Baseline and

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Start-up	0	0	1,000
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, OPC	0	0	1,000
Contingency, OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Cost	43,714	43,714	65,000
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	0	0	13,800

 Table 6.2: Details of Site Infrastructure and Services Subproject (06-D-141-05) Cost Estimate

 (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total Design	0	0	0
Construction			
Site Preparation	0	0	26,000
Equipment	0	0	0
Construction	60,500	60,500	30,000
Contingency	0	0	22,500
Total Construction	60,500	60,500	78,500
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost	60,500	60,500	78,500
Contingency, TEC	0	0	22,500
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
Conceptual Planning	0	0	0
Conceptual Design	0	0	0
Start-up	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, OPC	0	0	0
Contingency, OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Cost	60,500	60,500	78,500
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	0	0	22,500

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline ^a
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total Design	0	0	0
Construction			
Site Preparation	0	0	3,000
Equipment	0	0	49,700
Construction	43,800 ^b	43,800	0
Contingency	0	0	7,300
Total Construction	43,800	43,800	60,000
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost	43,800	43,800	60,000
Contingency, TEC	0	0	7,300
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
Conceptual Planning	0	0	0
Conceptual Design	0	0	0
Start-up	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, OPC	0	0	0
Contingency, OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Cost	43,800	43,800	60,000
	•	•	•

Table 6.3: Details of Substation Subproject (06-D-141-07) Cost Estimate (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

^b Allocation of funding and obligations reflects the final TPC of the Substation Subproject. The approximately \$16.2 million of cost savings from the Substation Subproject has been redeployed to MEB to cover a TPC increase.

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(2008)	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate ^a	Original Validated Baseline ^b	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Design	0	0	0	
Contingency	0	0	0	
Total Design	0	0	0	
Construction				
Site Preparation	0	0	0	
Equipment	75,600	77,850	86,040	
Construction	193,800	167,650	159,760	
Contingency	39,580	37,480	38,200	
Total Construction	308,980	282 <i>,</i> 980	284,000	
Other TEC (if any)				
Cold Startup	0	0	0	
Contingency	0	0	0	
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0	
Total Estimated Cost	308,980	282 <i>,</i> 980	284,000	
Contingency, TEC	39,580	37,480	38,200	
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC except D&D				
R&D	0	0	0	
Conceptual Planning	0	0	0	
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	0	0	0	
Start-up	1,000	1,000	0	
Contingency	20	20	0	
Total, OPC	1,020	1,020	0	
Contingency, OPC	20	20	0	
Total Project Cost	310,000	284,000	284,000	
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	39,600	37,500	38,200	
BCP Approved in February 2022	310,000			

Table 6.4: Details of Mechanical Electrical Building Subproject (06-D-141-06) Cost Estimate	
(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)	

^a Previous Total Estimate reflects baseline values as of May 2020. The FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not have the correct values for Current Total Estimate.

^b The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate ^a	Original Validated Baseline ^b
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total Design	0	0	0
Construction			
Site Preparation	0	0	0
Equipment	18,600	22,680	19,530
Construction	80,400	75,820	75,970
Contingency	19,000	19,500	22,500
Total Construction	118,000	118,000	118,000
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost	118,000	118,000	118,000
Contingency, TEC	19,000	19,500	22,500
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
Conceptual Planning	0	0	0
Conceptual Design	0	0	0
Start-up	18,000	18,000	18,000
Contingency	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total, OPC	22,000	22,000	22,000
Contingency, OPC	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total Project Cost	140,000	140,000	140,000
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	23,000	23,500	26,500

# Table 6.5: Details of Process Support Facilities Subproject (06-D-141-08) Cost Estimate (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Previous Total Estimate reflects baseline values as of May 2020. The FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not have the correct values for Current Total Estimate.

^b The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

(Buuget	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate ^a	Original Validated Baseline ^ь
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total Design	0	0	0
Construction			
Site Preparation	0	0	0
Equipment	187,920	211,650	380,160
Construction	681,080	653,350	599 <i>,</i> 840
Contingency	236,000	240,000	125,000
Total Construction	1,105,000	1,105,000	1,105,000
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost	1,105,000	1,105,000	1,105,000
Contingency, TEC	236,000	240,000	125,000
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
<b>Conceptual Planning</b>	0	0	0
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	0	0	0
Start-up	60,000	60,000	60,000
Contingency	15,000	15,000	15,000
Total, OPC	75,000	75,000	75,000
Contingency, OPC	15,000	15,000	15,000
Total Project Cost	1,180,000	1,180,000	1,180,000
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	251,000	255,000	140,000

 Table 6.6: Details of Salvage and Accountability Building Subproject (06-D-141-09) Cost Estimate

 (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Previous Total Estimate reflects baseline values as of May 2020. The FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not have the correct values for Current Total Estimate.

^b The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

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	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate ^a	Original Validated Baseline⁵
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	1,838,000	1,838,000	1,838,000
Contingency	0	0	0
Total Design	1,838,000	1,838,000	1,838,000
Construction			
Site Preparation	112,500	112,500	112,500
Equipment	799,520	846,770	834,750
Construction	1,398,123	1,339,773	1,554,893
Contingency	293,200	314,100	111,000
Total Construction	2,603,343	2,613,143	2,613,143
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	0
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Other TEC	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost	4,441,343	4,451,143	4,451,143
Contingency, TEC	293,200	314,100	111,000
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
Conceptual Planning	30,000	30,000	30,000
Conceptual Design	64,643	64,643	64,643
Start-up	146,000	146,000	146,000
Contingency	40,000	40,000	40,000
Total, OPC	280,643	280,643	280,643
Contingency, OPC	40,000	40,000	40,000
Total Project Cost	4,731,986	4,731,786	4,731,786
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	333,200	354,100	151,000
Proposed TPC revision ^c	4,721,986		

Table 6.7: Details of Main Process Building Subproject (06-D-141-04) Cost Estimate
(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

^a Previous Total Estimate reflects baseline values as of May 2020. The FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not have the correct values for Current Total Estimate.

^b The Original Validated Baseline reported in the FY 2022 Project Data Sheet did not reflect the CD-2 baseline approved and has been corrected.

^c MPB TPC associated with recovery of unearned fee resulting in \$9.8M of MPB TPC redeployed to cover MEB TPC increase and included in MEB construction in Table 6.4 above.

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## 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

(Dollars in Thousands)

Request		Prior				,				
Year	Туре	Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Total
	TEC	1,233,620	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2011	OPC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TPC	1,499,649	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TEC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2012	OPC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TPC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TEC	2,254,185	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2013	OPC	129,128	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TPC	2,383,313	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TEC	3,436,047	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2014	OPC	174,313	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TPC	3,610,360	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TEC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2015	OPC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TPC	3,525,096	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TEC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FY 2016	OPC	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TPC	4,050,096	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	TEC	TBD	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2017	OPC	TBD	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,420,096	635,000	645 <i>,</i> 000	500,000	250,000	49,904	0	0	6,500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2018	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,680,096	740,000	630,000	385,000	64,904	0	0	0	6,500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2019	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,665,411	750,000	620,000	300,000	159,000	5 <i>,</i> 589	0	0	6,500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2020	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,665,411	750,000	620,000	300,000	164,589	0	0	0	6,500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2021	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,665,411	750,000	620,000	300,000	164,589	0	0	0	6,500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2022	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,665,411	750,000	524,000ª	TBD	TBD	0	0	0	6,500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2023	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	4,665,411	750,000	600,000ª	362,000	122,589	0	0	0	6,500,000

^a Omnibus for FY2022 funded UPF at \$600M.

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## 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy	12/31/2025
Expected Useful Life	50 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	1Q FY 2076

Related Funding Requirements	
(Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)	
Annual Costs	Life

	Annual Costs		Life Cycle Costs	
	Previous Total	Current Total	Previous Total	Current Total
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Operations and Maintenance	\$0.466	\$0.466	\$32.915	\$32.915

## 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is replacing existing facilities.

New Area being constructed at Y-12 National Security Complex	568,524 square feet
Area of D&D in this project at Y-12 National Security Complex	11,000 square feet ^a
Area at Y-12 National Security Complex to be transferred, sold,	
and/or D&D outside the project, including area previously "banked"	1,202,000 square feet
Area of D&D of this project at other sites	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project,	
including area previously "banked"	0
Total Area Eliminated	N/A

## 8. Acquisition Approach

The NNSA Federal Project Director and the Integrated Project Team are responsible for the execution of the project. The Y-12 M&O contractor is the designated design authority. Designated officials within the Office of Defense Programs (NA-10) are responsible for defining program requirements and identifying project scope changes. The Office of Acquisition and Project Management (NA-APM) is responsible for providing support for alternative studies, and serves as the lead NNSA office for design and construction of the project.

The UPF Project construction scope is being performed under firm fixed price contracts or subcontracts along with cost-plus contracts as determined to be the best value for the government. The Department is administering Architect-Engineer and construction contracts utilizing the M&O contract and stand-alone contract vehicles. The United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and Tennessee Valley Authority have had acquisition and project management responsibility for appropriate scopes of work as determined by the Department.

^a Building 9107.

## Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement (CMRR) Project, 04-D-125 Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## Summary:

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Request for the Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement (CMRR) Project is \$162,012,000, supporting subprojects for equipment installation into Plutonium Facility 4 (PF-4) and the Radiological Laboratory and Utility Office Building (RLUOB), and associated infrastructure for related operations in and around the two facilities.

The CMRR Project provides continuity in analytical chemistry (AC) and materials characterization (MC) capabilities through the relocation of programmatic operations from the existing Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) facility and provides infrastructure and support facilities for consolidated operations at the Technical Area -55 (TA-55) site.

## Significant Changes:

The FY 2023 Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update from FY 2022 and does not include a new start for the budget year. This data sheet updates the project to include, a) previously completed subprojects and b) continuation of the PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 2 (PEI2) and RLUOB Hazard Category 3 (RC3) subprojects in design and execution planning.

Critical Decision (CD)-1 for all remaining subprojects was approved on August 21, 2014, with a combined CMRR top end of total project cost (TPC) range of \$2,886,230,000. Portions of the CMRR Project scope have yet to be baselined and will be bounded to remain within the approved CMRR TPC range. Planning and design continue to mature to achieve CD-2/3 for the remaining scope and are forecasted to be complete by the third quarters of FY 2023 and 2024 for PEI2 and RC3 respectively. The final scope for each subproject will be established and agreed to at baselining, and outyear funding profiles may be adjusted to reflect those baselines. A phased execution strategy is being implemented for the remaining scopes of work to support the increased programmatic and construction needs of the site.

The current CMRR subprojects are listed below. Changes in subproject scope and phasing strategy may be identified as funding, design, and acquisition plans mature. Completed subprojects are described in Section 2 of this document.

RLUOB Subproject (04-D-125-01): COMPLETE - CD-4 approved on June 24, 2010.

RLUOB Equipment Installation (REI1) Subproject (04-D-125-02): COMPLETE - CD-4 approved on June 20, 2013.

Nuclear Facility (NF) Subproject (04-D-125-03): CANCELLED - This subproject was cancelled.

**REI2 Subproject (04-D-125-04):** *COMPLETE* – CD-4 approved on December 15, 2021, one month ahead of schedule. The approved project costs at CD-4 was \$509,300,000, \$124,000,000 below the TPC. The project is currently in final cost closeout and financial reconciliation. The tables below reflect the current cost to date of \$516,850,000. Underruns for this subproject have been reallocated to the PEI2 and RC3 subprojects.

**PEI1 Subproject (04-D-125-05):** *COMPLETE* – CD-4 approved on January 8, 2021, more than one year ahead of schedule. The approved project cost at CD-4 was \$284,000,000; \$109,000,000 below the TPC. The project is currently in final cost closeout and financial reconciliation. The tables below reflect the current cost to date of \$277,606,000. Underruns for this subproject have been reallocated to the PEI2 and RC3 subprojects.

**PEI2 Subproject (04-D-125-06):** Maximizes use of PF-4 by consolidating and relocating existing capabilities, replacing existing equipment, installing gloveboxes and equipment, demolition and disposal (D&D) of existing PF-4 laboratory space for AC/MC capabilities and development of infrastructure supporting AC/MC mission relocation to TA-55. PEI2 will establish enduring AC and MC capabilities for supporting NNSA actinide-based missions. PEI2 also improves TA-55 and PF-4 personnel and vehicular ingress/egress, levels of worker preparation/staging and warehousing for relocated AC/MC operations and personnel. See Section 4 of this datasheet for additional detail on *Project Scope and Justification*.

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Underruns from the PEI1 and REI2 will be utilized to develop performance baselines for all scope elements of the project. PEI2 will maintain the top end of the TPC cost range consistent with what was established at CD-1. The schedule range for completion is currently FY 2026 to FY 2029. In support of programmatic need dates, personnel and vehicular ingress/egress, levels of worker preparation/staging will need to achieve CD 2/3 sooner than PEI2 Equipment. An integrated master schedule will be developed for CD-2/3 approval which is forecasted for third quarter 2023.

**RC3 Subproject (04-D-125-07):** Maximizes use of RLUOB by reconfiguring existing laboratory space and equipping the remaining empty laboratories with AC and MC capabilities. Prior to the equipment installation, RC3 supports activities necessary to upgrade the RLUOB from a Radiological Facility to a Hazard Category 3 Nuclear Facility. The subsequent RC3 equipment installation will establish enduring AC and MC capabilities for supporting NNSA actinide-based missions and provide for increased reliability of the pit production mission. RC3 also includes office and warehouse scope. Underruns from the PEI1 and REI2 will be utilized to develop performance baselines for all scope elements of the project. The project will maintain the top end of the range established at CD-1. The schedule range for completion is currently FY 2026 to FY 2028. An integrated master schedule will be developed for CD-2/3 which is forecasted for third quarter 2024.

A Level 4 Federal Project Director has been appointed to this project and has approved this data sheet.

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptua I Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2004	07/16/2002	N/A	1QFY2004		N/A	2QFY2004	N/A	1QFY2011
FY 2005	07/16/2002	N/A	3QFY2004		N/A	3QFY2005	N/A	3QFY2012
FY 2006	07/16/2002	N/A	2QFY2005	4QFY2005	N/A	1QFY2006	N/A	4QFY2010
FY 2007	07/16/2002	N/A	09/30/2005	1QFY2006	N/A	1QFY2006	N/A	1QFY2013
FY 2008	07/16/2002	N/A	09/30/2005	10/21/2005	N/A	1QFY2006	N/A	1QFY2013
FY 2009	07/16/2002	N/A	09/30/2005	TBD	N/A	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2010	07/16/2002	N/A	09/30/2005	TBD	N/A	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2011	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	TBD	N/A	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2012	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	4QFY2012	N/A	4QFY2012	N/A	TBD
FY 2012 Rep	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD
FY 2016	07/16/2002	N/A	4QFY2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	4QFY2019	4QFY2024
FY 2017	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	4QFY2019	4QFY2024
FY 2018	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	2QFY2022	3QFY2021	2QFY2022	4QFY2026	4QFY2026
FY 2019	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	4QFY2022	4QFY2022	4QFY2022	4QFY2026	4QFY2026
FY 2020	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	10/31/2016	12/1/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	3QFY2022
FY 2021	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	1QFY2023	2QFY2023	2QFY2023	4QFY2025	4QFY2029
FY 2022	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	4QFY2023	4QFY2023	4QFY2023	3QFY2028	4QFY2029 ^a
FY 2023	07/16/2002	N/A	08/21/2014	3QFY2024	2QFY2024	3QFY2024	4QFY2029	4QFY2029a

## **Critical Milestone History** Fiscal Quarter or Date

^a These dates reflect current planning estimates and will be revised when the remaining subprojects are baselined.

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## RLUOB Subproject (04-D-125-01)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
FY 2011	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	10/21/2005	N/A	10/21/2005	N/A	02/28/2010			
FY 2012	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	10/21/2005	N/A	10/21/2005	N/A	06/24/2010			
FY 2012 Rep	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	10/21/2005	N/A	10/21/2005	N/A	06/24/2010ª			

# REI1 Subproject (04-D-125-02)

Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4		
FY 2011	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	07/17/2009	N/A	07/17/2009	N/A	04/30/2013		
FY 2012	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	07/17/2009	N/A	07/17/2009	N/A	04/30/2013		
FY 2012 Rep	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	07/17/2009	N/A	07/17/2009	N/A	06/30/2013 ^b		

# Nuclear Facility (NF) Subproject (04-D-125-03)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
FY 2011	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	TBD	N/A	TBD	N/A	TBD			
FY 2012	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	4QFY2012	N/A	4QFY2012	N/A	TBD			
FY 2012 Rep	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD			
FY 2016	07/16/2002	N/A	05/18/2005	Cancelled	Cancelled	Cancelled	N/A	Cancelled ^c			

# REI2 Subproject (04-D-125-04)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
FY 2016	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	N/A	1QFY2020			
FY 2017	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	N/A	1QFY2020			
FY 2018 PB	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	10/31/2016	4/6/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	2QFY2022			
FY 2019	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	10/31/2016	4/6/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	2QFY2022			
FY 2020	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	10/31/2016	4/6/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	2QFY2022			
FY 2021	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	10/31/2016	4/6/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	2QFY2022			
FY 2022	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	10/31/2016	4/6/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	2QFY2022			
FY 2023	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	10/31/2016	4/6/2016	10/31/2016	N/A	12/20/2021			

^a This subproject is complete and the project history has not changed.

 $^{^{\}rm b}$  This subproject is complete and the project history has not changed.

 $^{^{\}rm c}$  This subproject was canceled and the project history has not changed.

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Fiscal Quarter or Date									
Fiscal Year	CD-3A	CD-3B							
FY 2016	12/18/2014	2QFY2015							
FY 2017	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							
FY 2018	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							
FY 2019	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							
FY 2020	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							
FY 2021	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							
FY 2022	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							
FY 2023	12/18/2014	12/22/2015							

CD-3A – Approve Long-Lead Procurements CD-3B – Approve Long-Lead Procurements

## PEI1 Subproject (04-D-125-05)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
FY 2016	07/16/2002	4QFY2015	4QFY2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	4QFY2019	1QFY2024			
FY 2017	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	08/21/2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	4QFY2019	1QFY2020			
FY 2018 PB	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	08/21/2014	10/31/2016	12/1/2016	10/31/2016	4QFY2019	3QFY2022			
FY 2019	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	08/21/2014	10/31/2016	12/1/2016	10/31/2016	4QFY2019	3QFY2022			
FY 2020	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	08/21/2014	10/31/2016	12/1/2016	10/31/2016	4QFY2019	3QFY2022			
FY 2021	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	08/21/2014	10/31/2016	12/1/2016	10/31/2016	4QFY2019	3QFY2022			
FY 2022	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	08/21/2014	10/31/2016	12/1/2016	10/31/2016	11/12/2019	1/08/2021ª			

# Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-3A	CD-3B
FY 2016	03/18/2015	12/22/2015
FY 2017	03/18/2015	12/22/2015
FY 2018	03/18/2015	12/22/2015
FY 2019	03/18/2015	12/22/2015
FY 2020	03/18/2015	12/22/2015
FY 2021	03/18/2015	12/22/2015
FY 2022	03/18/2015	12/22/2015

**CD-3A** – Approve Long-Lead Procurements **CD-3B** – Approve Long-Lead Procurements

## PEI2 Subproject (04-D-125-06)

	Fiscal Quarter or Date										
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4			
FY 2016	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	4QFY2014	3QFY2016	2QFY2016	3QFY2016	4QFY2019	1QFY2024			
FY 2021	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	2QFY2023	2QFY2023	2QFY2023	4QFY2025	4QFY2028			
FY 2022	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	3QFY2023	3QFY2023	3QFY2023	3QFY2028	4QFY2029			
FY 2023	07/16/2002	8/21/2014	8/21/2014	3QFY2023	2QFY2023	3QFY2023	4QFY2029	4QFY2029			

^a This subproject is complete and the project history has not changed.

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	Fiscal Quarter or Date									
	Fiscal Year	CD-3A	CD-3B							
Γ	FY 2016	03/18/2015								
	FY 2017	03/18/2015								
	FY 2018	03/18/2015								
	FY 2019	03/18/2015								
	FY 2020	03/18/2015								
	FY 2021	03/18/2015	2QFY2022							
	FY 2022	03/18/2015	02/03/2021							
l.	FY 2023	03/18/2015	02/09/2021							

**CD-3A** – D&D of Room 209

CD-3B – Infrastructure scope/early site security/access

## RC3 (04-D-125-07)

Fiscal Quarter or Date

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2016	07/16/2002	08/21/2014	4QFY2014	3QFY2018	2QFY2017	4QFY2017	N/A	1QFY2024
FY 2021	07/16/2002	08/21/2014	4QFY2014	2QFY2023	2QFY2023	2QFY2023	N/A	4QFY2028
FY 2022	07/16/2002	08/21/2014	8/21/2014	4QFY2023	4QFY2023	1QFY2024	N/A	4QFY2028
FY 2023	07/16/2002	08/21/2014	8/21/2014	3QFY2024	2QFY2024	3QFY2024	N/A	4QFY2028

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

CD-1-Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

## **Project Cost History**

(Dollars in Thousands)											
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС				
FY 2004	N/A	N/A	500,000	100,000	N/A	N/A	600,000				
FY 2005	N/A	N/A	500,000	100,000	N/A	N/A	600,000				
FY 2006	N/A	N/A	750,000	100,000	N/A	N/A	850 <i>,</i> 000				
FY 2007	N/A	N/A	738,097	100,000	N/A	N/A	838,097				
FY 2008	65 <i>,</i> 939	672,158	738,097	100,000	N/A	N/A	838,098				
FY 2009	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD				
FY 2010	65,138	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD				
FY 2016	63,646	2,295,936	2,359,582	463,721	54,000	517,721	2,877,303				
FY 2017	63,646	2,243,436	2,307,082	516,221	54,000	570,221	2,877,303				
FY 2018	63,573	2,209,842	2,273,415	549,815	54,000	603,815	2,877,230				
FY 2019	63,573	2,209,069	2,272,642	550,588	54,000	604,588	2,877,230				
FY 2020	63,573	1,492,091	1,555,664	336,089	N/A	336,089	1,891,753ª				
FY 2021	63,573	2,209,069	2,272,642	550,588	54,000	604,588	2,877,230				
FY 2022	63,573	2,241,987	2,305,560	526,670 ^b	54,000	580,670	2,886,230				
FY 2023	63,573	2,293,647	2,357,220	493,730	35,280	529,010	2,886,230°				

# RLUOB Subproject (04-D-125-01)

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D- 103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2011	N/A	159,130	159,130	4,870	N/A	4,870	164,000
FY 2012	N/A	159,130	159,130	4,870	N/A	4,870	164,000
FY 2012 Rep	N/A	159,130	159,130	4,870	N/A	4,870	164,000
FY 2016 ^d	N/A	194,130	194,130	4,870	N/A	4,870	199,000

# REI1 Subproject (04-D-125-02)

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2011	N/A	152,900	152,900	46,500	N/A	46,500	199,400
FY 2012	N/A	152,900	152,900	46,500	N/A	46,500	199,400
FY 2012 Rep	N/A	152,900	152,900	46,500	N/A	46,500	199,400
FY 2016 ^e	N/A	151,963	151,963	44,797	N/A	44,797	196,760

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^a In the FY 2020 CMRR Data Project Data Sheet the PEI2 and RC3 subprojects were removed from the CMRR project and funded under the Plutonium Pit Production Project in accordance with the Conference Report.

^b The published FY 2022 CPDS OPC was incorrectly stated as \$520,035,000. The rest of the FY 2022 numbers were correct. The FY 2022 number has been updated to correct this previous typographical error in the FY 2022 submittal.

^c Until performance baselines are established for the remaining subprojects, the top of CD-1 range will be maintained.

^d This subproject is complete and the project history has not changed.

 $^{^{\}rm e}$  This subproject is complete and the project history has not changed.

# NF Subproject (03-D-103 and 04-D-125-03)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2011	65,138	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2012	65,138	3,239,862 –	3,305,000-	405,000-	N/A	405,000-	3,710,000 -
		5,169,862	5,235,000	625,000		625,000	5,860,000
FY 2012 Rep	65,138	TBD	TBD	4,870	N/A	TBD	TBD
FY 2016	63,646	391,324	454,970	40,274	N/A	40,274	495,244
FY 2017	63,646	391,324	454,970	40,274	N/A	40,274	495,244
FY 2018 ^a	63,573	336,919	400,492	39,054	N/A	39,054	439,546

## REI2 Subproject (04-D-125-04)

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС	
FY 2016	0	540,000	540 <i>,</i> 000	135,000	N/A	135,000	675,000	
FY 2017	0	540,000	540,000	135,000	N/A	135,000	675,000	
FY 2018 PB	0	488,040	488,040	145,210	N/A	145,210	633,250	
FY 2019	0	488,040	488,040	145,210	N/A	145,210	633,250	
FY 2020	0	488,040	488,040	145,210	N/A	145,210	633,250	
FY 2021	0	488,040	488,040	145,210	N/A	145,210	633,250	
FY 2022	0	451,517	451,517	111,090	N/A	111,090	562,607	
FY 2023	0	410,659	410,659	106,191	N/A	106,191	516,850 ^b	

# PEI1 Subproject (04-D-125-05)

· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(Dollars in Thousands)								
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС		
FY 2016	0	1,071,000	1,071,000	240,000	54,000	294,000	1,365,000		
FY 2017	0	257,595	257 <i>,</i> 595	57,405	N/A	57,405	315,000		
FY 2018 PB	0	292,300	292,300	101,700	N/A	101,700	394,000		
FY 2019	0	292,300	292,300	101,700	N/A	101,700	394,000		
FY 2020	0	292,300	292,300	101,700	N/A	101,700	394,000		
FY 2021	0	292,300	292,300	101,700	N/A	101,700	394,000		
FY 2022	0	231,400	231,400	52,600	N/A	52,600	284,000		
FY 2023	0	220,701	220,701	56,905	N/A	56,905	277,606°		

^a This subproject was canceled and the project history has not changed.

^b REI2 achieved CD-4, with an approved TPC of \$509,300,000. The subproject is currently in final costs closeout and this number will be updated to reflect the final TPC value after closeout is completed. The tables reflect the current cost to date of \$516,850. Consistent with DOE O 413.3B, any TPC savings from CMRR subprojects are being used for execution of other CMRR subprojects as needed.

[°] PEI1 achieved CD-4 in January 2021 with an approved TPC of \$284,000,000, the subproject is currently completing financial closeout and the actual will be updated to reflect the final costs in the next project data sheet. The tables reflect the current costs to date of \$277,606,000.

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# PEI2 Subproject (04-D-125-06)

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2016	0	471,500	471,500	159,500	54,000	213,500	685 <i>,</i> 000
FY 2020	0	28,739	28,739	296	N/A	296	29,035
FY 2021	0	475,242	475,242	146,098	54,000	200,098	675 <i>,</i> 340
FY 2022	0	538,662	538,662	156,533	54,000	210,533	749,195
FY 2023	0	590,413	590,413	118,356	35,280	153,636	744,049ª

# RC3 (04-D-125-07)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design 03-D-103	TEC, Design/Construction 04-D-125	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2016	0	289,405	289,405	75,595	N/A	75,595	365 <i>,</i> 000
FY 2020	0	0	0	162	N/A	162	162
FY 2021	0	270,475	270,475	68,859	N/A	68,859	339 <i>,</i> 334
FY 2022	0	337,396	337,396	117,726	N/A	117,726	455,122
FY 2023	0	388,862	388,862	123,557	N/A	123,557	512,419 ^b

(Dollars in Thousands)

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

The CMRR Project, as originally proposed, relocated and consolidated mission critical AC, material MC, and actinide research and development (R&D) capabilities; and provided special nuclear material (SNM) storage and large vessel handling capabilities. The SNM storage and large vessel handling capabilities originally planned for CMRR-NF are not included in the current set of CMRR subprojects and have been addressed by programmatic operations. This data sheet provides information related to the two ongoing subprojects to transition AC and MC capabilities into RLUOB and PF-4, to ensure continuity in plutonium support capabilities and enable the cessation of program operations in CMR.

Changes in subproject and phasing strategy may be identified as design, funding, and acquisition plans mature. The list of CMRR line item subprojects since inception are:

- **RLUOB Subproject (04-D-125-01):** Construction of a 203,686 gross square foot (gsf) facility to house laboratory space capable of handling radiological quantities of SNM; a 22,071 gsf utility building sized to provide utility services (including chilled and hot water, potable hot/cold water, compressed air, and process gases) for all CMRR facility elements; office space for CMRR workers located outside of perimeter security protection systems; and space for centralized TA-55 training activities. The RLUOB became fully functional and operational after the completion of the equipment installation effort for this facility in the REI phase.
- **RLUOB Equipment Installation (REI) Subproject (04-D-125-02):** Equipment installation included gloveboxes, hoods, AC/MC instrumentation, security and communication hardware, and final facility tie-ins and operational

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^a The high end of the current cost range the subproject was increased to reflect the completion of PEI1 and REI2 subprojects and application of the underruns to the existing scope. The underruns are being used/made available to address existing scope as performance baselines are established. Until a performance baseline for all scope elements of the project is achieved, the project will maintain the top end of the range established at CD-1.

^b The high end of the current cost range the subproject was increased to reflect the completion of PEI1 and REI2 subprojects and application of the underruns to the existing scope. The underruns are being used/made available to address existing scope as performance baselines are established. Until a performance baseline for all scope elements of the project is achieved, the project will maintain the top end of the range established at CD-1.

readiness/turnover activities. RLUOB equipment fabrication, installation, testing, and acceptance physically completed in FY 2012. Staff occupation of the office spaces in FY 2012 occurred and CD-4 was approved. The facility exceeded its sustainability goal of LEED Silver by achieving LEED Gold in June 2012.

- Nuclear Facility (NF) Subproject (04-D-125-03): This subproject is cancelled with the remaining mission need (excluding SNM storage and large vessel handling) for CMRR to be met by REI2, PEI1, PEI2 and RC3.
- **REI Phase 2 (REI2) Subproject (04-D-125-04):** Maximizes the use of RLUOB laboratories by both reconfiguring some existing laboratory space and equipping empty laboratories with AC and MC capabilities. Until the RC3 subproject is complete, the RLUOB will operate at the increased radiological limit, 38.6 g of Pu-239 equivalent, consistent with the new limit established by NNSA Supplemental Guidance NA-1 SD G 1027, which enables additional AC and MC operations to move in. New gloveboxes/hoods and equipment will be installed in RLUOB through this subproject. This project makes progress toward ceasing program operations in CMR. Specific capabilities in REI2 scope include the following:
  - Trace Elements Sample Preparation
  - Mass Spectrometry Sample Preparation
  - X-Ray Fluorescence Sample Preparation and Instruments
  - o Radiochemistry Counting Laboratory and Sample Preparation
  - o Oxide and Metal Sample Distribution
  - Coulometry
  - o AC and MC Capabilities for R&D and Troubleshooting
- **PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 1 (PEI1) Subproject (04-D-125-05):** The PEI1 subproject involved the following: relocation of existing PF-4 processes within PF-4 to create open consolidated space, reusing existing gloveboxes for new processes, decontamination and decommissioning (D&D) of old gloveboxes/equipment in PF-4 to create open laboratory space; and installation of new gloveboxes/equipment in the created open space. PEI1 supports the AC and MC capabilities that require the processing of larger amounts of nuclear material. This project made progress toward ceasing program operations in CMR. These capabilities support pit production, pit surveillance, plutonium science and other national security programs. The removal work was executed as site-prep work within this subproject. Specific capabilities in PEI1 scope included:
  - Sample Preparation Surface Science
  - Mechanical Testing
  - Physical Properties
  - Small Sample Fabrication and Preparation
- **PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 2 (PEI2) Subproject (04-D-125-06):** This scope will maximize use of PF-4 by consolidating and relocating existing capabilities within PF-4, replacing existing equipment, installing gloveboxes and equipment and decontamination and demolition of existing laboratory equipment to create space for relocated AC/MC equipment. PEI2 will establish enduring AC and MC capabilities for supporting NNSA actinide-based missions, including pit production. PEI2 if needed will accomplish infrastructure scope necessary to support the CMRR project, and to accommodate the relocation of personnel and supporting facilities to TA-55. Included are facilities upgrades and new construction of:
  - Increased capacity for change rooms leading into PF-4.
  - Upgrade in capacity for vehicular entrance/exit to and from TA-55.
  - Upgrades to existing PF-4 ingress/egress security posts for essential capacity increases related to CMRR missions.

The preliminary cost range for the work in this subproject is \$675,340,000 - \$744,049,000 and schedule range 2026 to 2029. The cost estimate will be updated prior to CD-2/3 approval for this subproject. An integrated master schedule will be developed for CD-2/3. The CD-3B approved in February 9, 2021 included increasing change rooms capacity and upgrade to one of the existing PF-4 ingress/egress security posts identified above.

• **RLUOB Hazard Category 3 (RC3) (04-D-125-07):** This scope will maximize use of RLUOB by reconfiguring existing laboratory space and equipping the remaining empty laboratories with AC and MC capabilities and supports the

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conversion of the Radiological Laboratory to a Hazard Category 3 Nuclear Facility. RC3 equipment installation will establish enduring AC and MC capabilities for supporting NNSA actinide-based missions. RC3 also includes new construction of:

- Office building in the vicinity of TA-55
- Warehousing for handling of equipment procurement/inspection/preparation/installation.

The preliminary cost range for the work in this subproject is \$339,334,000 - \$512,419,000 and schedule range of 2026 to 2028; the cost estimate will be updated prior to CD-2/3 approval for this subproject. An integrated master schedule will be developed for CD-2/3.

## **Justification**

As defined in the most recent revision of the Mission Need Statement (MNS), the mission of the CMRR Project is to ensure continuity in AC and MC capabilities for NNSA actinide-based missions in support of stockpile stewardship. The AC and MC capabilities provided by this project support pit production, pit surveillance, plutonium science and other national security programs. During development of the plutonium strategy, the joint Department of Defense-Cost Analysis and Program Evaluation business case analysis indicated that optimizing RLUOB and repurposing space in PF-4 should be started as soon as possible to maintain continuity in AC and MC capabilities.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE 0 413.3B.

Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project required by DOE O 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents.

## Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

**REI2 Subproject (04-D-125-04):** Transfer AC/MC capabilities from CMR to the RLUOB and complete transition to operations (i.e., preparation of operational startup, management self-assessments and hot testing) of AC/MC capabilities in eight RLUOB laboratory rooms as referenced in the CMRR REI2 and PEI1 Transition to Operations (TTO) Plan (CMRR-PLAN-00004) and PEP section 5.19 Transition to Operations.

**PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 2 (PEI2) Subproject (04-D-125-06)** This scope will maximize use of PF-4 by consolidating and relocating existing capabilities into Room 209, replacing existing equipment, installing gloveboxes and equipment and D&D of existing laboratory space for AC/MC capabilities and will be referenced in the PEI2 Transition to Operations (TTO) Plan and PEP section for Transition to Operations once developed in preparation for CD-2.

**RLUOB Hazard Category 3 (RC3) (04-D-125-07):** This scope will maximize use of RLUOB by reconfiguring existing laboratory space and equipping the remaining empty laboratories with AC and MC systems. Capabilities will be referenced in the REI3 Transition to Operations (TTO) Plan and PEP section for Transition to Operations once developed in preparation for CD-2.

## 3. Financial Schedule

# Prior Subprojects (RLUOB/REI/Nuclear Facility) 03-D-103-010^a & 04-D-125-01, -02, -03)

	(dollars in thousands)		
	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
Design (03-D-103-010)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	63,573	63,573	63,573
Total Design (03-D-103-010)	63,573	63,573	63,573
Design (04-D-125)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	386,929	386,929	386,929
Total Design (04-D-125)	386,929	386,929	386,929
Total Design			
Prior Years - FY 2018	450,502	450,502	450,502
Total Design (04-D-125)	450,502	450,502	450,502
Construction (04-D-125)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	296,083	296,083	296,083
Total Construction (04-D-125)	296,083	296,083	296,083
TEC (04-D-125)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	746,585	746,585	746,585
Total TEC (04-D-125)	746,585	746,585	746,585
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
(OPC except D&D)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	88,721	88,721	88,721
Total OPC except D&D (04-D-125)	88,721	88,721	88,721
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	835,306	835,306	835,306
Total TPC (03-D-103-010&04-D-125-01,- 02,-03)	835,306	835,306	835,306

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

^a 03-D-103-010 CPDS funded design efforts on multiple line item projects starting in 2003. Subsequently the funding of design and construction was shifted to 04-D-125.

# REI Phase 2 (REI2) Subproject (04-D-125-04)

(dollars in thousands)						
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost			
Design (04-D-125-04)						
Prior Years - FY 2018	42,179	42,179	42,179			
FY 2019	333	333	333			
FY 2020	0	0	0			
FY 2021	0	0	0			
Total Design (04-D-125-04)	42,512	42,512	42,512			
Construction (04-D-125-04)						
Prior Years - FY 2018	282,289	241,682	228,937			
FY 2019	98,929	78,579	76,195			
FY 2020	23,747	84,688	48,846			
FY 2021	4,040	4,056	12,169			
FY 2022 ^a	-40,858	-40,858	2,000			
FY 2023	0	0	0			
FY 2024	0	0	0			
Total Construction (04-D-125-04)	368,147	368,147	368,147			
TEC (04-D-125-04)						
Prior Years - FY 2018	324,468	283,861	271,116			
FY 2019	99,262	78,912	76,528			
FY 2020	23,747	84,688	48,846			
FY 2021	4,040	4,056	12,169			
FY 2022	-40,858	-40,858	2,000			
FY 2023	0	0	0			
FY 2024	0	0	0			
Total TEC (04-D-125-04)	410,659	410,659	410,659			

^a \$40,858 was reallocated from REI2 TEC Construction to remaining subprojects.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
(OPC except D&D)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	49,462	45,663	23,417
FY 2019	46,652	40,000	13,067
FY 2020	11,628	22,079	29,951
FY 2021	0	0	34,756
FY 2022	-1,551	-1,551	5,000
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total OPC except D&D (04-D-125-04)	106,191	106,191	106,191
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	373,930	329,524	294,533
FY 2019	145,914	118,912	89,595
FY 2020	35,375	106,767	78,797
FY 2021	4,040	4,056	46,925
FY 2022	-42,409	-42,409	7,000
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total TPC (04-D-125-04)	516,850°	516,850	516,850

^a The sub-project costs have been evaluated in the final project year and consistent with DOE O 413.3B, any TPC savings from CMRR subprojects are being used for execution of other CMRR subprojects as needed **Weapons Activities/Production Modernization** 

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Design (04-D-125-05)	· · · · · ·		
Prior Years - FY 2018	31,611	31,611	31,611
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
Total Design (04-D-125-05)	31,611	31,611	31,611
Construction (04-D-125-05)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	157,704	156,435	110,245
FY 2019	42,085	43,354	53,745
FY 2020	0	0	21,395
FY 2021	0	0	3,205
FY 2022	-10,699	-10,699	500
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total Construction (04-D-125-05)	189,090ª	189,090	189,090
Prior Years - FY 2018	189,315	188,046	141,856
FY 2019	42,085	43,354	53,745
FY 2020	0	0	21,395
FY 2021	0	0	3,205
FY 2022	-10,699	-10,699	500
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total TEC (04-D-125-05)	220,701	220,701	220,701
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
(OPC except D&D)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	37,292	35,505	24,678
FY 2019	18,656	12,961	15,830
FY 2020	0	7,482	15,440
FY 2021	457	457	457
FY 2022	500	500	500
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total OPC except D&D (04-D-125-05)	56,905	56,905	56,905
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	226,607	223,551	166,534
FY 2019	60,741	56,315	69 <i>,</i> 575
FY 2020	0	7,482	36,835
FY 2021	457	457	3,662
FY 2022	-10,199	-10,199	1,000

# PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 1 (PEI1) Subproject (04-D-125-05)

^a The sub-project was completed in FY 2021. Consistent with DOE O 413.3B, TPC savings from CMRR subprojects are being used for execution of other CMRR subprojects.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total TPC (04-D-125-05)	277,606	277,606	<b>277,606</b> ª

# PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 2 (PEI2) Subproject (04-D-125-06)

(dollars in thousands)

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Design (04-D-125-06)	··· · /		
Prior Years - FY 2018	16,915	16,915	14,991
FY 2019	13,187	13,187	1,595
FY 2020	84,788	84,788	825
FY 2021	9,921	9,921	19,132
FY 2022	0	0	38,146
FY 2023	4,329	4,329	54,451
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total Design (04-D-125-06)	129,140	129,140	129,140
Construction (04-D-125-06)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	21,748	21,748	21,241
FY 2019	0	0	-1,611
FY 2020	43,508	43,508	0
FY 2021	85,384	85,384	3,875
FY 2022	110,799	110,799	46,652
FY 2023	95,671	95,671	58,687
FY 2024	80,163	80,163	114,680
FY 2025	0	0	108,067
FY 2026	0	0	73,718
FY 2027	0	0	11,964
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
Total Construction (04-D-125-06)	437,273	437,273	437,273
TEC (04-D-125-06)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	38,663	38,663	36,232
FY 2019	13,187	13,187	-16
FY 2020	128,296	128,296	825
FY 2021	95,305	95,305	23,007
FY 2022	110,799	110,799	84,798
FY 2023	100,000	100,000	113,138
FY 2024	80,163	80,163	114,680
FY 2025	0	0	108,067

^a The CD-4 approved TPC value is \$284,000,000. The project is currently in financial closeout and the final value will be updated once this is completed. The current costs to date are \$277,606,000.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
FY 2026	0	0	73,718
FY 2027	0	0	11,964
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
Total TEC (04-D-125-06)	566,413	566,413	566,413
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
(OPC non capital)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	296	296	296
FY 2019	6,142	6,142	1,480
FY 2020	0	0	503
FY 2021	0	0	650
FY 2022	0	0	3,509
FY 2023	0	0	0
Total OPC non capital (04-D-125-06)	6,438	6,438	6,438
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
(OPC except D&D)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	
FY 2021	14,793	14,793	32
FY 2022	15,650	15,650	0
FY 2023	0		0
FY 2024	0	0	1,680
FY 2025	58,020	58,020	420
FY 2026	0	0	3,045
FY 2027	0	0	42,618
FY 2028	0	0	25,000
FY 2029	0	0	15,668
Total OPC except D&D (04-D-125-06)	88,463	88,463	88,463
Other Project Cost (OPC) D&D Prior Years - FY 2018	0	0	0
	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	24,000	24,000	0
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
FY 2028	0	0	20,000
FY 2029	0	0	4,000
Total OPC D&D (04-D-125-06)	24,000	24,000	24,000

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Total Other Project Cost (OPC)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	e singutions	
Prior Years - FY 2018	296	296	296
FY 2019	6,142	6,142	1,480
FY 2020	0	0	503
FY 2021	14,793	14,793	682
FY 2022	15,650	15,650	3,509
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	24,000	24,000	1,680
FY 2025	58,020	58,020	420
FY 2026	0	0	3,045
FY 2027	0	0	42,618
FY 2028	0	0	45,000
FY 2029	0	0	19,668
Total OPC (04-D-125-06)	118,901	118,901	118,901
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	38,959	38,959	36,528
FY 2019	19,329	19,329	1,464
FY 2020	128,296	128,296	1,328
FY 2021	110,098	110,098	23,689
FY 2022	126,449	126,449	88,307
FY 2023	100,000	100,000	113,138
FY 2024	104,163	104,163	116,360
FY 2025	58,020	58,020	108,487
FY 2026	0	0	76,763
FY 2027	0	0	54,582
FY 2028	0	0	45,000
FY 2029	0	0	19,668
Total TPC (04-D-125-06)	685,314	685,314	685,314

# RLUOB Hazard Category 3 (RC3) (04-D-125-07)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Design (04-D-125-07)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	4,773	4,773	0
FY 2021	15,748	15,748	5,285
FY 2022	26,636	26,636	16,902
FY 2023	30,430	30,430	55,400
FY 2024	37,061	37,061	37,061
FY 2025	0	0	
Total Design (04-D-125-07)	114,648	114,648	114,648
Construction (04-D-125-07)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	25,092	25,092	0
FY 2023	31,582	31,582	18,546
FY 2024	107,693	107,693	73,701
FY 2025	89,847	89,847	96,547
FY 2026	0	0	49,331
FY 2027	0	0	16,089
Total Construction (04-D-125-07)	254,214	254,214	254,214
TEC (04-D-125-07)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	4,773	4,773	0
FY 2021	15,748	15,748	5,285
FY 2022	51,728	51,728	16,902
FY 2023	62,012	62,012	73,946
FY 2024	144,754	144,754	110,762
FY 2025	89,847	89,847	96,547
FY 2026	0	0	49,331
FY 2027	0	0	16,089
Total TEC (04-D-125-07)	368,862	368,862	368,862

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Other Project Cost (OPC)		Obligations	COSC
(OPC non capital)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	162	162	162
FY 2019	6,035	6,035	838
FY 2020	4,787	2,510	4,126
FY 2021	0	2,277	5,858
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total OPC non capital (04-D-125-07)	10,984	10,984	10,984
(OPC except D&D)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	1,000	1,000	324
FY 2019	11,000	11,000	542
FY 2020	0	0	415
FY 2021	39,084	39,084	12,301
FY 2022	12,554	12,554	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
FY 2025	20,000	20,000	0
FY 2026	0	0	29,328
FY 2027	0	0	20,728
FY 2028	0	0	20,000
Total OPC except D&D (04-D-125-07)	83,638	83,638	83,638
Total Other Project Cost (OPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	1,162	1,162	486
FY 2019	17,035	17,035	1,380
FY 2020	4,787	2,510	4,541
FY 2021	39,084	41,361	18,159
FY 2022	12,554	12,554	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
FY 2025	20,000	20,000	0
FY 2026	0	0	29,328
FY 2027	0	0	20,728
FY 2028	0	0	20,000
Total OPC (04-D-125-07)	94,622	94,622	94,622

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	1,162	1,162	486
FY 2019	17,035	17,035	1,380
FY 2020	9,560	7,283	4,541
FY 2021	54,832	57,109	23,444
FY 2022	64,282	64,282	16,902
FY 2023	62,012	62,012	73,946
FY 2024	144,754	144,754	110,762
FY 2025	109,847	109,847	96,547
FY 2026	0	0	78,659
FY 2027	0	0	36,817
FY 2028	0	0	20,000
Total TPC (04-D-125-07)	463,484	463,484	463,484

# Total Project

Total Project			
- (	dollars in thousands)		
	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Design (03-D-103-010)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	63,573	63,573	63,573
Total Design (03-D-103-010)	63,573	63,573	63,573
Design (04-D-125)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	477,634	477,634	475,710
FY 2019	13,520	13,520	1,928
FY 2020	89,561	89,561	825
FY 2021	25,669	25,669	24,417
FY 2022	26,636	26,636	55,048
FY 2023	34,759	34,759	109,851
FY 2024	37,061	37,061	37,061
FY 2025	0	0	0
Total Design (04-D-125)	704,840	704,840	704,840

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Construction			
Prior Years - FY 2018	757,824	715,948	656,506
FY 2019	141,014	121,933	128,329
FY 2020	67,255	128,196	70,241
FY 2021	89,424	89,440	19,249
FY 2022	84,334	84,334	49,152
FY 2023	127,253	127,253	77,233
FY 2024	187,856	187,856	188,381
FY 2025	89,847	89,847	204,614
FY 2026	0	0	123,049
FY 2027	0	0	28,053
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
Total Construction (04-D-125)	1,544,807	1,544,807	1,544,807
TEC			
Prior Years - FY 2018	1,299,031	1,257,155	1,195,789
FY 2019	154,534	135,453	130,257
FY 2020	156,816	217,757	71,066
FY 2021	115,093	115,109	43,666
FY 2022	110,970	110,970	104,200
FY 2023	162,012	162,012	187,084
FY 2024	224,917	224,917	225,442
FY 2025	89,847	89,847	204,614
FY 2026	0	0	123,049
FY 2027	0	0	28,053
FY 2028	0	0	0
FY 2029	0	0	0
Total TEC (04-D-125)	2,313,220	2,313,220	2,313,220
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
(OPC non capital)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	89,179	89,179	89,179
FY 2019	12,177	12,177	2,318
FY 2020	4,787	2,510	4,629
FY 2021	0	2,277	6,508
FY 2022	0	0	3,509
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total OPC non capital	106,143	106,143	106,143

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Budget		
	Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
Other Project Cost (OPC)	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
(OPC except D&D)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	87,754	82,168	48,419
FY 2019	76,308	63,961	29,439
FY 2020	11,628	29,561	45,806
FY 2021	54,334	54,334	47,546
FY 2022	27,153	27,153	5,500
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	1,680
FY 2025	78,020	78,020	420
FY 2026	0	0	32,373
FY 2027	0	0	63,346
FY 2028	0	0	45,000
FY 2029	0	0	15,668
Total OPC except D&D (04-D-125)	335,197	335,197	335,197
Other Project Cost (OPC) D&D			
OPC D&D			
Prior Years - FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	24,000	24,000	0
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
FY 2028	0	0	20,000
FY 2029	0	0	4,000
Total OPC D&D (04-D-125)	24,000	24,000	24,000

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Cost
OPC Total			
Prior Years - FY 2018	176,933	171,347	137,598
FY 2019	88,485	76,138	31,757
FY 2020	16,415	32,071	50,435
FY 2021	54,334	56,611	54,054
FY 2022	27,153	27,153	9,009
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	24,000	24,000	1,680
FY 2025	78,020	78,020	420
FY 2026	0	0	32,373
FY 2027	0	0	63,346
FY 2028	0	0	65,000
FY 2029	0	0	19,668
Total OPC (04-D-125)	465,340	465,340	465,340
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
Prior Years - FY 2018	1,475,964	1,428,502	1,333,387
FY 2019	243,019	211,591	162,014
FY 2020	173,231	249,828	121,501
FY 2021	169,427	171,720	97,720
FY 2022	138,123	138,123	113,209
FY 2023	162,012	162,012	187,084
FY 2024	248,917	248,917	227,122
FY 2025	167,867	167,867	205,034
FY 2026	0	0	155,422
FY 2027	0	0	91,399
FY 2028	0	0	65,000
FY 2029	0	0	19,668
Total TPC	2,778,560	2,778,560	2,778,560

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

# Prior Subprojects (RLUOB/REI/Nuclear Facility) 03-D-103-010 & 04-D-125-01, -02, -03)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Buuget Autionity in	Current	Previous	Original
	Total	Total	Validated
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			N/A
Design			N/A
Contingency			N/A
Total, Design	450,502	450,502	N/A
Construction			N/A
Site Work			N/A
Equipment			N/A
Construction			N/A
Contingency			N/A
Total, Construction	296,083	296,083	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	746,585	746,585	N/A
Contingency, TEC			
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D			N/A
Conceptual Planning			N/A
Conceptual Design			N/A
Other OPC Costs			N/A
Contingency			N/A
Total, OPC	88,721	88,721	N/A
Contingency, OPC			
Total Project Cost	835,306	835,306	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)			N/A

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design			N/A
Contingency			N/A
Total, Design	42,512	42,179	44,816
Construction			
Site Work	4,463	5,461	5,461
Equipment	42,750	52,089	52,089
Construction	320,934	271,128	305,023
Contingency	0	80,651	80,651
Total, Construction	368,147	409,329	443,224
Total Estimated Cost	410,659	451,517	488,040
Contingency, TEC	0	80,651	80,651
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D			
Conceptual Planning	2,595	1,883	1,883
Conceptual Design	3,670	2,663	2,663
Other OPC Costs	99,926	81,070	81,070
Contingency	0	25,474	59,594
Total, OPC	106,191	111,090	145,210
Contingency, OPC	0	25,474	59,594
Total Project Cost	516,850°	562,607	633,250
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	0	106,125	140,245

## REI Phase 2 (REI2) Subproject (04-D-125-04)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

^a REI2 achieved CD-4, with an approved TPC of \$509,300,000. The subproject is currently in final costs closeout and this number will be updated to reflect the final TPC value after closeout is completed. The tables reflect the current cost to date of \$516,850.

PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 1 (	PEI1) Subproject (04-D-125-05)
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(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Design			N/A	
Contingency			N/A	
Total, Design	31,611	31,611	34,308	
Construction				
Site Work	30,054	30,054	43,054	
Equipment	11,842	11,842	11,842	
Construction	147,194	157,893	137,892	
Contingency			65,204	
Total, Construction	189,090	199,789	257,992	
Total Estimated Cost	220,701	231,400	292,300	
Contingency, TEC	0	0	65,204	
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC except D&D				
R&D	0	0	0	
Conceptual Planning	2,189	2,189	2,189	
Conceptual Design	0	0	0	
Other OPC Costs	54,716	50,411	63,686	
Contingency	0	0	35,825	
Total, OPC	56,905	52,600	101,700	
Contingency, OPC	0	0	35,825	
Total Project Cost	277,606ª	284,000	394,000	
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	0	0	101,029	

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

 ^a The CD-4 TPC value was approved at \$284,000,000. The project is currently in financial closeout and final TPC will be updated to reflect the final TPC when this process is complete. The tables reflect the current cost to date of \$277,606,000.
 Weapons Activities/Production Modernization
 Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL
 FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

# PF-4 Equipment Installation Phase 2 (PEI2) Subproject (04-D-125-06)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	Estimate	Estimate	Daseline
Design			
Design	70 501	46,657	N/A
-	79,501		
Contingency	49,639	78,154	N/A
Total, Design	129,140	124,811	N/A
Construction Site Work	700	0	N/A
Long Lead	118,000	0	N/A
Equipment			
Construction	307,373	413,851	N/A
Contingency	35,200	0	N/A
Total, Construction	461,273	413,851	N/A
Other TEC (if any)			
Cold Startup	0	0	N/A
Contingency	0	0	N/A
Total, Other TEC	0	0	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	590,413	538,662	N/A
Contingency, TEC	84,839	78,154	
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC D&D			
OPC D&D	35,280	54,000	N/A
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Planning	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Design	0	0	N/A
Other OPC Costs	98,630	146,098	N/A N/A
Contingency	19,726	10,435	N/A
Total, OPC	153,636	210,533	N/A
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(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Contingency, OPC	19,726	10,435	N/A
Total Project Cost	744,049	749,195	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)ª	104,565	88,589	N/A

## RLUOB Hazard Category 3 (RC3) (04-D-125-07)

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Total Total		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Design	69,499	44,000	N/A	
Contingency	45,149	20,170	N/A	
Total, Design	114,648	64,170	N/A	
Construction				
Site Work	900	0	N/A	
Equipment/Construction	245,467	226,475	N/A	
Other, as needed	0	0	N/A	
Contingency	27,847	46,751	N/A	
Total, Construction	274,214	273,226	N/A	
Other TEC (if any)			N/A	
Cold Startup	0	0	N/A	
Contingency	0	0	N/A	
Total, Other TEC	0	0	N/A	
Total Estimated Cost	388,862	337,396	N/A	
Contingency, TEC	72,996	66,921		
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC except D&D				
R&D	0	0	N/A	
Conceptual Planning	0	0	N/A	
Conceptual Design	0	0	N/A	
Other OPC Costs	82,452	68,859	N/A	
Contingency	41,105	48,867	N/A	

^a The high end of the current cost range the subproject was increased to reflect the completion of PEI1and REI2 subprojects and application of the underruns to the existing scope. The underruns are being used/made available to address existing scope as performance baselines are established. Until a performance baseline for all scope elements of the project is achieved, the project will maintain the top end of the range established at CD-1.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization

Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total, OPC	123,557	117,726	N/A
Contingency, OPC	41,105	48,867	N/A
Total Project Cost	512,419	455,122	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC) ^a	114,101	115,788	N/A

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#### **Total Project**

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Design			N/A	
Contingency			N/A	
Total, Design	768,413	713,273	N/A	
Construction			N/A	
Site Work			N/A	
Equipment			N/A	
Contingency			N/A	
Total, Construction	1,588,807	1,580,202	N/A	
Other TEC (if any)			N/A	
Cold Startup			N/A	
Contingency			N/A	
Total, Other TEC			N/A	
Total Estimated Cost	2,357,220	2,293,475	N/A	
Contingency, TEC	157,783	115,870	N/A	
Other Project Cost (OPC)			N/A	
OPC D&D			N/A	
OPC D&D	35,280	54,000	N/A	
OPC except D&D	493,730	532,120	N/A	
Total, OPC	529,010	586,120	N/A	
Contingency, OPC	60,831	41,299	N/A	

^a The high end of the current cost range the subproject was increased to reflect the completion of PEI1and REI2 subprojects and application of the underruns to the existing scope. The underruns are being used/made available to address existing scope as performance baselines are established. Until a performance baseline for all scope elements of the project is achieved, the project will maintain the top end of the range established at CD-1.

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Project Cost	2,886,230	2,886,230	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	218,614	157,169	N/A

(Dollars in Thousands)

## 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

#### **Prior Years** FY2021 FY2022 FY2023 FY 2024 FY 2025 FY2026 FY2027 FY2028 Request Total Туре Year N/A TEC N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A OPC N/A FY 2018 TPC 1,955,230 274,000 289,000 0 0 0 0 0 359,000 2,877,230 TEC N/A OPC N/A FY 2019 TPC 1,954,230 274,006 285,000 363,994 0 0 0 0 0 2,877,230 TEC N/A FY 2020 OPC N/A TPC 1,851,936 39,817 1,891,753 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 TEC N/A OPC N/A FY 2021 TPC 275,841 198,477 1,870,503 169,427 238,123 113,655 11,204 2,877,230 0 0 TEC N/A OPC N/A FY 2022 TPC 1,889,937 169,427 138,123 0 688,743 2,886,230 0 0 0 0 TEC N/A OPC N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A FY 2023 **TPC**^a 1,892,214 169,427 138,123 162,012 248,917 167,867 0 0 0 2,778,560

## 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy ^b	3Q FY 2022
Expected Useful Life	50 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset	3QFY2072

#### **Related Funding Requirements**

## (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annua		Life Cycle Costs	
	Previous Total Current Total Estimate Estimate		Previous Total Current Total Estimate Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	25	25	1,250	1,250

Weapons Activities/Production Modernization Construction/04-D-125, CMRR Project, LANL

^a Funding is appropriated as TEC and converted to OPCs as necessary.

^b Start date tied to anticipated programmatic operation of RLUOB as a hazard category 3 facility. Individual portions of CMRR project will have different completion dates and life spans.

# 7. D&D Information

The scope parameters established at CD-1 provided necessary Site Infrastructure Improvements (office facilities, physical security, warehouse, material staging and laydown area, access control and change rooms, etc.) to support AC/MC mission relocation, and to enable increased construction capacity, risk mitigation, and project efficiency. These activities will include an increase in site square footage and the D&D of equipment within existing facilities. The D&D of existing facilities is not funded on this project.

CMR D&D is not part of the CMRR project scope. Some removal of contaminated equipment in PF-4 for space reuse will occur using project funds.

Gross Square Footage Created/Eliminated	RLUOB/ REI1 Square Feet	REI2/PEI1 Square Feet	RC3/PEI2 Square Feet
New area constructed previously by this project at Los Alamos National Laboratory	225,757	50,000	127,500
Area of D&D in this project at Los Alamos National Laboratory	0	0	0
Area at Los Alamos National Laboratory to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	225,757	50,000	127,500
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0	0	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	0	0	0
Total area eliminated	0	0	0

# 8. Acquisition Approach

The CMRR Acquisition Strategy is based on procurement strategies specific for each subproject of the CMRR project in order to mitigate overall technical and schedule risk. The RLUOB subproject was executed via LANL-issued design-build subcontract based on performance specifications developed during CMRR Conceptual Design. The REI subproject was executed via LANL-issued final design-bid build construction contracts. The REI2 subproject is being executed via LANL-issued final design, and the construction was self-performed in the PF-4. The PEI2 subproject will be executed via LANL-issued design subcontracts, and construction will be self-performed in the PF-4. Construction work external to PF-4 will be executed through construction subcontracts. The RC3 subproject will be executed through design/build subcontracts. The performance baselines for each baselined subproject have been/will be established upon completion of 90% design maturity to allow development of credible cost estimates in accordance with DOE O 413.3B and NNSA policy.

# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# Overview

The Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering (SRT&E) program provides the knowledge and expertise needed to maintain confidence in the nuclear stockpile without additional nuclear explosive testing.

# The subprograms are:

- 1. Assessment Science
- 2. Engineering and Integrated Assessments
- 3. Inertial Confinement Fusion
- 4. Advanced Simulation and Computing
- 5. Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation
- 6. Academic Programs

The Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering program:

- 1. Provides the scientific foundation for science-based stockpile decisions; the capabilities, tools, and components to enable assessment and certification; and balances the most pressing investments needed to meet Department of Defense (DoD) warhead requirements and schedules with the critical long-term research and development needed for a robust and responsive future stockpile.
- 2. Pursues Critical Decision-4 in Fiscal Year (FY) 2027 for the Advanced Sources and Detectors Major Item of Equipment for the Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) program. This is to meet the W80-4 design validation experiment as well as W87-1 program requirements for system certification with a subcritical experiment.
- 3. Delivers the Advanced Simulation and Computing (ASC) Commodity Technology System-2 (CTS-2) platforms and Crossroads Phase 1 high performance computing (HPC) system for annual assessment, modernization programs, and safety and surety assessments in FY 2022; and finalizes deployment of improved ASC software environment and computing infrastructure in FY 2022 as preparation for the El Capitan system delivery in FY 2023.
- 4. Delivers modern technologies to enhance secure manufacturing capabilities and provide timely support of the stockpile, such as increasing Technology (TRL) and Manufacturing Readiness Levels (MRL) with reduced systems costs.
- 5. Develops the next generation of highly-trained technical workers to support the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) core mission and strong academic partnerships with technical peers capable of providing peer review and scientific competition.

# Line-Item Construction and Major Items of Equipment

SRT&E line-item construction projects and line-item purchases are critical to revitalizing the SRT&E and program-specific capabilities that directly support the nuclear weapons programs. The FY 2023 President's Budget for the U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP) is \$53,130,000. UCEP will perform mining and provide the supporting structures, systems, and components necessary to deploy large Major Items of Equipment (MIE) diagnostic systems and experiments. The enhancements to the U1a Complex included in this line item will provide the drifts and the supporting structures, systems, and components necessary for the deployment of the MIEs to diagnose the subcritical hydrodynamic integral weapons experiments using plutonium. The FY 2023 President's Budget for the Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD) Major Item of Equipment (MIE) is \$247,065,000. The ASD MIE installs a linear induction accelerator into the U1a Complex. The ASD MIE will provide the capability to conduct weapons-scale, radiographically diagnosed subcritical experiments using special nuclear material.

50 U.S. Code 2746 requires that if the estimated cost of completing conceptual design for a construction project exceeds \$5,000,000, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a request for funds for the conceptual design before submitting a request for funds for the construction project. NNSA anticipates that the estimated cost to complete the conceptual design for the Combined Radiation Effects for Survivability Testing (CREST) at SNL will exceed the \$5,000,000 threshold. The rough order of magnitude cost estimate to complete the conceptual design is between \$60,000,000 and \$140,000,000. Conceptual design for the CREST project is funded in the Weapons Survivability program.

# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Funding (Comparable)

Dynamic Materials Properties         130,981         130,981         124,366         -6,615         5-513           Advanced Diagnostics         35,989         35,989         31,064         -4,925         -13.77           Secondary Assessment Technologies         84,000         72,104         -11,896         -14.22           Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments         215,579         217,579         277,225         +61,646         +28.66           Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.83           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         160,600         53,130         -107,470         -6.69           O         0         5,760         43,950         -1,810         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.83           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         -4,254         -4,25           Advanced Carphulifoation and Qualification         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4,22           Total, Advanced Cartification and Computing		(Dollars in Thousands)				
Enacted         CR         Request         FY 2021 Enacted (\$)         FY 2021 Enacted (\$)           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         Assessment Science         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	]		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Assessment Science         10,000         150,000         150,000         154,507         +4,507         +3.00           Primary Assessment Technologies         130,981         130,981         124,366         -6,615         -5.11           Advanced Diagnostics         35,989         31,064         -4,925         -13.7           Secondary Assessment Technologies         84,000         84,000         72,104         -11,896         -14.22           Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiment Execution         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.83           Support         152,845         152,845         152,845         -14,810         -4.00           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.13           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -1,810         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33.803         +56.83           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -4,150         -4.25           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649		FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs
Assessment Science		Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Primary Assessment Technologies         150,000         150,000         154,507         +4,507         +3.03           Dynamic Materials Properties         130,981         130,981         124,366         -6,615         -5.13           Advanced Diagnostics         35,589         31,064         -4,925         -13.7           Secondary Assessment Technologies         84,000         84,000         72,104         -11.896         -14.22           Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiment Execution         215,579         215,579         277,225         +61,646         +28.66           Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.83           Support         150,600         153,130         -107,470         -66.99         -6.99         -6.99         -75,196         -8.13           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,300         93,303         +53,803         +56.89           Studies and Assessments         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4.12           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         58,	Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering			·		
Dynamic Materials Properties         130.981         130.981         124,366         -6.615         -5.13           Advanced Diagnostics         35,989         35,989         31,064         -4,925         -13.77           Secondary Assessment Technologies         84,000         72,104         -11,896         -14.22           Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments         215,579         217,579         277,225         +61,646         +28.66           Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.89           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         62,760         43,950         -1,810         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.89           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -1,251         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,502         59,582         -2,578         -4.19           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.22     <	Assessment Science					
Advanced Diagnostics         35,989         35,989         31,064         -4,925         -13,75           Secondary Assessment Technologies         84,000         84,000         72,104         -11,886         -14,25           Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments         215,579         215,579         277,225         +61,646         +288.66           Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution         52,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.83           Support         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,7470         -66.95           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.06           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.83           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         -4.25         -4.25           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.25           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.55           18	Primary Assessment Technologies	150,000	150,000	154,507	+4,507	+3.0%
Secondary Assessment Technologies         84,000         72,104         -11,896         -14.25           Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments         215,579         277,225         +61,646         +28.63           Support         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.83           17-D-640, Ula Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS         160,600         160,600         -107,470         -66.93           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         45,760         45,760         43,950         -1,810         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.83           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +1,258         -4.25           Adging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4.22           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,554         -4.22           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         336,455         +29,051         +8.69           Incrial Confinement Fusion         <	<i>, , , , , , , , , ,</i>	130,981	130,981	124,366		-5.1%
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments         215,579         215,579         217,225         +61,646         +28.65           Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.89           Support         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.89           17-D-640, UIa Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS         160,600         53,130         -107,470         -66.99           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         925,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.00           Weapono Survivability         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.85         51.00         -4.01           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,260         59,682         -2,578         -4.13           Advanced Simulation and Computing         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.86           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -5.43           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.55	-		35,989	,		-13.7%
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution       152,845       152,845       142,402       -10,443       -6.83         Support       152,845       152,845       142,402       -10,443       -6.69         Total, Assessmment Science       929,994       929,994       856,798       -75,196       -8.19         Engineering and Integrated Assessments       45,760       43,950       -1,810       -4.00         Delivery Environments       39,235       39,235       37,674       -1,561       -4.00         Weapons Survivability       59,500       59,500       93,303       +33,803       +56.85         Studies and Assessments       0       0       5,000       +5,000       -4.13         Advanced Certification and Qualification       60,649       62,260       59,682       -2,578       -4.13         Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       326,455       +29,051       +8.66         Inertial Confinement Fusion       575,000       575,000       544,095       -30,905       -5.49         Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.55         18-0-620, Exasciae Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       0       -29,200		84,000	84,000	72,104		-14.2%
Support         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443         -6.83           17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS         160,600         160,600         53,130         -107,470         -66.93           Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         854,798         -75,196         -8.19           Archiving and Support         45,760         43,950         -1,810         -4.05           Delivery Environments         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.05           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,303         +33,803         +56.88           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -4.05           Aging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4.13           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.22           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +8.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         574,095         -30,905         5.43           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646	Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	215,579	215,579	277,225	+61,646	+28.6%
Support         152,845         152,845         142,402         -10,443           17-D-640,U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS         160,600         153,130         -107,470         -66.99           Total, Assessmment Science         929,994         929,994         858,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments	Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution					C 8%
Total, Assessment Science         929,994         929,994         954,798         -75,196         -8.19           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         45,760         43,950         -1,810         -4.00           Delivery Environments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.83           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -4,00           Aging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4,19           Stockpile Responsiveness         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.88           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.29           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +8.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,095         -5.49           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.55           18-D-620	Support	152,845	152,845	142,402	-10,443	-0.8%
Engineering and Integrated Assessments         45,760         45,760         43,950         -1,810         -4,00           Delivery Environments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4,00           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         59,303         +33,803         +56.85           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000           Aging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4,15           Stockpile Responsiveness         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.88           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.29           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         336,455         +29,051         +8.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -5.49           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.55           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         0         -29,200         -0.09           Project, LLNL         29,200<	17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	160,600	160,600	53,130	-107,470	-66.9%
Archiving and Support       45,760       43,950       -1,810       -4.09         Delivery Environments       39,235       39,235       37,674       -1,561       -4.09         Weapons Survivability       59,500       59,500       93,303       +33,803       +56.89         Studies and Assessments       0       0       5,000       +5,000       -4.19         Aging and Lifetimes       62,260       62,260       59,682       -2,578       -4.19         Stockpile Responsiveness       70,000       70,000       68,742       -1,258       -1.88         Advanced Certification and Qualification       60,649       60,649       58,104       -2,545       -4.29         Inertial Confinement Fusion       575,000       575,000       544,095       -30,905       -5.49         Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.59         18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Project, LLNL       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Veapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       31,692       131,692       131,338       +1,430       +1.59	Total, Assessmment Science	929,994	929,994	854,798	-75,196	-8.1%
Delivery Environments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.05           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.85           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -4,19           Aging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4,19           Stockpile Responsiveness         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.83           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.29           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +86.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -54.99           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.59           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing         761,214         761,214         742,646         -18,568         -2.49	Engineering and Integrated Assessments					
Delivery Environments         39,235         39,235         37,674         -1,561         -4.05           Weapons Survivability         59,500         59,500         93,303         +33,803         +56.85           Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000         -4,19           Aging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4,19           Stockpile Responsiveness         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.83           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.29           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +86.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -54.99           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.59           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing         761,214         761,214         742,646         -18,568         -2.49	Archiving and Support	45,760	45,760	43,950	-1,810	-4.0%
Weapons Survivability       59,500       59,500       93,303       +33,803       +56.89         Studies and Assessments       0       0       5,000       +5,000         Aging and Lifetimes       62,260       62,260       59,682       -2,578       -4,19         Stockpile Responsiveness       70,000       68,742       -1,258       -1.88         Advanced Certification and Qualification       60,649       60,649       58,104       -2,545       -4.29         Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments       337,404       337,404       366,455       +29,051       +8.69         Inertial Confinement Fusion       575,000       575,000       544,095       -30,905       -5.49         Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.59         18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Surety Technologies       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.33	Delivery Environments				-1,561	-4.0%
Studies and Assessments         0         0         5,000         +5,000           Aging and Lifetimes         62,260         62,260         59,682         -2,578         -4.19           Stockpile Responsiveness         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.89           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.29           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +8.66           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -5.49           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.59           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing         761,214         761,214         742,646         -18,568         -2.49           Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Surety Technologies         54,365         54,365         51,497         -2,868         -2.49 <tr< td=""><td>Weapons Survivability</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>+33,803</td><td>+56.8%</td></tr<>	Weapons Survivability				+33,803	+56.8%
Stockpile Responsiveness         70,000         70,000         68,742         -1,258         -1.89           Advanced Certification and Qualification         60,649         60,649         58,104         -2,545         -4.29           Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +8.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -5.49           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.59           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing         761,214         761,214         742,646         -18,568         -2.49           Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Surety Technologies         54,365         54,365         51,497         -2,868         -5.39           Weapon Technology Development         131,692         121,330         -10,362         -7.99           Advanced Manufacturing Development         111,908         113,338         +1,430         +1.33 <t< td=""><td>Studies and Assessments</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>5,000</td><td>+5,000</td><td>0</td></t<>	Studies and Assessments	0		5,000	+5,000	0
Advanced Certification and Qualification       60,649       60,649       58,104       -2,545       -4.29         Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments       337,404       337,404       366,455       +29,051       +8.69         Inertial Confinement Fusion       575,000       575,000       544,095       -30,905       -5.49         Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.59         18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Project, LLNL       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       Surety Technologies       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academi	Aging and Lifetimes	62,260	62,260	59,682	-2,578	-4.1%
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments         337,404         337,404         337,404         366,455         +29,051         +8.69           Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -5.49           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.59           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing         761,214         761,214         742,646         -18,568         -2.49           Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         Surety Technologies         54,365         51,497         -2,868         -5.39           Weapon Technology Development         131,692         131,692         121,330         -10,362         -7.99           Advanced Manufacturing Development         111,908         111,908         113,338         +1,430         +1.39           Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         297,965         297,965         286,165         -11,800         -4.09           Academic Programs         101,912         101,912         100,499         -1,413         -1.449	Stockpile Responsiveness	70,000	70,000	68,742	-1,258	-1.8%
Inertial Confinement Fusion         575,000         575,000         544,095         -30,905         -5.49           Advanced Simulation and Computing         732,014         732,014         742,646         +10,632         +1.59           18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization         29,200         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Project, LLNL         29,200         29,200         0         -29,200         -100.09           Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing         761,214         761,214         742,646         -18,568         -2.49           Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         543,655         54,365         51,497         -2,868         -5.39           Weapon Technology Development         131,692         131,692         121,330         -10,362         -7.99           Advanced Manufacturing Development         111,908         111,908         113,338         +1,430         +1.33           Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         297,965         297,965         286,165         -11,800         -4.09           Advanced Manufacturing Development         111,908         111,908         113,338         +1,430         +1.33           Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         297,965 </td <td>Advanced Certification and Qualification</td> <td>60,649</td> <td>60,649</td> <td>58,104</td> <td>-2,545</td> <td>-4.2%</td>	Advanced Certification and Qualification	60,649	60,649	58,104	-2,545	-4.2%
Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.59         Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.59         18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Project, LLNL       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.33         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.43	Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	337,404	337,404	366,455	+29,051	+8.6%
Advanced Simulation and Computing       732,014       732,014       742,646       +10,632       +1.59         18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Project, LLNL       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Advanced Manufacturing Development       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Inertial Confinement Fusion	575,000	575,000	544,095	-30,905	-5.4%
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Project, LLNL       29,200       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Advanced Simulation and Computing					
Project, LLNL       29,200       29,200       0       -29,200       -100.09         Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Advanced Simulation and Computing	732,014	732,014	742,646	+10,632	+1.5%
Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing       761,214       761,214       742,646       -18,568       -2.49         Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization					
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Surety Technologies       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Project, LLNL	29,200	29,200	0	-29,200	-100.0%
Surety Technologies       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing	761,214	761,214	742,646	-18,568	-2.4%
Surety Technologies       54,365       54,365       51,497       -2,868       -5.39         Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation					
Weapon Technology Development       131,692       131,692       121,330       -10,362       -7.99         Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49		54.365	54.365	51.497	-2,868	-5.3%
Advanced Manufacturing Development       111,908       111,908       113,338       +1,430       +1.39         Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       297,965       297,965       286,165       -11,800       -4.09         Academic Programs       101,912       101,912       100,499       -1,413       -1.49	Weapon Technology Development					-7.9%
Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         297,965         297,965         286,165         -11,800         -4.09           Academic Programs         101,912         101,912         100,499         -1,413         -1.49						+1.3%
	Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	297,965	297,965		-11,800	-4.0%
	Academic Programs	101.912	101.912	100.499	-1,413	-1.4%
	Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,003,489	3,003,489	2,894,658	-108,831	-3.6%

Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	
Stacknile Basearch Tachnology and Engineering					
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Assessment Science					
Primary Assessment Technologies	160,905	171,138	170,614	173,767	
Dynamic Materials Properties	128,777	131,482	134,243	137,062	
Advanced Diagnostics	35,200	36,500	33,210	33,907	
Secondary Assessment Technologies	75,006	76,581	78,273	79,917	
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritial Experiments	272,300	180,000	115,256	113,604	
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	146,410	148,443	148,245	151,358	
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	129,870	0	0	0	
Total, Assessment Science	948,468	744,144	679,841	689,615	
	540,400	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	075,041	005,015	
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	44.004	44.075		45 360	
Archiving and Support	44,881	44,875	44,819	45,769	
Delivery Environments	38,453	38,447	38,397	39,208	
Weapons Survivability	88,517	59,002	39,248	43,434	
Studies and Assessments	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,105	
Aging and Lifetimes	60,781	60,813	60,742	62,035	
Stockpile Responsiveness	70,000	70,000	70,000	71,470	
Advanced Certification and Qualification	59,234	59,229	59,160	60,417	
25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL	0	97,000	164,000	212,000	
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	366 <i>,</i> 866	434,366	481,366	539 <i>,</i> 438	
Inertial Confinement Fusion	549,701	549,701	549,701	561,245	
Advanced Simulation and Computing					
Advanced Simulation and Computing	753,794	753,795	753,795	769,415	
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL	0	0	0	0	
Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing	753,794	753 <i>,</i> 795	753,795	769,415	
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation					
Surety Technologies	50,446	51,619	51,619	52,703	
Weapon Technology Development	150,468	153,333	138,323	130,072	
Advanced Manufacturing Development	144,524	146,196	131,196	123,741	
Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	345,438	351,148	321,138	306,516	
Academic Programs	102,526	104,576	106,667	108,801	
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,066,793	2,937,730	2,892,508	2,975,030	

Weapons Activities/

Stockpile	Research,	Technology,	and Engineering
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# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Funding (Non-Comparable)

			(Doll	ars in Thousands)	
]		FY 2022	·	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
Assessment Science					
Primary Assessment Technologies	150,000	150,000	154,507	+4,507	+3.09
Dynamic Materials Properties	130,981	130,981	124,366	-6,615	-5.19
Advanced Diagnostics	35,989	35,989	31,064	-4,925	-13.79
Secondary Assessment Technologies	84,000	84,000	72,104	-11,896	-14.29
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	215,579	215,579	277,225	+61,646	+28.6%
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution	152,845	152,845	142,402	-10,443	-6.8%
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	0	0	53,130	+53,130	
Total, Assessmment Science	769,394	769,394	854,798	+85,404	+11.1%
Engineering and Integrated Assessments					
Archiving and Support	45,760	45,760	43,950	-1,810	-4.09
Delivery Environments	39,235	39,235	37,674	-1,561	-4.09
Weapons Survivability	59,500	59,500	93,303	+33,803	+56.89
Studies and Assessments	0	0	5,000	+5,000	
Aging and Lifetimes	62,260	62,260	59,682	-2,578	-4.19
Stockpile Responsiveness	70,000	70,000	68,742	-1,258	-1.89
Advanced Certification and Qualification	60,649	60,649	58,104	-2,545	-4.29
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	337,404	337,404	366,455	+29,051	+8.6%
Inertial Confinement Fusion	575,000	575,000	544,095	-30,905	-5.4%
Advanced Simulation and Computing					
Advanced Simulation and Computing	732,014	732,014	742,646	+10,632	+1.59
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization	0	0	0	0	
Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing	732,014	732,014	742,646	+10,632	+1.5%
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation					
Surety Technologies	54,365	54,365	51,497	-2,868	-5.39
Weapon Technology Development	131,692	131,692	121,330	-10,362	-7.9%
Advanced Manufacturing Development	111,908	111,908	113,338	+1,430	+1.39
Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	297,965	297,965	286,165	-11,800	-4.0%
Academic Programs	101,912	101,912	100,499	-1,413	-1.49
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	2,813,689	2,813,689	2,894,658	+80,969	+2.9%

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
Assessment Science					
Primary Assessment Technologies	160,905	171,138	170,614	173,767	
Dynamic Materials Properties	128,777	131,482	134,243	137,062	
Advanced Diagnostics	35,200	36,500	33,210	33,907	
Secondary Assessment Technologies	75,006	76,581	78,273	79,917	
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritial Experiments	272,300	180,000	115,256	113,604	
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	146,410	148,443	148,245	151,358	
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	129,870	0	0	0	
Total, Assessmment Science	948,468	744,144	679,841	689,615	
Engineering and Integrated Assessments					
Archiving and Support	44,881	44,875	44,819	45,769	
Delivery Environments	38,453	38,447	38,397	39,208	
Weapons Survivability	88,517	59,002	39,248	43,434	
Studies and Assessments	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,105	
Aging and Lifetimes	60,781	60,813	60,742	62,035	
Stockpile Responsiveness	70,000	70,000	70,000	71,470	
Advanced Certification and Qualification	59,234	59,229	59,160	60,417	
25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL	0	97,000	164,000	212,000	
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	366,866	434,366	481,366	539,438	
Inertial Confinement Fusion	549,701	549,701	549,701	561,245	
Advanced Simulation and Computing					
Advanced Simulation and Computing	753,794	753,795	753 <i>,</i> 795	769,415	
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL	0	0	0	0	
Total, Advanced Simulation and Computing	753,794	753,795	753,795	769,415	
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation					
Surety Technologies	50,446	51,619	51,619	52,703	
Weapon Technology Development	150,468	153 <i>,</i> 333	138,323	130,072	
Advanced Manufacturing Development	144,524	146,196	131,196	123,741	
Total, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	345,438	351,148	321,138	306,516	
Academic Programs	102,526	104,576	106,667	108,801	
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,066,793	2,937,730	2,892,508	2,975,030	
Weapons Activities/					
Stocknile Research Technology and Engineering		EV 2023 Cong	ressional Rudo	et lustificatic	

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Assessment Science: The decrease is driven by reduced funding needs for U1a Complex Enhancements which is partially offset by increases to support burn studies for boost science and analysis as well as ECSE procurements.	-75,196
<b>Engineering and Integrated Assessments:</b> The increase reflects \$23,500,000 in conceptual design costs in support of the planned line-item project Combined Radiation Environments for Survivability Testing (CREST) facility executed by the Weapon Survivability program. The increased funding for CREST is partially offset by shifting resources from all Engineering and Integrated Assessments programs to support higher priority NNSA efforts. The increase also includes restoration of funding for Studies and Assessments to support pre-Phase X/6.X studies and feasibility assessments of future nuclear weapon stockpile requirements.	+29,051
Inertial Confinement Fusion: The decrease prioritizes support for maturing experimental platforms to execute High Energy Density (HED) experiments critical to supporting stockpile needs, including the generation of intense sources of x-rays and neutrons for survivability studies and the development of high-fidelity approaches to experimentally characterize materials at high pressure.	-30,905
Advanced Simulation and Computing: The overall decrease is due to the planned conclusion of funding for the Exascale Computing Facility Modernization project.	-18,568
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation: The decrease reflects a transfer of quality assurance scope and funding from Weapon Technology Development to Stockpile Management/Production Operations, the transfer of direct cast scope and funding from Advanced Manufacturing Development to NA-19 Production Modernization, and the shift of resources from the three Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation programs to support higher priority NNSA efforts.	-11,800
Academic Programs: The decrease reflects the reprioritization in SSAA Centers' focus as well as the plan to continue support of existing awards until completion.	-1,413
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	-108,831

### Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Assessment Science

#### Overview

The Assessment Science program provides the knowledge and expertise needed to maintain confidence in the nuclear stockpile in the absence of nuclear explosive testing. Capabilities developed and maintained in the Assessment Science program support the entire Nuclear Weapons Complex providing: (1) the scientific underpinnings required to conduct annual assessments of weapon performance and certification of life extension programs (LEPs); (2) the scientific insight to inform our understanding of the impacts of surveillance findings to ensure that the nuclear stockpile remains safe, secure, and effective; and (3) the core technical expertise required to be responsive to technical developments and geopolitical drivers. Assessment Science also facilitates the assessment of current weapon and weapon component lifetimes, the development and qualification of modern materials and manufacturing processes, the exploration of concepts for component reuse, and the development of modern safety concepts for sustainment.

Assessment Science performs experiments to obtain the materials and nuclear data required to validate and understand the physics of nuclear weapons performance. These include hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments to obtain data on the dynamic behavior of plutonium and surrogate materials in integral geometries. Science program experiments and data analyses also facilitate safety, security, and evaluations of sustainment concepts without the need for additional nuclear explosive testing. These activities develop, exercise, and maintain the expertise and competence of the nuclear weapon design, engineering, and assessment community. This compendium of weapons-relevant data is acquired using unique, small- and large-scale experimental facilities throughout the Department of Energy (DOE) nuclear security enterprise.

Many of the signature efforts enabling science-based stockpile stewardship at NNSA reside in this program. For example:

- Dynamic high- and low-Z (Z pulsed power facility) material experiments
- Hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments [Dual Axis Radiographic Hydrodynamic Test (DARHT), Contained Firing Facility (CFF), U1a Complex, proton radiography (pRad) capability at Los Alamos Neutron Science Center (LANSCE)]
- Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (U1a Complex)
- HED experiments [National Ignition Facility (NIF), Z, Omega Laser Facility (Omega)]
- Hostile environment experiments (Z, NIF)

While the research, development, platform deployment, and experimental execution support associated with these efforts resides in Assessment Science, the operational funds for the facilities are included in other program budgets, such as Inertial Confinement Fusion (ICF) and Infrastructure and Operations.

The Assessment Science program has strong programmatic coupling with the ASC, ICF, Engineering and Integrated Assessments, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation, and Stockpile Management programs. These program linkages and several crucial cross-cutting, scientific milestones (or pegposts) are captured in the Stewardship Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS), a long-range communication, integration, and alignment tool that spans science-based stockpile stewardship activities within NNSA.

The Assessment Science program is made up of six subprograms:

- 1. **Primary Assessment Technologies** provides capabilities essential for annual assessment of stockpile primaries, improvement of the nuclear explosive test modeling suite in the common model framework, certification of future sustainment programs, improvements in primary safety and security, and resolution of Significant Finding Investigations (SFIs).
- 2. **Dynamic Materials Properties** develops and maintains the experimental capabilities needed to inform modern, physics-based models that describe and predict the behavior of weapon materials in extreme pressure, temperature, and strain rates to understand fundamental material behavior.
- 3. Advanced Diagnostics establishes revolutionary tools for delivering stockpile data by developing x-ray radiography and other diagnostics for future hydrodynamic, subcritical, and other experiments that subject materials to strong shocks and high strain rates.
- 4. **Secondary Assessment Technologies** provides capabilities that increase confidence in the assessment of stockpile secondaries. This is done by validating weapons physics models using experimental platforms, improving models,

### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

expanding the nuclear explosive test modeling suite in the common model framework, and supporting evaluation of new manufacturing processes, replacement materials, and aged materials in the stockpile.

- 5. Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments establishes a key test capability and closes a capability gap to evaluate the response of plutonium to aging, modern manufacturing techniques, modern materials, and evolving design philosophies. It also enables design certification of nuclear systems without the need for nuclear testing.
- 6. **Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Execution Support** provides the facilities and services required to maintain a robust testing capability that supplies critical data to weapon physicists and design engineers. These data allow assessments of potential impacts on weapon performance and safety due to design changes, material substitutions, or component changes associated with LEPs, alterations (Alts), or modifications (Mods).

### Assessment Science Primary Assessment Technologies

### Description

Primary Assessment Technologies (PAT) provides capabilities essential for the annual assessment of stockpile primaries, certification of future sustainment programs, improvements in primary safety and security, and resolution of SFIs. Primary assessment efforts are focused on improving stockpile stewardship science predictive ability by testing and revising the common framework models to quantify uncertainties. The main objective is to stress these predictions to better quantify performance and confidence in qualification. The predictive models will also include the impact caused by design variance issues, aging effects (time progression decay), and/or variability of manufacturing processes on primary performance. As part of the effort to characterize primary performance, subcritical experiments will incorporate these factors (variance in engineering design, aging effects, and variability in manufacturing processes) to better quantify isolated effects in focused experiments and coupled/correlated effects in integral experiments. The principal focus area of PAT is improving predictive capabilities for modeling boost and a specific task for PAT is preliminary examination of pit reuse options to meet requirements. PAT also provide science capabilities used for Intelligence Community assessments of foreign-state nuclear weapon activities that concomitantly provide critical weapon design skills, training, and experimental opportunities and challenges for designers and engineers.

Between 2023 and 2025, PAT will be the lead for the 2025 Advanced Understanding of Primary Performance pegpost that will lead to better quantification of performance metrics and their uncertainties. This will incorporate improved boost models, plutonium aging data, and the impact of manufacturing variances.

Activities include: (1) design and analysis of hydrodynamic experiments to include subcritical experiments (SCE); (2) experiments supporting burn studies for boost science; (3) Integrated performance and analysis focused on primary's design, construction, and function; (4) nuclear science measurements (e.g., fission cross-sections, fission yield, etc.); and (5) surface science experiments to assess corrosion phenomena.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Support the design, assembly, and analysis of multiple SCEs to understand plutonium aging, as well as impacts of modifications and changes in materials (in support of ALTs, MODs, LEPs).
- Support the development and use of platforms (Z, NIF, pRad) to enhance modeling and simulation efforts for the primary portion of the nuclear explosive package (NEP). These experiments are critical to validating our weapons physics models. The experimental validation enables increased confidence in weapon performance through reduced uncertainties.
- Support the re-establishment of plutonium experimentation capability at the Los Alamos Neutron Science Center (LANSCE) pRad, which provides critical dynamic performance data for materials and components (new alloys, new manufacturing and processing, and aging studies). Plutonium at proton Radiography (Pu at pRad) will allow cost-effective and quick turn-around experiments in support of integral experiments at Nevada National Security Site (NNSS).

### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Complete Stewardship Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS) Level 1 Advanced Understanding of Primary Performance.
- Perform an analysis of alternatives for the future of the Sandia Boost platform utilizing the knowledge gained from performing the first full containment experiment for Boost platform in FY 2025.
- Execute the first Pu experiment at pRad.
- Field the combined environment Majesty test series.
- Develop a multiprobe diagnostic approach to quantify ejecta mass.
- Prepare Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) by providing Sherman Pre-shot Physics Report.
- Evaluate Shallow Bubble Collapse (SBC) for several design types.
- Design proposal for a Flex shot (or series) studying SBC in integral geometries.
- Report on the measurement and evaluation of inelastic scattering for actinide and non-actinide isotopes in support of Survivability and ECSE.

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed first covariance analysis for a "2E" fission product yield measurement using previously collected fission [Time Projection Chamber (TPC)] data. A 2E measurement provided independent (pre-beta-decay) yields, but with low resolution (~5 mass units). Data was useful in fission product data evaluations and highlighted the utility of fission-TPC experiments beyond cross sections.
- Evaluated capability of models in hydrocodes to simulate interfacial mixing. Analyzed a data set from Z of interfacial mixing of shocks launched into a beryllium rod seeded with multi-mode perturbations. Hydrodynamic simulations agreed during single-shock stage but diverged from the data at the time of reshock and later in time, indicating the need for more accurate models of such mixing in convergent geometry in the codes.
- The Pu at pRad project completed the third series of high explosive tests on the inner plutonium confinement vessel (IPCV) design. The test series included 125% over-pressure experiments, both with and without fragment mitigation in the IPCV. The IPCV will next be qualified for the experimental physics package that is planned for the first Pu at pRad experimental campaign.
- Demonstrated the effect of plasma heterogeneity on bulk thermonuclear rates as part of the Marble High Energy Density (HED) campaign. Marble is a unique separated reactants mix campaign to understand the interplay between mix and thermonuclear burn. These data enable the validation of mix and burn models in LANL multi-physics simulation codes.
- Preliminary analysis of fission TPC U-235 & U-238 data for fission product yields (FPY) and Total Kinetic Energy (TKE) performed by university collaborators.
- Saturn Scythe-2 provided data for optimization and performance of the Asay foil diagnostic in support of the Nimble SCE.
- New capabilities have been developed in ion implantation to produce samples for aging studies.
- Implemented x-ray diffraction capability on Z, as part of continued collaboration on Montrose platform for targets, diagnostics, and modeling/simulation with successful initial proof-of-concept run. Obtained time-gated x-ray diffraction patterns in Chama chamber with novel Diffraction Scintillator Optic (DISCO) scheme. DISCO holds promise for eventual use to assess phase changes in Special Nuclear Material on Z. The Montrose platform examines the early stages of the primary materials to elucidate the primary yield in a modern designed weapon.

# Primary Assessment Technologies Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Primary Assessment Technologies \$150,000,000</li> <li>Designed and assembled experimental devices for the Nimble SCE series at U1a to advance our understanding of ejecta physics to inform material and manufacturing choices relevant to future LEPs.</li> <li>Conducted analysis on the complete Red Sage- Nightshade SCE series to validate new physics- based models of ejecta.</li> <li>Conducted experiments (2nd Flex shot, Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) - Sandia National Laboratories (SNL) collaboration) in support of boost science to improve the current understanding of primary performance via platforms for testing weapons design alterations.</li> <li>Pu at pRad: Began hardware fabrication for IPCV final design for Pu experiments; deploy new ejecta physics diagnostics; Field High Pressure Hydrodynamics (HiPHy) implosion experiments, all to run more cost-effective, focused hydro experiments on Pu, rather than as SCE.</li> <li>Improved models for boost metrics through application of Deep Machine Learning, advanced radiographic analysis methods, and modeling vaporization in codes, all to better model boost.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Primary Assessment Technologies \$154,507,000</li> <li>Conduct proof of concept Montrose experiment and prepare samples for future experiments.</li> <li>Conduct buildout of Durandal SCE device to include test hydro shots (establish confidence).</li> <li>Conduct plasma transport experiments on various materials.</li> <li>Evaluate and validate advanced ejecta physics models that include impact of defects, particle drag, and chemistry effects based on recent experimental results.</li> <li>Deliver Final Results from ChiNu for Major Actinides to be used by simulation and evaluation for annual assessments.</li> <li>Conduct preliminary Pu at pRad on small scale Pu samples with intent to ensure containment and diagnostic calibrations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Primary Assessment Technologies +\$4,507,000</li> <li>Increase in pace of subcritical experiments in preparation for ECSE, NDSE platforms coming on-line.</li> <li>Conducting experiments in support of design and production requirements for certification and validation for two LEPs.</li> </ul>

### Assessment Science Dynamic Materials Properties

### Description

The Dynamic Materials Properties (DMP) subprogram develops and maintains the experimental capabilities to inform modern, physics-based models. The models describe and predict the behavior of weapon materials in environments of extreme conditions of pressure, temperature, and strain rates to understand how fundamental material behavior (core DMP) impacts nuclear weapon performance. They do not fully evaluate weapons performance. The consideration of pit and secondary component reuse and replacement also requires studies of degradation of materials with age (to include aged plutonium samples) under dynamic conditions to understand potential performance changes. This subprogram provides the experimental data and assessment of Special Nuclear Material (SNM), metals, conventional/insensitive high explosives (CHE/IHE), polymers, and foams under dynamic conditions required for annual assessment and certification of the stockpile as well as for future sustainment options. Aspects of this subprogram link to other programs/subprograms (including coordination of efforts) within DOE/NNSA including Physics and Engineering Models (PEM), Aging and Lifetimes, Advanced Manufacturing Development, Plutonium Modernization, High Explosives and Energetics, DOE/Office of Science, and the Department of Defense (Joint DoD/DOE Munitions Program (JMP)). DMP provides much of the experimental results that the National Plutonium Aging Plan and 10-year integrated program plan for Plutonium and Pit Aging.

Research pursued in DMP supports (1) the annual assessment process, (2) baselining of materials properties for the future determination of aging effects (e.g., Pu aging), and (3) consideration of materials replacement and future options for sustainment programs. The characterization of new materials and processes for stockpile applications is an emerging focus for stockpile modernization and responsiveness to enable the use of modern manufacturing techniques. New experimental capabilities are developed to provide the required data for annual assessment and potential future sustainment options. Additionally, DMP will lead a Stewardship Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS) pegpost in FY 2023 on "Enabling Efficient and Flexible Pit Production."

The following capabilities are being developed to facilitate certification of pit reuse with insensitive high explosives (IHE) for upcoming sustainment programs: (1) heating and cooling capabilities on dynamic testing platforms, (2) high pressure experiments on plutonium and other relevant materials, and (3) experiments on aged samples on various experimental platforms. Facilities and drivers to support experimental execution include NIF, Z, Joint Actinide Shock Physics Experimental Research (JASPER), TA-55 gas gun, High Explosives Applications Facility (HEAF), Dynamic Equations-of-State Facility (DEOS), Shock Thermodynamic Applied Research Facility (STAR), Dynamic Integrated Compression Experimental (DICE) Facility, High Pressure – Collaborative Access Team (HP-CAT), and the Dynamic Compression Sector (DCS). Additionally, for long-term certification needs, DMP is exploring alternatives that include expanding x-ray light sources (e.g., Advanced Photon Source (APS)) to characterize high Z materials and high explosives *in situ* within appropriate physical regimes. DMP is evaluating long pulse laser requirements to field at an x-ray-free electron laser (XFEL) to complement high pressure materials research at the APS.

DMP activities include: (1) experimental execution (e.g., equation of state) on high Z materials (including actinides), (2) experiments of low Z materials (including polymers, foams, etc.), (3) experiments to qualify high explosives and energetics, (4) development of high pressure platforms and x-ray light sources to access and characterize materials at extreme conditions, and (5) advanced materials research that includes novel synthesis/formulation and processing methodologies leading to future manufacturing advances.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Prioritize properties of aged Pu and replacement materials to increase confidence in stockpile performance and LEPs.
- Emphasize tri-lab strength efforts (unifying the analytic models and multiple data sets for incorporation into simulations) in metals to provide more robust multi-phase equations of state to increase reliability of models.
- Maintain and enhance capabilities on high pressure platforms to expand pressure, temperature, and strain rate regimes for high interest materials.
- Develop new molecules and methodologies for scale-up of candidate IHE to provide better performing and more efficiently produced HE.

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Use x-ray light sources to develop new methodologies of examining high interest materials (e.g., metals, HE, additively manufactured materials) under extreme conditions, leading to advanced models with reduced uncertainties.
- Collaborate across Weapons Activities in areas such as plutonium aging, pit production, and high explosives to provide weapons designers with materials options.
- Support SCDS pegpost on "Enabling Efficient and Flexible Pit Production" in FY 2023.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Continue execution of experiments in support of the National Plutonium Aging Strategy.
- Develop HE material options for the future stockpile, including new energetic molecules/formulations.
- Complete high Z shock ramp compression experiment at NIF up to terapascal pressure to validate and discriminate between EOS models.
- Execute first diffraction experiments in containment geometry on high Z metals, providing the data necessary for multiphase equations of state.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Delivered plutonium data and supported facility operations on JASPER, Z, and TA-55 to validate the plutonium equation-of-state (EOS) and plutonium aging models directly relevant to stockpile assessments, stockpile certification, and future stockpile options including the B61-12 LEP and W87-1 MOD programs.
- Performed the first Design for Manufacturing/Production science experiments on samples with high impurities, and sample surface defects supporting the SCDS pegpost in FY 2023. The experiments included characterization of material properties and gas gun testing.
- Executed and analyzed a JASPER shock experiment on accelerated aged Pu greater than 200 years in equivalent age. JASPER continues to develop new shock-release and temperature measurement platforms, uniquely capable of measuring stockpile-relevant Pu samples to assess aging and manufacturing issues.
- Delivered performance qualification data on conventional high explosives (CHE) lots supporting LEPs to inform reactive burn models for the current and future stockpile.
- Performed the first stripline Pu shot on Z, achieving record pressure. The capability enables high peak pressure experiments with high accuracy measurements. This type of data is important for assessments and executing LEPs and ALTs. Sandia and Los Alamos executed two Z experiments probing potential changes in plutonium compressibility with age.
- In coordination with other research and development (R&D) subprograms, produced integrated Plutonium and Pit aging program plan to be delivered to Congress.
- Reached ultrahigh static pressure in uranium experiments at High-Pressure Collaborative Access Team (HPCAT) using new capabilities for classified work via support from Argonne National Laboratory, the DOE Office of Science, and NNSA.
- Performed pyrometry experiments at TA-55 gas gun. The data set will be utilized for validation of equation of state models.
- Delivered dilatometry measurements of plutonium samples, which offer an opportunity to validate competing theories on plutonium aging.

# Dynamic Materials Properties Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Dynamic Materials Properties \$130,981,000	Dynamic Materials Properties \$124,366,000	Dynamic Materials Properties -\$6,615,000
<ul> <li>Conducted first experiments at Argonne's Advanced Photon Source (APS) under new classified operations model for future exploration of questions related to material aging and production science.</li> <li>Performed Multi-phase strength experiments on metals to support development of multi-phase strength models over wide range of weapons- relevant strain rates including new platform at PF-4 and new techniques at APS to reduce uncertainties in physics modeling.</li> <li>Pursued production science efforts in support of pit production including chemistry, defects, and casting.</li> <li>Developed and matured several high explosive options for the future stockpile.</li> <li>Conducted shock ramp and shock release experiments on plutonium at JASPER using 40 mm barrel in support of material aging.</li> <li>Executed high pressure ramp compression, strength, and diffraction experiments at NIF using new and engineering aged Pu samples to validate models and reduce uncertainties in physics modeling.</li> <li>Used HE pilot plant at LLNL to create batches of promising new IHE molecules and characterize performance.</li> <li>Additional pre-heating capabilities for Pu Experiments on Z-machine; improved containment to enable higher pressures on Z-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support operations and experiments at JASPER for the plutonium aging program and provide system availability for certification programs.</li> <li>Execute experiments in support of National Plutonium Aging Plan on various platforms.</li> <li>Support FY 2023 Enabling Efficient and Flexible Pit Production with a series of quasi-static experiments to assess the role of impurities on materials properties.</li> <li>Perform Tiny Stripline Pu experiments with &gt;60% increase in peak pressure as compared to those conducted in FY 2021.</li> <li>Execute experiments with plutonium on NIF TARDIS platform.</li> <li>Provide update on tri-lab strength effort with multiphase strength data, including strength data from NIF, TA-55, and Z.</li> <li>Apply advanced diamond anvil cell capabilities to expand pressure-temperatures conditions and expand to execution on actinides.</li> <li>Perform EOS measurements of advanced aged plutonium on JASPER.</li> <li>Execute dynamic experiments on additively manufactured polymer lattices at 3rd generation light sources.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease represents a reprioritization of resources to support higher priority NNSA programmatic efforts while supporting the highest-priority operations at JASPER and TA-55 gas gun. Supports requisite plutonium shots on Z.</li> <li>Decreased support for classified experimental capability at Argonne's Advanced Photon Source and development on light sources upgrade collaborations with the DOE Office of Science.</li> </ul>
Stealwile Received Technology and Engineering		

		Explanation of Changes
FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs
		FY 2021 Enacted (\$)

machine; enabled access to weapons-relevant regimes to inform physics modeling.

### Assessment Science Advanced Diagnostics

### Description

The Advanced Diagnostics (AD) subprogram establishes revolutionary tools for delivering stockpile data by developing dynamic experiment diagnostics and advanced next-generation drivers for future hydrodynamic, subcritical, and other experiments. Requirements for new stockpile data are based on recommendations from the weapons design program elements at the Los Alamos and Lawrence Livermore National Laboratories (LANL and LLNL); by the weapons system stewardship activities, including life extension programs (LEPs); and by other subprograms in ICF and Assessment Science Programs.

Priority activities across the AD program include the continued development of the diagnostics, drivers, and methodologies to support the varying needs of the Weapons Program for intermediate- and long-term experiments. These revolutionary technologies motivate new materials models with innovation and design optimization, validate models used in modern design codes, and advance and improve the quality of the scientific results obtained at the experimental facilities.

Efforts to advance drivers include work in traditional pulsed power engineering, R&D for energy storage, power flow and current adder; solid state pulsed power technologies; and application of lasers to produce extreme environments. The development and implementation of new diagnostics for subcritical, fundamental, and focused experiments include photon, particle, and neutron detectors; visible light cameras; position, velocity, and temperature ("shock wave") diagnostics; advanced (non-x-ray) radiographic techniques such as proton and neutron radiography; and soft x-ray imaging. Methodological improvements for weapons experiments include new techniques for hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments and short-pulse laser driven electron and ion beam sources.

These revolutionary technologies improve the quality and reliability of scientific results at many NNSA experimental facilities at the national security laboratories and sites. These include the Dual Axis Radiographic Hydrodynamic Test (DARHT), the flash x-ray machine (FXR) at the Contained Firing Facility, Z, Cygnus at the U1a Complex, and the pRad at the Los Alamos Neutron Science Center (LANSCE).

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Design and test a quarter-scale pulser prototype with modulation and increased energy storage. This activity is a part of the overall maturation of the technologies to enable cinematographic radiography. Cinematographic radiography would support capturing a larger number of frames at a near-arbitrary frame rate of the time-evolution of a system under study, and in conjunction with hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments, provide a robust test of the predictive capability of weapons design codes and help reduce the need for nuclear explosive testing.
- Continue multi-year effort to mature compact pulsed power and component-level technologies. High peak pulsed power technology could be applied to multiple, future applications such as next-generation accelerator architecture for combined environments, neutron reactivity source, high flux neutron radiography source, and future programmable waveform driver to explore properties of dynamic materials.
- Execute power flow physics and electrode conditioning experiments on Z and Mykonos and continue power flow modeling and simulation work. If this work proves successful, it will solve a 50-year problem that is unavoidable with this type of accelerator system and provide revolutionary advances in preventing energy loss in current and future systems.
- Research and develop next-generation, novel diagnostics and methodologies for fundamental, focused, and integral experiments, including hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments, and evaluate the role that deep machine learning may play in analyzing and fusing radiographic and other data from dynamic experiments. These next-generation technologies and analytical techniques can significantly impact the development and validation of new models by exploring new regimes or conditions not accessible with current diagnostics or data analysis methods, delivering greater quantity and higher quality of data.

# FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Research and develop next-generation driver technologies that create physical environments needed to anticipate the long-term requirements of the Weapons Program.
- Mature and build prototype technologies for cinematographic radiography for future hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments to provide a robust test of the predictive capability of weapons design codes and help reduce the need for nuclear explosive testing.
- Advance revolutionary radiography and other diagnostics as well as modernize data analysis techniques and models to increase learning from dynamic experiments (e.g., surrogate and plutonium experiments supporting stockpile assessments and LEP developments) through delivery of high-fidelity data, which may provide a better test of current codes, reducing the need for nuclear explosive testing.
- Establish dynamic neutron radiography, which utilizes an intense, pulsed neutron source, as a primary diagnostic system at CFF to support fundamental understanding of how plutonium aging and manufacturing variances affect performance, radiographic and reactivity measurements, and assurance of stockpile survivability.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Commissioned plasma discharge cleaning to treat electrode contaminants on the Mykonos pulsed power facility in support of a FY 2021 program milestone. Contaminants lead to current loss in these types of accelerator systems and their mitigation could be one way to increase coupled energy.
- Obtained power flow spectroscopy data, which indicates the presence of higher electrode plasma densities than previously expected in the Z inner magnetically insulated transmission line. Understanding power flow in current systems improves confidence that current loss can be mitigated in a next-generation high current machine.
- Successfully accelerated the first electron beams with bipolar solid state pulsed power through active reset induction cells on FXR at the CFF. This establishes the technology has matured to a high TRL, a significant step toward enabling cinematographic x-ray radiography.
- Demonstrated first atomic ejecta data using a novel optical probe diagnostic on a shock-driven platform at Special Technologies Laboratory (STL).
- Completed the Radiographic Futures Study, concentrating on fundamental and focused experiments. This study guides next-generation radiography development, especially since radiography continues to be a key diagnostic for weapon physics experiments. These next-generation technologies and techniques significantly impact the development and validation of new models of materials and of physical processes by exploring new regimes and conditions not accessible with current diagnostics and through highly sensitive measurements.
- Completed conceptual design for a new diagnostic approach combining multi-pulse x-ray material density measurements along with optical shadowgraphs. Demonstrated ejecta imaging with two-wavelength visible shadowgraphs. New techniques were created to constrain particle size estimates in plutonium ejecta experiments.
- Completed design of a Kraken eight-frame camera concept utilizing a 2x2 imaging sensor array, which can be used in next-generation multi-pulse radiography and visible imaging experiments and represents a technology solution for Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments imaging using the Scorpius x-ray machine.
- Performed modeling and data analysis for several new diagnostics systems. Created high resolution detector response functions for the Ross filter detector array, a diagnostic that will improve density measurements and reduce accelerator performance risk for subcritical experiments. Modeled lutetium yttrium oxyorthosilicate (LYSO) and bixbyite transparent ceramic (GLO) scintillators to characterize radiation blur as a function of scintillator thickness and combined with data analysis to better inform radiographic configuration selection for subcritical experiments.

Advanced Diagnostics
Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Advanced Diagnostics \$35,989,000	Advanced Diagnostics \$31,064,000	Advanced Diagnostics -\$4,925,000
<ul> <li>Developed conceptual designs for technologies enabling cinematographic radiography, which could provide high fidelity data for hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments.</li> <li>Completed power flow experiments for physics model validation and evaluate improvements from plasma discharge cleaningtechnology. These efforts may help solve energy losses on large, pulsed power platforms.</li> <li>Increased maturity of compact pulsed power and component-level technologies. One application could be to create nuclear weapon-like conditions for assessing the future stockpile without the need to return to nuclear explosive testing.</li> <li>Completed a Radiographic Futures Study for promising approaches to long term radiography to guide development.</li> <li>Researched and developed next-generation diagnostics, radiography, and source technologies in support of the current and future stockpile, which could provide vital weapons data and code validation supporting assessments and certification.</li> <li>Developed and improved modeling, simulation, and analysis, which could help reduce measurement uncertainties and ensure better quality data from experiments.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Design and test a quarter-scale pulser prototype, an activity that supports cinematographic radiography, which could provide high fidelity data for hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments.</li> <li>Continue multi-year effort to mature compact pulsed power and component-level technologies, which could be used to create nuclear weapon-like conditions for assessing the future stockpile.</li> <li>Execute power flow physics and electrode conditioning experiments and continue power flow modeling and simulation work, advancing understanding in energy loss prevention in current and future systems.</li> <li>Research and develop next-generation diagnostics and methodologies for fundamental, focused, and integral experiments, which can significantly impact the validation of new models by exploring new regimes not accessible with current technologies, delivering better quality and quantity of data.</li> <li>Continue to improve modeling/analysis methods (such as those using machine learning), which could help reduce measurement uncertainties and ensure better quality data from experiments.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease represents a reprioritization of resources to support higher priority NNSA programmatic efforts while supporting the highest-priority diagnostic and pulsed power driver activities.</li> </ul>

#### Assessment Science Secondary Assessment Technologies

### Description

The Secondary Assessment Technologies (SAT) subprogram provides capabilities that increase confidence in the assessment of stockpile secondaries, enabling a broad range of sustainment options and resolution of SFIs. A principal focus of SAT is to provide the experimental and science capability used to quantify full system performance margins and associated uncertainties. The subprogram uses historical nuclear explosive test data and conducts and utilizes a variety of above ground experiments to obtain new data and to develop and validate physical models. These efforts expand the domain of valid modeling tools and qualified experimental platforms to meet the needs of life extension and modernization programs, enabling responsiveness. Key elements include primary output, radiation transport, complex hydrodynamics and burn, material properties, and weapons outputs and effects. For stockpile systems, secondary assessment facilitates (1) the reacceptance of existing secondaries and other nuclear explosive package components for future sustainment options and (2) the development of the science basis for qualification methodology for physics performance of remanufactured canned sub-assembly (CSA) and other components. Secondary Assessment Technologies will continue efforts from FY 2021 and FY 2022 in support of the physics qualification of direct cast DU manufacturing, the development of current special materials options and alternate materials for secondaries, and underwrite aging mitigation physics and manufacturing options. Using High Energy Density (HED) and non-HED qualified platforms, SAT will evaluate and assess alternate materials of interest for the future stockpile and production modernization.

The subprogram validates the weapons physics models supporting the LEPs and modernization programs, anticipates stockpile responsiveness needs, develops new experimental platforms, continues model improvements, and expands the nuclear explosive test modeling suite in the common model framework. Efforts to evaluate new manufacturing processes, replacement materials, and aged materials in the stockpile and to evaluate their impact on stockpile performance are essential to the LEPs and weapon and production modernization programs. Understanding the impact of manufacturing processes for the production and restoration of CSA components requires both experimental measurements and modeling techniques to address performance impacts. Efforts will continue to develop HED platforms that produce sources to be used in support of weapon outputs, effects, and performance in hostile environments. The capability to address survivability in a hostile environment requires understanding weapon outputs, propagation of outputs, and the subsequent effects coupling into the weapon intended for survival and how the performance of the weapon is impacted. SAT research supporting these goals includes obtaining experimental data supporting weapon design code validation for more accurate weapon output calculations, improving laboratory radiation sources and diagnostics to support code validation and hardware qualification experiments, and developing platforms for evaluating candidates and evolving stockpile technologies for radiation hardness.

SAT has strong programmatic coupling with PAT, ICF, Engineering and Integrated Assessments, Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation, and ASC. SAT has significant coupling to advanced computing platforms and resources supported by the ASC program and to the Weapons Survivability and Aging & Lifetimes subprograms in the Engineering and Integrated Assessments program. SAT partners with Secondary Capability Modernization in executing experiments and relevant analyses supporting physics and engineering qualification of new materials and processes needed for the modernization of stockpile secondaries.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Continue efforts in support of direct cast depleted uranium manufacturing as well as physics and engineering qualification of alternate and special materials to mitigate risk for the modernization programs.
- Execute initial technology maturation activities and support physics qualification for manufacturing options to mitigate aging.
- Expand the weapon science validation basis using studies of relevant nuclear explosive test data, off-nominal and nonstockpile designs, supporting stockpile assessments, and LEP and modernization decisions.
- Compare opacity data from experiments and theory through national effort at Z, NIF, and Orion; do cross-platform and code comparisons, develop hypotheses for discrepancies and future directions for resolving them.

# Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Develop platforms and execute experiments in both HED and non-HED venues that inform modeling capability, stockpile sustainment and modernization.
- Continue to apply and advance x-ray environments at HED facilities to meet pegpost deliverables and support stockpile decisions.
- Continue to develop combined environment platforms and study source scaling.

# FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Continue to advance material development initiatives and new manufacturing options for a more responsive and manufacturable stockpile.
- Complete inter-laboratory calibration project using historic samples.
- Expand the Underground Test (UGT) suite with off-nominal and non-stockpile designs to establish validation basis for more responsive, manufacturable design options and to address secondary relevant issues and support assessments and resolution of SFIs.
- Apply statistical methods to specific physics relevant to secondary performance to inform what experiments may best constrain performance of an untested secondary.
- Develop and qualify new HED and non-HED platforms to deliver constraining data, improve and validate models, and anticipate needs of the modernization programs.
- Advance x-ray environments and deliver threat-relevant sources needed to qualify options for threat mitigation/hostile survivability, including testing at higher levels of integration.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Executed a broad range of experiments for model validation, material development, and fundamental physics understanding. Completed FY 2021 Stewardship Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS) pegpost supporting physics and engineering qualification for direct cast depleted uranium with Secondary Capability Modernization.
- Advanced a material processing technique and demonstrated capability for a special material in support of stockpile modernization needs, in support of FY 2022 SCDS Special Materials pegpost.
- Completed modeling and analysis of non-stockpile devices to inform aging induced features and completed initial research and development on a viable advanced manufacturing option in support of FY 2022 SCDS Assess Lifetimes & Mitigate Aging pegpost.
- Developed HED platforms and executed and analyzed HED experiments for Verification & Validation (V&V) simulation toolkits, in support of stockpile science. Demonstrated highest radiation temperature on a NIF platform for future applications, advanced high atomic-weight equation-of-state (EOS) measurements at high pressures, measured EOS of relevant materials to compare with EOS models, collecting final data set at different experimental configurations to constrain the drive and enable uncertainty quantification (UQ). Completed qualification of a scaled complex hydro HED platform. Acquired additional data on co-propagating shocks, obtaining validation data for modeling complex hydrodynamic behavior using a new multi-diagnostic capability; stood up a parallel experimental campaign on the OMEGA EP Laser System that provides supporting data. Achieved simultaneous radiograph and burn-through measurements on a platform designed to assess the impact of radiation on evolving interfaces to inform rad-hydro models.
- Initiated the first set of historical sample exchange, chemical analysis, and preliminary measurement comparisons for an inter-laboratory LANL/LLNL collaboration effort.
- Utilized Direct Numerical Simulations (DNS) to study the degree to which high resolution simulations accurately capture detailed behavior for a set of classical problems. This information can be used to assess existing modeling capability for laboratory experiments.
- Incorporated additional models into existing codes to support experiments to be executed on the European X-ray Free Electron Laser.
- Demonstrated proof-of-principle for high precision measurements of gamma-ray branching ratios in the beta decay of long-lived fission products. Decay branching ratio measurements of fission products are important to stockpile stewardship applications and evaluations of fission product yields.
- Made significant progress in opacity, a key property in weapons performance simulations. Continued advances in target design, reductions in background noise, spectrometer modifications and improved analyses demonstrated

### Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

enhanced fidelity of NIF measurements. In addition, reserve funding provided the means to initiate a tri-lab development of a time-dependent spectrometer for NIF opacity.

- Advanced unique time-resolved absorption spectra measurements on Z using a hybrid-CMOSx-ray imager and added additional high atomic number opacity data set at Z, extending the systematic study needed to assess and improve the accuracy of opacity modeling. Achieved time-resolved temperature measurements to understand emission opacity at ~1keV and measured absolute x-ray emission spectroscopy on multiple samples concurrently in a dense, high temperature plasma, providing key constraints on plasma models.
- Continued to increase warm x-ray yield on Z using sources derived from ICF concepts and optimized for x-ray yield.
- Developed a multi-year, prioritized plan to achieve a combined uncertainty of <10% in x-ray power and yield for cold and warm x-ray sources on Z radiation effects science experiments for input with scaled spectra into response models and simulations.
- Measured thermomechanical shock response of material samples exposed to warm x-ray environments and recovered samples for microstructural analysis to support future stockpile decisions, supporting the FY 2021 SCDS pegpost on New Engineering Materials.

# Secondary Assessment Technologies Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Secondary Assessment Technologies \$84,000,000	Secondary Assessment Technologies \$72,104,000	Secondary Assessment Technologies -\$11,896,000
<ul> <li>Completed the FY 2021 SCDS pegpost on Direct Cast material, execute final set of experiments, complete analyses, and report results, with Secondary Capability Modernization.</li> <li>Expanded weapon science validation basis using studies of relevant nuclear explosive test data and off-nominal and non-stockpile designs to advance the understanding of relevant physics processes, increase confidence, and support stockpile assessments and modernization.</li> <li>Executed simulation studies and investigate CSA component repair, enabling refurbishment options supporting the FY 2022 SCDS Assess Lifetimes and Mitigate Aging pegpost.</li> <li>Advanced platform design and diagnostic capabilities, and conduct experiments to address secondary performance physics questions including refining understanding of the impact of features on performance, radiation flow, opacity, and HED burn, reducing uncertainties and increase confidence in modeling.</li> <li>Continued developing a low-energy-density platform enabling physics assessments to aid in LEP and production modernization efforts.</li> <li>Experimentally informed nuclear models to improve cross-section evaluations of processes important for the interpretation of secondary performance and radiochemical activation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initiate efforts to develop alternate materials and to optimize casting of material of interest and investigate impact of impurities size and distribution on dynamic material behavior to support production modernization.</li> <li>Continue maturation and physics qualification effort for manufacturing option developed as part of the FY 2022 SCDS Assess Lifetimes &amp; Mitigate Aging pegpost.</li> <li>Continue inter-laboratory calibration effort of extinct and long-lived isotopes using historic sample. Compare measurements made between laboratories, identifysources of inconsistencies, and determine path forward.</li> <li>Continue to advance and qualify HED platforms, to address secondary performance physics questions and anticipate needs of the modernization programs.</li> <li>Complete initial comparisons of experimental and theoretical opacity data of multiple elements acquired at NIF and Z and using multiple opacity codes. Develop hypotheses for discrepancies and future directions to resolve them.</li> <li>Complete a comparison of weapon output predictions between alternate codes for a defined set of devices, assess prediction similarities and differences to guide modeled and reported uncertainties in weapon output.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease represents a reprioritization of resources to support higher priority NNSA programmatic efforts while supporting the highest-priority SAT activities.</li> <li>Decrease reduces efforts on HED platform developments, non-stockpile design modeling, nuclear chemistry, new material and aging studies, and x-ray source development.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>measurements, reducing uncertainty and increasing confidence.</li> <li>Delivered advanced warm x-ray sources for survivability assessments and the streamline outputs calculation capabilities to inform modernization efforts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluate designs and experiments to increase x-ray yield at &gt;20 keV and reduce uncertainties in x-ray power and yield from cold and warm x- ray sources at Z.</li> </ul>	

### Assessment Science Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments

### Description

The stockpile is inherently moving away from the nuclear explosive test database through aggregate influences of aging, modern manufacturing techniques, modern materials, and evolving design philosophies. In 2014, LANL and LLNL jointly identified that a capability gap involving the evaluation of plutonium response exists, which frustrates certification of these changes. In 2016, the JASON Defense Advisory Group identified the same gap in current U.S. capability to carry out and diagnose such experiments; Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) will close this gap. Data from ECSE is required as part of the certification of the W87-1 Modification program, as well as future Annual Assessments and LEPs. ECSE delivery in the mid-2020s supports these efforts.

Research has advanced the understanding of plutonium in the early evolution of an imploding system and identified the need to similarly improve understanding of plutonium performance during the extreme physical conditions reached later in an implosion. This improved understanding will inform the evaluation of various components of stockpile transformation and certification of planned LEPs not possible given the current limitations of existing facilities and diagnostic methods. In addition to the physics gap, the National Laboratories have identified a gap in experimental capabilities needed to develop the next generation of weapon designs in the absence of nuclear explosive testing. NNSA has validated this gap via the 2016 JASON study. To fill these gaps and to support the program plan documented in the Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan (SSMP), NNSA places a high priority on developing ECSE at the Nevada National Security Site's (NNSS) underground laboratory, the U1a Complex.

The ECSE subprogram consolidates a portfolio of work that includes (1) the Major Item of Equipment (MIE) titled Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD), (2) a developing reactivity measurement technology named Neutron Diagnosed Subcritical Experiments (NDSE), and (3) ECSE subcritical experiment entombment activities. Though managed by the ECSE subprogram, the construction project 17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP) is funded as a separate line-item. Other Project Costs (OPCs) for the U1a Complex Enhancements Project are funded from the ECSE subprogram.

ASD, managed under DOE O 413.3B, designs and installs a large, multi-pulse accelerator system that will generate radiographs necessary to diagnose late-time dynamics in plutonium implosion experiments. ASD is scheduled to complete by the third quarter of 2027. NDSE is a measurement concept that NNSA will apply to dynamic plutonium experiments that will measure the negative reactivity of a subcritical assembly. Since neutron multiplication is sensitive to the material properties of fissile material, the data will provide a new constraint on the codes and models used to simulate the performance of nuclear weapon primaries, improving our stockpile assessment capability. Entombment activities provide a disposition area in the U1a Complex for expended subcritical experiments.

As outlined in the NNSA Stockpile Stewardship Management Plan, NNSA plans long-term investments supporting plutonium science at the NNSS. NNSS is the only site in the United States with the capability to perform experiments combining high explosives and plutonium in significant quantities, a core capability for NNSA's Stockpile Stewardship Program, as per 50 U.S. Code § 2521.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Continues delivery of ECSE capabilities in support of the W80-4 confirmation experiment, the W87-1 program certification requirements, and future weapon system certification plans.
- Completes demolition, tunneling, and installation of support services for ECSE expended subcritical experiment entombments at the U1a Complex.
- Installs the Dense Plasma Focus, associated detector system, and diagnostics into the ZEUS Test Bed to support subcritical experiments that establishes a new capability in the U1a Complex to perform dynamic NDSE measurements in 6' diameter confinement vessels.
- Supports procurements, assembly, and testing of ASD components above ground needed prior to final installation into the U1a Complex.

### Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- FY 2024 Complete the U1a Complex ZEUS Test Bed in preparation for dynamic NDSE experiments.
- FY 2025 Execute subcritical experiments in the U1a Complex ZEUS Test Bed using NDSE.
- FY 2026/2027 Complete 17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhanced Capabilities project.
- FY 2026/2027 Complete the ASD installation.
- FY 2027 Execute subcritical experiments in the U1a Complex SCORPIUS Test Bed using ASD.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed Preliminary Design for ASD.
- Demonstrated the Solid-State Pulsed Power Technology in a U1a compatible footprint.
- Completed assembly of the dense plasma focus in the NNSS Area 11 facility (above ground) that will be used as the source for dynamic NDSE experiments in the U1a Complex ZEUS Test Bed.
- Started tunneling of the entombment area that will be used for expended subcritical experiments.
- Approved and started long lead procurements for ASD and UCEP.
- Started long lead procurements for U1a Complex ZEUS Test Bed.

### Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	FY 2023 Request Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments
<ul> <li>\$215,579,000</li> <li>Approved ASD CD-3A to execute long lead procurements.</li> <li>Continued and refined ASD design in conjunction with UCEP 020 design.</li> <li>Optimized manufacturability of injector and accelerator cells.</li> <li>Continued testing and characterization of the NDSE neutron source using a deuteriumtritium gas fill for future installation into the ZEUS Test Bed.</li> <li>Completed design and started refurbishment of the ZEUS Test Bed to enable installation of the U1a NDSE system that consists of a DPF neutron source, large area gamma-ray detector, and shielding.</li> <li>Started tunneling activities in the U1a Complex for expended subcritical experiment entombment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continues delivery of ECSE capabilities in support of the W80-4 confirmation experiment, the W87-1 program certification requirements, and future weapon system certification plans.</li> <li>Completes demolition, tunneling, and installation of support services for ECSE expended subcritical experiment entombments at the U1a Complex.</li> <li>Installs the Dense Plasma Focus, associated detector system, and diagnostics into the ZEUS Test Bed to support subcritical experiments that establishes a new capability in the U1a Complex to perform dynamic NDSE measurements in 6' diameter confinement vessels.</li> <li>Supports procurements, assembly, and testing of ASD components above ground needed prior to final installation into the U1a Complex.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Advanced Sources and Detectors Major Item of Equipment, a linear induction accelerator, will make large procurements post approval for construction. These procurements include parts for the injector and accelerator cells, solid state pulsed power units, beam transport, and the imaging system.</li> </ul>

### Assessment Science Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support

# Description

The Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support (HSEES) program maintains a robust testing capability to supply critical data to weapon physicists and design engineers, allowing assessment of potential impacts from design changes, material substitutions, or component changes associated with LEPs, Alts, or Mods on weapon performance safety. Experiments are used to assess the effects of component aging or defects identified during stockpile surveillance activities. The data obtained from these experiments are foundational for the annual assessment process, certification decisions, advancement of nuclear weapon science, refinement of weapon computational models, development of emergency response tools, assessment of foreign and terrorist designs, reducing the risk of technological surprise, and developing the skills and experience of weapon physicists and design engineers.

Individual programs determine the need for integral hydrodynamic experiments (hydros) and are responsible for the design, fabrication, and assembly of the test device as well as the post-experiment detailed data analysis that inform the physics models and weapon codes. The HSEES subprogram funds the fielding, diagnostics, execution, initial data analyses, and the disposition/cleanup of the expended hydro experiments. Many of the hydros are conducted in specialized steel containers (known as "impulsivelyloaded steel vessels") that confine the high explosives and hazardous material byproducts. For surrogate material hydros (those experiments that do not contain special nuclear material), these vessels undergo a lengthy requalification process post-experiment that entails clean out, weld repair, and inspections. For plutonium experiments executed at the U1a Complex, also known as subcritical experiments, the vessels are entombed underground and removed from inventory.

Through interaction with the Department of Defense, the future nuclear weapon stockpile continues to evolve resulting in a high demand for hydro data from weapon physicists and design engineers. Surrogate hydros are conducted at LANL and LLNL facilities while subcritical experiments are conducted at the NNSS U1a Complex. Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments will establish new test beds in the U1a Complex that will require HSEES funding post construction.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Ensure the operational and diagnostic capabilities of the NNSA complex firing facilities are sufficient to execute hydrodynamic tests in support of specific weapon systems (LEP/ALT/MOD), nuclear weapon stockpile, global security, and experimental science.
- Procure, assemble, and field impulsively loaded steel vessels in support of integral weapon experiments hydrodynamic tests.
- Provide experimental diagnostics and hardware to firing sites such as DARHT, CFF/FXR, U1a Complex, BEEF, 851, DAF, R306, and Lower Slobbovia.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

• Provide operational facilities, modern diagnostics, hardware, and personnel to support experiments associated with life extension programs, weapon modification programs, weapon alteration programs, significant finding investigations, the nuclear weapon stockpile, global security, and experimental science.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Performed experiments for the LEP/modernization programs, and SFI studies supporting the B61-12, W80-4, W87-1, W76 and global security.
- Improved operations efficiency by completing installation of the DARHT weather enclosure that allows weapon experiments to be executed without impact from weather events such as snow and lightning.
- Transitioned to digital high-speed acquisition of images (to replace the old film-based cameras) at site 300, which will save time and resources in not having to develop film.
- Developed the vessel supply chain by initiating design through a "first-article" fabrication where new vendors demonstrated the ability to meet the strict requirements for high explosive loaded vessel systems.

# Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

• Executed three subcritical experiments at the U1a Complex with multiple test packages of HE and Pu in each experiment to inform our models on stockpile performance.

### Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment	FY 2023 Request Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment
Execution Support \$152,845,000	Execution Support \$142,402,000	Execution Support -\$10,443,000
<ul> <li>Executed hydrodynamic experiments essential to meet requirements for both the W80-4 and W87-1 programs.</li> <li>Prepared for and support execution of initial experiments in the Nimble SCE series to inform material and manufacturing choices relevant to future life extension programs.</li> <li>Facilitated the testing and commissioning of new accelerator technologies in support of hydrodynamic and subcritical experiments needs.</li> <li>Procured 3' and 6' vessels required to support and execute NHP and SCE program schedules.</li> <li>Completed Red Sage Series to validate new physics-based models of ejecta for stockpile stewardship applications.</li> <li>Conducted dynamic Pu experiments at the DAF to better understand weapons performance. Prepared for Excalibur SCE series, which will be the first user of the Neutron Diagnosed Subcritical Experiments capability.</li> <li>Maintained/updated DSA documentation in support of subcritical experiments.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Execute hydrodynamic tests in support of LEPs, nuclear weapon stockpile, global security, and experimental science.</li> <li>Ensure the operational capabilities of the NNSA complex firing point facilities and diagnostics in support of certification, surveillance, SFIs, lifetime extensions and modernization programs, and global security.</li> <li>Procure, assemble, and field impulsively loaded steel vessels in support of integral weapon experiments hydrodynamic tests.</li> <li>Provide experimental diagnostics and hardware to firing sites such as DARHT, CFF/FXR, U1a Complex, BEEF, 851, DAF, R306, and Lower Slobbovia.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease represents a reprioritization of resources to support higher priority NNSA programmatic efforts.</li> <li>The decrease will limit execution of scheduled integrated experiments that produce data to improve weapons physics models and codes.</li> </ul>

# U1a Complex Enhancement Projects Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Projects,	17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Projects,	17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Projects,
NNSS \$160,000,000	NNSS \$53,130,000	NNSS -\$107,470,000
This project was under Infrastructure and	<ul> <li>Continue construction of UCEP 020. See</li></ul>	• This is a programmed decrease. See
Operations.	Construction Project Data Sheet for details.	Construction Project Data Sheet for details.

### Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Engineering and Integrated Assessments

### Overview

The Engineering and Integrated Assessments program is responsible for ensuring system diagnostic survivability in present and future stockpile-to-target sequences (STS) and ensures a responsive nuclear deterrent through collaborative partnerships, proactive integration, and assessments. This program supports four key mission areas: (1) strengthening the science, technology, and engineering base by maturing advanced technologies to improve future weapon systems; (2) providing tools for qualifying weapon components and certifying weapons without nuclear explosive testing; (3) supporting annual stockpile assessments through improved weapons surveillance technologies and warhead component aging assessments; and (4) providing capabilities that accelerate the nuclear weapons acquisition process and strengthen the ability of the United States to respond to unexpected developments that could threaten nuclear security.

### Primary responsibilities of this program include:

- Assessing nuclear and non-nuclear components without nuclear explosive testing.
- Providing fundamental, sustained engineering research and development for stockpile assessment and certification throughout the lifecycle of each weapon.
- Providing the ability to experimentally represent environments and predict the response of weapon components and subsystems to those aging normal, abnormal, and hostile environments.
- Advancing components and materials testing processes to minimize destructive effects while ensuring high level weapon reliability and certification.
- Maintaining the capabilities to assess and evaluate new materials for insertion opportunities into life extension programs, major alterations, and other warhead modernization efforts.
- Developing and demonstrating capabilities to shorten design, certification, and manufacturing cycles to minimize time and costs leading to engineering prototype and production.
- Preserving historical knowledge, records, and data related to U.S. nuclear testing and stockpile stewardship efforts and making the archives useful for current and future stockpile stewards.
- Conducting multi-discipline studies to understand and assess future weapon concepts for the nuclear stockpile, to include engaging with the DoD to gather insight into their needs.

The Engineering and Integrated Assessments program is made up of seven subprograms:

- 1. Archiving and Support preserves and maintains historic knowledge, records, and data related to U.S nuclear weapons testing and Stockpile Stewardship, and provides targeted studies, multi-system assessments, and independent reviews that support the annual assessment of the stockpile.
- 2. **Delivery Environments** funds the development and application of experimental and modeling capabilities, diagnostics, and data used to evaluate weapon survivability through Normal and Abnormal Environments in current and future Stockpile to Target Sequences e.g., reentry environments, atmospheric gliding, current and evolving thermal and pressure differentials, maneuvering, shock phenomena, and combined environments.
- 3. Weapons Survivability funds tools and technologies to ensure U.S. weapons will operate through hostile environments such as current and future enemy defenses.
- 4. **Studies and Assessments** funds pre-Phase 1/6.1 assessments, studies, and other activities, conducts program technical, cost, and feasibility assessments to inform NWC decision-makers of the strategic impacts from the pursuit of various nuclear security enterprise and weapon capabilities in coordination with USSTRATCOM and the Military Services.
- 5. **Aging and Lifetimes** funds scientific research to understand and mitigate the impacts of aging on materials and components in the stockpile, and develops diagnostics used to assess age-induced impacts on weapon systems.
- 6. **Stockpile Responsiveness** provides efforts that sustain, enhance, and exercise capabilities required to conceptualize, study, design, develop, engineer, certify, produce, and deploy nuclear weapons. These efforts do not include the actual production or deployment of a stockpile weapon system, nor do they engage in the acquisition of nuclear weapons for the U.S. stockpile.
- 7. Advanced Certification and Qualification funds tools and methods to ensure that there is a certification path for stockpile systems and new components in the absence of additional explosive nuclear testing. This is done by

### Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

integrating computing, science, technology, and engineering advancements to facilitate certification of future life extensions and other warhead needs.

### Engineering and Integrated Assessments Archiving and Support

### Description

The Archiving and Support program is responsible for preserving and maintaining relevant historic records, data, and knowledge related to U.S. nuclear weapons testing and Stockpile Stewardship and providing targeted studies, independent reviews, and multi-system assessments that support the annual assessment process.

### Archiving and Support activities include:

Archiving and Data Management (ADAM) – Preserves the historical knowledge, records, and data related to U.S. nuclear testing and Stockpile Stewardship efforts. ADAM ensures the continuity of data beyond the lifetime of its native formats. Additionally, ADAM provides access to the historical archives used across the nuclear security enterprise (NSE) by scientists and engineers. Data from the ADAM program is used to maintain and assess the current stockpile, support stockpile modernization, and train the next generation of weapons scientists and engineers.

Assessments and Targeted Studies (A/TS) – Provides multi-system assessments and analyses studies that support we apon certification and safety processes; physics and chemistry we apon assessments; and independent and cross laboratory we apon assessments. This effort also supports targeted studies, which are 1-to-2-year, short term evaluations that focus on specific gaps or results from an assessment.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

The Archiving and Support program continues to directly support NNSA's three highest priorities to sustain the nuclear stockpile, recapitalize the infrastructure needed to support the stockpile, and ensure the workforce of the future.

- Ensures knowledge preservation to inform future stewardship activities:
  - Continues digitization of large holdings at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), Sandia National Laboratories (SNL), Nevada National Security Site (NNSS), and the Kansas City Nuclear Security Campus (KCNSC).
  - Collects and catalogs metadata on weapons-related documents, films, and other media.
  - o Continues efforts to accelerate digitization of paper, films, microfilm, microfiche, aperture cards, and other media.
  - Maintains the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Core Library and Data Center.
  - Funds the Nuclear Testing Archives at Nevada, the National Security Research Center (NSRC) at Los Alamos, and the Livermore archives.
- Enables the Cycle 27 Annual Assessment for the nuclear stockpile:
  - Performs radiochemistry efforts for data analysis, full system modeling, engineering baseline analysis, and high explosive and special nuclear material physics studies.
  - Supports targeted stockpile studies and weapon-program agnostic research and development activities.
  - Performs the Independent Nuclear Weapons Assessment program (INWAP) for Cycle 26 (2021).
  - Maintains and/or upgrades the capabilities that support Archiving and Support activities:
  - Funds computer upgrades and software licenses.
  - Funds Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning (AI/ML) software development for archiving and data management.
  - Maintains seismic monitoring stations used to monitor and record seismic measurements of experimental explosions and subcritical experiments and provides verification monitoring data for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.
  - Upgrades and purchases new equipment used to digitize unique and critical archives dating back to the Manhattan Project.

### FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Expand the ADAM program by incorporating all NSE sites requiring digitization.
- Provide an NSE-wide, searchable database of archived materials.
- Establish inter-site relationships and processes to increase productivity.
- Apply advanced AI/ML to enhance digitization and search and recall capabilities.
- Fund a Nuclear Security Enterprise (NSE)-wide Titan Technologies: Compendia Data Platform license.

### Weapons Activities/

### Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Continue to support the Annual Assessment reporting process.
- Develop and demonstrate and understanding of weapon system concepts.
- Document the contributions of each long-term activity.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Executed contract with Titan vendor for both development and production licenses on the classified networks that will use AI/ML technologies to catalog and search the National Security Research Center's (NSRC) digital collections. Less than 10% of the NSRC's collections have been digitized and less than 10% of those digitized collections have been cataloged. Without this artificial intelligence/machine learning system to catalog and search the digitized collections, the digitized files are very difficult and sometimes impossible to find.
- Established the Rocky Flats Digitization Laboratory, the seventh high speed digitization lab at LANL.
- Hired new research librarians and historians to support continued improvement of the digitization and archiving activities for Weapons Program knowledge management. Implemented a digitizing equipment certification program to guarantee all staff know how to operate the new high-speed digitizing equipment and the relevant digitizing standards to use.
- Developed a graphical user interface at LLNL that enables access to a comprehensive archive of digitized films, reports, and data.
- Completed the final version of the Weapons Testing Ontology and the initial version of the Rocky Flats Ontology.
- Continued outreach and diversification programs at LLNL including the Neurodiversity Intern program and summer internships.
- Developed software to accelerate optical character recognition processing of geophysical well logs by a factor of 10.
- Developed Standard Operating Procedures at LLNL for selected workflow processes supporting the archiving "pipeline" to assure consistency.
- Completed installation of industry-standard equipment to increase scanning capacity and acceleration of digitization.
- Continued digitization and upload of Tonopah Test Range films into the Digital Media Archive at SNL.
- Archived core from underground tests were analyzed to explore the value of new diagnostic measurements to constrain weapon physics simulations.
- Continued collaboration between sites to increase productivity.
- Improved several key processes in digitization and document processing, as well as modeling and simulation tools that will benefit the development of program capabilities. Supported Cycle 26 Annual Assessment activities and completed all planned INWAP studies.
- Developed On the Job Training Animation software in LANL's Weapon Response group. This life-like animation matches exactly what a worker would see and do while assembling and disassembling a weapon system allowing workers to practice and develop muscle memory in a realistic situation, but one with no consequences if there is an error.
- Developed of a Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) capability at LANL.

# Archiving and Support Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Archiving and Support \$45,760,000	Archiving and Support \$43,950,000	Archiving and Support -\$1,810,000
<ul> <li>Supported Cycle 26 Annual Assessment activities; complete all planned Cycle 26 INWAP activities.</li> <li>Performed targeted studies identified in the Cycle 25 annual assessment for the nuclear stockpile.</li> <li>Continued to permanently archive critical weapon testing information to ensure availability for future stockpile stewards.</li> <li>Activities such as those listed below are key elements of this effort.</li> <li>Continued acceleration and uploading of records into GRANTA.</li> <li>Continued ongoing support of Engineering Analysis Baseline Models.</li> <li>Continued film digitization efforts at LLNL.</li> <li>Began preliminary investments in artificial intelligence and machine learning.</li> <li>Supported ongoing digitization of paper, film, microfiche, microfilm, aperture cards, and other media.</li> <li>Collected and catalog metadata.</li> <li>Fund the USGS Core Library and Data Center and seismic monitoring stations.</li> <li>Continued support for the Nuclear Testing Archives at Nevada and the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support Cycle 28 Annual Assessment activities and complete all scheduled INWAP activities in accordance with the INWAP.</li> <li>Identify and conduct targeted multi-system studies and assessments identified during the Cycle 27 Annual Assessment process.</li> <li>Perform stockpile studies that improve physical models for assessments and improve modeling methodology.</li> <li>Support development of physics baseline common model framework.</li> <li>Support the Nuclear Testing Archives and the National Security Research Center (NSRC).</li> <li>Support the Capabilities for Nuclear Intelligence (CNI) Practicum.</li> <li>Perform ongoing digitization of paper, film, microfiche, microfilm, aperture cards, and other media and collect and catalog metadata.</li> <li>Perform ongoing digitization of paper, film, microfiche, microfilm, aperture cards, and other media and collect and catalog metadata.</li> <li>Continue analysis of archival test cores to generate new data used to support LEPs and Annual Assessment.</li> <li>Continue acceleration efforts to increase digitization speed and efficiency.</li> <li>Continue early investments in machine learning for metadata collection.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>National Security Research Center (NSRC) at Los Alamos.</li> <li>Provided librarians at LANL and LLNL.</li> <li>Funded computer licensing and equipment upgrades; purchase high end scanners and digitization equipment.</li> <li>Provided M&amp;O detail support at headquarters.</li> <li>Revitalized radiochemical analyses of historical core samples by analyzing archival test cores to generate new data to support LEPs and Annual Assessment.</li> <li>Supported the Test Capability Assessment, a framework and process to facilitate agile management of weapons test capabilities focused on stockpile demands.</li> <li>Continued support of the U.S. Geological Survey, Seismic monitoring, risk reduction, and maintain compliance with Federal Facility Agreement and Consent Order (FFACO).</li> <li>Engineering Support/IT/Personnel: Supported infrastructure and IT costs such as IT procurements, vault support, training, etc.</li> <li>Obtained and maintained licenses for PDMLink, GRANTA, and ABACUS.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support digitization, storage, indexing, and librarian services relative to nuclear security materials.</li> <li>Maintain electronic repositories for existing and new digitized nuclear security materials.</li> <li>Capture legacy test data in GRANTA.</li> <li>Maintain PDM Link, and Abacus licensing as needed to support multi-system assessment work and the archives.</li> <li>Support the U.S. Geological Survey, seismic monitoring, risk reduction, and maintaining compliance with FFACO.</li> <li>Maintain computer licensing and equipment upgrades; purchase digitization equipment to support acceleration activities.</li> <li>Provide M&amp;O detail support at headquarters.</li> <li>Revitalize the radiochemical analyses of historical core samples by analyzing archival test cores to generate new data to address question of life extension programs (LEPs).</li> <li>Support the next generation workforce through neurodiversity programs and internships.</li> <li>Expand the workforce with highly trained field experts in library science and history.</li> </ul>	

### Engineering and Integrated Assessments Delivery Environments

### Description

The Delivery Environments (DE) program ensures delivery systems and platforms survive current and future Stockpile to Target Sequences (STSs) in *Normal* and *Abnormal* environments, such as reentry environments, atmospheric gliding, current and evolving thermal and pressure differentials, maneuvering, shock phenomena, and combined environments. Future delivery systems and platforms may be characterized by STSs different from those for the present stockpile. The Delivery Environments program identifies and reproduces weapon-relevant environments and develops the necessary modeling and simulation, diagnostics, and experimental capabilities to elucidate and quantitatively assess the survivability of delivery systems in mission environments.

### Delivery Environments activities include:

**Mission Flight** – Design, analyze, and engineer normal-abnormal (environmental) survivability capabilities relevant to the Department of Defense's (DoD's) delivery systems to meet performance requirements during current and future Stockpileto-Target Sequences. Select examples include the modeling and testing of shock, vibration, thermal stresses, pressure strains, adverse and normal effects, the combination of these environments with hostile or abnormal environments, and the effects of these phenomena on nuclear and non-nuclear weapon components and systems. This program works closely with the Weapons Survivability (WS) program, the Stockpile Responsiveness program (SRP), the Advanced Simulation and Computing (ASC) Office, and the Department of Defense and Intelligence Community to ensure informed decisions, prioritization, and resource optimization.

**Abnormal Environments** – Assess the survivability and effectiveness of a weapon system following accidents or unexpected adverse events that could impact performance. Select examples include drops during the handling and/or mounting of a weapon, crash and burn, bunker fires, aircraft crashes, and transportation accidents. This program collaborates with ASC to ensure experiments and predictive capabilities are jointly developed.

**Current and Future Stockpile Components** – In addition to considering future systems, the Delivery Environments program also focuses on qualified stockpile components and investigates the application of said components for future Stockpile-to-Target Sequences and related survivability requirements.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Develop two prototypes for future delivery platforms and conduct preliminary tests for quantifying survivability margins with respect to future STS-informed requirements.
- Ensure confidence in future STS survivability by executing joint milestones to survey current experimental and computation tools and continuing a joint DOE/DoD roadmap to plan future capability investments. Engineer combined environment (i.e., combinations of normal, hostile, abnormal environments) we apon components and systems to meet emerging environmental challenges informed by the Department of Defense.
- Deliver jointly with ASC the FY 2023 Survivability for Reentry Environments Pegpost under the Stockpile Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS).
- Conduct the sled-test experiment "Deep Core" at Holloman Air Force Base, in partnership with the Stockpile Responsiveness Program (SRP) and the Air Force. The effort is supported by LLNL and SNL.
- Begin coordinating the SCDS FY 2026 Combined Threat Environments Simulation Pegpost in partnership with the Weapons Survivability Program and ASC.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Continue collaborations with the Stockpile Responsiveness program and the Air Force to execute a sled-test at Holloman Air Force Base as an initial step in designing, engineering, and testing future platforms and environments, and begin assessments of survivability margins.
- Deliver the SCDS FY 2026 Combined Threat Environments Simulation Pegpost in partnership with the Weapons Survivability Program and ASC, incorporating assessment capabilities across delivery and hostile environments.

### Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Successfully completed the joint DoD/NNSA studies on delivery and threat environments supported in the FY 2020 NNSA/Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) Joint Milestone. The FY 2021 Joint Milestone continued these activities with the next stage in development and included partnerships with the Office of Advanced Simulation and Computing.
- Conducted a preliminary combined environments test in partnership with the Weapon Technology Development program. The test focused on combined acceleration, spin, and vibration on non-nuclear weapon components.
- Completed early-stage assessments from fluid-structure interaction measurements relevant to reentry environments.
- Executed uncertainty quantification and performed proof-of-concept tests in hypersonic wind tunnel.
- Completed first stage multi-system/multi-platform scrimmage studies and reentry computational predictive methods supporting prioritization of future delivery platform options.
- Finalized preliminary reentry computational predictive methods for future platforms and environments in preparation for validation. This work supported the FY 2021 Joint NNSA/AFRL Milestone.

<b>Delivery Environments</b>		
Activities and Explanation of Changes		

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Delivery Environments \$39,235,000	Delivery Environments \$37,674,000	Delivery Environments -\$1,561,000
<ul> <li>Engineered prototypes and subsystems for future weapons systems essential to understanding system performance in normal and abnormal environments – with some of this work impacting the W87-1, W80-4, and W93.</li> <li>Performed combined environments experiments for higher confidence in safety assessment of behavior in abnormal environments.</li> <li>Advanced two prototypes for future delivery platforms and conducted preliminary tests on future survivability requirements.</li> <li>Revised and updated the joint roadmap with Department of Defense branches for future Stockpile-to-Target Sequence environment requirements.</li> <li>Continued the joint Delivery Environments/Stockpile Responsiveness Program sled tests supporting future delivery platforms (LLNL &amp; SNL CA partnership).</li> <li>Integrated flight trajectory results from current mod/sim tests with engineering of future delivery prototype (LANL &amp; SNL NM partnership).</li> <li>Established combined environment (i.e., combinations of normal, and abnormal environments) engineering foundation to meet emerging environmental challenges informed by DoD.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Deliver the FY 2023 Survivability for Reentry Environments Pegpost under the Stockpile Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS).</li> <li>Conduct the sled-test experiment – "Deep Core" – at Holloman Air Force Base, in partnership with the Stockpile Responsiveness Program (SRP) and the Air Force. The effort is supported by LLNL and SNL.</li> <li>Conduct joint studies with the Air Force Research Laboratory and the Air Force Nuclear Weapons Center on reentry survivability predictive capabilities for advanced applications.</li> <li>Begin coordinating the SCDS FY 2026 Combined Threat Environments Simulation Pegpost in partnership with the Weapons Survivability Program.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Maintained and developed diagnostics for future Stockpile-to-Target Sequence measurements, analyses, and quantitative</li> </ul>		

capability gaps.

### Engineering and Integrated Assessments Weapons Survivability

### Description

Weapons Survivability provides the tools and technologies necessary for ensuring U.S. nuclear weapons will operate through hostile environments such as enemy defenses. Since weapons entering the stockpile are expected to be fielded for decades, Weapons Survivability includes projections for the evolution of defensive technologies.

Weapons Survivability scope includes: (1) developing scientific and engineering models for understanding radiation effects; (2) improving laboratory radiation sources and diagnostics to support code validation and hardware qualification experiments; (3) generating experimental data to validate scientific and engineering models; (4) understanding radiationhardened design strategies; and (5) evaluating candidate and evolving stockpile technologies for radiation hardness capabilities in a generalized, weapon-relevant configuration.

### Weapons Survivability activities include:

**System-Generated Electro-Magnetic Pulse (SGEMP) and Electro-Magnetic Pulse (EMP) Effects** – Several electromagnetic (EM) effects driven by x-rays, gamma, and high-power EM sources can induce detrimental responses to nuclear and nonnuclear electrical components of the warhead. A particular effect of concern is System Generated Electromagnetic Pulse (SGEMP), where by photons with sufficient energy to penetrate and interact with materials inside the weapon produce energetic electrons generating large currents within the weapon. Cable SGEMP and Box Internal Electromagnetic Pulse (IEMP) are variations associated with cables and components. Understanding SGEMP (and its various counterparts, i.e., xEMP) requires knowledge of physical phenomena, including radiation transport across complex material interfaces; photo emission; radiation-induced conductivity in solids, foams, and gases; time-dependent dielectric breakdown phenomena; and EM coupling through plasmas. Importantly, the responses are highly dependent on the temporal and spectral content of the radiation drive, the properties of the materials undergoing irradiation, and the coupling between subsystems.

Related to this is the production of EMP environments driven in the atmosphere whereby x-rays and high energy gamma rays dissociate the atmosphere, produce conductivity, which drives currents and high frequency electromagnetic pulses. These environments can induce detrimental responses inside the weapon, depending on Reentry Vehicle/Reentry Body shielding effectiveness.

Presently, there are limited high fidelity experimental and test environments for driving relevant SGEMP/xEMP responses. Current and planned capabilities utilizing the Saturn and High Energy Radiation Megavolt Electron Source III (HERMES III) Accelerators, the National Ignition Facility (NIF), and Z cannot adequately support component, subsystem, or system-level testing for many of the xEMP effects, particularly those driven by x-rays. In the absence of suitable testing capabilities (e.g., adequate fluence, spectrum, volume, time history, etc.), this effort has a strong focus on developing experimental platforms for physics discovery and code validation to support computational capabilities that enable the qualification of components for x-ray driven EM effects while advancing present phenomena understanding for future applications. In addition, this effort develops the platforms and diagnostics for test and evaluation that allows creation of relevant high fidelity (real or surrogate) environments.

Effects of X-rays and Air Blast on Materials – This effort includes all activities related to material and structural responses driven by x-rays and air blast. The effort is relevant to the study of both exo-atmospheric nuclear burst encounters, as well as endo-atmospheric encounters. Structural effects and response from exposure to air blast can become significant for the terminal phase of flight. Limited high fidelity testing capabilities exist for analyzing and assessing these effects; for example, radiation testing is limited to small objects over a restricted range of photon energy. Mechanical surrogates are used in many cases for system- level qualification for both cold x-rays and air blast. Hence, validated modeling and simulation capabilities are vital to understanding these effects and validating the efficacy of the surrogate platforms. Select activities include direct testing of materials and components at radiation generating facilities, development of diagnostics and platforms to increase the applicability of these facilities, development of surrogate testing capabilities (e.g., explosive drives, intense particle beams or optical [intense laser] light), and development and validation of modeling and simulation

### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

capabilities based on modern codes. Key facilities of use include the Z, NIF, Light Initiated High Explosive Facility, and related gas-gun capabilities.

**Neutron Effects** – Neutron radiation from nearby nuclear bursts has the potential to cause damage to various warhead components. For endo-atmospheric engagements, neutrons can be effective at ranges that are large relative to the effective ranges of other radiation. Assessing the effects of neutron exposure to warhead components requires understanding these interactions over a significant range of energies and pulse shapes. Importantly, exo-atmospheric engagements require knowledge of high energy (14 mega-electron volts [MeV]) neutron effects.

This effort includes direct testing of materials and components along with developing corresponding modeling and simulation tools. Specific activities include: modeling and experiments to investigate fission heating, modeling to quantify the initiation response to external neutron fields, experiments and modeling to investigate displacement damage in semiconductors and other electronic effects, obtaining calibration data for neutron radiation aware micro-electronics models, facility and diagnostic development, material aging effects on neutron environment survivability development, and validation of modeling and simulation capability based on modern codes. Keyfacilities of use include Annular Core Research Reactor facility (ACRR) and NIF.

**High Energy Photon Effects** – This effort primarily focuses on the study of energy (dose) and power (dose rate) deposition in material, of high energy (i.e., > 1 MeV) photons. High energy photons can penetrate deep into the interior of a weapon and cause disruptions, error readouts, and burnout of critical electronics. This effort encompasses electrical component response to dose-rate effects; single electron effects, high energy photon transport in materials, radiation hardened microelectronics design, and the study of long lifetime intrinsic radiation (INRAD) effects found within the warhead. The INRAD activity is primarily focused on the development of capability to characterize the INRAD environment and assess aging of critical components exposed to INRAD.

**Weapon Output** – A robust survivability capability relies upon the understanding and analyses of foreign weapon threats and their outputs. Until recently, legacy tools that were validated using underground test data were exclusively used. These legacy tools are reaching the end of their lives, so this effort supports the process for modernizing and improving tools and methodologies. Improved physics fidelity and hydrodynamics over longer simulation times is a cornerstone of this development. Validation of these new tools is necessary and will be accomplished using a combination of underground test data and above ground experiments. This is coupled with higher-fidelity diagnostics to enhance the calculated uncertainties associated with weapon output modeling.

Further, the propagation and quantification of uncertainties is paramount to understanding margins and providing certification assurances for survivability analysis. A robust understanding of survivability margins cannot be achieved without uncertainty quantification imbedded within the hostile threat characterization. This effort focuses on establishing a more comprehensive understanding of the required modeling fidelity based on understanding of weapon output uncertainty propagation in the mechanical and electrical response of components and systems, more transparent and functional databases, and improved visualization software.

**Combined Environments** – Legacy survivability analyses have generally been performed by separating and addressing individual effects, one at a time. As computational tools, diagnostics, and technology insertion have become more flexible and robust, assessments of combined environments are now possible. This effort focuses on the development of experimental facilities, including conceptual design for CREST, and platforms for combined environment testing (e.g., radiation + mechanical, radiation + EMP, etc.), combined effects response discovery and analysis, and analysis of effects at high levels of integration. It also supports the development and validation of modeling and simulation capabilities based on modern codes. Further, data generated with combined survivability assessments can be utilized to improve understanding of integrated weapon response, electrical response, and terminal flight dynamics of U.S. warheads after a hostile or fratricide engagement.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

• Execute research and development and qualification capability development shots on high energy density (NIF and Z) and radiation environment (Saturn, Hermes, ACRR, etc.) machines and facilities.

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Develop laboratory weapon qualification platforms that reproduce the extreme environments characteristics of hostile nuclear encounters.
- Develop experimental capabilities for delivery systems that enable development of mitigation mechanisms capable of addressing current and future hostile threats.
- Provide experimental tools and advances in simulation capabilities to qualify the behavior of new electronics in radiation environments.
- Deliver the SCDS FY 2023 Hostile Mitigation pegpost.
- Continue efforts on CREST to address the programmatic and enterprise impacts from the aging ACRR facility and improve weapons survivability program capabilities. Execute conceptual design activities for CREST to achieve CD-1 in FY 2024, including development of architectural drawings, electrical and power distribution system layout, and design basis activities (e.g., operations, maintenance, security, and radiation protection requirements).

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Maintain and extend nuclear environment test capabilities at the Hermes, Saturn, Annular Core Research Reactor (ACRR), and the NIF.
- Achieve CREST CD-1 in FY 2024.
- Deliver modeling, simulation, and testing capabilities to support qualification of new components designed to mitigate modern and future hostile environments.
- Collaborate with Delivery Environments and Advanced Simulation and Computing programs on the SCDS FY 2026 Combined Threat Environments Simulation pegpost.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Delivered energetic neutron test platform for qualification and calibration of radiation response.
- Completed test layout and hardware build for high explosive experimental test campaign.
- Executed several experiments to gather data on x-ray interaction with samples of interest.
- Collaborated with designers to utilize advanced modeling and simulation tools to predict impact of combined radiation effects dose rate response of circuits and identify circuit devices that dominate the response.
- Conducted several experiments to study the thermomechanical shock response of materials exposed to warm x-ray environments.
- Exercised improved radiation transport code to investigate improved agreement between electrical effects and radiation shielding measurement and calculations.
- Redesigned sample holders to improve clamping efficiency and thermal isolation for neutron test campaign and began developing a follow experiment by assessing sealing and gas sampling of sample cells.
- Completed analysis of potential hostile effects on a component for a weapons system.

# Weapons Survivability Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Weapons Survivability \$59,500,000	Weapons Survivability \$93,303,000	Weapons Survivability +\$33,803,000
<ul> <li>Continued development and demonstration of experimental and/or modeling and simulation platforms and processes to assess component response to combined neutron and blast environments, component response to threat-relevant neutron environments, and component and integrated component response to threat-relevant x-ray and gamma environments.</li> <li>Supported research, development, and engineering for x-ray radiation environment testing (Saturn) recapitalization. This is a key area where we have an extremely aged and limited capability impacting our ability to ensure U.S. systems will be able to survive adversarial capabilities whose performance has increased over the years.</li> <li>Continued development of joint cold x-ray surrogate test capabilities.</li> <li>Supported research, development, testing, and engineering to develop capabilities to assess combined and hostile/normal environments for current and future stockpile systems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue development and expansion of diagnostics for environment characterization and response data.</li> <li>Complete the SCDS FY 2023 Hostile Mitigation pegpost.</li> <li>Continue support of conceptual design activities for the CREST facility.</li> <li>Establish broader use of uncertainty quantification across hostile engagement applications.</li> <li>Continue experimental source development for enhanced hostile environments.</li> <li>Improve ability to field flexible test and experiment platforms for combined environments testing for device level physics research.</li> <li>Further high explosive blast analysis capability development, experiment design, diagnostic development.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase is based on planned conceptual design activities and execution of additional requirements for CD-1 consideration for the CREST facility.</li> </ul>

## Engineering and Integrated Assessments Studies and Assessments

# Description

The Studies and Assessments Program, established by Congress in FY 2020, improves oversight and visibility of pre-Phase X / 6.X assessments. Beginning in FY 2023, this program improves the ability of the Office of Defense Programs to rapidly respond to Nuclear Weapons Council (NWC) requests for joint studies of potential weapon and nuclear security enterprise (NSE) capabilities to support future USSTRATCOM needs. These studies result in preliminary technical, cost, and program feasibility assessments to inform NWC decisions about the future nuclear weapon stockpile and supporting enterprise. The Studies and Assessments program collaborates with other Engineering and Integrated Assessments and Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation programs to align their scope with these future capability needs as well as with other NNSA programs to coordinate impacts from these studies. Additionally, will continue to advance our scientific capabilities to meet evolving threats and future stockpile demands and develop innovative business practices to improve NSE collaboration and agility.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

• Explore NNSA weapon design options and potential stockpile-to-target sequence (STS) environments in support of the U.S. Air Force Next Generation Reentry Vehicles study, which examines future aeroshell concepts for the LGM-35A Sentinel, also known as the Ground-Based Strategic Deterrent.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Conduct early weapon design option studies and STS environment analyses to identify research and development activities for the Future Strategic Land-Based Weapon, the Future Strategic Sea-Based Weapon, and/or the Future Air-Delivered Weapon, per NWC strategic direction.
- In coordination with USSTRATCOM and the Military Services, conduct program technical, cost, and feasibility assessments to inform NWC decision-makers of the strategic impacts from the pursuit of various nuclear security enterprise and weapon capabilities.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed complexity analysis of the SLCM-N AoA.
- Transitioned the Navy Feasibility Study into and initiated design studies for the W93 / Mk 7 Phase 1, Concept Assessment, per NWC direction.

# Studies and Assessments Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Studies and Assessments \$0	Studies and Assessments \$5,000,000	Studies and Assessments + \$5,000,000
<ul> <li>There were no pre-Phase 1/6.1 requirements identified in the FY 2021 Enacted budget.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct multi-discipline studies to understand and assess future weapon concepts for the nuclear stockpile, to include engaging with the DoD to gather insight into their needs.</li> <li>Determine the feasibility of inserting technology and/or manufacturing processes into the stockpile and perform benefit and risk analyses.</li> <li>Develop and deploy innovative business practices, communication tools, and collaboration models to improve NSE agility.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This increase funds Studies and Assessments to support pre-Phase X/6.X studies and feasibility assessments of future nuclear weapon stockpile requirements, to include funding for joint studies with the DoD.</li> </ul>

# Engineering and Integrated Assessments Aging and Lifetimes

## Description

Aging and Lifetimes is responsible for detecting and predicting the onset of harmful aging phenomena in nuclear weapon materials, components, and subsystems before they can degrade the nuclear deterrent. Nuclear weapons contain many materials and components that age in unique and complex ways. Aging and Lifetimes studies these aging phenomena to identify potential aging issues, and, if necessary, provide solutions to fix them before degradation can impact the deterrent. Aging and Lifetimes also ensures new materials introduced into the stockpile, whether through life extension programs, modifications, or alterations, will not cause aging problems in the future. These activities require a deep understanding of the material, chemical, metallurgical, physical, and engineering behaviors that control the performance, aging, and degradation of various components in the weapon systems.

To achieve its programmatic goals, Aging and Lifetimes conducts three types of key activities:

- Aging Studies, which support decisions on when and whether to reuse or replace weapons components and materials.
- Computational Modeling, which predicts the impacts of aging on weapon components and materials.
- Diagnostic Tool Development, which develops and provides diagnostic tools for improving the quantity and quality of surveillance of the enduring and future stockpiles.

# Aging and Lifetimes activities include:

**Non-Nuclear Components** – This activity addresses aging related phenomena of non-nuclear components and identifies the highest-risk aging concerns that cross-cut multiple weapon systems. These components perform a wide variety of essential functions and ensure that the nuclear weapon always performs as intended.

**High Explosives (HE) in the Nuclear Explosives Package** – This activity determines when age-related changes in main charges and boosters may affect weapon safety, performance, and reliability. This is accomplished through a combination of predictive modeling, experimental techniques, non-destructive evaluation tools, and assessment of surveillance data.

**Plutonium for Pits** – This activity develops and delivers new analytical methods, tools, modeling, and diagnostics, including non-destructive evaluation techniques, to achieve timely, less invasive, and more cost-effective component surveillance.

**Canned Subassemblies (CSAs) and Cases** – This activity provides experimentally validated material aging models and integrated materials chemistry simulations needed to determine when, or if, CSAs or cases will need to be refurbished or replaced.

**Non-Nuclear Materials** – This activity assesses aging of polymeric materials (i.e., potting materials, cushions, pads, adhesives, structural supports, containment vessels for explosives, and detonator cable assemblies). Activities include developing diagnostics for testing non-nuclear materials, assessing new methods and materials, quantifying outgassing and compatibility of polymers with other stockpile materials, and developing predictive lifetime models for polymeric materials and components.

**Systems** – This activity augments the existing surveillance program with system-level evaluation diagnostics that include new capabilities to measure component-level parameters during system testing and provide improved confidence in future weapons reliability, safety, and performance.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Update and publish annual comprehensive aging and lifetime predictions used to assess the lifetime of key we apon components.
- Provide timely warning of aging phenomena that threaten the effectiveness of various nuclear weapon systems.
- Provide diagnostic tools for improving effective and efficient stockpile evaluation for the enduring stockpile.
- Provide capabilities to assure stockpile modernization efforts do not introduce unacceptable aging risk.

## Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Support and evaluate accelerated aging tests (designed to determine the response of individual materials to anticipated environmental stressors.
- Provide capabilities for accelerated aging and compatibility tests on relevant combinations and permutations of new and re-used materials.
- Support ongoing CSA aging studies, non-nuclear materials and components studies, and high explosives studies.
- Develop and validate models used to non-destructively assess aging of the stockpile (CSA corrosion, HE aging, polymer aging, etc.).

# FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Explore modeling concepts to advance we apon surveillance.
- Investigate feasibility of new technologies utilizing embedded sensors.
- Review and leverage historical legacy surveillance data, using state-of-the-art methods, to detect potential aging signatures that may have been overlooked in previous analyses.
- Complete Aging Studies on MgO Thermal Batteries.
- Complete Gapstick evaluation of the variability in the sensitives of conventional high explosives.
- Complete research into the Kinetic Response of the delta-phase 239Pu-Ga Alloy Lattice to self-irradiation and thermal cycling.
- Procure and install Aging Studies Equipment, specifically the Enhanced Fracture Toughness Tester.
- Update and publish annual stockpile aging and lifetime assessment reports to predict aging issues in essential stockpile components.
- Continue development of other non-destructive diagnostic (including the Active Fast Neutron Inspection, Magnetic Resonance Imaging for polymers, and Rapid Gas Analysis) to TRL 7 for transition and deployment to core surveillance,
- Deliver the SCDS FY 2026 Modern Surveillance Methods pegpost with scope jointly developed across Assessment Science, ASC, and Stockpile Management programs.
- Provide timely warning of aging phenomena that threaten the effectiveness of the nuclear deterrent.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Developed a Solid-Lubrication Test Bed to evaluate the aging of solid lubricants that are critical to the performance of safety mechanisms.
- Tested materials aging of epoxy molding compound and die-attach adhesives under mechanical load, to better understand observed aging mechanisms of microelectronics packages.
- Made progress towards understanding unique aging characteristics of additively manufactured (AM) materials, by studying the corrosion susceptibility of AM metals as a function of processing parameters, and surface characteristics.
- Achieved a major step in the development of a non-destructive acoustic mechanism tester by successfully demonstrating the ability to measure stronglink performance using the method on a High Operational Tempo Shot test.
- Used an improved method for detecting moisture levels that could potentially lead to harmful aging mechanisms to pass a feasibility study through use weapon-equivalent gas samples.
- First time calculations of both experimentally consistent hydride formation enthalpy and hydrogen solubility in bulk material were achieved simultaneously with a single, consistent Density Functional Theory (DFT)-based methodology.
- Conducted experiments that verified a key aging requirement for optical initiation; no discernable degradation was observed in the transmission of light due to exposure to intrinsic environments.
- Used testing and data analysis of advanced scintillators to show that new materials and designs result in significant resolution and contrast improvements.
- Completed radiation exposure experiments on PETN, PATO, and PBX9501 explosives, showing no significant changes to the materials after a two-year radiation dose at the SNL Cs-137 source.
- Led technical exchanges to facilitate in technology transfer of an A&L developed Gapstick test from LANL to Pantex.
- Fully implemented Handheld Diffuse Reflectance Infrared Fourier Transform Spectroscopy (HHDRIFT) in Quality Evaluation as a regular surveillance tool negating the need for a dual Diffuse Reflectance Infrared Fourier Transform Spectroscopy (DRIFT) analysis in Development.
- Produced high light yield scintillator plates for neutron imaging application.
- Developed a new capability for direct measurements of mixed-mode bond strength in adhesive bonded HE joints.

# Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Produced full-system moisture modeling calculations for 80-4 using ReSorT tool.
- Successfully implemented a new accelerator for neutron imaging and produced first deuteron beam on the system.
- Conducted tensile and fracture toughness testing on charged and aged hydrogen isotope specimens.
- Completed destructive examination and reporting on two hydrogen-filled AM aluminum vessels, aged and closed with valves, including characterization of valve components.
- Conducted x-ray diffraction experiments to determine hydrogen loading and confirmed with nuclear magnetic resonance.
- Developed a new process for cleaning up components during W76-0 dismantlement to preserve adjacent components.
- Created and modified a snipping tool for extracting gas to be tested.
- Completed a study of a lightning arrestor connector to identify the cause of failure to trigger and begin work on correcting this default.
- Characterized additively manufactured foams with computational tools.

Aging and Lifetimes
Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Aging and Lifetimes \$62,260,000	Aging and Lifetimes \$59,682,000	Aging and Lifetimes -\$2,578,000
<ul> <li>Developed advanced imaging systems for detecting the precursors of harmful weapon aging.</li> <li>Provided predictive capabilities for extrapolating the effects of corrosion and other aging phenomena.</li> <li>Promulgated stockpile aging and lifetime assessment reports.</li> <li>Deployed full-scale Multi-Mass Leak Detector to Production and Core Surveillance to improve operations at the production plants.</li> <li>Qualified and deployed new scintillators for CoLOSSIS I and II to improve imaging of aging materials.</li> <li>Validated acoustic sensor for flight environments to better understand and model component performance.</li> <li>Updated and published aging and lifetime predictions used to assess the lifetime of key weapon components.</li> <li>Conducted studies to investigate plutonium aging and determine impacts from corrosion.</li> <li>Conducted high explosive studies examining main charges and boosters used to detect aging-related changes in behavior.</li> <li>Supported and evaluated improved methods of accelerated aging, particularly for advanced materials such as AM parts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop customized Accurate Detonator Advanced Performance Testing (ADAPT) tests and analysis capabilities to investigate holistic detonator performance.</li> <li>Transition advanced diagnostics, including the Multi Mass Leak Detection tools, the Acoustic Resonance Spectroscopy State-of-Health Analyzer, and the Shell Acceleration Initiation Train (SAIT) to Core Surveillance.</li> <li>Assess components to inform material and component aging models.</li> <li>Update and publish aging and lifetime predictions used to assess weapon component lifetimes.</li> <li>Develop validated understanding of energetic material degradation resulting in corrosion of critical elements in components.</li> <li>Develop validated understanding to inform predictive models of cracking that lead to loss of hermeticity.</li> <li>Develop structural response model that enables predictions of degradation caused by embrittlement.</li> <li>Quantify mechanical degradation in epoxies, encapsulants, and foams in stockpile environments and their effects on surrounding components.</li> <li>Develop validated capability to inform lifetime estimates of detonators, isolators, and other energetic components.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Investigated aging phenomenato ensure an early warning of any significant impact to the effectiveness of the nuclear deterrent.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete aging models for high-risk components.</li> </ul>	

## Engineering and Integrated Assessments Stockpile Responsiveness

### Description

Per Section 3112 of the 2016 NDAA, the Stockpile Responsiveness program (SRP) underpins a "nuclear posture that is agile, flexible, and responsive to change" with the purpose of "ensure[ing] the nuclear deterrent of the United States remains safe, secure, reliable, credible, and responsive". The Nuclear Weapons Council has provided SRP program guidance to support stockpile modernization through development of methods to reduce the time and cost to produce nuclear weapons as the overarching priority, while also examining options to address a set of future challenges to the nuclear deterrent. Paralleling this, the House Armed Services Committee Report 116–442 for FY 2021 requested that the SRP direct efforts to the challenge of "production responsiveness" to meet accelerated production requirements for modernization, as contrasted with the program to maintain the present stockpile.

Consequently, NNSA executes the SRP as a science, engineering, and technology program to exercise and enhance capabilities to proceed rapidly from clean sheet designs through prototyping, testing, and development for production and qualification, including the rapid execution of hydrotests, flight tests, and environmental tests. The program especially pursues new production and qualification techniques to dramatically accelerate the rate at which qualified components can be produced, while reducing costs and complexity. SRP emphasizes technology that improves system performance, including safety, surety, feasibility, cost, and time to produce and qualify the system.

In the conduct of its activities, SRP is guided by its statutory objectives to exercise and enhance capabilities required to support all phases of the joint nuclear weapons lifecycle process; to transfer knowledge and skills to the newer generation of nuclear weapon designers and engineers; and to strengthen integration between DoD and NNSA A significant emphasis of the SRP is on laboratory-production plant collaborations focused on augmenting production responsiveness. The three laboratories (LANL, LLNL, and SNL) are designated as design agencies (DAs), while the production plants (CNS Pantex and Y-12, KCNSC, and SRS) are designated as production agencies (PAs). LANL and SNL have the unique distinction of holding a PA and DA designation because of their production mission responsibility for select components.

SRP activities are undertaken with the view that modernization and other potential responses to future challenges will require developing new systems or subsystems employing new technologies and materials. This necessarily invokes increased technical risk beyond the limited risk presently accepted in LEP planning. To enhance capabilities to address this risk, SRP program activities described below are chosen in part to demonstrate the ability to accelerate the design, prototype, test cycle to decrease the time and cost to develop a producible and qualifiable design.

## Stockpile Responsiveness activities include:

Acceleration of the Nuclear Weapons Lifecycle and Reduction of Costs – The highest-identified priority by the NWC and Congress is for SRP is to examine alternative approaches to design, manufacturing, certification, and qualification to accelerate the timeline for the nuclear weapons lifecycle and reduce costs. Because the SRP lies expressly outside the acquisition process, the SRP can take risks without impacting planned LEPs or detracting from confidence in the present stockpile. It can demonstrate the potential for alternative processes and materials to deliver nuclear weapons components and systems rapidly.

Analysis of Emerging Threats and Technology Challenges and Opportunities – A small, but important effort to use laboratory technical expertise to analyze the consequences of emerging threats, to project technology trends, and to understand the implications for our deterrent on time scales consistent with the lifecycle of stockpile systems, which can greatly exceed the time horizon of Intelligence Community analyses. This effort supports ad hoc technical teams assembled to conduct rapid analyses of issues and scenarios and supports analyses executed on behalf of the Combatant Commands, principally U.S. Strategic Command.

**Challenge Problems** – Significant one-year to multi-year multi-site efforts to exercise integrated nuclear weapons design capabilities against potential future threats. These look at problems beyond the time frame of nuclear weapons acquisition activities to explore design for manufacturability and the certification and qualification challenges presented in such

## Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

designs. These problems set a systems context for exploring manufacturing, prototyping, and testing issues. To date, NNSA, with the concurrence of the DoD, has focused on two challenges: strategic deep underground target defeat and defended target defeat. They further reinvigorate the ability to design and develop integrated systems using new technologies and capabilities and provide the next-generation experience in the trade-offs needed for design optimization.

**Prototyping, Testing, and Flight Testing –** Providing the next generation of designers and engineers hands-on experience in system development, achieved through exercising and accelerating the design, build, test cycle to overcome the technical risk in new technology development. This includes building and testing of non-nuclear prototypes of engineered systems and components, including accelerated hydrotest, environmental testing and flight tests of non-nuclear prototypes. The program is exploring the use of the launch services to provide low-cost, high tempoflight testing to accelerate the development of systems dependent upon new technologies, configurations, and materials. A key goal of this activity is providing junior staff experience in the process of turning ideas into a working system.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Continue to foster design agency/production agency (DA/PA) collaboration efforts to develop responsive manufacturing and qualification processes.
  - Continue maturing advanced manufacturing technologies along with on-machine metrology and inspection methodologies to accelerate production and qualification.
  - Continue deploying digital collaboration and digital engineering tools complex-wide.
  - Exercise design for manufacturability in a collaboration between design and production agencies on a prototype system inserting new manufacturing technologies in the production complex that can shorten the production timelines and costs of capabilities needed for modernization. Examine concepts such as spiral development to improve responsiveness of the design and manufacturing lifecycle.
  - o Demonstrate performance and insensitivity of new energetics to allow qualification as IHE.
  - Prototype and document processes for system acceleration, including model-based engineering, model-based system engineering, and design-agency/production-agency hardware prototyping and manufacturing acceleration.
- Mature technologies identified in the design competition outlined in the FY 2018 NDAA for a potential future strategic missile warhead, exploring different manufacturing approaches and stockpile-to-target sequence environments compared to today's systems.
  - Complete assembly of defended-target delivery vehicle prototype with integrated non-nuclear warhead componentry and collect system ground-qualification test data to support a future flight test.
- Complete execution and analysis of experiments to support strategic deep underground target defeat, including Davis-Gun and hypersonic sled-track tests.
  - Use the hypersonic sled-track test in collaboration with Delivery Environments to demonstrate an accelerated testing methodology developed in collaboration with Department of Defense facilities. This capability development lowers the cost, schedule, and technology risks for future tests are planned for the stockpile modernization program.
- Deliver the SCDS FY 2023 Rapid Prototype Cycle pegpost to build a non-war-reserve prototype and develop tools to improve cross-site collaboration in areas like digital engineering.
- Continue to demonstrate commercial flight test capabilities to provide high tempo, high fidelity flight testing for system development.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Use DA/PA collaboration to demonstrate the ability to progress from a clean sheet design through demonstration prototype in two years to include hydrotesting, flight testing, and environmental testing using digital engineering.
- Explore new manufacturing techniques and process improvements leading to a more agile and responsiveness production facility.
  - Deploy digital twin technology for manufacturing machines to shorten production process development.
  - o Implement demonstrated machine learning technologies to optimize and accelerate design phase.
  - Continue deployment of responsive production technologies and develop associated designs optimized for manufacturing.

## Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Develop and demonstrate a framework for weapon development that reduces to the minimum high-cost integrated system testing for certification by leveraging modeling capabilities.
- Prove out the design methodology, manufacturing strategy, processes, and cost requirements to implement a spiral development approach.
- Work in partnership with DoD stakeholders to develop and demonstrate system analysis capabilities that can enhance our nuclear deterrent.
- Use the prototype spiral development approach to demonstrate the ability and explore challenges to achieve cost effectiveness in design and production with respect to the program of record.
- Continue to demonstrate an accelerated design/build/test cycle to increase the speed of learning in developing, adapting, and integrating new technologies.
- Continue to explore methods to reduce time, cost, and footprints for product qualification.
- Deliver the FY 2026 SCDS Future Deterrent pegpost that will exercise joint design and production agency personnel in pursuit of shorter warhead development timelines.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- In support of production responsiveness, SRP fully integrated the production plants into the SRP program to explore issues from design for manufacturability to specific production processes and improved methods for qualification.
  - Completed the installation and commissioned an Electron Beam Cold Hearth Melting system for production of binary material.
  - Explored potential new materials and manufacturing capabilities that could shorten the delivery of long lead time components for stockpile systems.
  - Designed, fabricated, and tested the first iteration of prototype hardware that could be leveraged for multiple applications.
  - Deployed complex-wide digital collaboration tools to accelerate data exchange and speedup collaboration between design and production agencies.
- Established a program to demonstrate commercial launch services to provide low-cost, high tempo flight testing required to integrate modern technologies, configurations and materials into systems required under stockpile modernization. The first launch was from Spaceport, NM, to White Sands Missile Range and integrated a LANL test RV with an Up Aerospace missile with the successful collection of inflight data through a LANL Cubesat.
- Completed the NWCtask on Hard and Deeply Buried Targets (HDBT) defeat by examining a wide range of design options that could be mated to potential DoD delivery systems.
- Contributed to the development of the next generation of leaders by using young and mid-career technical staff to lead design teams and technology development teams. Training early and mid-career individuals, the program exercised processes to manage work with DoD organizations to explore alternatives to address future challenges to the deterrent.
- Executed Davisgun tests at the Energetic Materials Research and Testing Center (EMRTC, Socorro, NM) to reestablish a vital capability for severe mechanical environments, validate simulations of penetrator mechanics, demonstrate novel shock mitigation technologies, and analyze novel concepts for mechanical hardening of components.
- Performed hypersonic reverse ballistics testing at the Arnold Engineering Development Complex (AEDC) at Arnold AFB, along with several other small-scale tests, in preparation for an upcoming full-scale hypersonic sled track test.
- Reinvigorated DOE reentry vehicle prototyping capability enabling earlier execution of integrated component certification activities and system-level safety tests.

# Stockpile Responsiveness Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Stockpile Responsiveness \$70,000,000	Stockpile Responsiveness \$68,742,000	Stockpile Responsiveness -\$1,258,000
<ul> <li>Incorporated the production plants in a range of activities joint with the nuclear weapons laboratories to accelerate production, qualification, and acceptance testing.</li> <li>Performed analysis of emerging threats and technological challenges.</li> <li>Continued design competition activities.</li> <li>Continued to explore new materials and production techniques.</li> <li>Completed experimental activities for delivery environment for HDBT defeat.</li> <li>Explored and developed high potential opportunities to accelerate production of future systems and components.</li> <li>Incorporated design for manufacturability exercises into challenge problem execution.</li> <li>Explored opportunities for flight testing prototype hardware of non-nuclear systems and components.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide the younger generation of designers and engineers with experience in developing rapid solutions to stockpile system issues by developing and employing modern technologies and methods and performing tests to prove out the solutions.</li> <li>Continue DA/PA efforts to develop advanced manufacturing and production technologies that can accelerate the delivery of long lead time materials and components needed for testing and system development.</li> <li>Develop high tempo hydrotesting, flight testing, and environmental testing capabilities.</li> <li>Support analyzing and developing approaches to addressing high priority future threat scenarios in consultation with the Department of Defense.</li> <li>Deliver the SCDS FY 2023 Rapid Prototype Cycle pegpost that will build a non-war-reserve prototype and develop tools to improve cross- site collaboration in areas like digital engineering.</li> <li>Develop alternative approaches to qualification and acceptance testing that can reduce costs and time frames as well as laboratory and production facility resources.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> </ul>

## Engineering and Integrated Assessments Advanced Certification and Qualification

## Description

Advanced Certification and Qualification (ACQ) develops tools and methods to ensure there is a certification path for stockpile systems and components in the absence of additional nuclear explosive testing by integrating computing, science, technology, and engineering advancements to facilitate certification of future life extension programs (LEPs) and other warhead needs. Additionally, ACQ in collaboration with Advanced Manufacturing Development and the Stockpile Responsiveness program (SRP) explores methods to accelerate the qualification of components and manufacturing processes and reduce costs and laboratory and plant facility requirements. In support of modernization initiatives, ACQ has moved from understanding the certification basis for the legacy stockpile to developing certification methodologies for the stockpile as it is evolving, including planned LEPs and potential systems that could be needed in the future. ACQ is exploring the qualification benefits and challenges of modular architectures proposed for LEPs and future stockpile systems.

More specifically, Advanced Certification and Qualification: (1) develops certification methodologies and integrates new experimental data into common models and assesses any impacts on stockpile performance, (2) develops certification and qualification paths for advanced manufacturing and replacement materials, (3) conducts certification readiness exercises in partnership with other programs to explore certification and qualification challenges in technologies that are being developed or demonstrated for future LEPs, and (4) explores the certification challenges of advanced surety technologies.

Building on the success of design agency/production agency (DA/PA) collaborations demonstrated in SRP, late in FY 2021, ACQ provided funding for Kansas City Nuclear Security Campus (KCNSC), Y-12, and Pantex. This funding was intended to support DA/PA collaborations to further develop qualification methodologies to support advanced manufacturing methods and to seek ways to reduce the time, cost, and footprint required for qualification of stockpile components and material.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Develop certification approaches for systems and components responsive to stockpile modernization initiatives.
- Develop capabilities to enable assessment and qualification of designs that enable agility to meet emerging threats.
- Develop approaches to accelerating and streamlining qualification approaches for new manufacturing methods, materials, and components to reduce time and costs to introduce into the stockpile and to address and manage the inherent technical risk in new approaches.
- Continue a certification readiness exercise to assess the qualification readiness of proposed modular architectures to improve the flexibility and maintainability of stockpile systems and reduce lifecycle costs.
- Execute hydrodynamic tests to support improved technologies and raise TRLs and MRLs.
- Continue to assess the archive of nuclear tests, study of failure modes, and other advanced methods to facilitate use in certification of upcoming sustainment programs.
- Develop understanding of scaling and surrogacy to support the experimental basis for weapon assessments.
- Conduct experiments supporting product-based certification methods of components made with advanced manufacturing.
- Exercise the certifiability of reuse, surety, and hardening concepts, as well as concepts incorporating new manufacturing technologies.
- Develop Advanced Materials qualification methodology to enable component material replacement options.
- Advance microstructure aware simulation capability and deploy in SNL production codes for designers.
- Continue to assess new options and materials and manufacturing techniques for thermal protection systems and develop qualification methodologies.
- Continue to develop and mature the common qualified testers improving flexibility to support future products, reducing long development, build, and qualification cycles.
- Develop new inspection techniques to validate and certify new complex geometries because of advanced manufacturing techniques.
- Continue building on the NNSA 2025 Vision for an Assured Nuclear Enterprise.

## FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Continue to develop an understanding of the impacts of stockpile modernization requirements on certification and qualification methodologies and develop responses to those impacts.
- Perform hydrotests to understand the scaling of performance with dimensions in IHE systems.
- Perform hydrotests to certify PBX9701 and X-0298 high explosive performance.
- Advance the machine learning toolkit for certification and qualification.
- Develop a certification strategy for non-standard secondaries.
- Perform flight test qualification of NNSA and Air Force Research Laboratory concepts using Red-X commercial platform.
- Establish certification strategies for non-standard primaries, including hydros.
- Define performance-based requirements for major materials and components produced at the plants to improve manufacturability.
- Develop and implement testing and qualification methodologies that are common to the design agencies at the production plants wherever achievable to reduce redundancy and optimize resources.
- Define the design space envelope with high confidence for certification to speed up design timelines, and lower development risks.
- Support qualification efforts for advanced materials.
- Down select and define qualification methodologies for new thermal protection system materials.
- Support qualification of additively manufactured brackets and supporting structures and qualification methodologies for these materials in non-destructive applications.
- At production plants, develop common testers for qualification and mature model-based product acceptance methods.
- Develop methods to qualify builds of complex geometric structures.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Supported a JASON letter study of the impact of stockpile modernization requirements on the principal certification methodology QMU (quantification of margins and uncertainties).
- Developed in-situ inspection technologies to accelerate production rates and yields and reduce qualification testing for several new manufacturing technologies, including additive manufacturing of metals and high explosives.
- Completed thermomechanical shock experiments on advanced materials.
- Developed experimentally validated meso-scale simulation capability for AM materials and components.
- Built capability for development and testing of advanced thermal protection system materials.
- Completed a hydrotest in support of the Joint Technology Demonstrator (JTD).
- Developed methods for additively manufactured, structured, high explosives including development of an additively manufactured plane-wave generator.
- Completed development of diagnostics techniques to improve data collection from subcritical experiments.
- Completed gas-gun experiments in support of advanced surety solutions.
- Successfully executed a "blind test" of methodologies to define key performance characteristics from subcritical experiments.
- Performed key experiments for certification of optically initiated detonators.
- Designed an experiment for resolution of a neutron reactivity anomaly.
- Determined that PBX9501 does not undergo DDT (deflagration to detonation transition) for Weapons Response Initiative (WRI) applications. Included in Pantex safety basis via CASTLE.
- Performed direct light PBX9701 "furball" experiments using commercial chip-slapper detonators.
- Performed MEDUSA series of PBX9701 experiments on pRad, including an arc geometry experiment.
- Designed (with LLNL) a brand-new Nuclear Explosive Package or use in the Agile Processes and Technology (APT) demonstrator.
- Sponsored (with DE) integration exercises with AFRL.
- Executed hydro test in support of ECSE technology development.
- Matured the ability to perform acceptance testing using model-based product definition.
- Strengthened and improved nuclear enterprise assurance inspection techniques.
- Installed inline inspection equipment to monitor in-process build quality.

# Weapons Activities/

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# Advanced Certification and Qualification Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Advanced Certification and Qualification \$60,649,000	Advanced Certification and Qualification \$58,104,000	Advanced Certification and Qualification -\$2,545,000
<ul> <li>Developed certification approaches for systems and components responsive to emerging threats.</li> <li>Executed hydrodynamic tests to support technology development as well as investigate ways to significantly reduce the cost of hydrodynamic tests.</li> <li>Assessed nuclear tests, studies of failure modes, and other advanced methods to facilitate use in certification of upcoming sustainment programs.</li> <li>Studied supporting understanding of scaling and surrogacy to support the experimental basis for weapon assessments.</li> <li>Experimented supporting product-based certification methods of components made with advanced manufacturing.</li> <li>Exercised on the certifiability of reuse, surety, and hardening concepts, as well as concepts incorporating new manufacturing technologies.</li> <li>Continued an exercise to assess the qualification readiness of proposed modular architectures to improve the flexibility and maintainability of stockpile systems and reduce lifecycle costs.</li> <li>Included Pantex, Y12, and Kansas City in ACQ to develop improved methods for qualification and acceptance testing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue addressing impacts of stockpile modernization on certification and qualification methodologies.</li> <li>Continue DA/PA collaborations to accelerate qualification processes and methods for new materials and manufacturing processes.</li> <li>Continue hydrotesting in support of the development of certification and qualification methods.</li> <li>Continue a certification readiness exercise to assess the qualification readiness of proposed modular architectures to improve the flexibility and maintainability of stockpile systems and reduce lifecycle costs.</li> <li>Develop understanding of scaling and surrogacy to support the experimental basis for weapon assessments.</li> <li>Conduct experiments supporting product-based certification methods of component material replacement options.</li> <li>Continue to assess new options and materials and manufacturing techniques for thermal protection systems and develop qualification methodologies.</li> <li>Continue to develop and mature the common qualified testers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> </ul>

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Inertial Confinement Fusion

### Overview

The Inertial Confinement Fusion (ICF) program provides high energy density (HED) science capabilities and expertise that support research and testing across the breadth of the Stockpile Stewardship Program. Its two-fold mission is to meet immediate and emerging HED science needs to support the deterrent of today, and to advance the R&D capabilities necessary to meet those needs for the deterrent of the future. The ICF program enables access to and study of the HED regime through (1) the design and execution of complex physics experiments to improve our fundamental science understanding, (2) the development of instrumentation to diagnose physics phenomena at the extreme temperature, pressure, and density conditions relevant to nuclear weapons performance, and (3) the development and operation of experimental facilities capable of reaching those conditions. The ICF program's flagship facilities, the NIF at LLNL, Z at SNL, and Omega at the University of Rochester's Laboratory for Laser Energetics (LLE), represent a complementary set of capabilities designed to meet the diverse needs of weapons physics, the pursuit of ignition, and the exploration of fundamental HED science.

Since most of the energy in a nuclear weapon is generated by matter in HED conditions, understanding the behavior of matter and energy in the HED regime is critical to understanding and predicting the performance of both nuclear weapon primaries and secondaries, as well as the response of weapon components to extreme hostile radiation environments. The ICF program leverages its experimental design expertise and computational modeling capabilities, diagnostic technology, target engineering and fabrication infrastructure, and national HED facilities to ensure high fidelity experimental capabilities and data are available to support a range of NNSA missions. Its capabilities are used by partner programs to assess and certify the existing stockpile, inform design decisions for current life extension programs, investigate hostile nuclear environments, and support research by DoD and key international partners. The program represents the only experimental option available to address many of the weapons-relevant HED science challenges without resuming underground explosive nuclear testing.

The ICF program supports NNSA's long-term R&D mission by developing the knowledge and capabilities necessary to reach controlled thermonuclear fusion in the laboratory. Reaching a burning plasma platform and eventually producing high fusion yield will open the door to a range of important weapons physics that have been unreachable since the cessation of underground explosive nuclear testing. This is among NNSA's most high risk, high reward research efforts. Not only does it attract and challenge some of the nation's best physicists and engineers to the complex, but it also represents an important component of NNSA's preparation to meet the stockpile science challenges of the 2030s and beyond.

In FY 2020, NNSA and the JASON Defense Advisory Group completed two important reviews of the ICF program. The JASON review found that the program remains valuable to the stewardship mission and recommended several shifts in program strategy to optimize scientific progress over the next decade. The internal ICF 2020 review assessed the program's proximity and scaling to ignition and concluded that the ignition threshold is likely beyond current experimental capabilities. Results of NIF experiments in FY 2021 exceeded the study's prediction with near-ignition results of 1.3 MJ fusion yield, opening the door to the study of a burning plasma regime and development of platforms for yield applications relevant to nuclear weapon outputs, environments, and effects. The priority recommendations of the ICF 2020 study largely remain valid and urge for a research program focused on:

- resolving keygaps in physics understanding,
- acquiring information at the current scales to justify cost, scope, and schedule for any future experimental capability investments, and
- pursuing world-leading research that attracts early-career scientists and engineers to all three national HED facilities.

A primary area of focus in FY 2023 will continue to be the implementation of the highest-priority recommendations from those FY 2020 reviews. Activities will be focused on:

• Maintaining the technical leadership and capabilities necessary to recruit, train, challenge, and retain the highest caliber of scientists and engineers to engage in stockpile stewardship.

# Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

- Exploring innovative and disruptive target designs, diagnostics, drivers, and other specialized technologies, simulation capabilities, and analytical tools to maintain leadership, challenge program scientists, and advance physics understanding to support the priorities of stockpile stewardship.
- Addressing keygaps and uncertainties in fundamental physics understanding of fusion target performance.
- Promoting cross-laboratory collaboration and external engagement to improve program efficiencies and ensure continued global leadership.
- Achieving a dependable, repeatable output and development of yield applications relevant to nuclear weapon outputs, environments, and effects.

The FY 2023 Budget supports continued research and operations at NNSA's preeminent HED facilities, with research efforts focused on 1) maturing HED stockpile science concepts and platforms in support of the broader NNSA portfolio and 2) advancing ignition and burning plasma science in keeping with the findings of internal and external FY 2020 reviews. Emphasis on improving operational efficiencies at the NIF, Z, and Omega and on extending the lifetime of these facilities, will continue.

The ICF program is made up of three subprograms:

- 1. **HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications** develops and matures the tools to enable partner programs to investigate weapons physics phenomena for near-term applications and pursues controlled thermonuclear fusion to meet next-generation stockpile science needs.
- 2. ICF Diagnostics and Instrumentation establishes new diagnostic capabilities and experimental support systems through the research and development of specialized technologies necessary to execute experiments studying matter under extreme HED conditions.
- 3. Facility Operations provides the support and services required to ensure the safe and efficient operations of the national HED facilities, including operations, maintenance, load and target consumables, and the research and engineering to sustain facility capabilities.

## Inertial Confinement Fusion HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications

# Description

This subprogram supports R&D in high energy density (HED) physics, including the study of thermonuclear fusion. In the HED state, materials experience pressures greater than one million earth atmospheres and reach temperatures and densities far exceeding those of normal or condensed matter, generating complicated behaviors predominantly described by plasma physics. This complex and dynamic state dominates energy generation in nuclear weapons, making its study a key component of the Stockpile Stewardship Program (SSP). The research supported in this subprogram develops and matures the tools that enable partner programs to investigate dynamic material properties, fluid and plasma hydrodynamics, hydrodynamic instability-induced mix, burn, boost, radiation transport and opacities, and yield applications relevant to nuclear weapon outputs, environments, and effects. This collection of capabilities, in combination with the national HED facilities and enabling diagnostics, provides NNSA's only access to many of these phenomena outside of underground nuclear testing.

This subprogram coordinates closely with the Assessment Science and nuclear modernization programs to conceive, mature, and provide platforms to execute experiments at all the national HED facilities to meet the near-term requirements of stockpile stewardship. These tools provide access to materials data at extreme conditions, allow the study of hostile radiation environments, and make it possible for NNSA, Department of Defense users, and key international partners to probe a variety of complex weapons physics phenomena in the absence of underground nuclear testing.

This subprogram's long-term focus is on R&D to achieve ignition, a burning plasma platform, and ultimately high fusion yield in the laboratory. When realized, these will provide a set of capabilities critical to the long-term viability of the SSP — particularly, the future qualification of nuclear components, the assessment and certification of the next generation of nuclear weapons in the full range of relevant HED regimes, and the investigation of a range of complex physics that has been out of experimental reach since the cessation of underground nuclear testing. HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications pursues these capabilities through theory, experiments, modeling, design, and engineering. As part of this long-term effort, this subprogram includes three distinct approaches to ignition: laser indirect drive, laser direct drive, and magnetic direct drive. These approaches provide complementary physics insights and diversified technical risks, making use of the unique capabilities of each HED facility in the ICF portfolio.

In support of these short- and long-term efforts, this subprogram develops focused modeling capabilities and analytical methods to improve its predictive capability and maximize its use of experimental data across all mission areas. It also continues to explore and improve its ability to couple driver energy to targets in all experimental configurations to maximize the fidelity of weapons physics experiments and continue to improve the performance of integrated fusion experiments.

In FY 2020, HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications was particularly focused on supporting both the internal assessment of its proximity to ignition and the external review by the JASON Defense Advisory Group to identify its long-term value to the broader stewardship mission. Results of NIF experiments in FY 2021, however, exceeded the study's prediction with near-ignition results of 1.3 MJ fusion yield, opening the door to the study of a burning plasma regime and development of platforms for yield applications relevant to nuclear weapon outputs, environments, and effects. The priority recommendations of the ICF 2020 study remain valid, as they urge a research program focused on resolving key gaps in physics understanding and acquiring information at the current scales to justify cost, scope, and schedule for any future investments in experimental capability and pursuing world-leading research that attracts early-career scientists and engineers to all three national HED facilities. In FY 2023, this subprogram will continue to implement some high priority findings and recommendations from both studies to optimize its contributions to SSP and its progress toward ignition and dependable repeatable platforms for yield applications.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

• Maturing experimental platforms to execute highest-priority HED experiments critical to supporting stockpile needs, including the generation of intense sources of x-rays and neutrons for survivability studies and the development of

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

high-fidelity approaches to experimentally characterize materials at high pressure.

- Fusion Yield Platforms (FYP): Fundamental understanding and advancement of fusion performance; enable future access to nuclear weapon-relevant regimes.
- Assessment Science Platforms (ASP): Leverage FYP innovation for modernization, assessment science, and survivability.
- Platforms for material properties, radiation sources, hydro, nuclear physics.
- Simulation and analysis methods (SAM): Improve predictive capability and maximize return on experimental investment across HED science.
- Integrated ICF design, AI, data analysis, focused models.
- Driver physics (DP): Provide future stewards access to and control of a wider range of NW-relevant experimental regimes.
- Implement only highest-priority findings and recommendations from the ICF 2020 and JASON reviews in support of stockpile stewardship, which may include some portion of the following goals:
  - Renewing emphasis on the fundamental physics of ignition.
  - o Balancing inclusion of innovative and disruptive research across the program.
  - Demonstrating improved compression in laser-driven targets.
  - Advancing ability to understand and predict driver-target coupling through focused physics experiments and improved modeling.
  - Developing understanding and planning for a future high yield capability.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Demonstrable progress toward ignition/high yield to provide access to nuclear weapon energy densities for focused and complex physics.
  - o 5-year plan: coupling, compression, uncertainty, proximity (FY 2021-25).
  - HED 5-year plans: energy coupling, scaling uncertainties (FY 2023); establish high-yield facility requirement (FY 2024).
- Platforms for radiation sources and time-resolved materials properties (FY 2023).
- Double-shell burning plasma platform assessment (FY 2025).
- Next-generation ICF code with new architectures (FY 2027).
- Experimentally test combined threats (FY 2027).

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Achieved record neutron yield from deuterium-tritium targets on NIF, demonstrating increased capsule absorbed energy and symmetry control. Ongoing work will build on this new design class to further improve efficiency and performance.
- Created an improved deuterium/deuterium-tritium first-principles equation-of-state (iFPEOS) table using the latest developments in first-principles methodology. It gives better EOS description for D2/DT in good agreement with shock Hugoniot and sound-speed experiments at pressures less than 200 Gigapascals.
- Used new NIF neutron imaging diagnostic to produce first down-scattered neutron image reconstruction on NIF, demonstrating a capability that will be important to address key remaining challenges in compression fusion targets.
- Studied stagnation and implosion performance indicators at Omega, which drove improvement of radiation modeling and better reproduction of experimental density profiles, key to both Laser Direct Drive (LDD) and Laser Indirect Drive (LID).
- Employed new experimental platforms at Omega to experimentally confirm longstanding theory of laser-plasma instabilities; these insights will make it possible to improve energy coupling and control of future ICF implosions.

# HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications	FY 2023 Request HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) HED and Ignition Science for Stockpile Applications
<ul> <li>\$114,792,000</li> <li>Began implementing the findings and recommendations of internal 2020 and JASON reviews focused on the credible and effective pursuit of an ignition platform in support of stockpile stewardship.</li> <li>Provided HED capabilities and platforms to reduce uncertainty in calculations of nuclear weapons performance in support of annual assessments, life extension programs (LEPs), and future modernization needs (e.g., W87-1), in keeping with the priorities of the Five-Year Plan for HED Experiments.</li> <li>Enabled data collection on the properties of high-atomic-number materials, such as uranium and plutonium, to inform assessment and certification of the stockpile.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$104,719,000</li> <li>Advance understanding in key areas within megajoule yield and burning plasma science.</li> <li>Start work to resolve uncertainties in laser- driven target performance.</li> <li>Explore portion of the design space for laser- driven targets with alternative target drive approaches.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$10,073,000</li> <li>Decrease supports highest-priority topics within ignition and burning plasma science studies and focuses efforts to explore some key target and drive configurations for laser-driven targets.</li> </ul>

# Inertial Confinement Fusion ICF Diagnostics and Instrumentation

# Description

The Inertial Confinement Fusion (ICF) Diagnostics and Instrumentation subprogram establishes new diagnostic capabilities and experimental support systems at the three national high energy density (HED) facilities through the research and development of specialized technologies necessary to execute experiments studying matter under extreme HED conditions. Diagnostics developed within this subprogram underpin the scientific advances made in support of all HED experimental application areas, including Assessment Science, nuclear survivability, and the pursuit of high fusion yield. They provide the key link between facility generation of HED conditions and the use of experimental data to validate models and resolve we apons physics issues. Improvements in diagnostic performance enable the extraction of essential physics phenomena of interest from complex and dynamic experiments. Recent investments in this subprogram have provided unprecedented experimental fidelity in the HED regime, allowing more useful information to be gained from each experiment, which is used by Assessment Science, Advanced Simulation and Computing, Stockpile Management, and other stockpile programs for successful execution of their respective Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan responsibilities.

Priority activities across this subprogram include: advancing new technologies through design and engineering of transformational diagnostics that provide unprecedented information from HED experiments and can be used across the HED facilities; fielding diagnostics based on known technologies to address local needs and to achieve programmatic deliverables at each HED facility; and meeting HED experimental requirements through new experimental capabilities and operationally efficient support systems. Efforts to advance these activities also include development of experimental platforms that expand the performance range of the advanced laser- and pulsed-power facilities, new cryogenics capabilities such as improved handling and positioning systems or improved control layer quality systems, and new experimental capabilities such as improved laser diagnostics for accuracy or beam balancing. Many of these developments, particularly the transformational diagnostics, are advanced through coordinating efforts and sharing expertise across the HED facilities.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Research and develop highest-priority transformational diagnostics at the three national HED facilities to improve the fidelity of data for studying physical phenomena relevant to stockpile work. This may include:
  - Developing next-generation high resolution velocimeters for NIF and Omega to measure material properties at extreme conditions.
  - Developing Wolter and toroidal hard x-ray imagers at NIF to discern hot spot temperature with temporal and spatial resolution.
  - Finishing a prototype diagnostic for time resolved diffraction on NIF and assessing detector options for Omega.
  - Developing next-generation hybrid CMOS sensors to increase measurement sensitivity at NIF, Z, and Omega.
  - $\circ \quad \text{Installing gamma reaction history diagnostic on Z to support Assessment Science experiments.}$
- Improve, field, and maintain key required local diagnostics and associated support systems to effectively execute
  experimental activities by capturing key data that will validate physics codes and reduce uncertainties in assessing
  nuclear weapons performance. This includes improving x-ray detectors, imagers, and spectrometers (radiation
  hardening, imaging at high yield, time-resolution), optical diagnostics (streak cameras, VISAR), and nuclear diagnostics
  (burn history, neutron time of flight detectors, stagnation diagnostics, fusion yield).
- Develop new experimental capabilities and diagnostic support systems to include work on target systems and infrastructure support capabilities, cryogenic systems and gas fill operation improvements, and improvements on laser accuracy/performance and optics performance.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Develop and deploy transformational diagnostics, according to the National Diagnostics Plan, which will help acquire unprecedented information related to materials data, complex hydrodynamics, radiation flow and effects, and thermonuclear burn physics data.
- Develop and deploy local diagnostics as well as their associated analysis packages that can operate in harsh HED environments necessary in understanding radiation physics and the behavior of matter in the HED regime that are

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critical to predicting the performance of nuclear weapons and understanding both primary and secondary nuclear weapon physics.

- Develop and deploy new experimental capabilities and diagnostic support systems that provide improved efficiency and better performance.
- Collaborate between NIF and Z to deploy additional diagnostics on Z fully utilizing the capabilities of their pulsed power system.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Generated the first reconstructed carbon gamma ray image produced from a NIF deuterium-tritium layered implosion, providing information about the shape of the ablator material at peak compression. This work supported a FY 2021 program milestone.
- Obtained first data on NIF using a Tantalum L-shell spectrometer. This is an important step for developing a plutonium capability by mid-FY 2024.
- Obtained the final data set required to commission the added gamma imaging capability on the third line of sight active neutron imaging system, meeting the FY 2021 program milestone; this added capability lays the groundwork to provide the spatial distribution of the production of the primary neutrons, shape of the cold dense deuterium-tritium fuel, and the remaining ablator at peak neutron production. Three-dimensional data is important for model validation of ICF implosions.
- Demonstrated significant reduction in background signals using a new shield design with the time resolved x-ray diffraction prototype, which will be used to develop a future multi-frame x-ray diffraction capability.
- Successfully tested radiation-hardened CMOS cameras on three high yield (greater than 2 x 10¹⁶ neutrons) NIF shots.
- Completed fabrication run for Daedalus read out integrated circuit to enable new spectroscopic measurements on Z and NIF.
- Commissioned a new symmetric cryogenic target cooling capability on Z. The multi-year effort decreased the temperature gradient and will enable advanced fuel configurations for ICF and Assessment Science platforms on Z.
- Recorded first high-quality, gated radiograph with the ultrafast x-ray imager system on a dynamic screw pinch experiment.
- Held joint requirements reviews between SNL and LLNL for a precision neutron time-of-flight diagnostic to improve ion temperature measurements and to quantify the residual kinetic energy in the burn phase of an ICF implosion and for a streak camera to measure fast x-ray emission with almost 100 times faster temporal resolution that current capabilities. This is a part of the collaboration to "transfer" diagnostic capabilities from NIF to Z.
- Completed first research and development phase to create a new image plate scanner for Z, NIF, Omega, and NRL and AWE partners.
- Employed the new Scattered Light Uniformity Imager (SLUI) diagnostic to understand and model the scattered light and resulting drive nonuniformity resulting caused by the Omega polarization rotators via cross beam energy transfer modulations.
- Acquired dynamic radiographs using a new Fresnel Zone Plate imager for measuring instability growth at a shock driven plastic/foam interface with unprecedented spatial resolution (1 μm).

# ICF Diagnostics and Instrumentation Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
ICF Diagnostics and Instrumentation \$73,014,000	ICF Diagnostics and Instrumentation \$67,597,000	ICF Diagnostics and Instrumentation -\$5,417,000
<ul> <li>Implemented the National Diagnostic Plan by developing transformational diagnostics and any associated technologies or support systems to ensure high-fidelity data of key physics phenomena relevant to stockpile work. This includes work on next-generation fast, efficient, high resolution x-ray detectors; new time-resolved x-ray platforms, to understand the evolution of material structure and strength at high pressure; three-dimensional photon and neutron imaging, to fully reconstruct non-symmetric implosions; and diagnostics to obtain data on the properties of high-atomic-weight materials in new weapon-relevant high energy density (HED) regimes, to support annual assessment and life extension activities.</li> <li>Deployed new local diagnostics required by HED facilities to effectively support execution of experimental activities by capturing key data that will validate physics codes and reduce uncertainties in assessing nuclear weapons performance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop highest-priority transformational diagnostics to include: developing next-generation high resolution velocimeters for NIF and Omega to measure material properties at extreme conditions; developing Wolter/toroidal hard x-ray imagers at NIF to discern hot spot temperature; finishing a prototype diagnostic for time resolved diffraction on NIF and assessing options for Omega; developing next-generation hybrid CMOS sensors to increase measurement sensitivity at NIF, Z, and Omega; and installing gamma reaction history diagnostic on Z.</li> <li>Improve, field, and maintain key required local diagnostics and associated support systems to effectively execute experimental activities by capturing key data that will validate physics codes and reduce uncertainties in assessing nuclear weapons performance. This includes improving x-ray detectors, imagers, and spectrometers (radiation hardening, imaging at high yield, time-resolution), optical diagnostics (burn history, neutron time of flight detectors, stagnation diagnostics, fusion yield).</li> <li>Develop new experimental capabilities and diagnostic support systems to include work on target systems and infrastructure support capabilities, cryogenic systems and gas fill operation improvements, and improvements on</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease supports the highest-priority diagnostics and instrumentation activities and represents a reprioritization of resources to support higher priority NNSA programmatic efforts.</li> </ul>

		Explanation of Changes
FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs
		FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
laser accuracy/performance and optics		

performance.

# Inertial Confinement Fusion Facility Operations

# Description

The ICF Facility Operations subprogram supports the suite of ICF experimental and design facilities, which provide high energy density (HED) capabilities and platforms for weapons physics and development of next-generation capabilities. The NIF, Z, and Omega HED facilities, as well as advanced target design facilities at LANL, play a critical role in exploring material properties, hydrodynamics, weapon output, effects, and survivability, platform and diagnostics development, ignition, and high yield. The NNSA ICF facilities continue to push the boundaries of HED science. As the best-in-class facilities in the world, they also serve to attract and challenge some of the nation's best physicists and engineers to the nuclear security enterprise.

ICF Facility Operations provides not only the facilities, but also diagnostics and targets essential to meet the experimental demands of the national HED experimental plans. Diagnostic capabilities become part of the facility operations after the design stage is complete. Proper fielding, upkeep, and calibration of these diagnostics is required to maintain high-fidelity measurements and data expected to meet research objectives. Target fabrication is a key component of SSP experiments on NNSA's major HED facilities including NIF, Omega, and Z. The target is at the heart of the experiments and its designs and details change based on the goals of the program, with over 200 new designs yearly. The recent advances at NIF have highlighted the effects of capsule imperfections as well as the attention required for successful mitigation techniques of managing necessary capsule non-uniformities such as fill tubes and positioning. Advanced target designs are being pursued at all facilities to explore aspects of energy coupling and to provide experimental platform for stockpile mission experiments. Funded through ICF Facility Operations, target production and research include ongoing work at both NNSA laboratories and contractors to advance the ICF capabilities.

The ICF facilities are aging and have urgent needs for refurbishment to sustain the level of precision and system deliverables required to continue to advance yield and performance boundaries. Needs beyond routine maintenance have been identified in each facility's Sustainment Plan. For example, at NIF some systems, such as the main amplifiers and final optic systems, are experiencing damage and degradation due to debris. The debris sources must be eliminated, and the existing optical assemblies must be removed, refurbished, or replaced. Other systems such as the control system's embedded controllers have become obsolete and are no longer supported by industry so must be replaced. At Z, legacy systems such as insulating oil, water, and gas systems require updates. A major concern for continued operations past 2030 is the degradation of components in the Z Energy Storage system including more than 2,000 capacitors. Over the next five years, a significant investment will be made to sustain the ICF facilities and assure their continued contributions to stockpile stewardship in the 2030s.

Activities of facility operations are identified by operations, maintenance, load and target consumables, and the research and engineering required to sustain the facility capabilities.

- **Operations:** Operation of the ICF facilities includes executing a shot or preparing for and/or recovering from a shot as well as the facility preparation and pre-/post-shot reviews necessary to assure that shots are machine-safe and optimized to achieve the user's goals. Advanced target facilities at LANL also provide unique access to new regimes of programmatic relevance.
- Maintenance: Each of these precision ICF facilities require a high level of maintenance, including the categories of preventative maintenance, reactive maintenance, and reliability/efficiency improvements. Preventative maintenance is routine maintenance intended to keep a system working properly. Reactive maintenance describes work to fix things that are broken or impaired, including deferred maintenance. Reliability and efficiency improvements incorporate minor system improvements to enhance reliability and/or efficiency but do not include significant improvements or new capabilities.
- Loads/target consumables: The loads and targets for experiments at ICF facilities require careful preparation and construction for each. These include the consumables of experimental campaigns as well as refurbishments necessary for key load/target hardware which is routinely refurbished or repaired.

### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

• Sustaining capabilities: Assuring continued high performance and reliability is key to optimal scientific output. Each of the ICF facilities is over 10 years old and requires ongoing refurbishment including replacing obsolete and unmaintainable systems with updated equipment that utilizes technology improvements and implement reliability and efficiency upgrades to improve facility productivity. Independent of improvements to energy and power, the NIF, Z, Omega, and LANL facilities require a range of sustainment investments that the program is in the process of prioritizing. Such updates will be required to enable another decade of stockpile science on ICF facilities.

Assessment Science, Advanced Simulation and Computing, Stockpile Management, Weapons Survivability, and other stockpile program elements, as well as external mission partners including Defense Threat Reduction Agency and the United Kingdom's Atomic Weapons Establishment (AWE), are informed by, access, and benefit from the capabilities developed by this subprogram to successfully meet SCDS pegposts and execute the NNSA Stockpile Stewardship Management Plan.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Provide operational facilities to obtain the key data that reduce uncertainty in calculations of nuclear weapons performance.
- Obtain data on the properties of high atomic-weight materials, such as uranium and plutonium, in new weapon-relevant HED regimes using the Z at SNL and the NIF at LLNL.
- Continue safe and efficient operation of all NNSA-funded national HED facilities in accordance with their Governance Plans.
- Advance unique target design and development capabilities at LANL.
- Support the highest-priority HED experimental needs, within assessment science, nuclear survivability, and the pursuit of multi-MJ yield at NIF, Z, and Omega.
- Explore technology to support future facility investments, such as new approaches to energy balance, laser plasma instabilities (LPI), and improved energy coupling.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Execute experiments approved by ICF program management and the combined HED/ICF Council is the top priority for the Facility Operations funding. Delivering on this priority requires well-maintained and calibrated facilities, quality targets, calibrated diagnostics, and highly skilled staff to execute the highly complex and precise HED experiment schedules.
- Assure that core experimental capabilities are proactively maintained by executing refurbishment and recapitalization of key ICF facility systems necessary to sustain performance levels of ICF facilities.
- Mitigate implosion degradation mechanisms through target advancements.
- Increase Pu capabilities at number of experiments on both Z and NIF.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Experiments executed on NNSA's HED facilities:
  - NIF experiments: 370; Z experiments: 104; Omega/Omega-EP experiments: 2,084 (estimated FY 2021 shots, based on experimental plans).
- High impact stockpile stewardship experiments:
  - A record yield of 1.3MJ was created from a deuterium-tritium fusion experiment on NIF.
  - NIF provided nuclear survivability tests examining cold x-ray response of materials under a range of different fluences was critical to a collaboration between AWE, the UK Ministry of Defense, the U.S. Navy, DTRA, Naval Research Lab, and LLNL. In addition to measuring the response of 2D coupons, new this year was the first measurement on the x-ray response of a complex, three-dimensional, scaled test object.
  - Experiments executed on the NIF provided data on the co-propagating shocks to validate modeling complex hydrodynamics in ICF.
  - Experiments at the Omega extended performance (EP) laser studying a high explosive (TATB) will guide future NIF shot.

# Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# • New or improved capabilities developed on HED facilities:

- Demonstrated success with a new Z platform that provides more data and higher peak pressures for plutonium studies.
- Mitigated capsule support effects by routine alternate capsule support.
- Developed multiyear plans for facility sustainment of Z, NIF, and Omega.
- Demonstrated mitigation of stimulated Brillouin scattering (SBS) through use of a new 4-color capability on NIF consistent with predictions, opening greater parameter space for ignition designs.
- Commissioned a High-Density Carbon (HDC) capsule coating and polishing capability at LLNL to allow for research and development of mitigations to HDC capsule imperfections.
- Demonstrated Fourth-generation Lasers for Ultra-broadband Experiments (FLUX) technology through testbed laser experiments which have applications to mitigate LPI and provide improved beam smoothing for direct-drive ICF.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Facility Operations \$387,194,000	Facility Operations \$371,779,000	Facility Operations -\$15,415,000
<ul> <li>Maintained safe and efficient operations at all the national HED facilities: NIF, Z, and Omega.</li> <li>Emphasized experiments in direct support of the stockpile and implementation of the findings and recommendations of ICF 2020 and JASON reviews.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin refurbishment and recapitalization of most critical systems as identified in facility sustainment plans.</li> <li>Continue safe and efficient operation of all NNSA-funded national HED facilities in accordance with their Governance Plans.</li> <li>Support the highest-priority HED experimental needs within assessment science, nuclear survivability, and the pursuit of multi-MJ yield at NIF, Z, and Omega.</li> <li>Advance unique target design and development capabilities at LANL.</li> </ul>	The decrease will support most critical facility refurbishment needs to assure continued operations.

# Facility Operations Activities and Explanation of Changes

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Advanced Simulation and Computing

### Overview

The Advanced Simulation and Computing (ASC) program provides high-end simulation capabilities (e.g., modeling codes, computing platforms, and supporting infrastructure) to meet the requirements of the SSP. Modeling the complexity of nuclear weapons systems is essential to maintaining confidence in the performance of our stockpile without underground nuclear testing. The ASC program provides the weapon codes that provide the integrated assessment capability supporting annual assessment and future sustainment program qualification and certification of the stockpile. ASC is an integral element of the Stewardship Capability Delivery Schedule (SCDS). ASC provides critical capabilities that help inform decision-making related to the sustainment of the nuclear stockpile in support of U.S. national security objectives. The program also coordinates with NNSA and other government agencies, including the Intelligence Community, to support nonproliferation, emergency response, nuclear forensics, and attribution activities.

The ASC computing capabilities are the key integrating mechanism across the nuclear weapons program through the Integrated Design Codes (IDCs), which contain mathematical descriptions of the physical processes of nuclear weapons systems and functions. Combined with weapon-specific data, these IDCs support high-fidelity, physical models used to carry out design studies, maintenance analyses, the Annual Assessment Reports, sustainment programs, SFIs, and weapons dismantlement activities, all without additional underground explosive nuclear testing. The IDCs currently perform well for general mission-related activities. However, issues such as aging, potential new threats, and new manufacturing techniques require IDCs with new, enhanced-fidelity physical models that use high-performance computing (HPC) resources more effectively. ASC capabilities that support the stockpile stewardship mission were built on the computing technologies commercially available for the past two decades. To provide increased computing power for general consumer markets, industry has evolved beyond that scientific-computing-technology paradigm. ASC must maintain currency with the computing industry to ensure continued performance of the IDCs on the next-generation compute platforms, as required to maintain a credible nuclear deterrent and address potential additional mission needs in non-proliferation, emergency response, nuclear forensics, and attribution programs.

In addition to these capabilities, the ASC program is advancing several internal initiatives, or special projects, to leverage developing technologies and capabilities to support the sustainment of the nuclear stockpile. ASC established the Large-Scale Calculations Initiative, currently underway, to determine the limitations and scaling potential of our current assessment capabilities. This initiative assesses the potential of current HPC platforms, codes, and qualified personnel by exploring physics calculations that are impractical for regular assessment capabilities due to job sizes, time length of the code runs, or a combination of the two. The initiative pushes the national security laboratories to look beyond current computing abilities to make today's hero calculations those of routine business soon for a variety of NNSA missions. Another effort is the Advanced Machine Learning Initiative (AMLI), which aims to increase the use of commercially available artificial intelligence hardware and further develop machine learning algorithms to add to the ASC physics-informed simulation portfolio. This initiative can significantly increase efficiency, improve models to better match experimental data, and tighten the integration of multi-scale and multi-dimensional models, while addressing concerns with validation of these techniques when new errors are introduced. Another initiative across the national security laboratories is quantum computing (QC), which seeks to develop new methods and expertise in algorithm development and hardware evaluations to develop promising QC technologies suitable for nuclear weapon applications. The ASC program aims to drive efficiencies into the manufacturing process through ASC's Production Simulation Initiative (PSI). Efforts such as the Simulation First initiative at KCNSC incorporates physics-based simulation into production operations to optimize solutions.

The Advanced Simulation and Computing program is composed of six subprograms:

- 1. **Integrated Codes** produces large-scale, IDCs that allow the performance of detailed nuclear weapons assessments without the need for additional nuclear explosive testing.
- 2. Physics and Engineering Models provides the models and databases used in simulations supporting the U.S. stockpile.
- 3. Verification and Validation brings the Integrated Codes and Physics and Engineering Models subprograms of ASC together with the Stockpile Management program to evaluate the capability of IDCs.

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- 4. Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation addresses the need to build new IDCs that are more aligned with emerging, next-generation system architectures and to develop next-generation computing technologies and software.
- 5. **Computational Systems and Software Environment** builds an integrated, balanced, and scalable computational capabilities, including HPC systems and requisite software stacks.
- 6. Facility Operations and User Support provides the facilities and user services required to enable nuclear weapons simulations.

# Advanced Simulation and Computing Integrated Codes

# Description

The Integrated Codes (IC) subprogram produces large-scale IDCs that enable detailed nuclear weapons assessments without the need for additional underground nuclear explosive testing. They are the codes used for physics and engineering stockpile assessments to support concept studies, certification, maintenance analyses, LEPs, Alts, SFIs, and weapons dismantlement activities. The IDCs represent a repository of knowledge gained from experiments on NNSA's wide range of facilities, legacy nuclear explosive tests, enhancements made to support the Stockpile Management program, and a variety of other critical national security missions. These codes enable nuclear forensics, for eign assessments, and device disablement techniques related to nuclear counter-terrorism efforts and the study of nuclear weapons behavior in normal, abnormal, and hostile environments, as well as outputs to enable effects estimates.

The IC subprogram also maintains select legacy codes and is responsible for ancillary tools that support the weapons mission. These specialized codes enable simulation workflow, generate models or information used by the IDCs, and validate the IDCs by comparison with experimental data obtained from facilities, such as Z and NIF. In this way, IC serves an integrating tool for activities across SRT&E.

Long-term technical goals for the IC subprogram are to provide credible simulation capabilities that cover all the relevant physics and maximize performance on current and future ASC computing platforms. These goals are achieved through collaborative activities with the Physics and Engineering Models (PEM), Verification and Validation (V&V), and Computational Systems and Software Environment (CSSE) subprograms and experimental programs in the Office of Experimental Sciences. The IC subprogram will prepare for the more complex and heterogeneous node architecture of upcoming high-performance computing (HPC) platforms through advances achieved by the Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation (ATDM) subprogram.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Continue to provide weapons code capabilities to the NNSA nuclear security enterprise for annual assessments, SFI investigations, LEP qualification and certification, and related nuclear security assessments.
- Continue porting of current and next-generation integrated design codes to the El Capitan early access system-3 (EAS-3) nodes, which will have one-generation-earlier graphics processing units (GPUs) than what will be deployed in the final El Capitan system.
- Support production agencies using ASC codes and computing resources as part of the Production Simulation Initiative (PSI).

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Develop and deploy a production-level simulation capability to perform assess and develop mitigation strategies for hostile encounters.
- Continue developing and evaluating next-generation weapons code technologies on advanced architecture systems to identify and address remaining performance and portability issues.
- Continue developing and deploying science-based modeling capabilities to drive efficiency and productivity between the design and production agencies as part of the PSI, including working closely with V&V for embedded UQ to enable virtual design cycles.
- Provide high-fidelity codes to simulate new materials in relevant reentry environments.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Maintained full baselines for all stockpile systems and used these baselines to improve the fidelity of annual stockpile assessments.
- Advanced nuclear performance assessment codes for boost and secondary performance; safety codes to address multipoint safety issues; and engineering assessment codes for hostile, normal, and abnormal environments.
- Adapted existing codes to new HPC architectures and migrate current design and safety codes to run efficiently on heterogeneous computing architectures.

## Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# Integrated Codes Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Integrated Codes \$137,956,000	Integrated Codes \$155,556,000	Integrated Codes +\$17,600,000
<ul> <li>Continued development of existing and next- generation integrated codes to support nuclear performance assessments for boost and secondary performance, safety to address multi- point safety issues, engineering assessment for hostile environments, and engineering assessment for normal and abnormal environments.</li> <li>Migrated current design and safety codes to run efficiently on heterogeneous architectures.</li> <li>Supported KCNSC's on-going use of ASC codes and computing resources to solve production manufacturing problems.</li> <li>Continued with code builds and ports, testing and bug fixes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Further develop existing and next-generation integrated codes to support stockpile sustainment, for stockpile modernization, including performance in relevant environments, and relevant safety issues.</li> <li>Develop and deploy simulation tools to be utilized by production agencies.</li> <li>Support analysts and designers in utilization of the updated integrated design codes.</li> <li>Port current and next-generation integrated design codes to the El Capitan early access system-3 (EAS-3) nodes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase provides support for ATDM simulation capabilities to be productionized and sustained by IC.</li> </ul>

## Advanced Simulation and Computing Physics and Engineering Models

# Description

The Physics and Engineering Models (PEM) subprogram provides the models and databases used in simulations supporting the U.S. stockpile. These models and databases describe a wide variety of physical and engineering processes occurring in a nuclear weapon lifecycle. The capability to accurately simulate these processes is required for annual assessment; design, qualification, and certification of warheads undergoing sustainment programs; resolution (and in some cases generation) of SFIs; and the development of future stockpile technologies. The PEM subprogram is closely linked to the Assessment Science program within the SRT&E, which provides the experimental data that informs development of new models used in simulation codes.

The PEM subprogram's responsibilities are threefold: 1) to provide mathematical models and databases to represent physical behavior and physical data (e.g., Equation of State (EOS), strength parameters, radiation opacities and nuclear cross-sections) for use in the IDCs; 2) to collaborate with the IC subprogram to implement these models and data in the IDCs; and 3) to collaborate with the Verification & Validation (V&V) subprogram to ensure the models have been implemented correctly (verified) and have been compared to experimental data (validated).

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Support survivability and hostile environment modeling across current and future high-performance computing systems.
- Revamp foundational materials modeling infrastructure to fully support and utilize next-generation architectures.
- Improve physics models relevant to full range of applications. This includes improved modeling of multi-physics response to combined abnormal environments, expanding current inline opacity capabilities to support modeling certification efforts and hostile environments, and implementing phase-aware material models for strength and ejecta.
- Continue to improve and deploy modeling capabilities to positively impact production requirements as part of PSI.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Extend physics models and simulation methodologies for evaluation of weapon performance and response in relevant environments.
- Work with V&V and in support of the Advanced Machine Learning Initiative, developing credible and interpretable
  machine learning toolkits to enable physics-constrained ML models with quantifiable uncertainties and holistic data
  assessments.
- Provide age-aware physics models to update lifetime assessments in the AAR.
- Create an infrastructure for foundational materials modeling and calibration that fully utilizes advanced features of next-generation architectures, ML techniques, and experimental full-field data.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Developed methods to characterize explosives in support of the W80-4 LEP.
- Quantified sensitivity of yield and criticality to a wide range of primary design parameters.
- Concluded the 3rd Sandia Fracture Challenge, with a focus on reliability of additively manufactured metals. The challenge elicited responses from 22 international teams using a variety of computational approaches to link material structure to performance of an additively manufactured component loaded to failure.
- Developed and implemented models of common circuit failure mechanisms to aid in the qualification of commercial off-the-shelf parts and can be used to predict deterioration on performance and ultimate failure of application-specific integrated circuits as a function of aging.

# Physics and Engineering Models Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Physics and Engineering Models \$77,967,000	Physics and Engineering Models \$77,804,000	Physics and Engineering Models -\$163,000
<ul> <li>Revamped and further developed material models and infrastructure to fully support and utilize El Capitan.</li> <li>Furthered refinement and improved credibility of predictive models for manufacturing processes, including pre-production and post-production processes.</li> <li>Developed machine learning toolkits to enable physics models in areas such as strength/damage and nuclear data.</li> <li>Furthered refinement of models to enable assessments of future stockpile options</li> <li>Supported production agencies in the use of ASC models to solve production manufacturing problems.</li> <li>Developed mission-relevant quantum simulation algorithms.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support survivability and hostile environment modeling across current and future HPC systems.</li> <li>Utilize foundational materials modeling infrastructure to fully support El Capitan, in addition to preparing for other advanced architectures.</li> <li>Improve and deploy modeling capabilities to positively impact production requirements as part of PSI.</li> <li>Develop age-aware physics models.</li> <li>Develop and refine mission-relevant quantum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Slight decrease reflects redirection of resources to enhance next-generation code development in preparation for EAS-3 access.</li> </ul>

### Advanced Simulation and Computing Verification and Validation

### Description

The Verification and Validation (V&V) subprogram provides evidence that the models in the codes produce mathematically credible answers that reflect physical reality. V&V focuses on establishing soundness in integrated simulation capabilities by collecting evidence that the numerical methods and simulation models are being solved correctly and whether the simulation results from mathematical and computational models implemented into the codes are in alignment with real-world observations. The V&V subprogramfunds the critical skills needed to apply systematic measurement, documentation, and demonstration of the ability of the models and codes to predict physical behavior.

V&V brings the IC and PEM subprograms together with other SRT&E activities to evaluate the capability of the IDCs. Verification activities demonstrate that the IDCs and PEM models are correctly solving their respective governing equations. Validation activities ensure that both science codes and IDCs are solving the equations accurately, and that the models themselves are sufficiently precise for the intended application. Together, these subprogram activities provide a technically rigorous, credible, and sensible foundation for computational science and engineering calculations by developing, exercising, and implementing tools that provide confidence in the simulations of high-consequence nuclear stockpile problems.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Improve necessary next-generation verification and validation techniques to continue support in methods, assessments, and data archiving.
- Continue extending the verification and validation infrastructure to include next-generation integrated design codes.
- Support advancement of V&V and Uncertainty Quantification (UQ) suites to support the current stockpile integration
  of common modeling workflows.
- Integrate test suites into existing workflows for supporting a broad customer base.
- Demonstrate improved and validated nuclear data from machine learning techniques demonstrated into material response and plasma models.
- Implement the Engineering Common Model Framework to enhance common modeling techniques for ASC capabilities.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Utilize capabilities to evaluate the fidelity of the simulation tools in collaboration with integrated codes, model development, and weapon application communities.
- Develop Engineering Common Modeling Frameworks with integrated V&V/UQ and sensitivity analysis.
- Collaborate with PEM to support the development of credible and interpretable machine learning toolkits to enable physics-constrained ML models with quantifiable uncertainties and holistic data assessments.
- Establish a V&V/UQ framework and workflows to support the credible application of next-generation codes on current and emerging platforms.
- Enhance provision of tools and methodologies for estimating the uncertainty in weapon simulation results from the IDCs.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Established a model for resource scaling with end-to-end analysis for prototyping intrinsic credibility in analysis workflows.
- Developed a baseline thermal model within Next Generation Workflow project for the Engineering Common Model Repository for the B83 system.
- Applied processing codes on nuclear data variations to produce thermalized, multi-grouped libraries to support next-generation nuclear data UQ efforts.
- Provided training on the use of UQ tools, aided by initial advanced machine learning techniques.

## Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

## Verification and Validation Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Verification and Validation \$61,676,000</li> <li>Continued to verify and validate improvements in nuclear performance and safety codes to address multi-point safety issues.</li> <li>Validated improvements to physics and material models.</li> <li>Validated improvements in engineering codes for normal, abnormal, and hostile environments.</li> <li>Adopted new V&amp;V protocols for algorithms running on heterogeneous HPC architectures.</li> <li>Advanced predictive capability of codes and models.</li> <li>Improved existing and developed new primary and secondary common models.</li> <li>Provided training on the use of LIQ tools aided</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Verification and Validation \$58,678,000</li> <li>Improve necessary next-generation verification and validation techniques to continue support in methods, assessments, and data archiving.</li> <li>Enhance V&amp;V protocols for algorithms running on hybrid HPC architectures.</li> <li>Develop and provide training on the use of new and existing UQ tools.</li> <li>Implement quality assurance controls to ensure material and nuclear databases are correctly updated and maintained.</li> <li>Develop and refine the primary and secondary common models.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FY 2021 Enacted (\$)</li> <li>Verification and Validation -\$2,998,000</li> <li>Decrease reflects a redirection of resources to enhance integration of ASC models and codes.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Provided training on the use of UQ tools, aided by initial advanced machine learning techniques.</li> <li>Implemented quality assurance controls to ensure material and nuclear databases are correctly updated and maintained.</li> </ul>		

## Advanced Simulation and Computing Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation

## Description

The Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation (ATDM) subprogram is transitioning laboratory code and computer engineering/science projects, supporting long-term simulation and computing goals relevant to both exascale computing and the broad national security missions of NNSA, to the other ASC subprograms as these tools and capabilities will support code usability for broader mission applications. In prior years, this subprogram had addressed the need to build new IDCs that are more aligned with emerging technologies and to engage in co-design collaborations with industry to evolve the HPC operating systems and development software so that next-generation weapons codes will perform well on future HPC systems.

The current ASC simulation capabilities are encountering a computing paradigm change as HPC technologies evolve to radically different and more complex (many-core or heterogeneous) architectures. This subprogram addresses three major challenges: 1) the radical shift in computer system architectures, 2) maintaining current IDCs that took more than a decade to develop and validate, and 3) adapting current capabilities as evolving computing technologies become increasingly disruptive to the IDCs.

As the ATDM work scope is being transitioned to other ASC subprograms, it continues to seek solutions for remaining issues associated with evolving system architectures.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

• Develop additional capabilities and harden user software technologies to prepare for transition to ASC Computational Systems & Software Environment subprogram in FY 2024.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

• The subprogram will achieve its objectives in FY 2024.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

• Sustained the portfolio of the ATDM subprogram and matured simulation capabilities to evaluate hostile environment response, along with accelerated development of next-generation IDCs and mission-support software stack.

## Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation

# Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation \$40,000,000	Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation \$12,000,000	Advanced Technology Development and Mitigation -\$28,000,000
<ul> <li>Sustained ASC investment in the DOE Exascale Computing Project (ECP) for Application Development and Software Technology (ST) focus areas.</li> <li>Coordinated activities associated with transitioning next-gen simulation capabilities with IC, PEM, and V&amp;V subprograms, and adoption of next-generation computer science technologies by CSSE.</li> <li>Continued Interagency CoDesign (ICD) activities with National Cancer Institute and biomedical industry.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue funding NNSA-specific ECP ST projects in the Next-Generation Architecture and Software Development product group.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stand down the ATDM Next-Generation Code Development and Application (CDA) and ICD product groups.</li> </ul>

### Advanced Simulation and Computing Computational Systems and Software Environment

## Description

The Computational Systems and Software Environment (CSSE) subprogram builds a portfolio of integrated, balanced, and scalable computational capabilities to provide the needed computing environment stability to protect NNSA's investment in IDCs. In addition to the powerful Commodity Technology (CT) and Advanced Technology (AT) systems that the program fields, the supporting software infrastructure that is deployed on these platforms include many critical components, ranging from system software to input/output (I/O) services, storage and networking, post-processing (visualization and data analysis tools), and next-generation computing technologies. CSSE also examines possible future technologies beyond exascale, such as quantum, neuromorphic, and non-complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor (non-CMOS)-based computing techniques.

The CSSE subprogram provides the computational infrastructure, both hardware and software, necessary to support weapon applications, as follows:

- Design, develop, and deploy usable computing systems. The CSSE subprogram will design and procure HPC systems required to support stockpile stewardship and broader nuclear security missions. These systems will include test beds and early access systems for evaluation and analysis of code performance issues on next-generation hardware, CT systems for most stockpile computing work, and AT systems for large-scale simulation workloads and predictive science advances.
- Provide comprehensive, stable computing and development environments. The CSSE subprogram will also provide the system software and code development environments necessary for code development and simulation using the computing hardware.

Authorized by DOE Order 130.1A, ASC will use a lease-to-own funding vehicle for the Commodity Technology System, Advanced Technology System, and storage system procurements in situations that make programmatic and financial sense.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Accept and deploy Crossroads full system for classified computing service.
- Accept and deploy an NNSA exascale system, ATS-4/El Capitan.
- Accept and deploy additional CTS-2 platforms at NNSA laboratories.
- Transition mature ATDM next-generation computer science capabilities into CSSE's Next-Generation Computing Technologies product group.

#### FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Transition El Capitan into classified computing services.
- Deploy additional CTS-2 platforms at NNSA laboratories.
- Execute procurement of and deploy ATS-5 at LANL.
- Develop system software environment for ATS-5.
- Initiate CTS-3 procurement.
- Upgrade tri-lab software environment with exascale-class software technologies.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Transitioned the ASC Astra system into classified computing environment.
- Issued the ASC Crossroads system contract award.
- Initiated El Capitan non-recurring engineering contract with Hewlett Packard Enterprise (HPE) and AMD, as a joint collaboration with ORNL.
- Improved tri-lab software environment, as collaboration with vendor partners, to prepare for Crossroads and El Capitan systems.

#### Weapons Activities/ Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

## Computational Systems and Software Environment Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Computational Systems and Software Environment	FY 2023 Request Computational Systems and Software Environment	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Computational Systems and Software Environment
\$237,953,000	\$253,903,000	+\$15,950,000
<ul> <li>Prepared software environment for ASC Crossroads system at LANL.</li> <li>Closely co-designed with HPE on El Capitan's non-engineering (NRE) activities.</li> <li>Executed award for Vanguard-2 project, which is an applied R&amp;D collaboration with a computer company.</li> <li>Signed new contract for CTS-2 platforms for NNSA tri-labs.</li> <li>Prepared tri-lab computing environment for El Capitan.</li> <li>Deployed new quantum computing testbeds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Deploy ASC Crossroads full system at LANL.</li> <li>Deploy El Capitan system.</li> <li>Deploy CTS-2 platforms at NNSA laboratories and KCNSC.</li> <li>Support tri-lab computing environment for Crossroads and El Capitan.</li> <li>Accept the Vanguard-2 prototype system.</li> <li>Manage the Advanced Memory Technology portfolio.</li> <li>Continue evaluating applicability of quantum computing hardware for DP missions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accept and deploy El Capitan system for a short tri-lab, open-science computing period.</li> </ul>

## Advanced Simulation and Computing Facility Operations and User Support

## Description

The Facility Operations and User Support (FOUS) subprogram provides the facilities and services required to support nuclear weaponssimulation workloads. Facility Operations includes physical space, power, and other utility infrastructure, and Local Area/Wide Area Networking for local and remote access, as well as system administration, cybersecurity, and operations services for ongoing support. User Support includes computer center hotline and help-desk services, account management, web-based system documentation, system status information tools, user training, trouble-ticketing systems, common computing environment, and application analyst support.

The FOUS subprogram is responsible for management of the computer operations and maintenance and for system administration and user support. This includes:

- Effective management of computing hardware infrastructure. The FOUS subprogram will provide adequate power, cooling, and integrated facilities to support the computing system hardware, and it will provide the requisite networking and storage infrastructure.
- Responsive system administration, maintenance, and user support. The FOUS subprogram will administer the computational systems, manage the job scheduling capability, and provide responsive support to the user community.

Authorized by DOE Order 130.1A, ASC will utilize lease-to-own funding vehicles for Commodity Technology Systems, visualization cluster and storage system procurements in situations that make programmatic and financial sense.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Prepare the ASC computing facilities at the NNSA laboratories for the next-generation platforms.
- Operate CTS2 platforms at the NNSA laboratories.
- Operate ATS-3/Crossroads at LANL, including remote computing capabilities.
- Operate El Capitan system as tri-lab resource during open-science period.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Integrate El Capitan (ATS-4) into tri-lab, classified computing environment.
- Complete required building preparation for ATS-5 siting, including expanding the warm-water cooling system and electrical capacity at the Strategic Computing Complex (SCC) to enable up to 50MW of supercomputing.
- Operate ATS-5 and CTS-3 systems.
- Operate the Vanguard-2 platform as a tri-lab, production-level HPC system.
- Retire Sierra (ATS-2).

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed construction of the CTS-2 chilled-water cooling capability in the Strategic Computing Complex at LANL.
- Established a new production unclassified restricted enclave at LANL for new HPC services in support of tri-lab Remote Computing Enablement (RCE) project.
- Continued production operation of Trinity (ATS-1) and CTS-1 systems Snow, Fire, Ice, and Cyclone in full production use, peaking with over 95% utilization and 99% system availability.
- Achieved 89% completion of the Exascale Computing Facility Modernization (ECFM) construction project at LLNL.
- Completed the B654 Low Conductivity Water Cooling Loop for future CTS platforms at LLNL.
- Installed power, cooling, and networking infrastructure for CTS-2 systems in conjunction with the 3MW power upgrade to the 725-East HPC Facility at SNL.
- Deployed Manzano, a CTS-1+ cluster, to the SNL Restricted Network.
- Purchased and distributed most of the equipment necessary for the NNSA Enterprise Secure Network (ESN) upgrade from 1Gbs to 10 Gbs in support of the tri-lab remote computing.

## Facility Operations and User Support Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Facility Operations and User Support \$176,462,000	Facility Operations and User Support \$184,705,000	Facility Operations and User Support +\$8,243,000
<ul> <li>Maintained full operation of CTS1 and CTS1⁺ systems.</li> <li>Improved tri-lab common computing environment to include more heterogeneous architectures in the CTS environment.</li> <li>Maintained maximum availability of computer cycles to end users.</li> <li>Documented and implemented new best practices.</li> <li>Provided operational support for reliable and secure production computing environment.</li> <li>Prepared for insertion of next-generation architectures (systems and testbeds).</li> <li>Implemented contingency response plans, as necessary.</li> <li>Improved and deployed the needed file system and archival storage technologies.</li> <li>Supported execution of the LLNL Exascale Computing Facility Modernization project.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain full operation of CTS-2 systems.</li> <li>Maintain maximum availability of computer cycles to end users.</li> <li>Document and implement new best practices.</li> <li>Provide operational support for reliable and secure production computing environment.</li> <li>Prepare for insertion of next-generation architectures (systems and testbeds).</li> <li>Implement contingency response plans, as necessary.</li> <li>Demonstrate stable, production-level remote computing capabilities with Crossroads/ATS-3.</li> <li>Complete required building preparation for El Capitan/ATS-4.</li> <li>Support the installation and start of operations of El Capitan/ATS-4.</li> <li>Continue design and construction of additional power and cooling upgrades for SNL's 725-E HPC Facility.</li> <li>Continue to improve tri-lab common computing environment to include more heterogeneous architectures in the CTS environment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase reflects facility service preparation for FY 2023 operation of El Capitan, Crossroads, and CTS systems, while maintaining operations across tri-lab computing infrastructure.</li> </ul>

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation

## Overview

The Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation program is responsible for developing agile, affordable, assured, and responsive technologies and capabilities for nuclear stockpile sustainment and modernization to enable Defense Programs' mission success and the future success of the nuclear security enterprise.

The core areas of work include:

- Agile, Assured, and Affordable Technologies: Developing and modernizing stockpile technologies and processes so the techniques are agile, assured, and responsive to change, shortening design, qualification, certification, and manufacturing cycles and timelines to improve future affordability.
- Partnership with Stakeholders to Meet Stockpile and Customer Requirements: Identifying, sustaining, enhancing, integrating, and continually exercising all capabilities, tools, and technologies across the science, engineering, design, certification, and manufacturing cycle, working together with the Department of Defense, national security laboratories, nuclear weapon production facilities, and other partners.
- **Qualification and Certification:** Collaborating with other Defense Programs partners to conduct experiments and simulations that enable qualification and certification without nuclear explosive testing.
- Skilled Technical Workforce and Enhanced Capabilities: Maintaining a qualified technical workforce and enhanced capabilities by transferring knowledge, skills, and direct experience with respect to all stockpile technologies and processes.

## Primary responsibilities of this program include:

- Developing innovative technologies that both minimize the probability of unauthorized use and maximize reliability for authorized use.
- Leading technology and system demonstration efforts, with various mission partners, to speed development and improve acceptance of advanced technologies and processes into the stockpile and the nuclear security enterprise.
- Improving agility, effectiveness, safety, and efficiency in the design and manufacture of war reserve components using advanced technologies and manufacturing processes.

The Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation program is made up of three subprograms:

- 1. Surety Technologies creates and matures options, internal and/or external to the warhead, to minimize the potential for deliberate unauthorized use of a U.S. nuclear weapon and maximizing the reliability of authorized use of a U.S. nuclear weapon while maintaining the highest levels of safety.
- 2. Weapon Technology Development funds activities associated with the development, engineering, and integration of technologies that ensure the reliable performance, safety, and handling of current and future stockpile systems. Technology demonstrations and related activities are also covered under this subprogram.
- **3.** Advanced Manufacturing Development rapidly develops and deploys advanced manufacturing methodologies and processes that are responsive to the NNSA mission.

## Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Surety Technologies

### Description

The Surety Technologies program is dedicated to simultaneously minimizing the probability of unauthorized use and maximizing the reliability of authorized use of a U.S. nuclear weapon while maintaining the highest levels of safety. Surety Technologies creates, develops, and matures advanced safety, security, and use-control or denial technologies to minimize the probability of an accidental nuclear explosion and, in the unlikely event that security fails and unauthorized access is gained, reduces the risk of an unauthorized nuclear yield to the lowest practical level.

Surety Technologies seeks advances in leading-edge technologies in two timeframes:

- Maturing near-term surety concepts and technologies to offer the most effective surety solutions for the enduring stockpile and future insertion opportunities achievable within the timelines of known weapon modernization schedules or other improvements that will maintain weapon functionality.
- Creating and evolving highly advanced surety technologies, independent of specific weapon types or insertion opportunities that can result in major surety improvements.

Surety Technologies incorporates national security guidance as outlined in the Presidential Policy Directive (PPD)–35; Department of Energy Order 452.1E, *Nuclear Explosive and Weapon Surety Program* and its new surety requirements; the NNSA Defense Programs surety strategy; and the 2010 JASON Surety Study findings and recommendations; in conjunction with the Joint Integrated Lifecycle Surety risk assessment capability to identify the most cost-effective surety technologies. This enables program and weapon system managers to make better-informed implementation decisions on stockpile surety improvement options.

## Surety Technologies activities include:

**Major Projects** – Directed, high priority, and integrated research and development (R&D) efforts to support timely availability of advanced safety and security options for the stockpile. These are projects, usually multi-site, that are easily defined and required to integrate with entities outside the Surety Technologies program. They also have defined requirements for technology development and are held to integrated schedules. Major Projects represent a concerted effort by the Surety Technologies program to ensure novel technologies are properly integrated with and across programs and sites, leading to a high probability of achieving sufficient maturity for stockpile insertion.

Advanced Safety Projects – Maturing near-term safety technologies that offer the most effective solutions for the enduring stockpile and future insertion opportunities achievable. Directed and high priority integrated research and development efforts and multi-site projects intended to minimize the probability of accidental nuclear yield or dispersion of fissile material. Develops improved control over warhead initiation, including improved stronglinks, weaklinks, firing systems, and high explosive initiation systems, to provide nuclear weapon safety.

Advanced Security Projects – Directed and high priority integrated R&D efforts and projects that create and mature options, internal and/or external to the warhead, to minimize the potential for deliberate unauthorized use of a U.S. nuclear weapon and ensure authorized use. Develops and demonstrates advanced system concepts and associated enabling technologies that could integrate weapon capabilities with physical security.

**Technology Development** – Advanced safety and security projects meant to advance the state of the art and to improve the building blocks of the Surety Technologies program. These efforts are technology-focused and are not held to a development schedule but to an integrated schedule or to commitments with outside entities. Technology Development projects form the base from which Major Projects draws to create new, integrated technologies for the stockpile.

Advanced Safety Technology Development – Technology development safety efforts intended to minimize the probability of accidental nuclear yield or dispersion of fissile material. Develops improved control over warhead initiation to provide nuclear weapon safety.

Advanced Security Technology Development – Creates and matures security options, internal and/or external to the warhead, to minimize the potential for deliberate unauthorized use of a U.S. nuclear weapon and ensure authorized use. Develops and demonstrates advanced or new system concepts and associated enabling technologies that could integrate weapon capabilities with physical security.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Develop optical initiation systems and support the Optical Initiation Technology Realization Team, a collaborative effort between the laboratories and plants created to ensure the successful rapid maturation of optical initiation as that technology eventually transitions to production and insertion into the next weapons systems.
- Develop advanced safety mechanisms and demonstrate technologies on the next appropriate demonstrator.
- Develop improved safety architectures that minimize/eliminate issues with inadvertent electrical transmission.
- Develop improved power management technologies tailored to modernized applications.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Demonstrate a mature optical initiation system, TRL 5 & MRL 3, for next insertion option such as the next Navy warhead.
- Continue focused development of a multi-point safety design concept that can be qualified for a future insertion opportunity.
- Continue limited development of improved power management technologies tailored to modernized applications.
- Develop advanced safety mechanisms and demonstrate technologies on a relevant demonstrator.
- Develop improved safety architectures that minimize/eliminate issues with inadvertent electrical transmission.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed the construction of the requisite hardware for a full-scale demonstration of the optical initiation system on a ground-based demonstration. Also completed the electrical and mechanical systems required for two upcoming flight tests, one that will be aboard a commercial rocket that will provide useful and relevant test data.
- Moved a commercially available machine to the KCNSC in support of the production of NextGen technology.
- Provided surety related support to the U.S.-UK Joint Technology Demonstrator project for their ground test unit.
- Continued to near competition the required engineering features of an existing Multi-Point Safe (MPS) design concept to address manufacturing and effectiveness concerns.
- Continued to collect data from the full-scale MPS experiment; evaluated the full-scale aging samples against the accelerated small test samples and continued to find no deviation between the experiments.
- Initiated the construct of a tri-lab surety roadmap sufficient to accomplish the surety requirements in the new DOE Order 452.1E.
- Integrated specialized memory chipsets into a use-control design concept that will allow for unique control concepts.
- Completed a comprehensive comparison study of several competing power management technologies that will serve as guidance for future development activities.

## Surety Technologies Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Surety Technologies \$54,365,000	Surety Technologies \$51,497,000	Surety Technologies -\$2,868,000
<ul> <li>Resumed development of optical initiation systems and firing set interface module.</li> <li>Developed improved safety architectures.</li> <li>Advanced surety options availability for future weapons systems to meet threshold and objective surety requirements.</li> <li>Prove-in MPS material in a sub-system architecture for future security needs.</li> <li>Developed integrated use control and physical security subsystems for U.S. Air Force weapon storage by FY 2022.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop certain surety options for future weapons systems, in accordance with the tri-lab surety roadmap, to meet threshold and objective surety requirements as defined in DOE Order 452.1E.</li> <li>Establish TRL 5 and MRL 3 for the optical initiation system intended for insertion into the next available warhead.</li> <li>Continue support the Optical Initiation Technology Realization Team.</li> <li>Continue to develop advanced safety mechanisms and demonstrate technologies on the next demonstrator.</li> <li>Continue to develop improved safety architectures that minimize/eliminate issues with inadvertent electrical transmission.</li> <li>Develop a down-selected set of power management technologies tailored to modernized applications.</li> <li>Mature to TRL 5 and MRL 3 an all-electrical firing set as a backup to optical initiation technology.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> </ul>

## Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Weapon Technology Development

## Description

Weapon Technology Development (WTD) is responsible for developing technology options that are responsive to changing global security environments and for activities that reduce risk and increase the likelihood of insertion of those technologies into the stockpile. The focus of WTD is to improve existing capabilities, provide solutions for addressing capability gaps and shortfalls, evolve capabilities to meet emerging threats and changing policy, and utilize improved technologies and methods to reduce lifecycle costs.

WTD funds activities for the research, development, engineering, integration, and demonstration of technologies that enable the performance, reliability, safety, and responsiveness of current and future stockpile. This includes early-stage development and testing of weapon components targeted to replace sunset technologies and modernize subsystems. This is defined as components facing performance, aging, and/or security issues that can have negative impacts on the performance and safety of a weapon.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Develop a distributed bus-based architecture (DBBA) to enable greater component re-use across the stockpile.
- Continue development of field programmable gate arrays and radiation hardened microelectronics used to provide arming, fuzing, firing, other functions within nuclear weapons.
- Mature advanced power source technologies to support future tactical and strategic weapon system LEP insertions, including mature explosive materials, initiation systems, and detonators technologies.
- Develop and improve Neutron Generator (NG) technologies to offset aging effects.
- Continue development efforts for long-life Gas Transfer System (GTS) design options.
- Research and develop next-generation components and materials required to ensure safety, security, reliability, and performance of aging Nuclear Explosive Packages (NEPs).
- Continue efforts with the UK on Joint Technology Demonstrator (JTD) as a strategic collaboration focusing on design and development of new technologies.
- Collaborate with Navy Strategic Systems Programs (SSP) partners and others on future flight opportunities in realistic environments for the Reentry Experiments Development Initiative (REDI).
- Continue support for the Air Force Continuous Demonstrator for Operational Responsiveness (ConDOR) to mature technologies for future Air Force systems.

#### FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Development and transition of a modular and adaptable architecture with enhanced capabilities to the next program of record that result in a nuclear stockpile able to respond quickly and easily to changing policy, technology, and threat environments.
- Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) fabrication and programming software trust certification completion and achievement of TRL 5. Static Random-Access Memory (SRAM) and Dragonfly processor sample parts available to customers for transition.
- Development and transition of a novel high explosive (HE) formulation with attractive performance characteristics to the next program of record.
- Development and transition of an electronic neutron generator (ELNG) that will provide cost savings in testing and production.
- Investigation and investment in exploratory R&D and technology development options for future Programs of Record.
- Advancement of JTD projects in partnership with the United Kingdom.
- Collaborate with Navy SSP partners and others to field the Reentry Experiments Development Initiative (REDI) flight(s).

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Fielded and performed Campaign 4 of the HOTSHOT program to demonstrate and mature technologies.
- The joint U.S./UK JTD team completed the Ground Test 2 (GT2) and Ground Test 3B (GT3B) series of experiments demonstrating a new reentry vibration qualification workflow for a subsystem, a full system reentry body in a Mk5-like

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envelope, and a modular full-system reentry body. The workflow was demonstrated through combination of modeling and unique multi-axis ground testing that can assess flight environments as well as system and component designs before flight data is available.

- Further developed thermal spray technologies as a potential option for the W87-1 program and other future systems.
- Continued development of key technologies for potential options for the W87-1 including neutron generators, gas transfer system (GTS) components, joint test assembly (JTA) telemetry and firing set capacitors, radiation-hardened high voltage diodes, and sprytrons.
- Made Dragonfly processor sample parts and SRAM available for further testing and development.

## Weapon Technology Development Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Weapon Technology Development \$131,692,000	Weapon Technology Development \$121,330,000	Weapon Technology Development -\$10,362,000
<ul> <li>Development of modular and adaptable architectures with enhanced capabilities that result in a nuclear stockpile able to respond quickly and easily to changing policy, technology, and threat environments.</li> <li>Integration and development of technologies for the joint U.S. Air Force – NNSA Demonstrator Initiative (ANDI) flights to reduce risks and test insertion options in relevant environments.</li> <li>Development of long-life GTS design options.</li> <li>Development and testing of conformal thermal batteries, abnormal launch accelerometers, and replacement inertia sensor technologies.</li> <li>Development of a new warhead bus architecture and compatible ELNG design for future system insertion to enable reduced cost for future modifications.</li> <li>Development of field programmable gate arrays, non-volatile memory, and radiation hardened microelectronics used to provide arming, firing, fuzing, and other functions within nuclear weapons.</li> <li>Development of options for positional aware fuzing.</li> <li>Executed HOTSHOT sounding rocket flights to mature technologies.</li> <li>Evaluation of the effectiveness of sounding rockets and other platforms for the qualification of weapon components.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue development of modular and adaptable architectures with enhanced capabilities that result in a nuclear stockpile able to respond quickly and easily to changing policy, technology, and threat environments.</li> <li>Continue development of a distributed bus- based architecture (DBBA) to enable greater component re-use across the stockpile.</li> <li>Develop field programmable gate arrays and radiation hardened microelectronics used to provide arming, fuzing, firing, and other functions within nuclear weapons.</li> <li>Advance development efforts for long-life GTS design options.</li> <li>Continue research and development of next- generation components and materials required to ensure safety, security, reliability, and performance of aging Nuclear Explosive Packages (NEPs).</li> <li>Pursue development and testing of advanced thermal batteries, launch accelerometers, and replacement inertial sensor technologies.</li> <li>Advance an electronic neutron generator (ELNG) for future system insertion to enable reduced costs. Continue development of options for positional aware fuzing.</li> <li>Maintain efforts with the UK on JTD as a strategic collaboration focusing on design and development of new technologies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects a shift of resources to support higher priority NNSA efforts.</li> <li>The delivery dates for capability enhancements for the future stockpile will be delayed.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Development and integration of embedded sensors capability.</li> <li>Development of major components of an improved firing set architecture for weapon system modernization program insertions.</li> <li>Evaluations of integrated data instrumentation capabilities for future telemetry systems.</li> <li>Implementation of NEA and supply chain risk management for R&amp;D activities.</li> <li>Development and integration of flight-ready payloads on a flight platform to demonstrate and mature technologies.</li> <li>Continued efforts with the UK on JTD as a strategic collaboration focusing on design and development of new technologies.</li> <li>Began development of a methodology to reduce the number and duration of design-build-test cycles for technology maturation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pursue further collaboration with Navy Strategic Systems Programs (SSP)partners and others on future flight opportunities in realistic environments for the Reentry Experiments Development Initiative (REDI).</li> </ul>	

### Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Advanced Manufacturing Development

## Description

The Advanced Manufacturing Development (AMD) program directly affects the future agility and responsiveness of the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) manufacturing infrastructure by providing capable, efficient, and effective manufacturing solutions to address technical challenges and replace obsolete processes.

AMD accelerates the development of new manufacturing science and engineering capabilities that will replace hazardous, inefficient, and obsolete processes prior to Phase 6.3 of a modernization program or Phase 3 of a future weapon system. In pursuing the long-term advanced manufacturing strategy, this program prioritizes developing improvements that demonstrate viability for a particular application, which allows future weapon modernization efforts to incorporate those production methods with confidence to meet program requirements, costs, and schedule. Replacing or improving specific processes by Phase 6.3 of a future warhead's Modification Program or Phase 3 or a future weapon system will allow NNSA to reduce future demand on the supply of strategic materials by minimizing efforts needed to recover, recycle, and/or produce the materials, reduce production floor space for certain processes, and manufacture with replacement materials that are less hazardous and costly to produce.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Support key manufacturing technologies that are replacing obsolete materials and processes, as well as leverage scientific knowledge for new qualification and verification methods, on a timeline to support delivery of components for future systems.
- Advance qualification and certification methods to use additively manufactured (AM)-produced parts in the active stockpile.
- Transition AM machine capabilities to a production environment to deliver AM parts to the stockpile.
- Conduct testing to confirm components manufactured with new production methods improve performance margins.
- Develop material recyclability processes to reuse scrap material and reduce supply chain risk.
- Leverage advancements in AM topology optimization to enable higher fidelity data and rapid design cycles for current and future system flight tests.
- Advance development of next-generation CMOS8 trusted, strategically radiation-hardened microelectronics manufacturing process technology.
- Develop near net shaping capability of Lithium component forming to increase material efficiency and stretch the available inventory
- Advance technology and manufacturing readiness of Direct Ink Write (DIW) cushions and pads to facilitate Nuclear Security Enterprise-wide divestment from legacy production methods and to meet more challenging system requirements.
- Improve process monitoring capability and automated on-machine metrology of all AM capabilities to reduce time to qualification of current and next-generation components.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Develop and demonstrate various techniques and approaches for cost effective rapid prototyping in support of both basic research and development and stockpile systems programs.
- Advance understanding of additively manufactured components and materials in normal, abnormal, and hostile environments expected for components in the U.S. nuclear arsenal.
- Transition next-generation CMOS8 strategically radiation-hardened microelectronics manufacturing process to the Non-Nuclear Component Program Office and program of record.
- Develop AM thermoset materials that may have advantages in performance, cost, manufacturability, reliability, and/or supply chain security.
- Develop the methodologies required to qualify and certify AM for metal lattices.
- Develop paths to certification and qualification for new components and materials produced via advanced and novel manufacturing techniques.

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- Transition improved DIW polymer printing capability to production agencies and upcoming programs of record in order to shift away from conventional processes and reduce floor space requirements by 90%.
- Further develop and demonstrate modern manufacturing methods for high explosives including additive manufacturing and particle injection molding.
- Fully refurbish, enhance, and transition legacy coating capabilities for future systems use

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Provided the successful demonstration by means of manufacture and characterization of a full-size scale additively manufactured thermoset parts with dimensions and tolerances representative of a mount. Significant gains made in machine automation
- Significantly matured CMOS8 process modules by converting 60% of engineering steps to standard operating codes and hitting all schedule fabrication targets.
- Developed models for use by programs of record to predict contaminants, replace destructive testing, and determine material properties that are impossible, timely, or costly to get; models contribute to significant cost avoidance and potential schedule reduction.
- Matured AM processes for thermal spray, specifically the Controlled Atmospheric Plasma Spray.
- Continued a project execution plan to shift from conventional to AM polymers that by FY 2025 will result in a 90% reduction in polymer production footprint at half the cost per part.
- Used additive manufacturing to fabricate a high explosive (HE) that was transferred to the W87-1 program, leading to reduced costs and manufacturing times.
- Advanced metal AM and lattice technology readiness levels at multiple sites and identified key demonstrators to prove in technology readiness
- Developed and tested additively manufactured HE with improved safety margins over conventional HE and better performance than insensitive HE.
- Completed legacy components/material property survey and created target properties and functional requirements table for AM thermosets and thermoplastics. Identified first technology and risk reduction opportunities. Advanced ability to print strong materials at scale and in complexity.
- All design agencies showed ability to shape HE breakout profiles through novel AM methods. New modeling techniques predicted accuracy of wave shape to nanosecond precision.
- New thermoset AM processes and design optimization tools were shown to provide designers with new degrees of freedom to optimize structures for shearing stresses and properties at ground level.
- Completed all technology maturation deliverables for Direct Cast, achieved TRL 6 and MRL 4, and transitioned technology to the Secondary Stage Production Modernization Program Office.
- Released at-risk materials in the GRANTA Weapons Materials Specifications Database for cross-site sharing on the Enterprise Secure Network.
- Utilized a toluene-free amination high explosive precursor material that reduces environmental hazards and improves batch throughput over 50% for new, safer high explosive formulations.
- Demonstrated the ability to design and synthesize MgO materials with similar nanoscale structure to dwindling magic barrel materials and demonstrated their function in prototype batteries.
- Successfully produced a low density additively manufactured mock HE formulation for use in upcoming joint test assemblies (JTAs), which has the potential to greatly reduce cost, prevent scheduling delays, and increase worker safety
- Demonstrated high density injection molding of mock and stood up injection molding incubator facility and New Mexico Tech.

## Advanced Manufacturing Development Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Advanced Manufacturing Development \$111,908,000	FY 2023 Request Advanced Manufacturing Development \$113,338,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Advanced Manufacturing Development +\$1,430,000
<ul> <li>Continued work in Design for Manufacturing.</li> <li>Continued to develop certification and qualification methods to widen the use of AM-produced parts in the active stockpile.</li> <li>Incorporated next-generation digital manufacturing methods through use of computational simulations and model-based designs.</li> <li>Implemented new strategically radiation-hardened microelectronics production capabilities to enable new systems architectures.</li> <li>Developed new energetic materials formulations that are safer to produce and replace legacy materials that are no longer commercially available.</li> <li>Increased technology development for use of laser powder bed fusion technology to demonstrate the potential to supplement production capabilities for near term programs of record.</li> <li>Developed additively manufactured thermoset materials that have advantages in performance, cost, manufacturability, reliability, and supply chain security.</li> <li>Developed methodologies required to design and certify AM for printed electronics.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advance certification and qualification methods, like integrated computational materials engineering and in-situ diagnostics, to widen the use of AM-produced parts in the active stockpile.</li> <li>Further mature AM Pads and Cushions capability and facilitate the technology transfer between LLNL, LANL, and KCNSC.</li> <li>Improve confidence in next-generation digital manufacturing methods through use of computational simulations and model-based designs.</li> </ul>	The increase reflects additional development of manufacturing capabilities for future we apons systems.
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# Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Developed AM processes for stochastic coatings.</li> <li>Developed testing of advanced methods for high explosives manufacture with improved safety margins over conventional HE and better performance than insensitive HE.</li> <li>Leveraged polymer and metal AM topology optimization to improve high fidelity mechanical mock flight tests for current and future systems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue development of AM for printed electronics and identify new insertion opportunities.</li> <li>Advance development of AM processes for thermal spray coatings.</li> <li>Continue to develop testing of advanced methods for high explosives manufacture with improved safety margins over conventional HE and better performance than insensitive HE.</li> <li>Continue process scaleup of additively manufactured and injection molded HE and mock.</li> <li>Develop material recycling processes to create feedstock for AM.</li> <li>Leverage embedded sensors to study long-term aging effects of AM materials and components.</li> <li>Continue development of polymer and metal AM topology optimization to improve high fidelity mechanical mock flight tests and further tailor to future system requirements.</li> <li>Advance development of next-generation CMOS8 trusted, strategically radiation-hardened microelectronics manufacturing process technology.</li> <li>Develop near net shaping capability of Lithium component forming to increase material efficiency and stretch the available inventory.</li> </ul>	

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Academic Programs

### Overview

The challenges of modernizing our nuclear stockpile demand a strong and diverse base of national expertise and educational opportunities in specialized technical areas that uniquely contribute to nuclear stockpile stewardship. Academic Programs within SRT&E is designed to support investments in science and engineering disciplines of critical importance to NNSA's nuclear security enterprise. This includes such disciplines as nuclear science, radiochemistry, materials at extreme conditions, high energy density science, advanced manufacturing, and high-performance computing. The program's grants, centers, fellowships, and other funding options offer an introduction to the mission and people in the national laboratories, establishing a workforce pipeline to strengthen the future enterprise. Academic Programs has three goals:

- 1. Develop the next generation of diverse, highly trained technical workers able to support NNSA's core missions.
- 2. Maintain technical expertise external to the nuclear security enterprise for providing valuable oversight, cross-check, and peer review.
- 3. Enable innovation to enhance nuclear security enterprise missions to strengthen key fields of research relevant to the NNSA mission.

Academic Programs enables robust and diverse science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM), and research for educational communities through a variety of methods of support. Investments in consortia and centers of excellence provide collaborative groups to tackle large questions through multi-disciplinary approaches, and they leverage preeminent scientists in relevant fields. Research grants and focused investigatory centers support individual principal investigators to foster a vibrant community that is responsive to new breakthroughs by providing flexibility for new ideas, diversity, and career growth. Specific support to minority and tribal-serving institutions prepares a diverse workforce of world-class talent through strategic partnerships. Fellowships provide graduate students with key opportunities to connect with the NNSA missions and provide direct experiences at nuclear security enterprise sites. User facilities open opportunities for academic partners to use NNSA's cutting-edge research facilities and push frontiers of current scientific understanding. All Academic Programs focus on quality science through competitive award, connection with NNSA mission work at national security laboratories and nuclear we apons production facilities, and a view to the nuclear security enterprise's future needs and opportunities.

## Primary responsibilities of this program include:

- Managing academic solicitations and competitive awards.
- Providing vibrant technical expertise aligned with the nuclear security enterprise's current and future needs.
- Enabling connections between academic research communities and the nuclear security enterprise to foster understanding of the NNSA mission.
- Attracting and training a future workforce through on-site opportunities and personal connections with laboratory scientists and engineers.

Academic Programs was established in FY 2021 to bring together similar activities across the SRT&E programs. By combining these activities, NNSA will gain coordination across programs and leverage strengths and integrate resources to address the needs of NNSA interactions with academic partners.

The Academic Programs is made up of five subprograms:

- 1. Stewardship Science Academic Alliance (SSAA)
- 2. Minority Serving Institution Partnership program (MSIPP), including the Tribal Education Partnership program (TEPP)
- 3. Joint Program in High Energy Density Laboratory Plasmas (JPHEDLP)
- 4. Computational Science Graduate Fellowship (CSGF)
- 5. Predictive Science Academic Alliance program (PSAAP)

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## Academic Programs Stewardship Science Academic Alliance

## Description

The SSAA subprogram supports scientific academic research programs to develop the next generation of highly trained technical workers able to support its core mission and to ensure there is a strong community of technical peers, external to the NNSA national laboratories, capable of providing peer review and scientific competition to strengthen the basic fields of research relevant to NNSA's nuclear security enterprise.

The SSAA subprogram funds both collaborative centers of excellence and smaller individual investigator research projects to conduct fundamental science and technology research of relevance to stockpile stewardship. Current technical areas include studies of materials under extreme conditions, low-energy nuclear science, high-energy-density physics, and radiochemistry. SSAA funding supports research at approximately 80 universities, including training of over 200 graduate students and post-doctoral researchers. A key element of both centers of excellence and individual investigator awards is the connection of students with the nuclear security enterprise. These opportunities are focused on technical fields critical to stewardship science, building a field of talented researchers and committed doctoral students sharing a common desire to advance science while contributing to national security.

The SSAA subprogram also funds the Stewardship Science Graduate Fellowship (SSGF) and the Laboratory Residency Graduate Fellowship (LRGF) with the goal of addressing workforce needs by providing financial support and professional development opportunities to students pursuing a Ph.D. in fields of study that address complex science and engineering problems critical to stockpile stewardship.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Supports funding opportunity announcement for SSAA university research grants to solicit scientific research in areas crucial to the Stockpile Stewardship Program.
- Provide fourth year of support for ongoing SSAA centers of excellence and complete on-site mid-term progress review.
- Continue to provide support and hands-on training for graduate students in areas relevant to stockpile stewardship, connecting these students with opportunities at the National Laboratories, by placing a new annual cohort of fellows as part of the SSGF and LRGF graduate fellowship programs.
- Sponsor the annual SSAA symposium bringing together research teams supported by the SSAA, the JPHEDLP, and the National Laser User Facility (NLUF) programs. In addition to highlighting current research and encouraging collaboration, a focus on students includes activities such as poster competitions, student lunch with lab representatives, and "lab hour" highlighting lab directions and opportunities for students/graduates.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Support cohort of individual investigator grants in fields of nuclear science, radiochemistry, and materials at extreme conditions to develop the next generation of highly trained technical staff.
- New Funding Opportunity Announcement for the next cohort of centers of excellence expected to be released in Q2 FY 2022, to be awarded on FY 2024 funds (joint with HEDLP).
- Support full cohorts of SSGF and LRGF fellows.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Established new Center researching materials at extreme conditions, awarded in July 2020 from a competitive funding opportunity announcement for SSAA centers of excellence.
- Awarded a five-year contract that began September 1, 2020, for continued management of the SSGF and LRGF Fellowships through a competitive solicitation.

## Stewardship Science Academic Alliance Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Stewardship Science Academic Alliance \$31,212,000	Stewardship Science Academic Alliance \$24,220,000	Stewardship Science Academic Alliance -\$6,992,000
<ul> <li>Supported the SSAA Program to develop the next generation of highly-trained technical workers able to support the NNSA core mission and to ensure there is a strong community of technical peers.</li> <li>Supported Stewardship Science Graduate Fellowship (SSGF) and Laboratory Residency Graduate Fellowship (LRGF) programs, the fourth year of LRGF will bring the total LRGF fellows to the projected stable level of 16.</li> <li>Started the National Laboratory Jobs ACCESS program per Congressional direction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support scientific research in areas crucial to the stockpile stewardship program.</li> <li>Support fourth year of SSAA centers of excellence.</li> <li>Continue to provide support and hands on training for graduate students in areas relevant to stockpile stewardship, through fellowship programs.</li> <li>Sponsor highly attended annual SSAA symposium bringing together research teams supported by the SSAA, the JPHEDLP, and the National Laser User Facility (NLUF) programs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease reflects additional funding provided in the FY 2022 appropriation that will be executed over a two-year period.</li> </ul>

## Academic Programs Minority Serving Institution Partnership Program

## Description

NNSA Minority Serving Institution Partnership Program (MSIPP)'s mission is to create and foster a sustainable STEMpipeline that prepares a diverse workforce of world class talent through strategic partnerships between Minority-Serving Institutions and the NNSA nuclear security enterprise. MSIPP has direct alignment to the Executive Order on "Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government" through its support to Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs), Hispanic Serving Institutions (HSIs), and Tribal Colleges and Universities (TCUs). MSIPP aligns investments in university capacity and workforce development with the NNSA mission to develop the needed skills and talent for the nuclear security enterprise's enduring technical workforce and to enhance research and education capacity at under-represented colleges and universities.

This alignment is defined by the following goals:

- (1) Strengthen and expand minority- and tribal-serving institutions' educational and/or research capacity in NNSA mission areas of interest.
- (2) Target collaborations between minority- and tribal-serving institutions and the nuclear security enterprise that increase interactions to provide minority- and tribal-serving institutions' direct access to nuclear security enterprise resources.
- (3) Increase the number of MSI students who graduate with STEM degrees relevant to NNSA mission areas and who have had exposure to career opportunities within the nuclear security enterprise.
- (4) Increase the number of minority graduates and post-doctoral students hired into the nuclear security enterprise's technical and scientific workforce.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Pursue consortium-based STEM grants that specifically target HBCUs, HSIs and TCUs and provide them the opportunity to build their STEM capacity and academic infrastructure with alignment to the nuclear security enterprise.
- Increase student engagement and internship opportunities and confirm the hiring of various minority students into the nuclear security enterprise that have matriculated through various STEM consortium pipelines.
- Continue existing partnerships with Minority-Serving Institutions.
- Support the MSIPP consortium-based model focused on capacity building, research, student education programs and internships in STEM.
- Supports building educational/institutional infrastructure and enhancing the pipeline of diverse, high-quality talent in STEM academic disciplines and careers.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Develop and maintain a long-term, recruiting pipelines to NNSA laboratories, plants, and sites by increasing awareness of MSIPP and increasing partnerships between MSIs and the NSE.
- Partner with other federal agencies and/or programs to broaden the reach of the MSIPP with a goal of pursuing mission related STEM projects of mutual interest that will further enhance the educational and/or research capacity at MSIs.
- Grow the number of Tribal Colleges/University partners participating in MSIPP to build their capacity and academic infrastructure in STEM and increase awareness of opportunities available within the NSE.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Conducted third competitive solicitation for consortium-based STEM grants. Eleven new grants were awarded for strategic partnerships between MSIs and the nuclear security enterprise, which includes representation from HBCUs, HSIs, and TCUs.
- Awarded eight continuation applications.
- Released first Funding Opportunity Announcement for the Tribal Education Partnership Program resulting in two new grants being awarded.

## Weapons Activities/

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## Minority Serving Institution Partnership Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Minority Serving Institution Partnership	FY 2023 Request Minority Serving Institution Partnership	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Minority Serving Institution Partnership
\$35,000,000	\$40,000,000	+\$5,000,000
<ul> <li>Continued existing partnerships with Minority Serving Institutions.</li> <li>Supported the MSIPP consortium-based model focused on capacity building, research, student education programs and internships in STEM.</li> <li>Supported building educational/institutional infrastructure and enhancing the pipeline of diverse, high-quality talent in STEM academic disciplines and careers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue existing partnerships with Minority Serving Institutions.</li> <li>Continue consortium-based STEM grants that specifically target HBCUs, HSIs, and TCUs and provide them the opportunity to build their STEM capacity and academic infrastructure with alignment to the nuclear security enterprise.</li> <li>Increase student engagement and internship opportunities and confirm the hiring of various minority students into the nuclear security enterprise that have matriculated through various STEM consortium pipelines.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase includes continued support to existing partnerships until award completion and continuing to build capacity at partner institutions.</li> </ul>

Tribal Education Partnership Program (TEPP)	Tribal Education Partnership program (TEPP)	Tribal Education Partnership program (TEPP)
\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$0
<ul> <li>Continued existing partnerships with TCUs.</li> <li>Supported the building educational/institutional infrastructure and enhancing the pipeline of diverse, high-quality talent in STEM academic disciplines and careers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain partnerships with TCUs.</li> <li>Maintain educational/institutional infrastructure and enhancing the pipeline of diverse, high- quality talent in STEM academic disciplines and careers.</li> </ul>	• No change.

## Academic Programs Joint Program in High Energy Density Laboratory Plasmas

## Description

High energy density (HED) states are central to many aspects of nuclear weapons. Maintaining a strong HED academic community in this unique field will be critical for future needs of a modern nuclear stockpile. The JPHEDLP is designed to steward the study of laboratory HED plasma physics by funding academic research of ionized matter in laboratory experiments where the stored energy reaches approximately 100 billion joules per cubic meter (i.e., pressures of approximately 1 million atmospheres). The program has three primary elements: individual investigator research grants, research centers of excellence, and facility access.

**Individual investigator grants:** NNSA's Office of Experimental Sciences partners with the DOE's Office of Fusion Energy Sciences in the Office of Science to issue an annual joint solicitation for HED Laboratory Plasmas research. The coordination across agencies enables the support of a strong and broad academic presence in HED science, leveraging common interests while assuring NNSA specific interests in this area remain vibrant. Competitively awarded research grants are selected through the joint solicitation conducted in coordination with the Office of Science.

**Research Centers of Excellence:** The Joint Program in HEDLP funding also supports the HED centers of excellence selected under the competitive SSAA process. Centers of Excellence are an integrated multi-institutional collaborative effort focused on a central problem or theme. These centers work closely with nuclear security enterprise scientists and maintain a core set of academic expertise in key technical areas.

**Facility access:** Support broad scientific facility access to apply NNSA unique tools to accomplish cutting-edge science. Hands-on research experience to academic and industrial researchers using the Omega and Omega EP lasers as tools for conducting basic research experiments. In the pursuit of fundamental science advances, the innovative development of diagnostics and platforms by user facility partners have often proven to benefit NNSA experimental needs.

**Community development:** Specialized educational opportunities both train and attract students HED science. The HEDLP program provides funding for HED summer schools and facility workshops. Beginning in FY 2023, to broaden and diversify participation, the HEDLP program will offer grant supplements for added undergraduate participation and inclusion of graduate students of underrepresented groups.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Expand opportunities for national collaboration in high energy density science research through the enhancement of existing grants and cooperative agreements as well as the establishment of new financial assistance awards.
- Support academic research Centers of Excellence in HED science.
- Award academic research grants in HEDLP competitively awarded through annual HEDLP funding opportunity announcement (FOA) held jointly with the DOE-Office of Science, annual selection of NNSA supported awards will enhance flexibility, attract new researchers, and assure career opportunities.
- Support facility access and community development through facility-time travel support, HED summer schools, facility user workshops.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Support cohorts of HEDLP grants to enable a strong and broad academic presence in HED science.
- Continue collaborating with DOE-SCon next annual joint solicitation for HED Laboratory Plasmas research.
- Release new Funding Opportunity Announcement for the next cohort of HED Centers of Excellence in Q3 FY 2022, to be awarded on FY 2024 funds (joint with SSAA).
- Assess success of new supplemental grant program and adjust effort for maximum DEI and undergraduate benefit.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

• Executed a solicitation for new research grants, jointly managed with the Office of Science's Fusion Energy Science.

#### Weapons Activities/

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- Established a MOU between the National Science Foundation (NSF) and NNSA for collaboration on the advancement of HED science.
- Delivered a total of 1,825 target shots on Omega (including Omega EP), 877 for LLE and 948 for non-LLE facility users.
- Delivered world-leading scientific discoveries, published in preeminent scientific journals and media outlets.

## Joint Program in High Energy Density Laboratory Plasmas Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Joint Program in High Energy Density Laboratory	FY 2023 Request Joint Program in High Energy Density Laboratory	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Joint Program in High Energy Density Laboratory
<ul> <li>Plasmas \$8,700,000</li> <li>Supported academic grants and cooperative agreements, including support for several research Centers of Excellence in high energy density (HED) science.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plasmas \$8,883,000</li> <li>Expand opportunities for national collaboration in HED science research through the enhancement of existing grants and cooperative agreements as well as the establishment of new financial assistance awards.</li> <li>Support academic research Centers of Excellence in HED science.</li> <li>Support academic research grants in HEDLP competitively awarded through annual HEDLP funding opportunity announcement held jointly with the DOE Office of Science.</li> <li>Offer supplemental grants to increase diversity among participants.</li> <li>Continue to support facility access and community development through HED summer schools and facility user workshops.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plasmas +\$183,000</li> <li>The increase continues to support JHEDLP's expansion of opportunities for national collaboration in HED science research.</li> </ul>

## Academic Programs Computational Science Graduate Fellowship

## Description

The goal of the DOE Computational Science Graduate Fellowship (CSGF) program is to cultivate the next generation of scientists and engineers in computational sciences. For NNSA, CSGF supports the ASC and Stockpile Modernization missions by establishing academic programs for multidisciplinary simulation science and through graduate fellowships providing students the relevant experience for weapons code development through open science applications. The NNSA CSGF activity is managed by the Krell Institute and jointly funded with the DOE Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computing Research program.

The DOE CSGF fosters a community of enthusiastic and committed doctoral students, alumni, DOE laboratory staff and various scientists who desire to have an impact on national security and energy missions while advancing their research. It increases collaboration between NNSA national security laboratories, the fellows, and their universities by enhancing the fellows' research experience at the National Laboratories via access to unclassified high-performance computing systems and exposing them to the broader, multi-disciplinary research activities at the laboratories. The program also provides a yearly stipend, tuition fee coverage, and academic allowance.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Collaborate with DOE Office of Science in funding new cohort of fellows to be trained as next-generation leaders in computational science.
- Foster a CSGF community of energetic and committed doctoral students, alumni, and DOE/NNSA laboratory staff who all together serve as a support system for the new and current fellows.
- Continue NNSA commitment for CSGF to support resources for ensuring a supply of scientists and engineers trained to meet NNSA workforce needs in computational science.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Support the next cohorts of fellows in the CSGF Program.
- Enhance visibility for computational science careers by supporting CSGF program to ensure a pipeline of trained scientists and engineers to meet DOE/NNSA workforce needs in computational science.
- Continue to strengthen ties between the national academic community and DOE/NNSA laboratories so the fellowship's multidisciplinary nature builds the national scientific community.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Selected a record level of new cohort of fellows and provided benefits in STEM fields that use high performance computing to solve complex science and engineering problems.
- Held a successful annual CSGF Program Review that highlighted incoming and ongoing CSGF fellows' research work performed during the year.
- Funded NNSA commitment for CSGF to help ensure a supply of scientists and engineers trained to meet NNSA workforce needs in computational science.

# Computational Science Graduate Fellowship Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Computational Science Graduate Fellowship \$2,000,000	FY 2023 Request Computational Science Graduate Fellowship \$2,000,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Computational Science Graduate Fellowship \$0
<ul> <li>Supported a new cohort of fellows.</li> <li>Funded NNSA commitment for CSGF to help ensure a pipeline of trained scientists and engineers to meet NNSA workforce needs in computational science.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Collaborate with DOE Office of Science in funding new cohort of fellows to be trained as next-generation leaders in computational science.</li> <li>Support CSGF community of energetic and committed doctoral students, alumni, and DOE/NNSA laboratory staff who all together serve as a support system for the new and current fellows.</li> <li>Continue support for enhancing number of scientists and engineerstrained to meet NNSA workforce needs in computational science.</li> </ul>	• No change.

### Academic Programs Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program

## Description

The Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program (PSAAP) engages with leading U.S. universities, focusing on the development and demonstration of technologies and methodologies to solve open science and engineering application problems. The research performed by the universities in this program is discipline-focused to further predictive science and enabled by effective use of high-performance computing. Predictive science is the aim of this program and is based on verification and validation and uncertainty quantification methodologies for large-scale simulations.

PSAAP consists of the following types of centers: Multi-disciplinary Simulation Centers (MSCs), Single-Discipline Centers (SDCs), and Focused Investigatory Centers (FICs). MSCs focus on scalable application simulations, targeting large-scale, integrated multidisciplinary problems, while SDCs focus on scalable application simulation for targeting a broad single science or engineering discipline. FICs are tightly focused on a specific research topic of interest to NNSA's mission, in either a science/engineering discipline or an exascale-enabling technology.

PSAAP has a long-term goal to cultivate the next generation of scientists and engineers to support the ASC and DSW missions. The funded PSAAP Centers will help their institutions develop new academic programs, or strengthen existing efforts, for multidisciplinary, computational science and engineering research, while providing students and research staff very relevant code development and HPC experience through open science and engineering applications.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget

- Continue to support large-scale, multi-disciplinary, predictive science, simulation-based research as a major academic applied research program.
- Manage PSAAP III Academic Alliance Centers in their third project year to achieve annual milestone objectives.
- Administer dedicated, appropriate ASC computing resources and user support to enable the PSAAP Centers to achieve their respective simulation demonstration milestones regarding their overarching research objectives.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Continue engagement and support for the PSAAP III Centers into their fourth and fifth years of their respective cooperative agreements.
- Support continued development and demonstration of technologies and methodologies to support effective exascale computing in the context of science/engineering applications.
- Conduct annual and closeout reviews for each of the PSAAP III Centers.
- Review subject areas and disciplines relevant to NNSA mission needs prior to start of PSAAP IV phase.
- Execute plan for PSAAP IV procurement by preparing the Request for Information (RFI) and Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) solicitations.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Engaged with PSAAP III Centers on technical topics and staff recruitment.
- Completed Trilab Sponsor Team (TST) reviews for the PSAAP III Centers and provided recommendations for ongoing research efforts on the respective projects.
- Conducted annual reviews for each PSAAP III Center to ensure progress for various milestones and NNSA lab interactions with the universities.
- Provided dedicated, appropriate ASC computing resources and user support to enable the PSAAP III Centers to achieve their annual simulation demonstration milestones.
- Promoted collaborations with universities involving training, recruiting, and working with top researchers in key disciplines through internship experiences with the NNSA laboratories.

## Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program \$20,000,000	Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program \$20,396,000	Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program +\$396,000
<ul> <li>Supported the new PSAAP III centers in their first year to work on proposed research objectives relevant to NNSA missions.</li> <li>Provided dedicated, appropriate ASC computing resources and user support to enable the PSAAP Centers to achieve their annual simulation demonstration milestones.</li> <li>Promoted collaborations with universities involving training, recruiting, and working with top researchers in key disciplines required by stockpile stewardship.</li> <li>Engaged with U.S. academic community in making significant advances in predictive modeling and simulation technologies.</li> <li>Coordinated among academic programsto continue to foster more development in addressing objectives and collaboration among the cohort.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue development and demonstration of technologies and methodologies to support effective exascale computing in the context of science/engineering applications.</li> <li>Support PSAAP III Academic Alliance Centers in their third project year to achieve annual milestone objectives.</li> <li>Provide appropriate ASC high performance computing resources and user support for the PSAAP Centers to accomplish the requisite simulation demonstration milestones.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase supports PSAAP III Academic Alliance Centers in developing and demonstrating integrated predictive simulations and scientific advances in exascale computing.</li> </ul>

## Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of							
Equipment (MIE))	N/A	NI / A	407,707	450,255	532,320	+124,613	
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE) Minor Construction	N/A	N/A N/A	67,202	30,225	21,721	-45,481	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	474,909	480,481	554,041	+79,132	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)							
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	94,374	96,450	98,572	+4,198	
NIF High Resolution, neutron-hardened VISAR, LLNL	7,230	1,150	550	5,530	0	-550	
Sierra (ATS-2) System, LLNL	170,500	168,300	2,200	0	0	-2,200	
NIF Master Oscillator Recapitalization, LLNL	10,900	1,500	9,400	0	0	-9,400	
Time-resolved Material Diffraction Diagnostics on NIF, LLNL	5,300	0	0	5,300	0	0	
Subnanose cond laser replacement, LLNL	8,000	0	0	8,000	0	0	
Commodity Technology System (CTS) 2, LLNL (previously CTS-2) ^a	70,000	0	0	10,000	20,000	+20,000	
El Capitan (ATS-4), LLNL	600,000	79,000	100,000	125,000	110,000	+10,000	
Target Alignment Sensor Upgrade, LLNL	11,000	0	0	0	11,000	+11,000	
Unclassified El Capitan-like System (ATS-4), LLNL	19,700	0	0	0	200	+200	
Neutron Imaging System - Polar (previously NIS Equator 90-213), LLNL	6,700	0	0	0	6,700	+6,700	
Cryogenic Magnetized Targets, LLNL	12,000	0	0	2,000	10,000	+10,000	
Target LRU, LLNL	6,900	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy upgrade to OTS Laser, LLNL	6,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Time Resolved Magnetic Recoil Spectrometer, LLNL	6,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Polar Diagnostic Instrument Manipulator Replacement, LLNL	19,400	0	0	0	0	0	
Final Optic Damage Inspection System Replacement, LLNL	12,200	0	0	0	0	0	

^a Each year a useful system (asset) is purchased.

Weapons Activities/

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
3w Power Sensors, LLNL	19,600	0	0	0	4,700	+4,700
NIF Sustainment, LLNL	100,300	0	0	0	6,900	+6,900
Advanced Sources and Detector, LANL	1,284,161	225,055	166,752	174,685	247,065	+80,313
Crossroads (ATS-3) System, LANL	108,241	47,337	34,431	8,290	6,183	-28,248
LANSCE Modernization Project (LAMP), LANL	500,000	0	0	0	0	+0
ATS-5 System, LANL	250,000	0	0	0	0	0
U1a Optical Velocimetry Diagnostics, NNSS	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	+0
Commodity Technology System (CTS) 2, SNL ^a	20,000	0	0	5,000	5,000	+5,000
ATS-Application Regression Testbed (ART) System - El Capitan, SNL	6,000	0	0	0	6,000	+6,000
ATS-Application Regression Testbed (ART) System - Crossroads, SNL	6,000	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	407,707	450,255	532,320	+124,613

^a Each year a useful system (asset) is purchased. **Weapons Activities/** 

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC < \$5M)	N/A	N/A	12,833	13,115	13,404	+571	
SCC Electrical Upgrades, LANL	18,400	0	18,400	0	0	-18,400	
ATS-5 Cooling Installation, LANL	18,000	0	0	0	0	0	
ATS-5 Electrical Installation, LANL	12,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Crossroads Installation Project, LANL ^a	18,759	663	10,569	5,710	1,817	-8,752	
B654 Low Conductivity Water (LCW) Installation, LLNL	5,000	4,000	1,000	0	0	-1,000	
B453 El Capitan Site Infrastructure, LLNL	18,000	0	18,000	0	0	-18,000	
Bldg 453 CTS Power and Cooling Improvements/Modifications, LLNL	7,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Bldg 451 Power and Cooling Improvements/Modifications, LLNL	7,500	0	0	0	0	0	
U1a.03 Test Bed Facility Improvements, NNSS	17,200	5,200	6,400	5,600	0	-6,400	
4MW Power Upgrade for 725 HPC Facility, SNL	5,500	0	0	5,500	0	0	
Infrastructure Platform, SNL	6,800	0	0	300	6,500	+6,500	
Cooling Capacity Expansion, SNL	9,500	0	0	0	0	0	
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	67,202	30,225	21,721	-45,481	
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	474,909	480,481	554,041	+79,132	

^a Crossroads Installation Project construction work was incorrectly included in the MIE and was not properly notified. **Weapons Activities/** 

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

# **Outyears Capital Summary**

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears			
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Outyears			
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment								
(MIE))								
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	669,141	565,761	309,122	261,437	N/A			
Minor Construction	24,649	28,050	43,308	14,623	N/A			
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	693,789	593 <i>,</i> 811	352 <i>,</i> 430	276,060	N/A			
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)								
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	100,741	102,957	105,222	107,537	N/A			
Commodity Technology System (CTS) 2, LLNL	20,000	20,000	0	0	0			
El Capitan (ATS-4), LLNL	110,000	76,000	0	0	0			
Unclassified ATS-4-like System, LLNL	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900			
Target LRU, LLNL	6,900	0	0	0	0			
Energy upgrade to OTS Laser, LLNL	6,000	0	0	0	0			
Time Resolved Magnetic Recoil Spectrometer, LLNL	6,000	0	0	0	0			
Polar Diagnostic Instrument Manipulator Replacement, LLNL	0	19,400	0	0	0			
Final Optic Damage Inspection System Replacement, LLNL	12,200	0	0	0	0			
3w Power Sensors, LLNL	14,900	0	0	0	0			
NIF Sustainment, LLNL	21,200	72,200	0	0	0			
Advanced Sources and Detector, LANL	250,300	150,304	70,000	0	0			
Crossroads (ATS-3) System, LANL	6,000	6,000	0	0	0			
LANSCE Modernization Project (LAMP), LANL	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000			
ATS-5 System, LANL	0	10,000	30,000	50,000	160,000			
Commodity Technology System (CTS) 2, SNL	5,000	5,000	0	0	0			
ATS-Application Regression Testbed (ART) System - Crossroads, SNL	6,000	0	0	0	0			
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	669,141	565,761	309,122	261,437	N/A			

		(	Dollars in Thous	ands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outvears
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Outyears
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	13,699	14,000	14,308	14,623	N/A
ATS-5 Cooling Installation, LANL	0	500	17,500	0	0
ATS-5 Electrical Installation, LANL	0	500	11,500	0	0
Bldg 453 CTS Power and Cooling Improvements/Modifications, LLNL	700	6,300	0	0	0
Bldg 451 Power and Cooling Improvements/Modifications, LLNL	750	6,750	0	0	0
Cooling Capacity Expansion, SNL	9,500	0	0	0	0
Total, Minor Construction Projects	24,649	28,050	43,308	14,623	N/A
Total, Capital Summary	693,789	593,811	352,430	276,060	N/A

### Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Construction Project Summary

			(Dollars	s in Thousand	ls)
	Total	Prior	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Total	Years	Enacted	Enacted	Request
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL					
TEC	1,551,000	0	0	0	0
OPC	551,000	1,000	5 <i>,</i> 000	5,000	33,000
TPC, 25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL	2,102,000	1,000	5,000	5,000	33,000
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL					
TEC	105,200	76,000	29,200	0	0
OPC	6,000	4,000	1,000	1,000	0
TPC, 18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL	111,200	80,000	30,200	1,000	0
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP), NNSS					
TEC	567,200	88,600	160,600	135,000	53,130
OPC ^a	9,672	6,309	0	410	0
TPC, 17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP), NNSS	576,872	94,909	160,600	135,410	53,130
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
TEC	2,223,400	164,600	189,800	135,000	53,130
OPC	566,672	11,309	6,000	6,410	33,000
TPC Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	2,790,072	175,909	195,800	141,410	86,130

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering

^a U1a Complex Enhancements Project OPCs are funded under Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments within the Assessment Science Program. Weapons Activities/

### **Outyears Construction Project Summary**

			(Dollars in Th	ousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL					
TEC	0	97,000	164,000	212,000	1,078,000
OPC	30,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	459,000
TPC, 25-D-XXX, Combined Radiation Effects Survivability Testing, SNL	30,000	103,000	170,000	218,000	1,537,000
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL					
TEC	0	0	0	0	0
OPC	0	0	0	0	0
TPC, 18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL	0	0	0	0	0
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP), NNSS					
TEC	129,870	0	0	0	0
OPC	0	2 <i>,</i> 953	0	0	0
TPC, 17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP), NNSS	129,870	2,953	0	0	0
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
TEC	129,870	97,000	164,000	212,000	1,078,000
OPC	30,000	8,953	6,000	6,000	459,000
TPC Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	159,870	105,953	170,000	218,000	1,537,000

#### 17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP) Nevada National Security Site (NNSS), Mercury, Nevada Project is for Design and Construction

### 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

### <u>Summary</u>

The FY 2023 Request for the U1a Complex Enhancements Project (UCEP) is \$53,130,000. The Project Management Executive reaffirmed CD-1 for Subproject 17-D-640-020 Laboratory and Support Infrastructure on February 25, 2021, following cost growth in the project above DOE O 413.3B thresholds.

The most recent approved Critical Decision (CD) for UCEP was CD-3B for Subproject 17-D-640-020, *Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) Laboratory and Support Infrastructure*, approved on August 30, 2021. The design of Subproject 17-D-640-020 continues to mature as the requirements (power, cooling, etc.) are fully defined. The Total Project Cost (TPC) range is \$455,000,000 to \$576,502,000, and the high end of the range for CD-4, *Approve Start of Operations or Project Completion*, is the first quarter of FY 2027.

Subproject 17-D-640-010 *ECSE Access and Life Safety infrastructure* was baselined on March 27, 2019 with a Class 1 estimate. Subproject 17-D-640-020 is currently undergoing an Independent Cost Estimate and External Independent Review to support CD-2/3 approval. The Subproject 17-D-640-020 estimate is a Class 1 estimate. Further changes to the estimate/schedule may occur when the 17-D-640-020 Subproject completes design and obtains CD-2/3.

A Federal Project Director at the appropriate level has been assigned to this project.

### Significant Changes:

Following are the changes from the previous version:

- 1. Growth in design funding for Subproject 17-D-640-020 reflects refined understanding of requirements (power, cooling, etc.) and the significant amount of re-work necessary to reflect the changes.
- 2. The estimate and schedule have been revised to reflect the additional design and associated delays.
- 3. The design delays combined with supply chain issues resulting from COVID (i.e. increased material/equipment costs and extended delivery schedules) and the change in the fire extinguishing system to hybrid/mist have increased the total project cost range.
- 4. CD-2/3 for 17-D-640-020 was moved from 4Q FY 2021 to 3Q FY 2022 due to the additional design work.
- 5. Correct mistakes made in the FY 2022 Data Sheet submittal for the Subproject 17-D-640-010 Total Project Cost and CD-4 schedule.

#### **Critical Milestone History**

#### 17-D-640: Total Project

	Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	1QFY2017	1QFY2019	2QFY2019	3QFY2019	N/A	3QFY2022
FY 2018	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	3QFY2017	4QFY2019	2QFY2019	4QFY2019	N/A	2QFY2023
FY 2019	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	4QFY2019	2QFY2019	4QFY2019	N/A	2QFY2023
FY 2020	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	2QFY2020	4QFY2019	2QFY2020	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2021	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	1QFY2021	3QFY2020	1QFY2021	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2022	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	4QFY2021	2QFY2021	4QFY2021	N/A	1QFY2026
FY 2023	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	3QFY2022	3/11/2022	3QFY2022	N/A	1QFY2027

### 17-D-640-010: ECSE Access and Life Safety Infrastructure

	Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	1QFY2017	3QFY2017	4QFY2017	4QFY2017	N/A	2QFY2019
FY 2018	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	3QFY2017	2QFY2018	1QFY2018	2QFY2018	N/A	3QFY2020
FY 2019	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	2QFY2019	3QFY2018	2QFY2019	N/A	2QFY2021
FY 2020	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	2QFY2019	7/11/2018	2QFY2019	N/A	4QFY2023
FY 2021	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	03/27/2019	7/11/2018	03/27/2019	N/A	4QFY2023
FY 2022	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	03/27/2019	7/11/2018	03/27/2019	N/A	3QFY2022
FY 2023	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	03/27/2019	7/11/2018	03/27/2019	N/A	4QFY2023

### 17-D-640-020: ECSE Laboratory and Support Infrastructure

		•	Fi	scal Quarter o	r Date			
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2017	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	1QFY2017	1QFY2019	2QFY2019	3QFY2019	N/A	3QFY2022
FY 2018	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	3QFY2017	4QFY2019	2QFY2019	4QFY2019	N/A	2QFY2023
FY 2019	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	4QFY2019	2QFY2019	4QFY2019	N/A	2QFY2023
FY 2020	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	2QFY2020	4QFY2019	2QFY2020	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2021	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	1QFY2021	3QFY2020	1QFY2021	N/A	4QFY2025
FY 2022	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	4QFY2021	2QFY2021	4QFY2021	N/A	1QFY2026
FY 2023	9/25/2014	8/13/2015	08/09/2017	3QFY2022	3/11/2022	3QFY2022	N/A	1QFY2027

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

CD-1 – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

 $\textbf{CD-3A}-Approve Site Preparation }$ 

**CD-3B** – Approve Site Preparation

CD-3 – Approve Start of Construction/Execution

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

Separate documentation will be submitted for combined CD-2/3 for each subproject

### 17-D-640-020: ECSE Laboratory and Support Infrastructure

Fiscal Quarter or Date						
Fiscal Year	Performance Baseline Validation	CD-3A	CD-3B			
FY 2021	1QFY2021	3QFY2020	N/A			
FY 2022	4QFY2021	3QFY2021	N/A			
FY 2023 1QFY2022 7/7/2021 8/30/2021						
<b>CD-3A</b> – Site Preparation						

**CD-3B** – Site Preparation

### Project Cost History 17-D-640: Total Project

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	14,200	137,300	151,500	7,109	N/A	7,109	158,609
FY 2018	14,200	137,300	151,500	7,109	N/A	7,109	158,609
FY 2019	19,900	131,600	151,500	7,109	N/A	7,109	158,609
FY 2020	14,856	148,144	163,000	11,809	N/A	11,809	174,809
FY 2021	38,916	468,284	507,200	19,309	N/A	19,309	526,509
FY 2022	70,756	436,444	507,200	19,309	N/A	19,309	526,509
FY 2023	106,863	460,337	567,200	9,672	N/A	9,672	576,872

### 17-D-640-010: ECSE Access and Life Safety Infrastructure

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	2,700	23,940	26,640	981	N/A	981	27,621
FY 2018	2,700	23,940	26,640	981	N/A	981	27,621
FY 2019	8,400	38,240	46,640	981	N/A	981	47,621
FY 2020	3,356	44,784	48,140	1,981	N/A	1,981	50,121
FY 2021	3,356	44,784	48,140	1,981	N/A	1,981	50,121
FY 2022	3,356	46,074	49,430	1,398	N/A	1,398	50 <i>,</i> 828
FY 2023	3,356	45,374	48,730	1,391	N/A	1,391	50,121

### 17-D-640-020: ECSE Laboratory and Support Infrastructure

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2017	11,500	113,360	124,860	6,128	N/A	6,128	130,988
FY 2018	11,500	113,360	124,860	6,128	N/A	6,128	130,988
FY 2019	11,500	93,360	104,860	6,128	N/A	6,128	110,988
FY 2020	11,500	103,360	114,860	9,828	N/A	9,828	124,688
FY 2021	35 <i>,</i> 560	423,500	459,060	17,328	N/A	17,328	476,388
FY 2022	67,400	390,370	457,770	17,911	N/A	17,911	475,681
FY 2023	103,507	414,963	518,470	8,281	N/A	8,281	526,751

### 2. Project Scope and Justification

### <u>Scope</u>

UCEP will perform mining and provide the supporting structures, systems, and components necessary to deploy the large Major Items of Equipment (MIE) diagnostic systems and experiments. The existing U1a Complex orthogonal U1a.100 and U1a.104 drifts will be used to minimize the need for new mining.

17-D-640-010 includes the design, mining, fabrication, construction, installation, and commissioning of the underground areas and systems in the U1a Complex to provide accessibility, a refuge station, adequate ventilation, and construction power for the ensuing subproject 17-D-640-020. This subproject is required to support any significant construction activity in the eastern portion of the U1a Complex. While driven by the same mission in the ECSE subprogram, it is a subproject that can be designed and completed separately from the other subproject.

17-D-640-020 includes the design, mining, fabrication, construction, installation, and commissioning of the ECSE Area and systems to provide MIE diagnostic/detector alcove drifts and mechanical equipment drifts. Also included are safety basis

and readiness activities. The project underground scope includes an experimental room with containment plugs for experiment execution, process control system, safety interlock system, diagnostic clean rooms and diagnostic infrastructure, and ancillary systems (overhead handling systems, power, cooling, ventilation, process water and oil, instrument air, spill mitigation, and shielding). This subproject includes a CD-3A and CD-3B for site preparation. The CD-3A scope is site preparation underground and the new borehole. The CD-3B scope is site preparation above ground for lay down yard/construction trailers and relocation of existing facility infrastructure.

# Justification

DOE Order 413.3B Critical Decision, *CD-0 Approve Mission Need*, was approved on September 25, 2014, for the "Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) at the Nevada National Security Site, U1a Complex." On November 4, 2015, the intersection of the U1a.100 and U1a.104 Drifts within the U1a Complex at the Nevada National Security Site was determined to be the only viable location for ECSE. The enhancements to the U1a Complex included in this line item will provide the drifts and the supporting structures, systems, and components necessary for the deployment of the MIEs to diagnose the subcritical hydrodynamic integrated weapons experiments using plutonium.

NNSA plans long-term investments supporting plutonium science at the NNSS. NNSS is the only site in the United States for experiments combining high explosives and plutonium, a core capability for NNSA's Stockpile Stewardship Program. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Program Manager and the Federal Project Director to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project required by DOE O 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. As allowed by DOE O 413.3B, work will be phased to improve overall efficiency.

OPCs are funded out of the Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments subprogram under Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering.

## Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve.

Performance Measure	Completion Criteria
17-D-640-010: Ventilation and power sufficient to	Documented in UCEP Subproject 010 Ventilation Plan; UCEP
allow concurrent excavation for two headings east of	Electrical Load Calculation; Temporary Power Plan
the U1a.01 Drift	
17-D-640-010: An invert suitable for transport of ASD	Documented in Building Code Requirements for Structural
accelerator equipment between the U1h shaft station	Concrete; Invert Plan; Invert Sections; Cast-In-Place Concrete
and U1a.104 Drift	Specification
17-D-640-010: Direct access from the U1a.01 Drift to	Documented in General Arrangement Plan
the U1a.104 Drift for equipment and personnel	
17-D-640-010: Multiple egress pathways from the	Documented in General Arrangement Plan
U1a.100 Drift and U1a.104 Drift to the U1a.01 Drift	
17-D-640-010: Operational Refuge Station east of the	Documented in NNSS Underground Facility Safety and Health
U1a.01 Drift to accommodate the number of	Program Description; U1a.102D Drift Refuge Shelter Equipment
individuals anticipated to normally work in that area	
17-D-640-020: An invert suitable for installation of the	Documented in the revised Program Requirements Document
ASD accelerator in the U1a.104 Drift	and the revised Project Execution Plan
17-D-640-020: Utilities and mechanical systems	Documented in the revised Program Requirements Document
sufficient to support operation and maintenance of	and the revised Project Execution Plan
the ASD accelerator in the U1a.104 Drift	

Performance Measure	Completion Criteria
17-D-640-020: A zero room structure and mechanical	Documented in the revised Program Requirements Document
systems that meet requirements for conducting	and the revised Project Execution Plan
subcritical experiments in the U1a.100 Drift	
17-D-640-020: Infrastructure that supports	Documented in the revised Program Requirements Document
installation of a centralized control of operation	and the revised Project Execution Plan
system of the ASD accelerator and NDSE source	
17-D-640-020: Infrastructure that supports	Documented in the revised Program Requirements Document
acquisition of experiment diagnostic data	and the revised Project Execution Plan

### 3. Project Cost and Schedule

### 17-D-640-010: ECSE Access and Life Safety Infrastructure

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2017	2,675	2,675	330
FY 2018	681	681	3,026
Total, Design	3,356	3,356	3,356
Construction			
FY 2017	8,800	8,800	0
FY 2018	14,484	14,484	0
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	9,320
FY 2020	2,000	2,000	16,300
FY 2021	10,090	10,090	15,978
FY 2022	0	0	3,276
FY 2023	0	0	500
Total, Construction	45,374	45,374	45,374
Total Estimated Costs			
FY 2017	11,475	11,475	330
FY 2018	15,165	15,165	3,026
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	9,320
FY 2020	2,000	2,000	16,300
FY 2021	10,090	10,090	15,978
FY 2022	0	0	3,276
FY 2023	0	0	500
Total, TEC	48,730	48,730	48,730
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
OPC, except D&D			
FY 2015	281	281	281
FY 2016	700	700	700
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019			-
112020	0	0	0
FY 2020	0 0	0 0	0 0

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2022	410	410	110
FY 2023	0	0	300
Total OPC, except			
D&D	1,391	1,391	1,391
OPC D&D			
FY 2015	0	0	0
FY 2016	0	0	0
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
Total, OPC D&D	0	0	0
Total Other Project C	osts		
FY 2015	281	281	281
FY 2016	700	700	700
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	0	0	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	410	410	110
FY 2023	0	0	300
Total,			
OPC	1,391	1,391	1,391
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2015	281	281	281
FY 2016	700	700	700
FY 2017	11,475	11,475	330
FY 2018	15,165	15,165	3,026
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	9,320
FY 2020	2,000	2,000	16,300
FY 2021	10,090	10,090	15,978
FY 2022	410	410	3,386
FY 2023	0	0	800
Grand Total	50,121	50,121	50,121

### 17-D-640-020: ECSE Laboratory and Support Infrastructure

	(Dollars in Thousands)	)	
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2017	25	25	25

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2018	6,935	6,935	1,045
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	11,060
FY 2020	33,000	33,000	32,675
FY 2021	36,008	36,008	33,688
FY 2022	17,539	17,539	25,014
Total, Design	103,507	103,507	103,507
Construction	_00,001		
FY 2021	114,502	114,502	7,400
FY 2022	117,461	117,461	115,980
FY 2023	53,130	53,130	126,700
FY 2024	129,870	129,870	97,000
FY 2025	0	0	47,100
FY 2026	0	0	20,777
Total, Construction	414,963	414,963	414,963
Total Estimated Costs	12 1,000	12 1,5 00	12 1,500
FY 2017	25	25	25
FY 2018	6,935	6,935	1,045
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	11,060
FY 2020	33,000	33,000	32,67
FY 2021	150,510	150,510	41,08
FY 2022	135,000	135,000	141,00
FY 2023	53,130	53,130	126,70
FY 2024	129,870	129,870	97,000
FY 2025	0	0	47,100
FY 2026	0		20,77
Total, TEC	518,470	518,470	518,47
ther Project Costs (OPC)	518,470	518,470	518,47
OPC, except D&D			
FY 2016	2,628	2,628	2,123
FY 2017 FY 2018	<u>1,700</u> 1,000	<u>1,700</u> 1,000	1,70 1,00
FY 2019	1,000	1,000	50
FY 2020	0	0	
FY 2021	0	0	
FY 2022	0	0	
FY 2023	0	0	
FY 2024	0	0	
FY 2025	2,953	2,953	(
FY 2026	2,555	0	2,453
FY 2027	0	0	50(
Total OPC, except			
D&D	8,281	8,281	8,28:
OPC D&D	-,	.,	
FY 2016	0	0	(
FY 2017	0	0	
		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	0	0	0
FY 2027	0	0	0
Total, OPC D&D	0	0	0
Total Other Project Co	sts		
FY 2016	2,628	2,628	2,128
FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,700
FY 2018	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2019	0	0	500
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
FY 2025	2,953	2,953	0
FY 2026	0	0	2,453
FY 2027	0	0	500
Total, OPC	8,281	8,281	8,281
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2016	2,628	2,628	2,128
FY 2017	1,725	1,725	1,725
FY 2018	7,935	7,935	2,045
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	11,560
FY 2020	33,000	33,000	32,675
FY 2021	150,510	150,510	41,088
FY 2022	135,000	135,000	141,000
FY 2023	53,130	53,130	126,700
FY 2024	129,870	129,870	97,000
FY 2025	2 <i>,</i> 953	2,953	47,100
FY 2026	0	0	23,230
FY 2027	0	0	500
Grand Total	526,751	526,751	526,751

### 17-D-640: Total Project

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2017	2,700	2,700	355
FY 2018	7,616	7,616	4,071
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	11,060
FY 2020	33,000	33,000	32,675
FY 2021	36,008	36,008	33,688
FY 2022	17,539	17,539	25,014
Total, Design	106,863	106,863	106,863
Construction			
FY 2017	8,800	8,800	0
FY 2018	14,484	14,484	C
FY 2019	10,000	10,000	9,320
FY 2020	2,000	2,000	16,300
FY 2021	124,592	124,592	23,378
FY 2022	117,461	117,461	119,262
FY 2023	53,130	53,130	127,200
FY 2024	129,870	129,870	97,000
FY 2025	0	0	47,100
FY 2026	0	0	20,777
Total, Construction	460,337	460,337	460,337
Total Estimated Costs			
FY 2017	11,500	11,500	355
FY 2018	22,100	22,100	4,071
FY 2019	20,000	20,000	20,380
FY 2020	35,000	35,000	48,975
FY 2021	160,600	160,600	57,066
FY 2022	135,000	135,000	144,276
FY 2023	53,130	53,130	127,200
FY 2024	129,870	129,870	97,000
FY 2025	0	0	47,100
FY 2026	0	0	20,777
Total, TEC	567,200	567,200	567,200
Other Project Costs (OPC)			
OPC, except D&D			
FY 2015	281	281	281
FY 2016	3,328	3,328	2,828
FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,700
FY 2018	1,000	1,000	1,000
FY 2019	0	0	500
FY 2020	0	0	0
FY 2021	0	0	C
FY 2022	410	410	110

		Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
	FY 2023	0	0	300
	FY 2024	0	0	0
	FY 2025	2,953	2,953	0
	FY 2026	0	0	2,453
	FY 2027	0	0	500
	Total OPC, except D&D	9,672	9,672	9,672
	OPC D&D			
	FY 2015	0	0	0
	FY 2016	0	0	0
	FY 2017	0	0	0
	FY 2018	0	0	0
	FY 2019	0	0	0
	FY 2020	0	0	0
	FY 2021	0	0	0
	FY 2022	0	0	0
	FY 2023	0	0	0
	FY 2024	0	0	0
	FY 2025	0	0	0
	FY 2026	0	0	0
	FY 2027	0	0	0
	Total, OPC D&D	0	0	0
	Total Other Project C	Costs		
	FY 2015	281	281	281
	FY 2016	3,328	3,328	2,828
	FY 2017	1,700	1,700	1,700
	FY 2018	1,000	1,000	1,000
	FY 2019	0	0	500
	FY 2020	0	0	0
	FY 2021	0	0	0
	FY 2022	410	410	110
	FY 2023	0	0	300
	FY 2024	0	0	0
	FY 2025	2,953	2,953	0
	FY 2026	0	0	2,453
	FY 2027	0	0	500
	Total, OPC	9,672	9,672	9,672
<b>Total Proje</b>	ect Costs (TPC)			
	FY 2015	281	281	281
	FY 2016	3,328	3,328	2,828
	FY 2017	13,200	13,200	2,055
	FY 2018	23,100	23,100	5,071
	FY 2019	20,000	20,000	20,880
	FY 2020	35,000	35,000	48,975
	FY 2021	160,600	160,600	57,066
	112021	100,000		
	FY 2022	135,410	135,410	144,386

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2024	129,870	129,870	97,000
FY 2025	2,953	2,953	47,100
FY 2026	0	0	23,230
FY 2027	0	0	500
Grand Total	576,872	576,872	576,872

### 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

### 17-D-640-010: ECSE Access and Life Safety Infrastructure

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	2,852	2,852	2,852
Project Management	504	504	504
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, Design	3,356	3,356	3,356
Construction			
Site Work	0	0	0
Equipment	0	0	0
Construction	34,234	32,896	31,606
Construction Management	5 <i>,</i> 368	5 <i>,</i> 368	5 <i>,</i> 368
Contingency	5,772	7,810	7,810
Total, Construction	45,374	46,074	44,784
Total Estimated Cost	48,730	49,430	48,140
Contingency, TEC	5,772	7,810	7,810
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	0
Conceptual Planning	200	200	200
Conceptual Design	281	281	281
Other OPC Costs	910	917	1,500
Contingency	0	0	0
Total, OPC	1,391	1,398	1,981
Contingency, OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Cost	50,121	50,828	50,121
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	5,772	7,810	7,810

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)			
	Current Total	Previous Total	Original Validated
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	68,355	42,653	N/A
Project Management	35,152	20,947	N/A
Contingency	0	3,800	N/A
Total, Design	103,507	67,400	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	0	0	N/A
Equipment	0	0	N/A
Construction	316,863	266,000	N/A
Construction Management	62,600	41,925	N/A
Contingency	35,500	82,445	N/A
Total, Construction	414,963	390,370	N/#
Total Estimated Cost	518,470	457,770	N/A
Contingency, TEC	35,500	86,245	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Planning	300	300	N/A
Conceptual Design	728	728	N/A
Other OPC Costs	7,253	16,083	N/#
Contingency	0	800	N/A
Total, OPC	8,281	17,911	N/#
Contingency, OPC	0	800	N/A
Total Project Cost	526,751	475,681	N//
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	35,500	87,045	N/#

### 17-D-640: Total Project

(Budget Aut	(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)		
	Current Total	Previous Total	Original Validated
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	71,207	45,505	N/A
Project Management	35 <i>,</i> 656	21,451	N/A
Contingency	0	3 <i>,</i> 800	N/A
Total, Design	106,863	70,756	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	0	0	N/A
Equipment	0	0	N/A
Construction	351,097	298,896	N/A
Construction Management	67,968	47,293	N/A
Contingency	41,272	90,255	N/A
Total, Construction	460,337	436,444	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	567,200	507,200	N/A
Contingency, TEC	41,272	94,055	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Planning	500	500	N/A
Conceptual Design	1,009	1,009	N/A
Other OPC Costs	8,163	17,000	N/A
Contingency	0	800	N/A
Total, OPC	9,672	19,309	N/A
Contingency, OPC	0	800	N/A
Total Project Cost	576,872	526,509	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	41,272	94,855	N/A

### 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	Total
	TEC	131,600	19,900	0	0	0	0	0	151,500
FY 2017	OPC	7,109	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,109
	TPC	138,709	19,900	0	0	0	0	0	158,609
	TEC	131,600	19,900	0	0	0	0	0	151,500
FY 2018	OPC	7,109	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,109
	TPC	138,700	19,900	0	0	0	0	0	158,609
	TEC	121,600	29,900	0	0	0	0	0	151,500
FY 2019	OPC	7,109	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,109
	TPC	128,700	29,900	0	0	0	0	0	158,609
	TEC	88,600	48,800	25,600	0	0	0	0	163,000
FY 2020	OPC	6,309	0	1,000	0	4,500	0	0	11,809
	TPC	94,909	48,800	26,600	0	4,500	0	0	174,809
	TEC	88,600	160,600	135,000	123,000	0	0	0	507,200
FY 2021	OPC	6,309	0	0	3 <i>,</i> 000	10,000	0	0	19,309
	TPC	94,909	160,600	135,000	126,000	10,000	0	0	526,509
	TEC	88,600	160,600	135,000	123,000	0	0	0	507,200
FY 2022	OPC	6,309	417	0	2,583	10,000	0	0	19,309
	TPC	94,909	161,017	135,000	125,583	10,000	0	0	526,509
	TEC	88,600	160,600	135,000	53,130	129,870	0	0	567,200
FY 2023	OPC	6,309	0	410	0	0	2,953	0	9,672
	TPC	94,909	160,600	135,410	53,130	129,870	2,953	0	576,872

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

### 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy	1Q FY2027
Expected Useful Life	30
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset	1Q FY 2057

# Related Funding Requirements

(Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)					
	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total	Current Total	Previous Total	Current Total	
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	36	36	1,075	1,080	

#### 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is not replacing existing facilities.

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

The project is being managed by the NNSS Management and Operating (M&O) contractor because of operations within the U1a Complex, which is an underground facility with limited access. Design and construction of the underground modifications will be performed by the NNSS M&O contractor through CLIN 001 on the M&O cost-plus contract.

### Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD) Major Item of Equipment (MIE) LANL Lead (SNL, LLNL, NNSS, NRL support) Project Data Sheet

### 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

<u>Summary</u>: The FY 2023 Request for the ASD MIE is \$247,065,000. The cost range for this project has changed to \$500,000,000 - \$1,300,000,000 due to COVID delays and supply chain challenges.

A Federal Project Director at the appropriate level has been assigned to this project.

### Significant Changes:

- Revised Financial Schedule to reflect changes from near-term to outyear budget and spend.
- Changed Performance Baseline Validation date to the third quarter of FY 2022, Critical Decision (CD)-2/3 approval to the fourth quarter of FY 2022, and CD-4 to the third quarter FY 2027 due to COVID impacts and supply chain delays.
  - As a result of the pandemic, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and Los Alamos National Laboratory stopped all hands on work for several months.
  - The project experienced supply chain issues (i.e. increased material/equipment costs and extended delivery schedules) due to COVID impacts. These supply chain issues caused downstream delays in the execution of technology maturation and design, which are necessary to achieve CD-2/3C. These supply chain issues have also increased project costs and delayed delivery of the CD-3B long-lead procurements.
- Delays in completion of the U1a Complex Enhancements Project design and extension of the construction schedule have resulted in delays in the installation of ASD in the U1a facility resulting in an extension to the project and increased cost.
- Revised Work Breakdown Structure to align with the planned execution of work.

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3C	CD-4
FY 2020	9/25/2014	6/7/2018	2/6/2019	2Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2021	2Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2025
FY 2021	9/25/2014	6/7/2018	2/6/2019	2Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2021	2Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2025
FY 2022	9/25/2014	6/7/2018	2/6/2019	2Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2021	2Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2025
FY 2023	9/25/2014	6/7/2018	2/6/2019	4Q FY 2022	3Q FY 2022	4Q FY 2022	3Q FY 2027

#### Critical Milestone History

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

CD-1 – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

CD-3A – Approve Long Lead Procurements – Scintillator components

CD-3B – Approve Long Lead Procurements – Injector and Pulsed power components

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete - Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Fabrication

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

Weapons Activities/Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering/ Assessment Science/Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD)

Fiscal Year	Performance Baseline Validation	CD-3A	CD-3B
FY 2020	4Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	
FY 2021	4Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	
FY 2022	4Q FY 2021	3Q FY 2021	1Q FY 2022
FY 2023	3Q FY 2022	4/13/2021	1/3/2022

### Fiscal Quarter or Date

#### **Project Cost History**

(Dollars in Thousands)				
Fiscal Year	Total Cost			
FY 2020	791,600			
FY 2021	1,061,355			
FY 2022	939,655			
FY 2023	1,284,161			

#### 2. Project Scope and Justification

#### <u>Scope</u>

Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments (ECSE) portfolio aims to construct a new underground laboratory in Nevada and to install large modern diagnostic systems necessary to evaluate plutonium implosion system experiments in support of the current and future stockpile. The ASD MIE is one of these diagnostic systems that involves installation of a linear induction accelerator into the U1a Complex. The ASD MIE will provide the capability to conduct weapons-scale, radiographically diagnosed subcritical experiments using special nuclear material (SNM). The radiographic data is required to refine the modern predictive physics models used to certify the present and future stockpile. Radiography (xray imaging of dense objects) is the principal tool for diagnosing dynamic weapons-scale experiments and is the key diagnostic for the National Hydrodynamic Test Program at both Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) and Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL). Currently, NNSA relies on hydrodynamic tests at the Dual Axis Radiographic Hydrodynamic Test Facility (DARHT) at LANL and at LLNL's Contained Firing Facility using the Flash X-Ray machine. In these tests, surrogate materials replace SNM in the experimental assembly. The surrogate tests explore many significant aspects of primary implosion physics, but cannot explore the unique behavior of plutonium. The ASD MIE Project, funded within the ECSE subprogram, addresses this need and complements other diagnostics already supporting the subcritical, scaled experiments program.

The ASD Project is composed of an MIE (called Scorpius) for four-pulse, single-axis radiographic capability at weaponsrelevant scales to be integrated with the UCEP Line Item-funded infrastructure improvements, which will house the MIE. The ASD Project is responsible for the technology maturation, design, fabrication and installation, and commissioning of Scorpius through CD-4. The CD-3A long-lead procurement scope is for the procurement of the scintillator and imager. The CD-3B long-lead procurement scope is for components/materials to support the fabrication of the Injector and setup of the Integrated Test Stand.

#### **Justification**

The aggregate influences of aging, modern manufacturing techniques, modern materials, and evolving design philosophies are driving the stockpile toward the limits of the nuclear explosive testing database. In 2014, LANL and LLNL jointly identified a capability gap that challenges the ability to certify the stockpile in light of these changes, which involves the evaluation of plutonium response. In 2016, the JASON Defense Advisory Group identified the same gap in capability of the United States to carry out and diagnose such experiments. The ASDMIE, as part of ECSE, is designed to

Weapons Activities/Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering/ Assessment Science/Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD) Major Item of Equipment narrow this gap. Radiographic data from ECSE will help the validation of the W80-4 design and certification of the W87-1 Modification Program. ECSE delivery in the mid-2020s supports these efforts. Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Program Manager and the Federal Project Director to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project required by DOE O 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents.

### Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The KPPs and Initial Operational Capability (IOC) represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. KPPs will be included upon approval of CD-2/3. In summary, the MIE must be able to generate the x-ray energies and multi-pulse capability necessary to diagnose late-time dynamics in plutonium implosion experiments.

### 3. Project Cost and Schedule

### Financial Schedule

	(Dollars in Thousands)	1	
	Budget	Obligations	Costs
Funding			
FY 2015	10,500	10,500	3,130
FY 2016	10,500	10,500	6,463
FY 2017	7,500	7,500	14,207
FY 2018	34,395	34,395	32,531
FY 2019	50,000	50,000	51,746
FY 2020	112,160	112,160	82,700
FY 2021	166,752	166,752	143,823
FY 2022	174,685	174,685	226,700
FY 2023	247,065	247,065	247,300
FY 2024	250,300	250,300	249,840
FY 2025	150,304	150,304	111,700
FY 2026	70,000	70,000	84,890
FY 2027	0	0	29,131
Grand Total	1,284,161	1,284,161	1,284,161

### 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

Work Breakdown Structure Estimated Cost (Dollars in Thousands)

WBS#	WBS Title	Current Estimate	Previous Estimate
1.01	Project Management	109,000	80,800
1.02	Radiographic System	787,000	559,600
1.03	System Engineering and Requirements	20,300	13,200
1.04	ITS Facility Installation, Major Subsystem Installation, Integration, & Testing	58,300	19,600
1.05	U1a Final Major Subsystem Installation, Integration, & Testing	59,600	10,000
1.06	Final Commissioning at U1a	24,800	N/A
	Management Reserve/Contingency	225,161	256,455
	Total	1,284,161	939,655

Weapons Activities/Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering/ Assessment Science/Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments Advanced Sources and Detectors (ASD) Major Item of Equipment

#### 5. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy	3Q FY 2027
Expected Useful Life	30 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset	3Q FY 2057

#### 6. Acquisition Approach

The four Management and Operations contractors at the Laboratories and sites (LANL, LLNL, SNL, and NNSS) have formed a multi-site team to execute the Project. This management team structure encourages the full engagement of LANL, LLNL, SNL and NNSS, enabling the NNSA to leverage unique capabilities of each laboratory. It also unifies the design to construction process, which is especially important, as the U1a Complex is an underground facility with limited access.

### Infrastructure and Operations

### Overview

The Infrastructure and Operations program maintains, operates, and modernizes the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) infrastructure in a safe, secure, and cost-effective manner to support all NNSA programs. Infrastructure and Operations efforts provide a comprehensive approach to modernizing NNSA infrastructure while maximizing return on investment, enabling program results, and reducing enterprise risk. The program also plans, prioritizes, and constructs mission-enabling facilities and infrastructure. Starting in FY 2023, funding for programmatic construction is requested within the program the project most closely supports. Further, funding for Capability Based Investments and Planning for Programmatic Construction is requested within Production Modernization.

### **Operations of Facilities**

The Operations of Facilities program provides the funding required to operate NNSA facilities in a safe and secure manner and is fundamental to achieving NNSA's plutonium, uranium, tritium, lithium, high explosives, and other mission objectives. This program includes essential support such as water and electrical utilities; safety systems; lease agreements; and activities associated with Federal, state, and local environmental, worker safety, and health regulations.

### **Safety and Environmental Operations**

The Safety and Environmental Operations program provides for the Department's Nuclear Criticality Safety Program (NCSP), Nuclear Safety Research and Development (NSR&D), Packaging subprogram, Long Term Stewardship (LTS) subprogram and Nuclear Materials Integration (NMI) subprogram. These activities support safe, efficient operation of the nuclear security enterprise through the provision of safety data, nuclear material packaging, environmental monitoring, and nuclear material tracking.

### **Maintenance and Repair of Facilities**

The Maintenance and Repair of Facilities program (Maintenance) provides direct-funded maintenance activities across the NNSA enterprise for the recurring day-to-day work required to sustain and preserve NNSA facilities in a condition suitable for their designated purpose. These efforts include predictive, preventive, and corrective maintenance activities to maintain facilities, property, assets, systems, roads, and vital safety systems.

#### Recapitalization

The Recapitalization program, comprised of the Infrastructure and Safety subprogram, is key to modernizing NNSA's infrastructure. A sustained investment in Recapitalization is needed to address numerous obsolete support and safety systems; revitalize facilities that are beyond the end of their design life; address climate adaptability and resilience; and improve the reliability, efficiency, and capability of core infrastructure to meet mission requirements. The Recapitalization program modernizes NNSA infrastructure by prioritizing investments to improve the condition and extend the life of structures, capabilities, and systems thereby improving the safety and quality of the workplace. Recapitalization investments help achieve operational efficiencies and reduce safety, security, environmental, climate, and program risk.

The Recapitalization program includes minor construction and infrastructure upgrade projects, real property purchases, planning, and Other Project Costs (OPC) for Infrastructure and Operations funded mission enabling infrastructure, and deactivation and disposal of excess infrastructure.

NNSA uses a prioritization methodology for recapitalization investments that factors in sustainability. This prioritization methodology focuses NNSA's infrastructure recapitalization investments on reducing safety risk and mission risk (which incorporate climate risk) while improving sustainability increasing return on investment and reducing deferred maintenance. As NNSA continues to mature its sustainability approach, the Site Sustainability Plans (SSP) will identify each site's respective contribution toward meeting the Department's sustainability and climate action goals.

#### Line-Item Construction

Infrastructure and Operations line-item construction projects are critical to revitalizing the infrastructure. These projects will replace obsolete, unreliable facilities and infrastructure to reduce safety and program risk while improving responsiveness, capacity, and capabilities. NNSA uses a prioritization methodology for mission enabling line-item

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construction that evaluates investments on closing mission gaps, reducing infrastructure risk and safety risk, improving sustainability, and reducing deferred maintenance.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

The FY 2023 Budget Request for Infrastructure and Operations totals \$2,630,963,000 which enables the long-term effort to modernize NNSA infrastructure. All requested amounts reflect a reduction in the program's allocated share of reimbursements for pension contributions at Sandia National Laboratories (SNL), Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL). This request includes an increase to Operations of Facilities to support: the Plutonium Modernization mission, including the production of at least 30 pits per year at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL); operations support personnel to complete 100% of the Savannah River Site (SRS) mission deliverables including Life Extension Program (LEP) requirements and Gas Transfer System (GTS) Surveillance requirements per schedule; and increased safety basis at Pantex. The increase is partially offset by a transfer of scope for programmatic equipment maintenance at SNL to the Production Operations program. The increase in Maintenance and Repair of Facilities also supports the Plutonium Modernization mission, including the production of at least 30 pits per year at LANL, increased maintenance needs at SNL to support the Microsystems Engineering, Science and Applications (MESA) Extended Life Program (ELP), and the transfer of the Waste Solidification Building (WSB) at the Savannah River Site (SRS) from the Material Management and Minimization's Material Disposition subprogram within Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN). The increase is partially offset by a transfer of scope for programmatic equipment maintenance at Kansas City National Security Campus (KCNSC) to the Production Operations program. The decrease to the Safety and Environmental Operations program reflects a small adjustment to reduce uncosted balances. This is offset by an increase for additional support for the Material Managers at the sites under the Nuclear Materials Integration program. The overall decrease to Recapitalization, Infrastructure and Safety program reflects a realignment to Mission Enabling Construction to address larger projects. This is partially offset by an increase for planning to support the U1a Complex Access Shaft project at Nevada National Security Site (NNSS). NNSA is also increasing emphasis on climate resiliency projects within the program through the Energy Resilient Infrastructure and Climate Adaptation (ERICA) initiative. The request for Mission Enabling Construction is to support new starts for the Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade project at LANL, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building at LANL, and construction for the Special Materials Facility project at Y-12 National Security Campus (Y-12). It also supports the transition to construction for the Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion project at LLNL.

The request also reflects a budget structure change realigning the Capability Based Investments subprogram from Recapitalization to Production Modernization. It also realigns Programmatic Construction projects to their relevant portfolios (Production Modernization or Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering). Unless otherwise noted, budget tables included in the NNSA Congressional Budget Justification show the FY 2021 Enacted Level on a comparable basis to what is proposed for FY 2023.

### **Major Outyear Priorities and Assumptions**

Outyear funding levels for Infrastructure and Operations total \$11,483,722,000 for FY 2024 through FY 2027. Outyear priorities will focus on supporting the pit production mission, life extension mission, and the Infrastructure Modernization Initiative (IMI) goal of reducing Deferred Maintenance (DM) and Repair Needs (RN) and continuing to modernize NNSA's infrastructure to reduce mission and safety risks through the application of an enterprise risk management methodology, with line item construction investments largely directed to mission enabling, plutonium, and weapons assembly and disassembly infrastructure. NNSA also seeks to enhance climate adaptation and energy resilience as part of its overall infrastructure modernization strategy. Lastly, NNSA will seek operational efficiencies by deactivating and dispositioning facilities that are no longer needed, thereby reducing operations, maintenance, and recapitalization requirements.

#### Infrastructure Modernization Initiative

In the FY 2022 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA), Congress amended the IMI to require reducing Deferred Maintenance (DM) by replacement plant value (RPV) by not less than 45 percent by 2030 and authorizing NNSA to dispose of process-contaminated facilities if the total project cost is estimated to be under \$75 million.

As part of the IMI, NNSA has deployed BUILDER, a system developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and recognized by the National Academy of Sciences as a best-in-class practice for infrastructure management. The BUILDER system uses

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comprehensive inventory, lifecycle, cost, and assessment data and risk-informed standards and policies to recommend repairs and replacements at the most opportune time, thus improving NNSA's ability to pinpoint and prioritize investments. Using BUILDER-based calculations provides a more accurate and transparent understanding of NNSA's infrastructure. Historical approaches had greatly underestimated the Replacement Plant Value (RPV) of NNSA's facilities (for example, RPV for Y-12's 9212 was historically \$949 million and is now \$4.7 billion). NNSA's new calculated RPV is \$124.9 billion, of which \$3.5 billion is excess facilities. The DM costs are tied to the RPV (it costs more to repair a more expensive facility); therefore, as expected, DM increased with the deployment of our new, more accurate, data-driven approach from \$5.8 billion as of FY 2020 to \$6.1 billion as of FY 2021. The overall physical condition of NNSA's infrastructure did not decline. (Table 1).

As a result of our data-driven and risk-informed infrastructure tools, NNSA has transitioned from a financially driven (e.g., DM) to a risk-driven plan for improving infrastructure. While many of our projects will inherently reduce DM, DM reduction is not the primary metric driving project selection.

Table 1						
NNSA Deferred Mainter	NNSA Deferred Maintenance (DM) as a Percentage of Replacement Plant Value (RPV)					
Metric	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021			
RN	\$8.9B	\$9.4B	\$9.8B			
DM	\$4.8B	\$5.8B	\$6.1B			
RPV	\$124.3B	\$116.3B	\$124.9B			
RN/RPV Ratio	7.16%	8.08%	7.88%			
DM/RPV Ratio	3.85%	4.99%	4.90%			

In response to GAO recommendations, the following information is provided to improve transparency in the budget. Table 2 below lists total DM at NNSA sites, including a breakdown of that DM at different stages of facilities' design lives.

Table 2							
NNSA Deferred Maintenance (DM) as of FY 2021 (dollars in thousands)							
Metric	Total	% of Total DM	RPV	DM/RPV			
Total DM	6,125,739	100%	124,923,660	4.90%			
DM on excess facilities	53,317	0.87%	3,454,190	1.54%			
DM on facilities beyond their 40- year design life	4,270,974	69.72%	70,547,990	6.05%			
DM on facilities within ten years of their 40-year design life	1,221,454	19.94%	19,486,430	6.27%			
DM on facilities within the first 30 years of their 40-year design life	579,994	9.47%	31,435,050	1.85%			

Approximately 90 percent of NNSA DM is associated with facilities that are approaching or surpassed their 40-year design life. As part of a prudent investment strategy, NNSA will intentionally not perform some of the maintenance and repair on facilities with near-term replacement strategies or those that are or soon will be come excess. NNSA is prioritizing its investments based on reducing mission risk, and it will take time and sustained investment in new construction to replace aged facilities and reverse operational risks from this legacy infrastructure.

NNSA annually screens excess facilities to identify the highest risks to mission, workers, the public, and the environment to support risk-informed decision making. Table 3 lists the highest-risk facilities.

	Table 3					
	NNSA's Highest-Risk Excess Facilities ^a					
Site	Facility	Year Built	Year Shut Down			
Y-12	Alpha 5, Building 9201-05	1944	1983			
Y-12	Beta 4, Building 9204-04	1945	2007			
Y-12	Building 9206	1944	1993			
Y-12	Warehouse/Industrial, Building 9720-17 ^b	1956	2016			
LLNL	Heavy Elements Facility, Building 251	1956	1995			
LLNL	Livermore Pool-Type Reactor, Building 280	1956	1980			
LLNL	Rotating Target Neutron Source Facility, Building 292	1979	1987			
LLNL	Pluto Project Testing and Fabrication Facility, Building 241	1960	2008			
LLNL	Explosives & High-Pressure Testing, Building 343	1960	2014			
LANL	Ion Beam Facility, Building TA-3-0016	1953	1999			
LANL	Plastics Building 16-0306	1954	2009			

^b Facility contains radiological and/or hazardous contamination based on historical use. Weapons Activities/

^a The FY 2022 table included the MARS-E Beam, Building 175 at LLNL, which was dispositioned in November 2021.

# Infrastructure and Operations Funding (Comparable)

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request			
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS			
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Infrastructure and Operations								
Operating								
Operations of Facilities	1,014,000	1,014,000	1,038,000	+24,000	+2.4%			
Safety and Environmental Operations	165,354	165,354	162,000	-3,354	-2.0%			
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	667,000	667,000	680,000	+13,000	+1.9%			
Recapitalization								
Infrastructure and Safety	573,717	573,717	561,663	-12,054	-2.1%			
Subtotal, Recapitalization	573,717	573,717	561,663	-12,054	-2.1%			
Total, Operating	2,420,071	2,420,071	2,441,663	+21,592	+0.9%			
Construction								
Mission Enabling Construction								
23-D-519, Special Material Facility, Y-12	0	0	49,500	+49,500	0%			
23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office	0	0	48,500	+48,500	0%			
Building, LANL								
23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	0	0	24,000	+24,000	0%			
22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	0	0	67,300	+67,300	0%			
19-D-670, 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS	59 <i>,</i> 000	59 <i>,</i> 000	0	-59 <i>,</i> 000	-100.0%			
15-D-612, Emergency Operations Center, LLNL	27,000	27,000	0	-27,000	-100.0%			
15-D-611, Emergency Operations Center, SNL	36,000	36,000	0	-36,000	-100.0%			
Total, Mission Enabling Construction	122,000	122,000	189,300	+67,300	+55.2%			
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	2,542,071	2,542,071	2,630,963	+88,892	+3.5%			

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### Infrastructure and Operations Outyear Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027		
	Request	Request	Request	Request		
Infrastructure and Operations						
Operating						
Operations of Facilities	1,144,000	1,182,000	1,222,000	1,250,000		
Safety and Environmental Operations	161,000	167,000	167,000	171,000		
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	711,000	727,000	743,000	751,000		
Recapitalization						
Infrastructure and Safety	580,470	582,220	604,204	666,428		
Subtotal, Recapitalization	580,470	582,220	604,204	666,428		
Total, Operating	2,596,470	2,658,220	2,736,204	2,838,428		
Mission Enabling Construction						
27-D-XXX, Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL	0	0	0	48,700		
26-D-XXX, U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS	0	0	30,000	85,000		
26-D-XXX, Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL	0	0	48,700	0		
25-D-XXX, Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	0	48,500	0	0		
25 D-XXX, Maintenance Facility, Y-12	0	50,000	0	0		
24-D-XXX, Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	35,000	0	0	0		
24-D-XXX, Plutonium Production Building, LANL	48,500	0	0	0		
23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	95,000	86,000	79,000	0		
Total, Construction	178,500	184,500	157,700	133,700		
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	2,774,970	2,842,720	2,893,904	2,972,128		

Weapons Activities/ Infrastructure and Operations

### Infrastructure and Operations Funding (Non-Comparable)

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
				FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request			
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	VS	VS			
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Infrastructure and Operations								
Operating								
Operations of Facilities	1,014,000	1,014,000	1,038,000	24,000	+2.4%			
Safety and Environmental Operations	165,354	165,354	162,000	-3,354	-2.0%			
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	667,000	667,000	680,000	13,000	+1.9%			
Recapitalization								
Infrastructure and Safety	573,717	573,717	561,663	-12,054	-2.1%			
Capability Based Investments	149,117	149,117	0	-149,117	-100.0%			
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	10,000	10,000	0	-10,000	-100.0%			
Subtotal, Recapitalization	732,834	732,834	561,663	-171,171	-23.4%			
Total, Operating	2,579,188	2,579,188	2,441,663	-137,525	-5.3%			
Construction								
Programmatic Construction								
Mission Enabling Construction	1,386,319	1,386,319	0	-1,386,319	-100.0%			
Total, Construction	122,000	122,000	189,300	67,300	+55.2%			
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	1,508,319	1,508,319	189,300	-1,319,019	-87.4%			
	4,087,507	4,087,507	2,630,963	-1,456,544	-35.6%			

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	FY 2023 Budget Structure									
	FY 2021 Enacted Comparable Stockpile Reseach, Technology, and Production Modernization Production Modernization Engineering									
FY 2021 Budget Structure	Los Alamos Pu Modernization	High Explosives & Energetics	Secondary Capability Modernization	Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	Non-Nuclear Capability Modernizaiton	Capability Based Investments	Warhead Assembly	Assessment Science	Advanced Simulation and Computing	Total
Weapons Activities	linouernization	Linergetteb	inductinization	2	modermization	intestinents	Juscennung	<b>U</b>	comparing	1010
Infrastructure and Operations										
Operating										
Operations of Facilities										0
Safety and Environmental Operations										0
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities										0
Recapitalization										0
Infrastructure and Safety										0
Capability Based Investments						154,220				154,220
Subtotal, Recapitalization	0	0	0	0	C	) 154,220		0	0	154,220
Total, Operating	0	0	0	0	C	154,220		0	0	154,220
I&O: Construction										
Programmatic										
22-D-513, Power Sources Capability, SNL					C	)				0
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX		108,000								108,000
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12			216,886							216,886
18-D-680 Material Staging Facility, PX							(	D		0
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS				73,300						73,300
18-D-620 Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL									0	0
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS								53,130		53,130
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	30,002									30,002
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX		20,000								20,000
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	24,759									24,759
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12			362,000							362,000
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	162,012									162,012
Total, Programmatic	216,773	128,000	578,886	73,300	C	0 0	(	0 53,130	0	1,050,089
Mission Enabling										
Total, Mission Enabling	0	0	0	0	C	) 0	(	0 0	0	0
Total, I&O: Construction	216,773	128,000	578,886	73,300	C	0 0	(	0 53,130	0	1,050,089
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	216,773	128,000	578,886	73,300	C	154,220	(	0 53,130	0	1,204,309

	FY 2023 Budget Structure													
	FY 2021 Enacted Non-Comparable													
		Infrastructure and Operations				Production Modernization						Stockpile Reseach, Technology, and Engineering		
FY 2021 Budget Structure	Operations of Facilities	Safety and Environmental Operations	Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	Recapitalization	Mission Enabling Construction	Los Alamos Pu Modernization	Secondary Capability Modernization	Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	High Explosives & Energetics	Capability Based Investments	Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	Assessment Science	Advanced Simulation and Computing	Total
Weapons Activities											(		,,	
Infrastructure and Operations														
Operating														
Operations of Facilities	1,014,000													1,014,00
Safety and Environmental Operations		165,354												165,35
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities			667,000											667,00
Recapitalization Infrastructure and Safety				570 747										
Capability Based Investments				573,717						149,117				573,71 149,11
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-										149,117	10,000			149,11
Subtotal, Recapitalization	0	0	0	573,717	0	0	0	0	0	149,117	10,000	0	0	732,83
Total, Operating	1,014,000			573,717						,				
I&O: Construction	,- ,	,	,	,						- ,	-,			,, -
Programmatic														
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and														
Production, PX									31,000					31,00
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12							109,405							109,40
18-D-680 Material Staging Facility, PX														
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS								27,000						27,00
18-D-620 Exascale Computing Facility														
Modernization Project, LLNL													29,200	29,20
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project,														
NNSS												160,600		160,60
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3,														
LANL						30,000								30,00
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX									43,000					43,00
07-D-220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility,														
LANL						36,687								36,68
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12							750,000							750,00
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research														
Replacement Project, LANL Total, Programmatic	0	0	0	0	0	169,427 236,114	859,405	27,000	74,000	0	0	160,600	29,200	169,42 1,386,31
Mission Enabling	0	0	0	0	122,000	250,114	635,405	27,000	74,000	0	0	100,000	29,200	1,386,31
Total, Mission Enabling	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122,00
Total, I&O: Construction	0		-	0	,	236,114	-	-	74,000	0				1,508,31
Fotal, Infrastructure and Operations	1,014,000			573,717	,	236,114			74,000		10,000			4,087,50

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### Infrastructure and Operations Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Infrastructure and Operations	
Operating Operations of Facilities: The increase supports: the Plutonium Modernization mission, including the production of at least 30 pits per year at LANL; operations support personnel to complete 100% of the SRS mission deliverables including LEP requirements and GTS Surveillance requirements per schedule; and increased safety basis needs at Pantex. The increase is partially offset by a transfer of scope for programmatic equipment maintenance at SNL to the Production Operations program.	r <b>+24,000</b>
Safety and Environmental Operations: The decrease reflects a small adjustment to reduce uncosted balances, offset by an increase for additional support for the Material Managers at the sites under the Nuclear Materials Integration program.	-3,354
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities: The increase supports the Plutonium Modernization mission, including the production of at least 30 pits per year at LANL, increased maintenance needs at SNL to support the MESA ELP, and the transfer of the Waste Solidification Building at the SRS from the Material Management and Minimization's Material Disposition subprogram within DNN. The increase is partially offset by a transfer of scope for programmatic equipment maintenance at KCNSC to the Production Operations program.	+13,000
Recapitalization:	
Infrastructure and Safety: The overall decrease reflects a realignment to Mission Enabling Construction to address larger projects. This is partially offset by an increase for planning to support the U1a Complex Access Shaft project at Nevada National Security Site (NNSS) planned for the out years. NNSA is also increasing emphasis on climate resiliency projects within the program.	-12,054
Total, Operating	+21,592

FY 2023 Request vs

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Construction	
<b>Mission Enabling Construction</b> : Reflects new starts for the Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade at LANL, Plutonium Modernization Operation & Waste Management Office Building at LANL, and construction for the Special Materials Facility at Y-12. The increase also supports the transition to construction for the Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion project at LLNL.	as +67,300
Total, Construction	+67,300
Total, Infrastructure and Operations	+88,892

### Infrastructure and Operations Operations of Facilities

### Description

The Operations of Facilities program provides the funding required to operate NNSA facilities in a safe manner. Operations of Facilities is fundamental to achieving NNSA's plutonium, uranium, tritium, lithium, high explosives, and other mission objectives. It includes essential support such as water and electrical utilities, safety systems, lease agreements for facilities and land, emergency response services, and other critical systems. This program also provides resources for environment, safety, health, and quality (ESH&Q) costs associated with ensuring compliance with Federal, state, and local environmental, worker safety, and health regulations as well as applicable DOE Orders and Directives.

The Operations of Facilities program also funds waste management activities, including treatment, storage, and waste disposition of both hazardous and newly generated radiological wastes. It provides for the daily operations and staffing to ensure facilities, systems, and capabilities are available to meet mission requirements.

The program also supports the Safety Analytics, Forecasting, Evaluation, and Reporting (SAFER) platform that was developed as a data management capability to enable the conversion of currently available data (predominantly narrative reports) into useful information and visualizations for NNSA decision maker support.

Table 4											
Site	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request				
Kansas City National Security Campus	107,000	110,000	95,000	101,000	102,000	103,000	104,000				
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	79,000	80,000	82,000	85,000	86,000	87,000	89,000				
Los Alamos National Laboratory	303,000	288,500	325,000	387,000	413,000	420,000	428,000				
Nevada National Security Site	102,000	103,000	105,000	121,000	127,000	128,000	129,000				
Pantex Plant	75,000	77,000	83,000	84,000	84,000	85,000	87,000				
Sandia National Laboratories	125,000	126,000	106,000	112,000	113,000	116,000	116,000				
Savannah River Site	92,000	94,000	97,000	104,000	105,000	99,000	99,000				
Y-12 National Security Complex	101,000	103,000	104,000	110,000	111,000	137,000	146,000				
Headquarters*	30,000	32,500	41,000	40,000	41,000	47,000	52,000				
TOTAL	1,014,000	1,014,000	1,038,000	1,144,000	1,182,000	1,222,000	1,250,000				

FY 2021-FY 2027 site allocations for the Operations of Facilities program are provided in Table 4 below.

* The Operations of Facilities allocation under "Headquarters" includes funding for the Safety Analytics, Forecasting, Evaluation, and Reporting (SAFER) platform and to quickly respond to emergent unforeseeable issues. Funding is distributed to the sites during execution, which is consistent with industry best practices.

Activities and Explanation of Changes									
FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)							
Operations of Facilities \$1,014,000,000	Operations of Facilities \$1,038,000,000	Operations of Facilities +\$24,000,000							
<ul> <li>Funding supported base facility operations at:</li> <li>Kansas City National Security Campus (KCNSC), supporting non-nuclear production.</li> <li>LLNL, supporting plutonium, tritium, and high explosive nuclear security enterprise missions.</li> <li>LANL, supporting plutonium production, including pit production, research, and development; chemistry and metallurgy research; we apons engineering and tritium capability; and beryllium operations.</li> <li>NNSS, including experimental capabilities.</li> <li>Pantex, including industrial and high explosives to support we apon assembly, disassembly, and surveillance in support of the Life Extension Program (LEPs).</li> <li>SNL, including environmental testing and microelectronics technologies facilities.</li> <li>Y-12, for enriched and depleted uranium, lithium, and other special material operations.</li> <li>Headquarters (HQ), the SAFER platform to support enterprise-wide risk management applications.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Funding supports base facility operations at:</li> <li>KCNSC, supporting non-nuclear production.</li> <li>LLNL, supporting plutonium, tritium, and high explosive nuclear security enterprise missions.</li> <li>LANL, supporting plutonium production, including pit production, research, and development; chemistry and metallurgy research; weapons engineering and tritium capability; and beryllium operations.</li> <li>NNSS, including experimental capabilities.</li> <li>Pantex, including industrial and high explosives to support weapon assembly, disassembly, and surveillance in support of the LEPs.</li> <li>SNL, including environmental testing and microelectronicstechnologies facilities.</li> <li>Y-12, for enriched and depleted uranium, lithium, and other special material operations.</li> <li>HQ, the SAFER platform to support enterprisewide risk management applications.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase supports: the Plutonium Modernization mission, including the production of at least 30 pits per year at LANL; operations support personnel to complete 100% of the SRS mission deliverables including LEP requirements and GTS Surveillance requirements per schedule; and increased safety basis needs at Pantex. The increase is partially offset by a transfer of scope for programmatic equipment maintenance at SNL to the Production Operations program.</li> </ul>							

# **Operations of Facilities**

#### Infrastructure and Operations Safety and Environmental Operations

### Description

The Safety and Environmental Operations program provides for the Department's Nuclear Criticality Safety Program (NCSP), the NNSA's Nuclear Safety Research and Development (NSR&D) subprogram, Packaging subprogram, Long Term Stewardship (LTS) subprogram, and Nuclear Materials Integration subprogram (NMI). Table 5 provides the funding breakout for these subprograms.

NCSP develops, maintains, and disseminates the essential technical tools, training, and data required to support safe, efficient fissionable material operations within DOE. This includes maintaining and operating the National Criticality Experiments Research Center (NCERC) at NNSS where critical and sub-critical experiments are conducted to provide tests of nuclear data, analytical codes, and to develop new measurement methods.

The NSR&D subprogram provides the technical foundation for safety analyses and controls as well as authorization basis decision making for DOE/NNSA nuclear facilities and associated operations. The NCSP and NSR&D subprograms are vital to ensuring nuclear safety is maintained across the NNSA enterprise.

The Packaging subprogram ensuressafe transport of nuclear and radiological materials by providing off-site shipping container research and development, design, certification, recertification, test and evaluation, production and procurement, fielding and maintenance, decontamination, and disposal. It also provides off-site transportation authorization of shipping containers for nuclear materials and components supporting both the nuclear weapons program and nuclear nonproliferation and other mission objectives.

The LTS subprogram ensures environmental safety at remediated sites with residual contamination by conducting activities necessary to meet Federal and state environmental regulatory requirements identified in legally enforceable records of decision, cleanup agreements, and consent orders. The LTS subprogram operates and maintains remediation systems, maintains institutional and engineering controls, and monitors contaminant levels in the soil, groundwater, and surface water. LTS is required to meet environmental requirements associated with corrective actions at sites that are subject to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) or cleanup requirements under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The LTS program also contributes to the Environmental Justice (J40) program by protecting worker health and the environment on the former Kansas City Plant (including vapor intrusion mitigation within newly constructed buildings) and minimizing the impact of legacy contamination on adjacent properties and surface waters.

The NMI subprogram maintains and operates the Nuclear Materials Management and Safeguards System (NMMSS), which tracks and accounts for nuclear materials at DOE and Nuclear Regulatory Commission-licensed sites, and the Nuclear Materials Inventory Assessment (NMIA) that manages use and demand of accountable nuclear materials by DOE and NNSA laboratories and production plants. In addition, NMI integrates management, consolidates, and coordinates disposal of excess accountable nuclear materials. NMI ensures that both older, unclaimed materials as well as materials currently in use have a viable disposition path. NMI monitors demand and consumption of nuclear materials and identifies future shortages. NMI addresses these potential shortages through focused projects with National Laboratories and educational institutions. NMI collaborates with the counterterrorism and intelligences communities to ensure critical materials are available for the nuclear forensics' community. NMI oversees and stewards nuclear materials managers at DOE/NNSA sites.

Table 5										
Subprogram	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request			
Nuclear Criticality Safety Program	29,126	29,387	29,080	30,947	31,566	32,197	33,517			
Nuclear Safety Research and Development	3,704	3,726	3,418	3,942	4,025	4,109	4,195			
Packaging	27,831	25,683	24,986	26,638	26,250	26,477	26,980			
Long Term Stewardship	78,283	77,173	75,021	69,973	76,659	75,717	75,717			
Nuclear Materials Integration	26,410	29,385	29,495	29,500	28,500	28,500	30,591			
TOTAL	165,354	165,354	162,000	161,000	167,000	167,000	171,000			

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
Safety and Environmental Operations \$165,354,000	Safety and Environmental Operations \$162,000,000	Safety and Environmental Operations -\$3,354,000		
Nuclear Criticality Safety Program \$29,126,000	Nuclear Criticality Safety Program \$29,080,000	Nuclear Criticality Safety Program -\$46,000		
<ul> <li>Provided technical infrastructure, expertise, and experimentation capabilities for the DOE encompassing the following technical elements: Nuclear Data, Analytical Methods, Training &amp; Education, Information Preservation and Dissemination, and Integral Experiments. Integral experiments included the NCSP's NCERC to ensure criticality safety capabilities are adequate for the DOE mission.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provides technical infrastructure, expertise, and experimentation capabilities for the DOE encompassing the following technical elements: Nuclear Data, Analytical Methods, Training &amp; Education, Information Preservation and Dissemination, and Integral Experiments. Integral experiments included the NCSP's NCERC to ensure criticality safety capabilities are adequate for the DOE mission.</li> </ul>	• No significant changes.		
Nuclear Safety Research and Development \$3,704,000	Nuclear Safety Research and Development \$3,418,000	Nuclear Safety Research and Development -\$286,000		
<ul> <li>Conducted projects to provide the technical foundation for safety analyses and controls as well as authorization basis decision making for DOE/NNSA nuclear facilities and associated operations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct projects to provide the technical foundation for safety analyses and controls as well as authorization basis decision making for DOE/NNSA nuclear facilities and associated operations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No significant changes.</li> </ul>		
Packaging \$27,831,000	Packaging \$24,986,000	Packaging -\$2,845,000		
<ul> <li>Refurbished, reconditioned, maintained, replaced, and certified containers to ensure availability to support the nuclear weapons mission.</li> </ul>	• Refurbish, recondition, maintain, replace, and certify containers to ensure availability to support the nuclear weapons mission.	• The decrease reflects a small adjustment to reduce uncosted balances.		
Long Term Stewardship \$78,283,000	Long Term Stewardship \$75,021,000	Long Term Stewardship -\$3,262,000		
<ul> <li>Continued to support LTS regulatory required activities at the KC National Security Campus (Bannister site), LLNL (Main Site and Site 300), Pantex Plant, SNL, and Y-12.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue to support LTS regulatory required activities at the KC National Security Campus (Bannister site), LLNL (Main Site and Site 300), Pantex Plant, SNL, and Y-12.</li> </ul>	The decrease reflects a small adjustment to reduce uncosted balances.		
Veapons Activities/ nfrastructure and Operations		FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justifi		

# Safety and Environmental Operations

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>LTS required activities include: treating contaminated ground water (including the Pantex offsite groundwater contamination plume); monitoring surface/ground water and soils; maintaining landfill remedies; performing CERCLA and RCRA 5-year remedy reviews of selected cleanup remedies; working with the Environmental Protection Agency regions and various states to meet post-completion regulatory cleanup and reporting requirements; addressing potential vapor intrusion studies and remedial activities, and working in concert with other federal agencies, states, and affected stakeholders to execute LTS activities in a cost effective, compliant, and safe manner consistent with end states.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>LTS required activities include: treating contaminated ground water (including the Pantex offsite groundwater contamination plume); monitoring surface/ground water and soils; maintaining landfill remedies; performing CERCLA and RCRA 5-year remedy reviews of selected cleanup remedies; working with the Environmental Protection Agency regions and various states to meet post-completion regulatory cleanup and reporting requirements; addressing potential vapor intrusion studies and remedial activities, and working in concert with other federal agencies, states, and affected stakeholders to execute LTS activities in a cost effective, compliant, and safe manner consistent with end states.</li> </ul>	
Nuclear Materials Integration \$26,410,000	Nuclear Materials Integration \$29,495,000	Nuclear Materials Integration+\$3,085,000
<ul> <li>Maintained and operated the NMMSS for the United States Government.</li> <li>Processed sodium bonded fuels at Idaho National Laboratory (INL) originally used at SNL.</li> <li>Planned and implemented activities to recover Pu-244 from the Mk-18a target assemblies at SRS.</li> <li>Treated, consolidated, and disposed of inactive actinides no longer needed for nuclear security missions at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL), LANL, and Y-12.</li> <li>Ensured program direction and management of nuclear materials is effectively executed at each of the site offices.</li> <li>Provided long-term forecasting, planning and analysis of materials.</li> <li>Continued to support the emphasis on nuclear material consolidation and de-inventory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain and operate the NMMSS for the United States Government.</li> <li>Process sodium bonded fuels at INL originally used at SNL.</li> <li>Plan and implement activities to recover Pu-244 from the Mk-18a target assemblies at SRS.</li> <li>Treat, consolidate, and dispose of inactive actinides no longer needed for nuclear security missions at ORNL, LANL, and Y-12.</li> <li>Ensure program direction and management of nuclear materials is effectively executed at each of the site offices.</li> <li>Provide long-term forecasting, planning and analysis of materials.</li> <li>Continue to support the emphasis on nuclear material consolidation and de-inventory activities across the NNSA nuclear security enterprise.</li> </ul>	Increase reflects additional support for the Material Managers at the sites.

#### Weapons Activities/ Infrastructure and Operations

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2021 Enacted FY 2023 Request		
activities across the NNSA nuclear security enterprise.	• Continue activities to remove plutonium-bearing mixed oxide fuel.		
<ul> <li>Continued activities to remove plutonium- bearing mixed oxide fuel.</li> </ul>			

#### Infrastructure and Operations Maintenance and Repair of Facilities

### Description

The Maintenance and Repair of Facilities program provides direct-funded maintenance activities across the NNSA enterprise for the recurring day-to-day work required to sustain and preserve NNSA facilities and equipment in a condition suitable for their designated purpose. These efforts include predictive, preventive, and corrective maintenance activities to maintain facilities, property, assets, systems, roads, and vital safety systems. This program also funds maintenance of excess facilities (including high-risk excess facilities) necessary to minimize the risk posed by those facilities prior to disposition.

Maintenance and Repair of Facilities is prioritized within an enterprise risk management framework based on mission needs; probability of failure of a system or a component; and risk determination with regard to safety, security, and environmental requirements. Investments focus on those structures, systems, and components that are considered essential to the national security mission. FY 2021-FY 2027 Infrastructure and Operations site allocations for direct-funded maintenance are provided in Table 6 below.

This program also funds the Roof Asset Management Program (RAMP) and the Cooling and Heating Asset Management Program (CHAMP). RAMP provides a dedicated approach to managing roofing assets through a single prioritized list of roofing needs across the nuclear security enterprise. The benefits of this approach enable the implementation of standard industry processes and best practices in the management of the roofing portfolio at a corporate level. Efficiencies are achieved by centralized procurement through leveraged buying power and long-term solutions instead of short-term repairs. The successful RAMP methodology has been expanded to other common components/systems under the Asset Management Program (AMP). Other systems will be analyzed as possible AMPs to achieve additional efficiencies.

Table 6								
Site	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	
Kansas City National Security Campus	28,000	35,000	22,000	21,000	22,000	23,000	28,000	
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	35,483	35,000	37,000	41,000	41,000	42,000	42,000	
Los Alamos National Laboratory	150,000	145,000	156,000	170,000	183,000	192,000	189,000	
Nevada National Security Site	58,000	61,000	62,000	65,000	65,000	70,000	70,000	
Pantex Plant	117,000	112,000	114,000	115,000	115,000	116,000	118,000	
Sandia National Laboratories	19,000	24,000	28,000	32,000	32,000	33,000	33,000	
Savannah River Site	40,000	40,000	47,000	49,000	49,000	44,000	45,000	
Y-12 National Security Complex	119,000	117,000	119,000	120,000	121,000	122,000	123,000	
Enterprise Acquisitions*	100,517	98,000	95,000	98,000	99,000	101,000	103,000	
TOTAL	667,000	667,000	680,000	711,000	727,000	743,000	751,000	

* The Maintenance and Repair of Facilities allocation under "Enterprise Acquisitions" includes funding for Asset Management Programs, which achieve economies of scale and maintenance standardization for critical building systems that are common across the enterprise (e.g. roofs, HVAC) and to quickly respond to emergent unforeseeable issues. Funding is distributed to the sites during execution, which is consistent with industry best practices.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities \$667,000,000	Maintenance and Repair of Facilities \$680,000,000	Maintenance and Repair of Facilities +\$13,000,000		
<ul> <li>KCNSC: maintenance of equipment and tenant improvement equipment.</li> <li>LLNL: maintenance activities at Contained Firing Facility, Superblock, High Explosive Application Facility (HEAF), machine shops, and waste management facilities.</li> <li>LANL: maintenance activities at Plutonium Facility 4 (PF-4), Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR), Dual-Axis Radiographic Hydrodynamic Test Facility (DARHT), Los Alamos Neutron Science Center (LANSCE), Beryllium, waste management, radiological laboratory, and tritium facilities.</li> <li>NNSS: funded maintenance of Joint Actinide Shock Physics Experimental Research (JASPER), Big Explosives Experimental Research (JASPER), Big Explosives Experimental Facility (BEEF), Device Assembly Facility (DAF), and U1a.</li> <li>Pantex: Bays and Cell maintenance, funded emerging requirements, and support high explosives activities.</li> <li>SNL: maintenance and Applications (MESA), Major Environmental Test Facilities (METF), and Tonopah.</li> <li>SRS: maintenance on NNSA mission facilities and equipment and activities associated with gas transfer systems.</li> <li>Y-12: maintenance for uranium and lithium operations.</li> <li>Enterprise-wide: RAMP and CHAMP centralized procurement activities to increase buying power</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>KCNSC: maintenance for Main Campus and Building 23.</li> <li>LLNL: maintenance activities at Contained Firing Facility, Superblock, HEAF, machine shops, and waste management facilities.</li> <li>LANL: maintenance activities at PF-4, CMR, DARHT, LANSCE, Beryllium, waste management, radiological laboratory, and tritium facilities.</li> <li>NNSS: maintenance of JASPER, BEEF, DAF, and U1a.</li> <li>Pantex: Bays and Cell maintenance, emerging requirements, and support for high explosives activities.</li> <li>SNL: maintenance activities at MESA, METF, and Tonopah.</li> <li>SRS: maintenance on NNSA mission facilities and activities associated with gas transfer systems.</li> <li>Y-12: maintenance for uranium and lithium operations.</li> <li>Enterprise-wide: RAMP and CHAMP centralized procurement activities to increase buying power and accelerate repairs of systems/components that are common across the NNSA enterprise.</li> <li>Provides for enterprise-wide activities to stabilize the condition of excess facilities to minimize risk to mission prior to disposition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase supports the Plutonium Modernization mission, including the productio of at least 30 pits per year at LANL, increased maintenance needs at SNL to support the MESA ELP, and transfer of the WSB at the SRS from the Material Management and Minimization's Material Disposition subprogram within DNN. The increase is partially offset by a transfer of scope for programmatic equipment maintenance at KCNSC to the Production Operations program.</li> </ul>		

# Maintenance and Repair of Facilities

Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
and accelerate repairs of systems/components		
that are common across the NNSA enterprise.		
<ul> <li>Provided for enterprise-wide activities to</li> </ul>		
stabilize the condition of excess facilities to		

minimize risk to mission prior to disposition.

#### Infrastructure and Operations Recapitalization

### Description

The Recapitalization program, key to modernizing NNSA infrastructure, prioritizes investments to improve the condition and extend the design life of the structures, capabilities, and/or systems. The Infrastructure and Safety (I&S) subprogram improves the reliability, sustainability, productivity, and efficiency of NNSA's infrastructure to reduce overall operating costs. It also reduces safety, environmental, and program risk associated with facilities and systems that are often well beyond their design life.

The I&S subprogram includes costs for minor construction projects, real property purchases, projects that are expensed, and Other Project Costs (OPC) for mission enabling infrastructure line-item construction projects. I&S also funds deactivation and disposal of excess infrastructure, including stabilization and risk reduction activities at high-risk excess facilities, resulting in surveillance and maintenance cost avoidance and reduced risk to workers, the public, environment, and programs. Recapitalization projects incorporate energy conservation measures to the greatest extent practicable in support of sustainability and energy performance improvements.

NNSA established the Standard Acquisition and Recapitalization (STAR) initiative in May 2019 to develop streamlined, repeatable processes to standardize the design and construction of non-nuclear, low-risk facilities in order to lower cost and accelerate their delivery. Under the STAR initiative, NNSA has a growing library of designs for small office, light laboratory, parking, and fire station facilities that have been successfully built at various NNSA sites. Reusing designs from the library allows NNSA sites to reduce the time spent in design development, saving cost and up to several months in the overall implementation schedule.

NNSA is in the process of working with our Management and Operating (M&O) partners and an Architecture/Engineering firm to draft design standards for administrative buildings that will be common to all sites, similar to the Uniform Facility Criteria used across the Department of Defense. These standards are the predecessors to developing a standard, scalable core building design that will provide the flexibility needed to accommodate needs for new, commercial-like facilities while also simplifying the construction procurement process.

In FY 2023 NNSA is establishing its Energy Resilient Infrastructure and Climate Adaptation (ERICA) initiative as part of a comprehensive infrastructure modernization strategy. ERICA is part of NNSA's multi-faceted approach to address climate adaptation and resilience in direct- and indirect-funded infrastructure programs and alternative financing (i.e., Energy Savings Performance Contracts, Utility Energy Service Contracts, and Utility Service Agreements).

Tables 7 show the plans for Recapitalization projects to be executed with FY 2023 funding based on the status of enterprise infrastructure as of March 2022. This plan may need to be updated before the FY 2023 execution year to respond to changing infrastructure conditions and requirements.

### Table 7

	National Nuclear Security Administration Infrastructure and Safety Planned FY 2023 Recapitalization Projects - As of March, 2022	
Site	Project Name	FY 2023 Allocation (\$K)
	Building 23 Advanced and Exploratory Technologies Area Buildout (Minor Construction)	1,852
кс	Building Purchase and Expansion Infrastructure Upgrades (Minor Construction) ^a	58,243
	Building 2 Precision Measurement Area Expansion Facility Modifications (Minor Construction) [Design Only]	2,500
Subtot	al, Kansas City National Security Campus	62,595
	Building 133 Heating Hot Water System Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🗖	7,950
	Building 151 Nuclear and Radiochemistry Facility Dissolver Laboratory Suite Upgrade (Minor Construction)	12,400
	Building 190 CAMS SF6 Transfer Station Upgrade (Minor Construction)	5,800
	Building 331 Tritium Delivery System Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🗖	19,450
	Building 850 Upgrade (Minor Construction)	7,000
LLNL	Building 131 PH 3091, 3200, 3382 HVAC Replacement [Design Only] 🗖	685
	New Site 200 Weapon Activity Warehouse (Minor Construction) 🔎	13,950
	Site 200 Electrical Utility Re-distribution System Capacity Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🗖	15,025
	Site 200 U295 Water Pumps, Piping, Valves, Controls, Electrical Replacements and Pumphouse Revitalization	3,850
	Site 300 Building 880 Office Space Revitalization (Minor Construction)	3,100
	New Livermore Federal Center Office Building (Minor Construction) [Design Only] 🗖	1,000
Subtot	al, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	90,210
	CMR Initial Projects to Prepare for Closure Portfolio	4,000
	LANSCE Building 0003S Electrical Power Distribution Replacement (Minor Construction) 🗖	3,698
	LANSCE Fire Suppression Installation Portfolio (Minor Construction)	1,954
	New TA-22 Detonator Storage Magazines (Minor Construction) 🗖	9,700
	New TA-63 Fire Station 1 (STAR) (Minor Construction) 🗖	22,500
	PF-4 PC-3 Fire Suppression System Seismic Modifications	9,750
LANL	PF-4 Vacuum Services Replacement	11,228
	PF-4 Zone 2 Bleed Off Fans Replacement [Design Only] 🗖	1,830
	PF-4 Zone 1 Exhaust Fan Replacement [Design Only] 🗖	1,868
	RLWTF Clarifier Number 2 Stabilization [Design Only]	859
	TA-55 Fire Suppression Water Line for Security Facilities (Minor Construction)	9,472
	TA-16-0301 LED Upgrades (ERICA) 🗖	400
	TA-16-0304 LED Upgrades (ERICA) 🗖	400

^a Building purchase is not considered a construction activity. The minor construction activities will be under the minor construction threshold. Weapons Activities/

Infrastructure and Operations

	National Nuclear Security Administration Infrastructure and Safety Planned FY 2023 Recapitalization Projects - As of March, 2022	
Site	Project Name	FY 2023 Allocation (\$K)
	TA-15-0313 LED Upgrades (ERICA) 🗖	400
	TA-16-0207 Removal of Steam & Replacement of Electric Heat (ERICA) 🗖	1,000
	TA-16-0380 Disposition	4,328
	PHERMEX Firing Point De-inventoryZone 1b & Zone 2	2,400
	TA-08 and TA-11-3 High Explosives Facilities Disposition	4,850
Subtot	al, Los Alamos National Laboratory	90,637
	New U1a Centralized Monitor and Control Center (Minor Construction) 🔎	12,000
	New DAF Operations Complex Utilities (Minor Construction) [Design Only]	900
NNSS	U1a Fan Equipment Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🔎	3,500
101055	U1a Fire Detection and Alarm System Revitalization (Minor Construction) 🔎	4,050
	U1a Underground Power Distribution Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🖉	11,500
	Buildings 12-31, 12-7, 23-109, and 23-113 Disposition	2,100
Subtot	al, Nevada National Security Site	34,050
	Bay & Cell RAMS, FDS, & Lead-In Improvements Portfolio	37,000
	Building 11-55 Rotoclone System Replacement	9,500
РΧ	Building 15-34 Pump House and Tank Upgrades (Minor Construction)	6,350
	Southeast Circuit Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🗖	7,625
	Building 04-026 Disposition	2,880
Subtot	al, Pantex Plant	63,355
	SNL\CA Building C943 Plating Lab Services Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🗖	3,000
	SNL\CA Building C964 Generator Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🔎	1,500
	SNL\CA BuildingsC941/C942 Midloft Air Handler Replacement 🗖	5,100
	SNL\CA Building C942 Loft Access Air Handler Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🖉	3,300
	SNL\CA Site High Voltage LGS Replacement (Minor Construction) [Design Only]	600
	New Stockpile and Component Modernization Support Building (STAR) (Minor Construction) 🗖	15,000
	New TA-II Master Substation (Minor Construction) [Design Only]	1,850
SINL	Building 6530 High Radiation Laboratory Upgrade (AKA LINAC in TA-III) (Minor Construction)	5,400
	Building 6584 HVAC Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🗖	2,500
	TA-III, V, & Remotes 5kV Substation Replacement (Minor Construction) 🖉	19,500
	TTR Main 13.8 kV Substation and West Feeder Upgrade (Minor Construction) 🖉	11,500
	Building 848 Net Zero Energy Upgrade (ERICA) (Minor Construction) 🖉	495
	SF6 Reclamation/Emissions Control Upgrade for Buildings 720 and 981 (ERICA) (Minor Construction) Ø	1,660
	al, Sandia National Laboratories	71,405

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	National Nuclear Security Administration Infrastructure and Safety Planned FY 2023 Recapitalization Projects - As of March, 2022	
Site	Project Name	FY 2023 Allocation (\$K)
	Building HANM Fire Protection Upgrades (Minor Construction)	4,858
SRS	HANM Obsolete Oxygen Monitor Replacement Portfolio	3,180
	New Tritium Office Building (STAR), SRFO (Minor Construction) 🗖	17,850
Subtot	al, Savannah River Site	25,888
	Building 9204-02 Switchgear 810 Replacement (Minor Construction)	4,492
	Building 9212 North Potable and Fire Water Lateral Replacements	8,315
	New West End Production Change House (Minor Construction) [Design Only]	1,284
	Building 9201-03 Single Pass Cooling Unit Upgrades (ERICA) 🗖	1,000
Y-12	Building 9723-33 Single Pass Cooling Unit Upgrade (ERICA) 🗖	500
1 12	Building 9201-5N Single Pass Chuck Vacuum Upgrade (ERICA) 🗖	1,000
	Building 9733-05 Potable Water Fixture Upgrades (ERICA) 🗖	300
	Elza Switchyard Facility Preparation for Disposition (742-000, 743-000, 1501-01)	2,700
	Building 9204-01 Utility Reroutes	8,200
	9201-05 (Alpha 5) 9021-02 (A2) and Utility Isolations and Reroutes	7,000
Subtot	al, Y-12 National Security Complex	34,791
	Planning, Assessments, & Infrastructure Management Tools	83,743
	Construction Other Project Costs (OPC)	4,989
Grand	Total, Infrastructure and Safety	561,663

NNSA implements climate adaptation and resilience improvements throughout its infrastructure modernization portfolio. The projects identified above are those that meet sustainability and reliability performance standards through either targeted investments or larger projects that also address mission and safety risk reduction.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Recapitalization \$573,717,000	Recapitalization \$561,663,000	Recapitalization -\$12,054,000
Infrastructure and Safety \$573,717,000	Infrastructure and Safety \$561,663,000	Infrastructure and Safety -\$12,054,000
<ul> <li>Provided funds for needed investments in obsolete/aging facilities and infrastructure to improve safety, reliability, and working condition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Table 7 contains the current FY 2023 project plan as of March 2022. The table includes advanced funding for design of several complex, high priority projects for future year execution. Recapitalization funds are allocated in accordance with planned priorities but retain the flexibility to adjust efforts to address emerging changes in priorities and unplanned failures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The overall decrease reflects a realignment to Mission Enabling Construction to address larger projects. This is partially offset by an increase for planning to support the U1a Complex Access Shaft at NNSS planned for the out years. NNSA is also increasing emphasis on climate resiliency projects within the program.</li> </ul>

# Recapitalization

#### Infrastructure and Operations Construction

The Construction subprogram plays a critical role in revitalizing the nuclear security enterprise. Investments from this subprogram will improve the responsiveness and utility of the infrastructure. The subprogram is focused on two primary objectives: (1) identification, planning, and prioritization of the projects supporting national security objectives, and (2) development and execution of these projects within approved cost and schedule baselines. Table 8 shows the breakout of funding by line-item.

Requested FY 2023 funding will support the transition to construction for the Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion (DICE) project at LLNL. The project will provide the capability to support missions at LLNL with networking and communications services for the next 40 years. The existing networking and communications systems hub in Building 256 is at capacity without room for expansion and must be shut down for maintenance. Digital transmission, or aggregate throughput, demand growth is projected to exceed current capacity.

FY 2023 funding will support the design effort for the Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade project at LANL. The project will increase the LANL electrical transmission system capacity and the LANL distribution system capacity and redundancy. Current transmission/distribution capacity is insufficient to provide stable and reliable power supply essential to all future programmatic missions at LANL.

FY 2023 funding will support the Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building at LANL. The project will construct an approximately 66,000 square-foot two-story office facility located in Technical Area 63 of the Pajarito Corridor. The facility will provide approximately 300 workstations to enable the following functions: Transuranic and non-Transuranic waste management, packaging, and transportation, waste management support, and nuclear material movement and storage.

FY 2023 funding will also support the Special Materials Facility project at Y-12. The project will repurpose Building 9225-03 to produce new Special Material components in support of the NNSA Defense Programs mission. As documented in the NNSA Special Materials Mission Strategy, the Special Materials Facility will house production and processing equipment required to support current and future mission deliverables. The facility utilities and infrastructure must be modified to complete the manufacturing and production of the Special Material mission.

Project	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request
Mission Enabling Construction							
27-D-XXX, Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL	0	0	0	0	0	0	48,700
26-D-XXX, Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL	0	0	0	0	0	48,700	0
26-D-XXX, U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS	0	0	0	0	0	30,000	85,000
25-D-XXX, Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	0	0	0	0	48,500	0	0
25-D-XXX, Maintenance Facility, Y-12	0	0	0	0	50,000	0	0
24-D-XXX, Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	0	0	0	35,000	0	0	0
24-D-XXX, Plutonium Production Building, LANL	0	0	0	48,500	0	0	0

### Table 8

Weapons Activities/ Infrastructure and Operations

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

Project	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request
23-D-519, Special Material Facility, Y-12	0	0	49,500	0	0	0	0
23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL	0	0	48,500	0	0	0	0
23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	0	0	24,000	95,000	86,000	79,000	0
22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	0	8,000	67,300	0	0	0	0
19-D-670, 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS	59,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
15-D-612, Emergency Operations Center, LLNL	27,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
15-D-611, Emergency Operations Center, SNL	36,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Mission Enabling Construction	122,000	8,000	189,300	178,500	184,500	157,700	133,700

### Construction Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Mission Enabling Construction \$122,000,000	Mission Enabling Construction \$189,300,000	Mission Enabling Construction +\$67,300,000
<ul> <li>Started construction of the 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement project at NNSS and the Emergency Operations Centers at LLNL and SNL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Transition to construction for the Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion (DICE) project at LLNL.</li> <li>Initiate design for the Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade project at LANL.</li> <li>Initiate the Plutonium Modernization Operations &amp; Waste Management Office Building at LANL.</li> <li>Initiate Special Materials Facility at Y-12 National Security Complex.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reflects a new start for the Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade project at LANL, Plutonium Modernization Operations &amp; Waste Management Office Building at LANL, and construction for the Special Materials Facility at Y-12. Also supports transition to construction for the Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion project at LLNL.</li> </ul>

### Infrastructure and Operations Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
				FY 2022			
		Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	
	Total	Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))							
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	366,521	299,778	336,307	-30,214	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	366,521	299,778	336,307	-30,214	
			(D	ollars in Thous	sands)		
				FY 2022	,		
		Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	
	Total	Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Infrastructure and Safety							
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Total Minor Construction Projects (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	31,705	22,168	40,606	+8,901	
Building 23 Classified Space Conversion & Electrical Testing, Weld Lab, & Mechanical							
Assembly Buildout Portfolio, KCNSC	19,119	728	18,391	0	0	-18,391	
Building 23 Tool Room & Model Shop Machining Operations Area Expansion Buildout,							
KCNSC (formerly Building 23 Tool Room & Model Shop Machining Revitalization)	10,042	0	805	9,237	0	-805	
Building 23 W80-4 Manufacturing Development Area Buildout, KCNSC	14,700	0	1,712	12,988	0	-1,712	
Building 23 W87-1 Manufacturing Development Area Buildout, KCNSC	13,006	0	0	13,006	0	0	
New Surface Parking Lot, KCNSC	5,200	375	0	4,825	0	0	
Building 23 Advanced and Exploratory Technologies Area Buildout, KCNSC	18,165	0	0	0	1,852	+1,852	
Building Purchase and Expansion Infrastructure Upgrades, KCNSC	58,243ª	0	0	0	58,243	+58,243	
Building 321 Chiller Reliability & Safety Exhaust System Redundancy Revitalization, LLNL	9 <i>,</i> 000	800	8,200	0	0	-8,200	
Building 239 & 823 A/B High Energy X-ray Radiography Capability Revitalization, LLNL	8 <i>,</i> 084	1,334	6,750	0	0	-6,750	
New Nondestructive Evaluation Building 310, LLNL	17,100	3,600	13,500	0	0	-13,500	

^a Building purchase is not considered a construction activity.

Weapons Activities/

# Infrastructure and Operations

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
				FY 2022			
		Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	
	Total	Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Infrastructure and Safety							
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
New Stockpile LEP Office Building 144 (STAR), LLNL (previously New Weapons LEP Office							
Building, LLNL)	19,400	3,250	16,150	0	0	-16,150	
Building 321A Radiological & Material Characterization Capabilities Revitalization, LLNL	11,500	0	1,500	10,000	0	-1,500	
Building 832, 834, & 836 Environmental Test & Materials Storage Facilities Upgrades, LLNL	8,200	820	7,380	0	0	-7,380	
Building 321 Air Handling Unit & Electrical Upgrades, LLNL	6,400	0	6,400	0	0	-6,400	
New Joining Capabilities & Vapor Deposition Facility Building 226 (STAR), LLNL	19,700	0	19,700	0	0	-19,700	
Building 132N Variable Air Control Replacement (formerly Building 132N Defense Programs							
Research Variable Air Control Replacement), LLNL	6,500	0	0	6,500	0	0	
New Design & Certification Science Office Facility Building 449 (STAR), LLNL (previously New							
Building 266 Design & Certification Science Support Office Facility (STAR), LLNL	19,000	1,200	17,800	0	0	-17,800	
Site 300 - Zone 3 Water System Upgrades, LLNL							
(previouslySite 300 Water Supply Piping & Valve Zone 3 & Other Upgrades, LLNL)	11,000	0	0	11,000	0	0	
Building 191 HEAF Atrium Conversion to Shot-Ready Workspace, LLNL	12,300	0	12,300	0	0	-12,300	
New Experimental Science Office Facility Building 266 (STAR), LLNL	22,200	0	0	22,200	0	0	
New Liver more Federal Center Office Building, LFO	24,750	0	0	0	1,000	+1,000	
New Site 200 Weapon Activity Warehouse, LLNL	13,950	0	0	0	13,950	+13,950	
Building 654 Stockpile Science Computing Facility Expansion (previously B654 Expansion,							
LLNL)	18,900	0	600	18,300	0	-600	
Building 190 CAMS SF6 Transfer Station Upgrade, LLNL	5,800	0	0	0	5,800	+5,800	
Building 850 Upgrade, LLNL	7,000	0	0	0	7,000	+7,000	
Building 133 Heating Hot Water System Upgrade, LLNL	7,950	0	0	0	7,950	+7,950	
Site 200 Electrical Utility Re-distribution System Capacity Upgrade, LLNL	15,025	0	0	0	15,025	+15,025	
Building 331 Tritium Delivery System Upgrade, LLNL	19,450	0	0	0	19,450	+19,450	
Building 151 Nuclear and Radiochemistry Facility Dissolver Laboratory Suite Upgrade,							
LLNL	12,400	0	0	0	12,400	+12,400	

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
				FY 2022		
		Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
	Total	Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Infrastructure and Safety						
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
New TA-15 DARHT Hydro Vessel Repair Facility, LANL	16,491	0	2,800	13,691	0	-2,800
PF-4 High Pressure Water Supply Feed Separation, LANL	10,227	0	10,227	0	0	-10,227
TA-15 DARHT Electrical Circuit Upgrade, LANL	13,908	1,968	11,940	0	0	-11,940
PF-4 Power & Communications Systems Upgrade, LANL	16,000	5,287	10,713	0	0	-10,713
New TA-16 Fire Station 5 (SPEAR), LANL	18,600	0	18,600	0	0	-18,600
New TA-15 Flight Instrumentation Test Laboratory (STAR), LANL	19,472	0	19,472	0	0	-19,472
TA-55 Fire Suppression Water Line for Programs Facilities, LANL	13,894	0	0	13,894	0	+0
New TA-22 Detonator Storage Magazines, LANL	11,137	0	0	1,437	9,700	+9,700
TA-55 Fire Suppression Water Line for Security Facilities, LANL	9,472	0	0	0	9,472	+9,472
New TA-63 Fire Station 1 (STAR), LANL	22,500	0	0	0	22,500	+22,500
New TA-03 Weapons Archive Records Facility (WARF), LANL	16,600	0	0	16,600	0	0
New Nevada Site Operations Facility Building 23-461 (formerly New Mercury Building						
23-461), NNSS	19,800	15,000	4,800	0	0	-4,800
New Mercury Mission Technical Support Facility Building 23-462 (Formerly Mercury						
23-462 Building 3), NNSS	16,500	0	0	16,500	0	0
New U1a Mission Technical Support Facility, NNSS	16,500	950	15 <i>,</i> 550	0	0	-15,550
New DAF Operations Complex Site Preparations, NNSS	8,000	0	0	8 <i>,</i> 000	0	0
New DAF Operations Complex Utilities, NNSS	7,500	0	0	0	900	+900
Area 6 CP Hill to Fire Station Junction Water Line Upgrade, NNSS	5,500	0	0	5,500	0	0
U1a Underground Power Distribution Upgrade, NNSS	13,000	0	0	1,500	11,500	+11,500
New U1a Operations Support Facility 01-380 (STAR), NNSS (previously New U1a						
Operations Support Facility 01-351 (STAR))	19,500	0	1,400	0	0	-1,400
Tweezer Substation Upgrade, NNSS	11,000	0	0	11,000	0	0

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
				FY 2022			
		Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	
	Total	Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Infrastructure and Safety							
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
New U1a Centralized Monitor and Control Center, NNSS	12,000	0	0	0	12,000	+12,000	
U1a Potable Water System Upgrade, NNSS (Previously U1a Potable & Fire Water System							
Upgrade, NNSS)	11,700	9,000	2,700	0	0	-2,700	
New U1a Sewage Lagoon, NNSS	10,130	4,430	5,700	0	0	-5,700	
New Advanced Fabrication Facility, PX	17,000	1,000	16,000	0	0	-16,000	
Southeast Circuit Upgrade, PX	7,625	0	0	0	7,625	+7,625	
Building 15-34 Pump House and Tank Upgrades, PX	6,350	0	0	0	6 <i>,</i> 350	+6,350	
234-7H Exhaust Ventilation System Installation, SRS	18,413	11,150	0	7,263	0	0	
New Tritium Office Building (STAR), SRFO	19,600	0	0	1,750	17,850	+17,850	
New Explosives Manufacturing Science & Technology (EMSAT) Facility, SNL	17,500	1,500	16,000	0	0	-16,000	
Substation 36 Upgrade, SNL	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	0	
Building 6715 Light Initiated High Explosive (LIHE) Test Facility Upgrades, SNL	7,000	750	0	6,250	0	0	
TA-I Substation 35 Upgrade, SNL (previously TA-I Substation 35 Replacement)	10,000	0	3,500	6 <i>,</i> 500	0	-3,500	
New TA-II Master Substation, SNL	18,500	0	0	0	1,850	+1,850	
SNL\CA Site High Voltage LGS Replacement, SNL	5,700	0	0	0	600	+600	
Building 6530 High Radiation Laboratory Upgrade (AKA LINAC in TA-III), SNL	5,400	0	0	0	5 <i>,</i> 400	+5,400	
TA-III, V, & Remotes 5kV Substation Replacement, SNL	19,500	0	0	0	19,500	+19,500	
High-G Surveillance Testing Capability Addition (WETL/Pantex), SNL	9,350	350	600	8,400	0	-600	
New SNL\CA Limited Area Multi-Program (LAMP) Secure High Bay Laboratory Facility, SNL	19,500	1,900	17,600	0	0	-17,600	
TA-IV District Chilled Water Expansion, SNL	18,250	0	1,500	16,750	0	-1,500	
TTR Main 13.8 kV Substation & West Feeder Upgrade, SNL	12,000	0	0	500	11,500	+11,500	
New Stockpile and Component Modernization Support Building (STAR), SNL	16,400	0	1,400	0	15,000	+13,600	
New Geosciences Laboratory-Building 740 (STAR), SNL	18,500	0	18,500	0	0	-18,500	
New Building 6534 Radiation Protection Instrumentation Calibration Facility, SNL (previously							
New Radiation Protection Instrumentation Calibration Facility, SNL)	11,500	9,500	0	2,000	0	0	

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
				FY 2022		
		Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
	Total	Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Infrastructure and Safety						
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Building 9204-2E Transformers 814 & 815 Replacement, Y-12	6,560	0	6,560	0	0	-6,560
Development Facility Modifications, Y-12 (for merly Production Development Facility Acquisition and Revitalization Modification), Y-12	24,000	0	12,794	11,206	0	-12,794
Building 9201-05N AJ-5714 HVAC Replacement, Y-12	5,413	0	0	5,413	0	0
New West End Production Change House, Y-12	13,824	0	0	0	1,284	+1,284
Building 9995 198/222 Feeders Electrical Panel Replacement (formerly Building 9995						
198/222 Feeders Electrical Panel & Motor Control Center Replacement), Y-12	5,400	0	0	5,400	0	0
Building 9215 North Fire Water Laterals Replacement, Y12	6,329	6,292	37	0	0	-37
Bear Creek Road 13.8kV Electrical Power Distribution Installation, Y-12	13,525	9,740	3,785	0	0	-3,785
3rd St 13.8kV Electrical Power Distribution Installation, Y-12	10,364	8,914	1,450	0	0	-1,450
Total, Minor Construction Projects Infrastructure and Safety	N/A	N/A	366,521	299,778	336,307	-30,214

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	FY 2024	24 FY 2025 FY 2026 FY 2027		FY 2027	Outyears			
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Outyears			
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))								
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	0	0	0	0	N/A			
Minor Construction	99,053	0	0	0	N/A			
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	99,053	0	0	0	N/A			
	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears			
Infrastructure and Safety								
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)								
Total Minor Construction Projects (>\$500K and <\$5M)	0	0	0	0	N/A			
Building 23 Advanced and Exploratory Technologies Area Buildout, KCNSC	16,313	0	0	0	0			
New Liver more Federal Center Office Building, LFO	23,750	0	0	0	0			
New U1a Operations Support Facility 01-380 (STAR), NNSS (previously New								
U1a Operations Support Facility 01-351 (STAR))	18,100	0	0	0	0			
New DAF Operations Complex Utilities, NNSS	6,600	0	0	0	0			
New TA-II Master Substation, SNL	16,650	0	0	0	0			
SNL\CA Site High Voltage Electrical System LGS Replacement, SNL	5,100	0	0	0	0			
New West End Production Change House, Y-12	12,540	0	0	0	0			
Total, Minor Construction Projects Infrastructure and Safety	99,053	0	0	0	N/A			

# **Construction Projects Summary**

	(Dollars in Thousands)								
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)			
Mission Enabling									
27-D-XXX Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL									
TEC	48,700	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	1,300	0	0	0	0	0			
TPC, 27-D-XXX Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL	50,000	0	0	0	0	0			
26-D-XXX Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL									
TEC	48,700	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	1,300	0	0	0	0	0			
TPC, 26-D-XXX Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL	50,000	0	0	0	0	0			
26-D-XXX U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS									
TEC	115,000	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	4,650	0	0	0	2,200	+2,200			
TPC, 26-D-XXX U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS	119,650	0	0	0	2,200	+2,200			
25-D-XXX Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL									
TEC	48,500	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	1,500	0	0	0	1,300	+1,300			
TPC, 25-D-XXX Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	50,000	0	0	0	1,300	+1,300			

Weapons Activities/ Infrastructure and Operations

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

	(Dollars in Thousands)								
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)			
25-D-XXX Maintenance Facility, Y-12									
TEC	50,000	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	2,110	0	0	0	1,000	+1,000			
TPC, 25-D-XXX Maintenance Facility, Y-12	52,110	0	0	0	1,000	+1,000			
24-D-XXX Plutonium Production Building, LANL									
TEC	48,500	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	1,500	0	0	1,300	0	-1,300			
TPC, 24-D-XXX Plutonium Production Building, LANL	50,000	0	0	1,300	0	-1,300			
24-D-XXX Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX									
TEC	35,000	0	0	0	0	0			
OPC	1,100	0	0	780	0	-780			
TPC, 24-D-XXX Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	36,100	0	0	780	0	-780			
23-D-519 Special Materials Facility, Y-12									
TEC	49,500	0	0	0	49,500	+49,500			
OPC	50	0	0	0	0	0			
TPC, 23-D-519 Special Materials Facility, Y-12	49,550	0	0	0	49,500	+49,500			

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)		
23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL								
TEC	48,500	0	0	0	48,500	+48,500		
OPC	1,500	0	175	1,125	0	-1,125		
TPC, 23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL	50,000	0	175	1,125	48,500	+47,375		
23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL								
TEC	284,000	0	0	0	24,000	+24,000		
OPC	9,938	3,654	3,473	0	0	0		
TPC, 23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	293,938	3,654	3,473	0	24,000	+24,000		
22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL								
TEC	75,300	0	0	8,000	67,300	+59,300		
OPC	2,700	1,450	256	134	150	+16		
TPC, 22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	78,000	1,450	256	8,134	67,450	+59,316		
19-D-670, 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS								
TEC	65 <i>,</i> 000	6,000	59,000	0	0	0		
OPC	2,180	2,180	0	0	0	0		
TPC, 19-D-670, 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS	67,180	8,180	59,000	0	0	0		

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)		
18-D-660, Fire Station, Y-12		I			·			
TEC	28,000	28,000	0	0	0	0		
OPC	4,828	4,828	0	0	0	0		
TPC, 18-D-660, Fire Station, Y-12	32,828	32,828	0	0	0	0		
17-D-630, Expand Electrical Distribution System, LLNL								
TEC	31,000	31,000	0	0	0	0		
OPC	2,800	2,800	0	0	0	0		
TPC, 17-D-630, Expand Electrical Distribution System, LLNL	33,800	33,800	0	0	0	0		
16-D-515, Albuquerque Complex Project								
TEC	169,000	169,000	0	0	0	0		
OPC	5,700	4,055	1,645	0	0	0		
TPC, 16-D-515, Albuquerque Complex Project	174,700	173,055	1,645	0	0	0		
15-D-613, Emergency Operations Center, Y-12								
TEC	28,919	28,919	0	0	0	0		
OPC	4,741	4,741	0	0	0	0		
TPC, 15-D-613, Emergency Operations Center, Y-12	33,660	33,660	0	0	0	0		

	(Dollars in Thousands)								
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)			
15-D-612, Emergency Operations Center, LLNL					•				
TEC	32,000	5,000	27,000	0	0	0			
OPC	3,200	2,600	0	600	0	-600			
TPC, 15-D-612, Emergency Operations Center, LLNL	35,200	7,600	27,000	600	0	-600			
15-D-611, Emergency Operations Center, SNL									
TEC	40,000	4,000	36,000	0	0	0			
OPC	2,500	2,161	0	0	339	+339			
TPC, 15-D-611, Emergency Operations Center, SNL	42,500	6,161	36,000	0	339	+339			
Total, Mission Enabling									
TEC	1,245,619	271,919	122,000	8,000	189,300	+181,300			
OPC	53,597	28 <i>,</i> 469	5,549	3,939	4,989	+1,050			
TPC, Mission Enabling	1,299,216	300,388	127,549	11,939	194,289	+182,350			

		(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to		
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion		
Mission Enabling							
27-D-XXX Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL							
TEC	0	0	0	48,700	0		
OPC	0	1,100	0	0	200		
TPC, 27-D-XXX Plutonium Engineering Support Building, LANL	0	1,100	0	48,700	200		
26-D-XXX Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL							
TEC	0	0	48,700	0	0		
OPC	1,100	0	0	0	200		
TPC, 26-D-XXX Plutonium Program Accounting Building, LANL	1,100	0	48,700	0	200		
26-D-XXX U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS							
TEC	0	0	30,000	85,000	0		
OPC	800	150	150	150	1,200		
TPC, 26-D-XXX U1a Complex Access Shaft, NNSS	800	150	30,150	85,150	1,200		
25-D-XXX Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL							
TEC	0	48,500	0	0	0		
OPC	0	0	0	200	0		
TPC, 25-D-XXX Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	0	48,500	0	200	0		
25-D-XXX Maintenance Facility, Y-12							
TEC	0	50,000	0	0	0		
OPC	420	120	120	450	0		
TPC, 25-D-XXX Maintenance Facility, Y-12	420	50,120	120	450	0		

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears to Completion	
24-D-XXX Plutonium Production Building, LANL						
TEC	48,500	0	0	0	0	
OPC	0	0	200	0	0	
TPC, 24-D-XXX Plutonium Production Building, LANL	48,500	0	200	0	0	
24-D-XXX Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX						
TEC	35,000	0	0	0	0	
OPC	0	0	320	0	0	
TPC, 24-D-XXX Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	35,000	0	320	0	0	
23-D-519 Special Materials Facility, Y-12						
TEC	0	0	0	0	0	
OPC	50	0	0	0	0	
TPC, 23-D-519 Special Materials Facility, Y-12	50	0	0	0	0	
23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL						
TEC	0	0	0	0	0	
OPC	0	200	0	0	0	
TPC, 23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL	0	200	0	0	0	
23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL						
TEC	95,000	86,000	79,000	0	0	
OPC	0	0	0	2,811	0	
TPC, 23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	95,000	86,000	79,000	2,811	0	

Weapons Activities/ Infrastructure and Operations

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion	
22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL						
TEC	0	0	0	0	0	
OPC	150	560	0	0	0	
TPC, 22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	150	560	0	0	0	
Total, Mission Enabling						
TEC	178,500	184,500	157,700	133,700	0	
OPC	2,520	2,130	790	3,611	1,600	
TPC, Mission Enabling	181,020	186,630	158,490	137,311	1,600	

#### 23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

### 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

<u>Summary</u>: The FY 2023 request for the Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management (PMOC-1) Office Building is \$48,500,000 of Total Estimated Cost (TEC) funding. The current Total Project Cost (TPC) range is \$46,000,000 to \$50,000,000.

#### Significant Changes:

This project is a new start in FY 2023.

On October 13, 2017, the Deputy Secretary exempted non-nuclear, non-complex line item construction projects with a TPC less than \$50 million from the requirements of the Department of Energy's (DOE) Order 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*, which offered an opportunity to develop a new delivery model for line item projects in the \$20M-\$50M cost range.

On June 21, 2019, NNSA launched a pilot to streamline the execution of low complexity construction projects using an "Enhanced Minor Construction – Commercial (EMC²)" approach and following the Deputy Secretary's exemption from DOE Order 413.3B requirements. The pilot implements the FY 2018 National Defense Authorization Act mandate to streamline non-nuclear construction projects less than \$100M.

On April 9, 2021, the NNSA Administrator approved expanding the EMC² initiative pilot to include this \$50 million office building at LANL that supports the Plutonium Modernization mission. The EMC² pilot expansion will further advance streamlined acquisition initiatives that increase buying power and accelerate delivery of commercial-like infrastructure. This project is an office building at LANL for additional workforce to enable Plutonium modernization and waste management operations.

The acquisition approach will be a firm fixed price Design-Build contract and will be a standard design and acquisition that can be repeated for delivery of subsequent demands in the near future.

Because this project is not following Order 413.3B, a NNSA Los Alamos Field Office Federal Project Manager (FPM) has been assigned to this project instead of Federal Project Director (FPD).

#### **Critical Milestone History**

Fiscal Year	MNS/PRD	Conceptual Design Complete	Performance Baseline	Final Design Complete	Construction Mobilization	D&D Complete	Start Operations
FY 2023	12/14/2021	11/10/2021	2Q FY 2023	3Q FY 2023	4Q FY 2023	N/A	3Q FY 2025

**Fiscal Quarter or Date** 

**MNS/PRD** – Approve Mission Need Statement and Program Requirements Document for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

Conceptual Design Complete – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

Performance Baseline – Threshold cost, schedule, and scope commitment

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

**Construction Mobilization** – First arrival of contractor personnel, equipment, supplies, and/or temporary facilities at the jobsite

D&D Complete – Completion of D&D work

Start Operations - Achievement of project completion and readiness to use the system, facility, or capability

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL

# Project Cost History

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	4,900	43,600	48,500	1,500	N/A	1,500	50,000

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

### 2. Project Scope and Justification

### <u>Scope</u>

The project scope is an approximately 66,000-SF two-story office facility located in Technical Area 63 of the Pajarito Corridor. The facility will provide approximately 300 workstations and 21 conference rooms to enable Plutonium Modernization, including the following functions: Transuranic and non-Transuranic waste management, packaging, transportation, and support, and nuclear material movement and storage.

### **Justification**

As documented in LANL's Integrated Strategy for Plutonium Missions at Los Alamos National Laboratory (Los Alamos National Laboratory, LA-CP-20-20372, June 2020), additional workstations are required for employees needing routine access to the Technical Area (TA)-55 complex and other supporting plutonium modernization capabilities in TA-46, 48, 50, and 63. The plutonium missions supported by the additional employees include: Plutonium Modernization (including pit production), Plutonium Surveillance and Science, Plutonium Disposition, Pu-238 Programs, Material Recycle & Recovery, and Americium Oxide Production.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management concepts within DOE Order 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*, appendix C, paragraphs 1A-L, but is exempt from the Order. The EMC² approach uses minor construction project management processes, industry standard terminology for subcontractor terms and conditions, commercial quality controls, and streamlines Environmental, Safety, and Health while still meeting 10 Code of Federal Regulations Part 851 requirements.

### Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of project completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

Key Performanœ Parameter	Description	Threshold	Objective	
KPP-1	Classified Workstation Capacity	A classified workstation to unclassified workstation ratio of 80:20	100% classified workstations	
KPP-2	Conference Room Capacity	Conference rooms capable of conducting classified / unclassified Video Teleconferences at 20 net square feet/occupant	Conference rooms capable of conducting classified / unclassified Video Teleconferences at 30 net square feet/occupant	

KPPs will be finalized at approval of the Performance Baseline.

# 3. Financial Schedule

		1	
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2023	4,900	4,900	4,900
Total Design	4,900	4,900	4,900
Construction			
FY 2023	43,600	43,600	8,000
FY 2024	0	0	33,400
FY 2025	0	0	2,200
Total Construction	43,600	43,600	43,600
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2023	48,500	48,500	12,900
FY 2024	0	0	33,400
FY 2025	0	0	2,200
Total TEC	48,500	48,500	48,500
Other Project Costs			
FY 2021	175	175	175
FY 2022	1,125	1,125	1,125
FY 2023	0	0	0
FY 2024	0	0	0
FY 2025	200	200	200
Total OPC	1,500	1,500	1,500
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2021	175	175	175
FY 2022	1,125	1,125	1,125
FY 2023	48,500	48,500	12,900
FY 2024	0	0	33,400
FY 2025	200	200	2,400
Grand Total	50,000	50,000	50,000

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)							
	Current	Previous	Original				
	Total	Total	Validated				
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline				
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Design							
Design	4,400	0	N/A				
Contingency	500	0	N/A				
Total, Design	4,900	0	N/A				
Construction							
Site Work	3,000	0	N/A				
Equipment	0	0	N/A				
Construction	36,300	0	N/A				
Other, as needed	0	0	N/A				
Contingency	4,300	0	N/A				
Total, Construction	43,600	0	N/A				
Total Estimated Cost	48,500	0	N/A				
Contingency, TEC	4,800	0	N/A				
Other Project Cost (OPC)							
OPC							
Analysis of Alternatives	0	0	N/A				
Conceptual Planning	170	0	N/A				
Conceptual Design	1,090	0	N/A				
Other OPC Costs	90	0	N/A				
Contingency	150	0	N/A				
Total, OPC	1,500	0	N/A				
Contingency, OPC	150	0	N/A				
Total Project Cost	50,000		N/A				
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	4,950		N/A				

5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total
	TEC	0	0	48,500	0	0	0	0	0	48,500
FY 2023	OPC	175	1,125	0	0	200	0	0	0	1,500
	TPC	175	1,125	48,500	0	200	0	0	0	50,000

### 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	3Q FY 2025
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	40
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	3Q FY 2065

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-518, Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Building, LANL

### **Related Funding Requirements**

	Annual		Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance		1.55		74.9	

#### 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is not replacing existing facilities. LANL will D&D an offsetting amount of space in accordance with their current facility plan.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at LANL	66,000
Area of D&D in this project at LANL	NA
Area at LANL to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area previously	
"banked"	66,000
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	NA

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

The acquisition approach is a firm fixed price Design-Build contract managed by the LANL Management & Operating contractor.

#### 23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), Los Alamos, New Mexico Project is for Design and Construction

### 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

# <u>Summary</u>

The FY 2023 Request for the Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade (EPCU) Project is \$24,000,000 for construction design scope. The project will resolve projected future shortfalls in the electrical transmission and distribution system at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL). The Class III total project cost (TPC) is \$238,830,840 with a range of \$214,947,756 to \$298,538,550 (-10% to +25% using AACE range). A conceptual design is complete and is consistent with the Analysis of Alternatives. This conceptual design will support a planned CD-1 in 2022.

# Significant Changes

This project is a new start in FY 2023. The following is a history of the effort to this point in time.

- The EPCU Project received CD-0 in August 2018, approval of Mission Need Statement and Project Requirements Document, with a TPC range of \$110 million to \$300 million and a CD-4 of 4Q FY 2024. The current CD-4 estimate is 1Q FY 2028. The initial preferred alternative could not be pursued, resulting in further analysis to determine the next best option and a delayed request for funding. A Level III Federal Project Director (FPD) has been assigned to the project.
- NNSA's Office of Cost Estimating and Program Evaluation (CEPE) issued a sufficiency memorandum on December 19, 2019 indicating the Analysis of Alternatives fully met all of the 22 GAO's best practices and GAO's 12-step cost estimating process.
- A NEPA Strategy has been approved and determined a preparation of an environmental assessment is the appropriate level of NEPA documentation.
- July 2020, Submitted Standard Form 299 Application For Transportation, Utility Systems, Telecommunications And Facilities On Federal Lands And Property (SF 299) to adjacent federal land owners.

# **Critical Milestone History**

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2023	8/24/2018	8/18/2021	4Q FY2022	2Q FY2024	4Q FY2024	3Q FY2024	N/A	1Q FY2028

**Fiscal Quarter or Date** 

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL

# Project Cost History

(Dollars in thousands)							
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	24,000	260,000	284,000	9,938	N/A	9,938	293,938ª

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

In support of LANL's mission growth, the EPCU project will improve the electrical power capacity for the Laboratory as it will allow load growth from 116 MVA (existing limit) up to a minimum of 200 MVA (future limit). Improvements include a new 115 KV import transmission line as well as one on-site line approximately 4.5 miles long, upgrades for three 115 KV/13.8 KV substations, addition of medium-voltage, underground, substation inter-tie circuits and switch gear, and addition of medium-voltage feeder circuits and switch gear to increase power capacity to support 60 MW for strategic computing platforms at LANL.

# **Justification**

The mission of the project is to resolve the projected future shortfalls in the Laboratory's electrical transmission and distribution system to ensure it can reliably support the power demands from all programs performing work at LANL while maintaining compliance with applicable FERC/NERC requirements for utility operations. The site will exceed peak power demand for the Norton Line (NL), which is one of two main 115kV transmission lines that feeds power to LANL. The NL is forecasted to exceed its operating limit within the 2025/2026 timeframe without operational constraint. LANL anticipates an increase in power demands across several mission areas including: integrated nuclear programs, science & technology experiments, and infrastructure re-investment over the next ten years. While most of this demand growth is temporally distributed, growth in high-performance computing for large computing platforms is a key schedule driver. Without sufficient electrical capacity and capability, the Department of Energy's (DOE) and National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) core mission pillars at LANL will be compromised.

The funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Program Manager and the FPD to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this project required by DOE O 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents. The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. As allowed by DOE O 413.3B, work will be phased to improve overall efficiency.

### Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

Key Performance Parameters (KPPs) were established at CD-0. The KPPs consider minimum import capacity, power system reliability, distribution capacity to serve Strategic Computing Center, and service restoration. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs is a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, *Project Completion*.

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

^a Estimated TPC is within the Class III estimated cost range. The estimate will be updated as the project matures and Critical Decisions are reached.

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective
Power redundancy	T1 - Provide a minimum capacity of 200 MVA 100% redundancy ⁺ , N-1, for all off-site [*] and on-site§ transmission at 115 kV.	O1a - Provide 234 MVA capacity 100% redundancy [†] , N-1, for all off-site [*] and on-site§ transmission lines at 115 kV. O1b - Provide 266 MVA Capacity 100% redundancy [†] , N-1, for all off-site [*] and on-site§ transmission lines at 115 kV.
Power distribution	T2 - N-2, for substation transformers and substation interties and, N-1, for the balance of feeder circuits. (For example: If a long lead item fails ( <i>e.g.</i> , a distribution duct or transformer) the system will still operate while allowing maintenance or failure of a second major component.)	O2a – Provide active Volt-amp- reactive (VAR) devices support on key distribution circuits (voltage support). O2b – Provide additional substation interties to increase operational flexibility. O2c – Provide on-site storage to reduce peak demand and provide VAR power.
Power capacity	T3 – Provide 60 MVA capacity distribution feeder circuits and switchgear to SCC.	O3 – Provide 80 MVA capacity distribution feeder circuits and switchgear to SCC.
Power availability	T4 – Service restoration within 8 hours when operating at less than N-1.	O4 - No major service disruptions.

**†** N-1: N-1 contingency allows one major transmission asset to be out of service and still serve all loads.

**‡ N-2:** N-2 contingency allows two major distribution assets to be out of service at one time, planned or unplanned, and still serve all loads. Major distribution asset is a substation transformer or substation distribution tie circuit.

* Off-site : off-site transmission refers to transmission lines that connect to the bulk electric system.

**§ On-site:** on-site transmission refers to the internal transmission lines that connect NNSA substations and switching stations.

# 3. Financial Schedule

	(Dollars in Thousands	)	
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2023	24,000	24,000	15,000
FY 2024	0	0	9,000
Total Design	24,000	24,000	24,000
Construction			
FY 2024	95,000	95,000	45,000
FY 2025	86,000	86,000	75,000
FY 2026	79,000	79,000	75,000
FY 2027	0	0	65,000
Total Construction	260,000	260,000	260,000
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2023	24,000	24,000	15,000
FY 2024	95,000	95,000	54,000
FY 2025	86,000	86,000	75,000
FY 2026	79,000	79,000	75,000
FY 2027	0	0	65,000
Total TEC	284,000	284,000	284,000
Other Project Costs			
FY 2019	1,038	1,038	355
FY 2020	2,616	2,616	1,958
FY 2021	3,473	3,473	2,784
FY 2022	0	0	1,000
FY 2023	0	0	150
FY 2024	0	0	150
FY 2025	0	0	150
FY 2026	0	0	150
FY 2027	2,811	2,811	1,920
FY 2028	0	0	1,321
Total OPC	9,938	9,938	9,938
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2019	1,038	1,038	355
FY 2020	2,616	2,616	1,958
FY 2021	3,473	3,473	2,784
FY 2022	0	0	1,000
FY 2023	24,000	24,000	15,150
FY 2024	95,000	95,000	54,150
FY 2025	86,000	86,000	75,150
FY 2026	79,000	79,000	75,150

(Dollars in Thousands)

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2027	2,811	2,811	66,920
FY 2028	0	0	1,321
Grand Total	293,938	293,938	293,938

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budget Au	thority in Thousands of Dollars	)	
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	20,200		N/A
Contingency	3,800	-	N/A
Total, Design	24,000	_	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	0		N/A
Equipment ^a	0		N/A
Construction	220,350		N/A
Federal Construction Support	0		N/A
Contingency	39 <i>,</i> 650		N/A
Total, Construction	260,000		N/A
Total Estimated Cost	284,000		N/A
Contingency, TEC	43,450		N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC			
Analysis of Alternatives	0		N/A
<b>Conceptual Design</b>	2,790		N/A
Start-up	1,000		N/A
Other Project Costs	5,786		N/A
Contingency	362		N/A
Total, OPC	9,938		N/A

^a Equipment such as insulators, switchgear, transformers, etc. are included in the construction costs.

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations

Construction/23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Contingency, OPC	362		N/A
Total Project Cost	293,938		N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	43,812		N/A

#### 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

				(		/			
Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total
	TEC	0	24,000	95 <i>,</i> 000	86,000	79,000	0	0	284,000
FY 2023	OPC	7,127	0	0	0	0	2,811	0	9 <i>,</i> 938
	ТРС	7,127	24,000	95 <i>,</i> 000	86,000	79,000	2,811	0	293,938

(Dollars in Thousands)

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	1Q FY 2028
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	45
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	1Q FY 2073

**Related Funding Requirements** 

(Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	N/A	3.54	N/A	159.3	

## 7. D&D Information

There is no new area being constructed in this construction project. This scope of this project does not include adding any floor space to an existing facility.

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

The Project will be managed and construction executed by the LANL Management and Operating (M&O) contractor, which in turn will subcontract the design/build construction work using a Fixed Price best value procurement subcontract.

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-517, Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL

#### 22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure CapabilityExpansion Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), Livermore, California Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## Summary:

The FY 2023 Request for the Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion (DICE) is \$67,300,000 of Total Estimated Cost (TEC) funding to start construction. The DICE project is a design-build project. The most recent Critical Decision (CD) is CD-1, Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range, was approved on December 16, 2021, by the Associate Administrator of Safety, Infrastructure, and Operations. The CD-1 approved total project cost range is \$52,000,000 to \$78,000,000 with a projected CD-4 of 4Q FY 2025.

An experienced Federal Project Director was assigned, Oct 2020, post CD-0.

## Significant Changes:

An Independent Project Review was performed for CD-1 that challenged the scope necessary to achieve the KPPs. The review resulted in a need for significantly more mechanical and electrical equipment, as well as a larger facility than was accounted for in the LLNL Conceptual Design estimate. This caused both a correction in the KPP requirements and the cost estimate for the new KPPs. The Power Availability Key Performance Parameter (KPP) threshold and objective values have been reduced to reflect larger amounts of acceptable network downtime, ranging from 22 hours per year to 1.6 hours per year.

The final design complete milestone has been delayed to 1Q FY 2024 and the projected CD-4 milestone has been delayed to 2Q FY 2026 due to additional time required to solicit and award the design-build contract, as well as a longer-than-assumed continuing resolution in FY 2022.

# **Critical Milestone History**

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2022	7/9/2020	4/7/2021	4Q FY2021	4Q FY2022	4Q FY2022	4Q FY2022	N/A	4Q FY2025
FY 2023	7/9/2020	4/7/2021	12/16/2021	1Q FY2023	1Q FY2024	1Q FY2023	N/A	2Q FY2026

Table 1: Parent Project Critical Milestone History by Fiscal Quarter or Date

CD-O-Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

Conceptual Design Complete – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{CD-1}}\xspace$  – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

D&D Complete – Completion of D&D work

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

# Project Cost History

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2022	8 <i>,</i> 000	60,000	68,000	1,900	N/A	1,900	69,900
FY 2023	8,000	67,300	75,300	2,700	N/A	2,700	78,000

#### Table 2: Parent Project Financial Data (Dollars in Thousands)

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

#### <u>Scope</u>

An approximately 13,000 square foot, one-story facility with a basement vault and adjacent service yard, including equipment for approximately 35 new Information Technology (IT) / Telecommunication equipment racks. The basement vault is for connection to the existing LLNL campus fiber and copper infrastructure that is then routed up into the building for distribution and termination. The service yard will house facility electrical and mechanical equipment. Although the building will initially be furnished with approximately 35 new IT/Telecommunication equipment racks, additional space and services for expansion of up to 80 equipment racks will be provided to accommodate future growth for the 40-year facility life.

## **Justification**

The existing networking and communications systems hub in Building 256 (B256) is at capacity without room for expansion. Digital transmission, or aggregate throughput, demand growth has exceeded B256's capacity requiring programs to coordinate activities to work around the current capacity. Key assets such as the National Ignition Facility (NIF), Life Extension Programs (LEPs), and High-Performance Computing activities would experience operational disruption if the facility's capacity is not expanded. An essential network capability upgrade scheduled for 2027 will put the entire network and site at risk of power outages or overheating, potentially resulting in loss of digital communications.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in Department of Energy Order (DOE O) 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*.

Funds appropriated under this data sheet may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Project Director and to conduct reviews of design and construction.

# Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

In accordance with DOE O 413.3B, KPPs will be finalized at approval of CD-2, Approve Performance Baseline.

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective
Digital Capacity	1,900 Gigabytes per second	2,000 Gbps with Expansion
	(Gbps) with Expansion	Capability to 4,000 Gbps
	Capability to 3,700 Gbps	
Power Availability	99.749%	99.982%

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LINL

# 3. Financial Schedule

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2022	8,000	8,000	1,300
FY 2023	0	0	4,700
FY 2024	0	0	2,000
Total Design	8,000	8,000	8,000
Construction			
FY 2023	67,300	67,300	2,400
FY 2024	0	0	28,800
FY 2025	0	0	28,900
FY 2026	0	0	7,200
Total Construction	67,300	67,300	67,300
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2022	8,000	8,000	1,300
FY 2023	67,300	67,300	7,100
FY 2024	0	0	30,800
FY 2025	0	0	28,900
FY 2026	0	0	7,200
Total TEC	75,300	75,300	75,300
Other Project Costs			
FY 2020	1,450	1,450	170
FY 2021	256	256	1,330
FY 2022	134	134	150
FY 2023	150	150	150
FY 2024	150	150	150
FY 2025	560	560	500
FY 2026	0	0	250
Total OPC	2,700	2,700	2,700
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2020	1,450	1,450	170
FY 2021	256	256	1,330
FY 2022	8,134	8,134	1,450
FY 2023	67,450	67,450	7,250
FY 2024	150	150	30,950
FY 2025	560	560	29,400
FY 2026	0	0	7,450
Grand Total	78,000	78,000	78,000
			-

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	6,000	6,000	N/A
Contingency	2,000	2,000	N/A
Total, Design	8,000	8,000	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	4,500	4,000	N/A
Equipment	24,500	22,000	N/A
Construction	29,000	22,500	N/A
Other, as needed	0	0	N/A
Contingency	9,300	11,500	N/A
Total, Construction	67,300	60,000	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	75,300	68,000	N/A
Contingency, TEC	11,300	13,500	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC			
Analysis of Alternatives	0	0	N/A
Conceptual Planning	170	170	N/A
Conceptual Design	1,330°	1,370	N/A
Other OPC Costs	1,200	360	N/A
Contingency	0	0	N/A
Total, OPC	2,700	1,900	N/A
Contingency, OPC	0	0	N/A
Total Project Cost	78,000	69,900	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	11,300	13,500	N/A

# (Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations

Construction/22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure

Capability Expansion, LUNL

^a Amount updated to reflect actual costs after billing was completed.

#### 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total
	TEC	0	8,000	0	0	0	0	0	60,000	68,000
FY 2022	OPC	1,540	90	0	0	0	0	0	270	1,900
	TPC	1,540	8,090	0	0	0	0	0	60,270	69,900
	TEC	0	8,000	67 <i>,</i> 300	0	0	0	0	0	75 <i>,</i> 300
FY 2023	OPC	1,706	134	150	150	560	0	0	0	2,700
	TPC	1,706	8,134	67,450	150	560	0	0	0	78,000

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	2Q FY 2026
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	40
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	2Q FY 2066

#### **Related Funding Requirements**

(Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual Costs		Life Cycle Costs	
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate
Operations and Maintenance	6.22	6.22	274.1	274.1

## 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is not replacing existing facilities. LLNL will D&D an offsetting amount of space in accordance with its current facility plan.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at LLNL	13,000
Area of D&D in this project at LLNL	NA
Area at LLNL to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area previously	
"banked"	13,000
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	NA
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area	
previously "banked"	NA
Total area eliminated	13,000

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

The acquisition approach will be Design-Build managed through the M&O. The subcontract for design and construction will be a firm fixed price and managed in accordance with DOEO 413.3B.

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/22-D-514, Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LINL

#### 23-D-519, Special Materials Facility Project Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee Project is for Construction Only

# 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

<u>Summary</u>: The FY 2023 Request for the Special Materials Facility (SMF) Project is \$49,500,000 Total Estimated Cost (TEC) for construction for the SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only Subproject. The current Total Project Cost (TPC) range for the overall project is \$51,400,000 to \$62,200,000.

#### Significant Changes:

This project is a new start in FY 2023. This project's overall scope was originally planned as three individual activities that have been combined into a Line Item with two subprojects.

The first subproject, Building 9225-03 Equipment Removal, began executing as a minor construction project in FY 2021 and is almost complete. As project planning progressed on the other two activities, NNSA determined the overall scope of the three projects should be combined into one Line Item project, as the related efforts were over the minor construction threshold to address the same overall mission need.

The Building 9225-03 Equipment Removal Subproject was notified as a minor construction project in the FY 2021 congressional budget justification, started work in FY 2021, and is forecast to be complete by June 2022.

A portion of the SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only Subproject scope was previously notified as the Y-12 Building 9225-03 Special Materials Program Electrical Upgrades minor construction project in FY 2021, but had not started work.

The remaining scope was previously planned as non-construction activities for execution in FY 2023; however, upon further planning development, it was determined that the scope contained construction activities. That scope was combined with the minor construction project scope to form the second subproject, SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only, under this Line Item.

The design for the SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only Subproject is being executed as a separate minor construction project under \$5,000,000 and is forecast to be complete by December 2022. The costs associated with design are not included in the Construction Only project request.

Regarding the SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only Subproject:

- On October 13, 2017, the Deputy Secretary exempted non-nuclear, non-complex line item construction projects with a TPC less than or equal to \$50 million from the requirements of the Department of Energy's (DOE) Order 413.3B, which offered an opportunity to develop a new delivery model for line item projects in the \$20 million to \$50 million cost range.
- On June 21, 2019, NNSA launched a pilot to streamline the execution of low complexity construction projects using an "Enhanced Minor Construction–Commercial (EMC²)" approach and following DOE Order 413.3B's exemption from requirements.
- The SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only Subproject will implement the FY 2018 National Defense Authorization Act mandate to streamline non-nuclear construction projects less than \$100 million by implementing the EMC² approach and using the exemption for construction projects with a TPC less than or equal to \$50 million from Order 413.3B.

A Level II Federal Project Director has been assigned to this project.

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-519, Special Materials Facility Project, Y-12

# **Critical Milestone History**

#### Fiscal Quarter or Date

#### Conceptual Fiscal Performance **Final Design** Construction D&D **MNS/PRD** Design **Start Operations** Complete Year Baseline Complete Mobilization Complete FY 2023 3/10/2022 3Q FY 2023 1Q FY 2023 4Q FY 2023 N/A N/A 3Q FY 2025

#### **Overall Project**

#### Building 9225-03 Equipment Removal Subproject

Fiscal Year	MNS/PRD	Conceptual Design Complete	Performance Baseline	Final Design Complete	Construction Mobilization	D&D Complete	Start Operations
FY 2023	N/A	8/13/2020	N/A	N/A	2/1/2021	N/A	3Q FY 2022 ª

#### SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Only Subproject

Fiscal Year	MNS/PRD	Conceptual Design Complete	Performance Baseline	Final Design Complete	Construction Mobilization	D&D Complete	Start Operations
FY 2023	N/A	3/10/2022	3Q FY 2023	1Q FY 2023 ^a	4Q FY 2023	N/A	3Q FY 2025

**MNS/PRD** – Approve Mission Need Statement and Program Requirements Document for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

**Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

Performance Baseline – Threshold cost, schedule, and scope commitment

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete(d)

**Construction Mobilization** – First arrival of contractor personnel, equipment, supplies, and/or temporary facilities at the jobsite

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

Start Operations – Achievement of project completion and readiness to use the system, facility, or capability

#### Project Cost History

(Dollars in Thousands)

#### **Overall Project**

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	0	61 <i>,</i> 700	61 <i>,</i> 700	500	0	500	62,200

#### Equipment Removal Subproject

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	0	12,200	12,200	0	0	0	12,200

^a Projected to be achieved in June, 2022.

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-519, Special Materials Facility Project, Y-12

SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Subproject

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2023	0	49 <i>,</i> 500	49,500	500	0	500	50,000

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

The existing Building 9225-03 is being repurposed for a new Special Material component manufacturing mission in support of the NNSA Defense Programs. Approximately 6,400 square feet of interior space will be remodeled to hold new process equipment. The scope of work includes removal of legacy hazardous waste materials, demolition and disposal of legacy process equipment, upgrading the building's electrical and mechanical services, providing new inert gas utility services, tenant finishes, and installation of equipment pads.

**Building 9225-03 Equipment Removal Subproject:** This subproject's scope is removal of legacy hazardous waste materials and demolition and disposal of legacy process equipment, including gloveboxes, piping, and tanks. This project was funded in FY 2021 under the Uranium Modernization program and will complete in FY 2022.

**SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Subproject:** This subproject's scope is upgrading the building's electrical and mechanical services, providing new inert gas utility services, tenant finishes, and installation of equipment pads.

# Justification and Mission Need

In the late 2000's, the NNSA discontinued the legacy process used to produce certain nuclear weapon components due to safety concerns. This project prepares Building 9225-03 to host equipment which will be used to restore the capability to produce these components using new manufacturing techniques. These components are required to meet Program of Record mission deliverables to the Department of Defense.

The project is being conducted in accordance with the project management concepts within DOE Order 413.3B, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*, appendix C, paragraphs 1A-L, yet is exempt from the Order. The EMC² approach uses Minor Construction project management processes, industry standard terminology for subcontractor terms and conditions, commercial quality controls, and streamlines Environmental, Safety, and Health while still meeting 10 Code of Federal Regulations Part 851 requirements.

#### Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of project completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

KPPs will be finalized at approval of the Performance Baseline.

## Key Performance Parameters

Key Performanœ Parameter	Description	Threshold	Objective
KPP-1	Utility Services	All service requirements refer to that crossing the building envelope from the external supply. Electrical: 480 Volt, 3-phase, 2400kVA Compressed air: 2" diameter pipe Argon: 3" diameter pipe Helium: 3" diameter pipe Nitrogen: 3" diameter pipe Supply Air: 21,000 CFM Exhaust Air: 21,000 CFM Chiller water: 2" diameter pipe Cooling water: 5" diameter pipe	All service requirements refer to that crossing the building envelope from the external supply. Electrical: 480 Volt, 3-phase, 3600kVA Compressed air: 2" diameter pipe Argon: 3" diameter pipe Helium: 3" diameter pipe Nitrogen: 3" diameter pipe Supply Air: 21,000 CFM Exhaust Air: 21,000 CFM Chiller water: 2" diameter pipe Cooling water: 5" diameter pipe
KPP-2	Humidity- Control	Humidity-Control: 40% relative humidity	Humidity-Control: 40% relative humidity

# 3. Financial Schedule

# Total Project

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
otal Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Construction			
FY 2021	12,200	12,200	7,500
FY 2022	0	0	4,700
FY 2023	49,500	49,500	7,500
FY 2024	0	0	29,700
FY 2025	0	0	12,300
Total Construction	61,700	61,700	61,700
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2021	12,200	12,200	7,500
FY 2022	0	0	4,700
FY 2023	49,500	49,500	7,500
FY 2024	0	0	29,700
FY 2025	0	0	12,300
Total TEC	61,700	61,700	61,700
Other Project Costs			
FY 2025	500	500	500
Total OPC	500	500	500
otal Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2021	12,200	12,200	7,500

	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2022	0	0	4,700
FY 2023	49,500	49,500	7,500
FY 2024	0	0	29,700
FY 2025	500	500	12,800
Grand Total	62,200	62,200	62,200

## Building 9225-03 Equipment Removal Subproject

	(Dollars in Thousands)	)	
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Construction			
FY 2021	12,200	12,200	7,500
FY 2022	0	0	4,700
Total Construction	12,200	12,200	12,200
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2021	12,200	12,200	7,500
FY 2022	0	0	4,700
Total TEC	12,200	12,200	12,200
Other Project Costs			
FY 2021	0	0	0
FY 2022	0	0	0
Total OPC	0	0	0
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2021	12,200	12,200	7,500
FY 2022	0	0	4,700
Grand Total	12,200	12,200	12,200

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-519, Special Materials Facility Project, Y-12

#### SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Subproject

	Budget Authority Obligations (Appropriations)		Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Construction			
FY 2023	49,500	49,500	7,500
FY 2024	0	0	29,700
FY 2025	0	0	12,300
Total Construction	49,500	49,500	49,500
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2023	49,500	49,500	7,500
FY 2024	0	0	29,700
FY 2025	0	0	12,300
Total TEC	49,500	49,500	49,500
Other Project Costs			
FY 2025	500	500	500
Total OPC	500	500	500
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2023	49,500	49,500	7,500
FY 2024	0	0	29,700
FY 2025	500	500	12,800
Grand Total	50,000	50,000	50,000

## (Dollars in Thousands)

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

**Total Project** 

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Current	Previous	Original
	Total	Total	Validated
	Estimate	Estimate	Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Construction			
Site Work	2,000	N/A	N/A
Equipment	0	N/A	N/A
Construction	48,900	N/A	N/A
Other, as needed	0	N/A	N/A
Contingency	10,800	N/A	N/A
Total, Construction	61,700	N/A	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	61,700	N/A	N/A
Contingency, TEC	10,800	N/A	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC			

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Analysis of Alternatives	0	N/A	N/A
Conceptual Planning	0	N/A	N/A
Conceptual Design	0	N/A	N/A
Other OPC Costs	500	N/A	N/A
Contingency	0	N/A	N/A
Total, OPC	500	N/A	N/A
Contingency, OPC	0	N/A	N/A
Total Project Cost	62,200	N/A	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	10,800	N/A	N/A

## Building 9225-03 Equipment Removal Subproject

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Construction				
Site Work	0	N/A	N/A	
Construction	12,200	N/A	N/A	
Other, as needed	0	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	0	N/A	N/A	
Total, Construction	12,200	N/A	N/A	
Total Estimated Cost	12,200	N/A	N/A	
Contingency, TEC	0	N/A	N/A	
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC				
Analysis of Alternatives	0	N/A	N/A	
Conceptual Planning	0	N/A	N/A	
Conceptual Design	0	N/A	N/A	
Other OPC Costs	0	N/A	N/A	
Contingency	0	N/A	N/A	
Total, OPC	0	N/A	N/A	
Contingency, OPC	0	N/A	N/A	
Total Project Cost	12,200	N/A	N/A	
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	0	N/A	N/A	

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-519, Special Materials Facility Project, Y-12

## SMF Utilities and Infrastructure Construction Subproject

	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Construction			
Site Work	2,000	N/A	N/A
Equipment	0	N/A	N/A
Construction	36,700	N/A	N/A
Other, as needed	0	N/A	N/A
Contingency	10,800	N/A	N/A
Total, Construction	49,500	N/A	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	49,500	N/A	N/A
Contingency, TEC	10,800	N/A	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC			
Analysis of Alternatives	0	N/A	N/A
Conceptual Planning	0	N/A	N/A
Conceptual Design	0	N/A	N/A
Other OPC Costs	500	N/A	N/A
Contingency	0	N/A	N/A
Total, OPC	500	N/A	N/A
Contingency, OPC	0	N/A	N/A
Total Project Cost	50,000	N/A	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	10,800	N/A	N/A

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

# 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

(Dollars in Thousands)

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total
	TEC	12,200	0	49,500	0	0	0	0	0	61,700
FY 2023	OPC	0	0	0	0	500	0	0	0	500
2025	TPC	12,200	0	49,500	0	500	0	0	0	62,200

Weapons Activities/Infrastructure and Operations Construction/23-D-519, Special Materials Facility Project, Y-12

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy	3Q FY 2025
Expected Useful Life	25 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset	3Q FY 2050

#### **Related Funding Requirements**

#### (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	Annual		Life Cycl	e Costs
	Previous Total Current Total Estimate Estimate		Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate
Operations and Maintenance		0.528		13.5

#### 7. D&D Information

There is no new area being constructed in this construction project.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at Y-12	N/A
Area of D&D in this project at Y-12	N/A
Area at Y-12 to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area previously	
"banked"	N/A
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	N/A
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area	
previously "banked"	N/A
Total area eliminated	N/A

# 8. Acquisition Approach

The acquisition approach is Design-Bid-Build using firm fixed price contracts managed by the Y-12 Management & Operating contractor.

#### Secure Transportation Asset

# Overview

The Secure Transportation Asset (STA) provides safe, secure transport of the Nation's nuclear weapons, weapon components, and special nuclear material throughout the nuclear security enterprise to meet nuclear security requirements and support the broader National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) and Department of Energy (DOE) operations. Nuclear weapon life-extension programs, limited-life component exchanges, surveillance, dismantlement, nonproliferation activities, and experimental programs rely on safe, secure, and on-schedule transport of STA cargos.

The STA program includes the Operations and Equipment (OPS) and Program Direction (PD) subprograms. The OPS subprogram provides the STA's transportation service infrastructure required to meet NNSA's nuclear security activities as outlined in the Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan. The PD subprogram provides salaries, travel, and other related expenses in support of Federal Agents (FA) and the secure transportation workforce.

STA currently has the mission capacity to meet NNSA stockpile sustainment priorities, strategic material and component transfers, and other DOE workloads. STA will continue to balance and prioritize customer requests against capacity. Since its establishment in 1974, STA has maintained its legacy of safety and security to include no loss of cargo and no radiological release on any shipment.

The FY 2023 Budget Request of \$344,437,000 is 1.2 percent below the FY 2021 Enacted level. The request supports modernization and sustainment of STA transportation assets, including life extension of the Safeguards Transporter (SGT) until replaced by the Mobile Guardian Transporter (MGT). The first MGT Production Unit is planned for completion in FY 2026 and will begin a phased in approach beginning in FY 2027. The funding provides for replacement of convoy support vehicles and tractors, sustainment of the infrastructure, command and control system platforms, and minor construction projects. The FY 2023 PD budget provides for 572 Federal Full Time Equivalents (FTEs). STA is focused on recruiting, stabilizing, training, and retaining the FA and staff workforce. The STA budget funds 11 support service contracts of approximately 395 personnel assisting in several areas encompassing aviation, administration, information technology, facility maintenance, intelligence, and engineering.

## Secure Transportation Asset Funding

		(Dollars in Thousands)			
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Secure Transportation Asset				-	
Operations and Equipment	225,000	225,000	214,367	-10,633	-4.7%
Program Direction	123,684	123,684	130,070	+6,386	+5.2%
Total, Secure Transportation Asset	348,684	348,684	344,437	-4,247	-1.2%
Federal FTEs	552	574	572	+20	+3.6%

# Secure Transportation Asset Funding

				(Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Secure Transportation Asset					
Operations and Equipment					
Mission Capacity	87,187	87,187	57 <i>,</i> 628	-29,559	-33.9%
Security/Safety Capability	23,135	23,135	24,954	+1,819	+7.9%
Infrastructure and C5 Systems	32,942	32,942	29,816	-3,126	-9.5%
Program Management	8,247	8,247	9 <i>,</i> 034	+787	+9.5%
Mobile Guardian Transporter	73,489	73,489	92,935	+19,446	+26.5%
Total Operations and Equipment	225,000	225,000	214,367	-10,633	-4.7%
Program Direction					
Salaries and Benefits	100,605	100,605	100,214	-391	-0.4%
Travel	6,807	6 <i>,</i> 807	7,081	+274	+4.0%
Other Related Expenses	16,272	16,272	22,775	+6,503	+40.0%
Total, Program Direction	123,684	123,684	130,070	+6,386	+5.2%
Total, Secure Transportation Asset	348,684	348,684	344,437	-4,247	-1.2%
Federal FTEs - Program Direction Funded	552	574	572	+20	+3.6%

Weapons Activities/ Secure Transportation Asset

# Secure Transportation Asset Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in	Thousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Secure Transportation Asset				
Operations and Equipment	222,412	245,709	250,873	301,145
Program Direction	132,264	135,264	138,100	140,996
Total, Secure Transportation Asset	354,676	380,973	388,973	442,141
Federal FTEs	579	584	590	588
		(Dollars in ⁻	Thousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Secure Transportation Asset				
Operations and Equipment				
Mission Capacity	60,500	59,714	63,550	109,884
Security/Safety Capability	23,353	23,846	24,348	24,863
Infrastructure and C5 Systems	30,705	30,122	30,805	31,452
Program Management	8,888	8,808	8,951	9,139
Mobile Guardian Transporter	98,966	123,219	123,219	125,807
Total Operations and Equipment	222,412	245,709	250 <i>,</i> 873	301,145
Program Direction				
Salaries and Benefits	101,939	103,616	106,337	108,237
Travel	6,884	7,366	7,161	7,670
Other Related Expenses	23,441	24,282	24,602	25,089
Total, Program Direction	132,264	135,264	138,100	140,996
Total, Secure Transportation Asset	354,676	380,973	388,973	442,141

## Secure Transportation Asset Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Secure Transportation Asset (STA) Operations and Equipment:	-10,633
The decrease reflects the aircraft procurement in FY 2021 and a transfer (\$3.8M) from OPS to PD to support two support service contracts (Advanced Management Strategies Group and a portion of the Project Enhancement Corporation) consisting of 28 employees (analysis to align with appropriate fund definition). These decreases are partially offset by increased funding for MGT scheduled deliverables including continued development of Engineering Releases, continued Pre-Production Unit (PPU) stage builds, validation of the PPU manufacturing process, and perform Test Article 2 (TA2) Crash Test.	
Program Direction:	+6,386
The FY 2023 budget provides salaries and benefits, travel, and other related expenses for FA and the secure transportation workforce. The projected FTEs for FY 2023 is 572 which will be accomplished by holding three Nuclear Material Courier Basic (NMCB) courses (projections are calculated using pay period methodology in A-11 Section 85.5(c) and consider NMCB candidates, attrition, risk, projected workload, and the ability to maintain the safety and security of mission-related requirements to fully support the NSE). Support reflects two support service contracts (Advanced Management Strategies Group and a portion of the Project Enhancement Corporation) consisting of 28 employees (\$3.8M) previously funded in OPS (analysis to align with appropriate fund definition) and inflation. STA plans in accordance with projected workload, ability to maintain the safety and security of the mission-related requirements imposed on the workforce to fully support the NSE. COVID-19 impacts resulted in carryover which will be used to support PD requirements.	

# Total, Secure Transportation Asset

-4,247

## Secure Transportation Asset Operations and Equipment

# Description

The Operations and Equipment (OPS) subprogram includes providing unit training FAs, specialized vehicles (such as highly secure trailers), and robust communications systems. Within the STA OPS subprogram, five activities make unique contributions to the safety and security of the nuclear stockpile. These activities accomplish the following:

- (1) Mission Capacity provides mission-essential agent equipment, maintenance, modification and replacement of the transportation fleet, and aviation services.
- (2) Security/Safety Capability NMCB training to increase the FA workforce, develops and implements newfleet technologies, executes agent sustainment training, implements Security, Safety, and Emergency Response programs, and provides uniforms or allowances for uniforms, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901-5902.
- (3) Infrastructure and Command and Control, Communication, Computer and Cyber (C5) Systems provides support for maintenance and minor construction projects and C5 systems.
- (4) Program Management provides corporate functions and business operations that control, assist, and direct secure transport operations.
- (5) Mobile Guardian Transporter (MGT) allows for the design, development, testing, and fabrication of the MGT.

## **Mission Capacity**

Sustains STA systems through equipment purchases to fulfill transportation requirements. Asset maintenance is critical to support current and future missions. Current assets include agent equipment, vehicles (tractors, trailers, and escort vehicles), and aircraft. Modernizing and sustaining these assets requires an integrated, long-term strategy and substantial investment. STA's strategy includes retiring outdated assets, refurbishing existing assets to extend their useful life, and procuring new assets with increased capabilities to meet our customers ever changing needs and evolving threats. STA's efforts include:

- Replacement of the vehicle fleet with new-vehicles which includes the design, engineering, testing, and fielding of specialized vehicles, tractors, and trailers necessary for successful convoy operations.
- Continue the aviation program, to include maintenance and sustainment of STA's aircraft fleet ensuring availability and reliability for mission operations.
- Sustain the required readiness posture of the STA fleet.

#### Security/Safety Capability

Sustains STA systems capacity through security and safety upgrades. This includes the following activities:

- Identify, design, and test new fleet and mission technologies. Deliverables include safety and security upgrades as well as enhancements to the secure trailers, data analysis, information dissemination, and usage of emerging physical security technology.
- Conduct NMCB classes to increase agent end-strength through training and equipping FA candidates with the best products and tools available.
- Sustain specialized FA skills and qualifications by providing technical equipment, logistics, curriculum development, and staffing necessary to conduct Special Response Force training, Operational Readiness Training (ORT), Validation Force-on-Force (VFoF) exercises, and Agent Sustainment Training. Sustainment Training includes surveillance detection, tactics, advanced drivingskills, and firearm education. In addition, funding supports contracts for mission operation support and off-site training venues capable of supporting unit or FA commands during training activities.
- Maintain security and safety programs by conducting liaison activities with state and local law enforcement organizations, analysis of security methods and equipment, vulnerability assessments, development of Safeguards and Security Plans and combat simulation computer modeling. Furthermore, validation of needed safety and security measures, execution of safety studies recommendations and review of engineering analysis results, execution of Nuclear Explosive Safety protocols and risk reduction of over-the-road safety issues.
- Maintain the Emergency Operations Center and the Transportation and Emergency Control Center in Albuquerque, New Mexico and train and exercise the STA emergency response capability. Includes the Emergency Management Program, FA Incident Command System refresher, and sustainment training.

• Evaluate, test, and determine the viability of unmanned systems for use in the STA mission to conduct safe and secure operations.

# Infrastructure and Command, and Control, Communication, Computer, and Cyber (C5)

Sustains the system platforms operated by STA. These systems provide critical information obtained, analyzed, and disseminated prior to the mission. Includes continuous monitoring of all data guaranteeing it is accurate/valid and constant communication within convoys, between convoys and headquarters to ensure mission success. These activities must be accomplished in real-time while balancing cyber security requirements and reliability and integrity. Additionally, STA leverages other systems technology supporting business processes and operations which improve efficiency and effectiveness of STA. This funding supports the following sub-elements:

- Modernize and sustain C5 systems activities to maintain vigilant oversight of nuclear convoys. Operate the Transportation Emergency Control Centers (TECC) and maintain the New Mexico Relay Station, as well as maintain communications systems across the STA.
- Maintain and expand the Mission Management System, a secure unclassified to classified controlled interface. This allows communications from unclassified to classified systems, and maintenance and enhancement of a common operating picture for the TECC as well as convoys.
- Expand, upgrade, and maintain the STA facilities and equipment in support of mission requirements. STA is minimizing operational safety and health risks by addressing deferred maintenance. Facilities include FA commands, vehicle mechanical and electronic maintenance shops, training command, and support staff buildings. Activities to sustain these facilities include maintenance and minor construction projects.

## Program Management

Creates a well-managed, responsive, and accountable organization by employing effective business practices for the STA program. This activity includes:

- Corporate functions such as technical document support and business processes that control, assist, and direct secure transport operations (includes supplies, equipment, and regulation control procedures).
- Assess, evaluate, and improve functions and processes including self-assessments, configuration management, quality assurance program, and business integration activities.

# Mobile Guardian Transporter (MGT)

Provides for the design, production, and testing of the MGT which is the replacement for the existing SGT. The MGT will assure the safety and security of cargo and containers, protect the public, meet nuclear explosive safety requirements associated with accident scenarios, reduce the risk to security threats, and provide for enhanced communications. This includes the following activities:

- Test Article (TA) Assembly and Testing
- Mechanical Systems Development
- Electronics and Auxiliary Systems Development
- Active Delay System Development
- Enhanced Cargo Restraint Development

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

The FY 2023 Request includes the development, design, production, and maintenance of specialized mission vehicles, tractors, trailers, escort vehicles, trained FAs, and robust communications systems.

#### FY 2023 Funding Specifically Supports:

- Development of Engineering Releases, continued PPU stage builds, validation of the PPU manufacturing process, and perform TA2 Crash Test for the MGT.
- Production of the Next Generation Armored Tractor (T4) and Escort Vehicle (EV4) as a replacement for the current armored tractor and escort vehicle.

#### Weapons Activities/ Secure Transportation Asset

- Life extension and risk reduction activities for the aging SGT to ensure the fleet continues to meet the Nuclear Explosive Safety Study requirements associated with transporting nuclear weapons and components until the MGT is fully deployed.
- Maintenance of existing facilities required by DOE Order 430.1C and minor construction projects of new and existing facilities.
- Steady state replacement of vehicles and tractors.

# FY 2024 – FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Delivery of MGT First Production Unit (FPU) in FY 2026.
- Aircraft procurement in FY 2027.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed over 108 weapon/special nuclear materials shipments and made over 62 limited-life component deliveries without incident.
- Completed Boeing 737 aircraft procurement (replacing DC-9).
- MGT:
  - $\circ \quad \mbox{Completed the Baseline Design Review.}$
  - $\circ \quad \mbox{Released TA1} timeline and testing results.$
  - $\circ \quad \mbox{Released initial drawings for design testers.}$
  - $\circ$   $\hfill \hfill \hf$
- $\circ$  ~ Commenced product specification releases to the Production Agency.
- Completed design for Agent Operations Western Command building (to replace temporary building).
- Completed build of the Live Fire Shoot House at STA's Training Command in Fort Smith, Arkansas.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Operations and Equipment \$225,000,000	Operations and Equipment \$214,367,000	Operations and Equipment -\$10,633,000
Mission Capacity \$87,187,000	Mission Capacity \$57,628,000	Mission Capacity -\$29,559,000
<ul> <li>Refurbished 6 Escort Vehicles and Escort Vehicle Light Chassis vehicles.</li> <li>Began redesign of the Tractor Control Unit (TCU).</li> <li>Supported risk reduction initiatives for sustainment of the SGT until MGT is fully integrated into mission operations. Includes Air Stream development work to customize and qualify designs for legacy and future systems.</li> <li>Procured a B-737 aircraft to replace the DC-9.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Production of 8 to 10 next generation EV4 vehicles and 3 to 4 next generation (T4) units.</li> <li>Vehicle sustainment efforts to continue redesign of the TCU.</li> <li>Supports risk reduction initiatives for sustainment of the SGT until MGT is fully integrated into mission operations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Completion of aircraft procurement in FY 2021.</li> <li>Provide inflationary increase to continue mission operations.</li> </ul>
Security/Safety Capability \$23,135,000	Security/Safety Capability \$24,954,000	Security/Safety Capability +\$1,819,000
<ul> <li>Conducted two NMCB courses.</li> <li>Conducted an ORT and VFoF exercise.</li> <li>Conducted Security Site Survey and Staff Assistance Visits.</li> <li>Continued National Incident Management System/Incident Command System training program for FAs and staff.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Equipment and services to support NMCB courses.</li> <li>Conduct an ORT exercise and VFoF exercise.</li> <li>Conduct annual Security Site Survey and Staff Assistance Visits.</li> <li>Conduct the National Incident Management System/Incident Command System training program for FAs and staff.</li> <li>Replacement of two Logistical Support Trailers critical for mobile training storage.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replacement of two Logistical Support Trailers critical for mobile training storage.</li> </ul>
Infrastructure and C5 Systems \$32,942,000	Infrastructure and C5 Systems \$29,816,000	Infrastructure and C5 Systems -\$3,126,000
<ul> <li>Conducted maintenance and minor construction projects at the FA commands, training facility, and STA Headquarters (HQ) to include a new shipping and receiving facility and running track at Agent Operations Eastern Command and Vehicle Maintenance Facility at Agent Operations Western Command.</li> <li>Continued implementation and maintenance of applications and systems that interconnect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct maintenance and minor construction projects at the FA commands, training facility, and STA HQs, including build of the Vehicle Maintenance Facility at Agent Operations Central Command in Amarillo, Texas.</li> <li>Continue implementation and maintenance of applications and systems that interconnect communications with STA vehicles and the TECC.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduction reflects progress in procurement of modular and mobile communications equipment</li> </ul>

**Operations and Equipment** 

FY 2021 Enacted communications with STA vehicles and the TECC. • Supported advanced cyber threat intelligence capabilities and integrate awareness into	<ul> <li>FY 2023 Request</li> <li>Support advanced cyber threat intelligence capabilities and integrate awareness into mission operations.</li> </ul>	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>mission operations.</li> <li>Program Management \$8,247,000</li> <li>Executed program with approximately 25 full- time support service contractors that provide acquisitions and program support.</li> <li>Conducted Quality Assurance assessments.</li> <li>Continued corporate business services and integration activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Program Management \$9,034,000</li> <li>Conduct Quality Assurance assessments.</li> <li>Continue corporate business services and integration activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Program Management +\$787,000</li> <li>Contract renewal for support service contract and increase in requirements to support quality assessments and technical documents resulting from delayed work (COVID-19).</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Mobile Guardian Transporter \$73,489,000</li> <li>Began build of the qualification and production testers.</li> <li>Released product specifications to the production agency.</li> <li>Performed TA2 Phase 1 Qualification Tests.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mobile Guardian Transporter \$92,935,000</li> <li>Continue Development of Engineering Releases.</li> <li>Continue PPU stage builds.</li> <li>Start initial Advanced Engineering Release.</li> <li>Validate PPU manufacturing processes.</li> <li>Complete TA2 Crash Test.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mobile Guardian Transporter +\$19,446,000</li> <li>Increased work and resources required to support the continued Development of Engineering Releases, PPU stage builds, initial Advanced Engineering Release, validation of PPU manufacturing processes, and complete TA2 Crash Test.</li> </ul>

#### Secure Transportation Asset Program Direction

## Description

The Secure Transportation Asset (STA) Program Direction subprogram provides personnel ensuring the safety and security of the nuclear stockpile. The total planned Full Time Equivalents (FTE) supports the Federal Agent (FA) force, Federal pilots, emergency management plans/activities, security and safety programs, and other key elements of the STA mission. STA is committed to a stable human resources strategy to achieve an optimal agent force to meet the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) nuclear security enterprise priorities and mission requirements. The optimal FA force is determined by analysis of the projected workload and the resources required to support the NSE weapon modernization and production schedule. STA continues to execute Nuclear Material Courier Basic (NMCB) courses to sustain current manning and ensuring mission capacity.

## Salaries and Benefits

Provides for the program staff located at Albuquerque, New Mexico; Fort Chaffee, Arkansas; and Washington, District of Columbia; and for FAs and support staff at three FA force locations in Albuquerque, New Mexico; Oak Ridge, Tennessee; and Amarillo, Texas. Funding is for salaries, overtime, worker's compensation, and health/retirement benefits associated with FAs, secondary positions, and support staff. Allocations account for an average vacancy rate over the fiscal year and may not match actual on-board FTEs at any time.

## Travel

Travel funds utilized for secure convoys, training at military installations and other facilities, and program oversight.

## **Other Related Expenses**

Provides required certification training for the handling of nuclear materials by FAs as well as staff and FA professional development. It maintains the Human Reliability Program (HRP) for FAs and designated staff, provides for Energy Information Technology (IT) Services/DOE Common Operating Environment (EITS/DOECOE), and other contractual service requirements, to include facility maintenance.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

The FY 2023 PD Budget Request supports FA and staff FTEs for STA mission execution and priorities. This includes:

- Support for 572 FTEs (accounts for vacancies).
- Travel to support mission and training requirements.
- EITS/DOECOE fees.
- Professional development training.
- Funding for support service contracts.

#### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

• Continue to support FA and staff FTEs, travel for mission and training requirements, EITS/DOECOE fees and service support contracts.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Graduated 24 new FAs.
- Continued to support mission operations through COVID-19 pandemic.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Program Direction \$123,684,000	Program Direction \$130,070,000	Program Direction +\$6,386,000
alaries and Benefits \$100,605,000	Salaries and Benefits \$100,214,000	Salaries and Benefits -\$391,000
<ul> <li>Recruited, hired, and retained quality personnel based on current and future mission needs.</li> <li>Continued to fill agent vacancies to support workload requirements.</li> <li>Increased Workers' Compensation costs due to non-mission accident (2018).</li> <li>Conducted two NMCB courses. STA plans to increase class size in future NMCB courses to meet the FA workforce target.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recruit, hire, and retain quality personnel based on current and future mission needs.</li> <li>Fill FA and staff vacancies to sustain workload requirements. Supports 572 FTEs.</li> <li>Conduct three NMCB courses (projections consider gains from NMCB and losses due to mandatory retirements and attrition).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Carryover used to support requirements (COVIE 19 impacts).</li> <li>Workers' Compensation return to steady state.</li> </ul>
ravel \$6,807,000	Travel \$7,081,000	Travel +\$274,000
Traveled required to transport nuclear weapons, components, and special nuclear material. Funded to support travel to facilities that provide unique training to maintain agent skill sets. Supported charter plane service (unavailability of STA aircraft due to maintenance and/or other mission support).	<ul> <li>Travel required to transport nuclear weapons, components, and special nuclear material.</li> <li>Funding to support travel to facilities that provide unique training to maintain agent skill sets.</li> <li>Charter plane contract funded biennially as a contingency plan to support requirements when current STA aircraft is unavailable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Charter plane contract funded biennially as a contingency plan to support requirements when current STA aircraft is unavailable.</li> </ul>
Other Related Expenses \$16,272,000	Other Related Expenses \$22,775,000	Other Related Expenses +\$6,503,000
<ul> <li>Continued medical evaluations of individuals assigned to HRP duties and medical training for STA FA medics.</li> <li>Supported NMCB candidate training at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center.</li> <li>Supported processing of security clearances.</li> <li>Supported EITS/DOECOE costs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continuous medical evaluations of individuals assigned to HRP duties and additional medical training for STA FA medics.</li> <li>Support NMCB candidate training at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center.</li> <li>Support for mandatory ethics/integrity training for new STA employees.</li> <li>Support processing of security clearances.</li> <li>Support EITS/DOECOE costs.</li> <li>Support service contracts for facility</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>New HRP contract resulted in additional costs.</li> <li>EITS/DOECOE increases at 5% per year.</li> <li>Reflects transfer of support service contract cos (from STA OPS to PD to align with purpose of funding).</li> </ul>

**Program Direction** 

# Secure Transportation Asset

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	administrative staff at multiple STA sites in Albuquerque and Arkansas.	

# Secure Transportation Asset Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of						
Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	43,015	5,483	5,483	-37,532
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	2,861	32,945	23,700	+20,839
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	45,876	38,428	29,183	-16,693
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	1,588	5 <i>,</i> 483	5,483	+3,895
Replacement Aircraft (DC-9)	41,427	0	41,427	0	0	-41,427
Mobile Guardian Transporter	34,000	0	0	0	0	0
Replacement Aircraft (Lifecycle Replacement 737)	45,000	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	43,015	5,483	5,483	-37,532
				lars in Thousan	dc)	
			נטט	FY 2022	us)	
	Total	Prior	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
		Years	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	1,412	8,145	7,500	+6,088
Agents Operation Western Command Facility	14,606	13,157	1,449	0	0	-1,449
Agent Operations Central Command Infrastructure and Master Plan	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0
Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operation Western		-	-		-	0
Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operation Western Command VMF	5,000 18,000	0 0	0 0	5,000 18,000	0 0	0 0
Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operation Western Command VMF Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operations Central	18,000	0	0	18,000	0	0
Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operation Western Command VMF Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operations Central Command VMF	18,000 18,000	0	0	18,000 1,800	0 16,200	0 +16,200
Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operation Western Command VMF Vehicle Maintenance Facility – Agent Operations Central	18,000	0	0	18,000	0	0

# Secure Transportation Asset Outyear Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))	·					
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	5,483	5,483	13,983	75,983	N/A	
Minor Construction	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	N/A	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	12,983	12,983	21,483	83,483	N/A	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	5,483	5,483	5,483	5,483	N/A	
Mobile Guardian Transporter	0	0	8,500	25,500	0	
Replacement Aircraft (Lifecycle Replacement 737)	0	0	0	45,000	0	
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	5,483	5,483	13,983	75,983	N/A	
	(Dollars in Thousands)					

	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			-		
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	N/A
Total, Minor Construction Projects	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	N/A
Total, Capital Summary	12,983	12,983	21,483	83,483	N/A

#### **Defense Nuclear Security**

## Overview

The Office of Defense Nuclear Security (DNS) leads, develops, and implements the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) security program to enable NNSA's nuclear security enterprise (NSE) missions. DNS provides protection for NNSA personnel, facilities, nuclear weapons, and materials from a full spectrum of threats, ranging from minor security incidents to acts of terrorism, at its national laboratories, production plants, processing facilities, and the Nevada National Security Site (NNSS). In addition, DNS provides nuclear security expertise for a broad set of evolving national security needs, in line with its core mission, such as those in defense nuclear nonproliferation, homeland security, and intelligence. Employing more than 1,700 Protective Force officers, DNS secures more than 5,000 buildings and protects more than 52,000 personnel.

## Defense Nuclear Security Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request		
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS		
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Defense Nuclear Security							
Operations and Maintenance							
Protective Forces	410,770	410,770	465,546	+54,776	+13.3%		
Physical Security Systems	127,035	127,035	169,369	+42,334	+33.3%		
Information Security	51,860	51,860	61,831	+9,971	+19.2%		
Personnel Security	45,790	45,790	52,743	+6,953	+15.2%		
Material Control and Accountability	31,690	31,690	45,581	+13,891	+43.8%		
Security Program Operations and Planning	95,933	95,933	83,293	-12,640	-13.2%		
Total, Operations and Maintenance	763,078	763,078	878,363	+115,285	+15.1%		
Construction	26,000	26,000	3,928	-22,072	-84.9%		
Total, Defense Nuclear Security	789,078	789,078	882,291	+93,213	+11.8%		

## Defense Nuclear Security Outyear Funding

	_	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
		Request	Request	Request	Request	
Defense Nuclear Security						
Operations and Maintenance						
Protective Forces		517,584	533,758	542,411	569,367	
Physical Security Systems		150,984	164,247	177,663	196,955	
Information Security		62,696	66,224	68,250	69,964	
Personnel Security		55,425	58,129	59,216	60,810	
Material Control and Accountability		49,850	52 <i>,</i> 286	53,364	54,388	
Security Program Operations and Planning		91,024	80,670	90,623	97,704	
Total, Operations and Maintenance		927 <i>,</i> 563	955 <i>,</i> 314	991,527	1,049,188	
Total, Defense Nuclear Security		927 <i>,</i> 563	955,314	991,527	1,049,188	

# **Defense Nuclear Security Explanation of Major Changes** (Dollars in Thousands)

Defense Nuclear Security	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<b>Operations and Maintenance:</b> The increase is based on additional security requirements associated with mission growth across the NNSA NSE, including plutonium pit production and preparation for operation of the Uranium Processing Facility (UPF). In addition, funding supports increased security requirements related to Design Basis Threat (DBT) implementation and sustaining Core Security requirements, inclusive of built-in cost escalation increases created by Collective Bargaining Agreements, notably within Protective Forces. The increase also reflects support for the Caerus security system and support for the highest priority Security Infrastructure Revitalization Program (SIRP) projects, as well as highest priority initiatives for the Physical Security Center of Excellence (PSCOE) and the Center for Security Technology, Analysis, Response, and Testing (CSTART).	+115,285
<b>Construction</b> : This decrease reflects progress towards completion of construction for 17-D-710, the West End Protected Area Reduction (WEPAR) project, which will reduce the size of the Protected Area while integrating with the UPF, as well as reductions in government contingency and contractor management reserve in the associated project plan.	-22,072
Total, Defense Nuclear Security	+93,213

#### Defense Nuclear Security Budget Request Highlights and Future Milestones

## Highlights of the Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Request

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Budget Request of \$882,291,000 reflects an increase of \$93,213,000, or 11.8% above the FY 2021 Enacted level for Defense Nuclear Security. The budget request includes funding to add positions in key security program areas required to support implementation of a risk-based, layered protection strategy at the sites. These areas include protective forces, physical security systems, information security, technical security, personnel security, nuclear material control and accountability, and security program operations and planning. The budget request supports refined security requirements associated with DBT policy implementation and known mission growth across the NSE, including support for FY 2023 requirements for plutonium pit production at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) and to hire, clear, and train appropriate personnel in time to support planned UPF project milestones, inclusive of Operational Readiness Reviews, which are necessary to achieve beneficial occupancy In addition, the request supports the initiative to replace the aging Argus system with a modern security system, Caerus, sustains planned expansion of the Clearance Action Tracking System (CATS) and electronic personnel security file efforts, and supports highest priority continuous improvement initiatives through the PSCOE and CSTART activities. This request also includes funding for continued efforts to recapitalize security infrastructure through the highest priority SIRP projects, which address critical security systems and related security infrastructure and equipment refresh needs, as well as funding for the WEPAR project, which will install a new Perimeter Intrusion Detection and Assessment System (PIDAS) section, reducing the Y-12 National Security Complex (Y-12) Protected Area by approximately 50% while integrating with the UPF.

## FY 2024–FY 2027 Key Milestones

Physical Security Systems

- Sustain counter unmanned aircraft system (CUAS) implementation and operation at sites possessing Category 0/I quantities of special nuclear material (SNM)
- Complete highest priority SIRP projects, which aligns with NNSA's priority to recapitalize security infrastructure
- Complete Caerus development and begin efforts to deploy across the NSE

# Security Program Operations and Planning

• Continue DBT policy implementation

#### Construction

• Complete WEPAR project at Y-12

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Continued upgrades to CATS. CATS provides remote-work-friendly adjudicative support for the eight clearance-granting offices within the Department of Energy (DOE), including the ability to provide near real-time modifications to support Trusted Workforce initiatives.
- Developed the Safeguards and Security (S&S) Career Path Guide. The Guide provides a valuable means to develop long-term career goals, expand professional capabilities, and achieve a strong S&S workforce, while providing a pipeline of capable staff for planned succession.
- Broke ground on April 7, 2021, on the WEPAR project at Y-12.
- Demonstrated initial capability of Caerus, which is a modernized and upgraded version of an integrated security system that can incorporate commercial off-the-shelf technologies while providing improved cyber security.
- Achieved initial operating capability at NNSS, and initiated installation efforts at both Pantex and Y-12, in support of the CUAS platform. NNSA is focused on addressing the threat posed by unmanned aircraft systems and the need for effective countermeasures.
- Completed Phase 3, Analysis Phase, of the DBT Implementation Strategy. With the completion of the Analysis phase, NNSA now has the information necessary to assess its security posture and make appropriate adjustments, relative to the DBT policy.
- Successfully deployed Portable Intrusion Detection System (PIDS) units for use at Y-12 in support of the WEPAR, SIRP, and UPF projects. PIDS is a rapidly deployable detection system (compensatory measure), developed in partnership with the Department of Defense to be used in a variety of potential use cases (e.g., static, strategic, tactical).

Weapons Activities/ Defense Nuclear Security

• Continued to ensure security operations could support all NNSA requirements during the COVID-19 pandemic through a multitude of contracting, policy, and logistical modifications.

#### Defense Nuclear Security Operations and Maintenance

### Description

DNS Operations and Maintenance integrates personnel, equipment, and procedures to protect physical assets and resources against theft, sabotage, diversion, or other criminal acts. Each NNSA contractor partner has an approved Site Security Plan detailing protection measures and resources needed to protect site security interests.

*Protective Forces* include duties, specialized training, performance testing, facilities, equipment, weapons/firearms, ammunition, vehicles, and other expenses. These forces are each site's primary front-line protection and consist of armed, uniformed officers. Protective Force officers are an integral part of a site's security posture and are trained in tactics and techniques necessary to protect NNSA sites.

*Physical Security Systems* includes highest priority SIRP projects; CUAS; intrusion detection and assessment systems; performance testing and certification/recertification; access control systems; barrier and delay mechanisms; canine explosive detection programs; and tactical systems. Many of the systems in use are well beyond their designed lifecycles and require increased maintenance and testing. Additional investments in critical security systems and infrastructure upgrade projects are necessary to sustain these systems. This includes PSCOE at Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico, the centrally managed Argus program, and the effort to replace the aging centrally managed Argus system with Caerus, a modern security system, at sites possessing Category I quantities of SNM.

Table 1 shows the plans for the highest priority SIRP projects to be executed in FYs 2023–2027. Other than PIDAS vehicle barrier upgrades, SIRP projects do not qualify as minor construction. Rather, SIRP projects include sensor, camera, lighting, and communication refreshes, and smaller capital equipment projects. This requirement is driven by the urgent necessity to repair systems that have the highest risk of failure.

Planned FY 2023-2027 SIRP Project Allocations by Site (Dollars in Millions)					
Site	Project Name	FY 2023 Allocation (\$M)			
	Zone 12 North PIDAS: sensor revitalization, camera replacement, and camera tower replacement (includes power, fiber, network, sensors, and fences)	18.20			
	Zone 12 Vehicle Barrier Upgrade: replaces current cable barrier	10.60			
Pantex	Pantex Zone 12 East PIDAS: sensor revitalization, camera replacement, and camera tower replacement (includes power, fiber, network, sensors, and fences)				
	Zone 12 Entry Control Facility Refresh: refresh sensors, cameras and gate controls				
Total, FY 2023		39.02			
Site	Project Name	FY 2024 Allocation (\$M)			
Pantex	Zone 12 East PIDAS: sensor revitalization, camera replacement, and camera tower replacement (includes power, fiber, network, sensors, and fences)	18.30			
Total, FY 2024		18.30			

	Planned FY 2023-2027 SIRP Project Allocations by Site (Dollars in Millions)	
Site	Project Name	FY 2025 Allocation (\$M)
Pantex	Zone 12 South PIDAS: sensor revitalization, camera replacement, and camera tower replacement (includes power, fiber, network, sensors, and fences)	18.30
NNSS	Device Assembly Facility: continued implementation for Protected Area revitalization work, includes PIDAS and sensor revitalization	8.90
Total, FY 2025		27.20
		FY 2026 Allocation
Site	Project Name	(\$M)
NNSS	Device Assembly Facility: continued implementation for Protected Area revitalization work, includes PIDAS and sensor revitalization	30.94
11135	Device Assembly Facility Vehicle Barrier	7.36
Total, FY 2026		38.30
Site	Project Name	FY 2027 Allocation (\$M)
Y-12	Y-12 Material Access Area Booths: replacement of existing booths with NNSA standard Positive Personal Identity Verification booths	6.38
NNSS	Device Assembly Facility: continued implementation for Protected Area revitalization work, includes PIDAS and sensor revitalization	20.00
Pantex	Zone 12 West PIDAS: sensor revitalization, camera replacement, and camera tower replacement (includes power, fiber, network, sensors, and fences)	19.30
Total, FY 2027		45.68

*Information Security* provides classification guidance, technical surveillance countermeasures, operations security, and classified matter protection and control.

*Personnel Security* includes access authorizations, badging, the Human Reliability Program, classified and unclassified visits, and foreign visits and assignments. It encompasses the administrative support for the site clearance process, including security clearance determinations at each site.

*Material Control and Accountability* controls and accounts for special and alternative nuclear materials through measurements, quality assurance, accounting, containment, surveillance, and physical inventory. This activity also includes the Local Area Nuclear Material Accountability System (LANMAS) software application, as well as training and operational support provided to DOE and NNSA sites and facilities.

Security Program Operations and Planning includes development of budgets, responses to audits and information requests, Site Security Plans, vulnerability/risk assessments, and performance testing and assurance activities. It also includes security incident and reporting management, security surveys and self-assessments, activities related to deviation requests, and control of security technology transfer activities. Security Program Operations and Planning also supports facility clearance processing and Foreign Ownership, Control, or Influence determinations for security contracts.

### **Operations and Maintenance**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
Operations and Maintenance \$763,078,000	Operations and Maintenance \$878,363,000	Operations and Maintenance +\$115,285,000		
Protective Forces \$410,770,000	Protective Forces \$465,546,000	Protective Forces + \$54,776,000		
<ul> <li>Maintained sufficient protective forces to meet protection requirements based on approved vulnerability and risk assessments.</li> <li>Addressed non-nuclear security protection requirements and "lower-level threat" scenarios, in a graded, prioritized manner.</li> <li>Supported Pit Production at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintains protective forces to meet protection requirements based on approved vulnerability and risk assessments.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 UPF security requirements.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 LANL Pit Production security requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increases associated with mission growth across NNSA's NSE, including for pit production and UPF preparation efforts.</li> <li>Reflects escalation, as well as balanced support for increased security requirements resulting from efforts to implement the DBT policy and increased resource needs to sustain Core Security requirements.</li> </ul>		
Physical Security Systems \$127,035,000	Physical Security Systems \$169,369,000	Physical Security Systems +\$42,334,000		
<ul> <li>Funds prevented and corrected maintenance for physical security systems and infrastructure at NNSA sites and provided protection against threats.</li> <li>Included funding for PSCOE activities at SNL.</li> <li>Sustained CUAS operation at sites possessing Category 0/I quantities of SNM.</li> <li>Supported critical SIRP projects included in the 10-Year Refresh Plan at all NNSA sites.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Funds preventive and corrective maintenance for physical security systems and infrastructure at NNSA sites and provides protection against threats.</li> <li>Supports highest priority SIRP projects.</li> <li>Includes funding for highest priority continuous improvement initiatives through PSCOE.</li> <li>Supports Caerus.</li> <li>Sustains CUAS operation at sites possessing Category 0/I quantities of SNM.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 UPF security requirements.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 LANL Pit Production security requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reflects increased support for highest priority SIRP projects, Caerus, and support for PSCOE activities.</li> <li>Increases associated with mission growth across NNSA's NSE, including for pit production and UPF preparation efforts.</li> <li>Reflects escalation, as well as balanced support for increased resource needs to sustain Core Security requirements.</li> </ul>		
InformationSecurity \$51,860,000	InformationSecurity \$61,831,000	InformationSecurity +\$9,971,000		
<ul> <li>Maintained an information protection program and sustained implementation of DOE Order 470.6, <i>Technical Security Program</i>.</li> <li>Supported Pit Production at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintains an information protection program and sustains implementation of DOE Order 470.6, <i>Technical Security Program.</i></li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 LANL Pit Production security requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increases associated with mission growth across NNSA's NSE, including for pit production and UPF preparation efforts.</li> </ul>		
Weapons Activities/ Defense Nuclear Security		FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justificatio		

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Reflects escalation, as well as balanced support for increased resource needs to sustain Core Security requirements.
Personnel Security \$45,790,000	Personnel Security \$52,743,000	Personnel Security +\$6,953,000
<ul> <li>Maintained a personnel security program while implementing efficiencies in a risk-based manner.</li> <li>Supported Pit Production at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintains a personnel security program while implementing efficiencies in a risk-based manner.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 LANL Pit Production security requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increases associated with mission growth across NNSA's NSE, including for Pit Production and UPF preparation efforts.</li> <li>Reflects escalation, as well as balanced support for increased resource needs to sustain Core Security requirements.</li> </ul>
Material Control and Accountability \$31,690,000	Material Control and Accountability \$45,581,000	Material Control and Accountability +\$13,891,000
<ul> <li>Provided for control and accountability of special and alternative nuclear materials and maintained a level of effort that was a critical part of NNSA's layered protection program.</li> <li>Sustained LANMAS software upgrade.</li> <li>Supported Pit Production at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provides for control and accountability of special and alternative nuclear materials and maintains a level of effort that is a critical part of NNSA's layered protection program.</li> <li>Sustains LANMAS software upgrade.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 UPF security requirements.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 LANL Pit Production security requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increases associated with mission growth across NNSA's NSE, including for Pit Production and UPF preparation efforts.</li> <li>Reflects escalation, as well as balanced support for increased resource needs to sustain Core Security requirements.</li> </ul>
Security Program Operations and Planning \$95,933,000	Security Program Operations and Planning \$83,293,000	Security Program Operations and Planning -\$12,640,000
<ul> <li>Maintained Site Security Plans, risk/vulnerability assessment capabilities, budget development, management of site programs for incidents of security concern, and security awareness programs.</li> <li>Included funding for the CSTART effort.</li> <li>Supported Pit Production at LANL.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintains Site Security Plans, risk/vulnerability assessment capabilities, budget development, management of site programs for incidents of security concern, and security awareness programs.</li> <li>Includes funding for highest priority continuous improvement initiatives through CSTART.</li> <li>Supports refined FY 2023 UPF security requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease due to use of estimated available uncosted uncommitted funding, inclusive of SPP recoveries.</li> <li>Increases associated with mission growth across NNSA's NSE, including for Pit Production and UPF preparation efforts.</li> <li>Reflects escalation, as well as balanced support for increased resource needs to sustain Core Security requirements.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	• Supports refined FY 2023 LANL Pit Production security requirements.	

#### Defense Nuclear Security Construction

#### Description

DNS construction supports critical physical security infrastructure within the NNSA NSE. This project will install a new PIDAS section to reduce the Y-12 Protected Area by approximately 50%. CD-2/3, Approve Performance Baseline & Start of Construction, was approved in January 2021. Construction began in April 2021 and will continue into the third quarter of FY 2023. CD-4 completion is scheduled for FY 2025.

Activities and Explanation of Changes	Construction	
FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Construction \$26,000,000	Construction \$3,928,000	Construction -\$22,072,000
Began WEPAR construction.	<ul> <li>Secures funding for final stages of WEPAR construction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects progress towards finalization of WEPAR project construction as well as reductions in government contingency and contractor management reserve in the associated project plan.</li> </ul>

## Defense Nuclear Security Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))							
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	4,651	2,234	2,283	-2,368	
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	73	4,410	10,600	10,527	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	4,724	6,644	12,883	+8,159	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)							
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	4,651	2,234	2,283	-2,368	
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	4,651	2,234	2,283	-2,368	

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC < \$5M)	N/A	N/A	73	0	0	-73
Y12 PIDAS Vehicle Barriers	9,160	4,750	0	4,410	0	0
Device Assembly Facility (DAF) Vehicle Barrier, NNSS	7,360	0	0	0	0	0
Zone 12 PIDAS Vehicle Barriers, PX	10,850	250	0	0	10,600	+10,600
Pantex Zone 4 PIDAS Vehicle Barriers	10,470	250	0	0	0	0
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	73	4,410	10,600	+10,527
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	4,724	6,644	12,883	+8,159

## Defense Nuclear Security Construction Projects Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	2,333	2,384	1,123	0	N/A	
Minor Construction	0	7,360	0	0	N/A	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	2,333	9,744	1,123	0	N/A	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	2,333	2,384	1,123	0	N/A	
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	2,333	2,384	1,123	0	N/A	
		(D	ollars in Thousan	ds)		
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears	
L Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	0	0	0	0	N/A	
Device Assembly Facility (DAF) Vehicle Barrier, NNSS	0	7,360	0	0	0	
Pantex Zone 4 PIDAS Vehicle Barriers	0	0	0	0	10,220	

7,360

9,744

0 2,333 0

1,123

Total, Minor Construction Projects

Total, Capital Summary

0

0

N/A N/A

## Defense Nuclear Security Construction Projects Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)
17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction (WEPAR), Y-12	<u> </u>					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	134,028	81,100	26,000	23,000	3,928	-19,072
Other Project Cost (OPC)	9,822	6,100	0	0	3,722	+3,722
Total Project Cost, 17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction					7,650	-15,350
(WEPAR), Y-12	143,850	87,200	26,000	23,000		
Total All Construction Projects						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	134,028	81,100	26,000	23,000	3,928	-19,072
Other Project Cost (OPC)	9,822	6,100	0	0	3,722	+3,722
Total Project Cost (TPC) All Construction Projects	143,850	87,200	26,000	23,000	7,650	-15,350

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears to Completion
17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction (WEPAR), Y-12					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Project Cost, 17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction	0	0	0	0	0
(WEPAR), Y-12					
Total All Construction Projects					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Project Cost (TPC) All Construction Projects	0	0	0	0	0

Weapons Activities/ Defense Nuclear Security

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

## Defense Nuclear Security Other Information

### **Full Cost Recovery Estimates**

The Budget Request provides direct funding for mission-based DNS programs. Strategic Partnership Projects (formerly known as Work for Others [WFO] Projects) will continue to fund an allocable share of the base program through full cost recovery. Extraordinary security requirements for Strategic Partnership Projects, such as dedicated security for special projects or exercises on an extended basis, will be a direct charge to those customers.

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request		
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS		
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Site							
Kansas City National Security Campus	1,740	1,700	1,738	-2	-0.1%		
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	11,168	10,597	10,820	-348	-3.1%		
Los Alamos National Laboratory	5,109	6,243	6,000	+891	17.4%		
NNSA Production Office	2,555	3,499	2,479	-76	-3.0%		
Nevada National Security Site	1,400	800	800	-600	-42.9%		
Sandia National Laboratories	25,236	24,399	24,475	-761	-3.0%		
Total	47,208	47,238	46,312	-896	-1.9%		

#### 17-D-710 West End Protected Area Reduction Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History:

## Summary:

The West End Protected Area Reduction (WEPAR) project is responsible for installation of a new Perimeter Intrusion Detection and Assessment System (PIDAS) section to reduce the Y-12 National Security Complex Protected Area (PA) by approximately 50%. The project consists of three main parts: PIDAS (H Road and Entry Control Facility), West End Security Transition (WEST), and Legacy PIDAS Demolition.

The FY 2023 Request for the WEPAR Project is \$3,928,000 for construction, testing, and transition to operations. The current Critical Decision (CD)-2/3 was approved on January 11, 2021, by the Associate Administrator, Defense Nuclear Security, NA-70 with a Total Project Cost (TPC) of \$159,850,000. A Federal Project Director (FPD) has been assigned to this project.

#### Significant Changes:

This project was initiated in FY 2018. This CPDS is an update of the FY 2022 CPDS and does not include a new start. The most recent DOE Order 413.3B CD was CD-2/3, Approve Performance Baseline and Start of Construction, approved on January 11, 2021, with a cost of \$159,850,000 and a CD-4 approval of July 2025. The CD-2/3 WEPAR TPC is based on final design and construction bids. Project cost and schedule contingency is based on risks associated with interfaces with other Y-12 construction projects and concurrent Y-12 operations. The TPC was validated with an Independent Cost Estimate completed prior to CD-2/3. The FY 2023 request assumes reductions in government contingency and contractor management reserve below the approved baseline. Outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests if additional risks are realized. There have been no significant impacts due to COVID-19.

## **Critical Milestone History**

Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2021	09/09/2017	07/25/2018	12/14/2018	1QFY2021	2QFY2020	1QFY2021	N/A	3QFY2024
FY 2022	09/09/2017	07/25/2018	12/14/2018	01/11/2021	01/11/2021	01/11/2021	N/A	07/31/2025
FY 2023	09/09/2017	07/25/2018	12/14/2018	01/11/2021	01/11/2021	01/11/2021	N/A	07/31/2025

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – N/A

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Closeout

#### (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Year Baseline Validation		CD-3B
FY 2021	12/19/2020	N/A	N/A

CD-3A – Approve Long-Lead Procurements, Original Scope CD-3B – Approve Long-Lead Procurements, Revised Scope

## Project Cost History

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	ТРС
FY 2021	19,540	123,270	142,810	17,040	N/A	17,040	159,850
FY 2022	12,710	137,318	150,028	9,822	N/A	9,822	159,850
FY 2023	12,710	137,318	150,028	9,822	N/A	9,822	143,850ª

## 2. Project Scope and Justification

## <u>Scope</u>

The project will design and move the western Y-12 National Security Complex PA boundary PIDAS, design and construct a pedestrian and vehicle portal, secure facilities that fall outside of the newly established PA, and demolish legacy PIDAS structures. During the conceptual design phase, feasible options were evaluated to ensure the project scope was correctly sized to meet the site's critical mission needs. The WEPAR project will eliminate approximately 70 acres from the Y-12 PA. The new PIDAS leg will be approximately 1,750 linear feet located on the footprint that currently is H-road and then parallel to North First Street. This will provide a reduction in current PIDAS by approximately 8,000 linear feet; above-grade components of the existing/abandoned 8,000 linear feet will be demolished as part of the project. Scope also includes refurbishing legacy PIDAS south of the UPF, and converting four building areas to Limited Area (LA)s.

## Justification And Mission Need

The removal of 70 acres from the PA will allow DOE/NNSA to avoid ongoing security operation requirements that are instituted within a PA, decrease costs for legacy facility operation, maintenance, and demolition, and will reduce the cost of any new facility construction to support potential mission needs in the future. This project will allow the DOE Office of Environmental Management to disposition Building 9201-5 (Alpha-5), NNSA's highest risk excess facility, outside of the PA, saving an estimated \$250 million.

The WEPAR project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets. Project cost and schedule contingency is based on risks associated with interfaces with other Y-12 construction projects and concurrent Y-12 operations. Funds appropriated under this data sheet are for construction and may be used for contracted support services to the Federal Program Manager and the FPD to conduct independent assessments of the planning and execution of this Project required by DOE O 413.3B and to conduct technical reviews of design and construction documents.

## Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion.

^a The FY 2023 request assumes reductions in government contingency and contractor management reserve below the approved baseline. Outyear funding amounts may be revised in future budget requests.

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective		
Provide a new PIDAS boundary	Detection and assessment capability as required by DOE O 473.3A	N/A		
Provide a new entry control point	Control point will provide access control and entry/exit inspection as required by DOE O 473.3A	N/A		
Install annunciator agnostic communications that is compatible with current system	Satisfactory completes Assessment, Verification, Cut Over (Testing compliant with DOE O 473.3A	N/A		
Secure storage in Buildings 9720-25, 9720- 33, 9811-1 and 9720-59	Buildings meet DOE O 473.3A requirements	N/A		

#### 3. Financial Schedule

([			
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2017	2,500	2,500	0
FY 2018	10,210	10,210	0
FY 2019	0	0	3,462
FY 2020	0	0	7,305
FY 2021	0	0	1,943
Total Design	12,710	12,710	12,710
Construction			
FY 2017	0	0	0
FY 2018	43,390	43,390	0
FY 2019	0	0	0
FY 2020	25,000	25,000	0
FY 2021	26,000	26,000	18,566
FY 2022	23,000	23,000	55,000
FY 2023	3,928	3,928	39,000
FY 2024	0	0	8,752
Total Construction	121,318	121,318	121,318
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2017	2,500	2,500	0
FY 2018	53,600	53,600	0
FY 2019	0	0	3,462
FY 2020	25,000	25,000	7,305
FY 2021	26,000	26,000	20,509

(Dollars in Thousands)

# Defense Nuclear Security/Construction/

17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction, Y-12

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2022	23,000	23,000	55,000
FY 2023	3,928	3,928	39,000
FY 2024	0	0	8,752
Total TEC	134,028	134,028	134,028
Other Project Costs			
FY 2017	6,100	6,100	0
FY 2018	0	0	1,743
FY 2019	0	0	915
FY 2020	0	0	814
FY 2021	0	0	276
FY 2022	0	0	258
FY 2023	3,722	3,722	2,000
FY 2024	0	0	3,000
FY 2025	0	0	816
Total OPC	9,822	9,822	9,822
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2017	8,600	8,600	0
FY 2018	53,600	53,600	1,743
FY 2019	0	0	4,377
FY 2020	25,000	25,000	8,119
FY 2021	26,000	26,000	20,785
FY 2022	23,000	23,000	55,258
FY 2023	7,650	7,650	41,000
FY 2024	0	0	11,752
FY 2025	0	0	816
Grand Total	143,850	143,850	143,850

## 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)					
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
Design	12,710	12,710	12,710		
Contingency	0	0	0		
Total, Design	12,710	12,710	12,710		
Construction					
Site Work	29,044	22,781	22,781		
Equipment	7,879	7,879	7,879		
Construction	77,962	71,698	71,698		
D&D	2,433	2,433	2,433		
Contingency	4,000	32,527	32,527		
Total, Construction	121,318	137,318	137,318		
Total Estimated Cost	134,028	150,028	150,028		
Contingency, TEC	4,000	32,527	32,527		
Other Project Cost (OPC)					
OPC except D&D					
Conceptual Planning	2,189	2,189	2,189		
Conceptual Design	532	532	532		
Other OPC Costs	5,681	5,681	5,681		
Contingency	1,420	1,420	1,420		
Total, OPC	9,822	9,822	9,822		
Contingency, OPC	1,420	1,420	1,420		
Total Project Cost	143,850	159,850	159,850		
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	5,420	33,947	33,947		

Defense Nuclear Security/Construction/ 17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction, Y-12

## 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
	TEC	56,100	25,00 0	11,000	41,900	8,810	0	0	0	0	0	142,810
FY 2021	OPC	6,100	0	3,000	3,500	3,590	850	0	0	0	0	17,040
	TPC	62,200	25,00 0	14,000	45,400	12,400	850	0	0	0	0	159,850
	TEC	56,100	25,00 0	26,000	23 <i>,</i> 000	19,928	0	0	0	0	0	150,028
FY 2022	OPC	6,100	0	0	0	3,722	0	0	0	0	0	9,822
	ТРС	62,200	25,00 0	26,000	23,000	23,650	0	0	0	0	0	159,850
	TEC	56,100	25,00 0	26,000	23,000	3,928	0	0	0	0	0	134,028
FY 2023	OPC	6,100	0	0	0	3,722	0	0	0	0	0	9,822
	ТРС	62,200	25,00 0	26,000	23,000	7,650	0	0	0	0	0	143,850

(Dollars in Thousands)

## 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	4Q FY 2025
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	25
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	4Q FY 2050

(dollars in thousands)

	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	2,100	2,100	63,900	63,900	

#### 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is replacing existing facilities; however, the costs of D&D of the facilities that are being replaced are included in the costs of this construction project. The project scope includes the removal and disposition of approximately 8,000 linear feet of legacy PIDAS once WEPAR is certified. This demolition includes removal of a legacy entry portal as well.

Square Feet (roun	ded to nearest 1,000)
New area being constructed by this project at Y-12	5,000
Area of D&D in this project at Y-12	1,000
Area at Y-12 to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area previou "banked"	usly O
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area previously "banked"	
	0
Total area eliminated	0

#### 8. Acquisition Approach

The NNSA FPD and the Integrated Project Team are responsible for the execution of the project. The Management and Operating (M&O) contractor for Y-12 is the designated design authority and overall project manager, while the Sandia National Laboratories M&O contractor's Physical Security Center of Excellence (PSCOE) is the design agent and construction manager. The NNSA Office of Defense Nuclear Security is responsible for defining program requirements, selecting the preferred alternatives, and for any project scope changes. The NNSA Office of Acquisition and Project Management is responsible for providing support for alternative studies, and serves as the lead NNSA office during design, construction, and commissioning of the project. PSCOE will play a vital role in the integration of the security features. Significant coordination with the Y-12 M&O contractor will be required for physical and technical tie-ins to current systems. As part of acquisition planning, NNSA will manage the M&O performance through the DOE/NNSA Strategic Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan (PEMP), which sets forth the criteria by which NNSA will evaluate M&O performance and upon which NNSA shall determine the amount of award fee earned.

#### Information Technology and Cybersecurity

## Overview

The NNSA Office of the Associate Administrator for Information Management and Chief Information Officer (OCIO) is responsible for information management, information technology (IT), and cybersecurity for NNSA. To effectively achieve this, the NNSA OCIO has implemented an organizational structure that supports its functions under three organizations: the Office of Information Technology, the Office of Cybersecurity, and the Office of Mission Integration. NNSA OCIO also collaborates and coordinates with the Department of Energy's (DOE) Office of the Chief Information Officer (DOE OCIO) on the development and deployment of IT and cybersecurity solutions to protect DOE information and information assets.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Request

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 budget request for the IT and Cybersecurity Program is \$445.7 million. The FY 2023 budget request invests in cybersecurity capabilities, cloud-based technologies, and IT modernization and infrastructure.

The budget request enables the IT and Cybersecurity Program to operate cyber infrastructure at NNSA sites, carry out departmental policies and procedures, and execute IT services, software, and hardware solutions for NNSA computing environments. It allows the IT and Cybersecurity Program to implement Committee on National Security Systems (CNSS) requirements for the classified computing environment, the President's Executive Order on "Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity (14028)," and National Security Memorandum (NSM) 8, "Memorandum on Improving the Cybersecurity of National Security, Department of Defense, and Intelligence Community Systems."

The FY 2023 budget request prioritizes investments in IT and cybersecurity that enable the NNSA mission, such as enhancing cybersecurity tools and modernizing legacy systems. The NNSA OCIO must provide a set of capabilities that enable the mission to increase organizational efficiency, protect information assets, enhance communication with internal and external partners, ensure continuous monitoring, and support effective incident response. Finally, NNSA must transition from a defense-in-depth cybersecurity posture towardsZeroTrustArchitectures in accordance with Executive Order 14028.

The NNSA IT and Cybersecurity Program focuses on the development of integrated IT initiatives that provide an effective technology infrastructure to support NSE shared services. These initiatives will fundamentally redesign the NNSA IT and cybersecurity environments to provide a more secure and agile set of capabilities including unified communication, agile cloud infrastructure, and next-generation collaboration services across the NSE. The approach will provide commodity services that can be used in the future with NNSA Management and Operating (M&O) partners to improve the security of sensitive NNSA data and host shared services. Additionally, the NNSA IT and Cybersecurity Program will create a plan to explore IT application capabilities, operational technology, machine learning, and artificial intelligence to implement tools and capabilities to secure future NNSA operations.

Finally, achieving and maintaining a secure NNSA information environment for the enterprise requires an approach that combines defense-in-depth, defense-in-breadth, and zero-trust principles with essential guiding tenets that align the IT and Cybersecurity Program with NNSA cultural and business drivers. The guiding tenets that support the NNSA OCIO are risk management, agility, trust, and partnership. These tenets align the people, processes, and technology and directly contribute to the success of the IT and Cybersecurity Program.

Weapons Activities/ Information Technology and Cybersecurity

## Information Technology and Cybersecurity Funding

FY 2021 Annualized FY 2023 vs								
FY 2021         Annualized Enacted         FY 2023         vs           Information Technology and Cybersecurity Cybersecurity Site Infrastructure         CR         Request         FY 2021 Enacted (\$)         FY 2021 F           Site Infrastructure         106,151         106,151         87,357         -18,794           Enterprise Operations         145,321         145,321         128,094         -17,227           Subtotal, Cybersecurity         251,472         251,472         215,451         -36,021           Information Technology         114,761         114,761         230,203         +115,442		(Dollars in Thousands)						
Enacted         CR         Request         FY 2021 Enacted (\$)         FY 2021 Enacted (\$)           Information Technology and Cybersecurity         Cybersecurity         5         5         106,151         106,151         87,357         -18,794         -17,227           Subtotal, Cybersecurity         145,321         145,321         128,094         -17,227         -16,021           Information Technology         114,761         114,761         230,203         +115,442			FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request		
Information Technology and Cybersecurity         106,151         106,151         87,357         -18,794           Site Infrastructure         106,151         106,151         128,094         -17,227           Subtotal, Cybersecurity         251,472         251,472         215,451         -36,021           Information Technology         114,761         114,761         230,203         +115,442		FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS		
Cybersecurity         106,151         106,151         87,357         -18,794           Site Infrastructure         106,151         145,321         128,094         -17,227           Subtotal, Cybersecurity         251,472         251,472         215,451         -36,021           Information Technology         114,761         114,761         230,203         +115,442		Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Site Infrastructure       106,151       106,151       87,357       -18,794         Enterprise Operations       145,321       145,321       128,094       -17,227         Subtotal, Cybersecurity       251,472       251,472       215,451       -36,021         Information Technology       114,761       114,761       230,203       +115,442	Information Technology and Cybersecurity							
Enterprise Operations         145,321         145,321         128,094         -17,227           Subtotal, Cybersecurity         251,472         251,472         215,451         -36,021           Information Technology         114,761         114,761         230,203         +115,442	Cybersecurity							
Subtotal, Cybersecurity         251,472         251,472         215,451         -36,021           Information Technology         114,761         114,761         230,203         +115,442	Site Infrastructure	106,151	106,151	87,357	-18,794	-17.7%		
Information Technology 114,761 114,761 230,203 +115,442	Enterprise Operations	145,321	145,321	128,094	-17,227	-11.9%		
	Subtotal, Cybersecurity	251,472	251,472	215,451	-36,021	-14.3%		
Total, Information Technology and Cybersecurity366,233366,233445,654+79,421	Information Technology	114,761	114,761	230,203	+115,442	+100.6%		
	Total, Information Technology and Cybersecurity	366,233	366,233	445,654	+79,421	+21.7%		

#### Information Technology and Cybersecurity Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027			
	Request	Request	Request	Request			
Information Technology and Cybersecurity							
Cybersecurity							
Site Infrastructure	91,026	110,294	116,080	133,136			
Enterprise Operations	146,867	158,705	155,650	167,977			
Subtotal, Cybersecurity	237,893	268,999	271,730	301,113			
Information Technology	256,231	244,890	262,715	286,087			
Total, Information Technology and Cybersecurity	494,124	513,889	534,445	587,200			

## Information Technology and Cybersecurity Explanation of Major Changes

	FY 2023 Request
	vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Information Technology and Cybersecurity	
<b>Cybersecurity:</b> The funding decrease reflects a reclassification of certain initiatives from the Cybersecurity Enterprise Operations subprogram to the IT Program. Some of the reclassified initiatives include the modernization of the network architecture, as well as upgrades and enhanced security capabilities for the classified systems, including the Emergency Communications Network (ECN). The Cybersecurity Enterprise Operations subprogram now reflects the investments in cybersecurity tools and services provided to the enterprise.	-36,021
<b>Information Technology:</b> The funding increase reflects a reclassification of certain initiatives from the Cybersecurity Enterprise Operations subprogram to the IT Program. Some of the reclassified initiatives include the modernization of the network architecture, as well as upgrades and enhanced security capabilities for the classified systems, including ECN. The increase includes the cost associated with continued modernization of classified infrastructure and capabilities and additional costs for DOE Energy Information Technology Services (EITS) unclassified desktop commodity IT services. Such costs will improve unclassified and classified collaboration tools, network services, and reflect NNSA OCIO priorities. Finally, the additional funding will improve the reliability of video teleconference (VTC) capabilities for classified systems and implementation of a cloud infrastructure. This infrastructure will provide redundancy and improve performance for mission partners globally.	+115,442
Total, Information Technology and Cybersecurity	+79,421

#### Information Technology and Cybersecurity Cybersecurity

Cybersecurity is not only about mitigating risk, but it is also about keeping up with ever-changing threats and vulnerabilities. NNSA will reduce threats by minimizing attack surfaces and find innovative ways to support the mission goals and objectives of the NSE. To ensure mission success, the NNSA IT and Cybersecurity Program is committed to maintaining and modernizing the IT and cybersecurity infrastructure that supports mission activities within the weapons program classified information processing environment, nuclear material transport, weapon modernization, and incident response.

The NNSA relies on the OCIO's ability to successfully detect, deny, disrupt, and degrade malicious events and activities on our networks and systems.

#### Description

The Cybersecurity program is organized into two subprograms: Site Infrastructure and Enterprise Operations.

The Site Infrastructure subprogram supports the cybersecurity operations and activities at NNSA M&O and Federal sites. The subprogram is built around a defense-in-depth approach for achieving cybersecurity in a highly networked environment. NNSA OCIO will transition from a defense-in-depth cybersecurity posture towards Zero Trust Architectures in accordance with Executive Order 14028. Funds provided under the Site Infrastructure subprogram sustain sites and M&Os local cybersecurity operations in support of NNSA mission priorities in accordance with DOE and NNSA policy. Efforts currently underway include implementing the NNSA Application Modernization Strategy that is critical for mission applications required for weapons design. The strategy ensures applications introduced into this environment undergo rigorous supply chain risk management processes including source code scanning.

The Enterprise Operations subprogram provides essential cybersecurity support and operations to the NNSA enterprise through the Information Assurance Response Center (IARC) monitoring services, including audits, assessments, policy, management, planning, and training. The IARC is a security operations center (SOC) that provides 24/7/365 cybersecurity services to NNSA and DOE networking enclaves. The IARC also provides near real-time network defense and incident response services that protect these classified and unclassified enclaves and information from attacks. As a participant with DOE's Integrated Joint Cybersecurity Coordination Center (iJC3) Program, the IARC also supports enterprise-level cyber threat management and situational awareness for DOE. The Enterprise Operations subprogram is responsible for developing and advancing policies and initiatives that support short and long-term solutions to specific cybersecurity needs at NNSA sites and headquarters locations. Finally, the Enterprise Operations subprogram focuses on emerging technologies and leveraging existing technology resources to create a more secure environment.

The protection of the core information assets, networks, applications, and systems includes an enterprise-level identity model, strong (two-factor) authentication, and a centralized monitoring and analysis capability. These components provide a secure infrastructure system required to sustain the stockpile stewardship program. The protected networks provide a broad base of security and network services that include application integration, authentication services, directory services, enterprise data resource management, the IARCSOC and network operations center (NOC), identity and access management (IAM), public key infrastructure (PKI), and security monitoring and intrusion detection. An example of this is the ongoing project to complete the implementation of PKI smart cards. This effort will result in the issuance of tokens, enabling network login to DOE Secret Fabric users to meet CNSS requirements.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Implement a strong and comprehensive Cybersecurity Program to support and enhance the NSE mission goals and objectives improving safety, security, and efficiency.
- Implement the President's Executive Order on "Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity (14028)" and NSM-8. This includes continuing to transition from a defense-in-depth cybersecurity posture towards Zero Trust Architectures.
- Implement or chestration and automation of cybersecurity capabilities to detect, prevent, counter, and respond to emerging cybersecurity threats and vulnerabilities reducing human error and enabling repurposing of staff.

Weapons Activities/ Information Technology and Cybersecurity

- Continue to increase understanding, capabilities, and maturity around operational technology and its risk to the nuclear security enterprise.
- Continue to evolve unified communications capabilities to enhance information sharing between other government agencies (OGA) and NNSA.
- Continue the modernization of the Enterprise Secure Computing (ESC) environments by enhancing core services and collaborative capabilities and consolidating disparate network infrastructure.
- Create and actualize a plan to utilize emerging technology, machine learning, and artificial intelligence to secure future NNSA operations.
- Engage externally with OGAs, enhance partnerships, share lessons learned, and modernize the way NNSA executes its mission.

## FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Establish additional Centers of Excellence to improve and enhance cyber security operations throughout the nuclear security enterprise in FY 2025.
- Secure the enterprise information infrastructure, critical assets, and capabilities through robust and proactive cybersecurity.
- Reinforce security posture for highly classified information and enhance the capability to share information with the Department of Defense (DoD). This includes modernizing the network architecture, as well as upgrades and enhancing security capabilities for the classified systems, including ECN.
- Continue developing and implementing a cybersecurity framework for IT to include network connected operational technologies and systems.

## FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Collaborated with an OGA mission partner to successfully establish a secure community of interest related to restricted data sharing.
- Completed initial operating capability of NNSA's network modeling and risk scoring platform, enabling a more resilient enterprise.
- Completed the replacement of the IARC Enterprise SIEM tool enhancing continuous monitoring, threat detection, and rapid investigation and response.
- Completed the recapitalization of NNSA's deployed sensor platform enhancing deployed monitoring capabilities.

## Cybersecurity Funding

## Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Cybersecurity: \$251,472,000	Cybersecurity: \$215,451,000	Cybersecurity: -\$36,021,000
Site Infrastructure: \$106,151,000	Site Infrastructure: \$87,357,000	Site Infrastructure: -\$18,794,000
<ul> <li>Funded cybersecurity operations of the NNSA sites.</li> <li>Continued modernization of the Cybersecurity programs at the national security laboratories, plants, and sites to defend against increasingly adaptive threats.</li> <li>Strengthened the M&amp;O cybersecurity operations at each NNSA site along the defense-in-depth approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continues cybersecurity operations of the NNSA sites and maintains FY 2022 resource level.</li> <li>Maintains core cybersecurity operations at M&amp;Os, NNSA laboratories, plants, and sites to ensure the protection of NSE information and information assets.</li> <li>Enables the achievement of federal standards such as NIST and CNSS requirements; implementing the President's Executive Order on "Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity (14028);" and, finally, DOE and NNSA policy, procedures, and guidance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease in funding reflects a reclassification of initiatives from the Site Infrastructure subprogram to the Enterprise Operations subprogram, including enterprise level efforts such as the Risk Management Framework, support for maintaining operational capabilities for cybersecurity and network defense, and additional one time M&amp;O cybersecurity requirements.</li> </ul>
Enterprise Operations: \$145,321,000	Enterprise Operations: \$128,094,000	Enterprise Operations: -\$17,227,000
<ul> <li>Provided funding for Enterprise Operations and procurement of cybersecurity tools for the protection of the NNSA Cybersecurity Infrastructure.</li> <li>Reinforced the enterprise network security posture by continuing to address known critical capability gaps at the IARC.</li> <li>Initiated modern cross-domain solution to replace the last legacy gate ways currently in production.</li> <li>Expanded the application of Digital Rights Management (DRM)/Data Loss Protection (DLP) Technology.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supports cyber services including the labor, software, and hardware necessary to manage the Cybersecurity Program. The labor includes areas such as accreditation and the 2x7x365 security monitoring, as well as forensics and incident management and response.</li> <li>Transitions to a managed service support contract model with discrete work scope for each task. The new approach enables NNSA to take advantage of new and emerging technologies while maximizing efficient use of resources. IT services have been delivered to NNSA through a build, own, and operate model supported by a firm fixed price small business contract. This model is unable to keep pace with the rapid innovation of IT and cybersecurity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The decrease in funding reflects a reclassification of initiatives from the Enterprise Operations subprogram to the Information Technology Program, including the ECN, unclassified desktop commodity IT services provider costs, Data Center Solution, ESC modernization, other classified networks, and other services.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	<ul> <li>Supports enterprise efforts that leverage the research/Strategic Partnership Program (SPP) work on a site to bring a cyber function to the enterprise. The efforts are led by a primary site with interaction at each NNSA location.</li> <li>Develops an architecture and commercial classified solution for classified wireless throughout the NSE.</li> <li>Provides funding for tools procurement and licensing for locations without the appropriate security tools to meet Continuous Diagnostics and Mitigation (CDM) requirements.</li> <li>Supports the cybersecurity requirements outlined within the Executive Order 14028, that requires compliance-based evaluation of cybersecurity.</li> </ul>	

#### Information Technology and Cybersecurity Information Technology

### Description

NNSA OCIO directs the design, development, and maintenance of all aspects of NNSA computing and provides NNSA staff with the IT resources necessary to achieve mission goals and objectives. The IT Program supports the infrastructure and protection for both classified and unclassified computing networks, secure communications, applications, systems, and logical environments. It ensures electronic information and information assets are operating efficiently and effectively and are protected from unauthorized access and malicious acts that would adversely affect national and economic security. The IT Program provides enterprise-level classified computing infrastructure, and unclassified applications services to NNSA Federal staff in support of the NNSA mission. The IT Program also leverages cloud-based services and solutions whenever possible to support infrastructure hosting and application development, operations, and maintenance.

IT classified computing enables DOE/NNSA laboratories and sites to communicate and share information regarding NNSA's mission. The program supports IT systems and networks and serve as the computer network defense service provider for the Secret Fabric for the Department.

- The NNSA Secret Network (NSN) supports the processing of Secret/National Security Information (NSI) and the interconnection with the DoD SIPRNET.
- ECN supports DOE/NNSA mission elements to provide continuous, effective, and secure network services (data-video-voice) for all DOE/NNSA response components and shall be reliably maintained at rest and throughout operational emergencies.
- The ESC environment operates at the Secret/Restricted Data level and consists of independent site installations of standardized hardware and software integrated through a common infrastructure and shared policies and procedures.
- Support other classified networks that enable the communication and sharing of information regarding NNSA's mission.

To think, behave, and respond as one cohesive agency with a shared, critical national security mission, it is necessary to reengineer the telecommunications networks and improve service offerings to remove technical barriers and complexities to collaboration and outfit employees with effective communication tools to maximize efficiency and lower operational costs. To that end, the IT Program enhances enterprise services to support emerging technologies and the NNSA mission. Classified computing is currently deployed at NNSA and multiple DOE sites, Federal departments, other organizations, and select allied nations. The footprint of the enterprise networks continues to expand as NNSA's mission requirements increase and/or change.

The Enterprise Secure Network (ESN) serves as the base network for the classified commodity services, which entails an approach to classified collaborative computing that uses a secure Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) to facilitate information sharing among disparate DOE/NNSA entities. The IT Program consistently evaluates the site installations for areas that can be consolidated to enterprise services and could be centrally hosted and managed.

IT commodity-based computing infrastructure facilitates effective collaboration and information sharing for NNSA Federal employees and support contractors to execute the NNSA mission. Through regular communication with DOE/NNSA leadership, DOE IT organizations, contract partners in the labs and field, and associates across the Federal IT community, NNSA has identified an opportunity to push modernization efforts to implement an IT strategy that leverages managed services and cloud technologies. NNSA's focus on a managed service model enables NNSA to take advantage of new and emerging technologies while maximizing efficient use of resources. The strategy presents many opportunities to participate in economies of scale and rely on industry's rapid development and testing practices to ensure NNSA is using secure, modern technology.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Implement a strong and comprehensive IT Program that supports the NSE mission through the recapitalizing and modernizing of aging logical infrastructure.
- Shift to a managed service model that will enable and support new technologies.

Weapons Activities/ Information Technology and Cybersecurity

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

- Create and actualize a plan to utilize IT research and development capabilities, operational technology, machine learning, and artificial intelligence to secure future NNSA operations.
- Strengthen inherited legacy networks, systems, and applications and continue modernization of ECN.
- Implement the NNSA Application Modernization Strategy for both mission and non-mission applications.
- Support the modernization of networks and leverage cloud technologies to strengthen and eliminate redundancies.
- Engage externally with other government agencies and mission partners.
- Improve the reliability of VTC capabilities for classified systems.

### FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Provide classified IT infrastructure enhancements and improvements to support both the nuclear security and nonnuclear security activities across the DOE enterprise.
- Develop architecture of the classified wireless network for non-pit production facilities.
- Leverage modern systems and secure data transfer technologies to improve collaboration and coordination.
- Increase automation capabilities to perform rapid, reliable, consistent, and secure technology deployments.
- Partner with DOE OCIO, DOE IN, M&Os, and OGAs to ensure technology services meet organizational requirements and to provide the systems, tools, training, and support to leverage NNSA data for mission needs.
- Develop a roadmap to support and sustain advanced analytic capabilities, including artificial intelligence and machine learning, from the research and development phase to production and deployment.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Implemented Phase I of the IT Modernization Project by working closely with the Department and element CIOs and IT Managers to move to Windows 10 and Microsoft 365.
- Developed and implemented services and solutions to provide operational connectivity during COVID 19.
- Improved application development and implementation with updated tools and technologies.

## Information Technology Funding

FY 2021 Enacted InformationTechnology: \$114,761,000	FY 2023 Request Information Technology: \$230,203,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Information Technology: +\$115,442,000
<ul> <li>Continued to support the deployment of information technology enhancements that facilitate effective collaboration and information sharing necessary for NNSA Federal employees and support contractors to carry out the NNSA's mission.</li> <li>Continued to provide Information Technology technical services, incidental advisory, and assistance services.</li> <li>Continued to oversee the implementation of hardware and software licensing, maintenance, and refresh.</li> <li>Continued providing funding support for NNSA field office Information Technology services provisioned by M&amp;O partners.</li> <li>Continued oversight of the M&amp;O partners' unclassified Information Technology programs.</li> <li>Continued implementation of Enterprise Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) as a service.</li> <li>Provided oversight of activities related to, and ensure agency compliance with, the provisions of FITARA.</li> <li>Enabled Information Technology operations and maintenance of the Secret and Restricted Data infrastructure, Enterprise Secure Network, NNSA Secret Network, and utilization of the ESNet infrastructure for the network transport layer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supports ESC including the labor, hardware, and software to support the ESN and NSN. environments managed by the NNSA OCIO with support from the M&amp;O partners.</li> <li>Transitions the NNSA OCIO into a managed service model in FY 2023. The OCIOs focus on a managed service model enables NNSA to take advantage of new and emerging technologies while maximizing efficient use of resources.</li> <li>Promotes modernization of the network architecture, as well as upgrades and enhances security capabilities for the classified systems, including ECN.</li> <li>Supports IT services for NNSA Federal staff. This includes the cost of unclassified applications, software, hardware, and local classified.</li> <li>Provide support for unclassified desktop commodity IT services.</li> <li>Supports operation of classified networks not included in ESC with unique mission requirements that require separate systems.</li> <li>Improves the reliability of VTC capabilities for classified system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reflects a reclassification of initiatives from the Enterprise Operations subprogram to IT Program, including the ECN, unclassified deskto commodity IT services provider costs, Data Center Solution, ESC modernization, other classified networks, and other services.</li> <li>Deploys a third data center in support of the modernization and development of the ESC environment, including enhancing the core services and collaborative capabilities and consolidating disparate network infrastructure. This will increase redundancy and strengthen continuity of operations (COOP).</li> </ul>

Weapons Activities/ Information Technology and Cybersecurity

#### Information Technology and Cybersecurity Other Information

#### **Full Cost Recovery Estimates**

The FY 2023 Budget Request provides direct funding for mission-driven activities to achieve IT and cybersecurity solutions. Because some support is directed to other programs for materials and services provided to agencies outside the Department, these costs will be allocated to the SPP customers as work is accomplished at the contractor site. The table below provides an estimate of costs that will be recovered from SPP customers.

			(Dollars i	n Thousands)	
				FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	vs	VS
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Site					
Kansas City National Security Campus	657	657	710	+53	8.1%
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	2,470	2,470	2,400	-70	-2.8%
Los Alamos National Laboratory	1,252	1,252	1,216	-36	-2.8%
Nevada National Security Site	400	400	400	0	0%
NNSA Production Office	86	86	98	+12	13.9%
Sandia National Laboratories	8,137	8,137	9,734	+1,598	19.6%
Savannah River Site	0	0	0	0	0%
Total	13,001	13,001	14,558	+1,557	12.0%

## Information Technology and Cybersecurity Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	1,018	0	0	-1,018
Minor Construction	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	1,018	0	0	-1,018
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	1,018	0	0	-1,018
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	1,018	0	0	-1,018
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	1,018	0	0	-1,018

## Outyears for Information and Technology and Cybersecurity

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))				ļ	
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	0	0	0	0	N/A
Minor Construction	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	0	0	0	0	N/A
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)					
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	0	0	0	0	N/A
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Minor Construction Projects	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Capital Summary	0	0	0	0	N/A

#### Funding by Site Detail

Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
			-
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Argonne National Laboratory		10	
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	38	40	4
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	38	40	4
Production Modernization	38	40	4
Dynamic Materials Properties	3,750	3,250	5,00
Assessment Science	3,750	3,250	5,00
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	3,750	3,250	5,00
Total Argonne National Laboratory	3,788	3,290	5,04
Brookhaven National Laboratory			
Safety and Environmental Operations	464	477	51
Operating	464	477	51
Infrastructure and Operations	464	477	51
Total Brookhaven National Laboratory	464	477	51
Ideba National Laboratory			
Idaho National Laboratory Stockpile Sustainment	200	0	
Stockpile Gastanment	200	0	
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	1,905	2,467	4,88
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	1,905	2,467	4,8
Production Modernization	1,905	2,467	4,8
Weapons Survivability	410	0	
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	410	0	
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	410	0	
Safety and Environmental Operations	975	1,015	1,1
Operating	975	1,015	1,1
Infrastructure and Operations	975	1,015	1,1
Total Idaho National Laboratory	3,490	3,482	6,04
Kanaga City National Security Compley (KCNCC)			
Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC) B61-12 LEP	275,000	241,607	250,82
W88 ALT 370	109,310	76,846	44,5
W80-4 LEP	166,147	163,131	207,8
W87-1 Modification Program	40,000	43,124	92,29
W93 Program	2,000	2,000	10,0
Stockpile Major Modernization	592,457	526,708	605,5
Stockpile Sustainment	130,650	132,703	166,3
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	100	400	3
Production Operations			113,4
	85,848	91,013	115,4
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	85,848 0	91,013 0	8,1
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	8,1
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management	0 809,055	0 750,824	8,1 893,8
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support	0 809,055 8,968	0 750,824 7,993	8,1 893,8 12,7
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968	0 750,824 7,993 7,993	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 8,968	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 0	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993 0	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 0 0	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993 0 0	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 0 0 0 40,150	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993 0 0 0 46,171	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 5 44,3
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 5 44,3 44,3
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 0 0 0 40,150	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993 0 0 0 46,171	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 5 44,3
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 44,3 44,3 44,3 8,0
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150 14,050	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171 5,697	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 5 44,3 44,3 8,0 65,6
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Production Modernization Archiving and Support	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150 40,150 14,050 63,168	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171 5,697 59,861	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 5 44,3 44,3 8,0 65,6
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Production Modernization Archiving and Support Delivery Environments	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150 40,150 14,050 63,168 100 424	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171 5,697 59,861 220 0	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 44,3 44,3 44,3 8,0 65,6
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Production Modernization Archiving and Support Delivery Environments Aging and Lifetimes	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150 40,150 14,050 63,168 100 424 2,137	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171 5,697 59,861 220 0 2,784	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 44,3 44,3 44,3 8,0 65,6 3 2,5
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Production Modernization Archiving and Support Delivery Environments Aging and Lifetimes Stockpile Responsiveness	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150 40,150 14,050 63,168 100 424 2,137 5,393	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171 46,171 5,697 59,861 220 0 2,784 5,498	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 44,3 44,3 44,3 65,6 3 2,5 2 5,2
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Production Modernization Archiving and Support Delivery Environments Aging and Lifetimes	0 809,055 8,968 8,968 8,968 0 0 40,150 40,150 40,150 14,050 63,168 100 424 2,137	0 750,824 7,993 7,993 0 0 46,171 46,171 5,697 59,861 220 0 2,784	8,1 893,8 12,7 12,7 12,7 5 5 44,3 44,3 44,3 8,0 65,6 3 2,5

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Weapon Technology Development	4,210	4,097	4,067
Advanced Manufacturing Development	18,959	19,311	19,379
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	26,386	27,408	27,846
Advanced Simulation and Computing	3,500	3,500	3,500
Advanced Simulation & Computing	3,500	3,500	3,500
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	40,970	42,310	42,175
Operations of Facilities	108,654	110,000	95,000
Safety and Environmental Operations	7,257	9,014	3,379
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	32,101	35,000	22,000
Infrastructure and Safety	36,414	48,815	64,595
Recapitalization	36,414	48,815	64,595
Operating	184,426	202,829	184,974
Infrastructure and Operations	184,426	202,829	184,974
STA Operations and Equipment	28,329	37,597	49,521
Secure Transportation Asset	28,329	37,597	49,521
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	17,560	17,560	22,303
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	17,560	17,560	22,303
Information Technology and Cyber Security	27,014	25,165	18,130
Total Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC)	1,170,522	1,136,146	1,276,598
Kansas City Site Office			
Information Technology and Cyber Security	148	156	425
Total Kansas City Site Office	148	156	425
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory			
		0	0
Surety Technologies	250	0	
Surety Technologies Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	250 250	0	0
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	250	0	0
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	250 250	0 0	0 0
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b>	250 250 643	0 0 231	0 0 572
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security	250 250 643	0 0 231	0 0 572 <b>572</b>
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695	0 0 231 <b>231</b> 0	0 0 572 <b>572</b> 0
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059	0 572 <b>572</b> 0 178,050
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695	0 0 231 <b>231</b> 0	0 572 <b>572</b> 0 178,050 213,059
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280	0 572 572 572 178,050 213,059 3,000
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Eawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Eawrence Livermore National Laboratory</b> B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <u>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory</u> B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Eawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 513,228 56,260
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Eawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154	0 0 231 <b>231</b> <b>231</b> 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808	0 572 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,636 5,6260 5,6260
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 5,476 0 5,14,808 51,361 51,361	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 513,228 56,260 56,260 17,500
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Eawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 5,476 0 5,14,808 51,361 51,361 13,000	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 513,228 56,260 56,260 17,500 17,500
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 5,476 0 5,14,808 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 513,228 56,260 56,260 17,500 17,500 73,760
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 5,476 0 5,14,808 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 513,228 56,260 56,260 17,500 17,500 17,500 73,760 2,500
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Uranium Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,6260 17,500 17,500 17,500 17,500 12,000
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W83-71 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Depleted Uranium Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300	0 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,6260 17,500 17,500 17,500 17,500 12,000 2,500
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Depleted Uranium Modernization Lithium Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000 0	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,209 0	C 572 572 572 572 572 572 572 572 572 572
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W83-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Lithium Modernization Enterprise Total Modernization Lithium Modernization Secondary Capability Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000 0 4,300	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 6,209 0 7,509	0 572 572 572 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,630 5,636 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636 5,636
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Lithium Modernization Lithium Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000 0 4,300	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,30	0 572 572 572 572 572 572 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,6345,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,63455,634 5,634555555
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Eavrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Lithium Modernization Lithium Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 468,154 51,361 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000 0 4,300 0 4,300 38 38 38 2,050	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,	0 572 572 572 572 572 572 572 0 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,6345,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,634 5,63455,634 5,634555555555555555555555555
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Lithium Modernization Lithium Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000 0 4,300 38 38	0 0 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 514,808 51,361 51,361 13,000 13,000 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,3	0 0 572
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Information Technology and Cyber Security Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory <u>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory</u> B61-12 LEP W80-4 LEP W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management Enterprise Plutonium Support Plutonium Modernization High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Lithium Modernization Explosed Uranium Modernization Tritum Sustainment and Modernization Tritum Sustainment and Modernization Tritum Sustainment and Modernization Tritum Sustainment and Modernization Tritum and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	250 250 643 <b>893</b> 695 173,304 200,000 4,000 377,999 83,839 497 5,819 0 468,154 51,361 51,361 51,361 14,000 14,000 14,000 65,361 1,300 3,000 0 4,300 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	0 0 231 231 231 231 0 198,059 215,280 4,000 417,339 89,193 2,800 5,476 0 5,476 0 5,14,808 5,1,361 5,1,361 13,000 64,361 13,000 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 1,300 64,361 4,300 64,361 4,300 6,209 0 7,509 40 40 40 435 435	0 0 572 572 572 572 572 572 0 0 178,050 213,059 3,000 394,109 105,737 2,000 5,748 5,634 513,228 56,260 56,260 17,500 17,500 17,500 17,500 12,000 2,500 12,000 2,500 12,000 2,500 17,000 2,500 17,000 370 370

## Funding by Site Detail

Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Dynamic Materials Properties	39,109	39,109	42,600
Advanced Diagnostics	11,220	10,320	9,240
Secondary Assessment Technologies	37,502	37,102	34,650
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	44,958	67,734	106,11
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	28,750	28,750	32,10
Assessment Science	208,339	260,003	275,36
Archiving and Support	14,550	13,885	13,45
Delivery Environments	12,650	11,000	10,97
Weapons Survivability	17,323	13,500	13,98
Studies and Assessments	0	0	2,09
Aging and Lifetimes	16,393	14,000	14,30
Stockpile Responsiveness	19,040	17,733	16,92
Advanced Certification and Qualification	17,000	19,000	18,05
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	96,956	89,118	89,78
Inertial Confinement Fusion	349,000	349,000	335,80
Surety Technologies	9,750	9,058	8,50
Weapon Technology Development	11,150	6,250	6,20
Advanced Manufacturing Development	19,149	16,491	20,17
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	40,049	31,799	34,88
Advanced Simulation and Computing	178,024	178,024	194,95
18-D-620, Exascale Computing Facility Modernization Project, LLNL	29,200	29,200	
Advanced Simulation & Computing	207,224	207,224	194,95
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	901,568	937,144	930,79
Operations of Facilities	82,087	80,000	82,00
Safety and Environmental Operations	36,777	32,744	37,87
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	37,483	35,000	37,00
Infrastructure and Safety	113,584	82,734	93,41
Recapitalization	113,584	82,734	93,41
Operating	269,931	230,478	250,28
22-D-514 Digital Infrastructure Capability Expansion, LLNL	0	0	67,30
15-D-612, Emergency Operations Center, LLNL	27,000	27,000	
Mission Enabling Construction	27,000	27,000	67,30
I&O - Construction	27,000	27,000	67,30
Infrastructure and Operations	296,931	257,478	317,58
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	69,430	69,430	80,23
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	69,430	69,430	80,23
Information Technology and Cyber Security	30,792	29,734	44,26
Total Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	1,871,654	1,908,659	2,007,27
.ivermore Site Office			
Infrastructure and Safety	0	0	1,00
Recapitalization	0	0	1,00
Operating	0	0	1,00
Infrastructure and Operations	0	0	1,00
Total Livermore Site Office	0	0	1,00
.os Alamos National Laboratory			
B61-12 LEP	59,500	45,556	37,66
W88 ALT 370	31,319	9,798	10,45
W80-4 LEP	67,893	66,350	27,57
W87-1 Modification Program	15,000	17,327	18,43
W93 Program	18,000	18,000	79,00
Stockpile Major Modernization	191,712	157,031	173,12
Stockpile Sustainment	176,498	189,536	263,2
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	497	2,800	2,00
Production Operations	45,883	46,228	48,45
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	5,23
Stockpile Management	414,590	395,595	492,07
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	580,599	601,576	750,87

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	226,000	224,000	588,2
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	29,500	29,250	30,0
07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	36,187	0	24,7
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	167,127	167,127	162,0
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,039,413	1,021,953	1,555,8
Plutonium Modernization	1,039,413	1,021,953	1,555,8
High Explosives & Energetics	10,800	12,000	15,5
23-D-516, Energetic Materials Characterization Facility, LANL	0	0	19,0
HE & Energetics	10,800	12,000	34,5
Primary Capability Modernization	1,050,213	1,033,953	1,590,3
Uranium Modernization	3,450	3,450	9,1
Depleted Uranium Modernization	3,314	9,142	8,4
Lithium Modernization	0	0	1,0
Secondary Capability Modernization	6,764	12,592	18,5
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	38	2,040	2,1
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	38	2,040	2,1
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	800	2,
	0	800	6
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	-		
Capability Based Investments	17,110	19,479	21,0
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	2,500	0	
Production Modernization	1,076,625	1,068,864	1,632,8
Primary Assessment Technologies	76,988	46,800	82,0
Dynamic Materials Properties	35,400	35,400	35,
Advanced Diagnostics	5,400	5,400	5,4
Secondary Assessment Technologies	30,450	30,050	26,
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	59,797	73,971	78,
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	67,494	67,494	52,
Assessment Science	275,529	259,115	281,
Archiving and Support	17,061	16,600	16,
Delivery Environments	11,078	11,250	11,3
Weapons Survivability	13,505	13,500	13,9
Studies and Assessments	0	0	
Aging and Lifetimes	17,572	17,000	17,
Stockpile Responsiveness	19,712	19,233	18,
Advanced Certification and Qualification	24,803	22,700	21,
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	103,731	100,283	99,
Inertial Confinement Fusion	20,000	20,000	20,
Surety Technologies	13,793	12,900	14,
Weapon Technology Development	30,616	27,115	26,
Advanced Manufacturing Development	25,996	27,547	27,
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	70,405	67,562	68,
Advanced Simulation and Computing	184,054	184,054	189,
Advanced Simulation & Computing	184,054	184,054	189,
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	653,719	631,014	657,
Operations of Facilities	304,471	288,500	325,
Safety and Environmental Operations	18,820	17,464	17,
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	149,873	145,000	156,
Infrastructure and Safety	128,678	81,148	.00, 96,
Recapitalization	128,678	81,148	96,
Operating	601,842	532,112	594,
23-D-518 Plutonium Modernization Operations & Waste Management Office Bldg, LANL	0	0	48,
23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	0	0	24,
Mission Enabling Construction	0	0	72,
I&O - Construction	0	0	72,
nfrastructure and Operations	601,842	532,112	667,
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	117,360	117,360	136,
	117,360	117,360	130,
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS) Information Technology and Cyber Security	117,360 20,290	117,360 19,165	136,2 22,5

Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

International Binary Technology Lab         international Binary Technology Lab           Bet-12 LEP         5,700         0           W19-12 LT7         5,700         0           W19-12 LEP         5,000         5,000           W19-12 LEP         5,000         5,000           W19-12 LEP         5,000         5,000           W19-12 Modification Program         5,000         5,000           W19-12 Modification Program         2,000         5,000           W19-12 Modification Program         2,000         0           Backgie Modification Program         2,000         0           Lin Alamae Puterium Moderization         2,000         0         5,000           Lin Alamae Puterium Moderization         2,000         0         5,000           Lin Alamae Puterium Moderization         2,000         0         5,000           Lin Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,000         5,000           Lin Moderization         0,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,0000         5,000         5,000	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Projected Total         Projected Total         Projected Total           is comparing the function of the source of		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Low Longe Bin Office         10         17           Information Technology and Devel Security         43         77           Set Los Alamos Bin Office         63         77           Set Los Alamos Bin Office         63         77           Set Los Alamos Bin Office         5,700         0           Set Los Alamos Bin Office         5,700         0           Set Los Alamos Bin Office         5,807         5,827           V00 A Li 20         3,838         6,462           V00 Fill Modification Program         5,807         5,827           V00 Fill Modification Program         2,033         24,113           Discogia Margin Modification Development         2,033         24,113           Lis Alamos Bustain Rubation Moderation         2,000         6           Lis Alamos Bustain Rubation Moderation         2,000         5           Paratism Mutation Moderation         2,000         50           Paratism Mutation Moderation         4,000         5,000           Paratism Mutation Moderation         6         6         6           Paratism Mutation Moderation         6         6         6         6         6           Paratism Mutation Moderation         1,000         1,580         1,00		Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
Information Technology and Caynel Security         61         77           State Lack Alamos Stic Office         61         77           Vational Energy Technology Lab         570         0           Still 12 LP         5,70         0           V80 ALL 370         3,829         5,442           V80 ALL 370         5,821         10,830         8,4           Statule Magemention         2,131         4,1373         6,4           Statule Magemention         2,200         0,300         5,5           Call and Mathemation         2,200         0,300         5,5           Pharament Mediamation         4,000         5,800         5,000           Call and Mathemation         0         9,000         1,8           Call and Mathemation         2,400         3,076         3,2		Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Trate Les Alams Site Office         f.         7           stational laneary Technology Lab         5,700         0           Stational laneary Technology Lab         5,700         0           W19 AL 170         3,500         5,462           W19 Program         0,000         11,800           W19 Program         0,000         5,000           W19 Program         0,000         5,000           W19 Program         2,003         24,124           Stategate Management         2,113         41,873         6,620           Stategate Management         2,000         0         6,600         6,65           Finance Putanium Moderization         2,000         6,000         6,65           Finance Putanium Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,65           Finance Putanium Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,65           Finance Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,65           Finance Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,60           Labra Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,000           Tituum Scatterization         10,015         0,22         0,00         6,000         6,000         6,000         6,00	Los Alamos Site Office			
Internal Energy Technology Lab         S.000         0           Bit-12 LFP         5.000         5.000         10.000           Will ALT 370         3.000         5.000         10.000           Will ALT 370         5.007         6.202         0           Will ALT 370         5.007         6.202         0           Will ALT 370         5.007         6.202         0           Stockple Subject Magnetization         2.003         0         0           Stockple Subject Magnetization         6.203         6.000         0           Dockple Magnetization         6.200         0         0         0           Dockple Magnetization         6.200         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0<	Information Technology and Cyber Security	63	77	6
MP-19 LEP         9,700         0           WBA LT 370         3,555         9,642           WD-1 LEP         10,000         1,000           WD-1 KEP         10,000         1,000           WD-1 KEP         0,000         550           WD-1 KEP         0,000         550           WD-1 KER         0,000         550           Stagline Major Madritzation         25,355         6,325           Stagline Major Madritzation         2,325         6,326           Los Alonse Public Madritzation         2,000         0           Los Alonse Public Madritzation         2,000         500           Public Madritzation         4,000         5,000         55           Public Madritzation         4,000         5,000         55           Depleted Untarium Modernization         4,000         5,000         55           Untarium Madritzation         5,00         50         50	Total Los Alamos Site Office	63	77	e
W8A LT 370         3.58         5.462           W87 - Machina Dreggam         5.807         6.203           W87 - Machina Lino Preggam         5.807         6.203           Stradget Machina Into         2.033         2.41/2           Stradget Machina Into         2.033         6.41/2           Stradget Machina Into         2.033         6.41/2           Stradget Machina Into         2.000         0           Stradget Machina Into Constitution         2.000         0           Los Alames Machina Modernization         2.000         6.000           Los Alames Machina Modernization         0.000         6.60           Particutum Modernization         0.00         5.000         6.60           Particutum Modernization         0.00         5.00         6.60           Unamine Machination         0.00         5.00         6.60           Unamine Machination         0.00         5.00         6.60           Delegied Marina Machinization         0.00         5.00         6.60           Tatum Substamment Industrie Externet         0.00         5.00         6.60           Particutum Modernization         2.400         3.078         7.22           Non-Machana Caselity Modernization         2.400	National Energy Technology Lab			
Wid-LEP         10,00         11,90           Wid-LEP         0         580           Wid-Machan Program         0         580           Bioculat Major Modernization         22,033         24,124           Production Operations         0,032         6,039           Bioculat Major Modernization         2,000         0           Lee Alernes Planes im Modernization         2,000         0           Lee Alernes Planes im Modernization         2,000         5,000         5,500           Plandiation Modernization         0         0,000         5,500         5,500           Plandiation Modernization         0         0,000         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         5,500         <		5,700	0	
W27 - Moditation Program         9.897         6.282           W29 Program         26.033         24.12           Stockpte Keigh Modernization         26.033         6.949           Stockpte Keigh Modernization         6.203         6.949           Stockpte Keigh Modernization         2.000         0           Los Alamos Michaelm Modernization         2.000         0           Los Alamos Michaelm Modernization         2.000         5.000         6.65           Princinum Modernization         4.000         5.000         6.65           Princinum Modernization         500         5.000         6.65           Uturinum Modernization         2.010         5.000         6.000           Tarium Sustament and Modernization         2.010         5.075         7.22           Tarium Sustament and Modernization         2.020         3.076         2.20           Non-Nucket: Capability Modernization         2.010         3.07         3.02           Preducket: Modernization         2.010         3	W88 ALT 370	3,526	5,462	
W3 Program         0         600           Biockjeft Myndernization         26,03         24,12           Biockjeft Myndernization         11,75         10,823         94           Production Operations         42,13         41,673         40,473           La Alames Plutonium Operations         2,000         0         0           La Alames Plutonium Sugont         2,000         0         0           Emergies Plutonium Sugont         2,000         5,000         6,65           Plutonium Modernization         0         5,000         6,65           Plutonium Modernization         0         0         0         6,65           Depained Unritum Modernization         0         10,00         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000 <td>W80-4 LEP</td> <td>10,000</td> <td>11,900</td> <td></td>	W80-4 LEP	10,000	11,900	
Seckpik Magn Redemination         25.033         24.14           Biockpik Sustament         11.755         10.823         9.4           Stockpik Sustament         2.001         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0<	W87-1 Modification Program	5,807	6,262	
Biscipite Subationesit         11.753         10.023         6.9028           Sibulpite Management         42.113         41.973         6.40           Les Alarces Plutonium Operations         2.000         0         0           Les Alarces Plutonium Operations         2.000         5.000         5.000           Enterprise Plutonium Modernization         2.000         5.000         5.000         5.000           Plutonium Modernization         4.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000         5.000	W93 Program	0	500	
Production Operations         5,252         6,928           Stockpile Management         42,113         41,873         9,44           Lac Aamos Plutonium Operations         2,000         0         0           Enterprise Naturum Stoppot         2,000         0,000         6,65           Plutonium Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,65           Plutonium Moderization         4,000         6,000         6,60           Dependent Unium Moderization         6,000         6,60         0         0           Linkam Moderization         6,000         6,60         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td>Stockpile Major Modernization</td> <td>25,033</td> <td>24,124</td> <td></td>	Stockpile Major Modernization	25,033	24,124	
Slockpile Management         42,113         41,873         9.4           Lex Alamos Pluonium Operations         2,000         0           Enterptice Plutonium Mederization         2,000         5.60           Plutonium Medrizzation         4,000         5.000         5.5           Plutonium Medrizzation         4,000         5.000         5.5           Plutonium Medrizzation         4,000         5.000         5.5           Departed Unnum Moderizzation         0         5.00         5.6           Departed Unnum Moderizzation         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000         1.000	Stockpile Sustainment	11,755	10,823	9,47
Los Alamos Platonium Operationa         2.000         0           Los Alamos Platonium Modernization         2.000         5.00         5.55           Platonium Modernization         4.000         5.000         5.55           Utanium Modernization         4.000         5.000         5.55           Utanium Modernization         500         5.000         5.55           Depeted Unamu Modernization         500         5.600         5.600         5.600           Lishum Modernization         500         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600         5.600	Production Operations	5,325	6,926	
Los Alenos Plutonium Mederization         2,000         5,00           Plantium Mederization         4,000         5,000         5,55           Primary Capability Mederization         4,000         5,000         5,55           Depleted Unaum Mederization         0         5,000         5,55           Depleted Unaum Moderization         0         5,000         5,000         5,000           Escontary Capability Mederization         2,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,00	Stockpile Management	42,113	41,873	9,47
Entrypine Platonium Support         2,00         5,000         5,50           Pritany Canadity Medemization         4,000         5,000         5,50           Depleted Unanum Medemization         0         5,000         5,50           Depleted Unanum Medemization         0         5,000         5,50           Lithium Medemization         0         5,000         5,000         5,000           Tothe Sustainment and Medemization         2,615         0         2,620         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000         7,000	Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	2,000	0	
Puterium Modernization         4,000         5,000         5,50           Primary Capability Modernization         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000         5,000<	Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	2,000	0	
Primary Capability Modernization         4,000         5,000         5,500           Unatum Modernization         00         5,000         5,000         5,000           Lithium Modernization         0,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000 <t< td=""><td>Enterprise Plutonium Support</td><td>2,000</td><td>5,000</td><td>5,50</td></t<>	Enterprise Plutonium Support	2,000	5,000	5,50
Primary Capability Modernization         4,000         5,000         55           Unanum Modernization         00         500         500           Libitum Modernization         00         500         500         500           Libitum Modernization         10,000         1,500         10,000         1,500         10,000           Tritum Sustainment and Modernization         2,615         0         2,260         3,078         3,33           Tritum and Domestic Unanum Enrichment         2,400         3,078         3,33         500         2,200         3,078         3,33           Production Modernization         2,400         3,078         3,33         500         2,200         59,22         3,33           Production Modernization         2,000         3,078         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         3,33         500         500         3,33         500         500         500         500         500         500         500         500         500 </td <td>Plutonium Modernization</td> <td>4,000</td> <td>5,000</td> <td>5,50</td>	Plutonium Modernization	4,000	5,000	5,50
Uranium Modernization         500         500         500           Depicted Uranium Modernization         500         500         500           Secondary Capability Modernization         2,015         0         2,205           Tritum and Domestic Uranium Enrichment         2,615         0         2,205           Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,076         3,33           Production Modernization         2,300         5,678         1,24           Archiving and Support         2,300         5,678         1,24           Archiving and Support         3,07         3,68         3,73         4,4           Ariging and Lifetimes         1,121         2,15         1,123         1,121         2,15         1,123           Stockpite Responsiveness         3,140         2,296         1,123         3,145         2,296         1,123         3,145         2,296         1,123         3,145         2,296         1,124         3,145         2,296         2,235	Primary Capability Modernization	4,000	5,000	5,50
Linium Modernization         500         500         500           Secondary Capability Modernization         2,015         0         2,227           Trittum and Domesite Unatium Enrichment         2,215         0         2,227           Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,078         333           Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,078         333           Production Modernization         2,400         3,078         333           Production Modernization         2,000         3,078         333           Delevely Environments         307         368         3,73         44           Ariging and Linitmes         1,121         2,15         1         33           Weapons Survisability         3,814         2,268         1,13         33           Ariging and Intermets         3,314         2,268         1,13         33           Stockplite Responsiveness         3,341         2,268         1,13         33           Markance Cartification and Qualification         4,438         765         52           Advanced Simulation Aconduming Maturation         6,444         2,695         2,227           Markaned Simulation and Computing         0		500	500	50
Secondary Capability Modernization         1.000         1.500         1.600           Tritium Statament and Modernization         2.615         0         2.6           Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2.400         3.078         3.3           Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         10.015         9.578         16.4           Archiving and Support         2.30         592         5.2           Delivery Privroments         307         306         2.2           Weapons Survivability         588         373         4           Aging and Lifetimes         1.121         215         1           Stockple Responsiveness         397         388         33           Advanced Cartification and Qualification         505         413         33           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2.296         1.15           Survivability         388         373         44           Advanced Cartification and Qualification         505         413         33           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2.296         1.5           Survivability         4,343         765         5           Survitechnology and Manufacturing Maturation         6,644 </td <td>Depleted Uranium Modernization</td> <td>0</td> <td>500</td> <td></td>	Depleted Uranium Modernization	0	500	
Tritum Sustainment and Modernization         2.615         0         2.6           Tritum and Domestic Unanum Enrichment         2.605         0         2.6           Non-Nucker Capability Modernization         2.400         3.078         3.3           Total, Non-Nucker Capability Modernization         2.400         3.078         3.3           Production Modernization         10.015         9.578         12.4           Achrinip and Support         2.30         5.82         3.3           Delivery Environments         3.07         3.05         2.5           Delivery Environments         3.07         3.06         2.5           Stockpile Responsiveness         3.37         3.88         3.3           Advanced Cartification and Qualification         5.05         4.13         3.5           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3.148         2.296         1.5           Surety Technologies         1.736         1.903         1.1           Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Development         4.438         2.85         2.2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2         2           Stockpile Research Laboratory         1.90         0         2         2		500		50
Tritum Sustainment and Modernization         2.615         0         2.6           Tritum and Donestic Unanium Enrichment         2.605         0         2.6           Non-Nucker Capability Modernization         2.400         3.078         3.3           Total, Non-Nucker Capability Modernization         2.400         3.078         3.3           Production Modernization         2.00         3.078         3.3           Production Modernization         2.00         3.078         3.3           Production Modernization         2.00         3.078         3.3           Delivey Environments         3.07         3.05         2.2           Weapons Survivability         5.88         3.73         4           Ariger and Lifetmes         1.121         2.15         1.1           Stockpile Responsiveness         3.148         2.286         1.5           Surety Technologies         1.736         1.903         1.1           Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Development         4.338         2.75         2.4           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2.2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2.2           Advanced Manufacturing Development         4.338	Secondary Capability Modernization	1,000	1,500	1,00
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment         2,815         0         2,6           Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,078         33           Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,000         3,078         33           Production Modernization         10,015         9,578         12,4           Archiving and Support         230         562         33           Delivery Environments         307         305         22           Weapons Survivability         588         373         44           Aging and Lifetimes         1,121         215         54           Strockylit Responsiveness         397         398         33           Advanced Cartification and Qualification         505         413         33           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,296         15,5           Survely Technology Development         320         227         52           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         22           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         22           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         22           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0				2,60
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,078         3,3           Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,078         3,3           Production Modernization         10,015         9,573         12,4           Archving and Support         2,30         592         3,3           Delivery Environments         3,07         3,05         2,2           Meapons Survivability         588         3,73         4           Aging and Lifetimes         1,121         2,15         1,3           Stockpile Responsiveness         3,37         3,88         3,3           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,266         1,1           Stockpile Responsiveness         3,148         2,266         1,1           Stockpile Responsiveness         3,148         2,266         1,6           Stockpile Responsiveness         3,148         2,266         1,6           Stockpile Responsiveness         3,148         2,266         1,6           Stockpile Responsiveness         3,20         2,27         5           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Meapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         6,494         2				2,60
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization         2,400         3,078         3,3           Production Modernization         10,015         9,578         12,4           Archiving and Support         230         592         3           Delivery Environments         307         306         2           Weapons Survivability         588         373         4           Aging and Lifetimes         1,121         215         1           Stockpile Responsiveness         397         398         3           Advanced Cartification and Qualification         505         4.13         3           Survey Technology Development         3,148         2,296         1.15           Weapon Technology Development         4,438         765         5           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Manufacturing Maturation         6,494         2,995         2,53           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191				3,36
Production Modernization         10,015         9,578         12,4           Archiving and Support         230         5692         33           Delivery Environments         307         306         32           Outgrap Environments         307         306         32           Aging and Lifelines         1,121         215         41           Aging and Lifelines         1,212         215         41           Stockpile Responsiveness         397         308         33           Advanced Certification and Qualification         505         413         33           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,206         1,03         1,11           Weapon Technology Development         4,438         765         55         43           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         22         2,27         55           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         0         2         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2         2         4           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         150         0         2         4           Madvanced Simulation & Computing         150<				3,36
Archiving and Support       230       592       35         Delivery Environments       307       305       25         Weapons Survivability       588       373       46         Aging and Lifetimes       1,121       215       54         Stockpile Responsiveness       397       398       23         Advanced Certification and Qualification       505       413       33         Englineering and Integrated Assessments       3,148       2,296       1,6         Surety Technology networment       320       227       25         Advanced Manufacturing Development       320       227       25         Advanced Simulation and Computing       0       0       2         Advanced Simulation Computing       0       0       2         Advanced Simulation Accomputing       0       0       2         Advanced Simulation Accomputing       0       0       2         Stockpile Research, Technology and Engineering       9,642       5,191       4,5         Stockpile Research, Technology Lab       61,920       56,642       26,64         Varial Research Laboratory       2,500       1,000       2,5         Stockpile Research Laboratory       6,500       7,000				12,46
Delivery Environments         307         306         2           Weapons Survivability         588         373         4           Aging and Lifetimes         1,121         215         11           Stockpile Responsiveness         397         388         23           Advanced Certification and Qualification         505         413         33           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,296         1.5           Survity Technology Development         320         227         25           Advanced Simulation and Computing         300         0         23           Advanced Manufacturing Development         4.438         765         25           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         27           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         25           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         25           Safety and Environmental Operations         150         0         0           Operating         150         0         26           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         25           Safety and Environmental Operations         2,500         1,000         25				37
Weapons Survivability         588         373         4           Aging and Lifetimes         1,121         215         4           Stockpile Responsiveness         397         398         33           Advanced Certification and Qualification         505         413         33           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,296         1,6           Surely Technologies         1,736         1,903         1,11           Weapon Technology Development         320         227         55           Advanced Manufacturing Maturation         6,434         2,895         2,33           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,45           Stockpile Research, Technology Lab         61,920         56,642         2,600           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         2           Stockpile Research Laboratory         2,500         1,000         2,5           Asseserent Science         2,500 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>25</td></td<>				25
Aging and Lifetimes     1.121     215     1       Stockpile Responsiveness     397     398     3       Advanced Certification and Qualification     505     413     33       Engineering and Integrated Assessments     3,148     2,226     1,53       Surety Technologies     1,736     1,903     1,1       Weapon Technology Development     320     2,227     55       Advanced Manufacturing Development     320     2,227     55       Advanced Simulation and Computing     0     0     2       Advanced Simulation and Computing     0     0     2       Advanced Simulation and Computing     0     0     2       Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering     9,642     5,191     4,5       Stockpile Research, Technology and Engineering     150     0     0       Stockpile Research, Technology and Engineering     150     0     0       Operating     150     0     0     2,50       Infrastructure and Operations     1,500     0     2,500     1,000       Stockpile Research Laboratory     2,500     1,000     2,50       Natal Research Laboratory     8,500     7,000     2,5       Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering     8,500     7,000     2,5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>47</td>				47
Stockpile Responsiveness         397         398         3           Advanced Catffication and Qualification         505         413         3           Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,296         1,6           Surdry Technologies         1,736         1,903         1,1           Weapon Technology Development         320         227         25           Advanced Manufacturing Development         4,338         765         25           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,5           Stockpile Research Laboratory         150         0         100         2,5           Infrastructure and Operations         1,50         0         2,5,6         2,6,6           Secondary Assessment Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,5,6         2,6           Inertial Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         6,000         2,6 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>19</td>				19
Advanced Certification and Qualification       505       413       33         Engineering and Integrated Assessments       3,148       2,296       1,5         Surety Technologies       1,736       1,903       1,1         Weapon Technology Development       320       2,27       5         Advanced Manufacturing Development       4,438       765       5         Meapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation       6,494       2,895       2,3         Advanced Simulation and Computing       0       0       2         Advanced Simulation and Computing       0       0       2         Advanced Simulation & Computing       0       0       2         Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering       9,642       5,191       4,5         Stockpile Research, Technology Lab       61,920       56,642       26,64         Operating       150       0       1       1         Infrastructure and Operations       150       0       2       26,642       26,642       26,642         Secondary Assessment Technologies       2,500       1,000       2.55       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56       2,56 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>32</td>				32
Engineering and Integrated Assessments         3,148         2,296         1,5           Surety Technologies         1,736         1,903         1,1           Weapon Technology Development         320         227         5           Advanced Manufacturing Development         4,438         765         52           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,55           Safety and Environmental Operations         150         0         2           Operating         150         0         0         25,66,42         26,44           National Energy Technology Lab         61,920         56,642         26,44         2,550         1,000         2,550           National Energy Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,550         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500				32
Surety Technologies         1,736         1,903         1,1           Weapon Technology Development         320         227         5           Advanced Manufacturing Development         4,438         765         5           Meapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         6,494         2,895         2,3           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,5           Safety and Environmental Operations         150         0         0         2           Operating         150         0         0         2         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,42         26,500         1,000         2,55				
Weapon Technology Development         320         227         5           Advanced Manufacturing Development         4,438         765         5           Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         6,494         2,895         2,3           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,5           Stockpile Research, Technology Lab         0         0         2           Operating         150         0         0           Operating         150         0         0           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         0           Research Laboratory         56,642         26,642         26,642           Aval Research Laboratory         1,000         2,500         1,000         2,500           Intrasting Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         2,500         1,000         2,500           Intrasting Confinement Fusion         8,500         7,000         2,5,500         7,000         2,5,500           Stockpile Research Laboratory         8,500         7,000         2,5				
Advanced Manufacturing Development         4,438         765         5           Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         6,494         2,895         2,3           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,5           Stockpile Research Laboratory         150         0         0           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         0           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         0           Naval Research Laboratory         1,000         2,50         1,000         2,50           Secondary Assessment Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,50         1,000         2,50           Inertial Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         6,000         2,50         2,50         7,000         2,50           Total Navial Research Laboratory         8,500         7,000         2,50         7,000         2,50				58
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation         6,494         2,895         2,3           Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,5           Safety and Environmental Operations         150         0         0           Operating         150         0         0         0           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         0         0           Vaval Research Laboratory         150         0         0         2,500         1,000         2,50           Naval Research Laboratory         2,500         1,000         2,50         1,000         2,50         2,500         1,000         2,50         2,500         1,000         2,50         2,50         1,000         2,50         2,500         1,000         2,50         2,50         1,000         2,50         2,50         1,000         2,50         3,50         7,000         2,55         3,500         7,000         2,55         3,500         7,000         2,55				59
Advanced Simulation and Computing         0         0         2           Advanced Simulation & Computing         0         0         2           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         9,642         5,191         4,5           Safety and Environmental Operations         150         0         0           Operating         150         0         0         1           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0         0         2           National Energy Technology Lab         61,920         56,642         26,642         26,642           Natal Research Laboratory         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         1,000         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,500         2,5				
Advanced Simulation & Computing002Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering9,6425,1914,5Safety and Environmental Operations15000Operating150001500Infrastructure and Operations150001500Total National Energy Technology Lab61,92056,64226,6426,64Naval Research Laboratory2,5001,0002,501,0002,50Secondary Assessment Technologies2,5001,0002,501,0002,50Inertial Confinement Fusion6,0006,0002,501,0002,50Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering8,5007,0002,502,50Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering8,5007,0002,502,50Nevada Field Office8,5007,0002,501,1911,33Information Technology and Cyber Security1,2321,1911,331,1911,33				2,34
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering9,6425,1914,5Safety and Environmental Operations1500Operating1500Infrastructure and Operations1500Total National Energy Technology Lab61,92056,64226,64Naval Research Laboratory2,5001,0002,5Secondary Assessment Technologies2,5001,0002,5Inertial Confinement Fusion6,0006,0002,5Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering8,5007,0002,5Total Naval Research Laboratory8,5007,0002,5Inertial Confinement Fusion6,0006,0002,5Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering8,5007,0002,5Total Naval Research Laboratory1,2321,1911,3				25
Safety and Environmental Operations         150         0           Operating         150         0           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0           Total National Energy Technology Lab         61,920         56,642         26,4           Naval Research Laboratory         2,500         1,000         2,5           Secondary Assessment Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,5           Assessment Science         2,500         1,000         2,5           Inertial Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         2,5           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         8,500         7,000         2,5           Nevada Field Office         1,232         1,191         1,33				4,54
Operating         150         0           Infrastructure and Operations         150         0           Total National Energy Technology Lab         61,920         56,642         26,42           Naval Research Laboratory         2,500         1,000         2,5           Secondary Assessment Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,5           Assessment Science         2,500         1,000         2,5           Inertial Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         2,5           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         8,500         7,000         2,5           Total Naval Research Laboratory         8,500         7,000         2,5           Nevada Field Office         1,232         1,191         1,3				4,04
Infrastructure and Operations1500Total National Energy Technology Lab61,92056,64226,42Naval Research Laboratory2,5001,0002,500Secondary Assessment Technologies2,5001,0002,500Assessment Science2,5001,0002,500Inertial Confinement Fusion6,0006,0002,500Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering8,5007,0002,500Total Naval Research Laboratory8,5007,0002,500Nevada Field Office1,2321,1911,310				
Total National Energy Technology Lab61,92056,64226,42Naval Research LaboratorySecondary Assessment Technologies2,5001,0002,5Assessment Science2,5001,0002,5Inertial Confinement Fusion6,0006,0002,5Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering8,5007,0002,5Total Naval Research Laboratory8,5007,0002,5Nevada Field Office1,2321,1911,3				
Secondary Assessment Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,5           Assessment Science         2,500         1,000         2,5           Inertial Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         2,5           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         8,500         7,000         2,5           Total Naval Research Laboratory         8,500         7,000         2,5           Nevada Field Office         1,232         1,191         1,3	Total National Energy Technology Lab			26,48
Secondary Assessment Technologies         2,500         1,000         2,5           Assessment Science         2,500         1,000         2,5           Inertial Confinement Fusion         6,000         6,000         6,000           Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering         8,500         7,000         2,5           Indata Research Laboratory         8,500         7,000         2,5				
Assessment Science 2,500 1,000 2,5 Inertial Confinement Fusion 6,000 6,000 Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering 8,500 7,000 2,5 Total Naval Research Laboratory 8,500 7,000 2,5 Nevada Field Office 1,232 1,191 1,3	-	2 500	1 000	2 50
Inertial Confinement Fusion     6,000     6,000       Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering     8,500     7,000     2,5       Total Naval Research Laboratory     8,500     7,000     2,5				
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering     8,500     7,000     2,5       Total Naval Research Laboratory     8,500     7,000     2,5       Nevada Field Office     1,232     1,191     1,3				2,50
Total Naval Research Laboratory     8,500     7,000     2,50       Nevada Field Office     1,232     1,191     1,33				
Information Technology and Cyber Security 1,232 1,191 1,3				2,50 2,50
Information Technology and Cyber Security 1,232 1,191 1,3	Novada Field Offico			
Total Nevada Field Office 1,232 1,191 1,3		1,232	1,191	1,33
	Total Nevada Field Office	1,232	1,191	1,33

Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total

Stockpile Sustainment	1,896	1,289	62
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	48	0	
Production Operations	57	0	
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	7,5
Stockpile Management	2,001	1,289	8,19
Enterprise Plutonium Support	13,600	13,200	11,08
Plutonium Modernization	13,600	13,200	11,0
High Explosives & Energetics	900	1,000	3,0
HE & Energetics	900	1,000	3,0
Primary Capability Modernization	14,500	14,200	14,0
Depleted Uranium Modernization	0	200	
Secondary Capability Modernization	0	200	
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	153	150	1
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	153	150	1
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	110	1
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	110	1
Capability Based Investments	11,820	12,350	15,0
Production Modernization	26,473	27,010	29,3
Primary Assessment Technologies	1,000	1,000	1,5
Dynamic Materials Properties	17,000	12.000	11,0
Advanced Diagnostics	6,600	6,600	6,0
Secondary Assessment Technologies	0	248	-,-
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	39,546	44,443	48,0
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	47,500	47,500	46,9
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	152,600	130,000	53,1
Assessment Science	264,246	241,791	166,6
Archiving and Support	3,694	3,354	3,3
Advanced Certification and Qualification	4,462	4,200	3,9
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	8,156	7,554	7,3
Inertial Confinement Fusion	4,000	4,000	4,4
Weapon Technology Development	1,198	1,308	1,2
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	1,198	1,308	1,2
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	277,600	254,653	179,6
Operations of Facilities	105,733	103,000	105,0
Safety and Environmental Operations	4,640	5,979	6,3
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	64,342	61,000	62,0
Infrastructure and Safety	43,731	53,275	42,0
Recapitalization	43,731	53,275	42,0
Operating	218,446	223,254	215,3
19-D-670, 138kV Power Transmission System Replacement, NNSS	59,000	59,000	210,0
Mission Enabling Construction	59,000	59,000	
I&O - Construction	59,000	59,000	
Infrastructure and Operations	277,446	282,254	215,3
	327	202,234	215,3
Program Direction - STA - Federal Support Secure Transportation Asset	327	7	3
·			
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	85,620	85,620	92,0
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	85,620	85,620	92,0
Information Technology and Cyber Security al Nevada National Security Site	6,297 <b>675,764</b>	6,157 <b>656,990</b>	29,4 <b>554,3</b>

NNSA Albuquerque Complex

B61-12 LEP	135,119	258,965	109,596
W88 ALT 370	43,722	86,593	30,424
W80-4 LEP	35,810	27,042	41,451
W87-1 Modification Program	34,430	1,800	12,799
W93 Program	8,337	7,837	24,000
Stockpile Major Modernization	257,418	382,237	218,270

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Stockpile Sustainment	47,303	26,585	89,2
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	315	1,538	
Production Operations	22,248	7,500	13,1
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	2,3
Stockpile Management	327,284	417,860	322,9
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	18,993	6,537	5,0
15-D-302, TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	500	750	
07-D-220-04, Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	500	36,687	
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	300	300	
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	20,293	44,274	5,0
Enterprise Plutonium Support	13,718	10,497	2,0
Plutonium Modernization	34,011	54,771	7,0
Primary Capability Modernization	34,011	54,771	7,0
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	154,606	102,952	134,4
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	154,606	102,952	134,4
Production Modernization	188,617	157,723	141,5
Dynamic Materials Properties	5,000	6,500	6,5
Assessment Science	5,000	6,500	6,5
Archiving and Support	0,000	575	0,0
Delivery Environments	0	1,430	
Weapons Survivability	0	6,667	5,4
Aging and Lifetimes	0	1,892	2
Stockpile Responsiveness	0	385	2,3
Advanced Certification and Qualification	0	430	1,0
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	0	11,379	9,1
Inertial Confinement Fusion	31,000	31,000	31,0
	0	5,152	2,4
Surety Technologies	0		
Weapon Technology Development		15,717	5,8
Advanced Manufacturing Development	0	4,997	4,5
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	0	25,866	12,9
Academic Programs	101,912	101,912	100,4
Advanced Simulation and Computing	206,476	206,476	170,8
Advanced Simulation & Computing	206,476	206,476	170,8
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	344,388	383,133	330,9
Infrastructure and Safety	341	21,726	
Recapitalization	341	21,726	
Operating	341	21,726	
Infrastructure and Operations	341	21,726	
STA Operations and Equipment	107,040	98,672	83,5
Program Direction - STA - Federal Support	123,357	123,677	129,7
Secure Transportation Asset	230,397	222,349	213,2
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	7,150	7,150	11,7
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	7,150	7,150	11,7
otal NNSA Albuquerque Complex	1,098,177	1,209,941	1,020,5
NSA Production Office (NPO)			
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	30,000	16,000	11,0
Secondary Capability Modernization	30,000	16,000	11,0
Production Modernization	30,000	16,000	11,0
otal NNSA Production Office (NPO)	<b>30,000</b>	16,000 16,000	11,0
ak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Information Technology and Cyber Security	0	2,000	

# Funding by Site Detail

Weapons Activities FY 2023

FY 2021

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FY 2022

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	F f 2021	FY 2022	F 1 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Dak Ridge National Laboratory			
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	37,849	34,415	62,76
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	37,849	34,415	62,76
Capability Based Investments	0	532	
Production Modernization	37,849	34,947	62,76
Advanced Simulation and Computing	150	150	83
	150		
Advanced Simulation & Computing		150	83
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	150	150	83
Safety and Environmental Operations	10,918	10,466	8,90
Operating	10,918	10,466	8,9
Infrastructure and Operations	10,918	10,466	8,9
otal Oak Ridge National Laboratory	48,917	45,563	72,49
office of Scientific & Technical Information			
Information Technology and Cyber Security	407	319	53
otal Office of Scientific & Technical Information	407	319	53
acific Northwest National Laboratory Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	3,23
Stockpile Management	0	0	3,23
Uranium Modernization	1,160	1,160	1,50
Depleted Uranium Modernization	225	400	50
Lithium Modernization	550	550	1,00
Secondary Capability Modernization	1,935	2,110	3,00
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	56,186	64,451	79,8
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	56,186	64,451	79,8
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	630	777	7
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	630	777	7
Production Modernization	58,751	67,338	83,61
Advanced Manufacturing Development	0	900	87
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	0	900	8
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	0	900	8
Safety and Environmental Operations	7,496	5,584	3,5
Operating	7,496	5,584	3,59
Infrastructure and Operations	7,496	5,584	3,59
intrasuction and operations iotal Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	66,247	73,822	91,30
antex Plant	54 500	00.445	
B61-12 LEP	54,500	62,445	80,73
W88 ALT 370	53,918	49,776	47,73
W80-4 LEP	41,500	41,450	79,05
W87-1 Modification Program	12,000	12,941	19,58
W93 Program	500	500	2,0
Stockpile Major Modernization	162,418	167,112	229,0
Stockpile Sustainment	107,925	102,357	117,9
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	38,249	26,601	26,3
Production Operations	120,093	121,227	122,0
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	2,7
Stockpile Management	428,685	417,297	498,2
High Explosives & Energetics	17,125	15,000	20,0
HESE OPCs	3,703	3,750	.,.
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	28,000	30,000	108,0
15-D-301, HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	43,000	43,000	20,0
HE & Energetics	91,828 91,828	91,750	148,00
	91 828	91,750	148,00
Primary Capability Modernization Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	60	

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

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	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Capability Based Investments	9,080	7,170	10,200
Production Modernization	100,908	98,980	158,265
Aging and Lifetimes	2,554	2,998	2,500
Stockpile Responsiveness	4,265	3,975	3,793
Advanced Certification and Qualification	1,500	1,400	1,330
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	8,319	8,373	7,623
Surety Technologies	18	25	0
Weapon Technology Development	251	1,200	1,191
Advanced Manufacturing Development	3,073	3,200	2,000
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	3,342	4,425	3,191
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	11,661	12,798	10,814
Operations of Facilities	76,140	77,000	83,000
Safety and Environmental Operations	26,056	27,468	26,822
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	111,767	112,000	114,000
Infrastructure and Safety	62,802	58,248	67,714
Recapitalization	62,802	58,248	67,714
Operating	276,765	274,716	291,536
Infrastructure and Operations	276,765	274,716	291,536
STA Operations and Equipment	7,930	8,104	8,302
STA Operations and Equipment Secure Transportation Asset	7,930	8,104	8,302
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	143,250	143,250	157,193
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	143,250	143,250	157,193
Information Technology and Cyber Security	9,384	8,845	9,803
Total Pantex Plant	978,583	963,990	1,134,159
Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant			
Depleted Uranium Modernization	15,000	2,000	30,000
Secondary Capability Modernization	15,000	2,000	30,000
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	28,000	30,000	30,000
	28,000 28.000	30,000 30,000	30,000 30,000
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	28,000	30,000	30,000
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization	28,000 43,000	30,000 32,000	30,000 60,000
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories	28,000 43,000 <b>43,000</b>	30,000 32,000 <b>32,000</b>	30,000 60,000 <b>60,000</b>
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP	28,000 43,000 <b>43,000</b> 173,500	30,000 32,000 <b>32,000</b> 92,362	30,000 60,000 <b>60,000</b> 45,710
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425	30,000 32,000 <b>32,000</b> 92,362 26,473	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150	30,000 32,000 <b>32,000</b> 92,362 26,473 455,480	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000	30,000 32,000 <b>32,000</b> 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103	30,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663	30,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081	30,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663	30,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081	30,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670	30,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization <b>Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant</b> Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	28,000 43,000 43,000 173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 515
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 395	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 395 395	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 5,15 5,15 5,15 61,420
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458 58,753	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 395 395 43,696	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458 58,753 58,753 58,753 18,060	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 395 395 43,696 43,696 43,696	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420 17,500
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	28,000 43,000 43,000 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458 58,753 58,753 18,060 6,547	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 395 395 43,696 43,696 43,696 18,150 6,547	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420 17,500 0
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1) Production Modernization	28,000 43,000 43,000 1173,500 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458 458 58,753 58,753 18,060 6,547 95,818	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 395 395 43,696 43,696 18,150 6,547 82,488	30,000 60,000 60,000 45,710 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420 17,500 0 94,135
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1) Production Modernization Primary Assessment Technologies	28,000 43,000 43,000 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458 458 58,753 58,753 18,060 6,547 95,818 10,500	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420 17,500 0 94,135
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1) Production Modernization Primary Assessment Technologies Dynamic Materials Properties	28,000 43,000 43,000 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 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14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420 0,17,500 0 94,135 11,000
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Production Modernization Total Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant Sandia National Laboratories B61-12 LEP W88 ALT 370 W80-4 LEP W87-1 Modification Program W93 Program Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Major Modernization Stockpile Sustainment Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition Production Operations Nuclear Enterprise Assurance Stockpile Management High Explosives & Energetics HE & Energetics Primary Capability Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium Sustainment and Modernization Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization Capability Based Investments Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1) Production Modernization Primary Assessment Technologies	28,000 43,000 43,000 11,425 487,150 185,000 18,000 875,075 334,627 499 136,979 0 1,347,180 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 458 458 458 58,753 58,753 18,060 6,547 95,818 10,500	30,000 32,000 32,000 92,362 26,473 455,480 199,103 18,663 792,081 355,670 3,450 136,796 0 1,287,997 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700 13,700	30,000 60,000 60,000 22,885 514,539 218,014 109,111 910,259 424,201 2,450 171,934 5,742 1,514,586 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 515 515 61,420 61,420 17,500 0 94,135

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

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FY 2021

FY 2022

FY 2023

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	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	20,535	23,212	32,375
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	1,600	1,600	1,700
Assessment Science	64,545	66,122	74,341
Archiving and Support	9,553	9,614	9,301
Delivery Environments	14,695	14,500	14,463
Weapons Survivability	26,237	24,300	57,534
Studies and Assessments	0	0	2,093
Aging and Lifetimes	16,737	16,700	16,200
Stockpile Responsiveness	17,993	17,733	16,921
Advanced Certification and Qualification	7,097	7,000	6,652
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	92,312	89,847	123,164
Inertial Confinement Fusion	66,900	66,900	65,500
Surety Technologies	24,325	20,350	19,608
Weapon Technology Development	82,402	74,214	72,791
Advanced Manufacturing Development	19,346	22,999	25,798
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	126,073	117,563	118,197
Advanced Simulation and Computing	151,310	151,310	170,831
Advanced Simulation & Computing	151,310	151,310	170,831
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	501,140	491,742	552,033
Operations of Facilities	125,307	126,000	106,000
Safety and Environmental Operations	10,581	9,867	10,630
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	18,994	24,000	28,000
Infrastructure and Safety	67,732	57,476	73,644
Recapitalization	67,732	57,476	73,644
Operating	222,614	217,343	218,274
15-D-611, Emergency Operations Center, SNL	36,000	36,000	C
Mission Enabling Construction	36,000	36,000	(
I&O - Construction	36,000	36,000	C
Infrastructure and Operations	258,614	253,343	218,274
STA Operations and Equipment	81,701	80,627	73,012
Secure Transportation Asset	81,701	80,627	73,012
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	70,490	70,490	74,845
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	70,490	70,490	74,845
Information Technology and Cyber Security	34,741	30,651	38,887
otal Sandia National Laboratories	2,389,684	2,297,338	2,565,772
andia Sita Offica			
andia Site Office Information Technology and Cyber Security	1,100	921	957
Information Technology and Cyber Security	1,100 <b>1,100</b>	921 <b>921</b>	
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office			
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office	1,100	921	957
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations	7,300	<b>921</b> 1,287	957
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	<b>1,100</b> 7,300 8,000	921 1,287 2,000	957
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	<b>1,100</b> 7,300 8,000 15,300	921 1,287 2,000 3,287	957
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287	957 ( ( ( ( ( ( (
Information Technology and Cyber Security <b>btal Sandia Site Office</b> <b>avannah River Operations Office</b> Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287	957 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ())))))
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287	957 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ())))))
Information Technology and Cyber Security <b>btal Sandia Site Office</b> avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization Infrastructure and Safety	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300 0	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 1,750	957 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Information Technology and Cyber Security <b>btal Sandia Site Office</b> avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization Infrastructure and Safety Recapitalization	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300 0 0 0	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 1,750 1,750	957 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization Infrastructure and Safety Recapitalization Operating	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300 0 0 0 0	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 1,750 1,750 1,750	957 () () () () () () () () () () () () ()
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization Infrastructure and Safety Recapitalization Operating Infrastructure and Operations	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 1,750 1,750 1,750 1,750	957 (0 (0 (0 (0 (17,850 (17,850 (17,850 (17,850 (17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,850)(17,85
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Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization Infrastructure and Safety Recapitalization Operating Infrastructure and Operations Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Savannah River Operations Office	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 15,300 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 525	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 1,750 1,750 1,750 1,750 445	957 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 17,850 17,850 17,850 17,850 398 <b>18,248</b>
Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Sandia Site Office avannah River Operations Office Savannah River Plutonium Operations 21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Plutonium Modernization Primary Capability Modernization Production Modernization Infrastructure and Safety Recapitalization Operating Infrastructure and Operations Information Technology and Cyber Security otal Savannah River Operations Office	1,100 7,300 8,000 15,300 15,300 15,300 0 0 0 0 0 525 15,825	921 1,287 2,000 3,287 3,287 3,287 3,287 1,750 1,750 1,750 1,750 1,750 445 <b>5,482</b>	957 957 957 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 17,850 17,850 17,850 17,850 398 <b>18,248</b> 18,248

# Funding by Site Detail

Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dol	lars in	Thousands)	

(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
W93 Program	500	500	1,18
Stockpile Major Modernization	12,200	22,061	23,89
Stockpile Sustainment	43,831	44,177	52,09
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	100	700	60
Production Operations	24,736	24,789	25,78
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	3,97
Stockpile Management	80,867	91,727	106,34
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	191,575	198,044	56,60
21-D-511, Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	233,896	239,896	700,00
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	425,471	437,940	756,60
Plutonium Modernization	425,471	437,940	756,60
Primary Capability Modernization	425,471	437,940	756,60
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	90,504	135,049	125,56
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	25,500	25,500	71,80
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	116,004	160,549	197,36
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	100	11
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	100	11
Capability Based Investments	4,200	6,190	6,90
Production Modernization	545,675 0	604,779	960,97
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	0	1,000	1,37
Assessment Science Aging and Lifetimes	2,554	1,000 2,810	1,37
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	2,554	2,810	2,70
Surety Technologies	2,334 349	320	2,70
Advanced Manufacturing Development	5,050	7,384	7,53
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	5,399	7,304	7,83
Stockpile Research, Technology and Engineering	7,953	11,514	11,91
Operations of Facilities	94,090	94,000	97,00
Safety and Environmental Operations	12,190	12,389	13,26
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	41,752	40,000	47,00
Infrastructure and Safety	16,767	24,728	10,03
Recapitalization	16,767	24,728	10,03
Operating	164,799	171,117	167,30
Infrastructure and Operations	164,799	171,117	167,30
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	8,520	8,520	9,18
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	8,520	8,520	9,18
Information Technology and Cyber Security	6,384	6,379	7,64
Total Savannah River Site	814,198	894,036	1,263,36
SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory			
Inertial Confinement Fusion	180	180	18
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	180	180	18
Total SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	180	180	18
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility			
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	100	10
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	100	10
	0	100	10
Production Modernization Total Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility	0	100	10
Fotal Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility		100	10
Total Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility Jniversity of Rochester	0		
		100 82,000 82,000	10 75,00 75,00

# Funding by Site Detail

Weapons Activities FY 2023

FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total

B61-12 LEP	10,196	11,575	21,0
W88 ALT 370	3,212	630	4,8
W80-4 LEP	12,504	48	34,0
W87-1 Modification Program	6,763	0	20,4
W93 Program	663	ů 0	7,2
Stockpile Major Modernization	33,338	12,253	87,4
Stockpile Sustainment	21,128	4,800	45,1
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	1,245	142	1,5
Production Operations	13,199	22,758	23,2
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	23,2
Stockpile Management	68,910	39,953	158,8
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	9,007	2,486	11,5
21-D-512, Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	0	2,000	11,0
04-D-125, Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	2,000	2,000	
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	11,007	6,486	11,5
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	1,125	669	1,7
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	1,125	669	1,7
Enterprise Plutonium Support	1,135	2,731	1,2
Plutonium Modernization	13,267	9,886	14,5
High Explosives & Energetics	8,795	8,920	30,6
HESE OPCs	47	0	
21-D-510, HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	3,000	1,000	
HE & Energetics	11,842	9,920	30,6
Primary Capability Modernization	25,109	19,806	45,1
Uranium Modernization	41,116	1,000	63,8
Depleted Uranium Modernization	21,312	500	8,2
Lithium Modernization	3,082	500	1,
Secondary Capability Modernization	65,510	2,000	73,6
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	3,901	4,525	9,8
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	4,151	5,585	42,0
HEU Downblend	74,488	80,000	
Uranium Reserve	75,000	75,000	
18-D-650, Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	1,500	1,500	1,
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	159,040	166,610	53,4
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	3,154	11,510	11,3
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	3,154	11,510	11,2
Capability Based Investments	14,597	23,579	27,4
Planning for Programmatic Construction (Pre-CD-1)	953	3,453	
Production Modernization	268,363	226,958	210,9
Primary Assessment Technologies	14,712	14,712	9,3
Dynamic Materials Properties	15,722	19,722	8,1
Advanced Diagnostics	2,669	4,469	2,4
Secondary Assessment Technologies	6,738	8,990	2,3
Enhanced Capabilities for Subcritical Experiments	50,743	5,219	10,3
Hydrodynamic and Subcritical Experiment Execution Support	7,501	7,501	9,9
17-D-640, U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	8,000	30,600	
Assessment Science	106,085	91,213	42,
Archiving and Support	572	920	
Delivery Environments	81	750	
Weapons Survivability	1,437	1,160	1,
Studies and Assessments	0	0	
Aging and Lifetimes	778	1,271	1,
Stockpile Responsiveness	875	1,420	1,
Advanced Certification and Qualification	752	1,206	1,1
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	4,495	6,727	7,5
Inertial Confinement Fusion	15,920	15,920	12,2
Surety Technologies	927	657	1,0

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

(Dollars in Thousan	ds)		
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Weapon Technology Development	1,545	1,564	2,42
Advanced Manufacturing Development	1,399	1,438	2,26
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	3,871	3,659	5,72
Advanced Simulation and Computing	8,000	8,000	11,14
Advanced Simulation & Computing	8,000	8,000	11,14
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	138,371	125,519	78,29
Operations of Facilities	14,654	32,500	41,00
Safety and Environmental Operations	4,883	6,981	9,53
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	88,546	98,000	95,00
Infrastructure and Safety	34,269	96,960	52,04
Recapitalization	34,269	96,960	52,0
Operating	142,352	234,441	197,6
Infrastructure and Operations	142,352	234,441	197,6
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	69,878	69,878	94,8
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	69,878	69,878	94,8
Information Technology and Cyber Security	217,829	225,952	260,8
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments (WA)	101,668	101,668	114,6
al Washington Headquarters	1,007,371	1,024,369	1,116,1
2 National Security Complex			
B61-12 LEP	94,500	87,000	109,00
W88 ALT 370	490	1,344	1,2
W80-4 LEP	3,306	33,650	37,6
W87-1 Modification Program	40,000	43,006	82,5
W93 Program	1,000	1,000	5,0
Stockpile Major Modernization	139,296	166,000	235,4
Stockpile Sustainment	38,705	41,224	47,0
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	14,450	17,569	15,6
Production Operations	108,754	106,228	107,1
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	0	0	2,7
Stockpile Management	301,205	331,021	408,0
Uranium Modernization	259,163	299,279	219,5
Depleted Uranium Modernization	68,064	91,964	111,0
Lithium Modernization	35,268	37,850	62,0
18-D-690, Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	109,405	109,405	216,8
06-D-141, Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	720,000	734,000	351,0
Secondary Capability Modernization	1,191,900	1,272,498	960,4
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	1,667	0	1,7
Domestic Uranium Enrichment	0	0	10,0
HEU Downblend	15,512	10,000	,
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	17,179	10,000	11,7
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	300	
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	0	300	3
Capability Based Investments	27,170	28,250	18,2
Production Modernization	1,236,249	1,311,048	990,7
Aging and Lifetimes	2,414	2,590	2,6
Stockpile Responsiveness	2,325	3,625	3,4
Advanced Certification and Qualification	1,500	1,400	3,-
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	6,239	7,615	7,3
	14,498	6,876	3,1
Advanced Manufacturing Development			
Weapons Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	14,498	6,876	3,0
Advanced Simulation and Computing	500	500	1,0
Advanced Simulation & Computing	500	500	1,0
	21,237	14,991	11,:
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering			104,0
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Operations of Facilities	102,864	103,000	
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Operations of Facilities Safety and Environmental Operations	102,864 24,147	25,906	22,6
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Operations of Facilities	102,864		22,6
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering Operations of Facilities Safety and Environmental Operations	102,864 24,147	25,906	

#### Funding by Site Detail Weapons Activities FY 2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Operating	318,552	292,763	288,582
23-D-519, Special Material Facility, Y-12	0	0	49,500
Mission Enabling Construction	0	0	49,500
I&O - Construction	0	0	49,500
Infrastructure and Operations	318,552	292,763	338,082
Operations and Maintenance - DNS	173,820	173,820	199,685
17-D-710, West End Protected Area Reduction Project, Y-12	26,000	26,000	3,928
Construction - Defense Nuclear Security	26,000	26,000	3,928
Defense Nuclear Security (DNS)	199,820	199,820	203,613
Information Technology and Cyber Security	9,384	8,845	9,803
Total Y-12 National Security Complex	2,086,447	2,158,488	1,961,691
Total Funding by Site - Weapons Activities	15,345,000	15,345,000	16,882,302

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FY 2022

FY 2023

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# **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation**

# **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation**

# FY 2023 Congressional Budget

# Justification Defense Nuclear

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# Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Proposed Appropriation Language

For Department of Energy (DOE) expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other incidental expenses necessary for Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation activities, in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion [\$2,260,000,000]*\$2,346,257,000*, to remain available until expended.

# **Explanation of Change**

The FY 2023 Budget Request for the Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation appropriation reflects an overall 3.8% increase from the FY 2021 Enacted level. This change is comprised of increases for: a new high-assay low-enriched uranium (HALEU) recovery project; increased support for arms control monitoring and verification; and for Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation to address critical gaps in nuclear counterproliferation; and support for the Nuclear Emergency Support Team (NEST) to execute the DOE's Primary Mission Essential Function – 2, *Respond to Nuclear Incidents*.

# Public Law Authorizations:

- P.L. 106-65, National Nuclear Security Administration Act, as amended
- P.L. 117-81, National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
- P.L. 117-103, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022

## **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation**

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
				FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	vs	vs
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation					
Appropration	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,346,257	+86,257	+3.8%

## Overview

The Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration's (DOE/NNSA) nonproliferation, counterproliferation, and counterterrorism activities are critical to implementing the President's *Interim National Security Strategic Guidance* and the 2022 Nuclear Posture Review by demonstrating renewed American nonproliferation leadership. DOE/NNSA's programs help reduce the dangers posed by nuclear weapons by extending the United States' defenses against nuclear threats far beyond its borders. These programs help prevent adversaries from acquiring nuclear weapons or weapons-usable materials, technology, and expertise; counter adversary efforts to acquire such weapons or materials; and respond to nuclear or radiological incidents and accidents domestically and abroad. DOE/NNSA shares knowledge, accrued through its long experience in managing special nuclear materials, with partners around the world to achieve its international nonproliferation and nuclear security goals. DOE/NNSA leverages the unique technical and scientific expertise that underpins the Stockpile Stewardship Program for a range of nonproliferation and counterterrorism missions, from assessing foreign weapons programs and potential terrorist devices to managing the proliferation risks posed by civil nuclear applications.

The Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation appropriation funds six programs in the FY 2023 Budget Request. These programs, reduce the threats of weapons of mass destruction (WMD), provide policy and technical leadership to prevent or limit the spread of WMD-related materials, technology, and expertise; develop technologies to detect nuclear proliferation; verify international agreements and arrangements; secure or eliminate inventories of nuclear weapons-related materials and infrastructure; anticipate and detect threats and broaden DOE's role in national biodefense; ensure nuclear emergency support team (NEST) personnel are trained and equipped to respond to all manner of nuclear and radiological incidents worldwide; and apply a comprehensive and integrated approach to emergency management and continuity of operations to safeguard health and safety, protect the environment, and enhance the resilience of the Department and the Nation.

DOE/NNSA advances the security and safety of the United States through three enduring mission pillars: maintaining a safe, secure, and effective nuclear weapons stockpile; reducing the threat of nuclear proliferation and nuclear terrorism; and providing naval nuclear propulsion. As such, the Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation appropriation programs' mission is complementary to the missions of the Office of Defense Programs (DP) and the Office of Naval Reactors (NR). Together, they form the basis for providing a strong nuclear defense strategy. These activities are carried out within a dynamic global security environment, as described in DOE/NNSA's annual reports, the *Prevent, Counter, and Respond – A Strategic Plan to Reduce Global Nuclear Threats* and the *Stockpile Stewardship Management Plan*.

This global threat landscape is characterized by states with existing nuclear weapons capabilities, such as Russia and China, that continue to selectively expand and diversify their arsenals; destabilizing proliferation activities by states with emerging or latent capabilities, including Iran and North Korea; and the risk of hostile non-state actors gaining access to nuclear or radioactive material that can be used for malicious purposes. There is also an increased risk stemming from the availability of nuclear and radioactive materials as a result of the global expansion of commercial nuclear power and possible spread of fuel cycle technology, increased opportunities for illicit nuclear material trafficking and sophisticated procurement networks, and technology advances (including cyber-related tools) that may shorten nuclear weapon development timelines and complicate nuclear safeguards and security missions. Additionally, the rapid development and global dispersion of emerging technologies could improve U.S. capabilities to detect and respond to proliferation or, alternatively, could be used by adversaries to lower the barriers to proliferation or enable new proliferation pathways.

One of these emerging technologies is biotechnology. While biotechnology provides enormous potential for the U.S. economy, it also carries the potential for new risks to security. NNSA will leverage its experience with sensitive nuclear

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programs, and capabilities and expertise developed at the National Laboratories in areas such as high-performance computing, modeling and simulation, laboratory analyses, and data analytics, to establish a national security bioassurance research and development program that focuses on anticipating and detection threats emerging from biotechnology work and steps to protect the future bioeconomy.

The Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation appropriation programs – comprised of the Office of Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN), the Office of Counterterrorism and Counter Proliferation (CTCP), and the Office of Emergency Operations (EO) – execute their missions in partnership with other U.S. Government agencies, most notably the Departments of State, Defense, Justice, and Homeland Security, the Intelligence Community, and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). Internationally, the programs have a strong and long-established partnership with the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). DOE/NNSA has active program coordination mechanisms through the Global Initiative to Combat Nuclear Terrorism (GICNT), the Global Partnership against the Spread of Weapons and Materials of Mass Destruction, the Nuclear Security Contact Group (NSGC), UNSCR 1540 Committee, International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL), and the reoccurring IAEA-hosted International Conference on Nuclear Security (ICONS).

In carrying out WMD threat reduction activities, the Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation programs depend on the scientific and technical expertise of the Department and the U.S. National Laboratories, as well as the capacity for international outreach, engagement, and project management, implementation, and policy expertise. DNN also relies on competencies of other elements of DOE/NNSA and DOE, particularly the Office of Nuclear Energy, the Office of Environmental Management (EM), and the Office of Science (SC).

The major elements of the Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation appropriation account include the following:

# Material Management and Minimization (M3)

M3 programs reduce and, when possible, eliminate weapons-usable nuclear material around the world to achieve permanent threat reduction. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports the conversion or shutdown of research reactors and isotope production facilities that use highly enriched uranium (HEU), the qualification of new low-enriched uranium (LEU) fuels, the continued support of non-HEU-based molybdenum-99 (Mo-99) production facilities in the United States, the optimization of proliferation resistance in reactor designs, the HALEU recovery project, the removal and disposal of weapons-usable nuclear material, the continuation of activities to disposition plutonium from the state of South Carolina, implementation of the dilute and dispose strategy for plutonium disposition, and downblending HEU.

# Global Material Security (GMS)

GMS directly contributes to national security efforts to reduce global nuclear and radiological security threats. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports programs to prevent terrorists and other actors from obtaining nuclear and radioactive material to use in an improvised nuclear device (IND) or a radiological dispersal device (RDD) by working domestically and with partner countries to improve the security of vulnerable materials and facilities and to build partners' capacity to detect, disrupt, and investigate illicit trafficking of these materials. GMS works with countries in bilateral partnerships, and with multilateral partners such as the IAEA, the GICNT, and INTERPOL. As part of an ongoing strategic analysis process, GMS is also exploring innovative approaches, technologies, and tools to adapt to emerging threats and the growing demand for nuclear energy and technology. GMS supports U.S. national security priorities to reduce global nuclear security threats and sustain access to needed peaceful applications of nuclear technology that support climate change, energy security, and global health priorities.

## Nonproliferation and Arms Control (NPAC)

NPAC programs contribute to standing DOE/NNSA statutory and treaty/agreement obligations and authorities, prevent nuclear and dual-use technology from being exploited or diverted by adversaries, identify emerging technologies of potential proliferation concern, and consider ways to mitigate them. NPAC programs also strengthen the international nuclear safeguards regime and the IAEA's ability to verify peaceful uses of nuclear materials and facilities and detect non-compliance or illicit diversion of materials, reduce proliferation concerns by enabling verifiable arms reductions, and support negotiation and implementation of U.S. nonproliferation and arms control treaties and agreements, while ensuring U.S. requirements for maintaining a safe, secure, and reliable nuclear weapons stockpile are met. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports IAEA and partner countries' efforts to implement international safeguards obligations, builds domestic and international capacity to implement export control obligations, supports the negotiation of and implement agreements **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/** 

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and associated monitoring regimes to verifiably reduce nuclear weapons and nuclear programs, and develops approaches and strategies to address emerging nonproliferation and arms control challenges and opportunities.

# Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (DNN R&D)

DNN R&D directly contributes to nuclear security by developing U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize global nuclear security threats in full coordination with the goals and priorities of U.S. Government mission stakeholders across nonproliferation, counterterrorism, and emergency response mission areas. In addition, DNN R&D sustains and develops foundational nonproliferation technical competencies that ensure the technical agility needed to support a broad spectrum of U.S. nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats. To do these activities, DNN R&D leverages the unique facilities and scientific skills of DOE, academia, and industry to perform research and demonstrate advances in capabilities, develop prototypes, and produce sensors for integration into operational systems. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports planned activities for the early detection of proliferation-related R&D and continued production of nuclear detonation detection satellite payloads. The request also supports continued efforts to sustain and develop foundational nonproliferation technical competencies by providing targeted, long-term support for enabling infrastructure, science and technology, and an expert workforce, and it continues to develop and maintain advanced technical nuclear forensics analysis capabilities at the U.S. National Laboratories that can support time-critical decisions in the event of a nuclear or radiological incident and assist in determining the origin of interdicted materials or nuclear devices.

# DOE/NNSA Bioassurance Program

The DOE/NNSA Bioassurance Program establishes a national security R&D program to anticipate and detect threats and broaden DOE's role in national biodefense. The DOE/NNSA Bioassurance Program complements DOE's support of other departments and agencies in biodefense. The program addresses work in close coordination with DOE's Office of Science (SC). Integrating DOE/NNSA's high-security work with SC's supported "open" science provides the full spectrum of capabilities essential for a bioassurance program informed by national security expertise that is drawn from parallel and analogous work on nuclear threats, risks, export controls and licensing, nonproliferation, detection, and verification.

# Nonproliferation Construction (supports Material Management and Minimization)

Nonproliferation Construction consolidates construction costs for DNN projects in support of the dilute and dispose strategy for surplus plutonium disposition. The Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) project will add additional glovebox capacity at the Savannah River Site to accelerate plutonium dilution and aid in the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina. The FY 2023 Budget Request supports completing the final design review and continues activities to request CD-2/3, *Approval of Performance Baseline and Start of Construction*, to initiate full construction on the SPD project.

## Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program (NCTIR)

The NCTIR program sustains the United States' nuclear counterterrorism and counterproliferation activities as well as operational nuclear incident response capabilities while supporting DOE's all-hazards emergency management system. The CTCP subprogram provides the Nation's technical capability to understand and defeat nuclear devices, including INDs and lost or stolen foreign nuclear weapons. This knowledge in turn informs U.S. Government policies, regulations, and key Department of Defense (DoD) mission partners on terrorist and proliferant state nuclear threats and related contingency planning. In support of the nuclear counterterrorism mission, the FY 2023 Budget Request for NCTIR supports programs to manage and deploy the DOE/NNSA NEST, comprised of scientific and technical experts who are trained and equipped to respond rapidly to nuclear or radiological incidents and accidents worldwide. NEST includes scientific nuclear forensics capabilities to identify the origin of nuclear material interdicted outside of regulatory control or used in a nuclear attack. Additionally, CTCP educates international partners to respond effectively to nuclear or radiological incidents in their countries. Finally, CTCP integrates DOE/NNSA policy, planning, and operations on counterproliferation priorities, supporting urgent needs and proactively pursuing opportunities to prevent nuclear threats and develop technologies to apply to the counterproliferation mission.

Additionally, NCTIR executes the DOE/NNSA's Emergency Operations (EO) subprogram. EO provides both the structure and processes to ensure a comprehensive and integrated approach to emergency management, continuity of operations, and higher-level continuity programs, thereby safeguarding the health and safety of workers and the public, protecting the environment, and enhancing the resilience of the Department and the Nation. In addition, EO coordinates a whole-of-community approach to mitigating, preventing, preparing for, responding to, and recovering from all-hazards emergencies,

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improving readiness and effectiveness of the DOE Emergency Management System on a programmatic and performance level, while promoting unity of effort and a culture of continuous improvement.

# Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget

FY 2023 request includes:

- DNN programs: \$1.974.6 billion, an increase of \$106.5 million, or 5.7%, from the FY 2021 Enacted level. The increase will fund the initiation in FY 2023 of a three-year project to recover 2.2 metric tons of HALEU scrap at Y-12 to support advanced reactor demonstration projects and a monitoring and verification initiative to bolster the expertise and technology critical to sustaining DOE/NNSA's arms control mission and accelerate the development of new technologies and approaches. The increase also supports the establishment of a Bioassurance Program to anticipate and detect threats and broaden DOE's role in national biodefense.
- NCTIR: \$439.0 million, an increase of \$61.5 million, or 16.3%, from the FY 2021 Enacted level. This increase is due to the need to address a critical gap in nuclear counterproliferation with new and innovative technology developments and addresses gaps identified in the NEST workforce study in FY 2019. There is also a decrease in EO associated with the realignment of management responsibility and authority for IT and Cyber services, offset by an increase, also in EO, for investment in consolidated emergency operations center and alternate operations centers' infrastructure and supporting communications equipment, as well as classified communications system improvements to support continuity operations and infrastructure improvements required by OMB/OSTP Directive 16-1 and EO 13961.
- Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments \$55.7 million, an increase of \$41.4 million, or 288.3%, from the FY 2021 Enacted level reflects expansion of this budget line to include funding for the Requa settlement reached in 2019 as well as a portion of an unfunded pension liability at the Savannah River Site in addition to DOE's annual reimbursement made to the University of California (UC) Retirement Plan (UCRP) for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL).

# Note:

Funding amounts referenced in the above bullets include the use of \$123.0 million of prior year balances to fund program activities in FY 2023 (including \$79.9 million remaining from the Mixed Oxide Fuel Fabrication Facility project), and allows DNN to reduce the request for new FY 2023 funding by this amount.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

# Material Management and Minimization

- FY 2024 Establish reliable domestic Mo-99 production without use of HEU.
- FY 2024 Pack and deliver scrap material from Y-12 to a domestic commercial processor and initiate commercial material recovery process as part of the = HALEU recovery project.
- FY 2024 Conduct a training exercise of the Mobile Packaging capabilities.
- FY 2024 Initiate hiring, training, and qualification for operators for the SPD Project gloveboxes.
- FY 2024 Achieve Approval of Alternative Selection and Cost Range Critical Decision, CD-1 for the Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) project.
- FY 2024 Complete DNN's portion of Area 5 De-inventory (A5D) and Building 9212 low equity discards at Y-12.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Continue to eliminate excess HEU and plutonium globally.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Continue to convert research reactors from the use of HEU fuel to LEU fuel or verify the shutdown of HEU fueled research reactors.
- FY 2025 Complete final excess HEU shipment from Y-12 included in the Down-blending Offering for Tritium (DBOT) contract.
- FY 2025 FY 2027 Execute commercial process to recover material and convert to oxide as part of the HALEU recovery project.
- FY 2026 Conduct a training exercise of the Mobile Packaging capabilities.
- FY 2027 Submit application to the NRC for the qualification of high-density LEU fuel for the U.S. High Performance Research Reactors.

# Office of Global Material Security

- FY 2024 Commence at least one partnership with a U.S. company on Security by Design for advanced reactors/small modular reactors.
- FY 2024 Complete upgrades at the Regional Center for Nuclear Studies in Kinshasa (CREN-K) research reactor in the Democratic Republic of Congo.
- FY 2024 Maintain long-term nuclear security engagements and partnerships with more than 60 countries.
- Complete the 2019 NDAA target of replacing nearly all cesium-137 blood irradiators in the United States by the end of FY 2027.
- Work domestically and internationally to replace 350 devices that use radioactive material with safer alternatives that pose no RDD risk.
- Protect an additional 200 additional buildings that contain radioactive material.
- FY 2025 Expand counter nuclear smuggling partnerships to at least five countries Africa, with a focus on the Sahel, and to three countries in Southeast Asia to create layered defenses to disrupt smuggling activity.
- FY 2026 Deploy counter nuclear smuggling systems to frontier area and law enforcement partners in at least 15 partner countries to complement point of entry deployment deployments and create layered defenses against smuggling activity.
- FY 2026 Establish counter nuclear smuggling capability and technical cooperation with 95 countries.
- FY 2027 Support over 80% of partner agencies to demonstrate operational capability of systems to counter nuclear smuggling.

# Nonproliferation and Arms Control

- FY 2024 Commission and begin operation of a nonproliferation testing and training platform for use in testing and validation of IAEA safeguards technologies and training of IAEA inspectors and analysts.
- FY 2024 Complete the dedicated Test and Demonstration Bay at Pantex for the development of stretch verification approaches and tools.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Maintain technical and manpower readiness for future U.S.-led monitoring and verification of denuclearization activities through regular verification team exercise and training events, approximately four per year.
- FY 2024 Complete upgrades to e810 in response to industry and internal feedback.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Conduct approximately 80 training and outreach events, annually, for U.S. enforcement agencies and foreign partners to strengthen global export control implementation.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Support U.S. Government nonproliferation objectives in the multilateral regimes through review of technical proposals strengthening the guidelines and control lists, and review IAEA Technical Cooperation projects for proliferation and export control issues.
- FY 2027 Complete the negotiations of eight 123 Agreements and their associated Administrative Arrangements.

# Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development

- FY 2024, FY 2026 Award new university consortia focused on nuclear nonproliferation, and nuclear engineering.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Conduct multiple experimental field campaigns for nuclear material production detection.
- FY 2024 Deliver first Global Burst Detector IIIF payload to the U.S. Air Force in accordance with negotiated schedule.
- FY 2024 Validate a 3D Computational Fluid Dynamics advanced material production modeling and simulation capability against real-world nonproliferation benchmarks and challenges.
- FY 2024 Complete development of a new testbed focused on understanding signatures of the use of advanced manufacturing for nuclear weapons development and conduct inaugural experimental field campaign.
- FY 2025 Achieve fully operational uranium sciences capability with optimized material science, computational science, and advanced enrichment methods capabilities that address evolving nuclear threats.
- FY 2025 Conduct uranium and plutonium processing experiments to study material provenance signatures.
- FY 2026 Conclude first phase of integrated field experiments at the Low-Yield Nuclear Monitoring testbed, designed to improve U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize low-yield and evasively conducted underground nuclear explosions.
- FY 2027 Develop the Source Physics Experiment Phase III testbed and conduct a high-explosive experiment to collect data aimed at improving yield estimation and discrimination between nuclear detonations and seismic events.

NNSA Bioassurance Program

- FY 2024 Complete requirements framework for prioritizing research and procurements, including risk assessment and plan for pilot technology demonstrations that identify and leverage state-of-the-art test beds and other research facilities and platforms across DOE, NNSA, and the interagency.
- FY 2024 Complete S&T plan, including objectives and requirements for predictive modeling capability.
- FY 2024 Complete framework for partnerships that leverages private industry advances and provides pathways for technology transition.
- FY 2025 Award lab-university consortium focused on emerging and converging biotechnologies, biosecurity, and biodefense research and development needs.
- FY 2026 Demonstrate capabilities to evaluate and anticipate threats from emerging and converging technologies.
- FY 2026 First demonstration of a bioassurance test bed.

# Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program (NCTIR)

- FY 2024 FY 2027 Ensure NEST equipment modernization is on pace to enable successful responses to radiological/nuclear incidents.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Enhance interagency coordination of training events, exercises, and response operations to improve NEST capabilities.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Validate the increase in the Federal Radiological Modeling and Assessment Center response capacity to better support large or complex events (i.e., Type 1 responses, such as continuous radiation release from a nuclear power plant).
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Certify improvements to the National Atmospheric Release Advisory Center's modeling capabilities to meet maximum demands for real-world responses.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Deliver enhanced Accident Response Group support to MOD changeouts, including builds of high-fidelity training devices.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Provide expanded technical and policy solutions to the U.S. Government's counterproliferation toolkit to disrupt global nuclear proliferation.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Execute a series of integrated experiments to validate risk assessments of nuclear materials and threat devices.
- FY 2024 Complete the transition of the U.S. Government interagency nuclear for ensics capability to NNSA to support the characterization and attribution of nuclear material, device, accident, or attack.
- FY 2024 FY 2025 Complete examination of the technical and operational capability to conduct Design Heritage assessments for attributing origin of a device and material used in an attack.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Complete development and field new nuclear forensics capabilities to accelerate attribution timeliness: perform high confidence in-field measurements of short-lived isotopes; increase prompt collection capabilities to better characterize an initial blast in minutes rather than days; improve air and ground debris collection to increase coverage, collect more robust samples, and shorten attribution timelines; and improve laboratory capability to perform more discriminating measurements in shorter timelines.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Complete analysis of RDD experiment results to improve response to such terror threats.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Develop, implement, and track progress against an NA-40 Strategic Plan, aligning all NA-40 activities with overarching DOE/NNSA mission priorities.
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Integrate the Federal Mission Resilience Strategy (FMRS), to include a viable Devolution capability, into Departmental day-to-day operations and maintaining continued interoperability of required continuity communications systems across DOE/NNSA and with interagency partners
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Leading, managing, and operating the DOE/NNSA Consolidated Emergency Operations Center (CEOC), improving integration of, and coordination with, the various DOE and DOE/NNSA operations centers and the interagency, to include growing our internal capacity to provide operative emergency management support, to include staffing no less than 10 teams of qualified Emergency Management Specialists capable of providing extended operational support by FY 2025, and updating and validating emergency management and continuity directives, guides, and technical planning basis standards, including DOE Orders 150.1 and 151.1 by FY 2026
- FY 2024 FY 2027 Compile and promulgate the annual readiness assurance report regarding the Department's Emergency Management System, to include achieving Full Operational Capability of the Emergency Management Readiness Assurance Reporting Dashboard and conduct of biennial site visits at all participating DOE/NNSA National Laboratories, Plants, Sites, and Offices by FY 2027.

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- FY 2024, FY 2026 Design, develop, and execute DOE's participation within the National Level Exercise (NLE) on a biennial basis, to include NLE 2024 and NLE 2026, and the annual Eagle Horizon exercise.
- FY 2024-FY-2027 Support DOE and NNSA risk management and worker safety policy efforts, to include development, updating, and distribution annually of an Enterprise Threat and Hazard Risk Profile, and through the hosting of the 38th-41st annual emergency management-based forums to enhance collaboration, issue resolution, and enhancement of all-hazards preparedness, prevention, mitigation, response, and recovery across the Department.

The Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation appropriation FY 2023 Budget Request supports the following key priorities:

## **DNN Programs**

- Convert and/or verify the shutdown of one research reactor and isotope production facility.
- Eliminate excess HEU and plutonium, including removing and/or confirming the disposition of 10 kilograms of material.
- Continue efforts to disposition plutonium from the state of South Carolina and pursue the dilute and dispose strategy to dispose of 34 metric tons of plutonium.
- Continue conceptual design activities for pit disassembly and processing expansion.
- Continue to eliminate surplus HEU by downblending it to LEU, or through direct disposal with a priority on legacy material to reduce operating risk in deteriorating infrastructure.
- Complete final design to support Critical Decision (CD) 2/3, Approve Performance Baseline/Approve Start of Construction, for the SPD Project.
- Lead high-priority nuclear security engagements bilaterally and regionally to mitigate risks to nuclear and radiological security, including mitigating insider threats and improving cyber security, transportation security practices, nuclear material control and accounting, physical security, etc.
- Develop strategies for newareas of engagement including engaging with nuclear newcomers; a formal countering unmanned aerial systems strategy; and advanced reactors.
- Provide critical mission support to the IAEA, including strengthening the international nuclear safeguards system and supporting their expanding nuclear security activities, regional and international training courses on topics such as advanced insider and computer security; strengthening training capabilities and helping develop guidance documents; and promoting security best practices to nuclear newcomers.
- Continue implementation of Advanced Reactor International Safeguards Engagement (ARISE) program, including
  working with key stakeholders (i.e., NRC, DOE-NE, industry, national labs) to incorporate Safeguards by Design elements
  into advanced reactor designs.
- Support development of DOE/NNSA's Arms Control Advancement Initiative to bolster the expertise and technology critical to sustaining DOE/NNSA's arms control mission and accelerate the development of new technologies and approaches.
- Initiate the development of an arms control user facility to support DOE/NNSA's arms control monitoring and verification additional and stretch approaches.
- Secure buildings with high-priority radioactive sources.
- Promote and facilitate the adoption of viable alternative technologies that do not use high-activity radioactive sources to achieve permanent risk reduction.
- Deploy and support sustainable counter nuclear smuggling solutions to detect, disrupt, and investigate the illicit trafficking of nuclear and radioactive material through critical pathways.
- Facilitate U.S. trade by providing roughly 6,000 technical reviews of U.S. export license applications, and technical support and training to U.S. law enforcement to help prevent the exploitation of the U.S. industrial base.
- Work with over 30 international partners to build global export control capacity through training, technical exchanges, and train-the-trainer approaches.
- Provide nonproliferation assessments of emerging nuclear technologies and other emerging strategic risks and challenges.
- Develop policy and technical solutions for, and support the implementation of, arms control and nonproliferation treaties, agreements, and on-site denuclearization monitoring and verification activities.
- Demonstrate new U.S. capabilities for detecting foreign material and weapons production processes.
- Demonstrate new capabilities for weapons and material security applications, including detecting special nuclear material movement and diversion and nuclear safeguards.

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- Sustain and improve U.S. nuclear explosion monitoring capabilities, including delivering the Nation's space-based nuclear detonation detection payloads and related activities that support treaty monitoring and military missions.
- Sustain and develop foundational nonproliferation technical competencies that ensure the technical agility needed to support a broad spectrum of U.S. nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats.
- Advance technical nuclear forensics analysis capabilities that support the U.S. Government response to a nuclear event, with an emphasis on advancing timelines to support attribution and novel approaches to material provenance.
- Establish a bioassurance capability for anticipating destabilizing bio threats and avoiding technical surprise through predictive modeling and data science, identifying threat signatures, and developing detection technologies, and developing and validating safeguards and threat mitigation approaches.

# **NCTIR** Program

- Enhance capabilities to counter nuclear and radiological threats—including improved tools to locate, characterize, defeat, and conduct forensics on these threats.
- Provide training and maintain equipment to enhance specialized regional and national response capabilities to respond to nuclear terrorism threats, including the sustainment of enhanced counter weapons of mass destruction capability in 14 major U.S. cities.
- Detect, measure, and track radioactive material in an emergency to determine contamination levels through the Aerial Measuring System.
- Provide security and assessment capabilities for non-stockpile nuclear threat device designs, including INDs.
- Implement training, develop, and validate tools, and maintain expertise for DOE/NNSA, DoD, and FBI counterterrorism, counterproliferation, and contingency planning efforts.
- Continue to evaluate technologies for counterterrorism and counterproliferation applications.
- Lead coordination of the government agencies supporting response and assessment for technical nuclear forensics.
- Advance capabilities that can significantly improve time-critical decision support, improving attribution timeliness.
- Enhance technical nuclear forensics capabilities by leveraging expertise from the national laboratories to analyze and determine the origin of interdicted nuclear materials and nuclear devices, and in the case of a nuclear attack, the device design and origin of the nuclear materials used.
- Identify, consolidate, and analyze historical nuclear material samples of value to the technical nuclear forensics program and consolidate the National Nuclear Material Archive within DOE/NNSA.
- Enhance domestic and international engagements on nuclear counterterrorism and emergency preparedness and response, improving strategic communications, medical response competencies, and technical capabilities of public health, law enforcement, and emergency management authorities before, during and after a nuclear or radiological incident or accident.
- Develop and deliver training events focusing on nuclear counterterrorism and emergency preparedness and response combining virtual and in-person instruction methods to maximize the benefits of each method and increase the reach and impact of the program.
- Advance Emergency Management training, exercise, and certification programs.
- Serve as the focal point of the DOE and DOE/NNSA Continuity Programs and higher-level continuity programs, assisting the Secretary of Energy, DOE/NNSA Administrator, and their staffs or higher designated officials, in executing the National Continuity Policy.
- Lead, manage, and operate the DOE/NNSA Consolidated Emergency Operations Center 24/7/365.
- Mature the Emergency Management Readiness Assurance Reporting Program.
- Lead the design and development of the DOE National Level Exercise, to include Eagle Horizon 2023.
- Institutionalize the FMRS, to include a viable Devolution capability.
- Ensure and improve interoperability of continuity communications systems across DOE/NNSA and with interagency partners.
- Update and validate emergency management and continuity directives, guides, and technical planning basis standards.
- Enhance the security and resilience of the Department and Nation.

# DOE Working Capital Fund (WCF) Support

The DOE/NNSA DNN appropriation projected contribution to the DOE WCF for FY 2023 is \$4,487,000. This funding covers shared enterprise activities including managing enterprise-wide systems and data, telecommunications, and supporting the integrated acquisition environment.

# Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments

This budget line includes funding for the Requa settlement reached in 2019 as well as a portion of an unfunded pension liability at the Savannah River Site in addition to DOE's annual reimbursement made to the University of California (UC) Retirement Plan (UCRP) for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL).

The *Requa* lawsuit involved UC employees of LLNL who retired prior to the Laboratory's transition to a new contractor on October 1, 2007. The retirees had been receiving health insurance through a UC health plan but when the LLNL contract transitioned to LLNS, the employees were offered health insurance through the new LLNL contractor, leading the retirees to file a lawsuit seeking reinstatement into the UC health plan. The parties settled the lawsuit in 2019, and a final judgment was issued in April 2020. DOE/NNSA agreed, pursuant to the legacy UC-LLNL Contract, to provide UC a portion of the total costs to settle the lawsuit, over a period of seven years through FY 2026. DOE/NNSA's responsibility for FY 2023 is \$9 million.

Funding is also requested for reimbursement of DNN programs' share of the unfunded liability of the Savannah River Nuclear Solutions pension plan. The FY 2023 Request includes a total of \$218 million for this liability with 60 percent allocated to the Office of Environmental Management (EM) and 40 percent allocated to DOE/NNSA. DOE/NNSA's portion is allocated between the DNN and Weapons Activities (WA) appropriation accounts.

This budget line also continues to include the DNN share of the DOE's annual reimbursement made to the UC Retirement Plan (UCRP) for former UC employees and annuitants who worked at the LLNL and LANL. The annual reimbursement is based on the actuarial valuation report and an annual assessment provided by UC and is covered by the terms described in the contracts. These contracts are paid through the Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments line item.

The DNN share of these costs in the FY 2023 Budget is \$55,708,000.

# **Entry Level Hires**

DOE/NNSA supports a variety of programs to help train and recruit the next generation of leaders in managing the nuclear stockpile, nonproliferation, nuclear security, and international security, such as the NNSA Graduate Fellowship Program (NGFP), and, where appropriate, the Presidential Management Fellows (PMF) program. These programs foster the pipeline of qualified professionals who will sustain expertise in these areas through future employment within the nuclear security enterprise. In FY 2023, the DNN appropriation projects providing \$3.3 million for NGFP support and development activities.

## Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Funding by Congressional Control

				(Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation ^a					
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation					
Material Management and Minimization					
Conversion	110,000	110,000	153,260	+43,260	+39.3%
Nuclear Material Removal	40,000	40,000	41,600	+1,600	+4.0%
Material Disposition	190,711	190,711	256,025	+65,314	+34.2%
Laboratory and Partnership Support	60,000	60,000	0	-60,000	-100.0%
Total, Material Management and Minimization	400,711	400,711	450,885	+50,174	+12.5%
Global Material Security					
International Nuclear Security	78,939	78,939	81,155	+2,216	+2.8%
Radiological Security	275,000	275,000	244,827	-30,173	-11.0%
Nuclear Smuggling Detection	175,000	175,000	178,095	+3,095	+1.8%
Total, Global Material Security	528,939	528 <i>,</i> 939	504,077	-24,862	-4.7%
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	148,000	148,000	207,656	+59,656	+40.3%
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D					
Proliferation Detection	255,000	255 <i>,</i> 000	287,283	+32,283	+12.7%
Nuclear Detonation Detection	267,000	267,000	279,205	+12,205	+4.6%
Nonproliferation Fuels Development	20,000	20,000	0	-20,000	-100.0%
Nuclear Forensics R&D	40,000	40,000	44,414	+4,414	+11.0%
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	59,900	59,900	109,343	+49,443	+82.5%
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	641,900	641,900	720,245	+78,345	+12.2%
NNSA Bioassurance Program	0	0	20,000	+20,000	+0.0%
Nonproliferation Construction					
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project	148,589	148,589	71,764	-76,825	-51.7%
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	148,589	148,589	71,764	-76,825	-51.7%
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs	1,868,139	1,868,139	1,974,627	+106,488	+5.7%

^a The FY 2021 and FY 2022 amounts are presented comparable to the structure proposed for FY 2023 with Forensics R&D (formerly NTNF R&D) under DNN R&D and not as a separate line. **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/** 

Appropriation Overview

				(Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Nuclear Counterterrorism Incident Response Program					
Emergency Operations	36,000	36,000	29,896	-6,104	-17.0%
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	341,513	341,513	409,074	+67,561	+19.8%
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism Incident Response Program	377,513	377,513	438,970	+61,457	+16.3%
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	14,348	14,348	55,708	+41,360	+288.3%
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,469,305	+209,305	+9.3%
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	-123,048.00	-123,048.00	0%
Rescission of Prior Year Balances	0	0	0	0	0%
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,346,257	+86,257	+3.8%

# SBIR/STTR:

• FY 2021 Transferred: SBIR: \$13,202; STTR: \$0

• FY 2022 Annualized CR: SBIR: \$13,975; STTR: \$0

• FY 2023 Request: SBIR: \$14,705; STTR: \$0

# Funding by Congressional Control Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in T	ſhousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation		-	-	-
Material Management and Minimization	425,644	453 <i>,</i> 045	427,755	422,967
Global Material Security	515,897	534 <i>,</i> 986	539,159	538,936
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	207,188	214,854	216,529	216,439
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	712,724	739 <i>,</i> 095	744,859	744,551
NNSA Bioassurance Program	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Nonproliferation Construction				
24-D-XXX, Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project	45,000	67,244	120,000	120,000
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Project	92,257	35,000	0	0
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	137,257	102,244	120,000	120,000
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs	2,018,710	2,064,224	2,068,302	2,062,893
Nuclear Counterterrorism Incident Response Program				
Emergency Operations	15,123	15,683	15 <i>,</i> 805	15,798
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	421,209	438,204	441,308	440,818
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism Incident Response Program	436,332	453 <i>,</i> 887	457,113	456,616
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments	40,447	41,296	42,163	43,048
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,495,489	2,559,407	2,567,578	2,562,557
Use of Prior Year Balances	0	0	0	0
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Appropriation	2,495,489	2,559,407	2,567,578	2,562,557

## **Research and Development**

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-11, "Preparation, Submission, and Execution of the Budget," requires the reporting of research and development (R&D) data. Consistent with this requirement, R&D activities funded by DOE/NNSA Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation programs are displayed below.

				(Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Research and Development (R&D)					
Basic	158,215	157,596	179,084	+20,869	+13.2%
Applied	195,197	164,212	203,806	+8,609	+4.4%
Development	114,819	105,325	124,835	+10,016	+8.7%
Subtotal, R&D	468,231	427,133	507,725	+39,494	+8.4%
Equipment	24,500	24,500	26,164	+1,664	+6.8%
Construction	0	0	0	0	0%
Total, R&D	492,731	451,633	533,889	+41,158	+8.4%

## **Material Management and Minimization**

## Overview

The Material Management and Minimization (M3) program aims to reduce and, when possible, eliminate nuclear materials and ensure sound management principles for materials that remain. This includes minimizing the civilian use, and or production, of highly enriched uranium (HEU) and plutonium; removing or eliminating nuclear material internationally; and disposing of excess nuclear material in the United States. The M3 Budget Request presents an integrated approach to addressing the persistent threat posed by the global stockpile of nuclear materials.

M3 directly contributes to and plays a critical role in reducing global nuclear security threats and promoting U.S. national security. The M3 program is a key component of the Department of Energy/National Nuclear Security Administration (DOE/NNSA) integrated nonproliferation, counterterrorism, and emergency response strategies. M3 makes these strategic contributions through the conversion of research reactors and medical isotope production facilities to use non-weapons-usable nuclear material, the optimization of proliferation resistance in reactor designs, the removal of excess HEU and separated plutonium, and the disposition of HEU and plutonium.

# Material Management and Minimization Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Material Management and Minimization					
Conversion	110,000	110,000	153 <i>,</i> 260	+43,260	+39.3%
Nuclear Material Removal	40,000	40,000	41,600	+1,600	+4.0%
Material Disposition	190,711	190,711	256,025	+65,314	+34.2%
Laboratory and Partnership Support	60,000	60,000	0	-60,000	-100.0%
Total, Material Management and Minimization	400,711	400,711	450 <i>,</i> 885	+50,174	+12.5%

# Material Management and Minimization Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in	Thousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
Material Management and Minimization	Request	Request	Request	Request
Conversion	143,379	132,674	98,376	79,381
Nuclear Material Removal	39,737	44,742	46,975	46,755
Material Disposition	242 <i>,</i> 528	275,629	282,404	296,831
Laboratory and Partnership Support	0	0	0	0
Total, Material Management and Minimization	425,644	453,045	427,755	422,967

# Material Management and Minimization Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs
Material Management and Minimization	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<b>Conversion:</b> Increase supports packaging and purification of high-assay low enriched uranium (HALEU) scrap to support DOE/NNSA's Building 9212 exit strategy and to produce HALEU for the Office of Nuclear Energy's (NE's) HALEU Availability Program. Also includes funding for the Uranium Lease and Take Back (ULTB) program which was realigned from Laboratory and Partnership Support (LAPS).	+43,260
Nuclear Material Removal: No significant change	+1,600
Material Disposition: The increase supports the activities associated with the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina, activities to ramp up the existing pit disassembly and processing capability (PDP), and planning for additional capability for the dilute and dispose (D&D) strategy.	+65,314
Laboratory and Partnership Support: The decrease reflects sufficient available prior-year balances to support molybdenum-99 (Mo-99) cooperative agreements (CAs). No new funds are required for the CAs. It also reflects the realignment of the ULTB to the Conversion subprogram.	-60,000
Total, Material Management and Minimization	+50,174

## Material Management and Minimization Conversion

## Description

The Conversion subprogram, referred to as the Convert subprogram, will support the implementation of key international nuclear nonproliferation activities addressing HEU and/or plutonium minimization. The Convert subprogram supports the conversion of domestic and international civilian research reactors and isotope production facilities to use non-weapons-usable nuclear materials. These efforts result in permanent threat reduction by minimizing and, to the extent possible, eliminating the use of HEU in civilian applications.

Currently, the Convert subprogram has converted or verified the shutdown of 107 HEU research reactors and isotope production facilities worldwide. In support of this effort, Convert will work to qualify high-density low enriched uranium (LEU) fuels and to demonstrate and set up the fabrication capability necessary to convert six U.S. high performance research reactors (USHPRR) from HEU to LEU fuel. These USHPRRs cannot be converted to use existing LEU fuels. Therefore, the Convert subprogram will procure Major Items of Equipment (MIE) to support making high-density LEU fuels to enable conversion of the USHPRRs. Beyond the USHPRR program, the Convert subprogram is continuing efforts to convert and verify the shutdown of HEU-fueled reactors around the world. In support of this effort, the program will provide technical support for the European Fuel Development program. Funding will also support the continued development and implementation of the Proliferation Resistance Optimization (PRO-X) program. The Convert subprogram will identify and work with partners around the world on the design of new-build research reactors, and associated facilities, to explore technical options to reduce the ability for these facilities to be misused for proliferation purposes.

Given the significant progress by M3 supporting the advancement of non-HEU-based Mo-99 production facilities in the United States, the program is not requesting additional Cooperative Agreement (CA) funding. The CAs are currently funded within the Laboratory and Partnership Support (LAPS) subprogram, as is the laboratory expertise to support domestic production of Mo-99 and the management of the Uranium Lease and Take-Back (ULTB) program, which leases LEU to domestic Mo-99 producers as needed. M3 intends to separate the laboratory expertise and ULTB work from the CAs (which will remain funded under the LAPS subprogram) and realign them into the Convert subprogram. This realignment will increase flexibility to overcome any final technical hurdles associated with bringing Mo-99 to market as the CA funding winds down.

In December 2021 DOE/NNSA concluded the first contract under the ULTB Program with SHINE Technologies. In addition, prior-year CA funding is assisting in the development of several diverse non-HEU technologies and construction of domestic facilities for Mo-99 production. In August 2021, the Convert subprogram issued four new CA awards under the 2020 Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA), totaling \$85M. These awards will support U.S. entities to bring their non-HEU-based Mo-99 projects to commercial production by December 2023 and become long-term producers in the U.S. Mo-99 market. All Mo-99 CAs will expire by the end of calendar year (CY) 2023. DOE/NNSA anticipates that at least two U.S. companies will be producing Mo-99 for the U.S. market by the end of CY 2023. Actual quantities of Mo-99 produced and distributed to U.S. patients, however, will be driven by the Mo-99 market. The last major Mo-99 global producer will convert to 100 percent LEU Mo-99 production in CY 2022, ending the need for the Convert subprogram's assistance in converting international Mo-99 facilities from using HEU to LEU targets.

Additionally, the Convert subprogram supports DOE and DOE/NNSA's uranium supply and uranium enrichment initiatives. In coordination with NE, the Convert subprogram is working to identify and repurpose unused or scrap material to produce HALEU to increase the supply of HALEU for research reactors, medical isotope producers, and the DOE Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations' advanced reactor demonstrations until domestic capability to produce HALEU is established. In FY 2023, DOE/NNSA will gather, characterize, and repackage for shipment 1,500 containers of HALEU scrap currently at Y-12. This project will produce ~2.2 metric tons of HALEU, support the Y-12 transition to the Uranium Processing Facility (UPF) by clearing a large amount of material out of Building 9212, and will advance the Convert subprogram by demonstrating BWXT's scrap recovery process, which could be used to recover future HALEU scrap material. This project also helps ensure that the United States will continue to supply HALEU for those facilities that use HALEU fuel and that HALEU will be available for future conversions and new reactor builds. The Convert program will purchase and install a Major item of equipment (MIE) at BWXT to support this effort during the FYNSP.

## Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Material Management and Minimization

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Convert research reactors from the use of HEU fuel to LEU fuel, or verify the shutdown of HEU fueled research reactors, both domestically and internationally. One facility will be converted or verified as shutdown in FY 2023.
- Continue campaign to qualify first-of-a-kind high-density LEU fuels to convert USHPRRs.
- Provide U.S. National Laboratory technical support to domestic Mo-99 commercial partners to establish a reliable commercial supply of Mo-99 produced without HEU.
- Pack and deliver scrap material from Y-12 to a domestic commercial processor and begin production of limited quantities of HALEU.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Given travel constraints related to COVID, held more than 100 virtual exchanges with over 10 bilateral partners and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) on a range of HEU minimization issues, including conversion of Mo-99 and research reactor facilities, proliferation resistance, and LEU fuel qualification efforts.
- Verified the shutdown of the ORPHEE research reactor in France, bringing the lifetime program total to 107 facilities converted or shutdown.
- Completed foil production at BWXT to support production of LEU fuel plates that will be used for several major upcoming fuel qualification experiments under the USHPRR project.
- Completed analysis of a generic research reactor core that demonstrates a reduction in the production of plutonium while increasing the reactor performance, confirming the objectives of the PRO-X project.

#### Conversion

# Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Conversion \$110,000,000	Conversion \$153,260,000	Conversion +\$43,260,000
<ul> <li>Verified the shutdown of one HEU facility.</li> <li>Completed key post-irradiation examination (PIE) activities of the MiniPlate-1 (MP-1) experiment.</li> <li>Conducted fabrication of key full-size irradiation test plates for the new, high-density LEU fuel for irradiation in early 2022.</li> <li>Conducted LEU fuel plate and assembly fabrication demonstration activities in support of converting USHPRRs.</li> <li>Supported DOE and DOE/NNSA's HALEU supply initiatives.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct activities to support converting or verifying the shutdown of one facility.</li> <li>Conduct LEU fuel qualification and fabrication activities both domestically and internationally.</li> <li>Support DOE's and DOE/NNSA's HALEU supply initiatives.</li> <li>Pack and ship material from Y-12 to a domestic commercial processor and begin production of limited quantities of HALEU.</li> <li>Provide technical support to the U.S. private sector to support establishment of a reliable domestic production capability for Mo-99 without the use of HEU.</li> <li>Conduct PRO-X activities addressing HEU and/or plutonium to reduce the risk of potential misuse</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase supports packaging and purification of HALEU scrap to support the Building 9212 exit strategy and to produce HALEU for other DOE programs.</li> </ul>

## Material Management and Minimization Nuclear Material Removal

# Description

The Nuclear Material Removal subprogram, referred to as the Remove subprogram, supports the removal, consolidation, and disposal of nuclear material internationally to support permanent threat reduction. Each kilogram of excess nuclear material that is removed from civilian sites worldwide reduces the risk of a terrorist or other malevolent actor acquiring HEU or plutonium for use in an improvised nuclear device. The subprogram directly advances U.S. and global HEU minimization objectives.

This subprogram consists of two primary lines of effort: 1) Nuclear Material Removal and Consolidation and 2) Mobile Packaging. Under Nuclear Material Removal and Consolidation, the Remove subprogram supports the removal, consolidation, and disposal of weapons-usable nuclear material from civilian facilities around the world. This material includes unirradiated and irradiated HEU of U.S.-origin, Russian-origin, and other origins, as well as separated plutonium. On a case-by-case basis, in support of nonproliferation objectives, some U.S.-origin LEU that previously fell under the Foreign Research Reactor Spent Nuclear Fuel Acceptance Program (also known as the U.S.-origin program), may be repatriated to the United States. The subprogram is also developing new capabilities, such as the Mobile Melt-Consolidate (MMC) system, to address inventories of weapons-usable nuclear material that do not currently have a disposition pathway and avoid bringing the material to the United States. Once operational in FY 2022, MMC will serve as a mobile platform for stabilizing excess nuclear material and converting it into a more proliferation-resistant, low-attractiveness waste form that can be readily disposed in a storage facility or repository outside the United States. The subprogram plans to construct a second MMC system in FY 2023 to support downblending activities in other partner countries. This project may qualify as minor construction, pending further planning and analysis.

The Remove subprogram evaluates excess civilian nuclear material located abroad to prioritize candidate material for removal or disposition. The subprogram evaluates material attractiveness, site- and country-level threats, and other factors to determine which materials are most at-risk and prioritizes them for removal or disposal. Furthermore, the subprogram works with foreign partners to obtain regulatory permits; characterize, stabilize, package, and transport material; and provide replacement LEU or other incentives for other than high income economy countries to encourage elimination of these materials. Additionally, the subprogram coordinates all future U.S. receipts with relevant Department of Energy stakeholders, such as the Office of Environmental Management (EM) and NE, to enable long-term planning and appropriate resource allocation.

The Remove subprogram will work closely with international partners to eliminate excess we apons-usable nuclear material and to support either removal or in-country solutions that best meet this objective. Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, the Remove subprogram has continued to execute nuclear material removals and support planning for future removals, though some projects and exercises have been, or will be, delayed due to restrictions on international travel. In FY 2023, the Remove subprogram will support HEU minimization activities in Central Asia that will be funded through an international contribution received in FY 2022.

Under Mobile Packaging, the Remove subprogram maintains the capability to promptly respond to enable the safe and secure removal of nuclear material worldwide. This specialized capability focuses on addressing HEU and plutonium inventories using the Mobile Uranium Facility (MUF) and the Mobile Plutonium Facility (MPF). Both MUF and MPF include specialized teams and mobile facilities needed to conduct in-country characterization, stabilization, packaging, and removal of nuclear materials. The Mobile Packaging program undertakes full-scale training exercises with the MUF and MPF to maintain team proficiency and ensure both facilities are ready to be deployed on short notice.

## Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

• Eliminate excess HEU and plutonium, including removing and/or confirming the disposition of 10 kilograms of nuclear material.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Despite the travel constraints presented by COVID-19, successfully executed multiple shipments and removed more than 15 kilograms of HEU to the United States for downblending and disposition.
- Collaborated with international partners to plan for future removal and downblending campaigns of weapons-usable nuclear material from countries in Asia, Europe, and North America.
- Executed Exercise Relentless Rook, a domestic, full-scale exercise of the MUF and MPF to improve team training and mission readiness.

# Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nuclear Material Removal \$40,000,000	Nuclear Material Removal \$41,600,000	Nuclear Material Removal +\$1,600,000
<ul> <li>Removed more than 15 kilograms of HEU.</li> <li>Sustained the MPF and MUF equipment and performed readiness exercises.</li> <li>Completed procurement and construction of several major MMC system components and carried out operational process R&amp;D and optimization activities to enable future MMC deployment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remove and/or confirm the disposition of an additional 10 kilograms of HEU and/or plutonium.</li> <li>Sustain the MUF and MPF equipment and perform off-site readiness exercises that practice the MUF and MPF's capabilities.</li> </ul>	• No significant change.

## Material Management and Minimization Material Disposition

# Description

The Material Disposition subprogram, referred to as the Dispose subprogram, is responsible for disposing of excess nuclear material in the United States and managing the provision of nuclear material for peaceful uses. The subprogram includes activities to disposition 34 metric tons (MT) of surplus plutonium using the dilute and dispose strategy, whereby plutonium is mixed with a multicomponent adulterant and packaged, characterized, and disposed of as transuranic (TRU) waste at the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP). The subprogram also includes activities to disposition 186 MT of HEU by downblending it and making the resulting low enriched uranium (LEU) available as fuel for commercial reactors or making supplies of high-assay LEU available for research reactors.

In addition to the efforts to disposition 34 MT of surplus plutonium, the subprogram is also supporting activities to address inventories of plutonium that were consolidated at Savannah River Site (SRS). In FY 2022, the Dispose subprogram will continue activities to disposition plutonium from the state of South Carolina including increasing staffing for downblend and waste characterization operations in K-Area at SRS. Several minor construction projects are underway at SRS to support the plutonium disposition effort. The minor construction project for a storage, characterization, and shipping pad within K-Area was completed, and storage of TRU waste containers began, in FY 2021. Startup testing and certification of the TRU waste characterization equipment was conducted in FY 2021 and FY 2022, with the first shipment to WIPP planned for late-FY 2022. During the FYNSP, the Dispose subprogram will initiate hiring, training, and qualification for operators of the new gloveboxes being installed in K-Area as part of the Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) project.

An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 34 MT mission is ongoing and is expected to be complete in FY 2023. The data collection and environmental analysis is currently underway. This EIS is required for the full 34 MT mission, though previous National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) analysis provides coverage for all activities currently underway, including Advanced Recovery and Integrated Extraction System (ARIES) operations, the SPD line-item project, and the downblending of 13.1 MT of surplus plutonium.

The Dispose subprogram includes other activities necessary to support the overall program to dispose of 34 MT of surplus we apons-grade plutonium including surveillance, monitoring, and packaging of surplus pits at Pantex and surplus pit disassembly and conversion of resultant metal to oxide, which is being conducted in the ARIES at LANL.

The Dispose subprogram will continue ongoing plutonium oxide production operations at LANL, and procurement and installation of several MIE at LANL, to improve material movement efficiency, reduce worker radiation dose exposure, and address the risk of single points of failure in the ARIES process. The subprogram will increase the rate of plutonium oxide production over the next 10 years until steady-state operations are achieved. Furthermore, the Dispose subprogram will continue activities to improve PF-4 vault storage including the disposition of legacy mixed oxide (MOX) fuel materials to make that space available for higher-priority materials.

To disposition the 34 MT of surplus plutonium, an expanded PDP capability will be necessary. An *Approval of Mission Need* Critical Decision (CD-0) was approved for this project in July 2021. DOE/NNSA subsequently initiated an Analysis of Alternatives (AoA) during FY 2021 to evaluate options to expand the PDP capability. The AoA is expected to complete in late spring of 2022.

DOE/NNSA is collaborating with the U.S. National Laboratories on a Strategic Laboratory Assessment (SLA) to continuously develop opportunities for application of state-of-the-art science and technology into the surplus plutonium disposition program to ensure that the system for processing plutonium from storage through WIPP emplacement is as efficient as possible throughout the lifetime of the program. This subprogram will evaluate system-level engineering and technical improvements to improve the efficiency of the dilute and dispose process flowsheet and material handling activities, including the potential use of robotic and virtual reality technology.

The Dispose subprogram is also responsible for preparation of the Japan Fast Critical Assembly (FCA) plutonium fuel for disposition. DOE/NNSA is pursuing the selected approach of electrolytic dissolution using H Canyon. Physical

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Material Management and Minimization

modifications, including installation of the spare electrolytic dissolver, began in FY 2021. The Japan Atomic Energy Agency (JAEA) is providing the funding for disposition of the FCA fuel.

Furthermore, the Dispose subprogram will focus on international plutonium management strategies by developing and maintaining bilateral and multilateral working arrangements. Participating countries will work together at a technical level to support efforts to manage plutonium inventories in a way that minimizes stockpiles of excess plutonium and maximizes the security and protection of the material.

The subprogram has substantially reduced excess holdings of HEU throughout the DOE/NNSA complex. The subprogram is supporting the Down-blending Offering for Tritium (DBOT) contract, which runs from FY 2019 through FY 2025. Although DBOT primarily is a DP contract, the Dispose subprogram is responsible for managing and funding a portion to support excess HEU disposition. In addition, the Dispose subprogram manages enriched uranium supply and demand needs in support of Office of Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) statutory obligations, international commitments or assurances, and to advance nonproliferation mission goals. This includes management oversight of contractors to downblend HEU into HALEU for research reactors and medical isotope production.

The Dispose subprogram will continue disposition of legacy material and low-equity discards stored at Y-12 to reduce risk due to the deteriorating infrastructure and to support the timely transition to the UPF. The HEU Thorium/Building 9206, Area 5 De-inventory (A5D), and Building 9212 discards will be completed in FY 2025, with offsite shipments occurring by 2026. Prior acceleration efforts for this scope have been offset by the continued Nevada National Security Site (NNSS) pause in waste receipts from Y-12 and COVID-19 pandemic safety measures. This timeline has no impact to the overall Area-5 de-inventory or transition to UPF.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Continue efforts to disposition plutonium from the state of South Carolina and continue the dilute and dispose strategy to fulfill the United States' commitment to dispose of 34 MT of surplus plutonium.
- Conduct conceptual design activities for PDP expansion.
- Conduct small project installation and operational ramp-up to increase plutonium oxide production.
- Eliminate surplus HEU by downblending it to LEU, or through direct disposal with a priority on legacy material to reduce operating risk in deteriorating infrastructure.

- Initiated downblend processing of NNSA plutonium materials, consistent with the August 2020 Amended Record of Decision.
- Transitioned to four-shift operations of the existing SRS K-Area downblend process which culminated from several years of hiring, training, and qualification of operations staff.
- Completed construction of the Characterization and Storage Pad in SRS's K Area and initiated pad storage operations of downblended plutonium in criticality control overpack containers (CCOs).
- Produced 75 kg of plutonium oxide in preparation for ultimate disposition using ARIES at LANL.
- Completed upgrades to the plutonium downblend process at SRS, improving efficiency and reducing worker radiation dose.
- Achieved Approval of Mission Need (CD-0) for the PDP project to address the capability needed for the 34 MT mission.
- Issued a Notice of Intent to initiate an EIS for the 34 MT mission and completed public scoping.
- Issued a Supplement Analysis and Amended Record of Decision affirming the change in the disposition path for the Japan FCA material to the electrolytic dissolution approach.
- Dispositioned HEU through downblending, leveraging the DBOT contract.

Material Disposition	i.
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Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Material Disposition \$190,711,000	Material Disposition \$256,025,000	Material Disposition +\$65,314,000
U.S. Plutonium Disposition \$155,946,000	U.S. Plutonium Disposition \$204,869,000	U.S. Plutonium Disposition +\$48,923,000
<ul> <li>Provided surveillance and packaging capabilities for surplus pits and plutonium.</li> <li>Conducted pit disassembly and oxide conversion activities to prepare plutonium for disposition.</li> <li>Continued expediting the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina.</li> <li>Continued transition to the dilute and dispose strategy, including technical development and analysis.</li> <li>Maintained the Waste Solidification Building (WSB) facility in a lay-up configuration while the Department determines options for future use.</li> <li>Supported the ongoing maintenance of critical programmatic documents including the Program Execution Plan, integrated schedules, performance measures, memoranda of agreement, analysis for plutonium disposition, and interface control documents; and require infrastructure and erosion control maintenance to comply with safety and environmental standards.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Carry out activities to process and dispose of plutonium from the state of South Carolina.</li> <li>Resume shipments to WIPP from the storage and characterization pad in K-Area.</li> <li>Increase pit disassembly and oxide conversion activities to prepare plutonium for disposition.</li> <li>Provide surveillance and packaging capabilities for surplus pits and plutonium.</li> <li>Conduct technical baseline management and maturity for the dilute and dispose strategy.</li> <li>Perform NEPA analysis for the 34 MT mission.</li> <li>Support the ongoing maintenance of critical programmatic documents.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase supports activities associated with the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina, activities to ramp up the existing pit disassembly and processing (PDP) capability, and planning for additional capability for the dilute and dispose strategy.</li> </ul>
U.S. Uranium Disposition \$32,886,000	U.S. Uranium Disposition \$49,909,000	U.S. Uranium Disposition +\$17,023,000
<ul> <li>Downblended or shipped for downblending HEU to produce LEU consistent with specifications.</li> <li>Downblended HEU into high assay LEU metal for research reactor fuel and for Mo-99 targets.</li> <li>Conducted cleanup of legacy material in Y-12's Building 9206, Building 9212, and the A5D to reduce risk.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Downblend or ship for downblending HEU to produce LEU consistent with specifications.</li> <li>Downblend HEU into high-assay LEU metal for research reactor fuel and for Mo-99 targets.</li> <li>Conduct cleanup of legacy material in Y-12's Building 9206, Building 9212, and the A5D to reduce risk.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase supports the DBOT contract to support excess HEU disposition.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Supported tracking and analyzing enriched uranium supply and demand needs and commitments of DNN mission goals.</li> <li>Completed HEU-Thorium discards.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support tracking and analyzing enriched uranium supply and demand needs and commitments to meet DNN mission goals.</li> </ul>	
International Plutonium Disposition \$1,879,000	International Plutonium Disposition \$1,247,000	International Plutonium Disposition -\$632,000
<ul> <li>Implemented plutonium management strategies with international partners.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement plutonium management strategies with international partners.</li> </ul>	• Decrease reflects the use of prior year uncosted balances to continue the same level of effort. These balances are available due to the international travel restrictions associated with the COVID pandemic.

#### Material Management and Minimization Laboratory and Partnership Support

# Description

The Laboratory and Partnership Support (LAPS) Program was established by Congress to capture funding for CAs to support the domestic production of molybdenum-99 (Mo-99). No additional funding is required for the Mo-99 CAs. Building on prior-year support, the LAPS subprogram's CA partners continue to make progress toward commercially producing Mo-99 in the United States without the use of HEU. Prior-year CA funding is assisting in the deployment of several diverse non-HEU technologies and domestic facilities for Mo-99 production. The LAPS subprogram awarded four new CAs in CY 2021 under the 2020 FOA, totaling \$85M. These awards will support U.S. entities to bring their non-HEU-based Mo-99 projects to commercial production by December 2023 and become long-term producers in the U.S. Mo-99 market. All Mo-99 CAs will expire by the end of CY 2023. DOE/NNSA anticipates that at least two U.S. companies will be producing Mo-99 in the United States by the end of CY 2023. Actual quantities of Mo-99 produced and distributed to U.S. patients, however, will be driven by the Mo-99 market. Additionally, the last major Mo-99 global producer is expected to convert to 100 percent LEU Mo-99 production in CY 2022, ending the need for the assistance in converting international Mo-99 facilities from using HEU to LEU targets.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

• No funds are requested for Mo-99 CAs. Funding for laboratory expertise to support the advancement of non-HEU-based Mo-99 and the management of the ULTB program is being realigned to the Conversion subprogram.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

• Awarded two new CAs.

# Laboratory and Partnership Support

Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Laboratory and Partnership Support \$60,000,000	Laboratory and Partnership Support \$0	Laboratory and Partnership Support -\$60,000,000
<ul> <li>Provided technical and financial support to the U.S. private sector to support establishment of a reliable domestic production capability for Mo-99 without the use of HEU.</li> <li>Awarded two new CAs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No funding is requested for Mo-99 CAs. The laboratory technical support for the Mo-99 program and the ULTB program is being realigned under the Conversion Program.</li> </ul>	• The decrease reflects sufficient available prior- year balancesto support the Mo-99 CAs. No new funds are required for the CAs. It also reflects the realignment of funding for the ULTB to the Conversion subprogram.

• Implemented the ULTB program.

## Material Management and Minimization Capital Summary

			(Do	ollars in Thousan	ds)	
	Total	Prior	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
	TOLAT	Years	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	27,685	24,833	42,693	+15,008
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	10,748	3,265	14,337	+3,589
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	38,433	28,098	57 <i>,</i> 030	+18,597
Capital Equipment > \$500К (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	16,663	17,030	17,405	+742
Simple Pit Cutter, LANL	13,728	11,501	2,227	0	0	-2,227
Material Intro Hood #1, LANL	11,178	5,000	6,178	0	0	-6,178
Material Intro Hood #2, LANL	11,220	0	0	0	0	0
Upgrade Thermogravimetric Analyzer (TGA) System, LANL	5 <i>,</i> 035	2,418	2,617	0	0	-2,617
Calorimeter #2 for Large Containers (formerly Install Second Calorimeter), LANL	7 <i>,</i> 803	0	0	7,803	0	0
Transfer Glovebox for Inline Storage, LANL (previously New Transfer/Storage GB, LANL	12,162	0	0	0	0	0
Install In-Line NDA Capability, LANL	22,388	0	0	0	22,388	+22,388
SAVY Packaging and Bagout GB, LANL	19,328	0	0	0	0	0
Inline NDA in existing GB, LANL	13,943	0	0	0	0	0
Conversion to Oxide Furnace (BWXT)	2,900	0	0	0	2,900	+2,900
Upgrade Uranium Decontamination System in Existing GBs, LANL	16,082	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	27,685	24,833	42 <i>,</i> 693	+15,008

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request		Request vs Enacted (\$)
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	ι <u> </u> ι						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	3,195	3,265	3,337		+142
Mobile Melt-Consolidate System, SRS	10,564	5 <i>,</i> 485	5 <i>,</i> 079	0	0		-5,079
Mobile Melt-Consolidate System 2.0, SRS	11,000	0	0	0	11,000		+11,000
Characterization and Storage Pad, SRS	19,957	19,922	35	0	0		-35
105-K Material Access Area (MAA) Entry Control Facility (ECF) Expansion, SRS	18,439	16,000	2,439	0	0		-2,439
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	10,748	3,265	14,337		+3,589
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	38,433	28,098	57,030		+18,597
			(Dol	lars in Thousar	nds)		
	FY 2024	FY	2025	FY 2026	FY 202	7	
	Request		quest	Request	Reques		Outyears
L Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))		<b>I</b>					I
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	33,	870	29,399	32,522	3	1,150	19,328
Minor Construction		410	3,485	3,562		3,640	N/A
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	37,3	280	32,884	36,084	. 34	4,790	19,328
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)							
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	17,	788	18,179	18,579	18	8,988	N/A
Material Intro Hood #2, LANL		0	11,220	0	1	0	0
Transfer Glovebox for Inline Storage, LANL (previously New Transfer/Storage GB, LANL		0	0	0		2,162	0
SAVY Packaging and Bagout GB, LANL		0	0	0		0	19,328
Inline NDA in existing GB, LANL		0	0	13,943		0	0
Upgrade Uranium Decontamination System in Existing GBs, LANL	16,		0	0		0	0
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	33,	870	29,399	32,522	3:	1,150	19,328
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)							
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	1	410	3,485	3,562		3,640	0
Total, Minor Construction Projects		410	3,485	3,562		3,640	0
Total, Capital Summary	37,3	280	32,884	36,084	34	4,790	19,328

# Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/

# Material Management and Minimization

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### **Global Material Security**

# Overview

The Global Material Security (GMS) program directly contributes to national security efforts to reduce global nuclear and radiological security threats. GMS focuses on preventing terrorists and other actors from obtaining nuclear and radioactive material to use in an improvised nuclear device (IND) or a radiological dispersal device (RDD). GMS works with partner countries to improve the security of vulnerable materials and facilities and to improve partners' capacity to detect, disrupt, and investigate illicit trafficking of these materials. GMS promotes long-term sustainability of its capacity-building support by working with partners to develop their own regulations and inspections processes, training infrastructure, maintenance approaches, exercise and performance testing programs, life-cycle planning, and nuclear security culture. To enhance its reach and effectiveness, GMS provides technical and policy support to multilateral organizations, including the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), the Global Initiative to Combat Nuclear Terrorism (GICNT), and International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL). As part of an ongoing strategic analysis process, GMS is also exploring innovative approaches, technologies, and tools to adapt to emerging threats and the growing demand for nuclear energy and technology. GMS supports U.S. national security priorities to reduce global nuclear security threats and sustain access to needed peaceful applications of nuclear technology that support climate change, energy security, and global health priorities.

GMS consists of three subprograms: International Nuclear Security (INS), Radiological Security (RS), and Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence (NSDD).

# Global Material Security Funding (Comparable)^a

	-				
			(	Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Global Material Security					
International Nuclear Security	78 <i>,</i> 939	78,939	81,155	+2,216	+2.8%
Radiological Security	275,000	275,000	244,827	-30,173	-11.0%
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	175,000	175,000	178,095	+3,095	+1.8%
Total, Global Material Security	528,939	528 <i>,</i> 939	504,077	-24,862	-4.7%

# Global Material Security Outyear Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 2026 FY			FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Global Material Security				
International Nuclear Security	82,822	85,886	86,556	86,519
Radiological Security	251,764	261,080	263,118	263,009
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterremce	181,311	188,020	189,485	189,408
Total, Global Material Security	515,897	534,986	539,159	538,936

^a The international contributions received by the GMS program in FY 2021 totaled \$5,513,621 including \$5,171,497 from the United Kingdom, \$99,979 from Norway, and \$242,145 from Finland.

# Global Material Security Funding (Non-Comparable)

			(	Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Global Material Security					
International Nuclear Security	78,939	78,939	81,155	+2,216	+2.8%
Domestic Radiological Security	185,000	185,000	0	-185,000	-100.0%
International Radiological Security	90,000	90,000	0	-90,000	-100.0%
Radiological Security	0	0	244,827	+244,827	+0.0%
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	175,000	175,000	178,095	+3,095	+1.8%
Total, Global Material Security	528,939	528,939	504,077	-24,862	-4.7%

# Global Material Security Outyear Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Global Material Security				
International Nuclear Security	82,822	85 <i>,</i> 886	86 <i>,</i> 556	86,519
Domestic Radiological Security	0	0	0	0
International Radiological Security	0	0	0	0
Radiological Security	251,764	261,080	263,118	263,009
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterremce	181,311	188,020	189,485	189,408
Total, Global Material Security	515,897	534,986	539,159	538 <i>,</i> 936

# **Global Material Security Explanation of Major Changes** (Dollars in Thousands)

Global Material Security	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
International Nuclear Security: No major change.	+2,216
<b>Radiological Security:</b> Decrease reflects the completion of remediation efforts following the 2019 container breach in Seattle as well as the initiation of several radiological security projects in the United States and in partner countries earlier than planned.	-30,173
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence: No major change.	+3,095
Total, Global Material Security	-24,862

#### Global Material Security International Nuclear Security

#### Description

The mission of the International Nuclear Security (INS) subprogram is to lead U.S. international nuclear security efforts by working with partner countries, international organizations, and non-governmental organizations to prevent theft and sabotage of nuclear material and nuclear facilities worldwide.

For more than 20 years, DOE/NNSA has leveraged the expertise of the U.S. National Laboratories to mitigate the risks of terrorists acquiring nuclear material. While these efforts have dramatically improved nuclear security around the world, gaps remain. Global expansion of the civilian nuclear fuel cycle, evolving adversary capabilities and tactics, and the availability of technologies to execute attacks presents a significant concern for global nuclear security.

INS is evolving with these risks. While highly enriched uranium and weapons-grade plutonium remain a top priority, INS is also concerned with other high-risk materials and the impacts of attacks on facilities that could adversely impact U.S. national security. INS also examines emerging issues and technologies that could present risks or opportunities for nuclear security in the future and develops innovative approaches to integrate these findings into partner country engagements.

Accordingly, INS works across the globe to secure weapons-usable nuclear materials, nuclear power plants and nuclear fuel cycle facilities, research and non-power reactors, and materials in transit. INS is developing a strategy to promote nuclear security best practices with countries interested in pursuing civil nuclear energy programs. INS also partners with U.S. industry on Security-by-Design activities to enhance security of advanced reactor designs. These measures are part of a broader DOE/NNSA effort to support future nuclear energy technology development and deployment that meets climate change goals and applies graded security measures and nonproliferation considerations.

Across all these areas, INS employs a risk-informed approach to prioritize engagements with partner countries to identify and reduce threats and risks by enhancing or building effective, comprehensive nuclear security regimes with its partners. Effective and comprehensive nuclear security regimes must include laws, regulations, procedures, people, organizations, training, and technologies—all of which must be integrated with operations, safety, the public, and the international community.

Based on a careful assessment of threats and vulnerabilities, INS implements nuclear security upgrades in select partner countries. INS also assists partner countries with developing and implementing effective nuclear security regulations, training and educational programs, secure transportation, protective force capabilities, material control and accounting capabilities, cyber security programs for nuclear facilities, and insider threat mitigation programs, which include strong nuclear security culture and performance evaluations.

INS leverages a variety of partnerships in pursuit of its mission, including partnerships with the IAEA, the World Institute for Nuclear Security (WINS), the Global Partnership against the Spread of Weapons and Materials of Mass Destruction, INTERPOL, non-governmental organizations, and U.S. industry. Partnering with the IAEA is of particular importance to ensure that global nuclear security norms and standards are strong and to reinforce bilateral nuclear security risk-reduction work. INS works with the IAEA on the development of nuclear security guidance documents, advanced training, advisory missions, technical meetings, and major conferences. INS also partners with the IAEA to develop nuclear security support centers (NSSCs) that help maintain expertise and serve as resources for nuclear security capacity-building.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Deepen existing bilateral relationships with nearly 60 countries through virtual engagements or in-person technical exchanges and training on a wide range of nuclear security topics (e.g., physical security, insider threat mitigation, transportation security, nuclear material accounting and control, cyber security), while identifying and collaborating with nuclear newcomers interested in developing nuclear energy infrastructure.
- Sustain and build upon previous upgrades at nuclear facilities.
- Sustain previous investments by the Office of Radiological Security (ORS) at key nuclear research reactors worldwide.

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- Analyze and develop innovative risk mitigation approaches for a range of fuel cycle facilities, including select nuclear power plants, and addressing emerging nuclear security challenges such as drones, cyber security, and artificial intelligence.
- Partner with the IAEA to enhance training capabilities, develop guidance, and conduct outreach to nuclear newcomers.
- Partner with INTERPOL to identify and develop training for law enforcement agencies that engage with or support nuclear facilities worldwide.
- Implement a strategy to raise nuclear security awareness for countries embarking on new or expanding existing civil nuclear power programs.
- Partner with relevant U.S. Government partners and the U.S. nuclear industry on Security by Design for advanced reactors to support climate change and innovation goals in a secure manner.
- Expand efforts to promote the roles of women in nuclear security and develop the next generation of nuclear security experts.

- Demonstrated resiliency and adaptability in 2020-2021 during the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic that supported continuity of international engagements and execution of the INS mission in a virtual environment; actions include holding more than 250 virtual exchanges with nearly 60 bilateral partners on a range of nuclear security issues, such as insider threat mitigation, response, transportation security, counter unmanned aerial systems, cyber security, and sabotage mitigation.
- Expanded bilateral cooperation on a wide range of nuclear security topics to nearly 60 countries, several of which are embarking on new nuclear energy infrastructure.
- Conducted upgrades at nuclear facilities in key locations to reduce risks of sabotage and theft, while helping sustain previous upgrades in countries such as Malaysia, Romania, and Czechia.
- Started new upgrades at nuclear facilities in Morocco and Jordan based on assessments of risks and potential vulnerabilities.
- Developed a new sabotage mitigation initiative for key partners where nuclear power plants are critical to energy security.
- Partnered with the IAEA to support international virtual engagements including international training courses and revision of IAEA technical guidance.
- Worked with the IAEA to strengthen and support the NSSCs, advisory missions, and educational programs, and provided subject matter expert assistance to build sustainable, effective global nuclear security.
- Launched the 12-country Steering Committee of the International Working Group for the Advancing Information Circular 908 on Mitigating Insider Threats and the INS Nuclear Security Women (NSW) initiative.
- Conducted Over the Horizon assessments of emerging threats and technologies and completed investigations into impacts of technologies such as artificial intelligence on nuclear security.
- Completed a multi-part series of virtual transport security workshops for three regions in support of Information Circular 909: Europe, South America, and Southeast Asia.
- Performed Security by Design efforts in support of global deployment of advanced and small modular reactors.
- Conducted outreach to four nuclear embarking and/or expanding countries: Kenya, Sudan, Indonesia, and South Africa.

# International Nuclear Security

#### **Activities and Explanation of Changes**

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
nternational Nuclear Security \$78,939,000	International Nuclear Security \$81,155,000	International Nuclear Security +\$2,216,000
<ul> <li>Collaborated with international partners to conduct six regional workshops related to cyber security for nuclear facilities, transport security, and insider threat mitigation.</li> <li>Expanded and deepened bilateral engagement with approximately 60 total countries, including nuclear newcomers.</li> <li>Commenced upgrades on four sites in high-risk environments.</li> <li>Partnered to sustain upgrades at sites completed in previous years.</li> <li>Partnered with IAEA to support the implementation of three international training courses, the revision of IAEA technical documents and guidelines, and the capabilities of five NSSCs.</li> <li>Secured nuclear material in five partner countries.</li> <li>Led U.S. international engagement with over 10 partners on solutions to counter the threat that unmanned aerial systems may pose to nuclear facilities.</li> <li>Developed innovative solutions to address nuclear security concerns and create risk reduction opportunities, including consideration of security impacts of emerging technologies such as advanced reactors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expand collaboration with nearly 60 countries on a wide range of nuclear security issues.</li> <li>Sustain and build upon previous upgrades at nuclear facilities.</li> <li>Sustain and build upon previous upgrades to reduce the risk of sabotage at facilities in key locations.</li> <li>Implement a sabotage mitigation initiative with key partners where nuclear power plants are critical to energy security.</li> <li>Continue adapting to a virtual training and engagement environment due to COVID-19, including launching a Learning Management System for foreign partners.</li> <li>Expand engagements with nuclear newcomer countries on nuclear security infrastructure development and capacity-building to meet sustainable development goals.</li> <li>Engage in technical partnerships with industry on Security by Design for advanced reactors for future global deployments, in support of sustainable energy goals.</li> <li>Further innovation in nuclear security to address emerging risks and develop sustainable security options for our partners.</li> <li>Expand INS' Nuclear Security Women (NSW) initiative to promote the role and visibility of women in nuclear security by providing education, training, research, and other</li> </ul>	• No major change.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Global Material Security

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	<ul> <li>professional development opportunities to create the next generation of nuclear security experts.</li> <li>Support for IAEA international training courses and workshops, expert positions, guidance development, and engagement with nuclear newcomers.</li> <li>Support INTERPOL's law enforcement training efforts to improve engagement/support of nuclear facilities worldwide.</li> <li>Support WINS in areas such as emerging threats and technology engagements, cyber security, and performance evaluation.</li> <li>Develop strategies, tools, and processes for cyber security, insider threat mitigation, and other dynamic nuclear security functional areas, as well as new areas of engagement including countering unmanned aerial systems, artificial intelligence, and other emerging technical areas.</li> </ul>	

### Global Material Security Radiological Security

#### Description

The Radiological Security (RS) subprogram supports U.S. national security and plays an important role in preventing radiological terrorism at home and abroad by working with partners to secure high-risk radioactive materials that could be used in acts of terrorism. Radioactive materials are used worldwide to diagnose and treat diseases such as cancer, sterilize medical instruments, and monitor the structural integrity of materials. However, these same radioactive materials pose a risk to the safety and security of our Nation if not properly protected, removed, or replaced with alternative technologies.

RS reduces the risk of radioactive materials falling into the wrong hands and being used in a radiological dispersal device (RDD)—better known as a "dirty bomb." An RDD could have devastating economic and psychological consequences for our country and create panic. To mitigate that risk, RS applies a "cradle-to-grave" approach to radioactive source security by addressing vulnerabilities during all phases of the lifecycle of radioactive sources, including production, transportation, use, and end-of-life. RS leverages the unique technical capabilities of the U.S. National Laboratories to develop and implement sustainable security solutions that take into consideration the needs of radioactive source users. RS has developed an integrated and comprehensive approach to security by working closely with government partners, the response community, and the private sector.

To mitigate the risk of radiological terrorism, RS employs a three-pronged strategy, which includes protecting high-activity sources, removing disused or orphaned sources, and reducing the reliance on radioactive sources to achieve permanent risk reduction.

RS protects high-activity radioactive materials located at vulnerable locations (e.g., hospitals, universities) in the United States and worldwide. Domestically, RS works in close cooperation with licensees, industry partners, state regulators, and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Internationally, RS works in close cooperation with national, regional, and multilateral partners, including the IAEA and INTERPOL. RS implements state-of-the-art security solutions to protect radioactive material at volunteer sites, including implementing mobile source transit security systems for sources used in the well logging and radiography industries.

Next, where appropriate, RS addresses the vulnerability of disused or orphan radioactive sources by removing, consolidating into secure storage and, if possible, disposing of those sources that pose a potential risk to national security, public health, and safety through the Off-Site Source Recovery Program (OSRP). On a case-by-case basis, RS also repatriates high-risk U.S.-origin sources from international locations.

Finally, RS prioritizes the Reduce mission, which focuses on reducing reliance on radioactive sources by encouraging the transition away from radioactive sources to more secure alternatives. Reducing reliance on such sources permanently reduces risk either by eliminating high-activity sources or by obviating the need to introduce sources in the first place. Technologies for alternatives are maturing, and new technologies are entering the market. Domestically, RS disseminates information on these alternative technologies and provides cost-sharing incentives to volunteer organizations willing to transition away from cesium irradiators to non-radioisotopic technologies through its Cesium Irradiator Replacement Project (CIRP). RS is on track to eliminate cesium-137 blood irradiators in the United States by December 31, 2027, as outlined in the FY 2019 National Defense Authorization Act. Participation in CIRP is voluntary; the program fully covers the costs of the recovery of the radioactive source through the OSRP and provides a financial incentive towards the purchase price of a new non-radioisotopic device.

RS prioritizes efforts to ensure effective security for cesium-based devices worldwide, including replacing cesium-137 irradiators with proven X-ray technology, enhancing physical protection of cesium-137 and cobalt devices by collaborating with manufacturers to design and install kits that significantly delay an adversary's access to the source (known as In-Device Delay, or IDD). Finally, RS helps build national infrastructure in partner countries to effectively respond to an attempted theft of a source.

In 2016, RS integrated this three-pronged approach to reducing radiological risk under the 2020 Cities Initiative, which focused on the 20 largest cities in the United States. Beginning in FY 2021, the new RadSecure 100 Initiative expanded these efforts to numerous additional cities. RadSecure 100 continues the work of the 2020 Cities Initiative by bringing the same scalable radiological security trainings and activities to 100 major metropolitan areas. RadSecure 100 also continues voluntary security enhancements for radioactive sources in use, incentivizes replacing radioactive sources with more secure alternatives, and trains law enforcement responders. Furthermore, RadSecure 100 includes an increased focus on security enhancements for mobile sources, local law enforcement response activities, transportation security, and insider threat awareness.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Replace 85 cesium devices (70 domestically under CIRP and 15 internationally) with alternative technologies and expand the Reduce mission to include cobalt devices.
- Support the transition from high-activity radioactive sources to non-radioisotopic alternative technologies and expanding education and outreach to encourage broader adoption of technologies that do not use high-activity radioactive sources.
- Remove an additional 700 unwanted sealed sources (500 domestically and 200 internationally) excess and unwanted sealed sources for disposition or long-term storage.
- Enhance capabilities to manage disused sources safely and securely and build international partner capacity to manage disused sources themselves.
- Protect an additional 35 buildings (20 domestically and 15 internationally) with high-priority radioactive sources.
- Maintain and expand partnerships with industry to identify new security solutions to address risks and increase security of radioactive materials.

- Demonstrated resiliency and adaptability by conducting more than 570 virtual exchanges under pandemic conditions with over 100 domestic and international partners on a range of radiological security topics including insider threat mitigation, response, transportation security, cyber security, and alternatives to radioactive source-based technologies.
- Completed decontamination and remediation efforts at the building affected by the breached cesium-137 source in Seattle, Washington.
- Replaced 50 devices (39 domestically and 11 internationally) that use high-activity radioactive sources with non-radioisotopic alternative technologies.
- Expanded education and outreach to encourage broader adoption of technologies that do not use high-activity radioactive sources.
- Recovered and disposed of over 721 excess and unwanted sealed sources from locations throughout the United States and 388 disused or orphaned radioactive sources in other countries.
- Launched the RadSecure 100 Initiative and continued to secure volunteer buildings with high-risk quantities of radioactive sources in major metropolitan areas of the United States.
- Secured a total of 48 buildings (28 domestic and 20 international) with high-priority radioactive sources.
- Increased coordination between sites that have high-priority radioactive material and local law enforcement agencies responsible for protecting those sites.
- Deployed six mobile source tracking systems for use on field-deployed sources.
- Collaborated with industry on Security by Design to make source-based devices and facilities inherently more secure in the manufacturing process.
- Initiated IDD installations at Gamma Knife facilities internationally.
- Worked with appropriate authorities and sites domestically and internationally to sustain previously installed security upgrades.

# **Radiological Security**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Radiological Security (as separate Domestic and International Radiological Security subprograms) \$275,000,000	Radiological Security \$244,827,000	Radiological Security -\$30,173,000
<ul> <li>Replaced 50 devices (39 domestically and 11 internationally) that use high-activity radioactive sources with non-radioisotopic alternative technologies.</li> <li>Removed an additional 721 excess and unwanted sealed sources from locations throughout the United States.</li> <li>Secured a total of 48 buildings (28 domestic and 20 international) with high-priority radioactive sources.</li> <li>Expanded deployment of security and tracking solutions for mobile sources and worked with new industry partners to develop security solutions for other makes and models of mobile sources.</li> <li>Led cybersecurity initiatives at high-priority radioactive material sites in the United States, providing partners with best practices, training, and other technical assistance.</li> <li>Worked with industry and regulators to enhance security of high-activity radioactive sources during transportation across the United States.</li> <li>Expanded the Security by Design cooperation with industry to make source-based devices and facilities inherently more secure.</li> <li>Provided local law enforcement with the capability to train their officers locally on the threat of radioactive materials and how to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace 85 devices (70 domestically and 15 internationally) that use high-activity radioactive sources with non-radioisotopic alternative technologies.</li> <li>Remove an additional 700 (500 domestically and 200 internationally) excess and unwanted sealed sources for disposition or long-term storage</li> <li>Protect an additional 35 buildings (20 domestically and 15 internationally) with high-priority radioactive sources.</li> <li>Through the RadSecure 100 Initiative, continue to expand response training and coordination efforts with local law enforcement in additional metropolitan areas across the United States.</li> <li>Support the secure and peaceful use of advanced nuclear technologies by facilitating access to nonradioisotopic alternative technologies which can be achieved through device installation, infrastructure improvements, outreach, and education.</li> <li>Work with industry, regulators, and operators to enhance security of high-activity radioactive sources during transportation.</li> <li>Maintain focus on cyber security, insider threat mitigation, and security culture in the United States and abroad, providing partners with training and other technical assistance to keep radioactive materials secure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects the completion of remediation efforts following the 2019 container breach in Seattle as well as the initiation of several radiological security projects in the United State and in partner countries earlier than planned.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
respond to the potential theft of radioactive materials.	<ul> <li>Work to complete the priority site physical protection upgrades and engagements with industry partners that were impacted by the COVID pandemic.</li> </ul>	

#### Global Material Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence

### Description

The Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence (NSDD) subprogram works to build the capacity of partner countries to detect, disrupt, and investigate smuggling of nuclear and radioactive materials that could be used in acts of terrorism. NSDD provides partners with tailored radiation detection systems based on assessments of high-risk smuggling pathways and operational environments. NSDD partners include international law enforcement, intelligence, and border security organizations. To facilitate long-term systems operability, NSDD works with partners to develop their capabilities across five performance areas: policies and procedures, operations, training, maintenance, and assessment. NSDD coordinates closely with other U.S. Government agencies (e.g., Departments of Homeland Security, State, Defense, and Justice) to maximize the impact of U.S. Government resources, and collaborates with international organizations such as INTERPOL, IAEA, the Border Monitoring Working Group, the World Customs Organization (WCO), and GICNT, to promote consistency in global efforts to counter nuclear smuggling.

NSDD addresses remaining gaps in global counter nuclear smuggling capabilities by expanding program initiatives and partnerships to address the evolving geopolitical landscape and emergence of new global threats. NSDD cooperates with partners to establish and sustain a defense-in-depth detection strategy at:

- High-priority points of entry, including land border crossings, rail crossings, airports, and seaports,
- Along frontier areas, working with border and maritime security agencies at green and blue borders, and
- Within the interior of states, partnering with police and security services.

NSDD works with partners to build necessary capabilities in a manner commensurate with partners' existing security practices by conducting trainings, workshops, drills, exercises, and related events designed to test, evaluate, and improve system performance and effectiveness.

NSDD will work to expand and deepen existing relationships with partner country agencies that enhance policies and procedures, operations, training, maintenance, and assessment of deployed systems. These collaborations are also designed to enhance the partner's investigation support capabilities to include capacity-building focused on isotopic identification and analysis of detected material. Together, these tools contribute to building a practical, comprehensive, and effective counter nuclear smuggling capability.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Equip priority points of entry with radiation detection systems and provide associated training and maintenance support to help counter the threat of illicit trafficking of special nuclear material; Central Asia, the Sahel, and Eastern Europe are priority regions.
- Strengthen radiation detection and interdiction capabilities in high-risk frontier areas through the Green Border Security Initiative and Maritime Vector Partnership projects.
- Strengthen interdiction and inspection capabilities of Internal Security and Law Enforcement (ISLE) units making intelligence-driven decisions to patrol and protect internal checkpoints, major public events, and possible adversary targets of interest such as critical infrastructure.
- Build and evaluate partner agencies' capabilities in five performance areas critical to achieving baseline counter nuclear smuggling operability: policies and procedures, operations, training, maintenance, and assessment.

- Demonstrated resiliency and adaptability during the pandemic that supported continuity of international engagements and execution of the NSDD mission in a completely virtual environment, including holding more than 60 virtual exchanges with nearly 50 bilateral partners.
- Provided five additional mobile and portable systems for use at internal checkpoints in countries along known smuggling routes.

- Strengthened radiation detection and interdiction capabilities of green border security teams and improved surveillance capabilities near sensitive and high-risk areas on green borders by completing three Green Border Security Initiative projects.
- Provided enhanced capabilities to interior law enforcement and intelligence agencies responding to counter smuggling information alerts and investigations.
- Provided identification, inspection, and radiation detection tools for interdiction of small maritime vessels in the Indian Ocean and the Arabian Sea.
- Established three new bilateral partner country engagements to strengthen nuclear investigation support capabilities, bringing the total number of current investigation support engagements to 35 partners.
- Conducted outreach engagements in over 25 countries in South and Southeast Asia, Africa, and the Middle East, and completed six new agreements with high-priority partners.
- Equipped an additional 29 official crossing points to close key gaps in the global nuclear detection architecture in eight countries and connected radiation detection sites to national communications systems in one country.
- Supported capacity-building activities in five performance areas (policies and procedures, operations, training, maintenance, and assessment) in partner countries where systems have been installed but are not yet indigenously sustained.
- Completed recapitalization efforts with three partner countries.
- Met the FY 2021 target for 75% of partner agencies to demonstrate operational capability of counter nuclear smuggling systems.
- Conducted over 25 events, workshops, and exercises to advance partner country capabilities in radiation detection operations and sustainability, equipment maintenance, and investigation support.
- Conducted over 35 training courses to advance partner country capabilities in operating, maintaining, and managing radiation detection measures, to include investigations.

# Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence
\$175,000,000	\$178,095,000	+\$3,095,000
<ul> <li>Deployed counter nuclear smuggling systems at 36 interdiction points including:</li> <li>Completed a total of 29 projects along points of entry, enhancing radiation detection capabilities at: 20 large-scale border crossing points, six man- portable Passenger Rail Initiative deployments, one seaport, and two airports.</li> <li>Enhanced frontier area interdiction and inspection capabilities by completing four projects providing radiation localization and identification equipment, along with ancillary interdiction equipment, to enforcement units by completing: three Green Border Security Initiative projects and one Maritime Vector Partnership project.</li> <li>Strengthened interdiction, inspection, and investigation capabilities of internal security and law enforcement units by completing three pilot projects providing radiation detection equipment, ancillary equipment, and human resource development.</li> <li>Conducted over 25 drills, workshops, or exercises and completed over 35 training courses, to advance partner country capabilities in operating, maintaining, and managing radiation detection systems, to include investigations.</li> <li>Supported capacity-building activities in prioritized partner countries to promote and evaluate system operability.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Meet the FY 2023 target for 77% of partner agencies to demonstrate operational capability of counter nuclear smuggling systems.</li> <li>Deploy counter nuclear smuggling systems at 23 interdiction points</li> <li>Complete a total of 10 projects along points of entry, enhancing radiation detection capabilities at: six large-scale border crossing points, one seaport, and three airports.</li> <li>Enhance frontier area interdiction and inspection capabilities by completing five projects providing radiation localization and identification equipment, along with ancillary interdiction equipment, to enforcement units by completing four Green Border Security Initiative projects and one Maritime Vector Partnership project.</li> <li>Strengthen interdiction, inspection, and investigation capabilities of internal security and law enforcement units by completing eight projects providing radiation detection equipment, and human resource development.</li> <li>Support capacity-building activities in five performance areas (policies and procedures, operations, training, maintenance, and assessment) in partner countries to promote system operability.</li> <li>Conduct assessments of partners' baseline counter nuclear smuggling operability.</li> </ul>	• No major change.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Global Material Security

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	<ul> <li>Conduct over 60 drills, workshops, or exercises and complete over 50 training courses to advance partner country capabilities in operating, maintaining, sustaining, and managing radiation detection measures, to include investigations.</li> <li>Initiate new, high-priority engagements with law enforcement, intelligence, and border security agencies in the Sahel and Southeast Asia.</li> <li>Establish regional technical and maintenance providers in new areas to further sustainability efforts and pursue new investigation support partnerships, including with nuclear newcomer states.</li> </ul>	

#### Nonproliferation and Arms Control

# Overview

The Nonproliferation and Arms Control (NPAC) program enhances U.S. national security and facilitates legitimate civil nuclear cooperation by reducing global nuclear proliferation threats. NPAC applies its unique technical and policy expertise residing in NNSA to support U.S. nonproliferation and arms control objectives to prevent proliferation, ensure peaceful nuclear uses, and enable verifiable nuclear reductions. The NPAC program pursues these objectives through four subprograms: (1) International Nuclear Safeguards; (2) Nuclear Export Controls; (3) Nuclear Verification; and (4) Nonproliferation Policy. Respectively, these offices: strengthen international nuclear safeguards; control the proliferation of nuclear material, equipment, technology, and expertise; verify nuclear reductions and compliance with nonproliferation and arms control challenges and opportunities. Across these programmatic functions, NPAC continues to play a leading role in addressing current threats while also drawing upon its expertise to anticipate emerging nonproliferation challenges and develop technical approaches and potential policy solutions.

#### Nonproliferation and Arms Control Funding

				(Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Nonproliferation and Arms Control					
International Nuclear Safeguards	62,235	62,235	84,179	+21,944	+35.3%
Nuclear Export Controls	35,710	35,710	40,621	+4,911	+13.8%
Nuclear Verification	33,745	33,745	67,240	+33,495	+99.3%
Nonproliferation Policy	16,310	16,310	15,616	-694	-4.3%
Total, Nonproliferation and Arms Control	148,000	148,000	207,656	+59,656	+40.3%

#### Nonproliferation and Arms Control **Outyear Funding**

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 2026 FY 2027		FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Nonproliferation and Arms Control				
International Nuclear Safeguards	76,452	74,125	74,486	73,156
Nuclear Export Controls	43,095	48,127	48,286	48,049
Nuclear Verification	72,101	75,199	75,352	75,970
Nonproliferation Policy	15,540	17,403	18,405	19,264
Total, Nonproliferation and Arms Control	207,188	214,854	216,529	216,439

# Nonproliferation and Arms Control Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs
	vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	
International Nuclear Safeguards: The increase in funding supports continued development of the nonproliferation enrichment testing a training platform and peaceful uses activities related to non-energy (e.g., medical and agricultural) uses of nuclear technology.	nd +21,944
<b>Nuclear Export Controls:</b> The increase in funding enables technical support for U.S. Government participation in multilateral export contregimes and international arrangements such as the Wassenaar Arrangement and the Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BWC); supports efforts to evaluate emerging and foundational technologies for proliferation risks; and addresses specific proliferation challenge through targeted training.	
<b>Nuclear Verification:</b> The increase in funding supports establishment of dedicated facilities and projects and development of additional experts within NNSA to allow for expanded activities to develop, test, and evaluate the additional and stretch approaches for warhead and weapons material monitoring and verification procedures and technologies as part of a monitoring and verification initiative that bolsters the expertise and technology critical to sustaining NNSA's arms control mission and accelerate the development of new technologies and approaches.	+33,495
Nonproliferation Policy: No major changes.	-694
Total, Nonproliferation and Arms Control	+59,656

## Nonproliferation and Arms Control International Nuclear Safeguards

# Description

The International Nuclear Safeguards (NS) subprogram strengthens the international nuclear safeguards regime and the International Atomic Energy Agency's (IAEA's) ability to verify peaceful uses of nuclear materials and facilities and detect non-compliance. NS manages programs to strengthen the technology and human capital base to support safeguards, oversees activities of the U.S. Support Program (USSP) to IAEA Safeguards, collaborates with the IAEA and other partners to enhance the implementation of safeguards norms and best practices, promotes Safeguards by Design elements with the U.S. nuclear industry, oversees implementation of U.S. Additional Protocol (AP) and Voluntary Offer Agreement (VOA) safeguards requirements and activities at DOE sites and facilities, and assesses the physical protection of U.S.-obligated nuclear materials overseas. NS also provides support to the IAEA to implement its monitoring and verification mandate in Iran.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Implement ongoing DOE/NNSA statutory and treaty/agreement obligations and authorities, including: physical security assessment visits for U.S.-obligated materials at foreign facilities; implementing U.S. safeguards obligations under the U.S. VOA/AP; and international safeguards training.
- Support effective IAEA safeguards and verification of Iran's nuclear program in accordance with its IAEA safeguards commitments, relevant international agreements, and applicable United Nations (UN) Security Council resolutions.
- Prepare the nonproliferation enrichment testing and training platform to develop and test technologies and approaches for transfer to the IAEA in collaboration with select international partners.
- Strengthen the U.S. safeguards technology and human capital base to meet projected U.S. and IAEA resource requirements.
- Continue implementation of Advanced Reactor International Safeguards Engagement (ARISE) program, including working with key stakeholders (i.e., the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, DOE's Office of Nuclear Energy, industry, U.S. National Laboratories) to incorporate Safeguards by Design elements into advanced reactor designs.
- Promote universal adherence to the highest standard of IAEA Safeguards Agreements: A Comprehensive Safeguards Agreement with an AP, and a modified Small Quantities Protocol (where applicable).
- Provide customized training and outreach to more than 50 international partners to enable effective and efficient IAEA safeguards implementation around the world.
- Work with the interagency and the IAEA to implement changes to the safeguards approach for plutonium subject to the VOA for surplus plutonium disposition from K-Area Material Storage to Waste Isolation Pilot Plant to enable ongoing transparency.
- Facilitate legitimate nuclear cooperation and minimize the proliferation risks of the expansion of civil nuclear power through capacity-building in nuclear safeguards.
- Enhance nonproliferation opportunities with international partners through targeted peaceful uses engagement projects.

- Maintained implementation of safeguards obligations at DOE facilities through remote means, after the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Transitioned 50 domestic and international safeguards engagement workshops to remote/virtual delivery.
- Promoted peaceful uses of nuclear technology globally, including through projects with U.S. nuclear medical societies to provide targeted peaceful uses assistance with Tanzania and Ghana, and provided funding to the IAEA to facilitate over a dozen projects with partner countries.
- Completed phase 1 activities associated with the infrastructure preservation and decommissioning plan for the nonproliferation enrichment testing and training platform.
- Transferred seven safeguards technology tools to international partners, including particle reference standards for environmental sample analysis and radiation-tolerant memory cards for surveillance cameras.

# International Nuclear Safeguards

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
International Nuclear Safeguards \$62,235,000	International Nuclear Safeguards \$84,179,000	International Nuclear Safeguards +\$21,944,000
<ul> <li>Developed safeguards technologies and approaches to: (1) address electrochemical processing based on research and development conducted with international partners; (2) improve efficiencies of safeguards; and (3) enhance inspector capabilities in high-priority areas such as enhanced in-field collection analysis and detection of undeclared activities.</li> <li>Transferred seven safeguards tools to foreign partners or international organizations to meet identified safeguards deficiencies.</li> <li>Continued developing a nonproliferation enrichment testing and training platform for the development and testing of technologies approaches for transfer to the IAEA.</li> <li>Improved safeguards concepts and approaches for new facilities and fuel cycles; strengthened Safeguards by Design approaches directly with designers and nuclear industry, especially for advanced reactor designs; and analyzed the implications of emerging technology to international safeguards applications.</li> <li>Enhanced partnerships with the IAEA and advanced nuclear partners to field test advanced safeguards technologies to enhance state declarations and optimize safeguards agreements and good practices in safeguards agreements and good practices in safeguards implementation by providing customized training and outreach to more than 50 countries.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop safeguards technologies and approaches to: (1) promote integration of features into advanced reactor designs to facilitate the application of IAEA safeguards; (2) improve efficiencies of safeguards; and (3) enhance inspector capabilities in high-priority areas such as enhanced in-field collection analysis and detection of undeclared activities.</li> <li>Transfer safeguards tools to international partners or organizations to meet identified safeguards deficiencies.</li> <li>Prepare the nonproliferation enrichment testing and training platform for commissioning in FY 2024 for the development and testing of technologies for transfer to the IAEA.</li> <li>Improve safeguards concepts and approaches for new facilities and fuel cycles and analyze the implications of emerging technology to international safeguards applications.</li> <li>Develop and promote integration of Safeguards by Design elements into U.S. advanced reactor and fuel cycle facility designs to facilitate opportunities for international deployment.</li> <li>Expand and enhance efforts to promote universal adherence to IAEA safeguards agreements and good practices in safeguards agreements and soft providing customized training and outreach to more than 70 countries.</li> <li>Expand non-power peaceful uses activities to other areas of the developing world as a means to strengthen the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) and further enhance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase in funding supports the continued development of the nonproliferation enrichment testing and training platform and peaceful uses activities related to non-energy (e.g., medical and agricultural) uses of nuclear technology.</li> </ul>
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nonproliferation and Arms Control		FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Supported non-power peaceful uses activities in the developing world as a means to further enhance safeguards implementation and regulatory effectiveness.</li> <li>Maintained support for accredited IAEA Network of Analytical Laboratories at U.S. National Laboratories.</li> <li>Maintained qualified and knowledgeable safeguards staff at the U.S. National Laboratories and the IAEA through maintenance of early and mid-career safeguards positions at the U.S. National Laboratories and safeguards training courses.</li> <li>Cooperated with Department of State (DOS), Department of Defense (DOD), the NRC, and the IAEA to develop guidelines and policies to help prioritize the allocation of safeguards resources in ways that will strengthen the IAEA's ability to detect, deter, and investigate undeclared nuclear activities.</li> <li>Provided on an as-requested basis, technical and technology assistance to the IAEA to monitor Iran's nuclear program, and to prepare for possible involvement in denuclearization activities, including annual reporting requirements as required by U.S. law and treaty obligations.</li> <li>Led planning for four U.S. Government assessments of the physical protection of U.Sobligated nuclear materials at foreign facilities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>safeguards implementation and regulatory effectiveness.</li> <li>Maintain support for accredited IAEA Network of Analytical Laboratories at the U.S. National Laboratories.</li> <li>Maintain qualified and knowledgeable safeguards staff at the U.S. National Laboratories and IAEA through early and mid-career safeguards positions at the U.S. National Laboratories and safeguards training courses.</li> <li>Cooperate with DOS, DOD, the NRC, and the IAEA to develop guidelines and policies to help prioritize the allocation of safeguards resources in ways that will strengthen the IAEA's ability to detect, deter, and investigate undeclared nuclear activities.</li> <li>Provide on an as-requested basis, technical and technology assistance to the IAEA to monitor Iran's nuclear program, and to prepare for possible involvement in denuclearization activities in DPRK.</li> <li>Implement U.SIAEA safeguards obligations at DOE facilities, including annual reporting requirements as required by U.S. law and treaty obligations.</li> <li>Lead U.S. Government assessments of the physical protection of U.Sobligated nuclear materials at foreign facilities.</li> <li>Continue to implement remote or virtual engagements when necessary and where practical and enhance e-learning opportunities to expand outreach capabilities.</li> </ul>	

### Nonproliferation and Arms Control Nuclear Export Controls

# Description

The Nuclear Export Controls subprogram facilitates peaceful nuclear cooperation by strengthening domestic and global capacity to detect and prevent the illicit transfer of nuclear and dual-use materials, equipment, and technology. The subprogram implements and oversees programs that: provide technical and end-user evaluations of U.S. export license applications; provide technical support that enhances the U.S. Government's capacity to detect and interdict illicit nuclear and dual-use commodity technology transfers to foreign programs of concern; provide technical support to the multilateral nonproliferation export control regimes; and strengthen foreign partner national systems of export control consistent with U.S. policy and the multilateral supplier regimes.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Implement ongoing DOE/NNSA statutory obligations and authorities, including U.S. nonproliferation and export control activities (export license reviews and interdiction case technical reviews).
- Facilitate legitimate nuclear cooperation and minimize the proliferation risks of the expansion of civil nuclear power through international capacity-building and engagement in export controls.
- Provide nonproliferation assessments of emerging nuclear technologies and other emerging strategic risks and challenges to anticipate and prevent nuclear technological surprises.
- Develop and deploy new training materials for international and domestic audiences to raise awareness of the potential proliferation risks of new emerging technologies.
- Expand technical support to the multilateral regimes (i.e., Wassenaar) and other arrangements (i.e., IAEA technical cooperation projects).
- Continue the Export Compliance Assistance Program (ECAP) to raise awareness of export compliance responsibilities, assist in developing strategies for complying with all U.S. export control laws and regulations, and provide export compliance training to federal employees, their staff and contractors at DOE & NNSA Headquarters, Field & Site Offices, and sites and facilities.

- Delivered nine emerging technologies virtual seminars focusing on implementation of Section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act.
- Conducted 51 export control training events for U.S. enforcement agencies and international partners, while developing more online training courses for use in FY 2021 and beyond.
- Partnered with DOS, and the Department of Commerce, and the Government of Malaysia to hold the 10th anniversary hybrid celebration of Malaysia's Strategic Trade Act, which drew together nearly 1,000 attendees and highlighted the importance of strategic trade controls in combating the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction.
- Completed approximately 6,800 technical reviews of U.S. export licenses for nuclear and dual-use commodities and more than 2,000 technical analyses for interdiction cases and unique analytical products regarding proliferation trends.

# **Nuclear Export Controls**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nuclear Export Controls \$35,710,000	Nuclear Export Controls \$40,621,000	Nuclear Export Controls +\$4,911,000
<ul> <li>Engaged 45 foreign partners on a bilateral and regional basis to strengthen their national export control systems to help prevent illicit trafficking in nuclear and weapons of mass destruction-related (WMD-related) materials, commodities, and technology. This was accomplished through training and technical cooperation to exchange export control best practices and build the capacity of key countries to serve as trainers for their region.</li> <li>Trained U.S. export enforcement officials to familiarize them with controlled nuclear and dual-use material, equipment, and technology, which could be used for WMD purposes, and collaborated with the U.S. Customs and Border Protection's (CBP) National Targeting Center (NTC). Provided technical reach back to U.S. export licenses for nuclear and dual-use commodities, continued to provide state-of-the-art technology assessments to the multilateral control regimes, and provided training courses for DOE and other U.S. Government officials regarding evolving export-controlled technologies and proliferation concerns.</li> <li>Supported the U.S. Government enforcement community by providing approximately 2,000 technical analyses for interdiction cases per year and unique analytical products regarding proliferation trends.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Engage foreign partners on a bilateral and regional basis to strengthen their national export control systems to help prevent illicit trafficking in nuclear and WMD-related materials, commodities, and technology. This is accomplished through training and technical cooperation to exchange export control best practices and build the capacity of key countries to serve as trainers for their region.</li> <li>Train U.S. export enforcement officials to familiarize them with controlled nuclear and dual-use material, equipment, and technology, which could be used for WMD purposes, and collaborate with the CBP's NTC. Provide technical reach back to U.S. export enforcement agencies.</li> <li>Perform technical reviews of U.S. export licenses for nuclear and dual-use commodities, perform reviews of nuclear software code requests and U.S. Munitions List cases, continue to provide state-of-the-art technology assessments to the multilateral export control regimes, review IAEA technical cooperation (TC) projects for proliferation concerns, and provide training courses for DOE and other U.S. Government officials regarding evolving export-controlled technologies and proliferation concerns.</li> <li>Support the U.S. Government enforcement community by providing technical analyses for interdiction cases per year and unique analytical products regarding proliferation trends.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase in funding enables technical support for U.S. Government participation in multilateral export control regimes and international arrangements such as the Wassenaar Arrangement and the BWC; supports efforts to evaluate emerging and foundational technologies for proliferation risks; and addresses specific proliferation challenges through targeted training.</li> </ul>

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nonproliferation and Arms Control

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Maintained and supported information technology systems to support export control licensing, interdiction analysis, and the multilateral nonproliferation export control regimes.</li> <li>In coordination with DOS, provided technical reviews of proposed transfers of items, materials, goods, and technology to Iran in accordance with applicable UN Security Council resolutions.</li> <li>Supported ECAP which deploys export control awareness training across DOE and NNSA facilities targeted at the Federal workforce, their staff, and contractors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain and support information technology systems to support export control licensing, interdiction analysis, and the multilateral nonproliferation export control regimes.</li> <li>Provide technical reviews of proposed transfers of items, materials, goods, and technology to Iran in accordance with applicable UN Security Council resolutions.</li> <li>Support ECAP which deploys export control awareness training and provides export compliance guidance and assistance across DOE and NNSA facilities targeted at the Federal workforce, their staff, and contractors.</li> <li>Work to address potential proliferation risks associated with emerging and foundational technologies in cooperation with the U.S. interagency and international partners, as appropriate.</li> <li>Support the U.S. Government's interest in strengthening the BWC by conducting a study to look at ways to strengthen this international convention, including the feasibility of a potential BWC verification regime.</li> </ul>	

#### Nonproliferation and Arms Control Nuclear Verification

# Description

The Nuclear Verification subprogram reduces proliferation concerns by enabling verifiable arms reductions, including through support for negotiation and implementation of U.S. nonproliferation and arms control treaties and agreements. The subprogram conducts applied technology development, testing, evaluation, maintenance, and deployment of monitoring technologies and develops monitoring and verification approaches that are informed through analysis of the potential impacts of initiatives on DOE and NNSA National Laboratories, plants, and sites. Additionally, the subprogram maintains technical readiness to negotiate and implement future nuclear fuel cycle transparency agreements and conducts U.S.-led missions to monitor, verify, disable, and dismantle proliferant nuclear fuel cycle programs around the world. The subprogram performs monitoring activities under existing agreements and supports U.S. Government review of other countries' compliance with their treaty and agreement obligations. The subprogram also contributes to U.S. policy development for treaty and agreement implementation while ensuring U.S. requirements for maintaining a safe, secure, and reliable nuclear weapons stockpile are met.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Initiate and implement a monitoring and verification initiative to develop the needed NNSA facilities, projects and personnel to bolster the expertise and technology critical to sustaining NNSA's arms control mission and accelerate the development of new technologies and approaches.
- Initiate the development of an arms control user facility to support NNSA's arms control monitoring and verification stretch approach, which draws upon additional measures and data to greatly complicate any efforts to circumvent monitoring regimes.
- Implement ongoing DOE/NNSA treaty/agreement obligations and authorities, including implementing DOE obligations under the Plutonium Production Reactor Agreement (PPRA), Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC), and the NPT.
- Support compliance analysis and implementation of the New Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty (New START) and other arms control agreements.
- Maintain technical and manpower readiness for future U.S.-led monitoring and verification of denuclearization activities through strategic tool maintenance and regular verification team exercise and training events.
- Continue development of a U.S. field verification capability to confirm aspects of a nuclear weapons development program.
- Develop and maintain monitoring and verification teams to build readiness for future U.S.-led on-site monitoring and verification activities.

- Implemented DOE/NNSA treaty/agreement obligations and authorities, including DOE obligations under the PPRA, the CWC, and the NPT.
- Supported negotiations, compliance analysis, and implementation of New START and other arms control agreements, including the CWC.
- Supported multiple Administration-directed national security policy reviews: arms control policy, U.S.-Russia strategic stability dialogue, the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (CTBT), and Nuclear Posture Review (NPR).
- Supported work to address the long-term technical challenges of nuclear disarmament verification.
- Maintained technical and manpower readiness for future U.S.-led monitoring and verification of denuclearization activities through strategic tool maintenance and regular verification team exercise and training events.
- Continued development of a U.S. field verification capability to confirm whether a suspect event is an underground nuclear explosion, and if so, determine and assess key event parameters.

# **Nuclear Verification**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nuclear Verification \$33,745,000	Nuclear Verification \$67,240,000	Nuclear Verification +\$33,495,000
<ul> <li>Supported U.S. implementation, compliance analyses, and policy development for the New START Treaty and the Open Skies Treaty, and ensured DOE/NNSA equities and interests were protected.</li> <li>Under the terms of the PPRA, supported implementation, but due to the COVID-19 pandemic were unable to conduct the three monitoring visits in Russia to ensure that Russian plutonium oxide was stored securely and that shutdown Russian plutonium production reactors remained in a non-operational status or to host Russian monitors on annual PPRA monitoring visit to shutdown U.S. plutonium production reactors at the Savannah River Site.</li> <li>Conducted national security and nuclear nonproliferation activities related to nuclear testing limitations, including those that support monitoring and verification capabilities under the CTBT International Monitoring System and International Data Centre that complement and strengthen U.S. nuclear explosion monitoring and verification capabilities.</li> <li>Provided seismic monitoring capacity-building under the Seismic Cooperation Program to foreign partner institutionsto enhance their abilities to detect and analyze possible nuclear explosions, as well as mitigate geophysical hazards.</li> <li>Developed, tested, and evaluated verification procedures and technologies; trained and exercised specialized U.S. verification teams; and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support U.S. implementation, compliance analyses, and policy development for the New START Treaty, the CWC, and other arms control agreements, and ensure DOE/NNSA equities and interests are protected.</li> <li>Implement U.S. and DOE/NNSA legal obligations under the CWC, including maintaining accreditation of the OPCW laboratory at LLNL.</li> <li>Under the terms of the PPRA, if feasible, conduct up to three monitoring visits in Russia to ensure that Russian plutonium oxide is stored securely and that shutdown Russian plutonium production reactors remain in a non-operational status, and, if required, host Russian monitors on annual PPRA monitoring visit to shutdown U.S. plutonium production reactors at the Savannah River Site.</li> <li>Continue national security and nuclear nonproliferation activities related to nuclear testing limitations, including those that support monitoring and verification capabilities under the CTBT International Monitoring System and International Data Centre that complement and strengthen U.S. nuclear explosion monitoring and verification capabilities.</li> <li>Provide seismic monitoring capacity-building under the Seismic Cooperation Program to foreign partner institutions to enhance their abilities to detect and analyze possible nuclear explosions, as well as mitigate geophysical hazards.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase in funding supports establishment of dedicated facilities and projects and development of additional experts within NNSA to allow for expanded activities to develop, test and evaluate the additional and stretch approaches for warhead and weapons material monitoring and verification procedures and technologies as part of a monitoring and verification initiative that bolsters the expertise and technology critical to sustaining NNSA's arn control mission and accelerate the developmen of new technologies and approaches.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>conducted operations planning to maintain short- notice readiness for U.Sled monitoring and verification of nuclear weapons material production programs and associated denuclearization efforts around the world.</li> <li>Developed, tested, and evaluated warhead and weapons material monitoring and verification procedures and technologies, and supported international technical engagements to address long-term verification challenges.</li> <li>Collaborated with the United Kingdom under the 1958 Mutual Defense Agreement (MDA) and with other partner countries to develop potential common approaches to nuclear verification issues.</li> <li>Implemented U.S. and DOE legal obligations under the CWC, including maintaining accreditation of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) laboratory at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop, test, and evaluate verification procedures and technologies; train and exercise specialized U.S. verification teams; and conduct operations planning to maintain short-notice readiness for U.Sled monitoring and verification of nuclear weapons material production programs and associated denuclearization efforts around the world.</li> <li>Develop, test, and evaluate warhead and weapons material monitoring and verification procedures and technologies, and support international technical engagements to address long-term verification challenges.</li> <li>Collaborate with the United Kingdom under the 1958 MDA and with other partner countries to develop potential common approaches to nuclear verification issues.</li> <li>Expand training and e-learning where possible to maintain on-site verification readiness capabilities.</li> <li>Initiate and implement a monitoring and verification initiative that bolsters the expertise and technologies and approaches.</li> </ul>	

#### Nonproliferation and Arms Control Nonproliferation Policy

### Description

The Nonproliferation Policy subprogram continues its longstanding role in developing and implementing programmatic efforts that anticipate and address enduring and emerging nuclear nonproliferation challenges and opportunities. The subprogram continues to serve as the DOE/NNSA lead in supporting the negotiation and implementation of nonproliferation agreements and requirements set forth in the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (AEA), as amended; the 1978 Nuclear Nonproliferation Act; National Defense Authorization Acts (NDAAs); and stemming from national nonproliferation initiatives, agreements, and treaties, including the NPT. In addition, the subprogram continues to lead efforts to develop DOE/NNSA nonproliferation policy guidance on nuclear technology transfer and nuclear fuel cycle issues, undertakes activities to improve and update multilateral nuclear supplier arrangements, and identifies supplier vulnerabilities and potential gaps in supplier arrangements. The subprogram also implements the regulations at 10 CFR Part 810 (Part 810), which control the export of unclassified nuclear technology and assistance, pursuant to Section 57b(2) of the AEA, as amended. Additionally, the subprogram supports activities focused on reducing the danger of nuclear war and preventing the proliferation of nuclear weapons in critical regions and preparing DOE/NNSA for cross-cutting and emerging changes to the threat environment.

### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Implement ongoing DOE/NNSA statutory obligations and authorities, including U.S. nonproliferation and export control activities (123 Agreements, and Part 810 authorizations).
- Provide technical leadership as part of the U.S. delegation to the Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) through the provision of expertise to ensure NSG controls keep pace with technological, industry, and proliferation developments.
- Develop technical and policy solutions that support the implementation of high-level Administration initiatives to address pressing proliferation concerns, including the effective implementation of the NPT and related elements of the nonproliferation regime.
- Facilitate legitimate civil-nuclear commerce and minimize the proliferation risks of the expansion of civil nuclear power through international outreach.
- Provide nonproliferation assessments of emerging nuclear technologies and other emerging strategic risks and challenges.
- Implement legal authority to impose monetary civil penalties for violations of the Part 810 regulation.
- Develop, expand, and improve e810 to respond to industry and internal feedback.
- Continue to consider high-assay low-enriched uranium (HALEU) and fuel supply issues and options in conjunction with current proliferation and global political considerations.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Processed 55 Part 810 specific authorization applications and requests for amendments, including end-use and technical reviews, and reviewed 572 reports and notifications for compliance with Part 810.
- Finalized a Federal Register Notice and Communications Plan for the regulatory rule change to impose monetary civil penalties for violations of the 10 CFR Part 810 as directed by the FY 2019 NDAA.
- Provided key technical support as required by the AEA (or "as legally required") for the U.S.-UK 123 Agreement to ensure that significant U.S. and UK civil nuclear cooperation, previously conducted under the auspices of the U.S.-Euratom 123 Agreement, continues uninterrupted.
- Concluded analysis on advanced reactor technologies that will proactively inform the creation of a U.S. strategy on how to approach advanced technology proposals in the NSG, which ultimately furthers innovative U.S. technical and policy support in strengthening the international nonproliferation regime.
- Provided foundational understanding of cross-cutting and emerging changes to the nonproliferation threat environment, for example on China's civil-military fusion efforts, further supporting U.S. policies towards China.
- Conducted Track 1.5 engagements in South Asia, East Asia, and the Middle East to reduce the danger of nuclear war and discourage the spread of nuclear weapons in critical regions.
- Expanded the reach of South Asia-focused social media and web-based projects to promote U.S. interests in the region to 3.8 million viewers.

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nonproliferation and Arms Control

#### FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

- Launched a Track 1.5 initiative to focus on strengthening support for the NPT by developing a community of transatlantic deterrence experts and cultivating the next generation of deterrence experts.
- Completed development on version 1.1 of the NSG Information Sharing System (NISS) Web Application.

# Nonproliferation Policy

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nonproliferation Policy \$16,310,000	Nonproliferation Policy \$15,616,000	NonproliferationPolicy -\$694,000
<ul> <li>Processed 55 Part 810 specific authorization applications and requests for amendments, including end-use and technical reviews. Reviewed specific authorization reports and notifications for compliance with Part 810 and the scope of the existing license.</li> <li>Reviewed hundreds of Part 810 general authorization reports for compliance with Part 810 regulations and responded to requests for determination.</li> <li>Conducted Part 810 Process Improvement procedures, focusing on expanding external outreach and reducing processing times.</li> <li>Conducted Track 1.5 engagements with India, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Egypt, and Burma, to reduce the danger of nuclear war and discourage the spread of nuclear weapons in critical regions.</li> <li>Grew South Asia-focused social media and webbased projects to promote U.S. interests in the region.</li> <li>Worked with the NSG to strengthen controls on nuclear exports, including amendments of the NSG Guidelines and control lists, consistent with advancements in the technology, commercial, and proliferation domains.</li> <li>Executed a U.Sled advanced nuclear technology review of the NSG control lists.</li> <li>Conducted NSG industry outreach activities to establish a consistent dialog with industry on the impacts of technological and commercial developments on the NSG Guidelines.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support the ongoing statutory responsibility for regulating the export of civil nuclear technology and assistance under 10 CFR Part 810 by processing specific authorization applications and requests for amendments and renewals, including end-use and technical reviews.</li> <li>Expand enforcement and compliance efforts and implementation of new (FY 2022) civil penalty authority rulemaking.</li> <li>Support implementation of U.S. deliverables for the 2025 NPT Review Cycle and associated nonproliferation, disarmament, and peaceful uses objectives.</li> <li>Conduct track 1.5 deterrence dialogue engagements to provide innovative solutions to NPT challenges.</li> <li>Provide technical support to strengthen the international export control regimes including the NSG.</li> <li>Play a critical role on the development of policy initiatives and programming to ensure that the NSG Guidelines and control lists remain effective and credible (e.g., advanced reactors and reprocessing technical studies).</li> <li>Develop and execute a U.S. strategy for addressing advanced reactor technologies in the NSG.</li> <li>Conduct targeted NSG industry outreach activities on technological and commercial developments of the NSG Guidelines.</li> <li>Provide leadership and logistical/meeting planning support for U.S. Chair of the NSG.</li> </ul>	• No major changes.
Nonproliferation and Arms Control		FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Applications.</li> <li>Conducted analyses of the impact of NPT-related developments on U.S. nonproliferation interests.</li> <li>Support implementation of U.S. deliverables for the 10th NPT Review Cycle.</li> <li>Provided technical assistance to the negotiation of potential Section 123 Agreements for Cooperation and their corresponding Administrative Arrangements.</li> <li>Led preparations for the High-Level Bilateral Commission under the U.SRepublic of Korea 123 Agreement.</li> <li>Conducted analyses of accountancy information in support of the implementation of 23 bilateral 123 Agreements.</li> <li>Conducted two track 1.5 deterrence dialogues to encourage support for the NPT and build a transatlantic deterrence community.</li> <li>Completed scientific analysis the climate effects of nuclear weapons to counter humanitarian arguments underpinning support for the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct ongoing U.S. support and maintenance of the NISS Web and Mobile Applications.</li> <li>Provide statutorily mandated technical assistance to the negotiation of potential Section 123 Agreements for Cooperation and their corresponding administrative arrangements.</li> <li>Provide statutorily mandated technical assistance to the negotiation of potential Section 123 Agreements for Cooperation and their corresponding administrative arrangements.</li> <li>Develop mechanisms to increase the number of 123 Agreements that balance U.S. nonproliferation norms and support U.S. industry while meeting future partners' desire to access U.S. technology.</li> <li>Provide technical assistance to the negotiation of potential Section 123 Agreements.</li> <li>Lead preparations for the High-Level Bilateral Commission under the U.SRepublic of Korea 123 Agreement.</li> <li>Conduct analyses of accountancy information in support of the implementation of bilateral 123 Agreements.</li> <li>Conduct studies and analyses on current and future nonproliferation challenges in coordination with the national laboratories and prominent industry experts.</li> <li>Advance program goals utilizing a limited travel environment post-COVID, including through delivery of online trainings and engagements,</li> </ul>	

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
	<ul> <li>and continued development of existing virtual platforms.</li> <li>Conduct track 1.5 engagements in regions of concern to reduce the danger of nuclear war and dissuade the proliferation of nuclear weapons.</li> <li>Grow South Asia-focused social media and webbased projects to promote U.S. interests in the region.</li> </ul>	

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation NNSA Bioassurance Program

#### Overview

The U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) establishes a national security bioassurance program that focuses on anticipating and detecting threats and scaling response solutions that will enable and assure security of the growing bioeconomy and strengthen biodefense. The program will focus on sustaining and growing core capabilities at NNSA facilities such as high performance computing for threat assessment and rapid countermeasure design, development of detection capabilities, and expertise in biological sciences and engineering; the intersections of biothreats and nuclear activities, including in export controls, which are the specific responsibility of NNSA; the intersection with biothreats and biological-based energy production, , and harnessing DOE capabilities to support efforts across the U.S. Government to safeguard the bioeconomy and strengthen biodefense. In close coordination with DOE's Office of Science (DOE-SC), NNSA will leverage DOE National Laboratories expertise, classified workplaces, and computational capabilities, as well as DOE investments in bioscience, biotechnology, and biomanufacturing. As occurs now in the nuclear mission space, all these capabilities will be able to be leveraged by NNSA's interagency partners.

DOE has the primary responsibility to provide long-term capabilities at its labs for expert, cross-disciplinary, team science, mission delivery and application orientation, distinctive and capable scientific user facilities, intelligence-informed science and technology perspectives, and robust technology transfer that creates new companies and jobs. These capabilities are used widely by other government agencies but are nurtured and sustained by DOE/NNSA.

The NNSA Bioassurance Program has three tracks that integrate across enabling science, addressing national security issues, and transition to mission and private partners. The first track, Threat Anticipation and Assessment, focuses on anticipating destabilizing biological threats, both naturally occurring and anthropogenic, and avoiding technical surprise through predictive modeling and data science. The second track, Signature Discovery and Early Detection, focuses on identifying threat signatures and developing detection technologies. The third track, Threat Mitigation and Safeguards, focuses on rapidly developing and validating safeguards and threat mitigation approaches.

This new program will be coordinated tightly with the biosciences and biotechnology activities within DOE-SC. This coordinated DOE program would include core funding for NNSA and DOE-SC laboratory programs to support staff, specialized infrastructure, and expand capabilities at DOE's user facilities to support these research areas. Having a department-level coordinated program that includes foundational science in bioeconomy, biopreparedness, and biodefense research working together with the NNSA Bioassurance Program has tremendous mutually beneficial value. With the U.S. economy poised to experience significant growth in the use of biomanufacturing and biotechnology to produce biological molecules and materials on a commercial scale, this approach would accelerate knowledge of national security risks in how these technologies could be a threat to the U.S., how the U.S. Government needs to protect efforts in these areas,, and innovation and discovery within the broader set of biosciences, to assure a strong and secure bioeconomy and strengthen biodefense. NNSA and DOE-SC have demonstrated the ability to implement large-scale, integrated cooperative national security programs.

#### NNSA Bioassurance Program Funding

			(C	Dollars in Thousands)	
				FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	vs	VS
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
NNSA Bioassurance Program				•	
Program Integration and Technology Transfer (PI)	0	0	14,000	+14,000	N/A
Technology Development and Demonstration (TD)	0	0	4,000	+4,000	N/A
Threat Mitigation and Safeguards (TMS)	0	0	2,000	+2,000	N/A
Total, NNSA Bioassurance Program	0	0	20,000	20,000	N/A
	r	NNSA Bioassurance F Outyear Fundi	0	(Dollars in Th	ousands)

	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
NNSA Bioassurance Program				
Program Integration and Technology Transfer (PI)	6,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Technology Development and Demonstration (TD)	8,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Threat Mitigation and Safeguards (TMS)	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
Total, NNSA Bioassurance Program	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000

#### NNSA Bioassurance Program Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request
	vs
	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	
<b>NNSA Bioassurance Program:</b> Funding establishes the program and supports a risk and infrastructure needs assessment, initial mi equipment purchases, and preliminary exploratory research	nor + <b>20,000</b>
Total, NNSA Bioassurance Program	+20,000

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation NNSA Bioassurance Program

# Description

Funding for the NNSA Bioassurance Program establishes the program and supports a risk and infrastructure needs assessment, initial equipment purchases, and preliminary exploratory research.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Establish the NNSA Bioassurance Program.
- Perform a biothreats/biotechnology risk assessment that includes the intersections of biothreats with nuclear activities and energy, identifies bioassurance needs and gaps, incorporates a bioassurance research infrastructure needs assessment, and develops a program framework that prioritizes resources to sustain a long-term research and development bioassurance capability in the DOE National Labs.
- Perform a strategic bio-landscape assessment of current interagency priorities and activities and align the program framework with developing national security requirements for strengthening the bioeconomy and biodefense.
- Initiate DOE laboratory pilot technology development projects as prioritized in the Bioassurance program framework.

# FY 2024 - FY 2027 Key Milestones

- Develop strategies to address the risks and opportunities associated with emerging and converging biotechnologies to exploit opportunities and mitigate future threats.
- Build upon the Bioassurance program framework and establish phased science plan goals, objectives, requirements, and execute a prioritized list of small equipment procurements and facility upgrades to meet plan objectives.
- Establish multi-year DOE lab research programs to address science plan goals and objectives.
- Identify and leverage state-of-the-art test beds and other research facilities and platforms across DOE, NNSA, and the interagency to evaluate and anticipate threats from emerging and converging technologies.
- Establish a university program to create a pipeline for expertise and to meet strategic workforce needs within the national laboratories in emerging and converging biotechnologies, biosecurity, and biodefense.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

• N/A

# NNSA Bioassurance Program

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
<ul> <li>NNSA Bioassurance Program \$0</li> <li>This program starts in FY 2023.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NNSA Bioassurance Program \$20,000,000</li> <li>Establish NNSA Bioassurance Program.</li> <li>Perform a biothreats/biotechnology risk assessment that includes the intersections of biothreats with nuclear activities and energy, identifies bioassurance needs/gaps, conducts a bioassurance research infrastructure needs assessment, and develops a program framework that prioritizes resources to sustain a long-term research and development bioassurance capability in the DOE National Labs</li> <li>Perform a strategic bio-landscape assessment of current interagency priorities and activities and continue to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NNSA Bioassurance Program \$+20,000,000</li> <li>Funding establishes the NNSA Bioassurance Program.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>align the program framework with the developing national security requirements for strengthening the bioeconomy and biodefense.</li> <li>Initiate DOE laboratory pilot projects as prioritized in the bioassurance program framework.</li> </ul>			

#### NNSA Bioassurance Program Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
	Total	Prior Years	Enacted	Annualized	Request	FY 2021 Request (\$)
				CR		
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of						
Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	0	0	8,000	8,000
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	0	0	8,000	8,000
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	0	0	8,000	8,000
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	0	0	8,000	8,000
			(Dol	llars in Thousa	nds)	
			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs
	Total	Prior Years	Enacted	Annualized	Request	FY 2021 Request (\$)
				CR		

Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A

Total, Capital Summary

			CR		1 (17
			_		
 N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0
 N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0
 N/A	N/A	0	0	8,000	8,000

# Outyears for NNSA Bioassurance Program

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Outyears
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))	LI				
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	4,000	2,000	0	0	N/A
Minor Construction	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	4,000	2,000	0	0	N/A
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)					
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	4,000	2,000	0	0	N/A
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	4,000	2,000	0	0	N/A
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Minor Construction Projects	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total, Capital Summary	4,000	2,000	0	0	N/A

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development

#### Overview

The Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (DNN R&D) program directly contributes to nuclear security by developing U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize global nuclear security threats in full coordination with the goals and priorities of U.S. Government mission stakeholders across nonproliferation, counterterrorism, and emergency response mission areas. In addition, DNN R&D sustains and develops foundational nonproliferation technical competencies that ensure the technical agility needed to support a broad spectrum of U.S. nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats. To do these activities, DNN R&D leverages the unique facilities and scientific skills of DOE, academia, and industry to perform research and demonstrate advances in capabilities, develop prototypes, and produce sensors for integration into operational systems.

Specifically, the DNN R&D program makes these strategic contributions through the innovation of U.S. technical capabilities to detect, identify, locate, and characterize foreign nuclear material production and weapons development activities; movement and illicit diversion of special nuclear materials; and global nuclear detonations. DNN R&D also supports nuclear forensics R&D that develops and maintains analysis capabilities at the National Laboratories that can support time-critical decisions in the event of a nuclear or radiological incident or assist in determining the origin of interdicted materials or nuclear devices. These technical capabilities are either advanced to higher maturities, transitioned to stakeholders for further development for mission-specific applications, or transferred to operational performers. In addition, DNN R&D sustains and develops foundational nonproliferation technical competencies by providing targeted, long-term support for enabling infrastructure, science and technology, and an expert workforce.

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (DNN R&D) Funding

		(Dollars in Thousands)				
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request	
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs	
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)	
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D				•		
Proliferation Detection	255,000	255,000	287,283	+32,283	+12.7%	
Nuclear Detonation Detection	267,000	267,000	279,205	+12,205	+4.6%	
Nonproliferation Fuels Development	20,000	20,000	0	-20,000	-100.0%	
Forensics R&D ^a	40,000	40,000	44,414	+4,414	+11.0%	
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	59,900	59,900	109,343	+49,443	+82.5%	
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	641,900	641,900	720,245	+78,345	+12.2%	

(a) For the purpose of comparison, this table includes the \$40,000K of FY2021 Enacted funding for National Technical Nuclear Forensics R&D, which was a separate program in FY2021.

Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR)/Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR):

- FY 2021 Transferred: SBIR: \$13,202; STTR: \$0
- FY 2022 Annualized CR: SBIR: \$13,975; STTR: \$0
- FY 2023 Request: SBIR: \$14,705; STTR: \$0

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (DNN R&D) Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027		
	Request	Request	Request	Request		
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D						
Proliferation Detection	293,937	304,812	307,190	307,061		
Nuclear Detonation Detection	278,743	289,058	291,312	291,192		
Nonproliferation Fuels Development	0	0	0	0		
Forensics R&D	45,664	47,353	47,722	47,703		
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	94,380	97,872	98,635	98,595		
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	712,724	739,095	744,859	744,551		

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Research and Development

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Proliferation Detection (PD): The increase expands activities that advance and broaden development of integrated, next-generation nuclear arms control monitoring and verification technology and expertise.	+32,283
Nuclear Detonation Detection (NDD): This increase provides systems engineering, integration, and risk analysis support for testbed development and for transition of technologies to operational mission partners.	+12,205
Nonproliferation Fuels Development: No funding is requested to continue this activity in FY 2023.	-20,000
Forensics R&D: The increase further supports the execution of a nuclear forensics R&D university consortium conducting R&D to address basic research shortfalls and train the next generation of experts in technical nuclear forensics missions.	+4,414
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program (NSP): The increase accelerates development of testbeds, including uranium and plutonium sciences and weaponization, to sustain and develop foundational nonproliferation competencies to support a broad spectrum of U.S. nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats.	+49,443
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development	+78,345

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Proliferation Detection

#### Description

The Proliferation Detection (PD) subprogram develops technologies to detect foreign nuclear weapons programs; support nuclear arms control treaty verification by improving compliance monitoring capabilities; and support national nuclear security and interdiction of nuclear materials outside of regulatory control. PD efforts are aligned along these major functional areas: (1) Nuclear Weapons Development and Material Production Detection efforts targeted toward the detection, identification, location, and characterization of foreign nuclear arms control treaty monitoring and verification tools and applications, operational interdiction, radiological source replacement, and nuclear security efforts across NNSA; and (3) Nonproliferation Enabling Capabilities efforts supporting a broad R&D base to bring new, cross-cutting technologies to multi-use applications across NNSA and the interagency community, including a field experiment and demonstration program and university research program. The field demonstration program integrates research and experimental testbed activities to advance technology in support of the Nation's treaty verification and monitoring needs.

As part of DNN R&D's University Consortia for Nuclear Nonproliferation, PD supports three consortia which link universities and DOE National Laboratories to address basic research shortfalls in nuclear nonproliferation and security and treaty compliance monitoring. All currently funded consortia have a Minority Serving Institution (MSI) component and will place a particular emphasis on encouraging the participation of Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCU) and other MSIs through planned funding opportunity announcements (FOA).

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Advance U.S. detection and characterization capabilities of foreign nuclear weapons production activities through 2027.
- Achieve improvements in U.S. capabilities in nuclear weapons and material security applications, including detecting special nuclear material (SNM) and its movement, incident response, and nuclear safeguards.
- Conduct programmatic activities for nonproliferation and foreign weapons program activity monitoring through execution and development of national testbeds for validation of new sensors, equipment, and capabilities.
- Provide a broad, underlying set of technical capabilities that support nuclear nonproliferation and nuclear security, continuing to expand current technical frameworks.
- Execute an integrated approach to broadened strategic arms control & verification R&D to identify key technologies in light of emerging threats.
- Align with the developing interagency requirements for early detection of nuclear proliferation, including SNM production and cross-cutting artificial intelligence and other data science applications.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Conducted two field campaigns at Los Alamos National Laboratory to identify signatures associated with alternative manufacturing use in nuclear weapons development.
- Conducted two field experiments at Nevada National Security Site (NNSS) focused on testing newly constructed proliferator-relevant equipment and understanding their associated signatures.
- Executed a field campaign at Idaho National Laboratory (INL) to improve understanding of signatures of special nuclear material (SNM) production.
- Awarded a five-year grant to a new university consortium focused on nuclear engineering and nuclear physics.
- Further advanced the state-of-the-art for applying artificial intelligence and advanced data analytics to the nuclear nonproliferation problem, demonstrated using real-world interagency datasets.
- Completed four workshops focused on developing a roadmap for future arms control monitoring and verification R&D.
- Successfully leveraged DP's Stockpile Stewardship activity at U1a at NNSS to collect signatures from subcritical experiments.

# **Proliferation Detection**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Proliferation Detection \$255,000,000	Proliferation Detection \$287,283,000	Proliferation Detection+\$32,283,000
<ul> <li>Developed and demonstrated advances in U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize foreign nuclear programs, especially in denied areas, as follows: advanced sensor and algorithm development and demonstrated technologies and methods in operational testbed environments for SNM production detection; Assessed the impact of alternative manufacturing techniques and advanced stand-off detection methods for weaponization activities to monitor the potential technical breakout of foreign weapons programs; Developed new analytic approaches to move proliferation detection to earlier timelines and closed information gaps in denied areas; Accelerated the timeline for large-scale field experimentation to identify and verify signatures of nuclear-related high-explosive tests, collecting against a device that will be built using advanced manufacturing techniques.</li> <li>Developed and demonstrated advances in U.S. capabilities to strengthen nuclear security across the threat spectrum as follows: advanced detection, developed and advanced safeguards technology, and addressed nuclear data gaps in support of nuclear security. Expanded ongoing efforts focusing on arms control and warhead verification and monitoring R&amp;D, including initiation of projects to improve the ability to verify warhead declarations under future arms control treaties; to investigate potential new, alternative methods of verify treaties; and to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop and demonstrate advances in U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize foreign nuclear programs, especially in denied areas as follows: advance sensor and algorithm development and demonstrate technologies and methods in operational testbed environments for SNM production detection; Understand the impact of alternative manufacturing techniques and advance stand-off detection methods for weaponization activities to monitor the potential technical breakout of foreign weapons programs; Develop new analytic approaches to move proliferation detection to earlier timelines and close information gaps in denied areas.</li> <li>Develop and demonstrate advances in U.S. capabilities to strengthen nuclear security across the threat spectrum as follows: advance detection, develop and advance safeguards technology, and address nuclear data gaps in support of nuclear security.</li> <li>Expand efforts focusing on arms control and warhead verification and monitoring R&amp;D, and initiate activities to advance expected arms reduction technical frameworks and enable improved vulnerability assessments to expand U.S. technical options and flexibility in future negotiations.</li> <li>Support three university consortia to address basic gaps in nuclear nonproliferation and treaty compliance monitoring.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase expands activities that advance and broaden development of integrated, next- generation nuclear arms control monitoring and verification technology and expertise.</li> </ul>

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>identify arms control gaps and potential future R&amp;D.</li> <li>Supported three university consortia to address basic gaps in nuclear nonproliferation and treaty compliance monitoring.</li> </ul>	• Support an emerging and disruptive technologies initiative focused on building expertise with emerging technologies in the context of varied nuclear nonproliferation missions, to prevent technological surprise and provide opportunities to support nonproliferation and national security more broadly.	

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Nuclear Detonation Detection

# Description

The Nuclear Detonation Detection (NDD) subprogram develops and builds space sensors for the nation's operational nuclear test treaty monitoring and related capabilities; produces and updates the regional geophysical datasets and analytical understanding of waveform and radionuclide signatures to enable operation of the nation's ground-based nuclear detonation monitoring networks; and supports activities to improve U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize low-yield and evasively conducted underground nuclear explosions.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Produce nuclear detonation detection satellite payloads in accordance with the negotiated schedule with the Department of the Air Force.
- Support the payload-side technical integration, pre-launch, and on-orbit testing activities for previously delivered payloads in accordance with host satellite schedules.
- Conduct research in seismic and radionuclide detection to support national capability in terrestrial and airborne monitoring and analysis methods.
- Align with requirements for early detection of nuclear proliferation through low-yield nuclear explosion monitoring.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Supported launches and early on-orbit testing of two GPS-III satellites containing Global Burst Detector (GBD) payloads.
- Renewed DAF-NNSA memorandum of understanding to formalize U.S. Nuclear Detonation Detection System (USNDS) roles and responsibilities.
- Concluded first phase of site subsurface characterization and mining progress at NNSS in preparation for future integrated field experiments designed to improve U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize low yield and evasively conducted underground nuclear explosions.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nuclear Detonation Detection \$267,000,000	Nuclear Detonation Detection \$279,205,000	Nuclear Detonation Detection +\$12,205,000
<ul> <li>Fabricated GBD nuclear detonation detection payloads and tested assets for GPS block IIIF satellites in accordance with the negotiated schedule with the DAF.</li> <li>Supported payload-side technical integration, pre- launch, and on-orbit testing activities for previously delivered payloads.</li> <li>Developed and produced sensor-laden payloads for launch into geosynchronous orbit.</li> <li>Conducted required engineering development and satellite interface coordination to support payload design updates for future satellite blocks for GBDs and other U.S. Nuclear Detonation Detection System payloads.</li> <li>Improved capabilities of geophysical models, datasets, and analyses of seismic signals from underground detonations and improved technologies to detect radionuclide releases, including integrating research products of field and laboratory test campaigns into methods to improve event discrimination and yield estimation.</li> <li>Advanced development of a new testbed to support field experiments associated with the Low Yield Nuclear Monitoring effort, designed to improve U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize low yield and evasively conducted underground nuclear explosions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fabricate GBD nuclear detonation detection payloads and test assets for GPS block IIIF satellites in accordance with the negotiated schedule with the DAF.</li> <li>Support payload-side technical integration, prelaunch, and on-orbit testing activities for previously delivered payloads.</li> <li>Develop and produce sensor-laden payloads for launch into geosynchronous orbit.</li> <li>Conduct required engineering development and satellite interface coordination to support payload design updates for future satellite blocks for GBDs and other U.S. Nuclear Detonation Detection System payloads.</li> <li>Improve capabilities of geophysical models, datasets, and analyses of seismic signals from underground detonations and improve technologies to detect radionuclide releases, including integrating research products of field and laboratory test campaigns into methods to improve event discrimination and yield estimation.</li> <li>Continue development of a new testbed to support field experiments associated with the Low Yield Nuclear Monitoring effort, designed to improve U.S. capabilities to detect and characterize low yield and evasively conducted underground nuclear explosions.</li> <li>Continue development of Source Physics Experiment III, aiming to improve the capability to discriminate underground nuclear explosions from natural earthquakes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This increase provides systems engineering, integration, and risk analysis support for testbed development and for transition of technologies operational mission partners.</li> </ul>

#### **Nuclear Detonation Detection**

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/

**Research and Development** 

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Forensics R&D

#### Description

The Forensics R&D subprogram supports the R&D that develops and maintains advanced technical nuclear forensics analysis capabilities at the National Laboratories that can support time-critical decisions in the event of a nuclear or radiological incident and assist in determining the origin of interdicted materials or nuclear devices. The subprogram's R&D includes the collection, analysis, and evaluation of pre-detonation and post-detonation nuclear and other radioactive materials, devices, and debris, as well as the immediate effects created by a nuclear detonation. It also sustains subject matter expertise to support exercises, mentoring, training, expert reach-back, and real-world contingency operations.

As part of DNN R&D's University Consortia for Nuclear Nonproliferation, the subprogram supports one consortium which links universities and DOE National Laboratories to address basic research shortfalls in science, engineering, and other disciplines relevant to NNSA's technical nuclear forensics missions. All currently funded consortia have a Minority Serving Institution (MSI) component and will place a particular emphasis on encouraging the participation of Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCU) and other MSIs through planned funding opportunity announcements (FOA).

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Develop advanced technical nuclear forensics analysis capabilities that support U.S. Government response to a nuclear or radiological event.
- Continue a nuclear forensics R&D university consortium, as part of DNN R&D's University Consortia for Nuclear Nonproliferation, established in FY 2022 to conduct research and development in science, engineering, and other disciplines to address basic research shortfalls and train the next generation of experts needed to support NNSA's technical nuclear forensics missions.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Developed new techniques applicable to nuclear forensics through modern analyses of legacy nuclear test fallout debris samples and irradiation experiments at the Nuclear Criticality Experiments Research Center (NCERC).
- Successfully demonstrated the extraction of microscale features from an SNM sample's surface using focused ion beam scanning electron microscopy.

# Forensics R&D

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted Forensics R&D \$40,000,000	FY 2023 Request Forensics R&D \$44,414,000	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$) Forensics R&D +\$4,414,000
<ul> <li>Forensics R&amp;D was fully funded in FY 2021 under the DNN National Technical Nuclear Forensics R&amp;D program.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improve technical nuclear forensic capabilities, including the technical means to assess bulk samples of SNM and the technical preparedness for scenarios of surface-interacting nuclear detonations.</li> <li>Address research priorities that support the technical capability of operational assets and verification and validation activities.</li> <li>Improve the process to generate actionable information from laboratory measurements, modeling efforts, and expert evaluations in the analysis of fallout debris samples following a nuclear detonation.</li> <li>Reduce timelines and uncertainties in priority measurements.</li> <li>Inform future capability requirements by assessing the benefits of incorporating emerging technical methods during operational exercises, baseline assessments, and other targets of opportunity.</li> <li>Support a nuclear forensics R&amp;D university consortium, partnered with DOE National Laboratories, to conduct research and development in science, engineering, and other disciplines to address basic research shortfalls and train the next generation of experts needed to support NNSA's technical nuclear forensics missions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase supports execution of nuclear forensics R&amp;D university consortium conducting R&amp;D to address basic research shortfalls and train the next generation of experts in technical nuclear forensics missions.</li> </ul>

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Nonproliferation Stewardship Program

#### Description

The Nonproliferation Stewardship Program (NSP) subprogram employs a focused and prioritized strategy, deliberate planning, and dedicated resources to ensure foundational technical competencies at DOE/NNSA are sustained and available to support the Nation's nonproliferation missions. The NSP recognizes that the U.S. nuclear weapons program and domestic nuclear fuel cycle infrastructure has significantly narrowed or declined since the Cold War era, leaving the Nation without the large cadre of DOE/NNSA laboratory personnel with hands-on experience in sensitive fuel-cycle processes and nuclear weapons development and testing. At the same time, advances in manufacturing, computing, and other key areas, combined with easier access to nuclear-related information, are creating more diverse pathways to developing a nuclear weapon and have reduced and evolved the footprint and associated signatures of those activities. The convergence of these trends coupled with the continued threat of covert proliferation is making the task of nuclear nonproliferation more difficult. To ensure the technical agility needed to support nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats, the NSP sustains and develops foundational nonproliferation technical competencies by providing targeted, long-term support for enabling infrastructure, science and technology, and an expert workforce.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Support experimental capabilities and testbed development needed to address immediate capability shortfalls in support of nonproliferation missions.
- Support additional targeted, long-term activities to ensure the Nation is prepared to meet future nonproliferation goals and anticipate threats through relevant science and technology, testbeds and research environments, and modern expertise needed for high-priority nonproliferation applications, including nonproliferation competencies in uranium and plutonium sciences and weaponization sciences and engineering.
- Construct a Uranium Sciences and Technology Center that establishes a modern science and technology environment to develop technical expertise.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Complete preliminary designs for a Uranium Sciences and Technology Center that establishes a modern science and technology environment to develop technical expertise.
- Began development of two data centers to provide high-performance computing capability to develop next-generation uranium enrichment models and technical expertise.
- Completed the first quadrennial Nonproliferation Competency Baseline study to determine nonproliferation priorities and capabilities gaps.

Nonproliferation Stewardship Progr	am
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#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program \$59,900,000	NonproliferationStewardshipProgram \$109,343,000	Nonproliferation Stewardship Program +\$49,443,000
<ul> <li>Supported testbed development needed to address immediate capability shortfalls in support of nonproliferation missions.</li> <li>Supported infrastructure upgrades and hardware initiatives to create a comprehensive, physics- based computational model that can predict the output of an entire uranium enrichment system based on the specific design of a single machine.</li> <li>Supported additional targeted, long-term activities, including relevant science and technology, testbeds and research environments, and modern expertise needed for high-priority nonproliferation applications, which includes competencies in uranium and plutonium sciences and engineering.</li> <li>Conducted program planning, including the establishment of a strategic implementation plan to build and sustain foundational nonproliferation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support testbed development addressing immediate capability shortfalls in support of nonproliferation missions.</li> <li>Support infrastructure upgrades and hardware initiatives to create a comprehensive, physics- based computational model that can predict the output of an entire uranium enrichment system based on the specific design of a single machine.</li> <li>Support additional targeted, long-term activities building foundational technical competencies needed for high-priority nonproliferation applications, including in weaponization, by developing testbeds and research environments, conducting relevant science and technology, and building modern expertise.</li> <li>Conduct annual reviews evaluating progress toward building foundational nonproliferation technical competencies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The increase accelerates additional targeted, long- term testbed development and other activities, including in uranium and plutonium sciences and weaponization, for sustaining and developing foundational nonproliferation competencies to support a broad spectrum of U.S. nonproliferation missions and anticipate threats.</li> </ul>

technical competencies.

#### Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	59 <i>,</i> 843	64,352	64,451	+4,608
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	7,500	2,657	21,717	+14,217
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	67,343	67,009	86,168	+18,825
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	59,843	64,352	64,451	+4,608
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	59 <i>,</i> 843	64,352	64,451	+4,608
			(Doll	lars in Thousa	inds)	
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
				CR	•	(,,,
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	N1/A	N1/A	2 600	2 6 5 7	2 74 5	. 4 4 5
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	2,600		2,715	+115
Uranium Science and Technology Center, ORNL	23,902	0	4,900	0	19,002	+14,102
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	7,500		21,717	+14,217
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	67,343	67,009	86,168	+18,825

# Outyears for Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))		I		I		
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	63,880	65,285	66,722	68,189	N/A	
Minor Construction	2,775	2,836	2,898	2,962	N/A	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	66,655	68,121	69,620	71,151	N/A	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	63,880	65,285	66,722	68,189	N/A	
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	63,880	65,285	66,722	68,189	N/A	
		(Do	ollars in Thousand	ls)		
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outvoars	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Outyears	
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	2,775	2,836	2,898	2,962	N/A	
Total, Minor Construction Projects	2,775	2,836	2,898	2,962	N/A	
Total, Capital Summary	66,655	68,121	69,620	71,151	N/A	

#### Nonproliferation Construction

#### Overview

The Nonproliferation Construction Program consolidates construction projects that directly contribute to reducing global nuclear security threats and is a key component of the Department of Energy (DOE), National Nuclear Security Administration's (DOE/NNSA) integrated nonproliferation, counterterrorism, and emergency response strategy.

DOE/NNSA pursues a dilute and dispose strategy to fulfill the United States' commitment to dispose of 34 metric tons of plutonium. The dilute and dispose strategy consists of blending plutonium with an inert mixture, packaging it for safe storage and transport, and disposing of it in a geologic repository. The Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) project will add additional glovebox capacity at the Savannah River Site (SRS) to accelerate plutonium dilution and aid in the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina.

#### Nonproliferation Construction Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request		
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	VS	VS		
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Nonproliferation Construction							
U.S. Construction							
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project (SPD), SRNS							
SPD Other Project Costs (OPC)	30 <i>,</i> 589	30,589	1,279	-29,310	-95.8%		
SPD Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	118,000	118,000	70,485	-47,515	-40.3%		
Subtotal, 18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project	148,589	148,589	71,764	-76,825	-51.7%		
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	148,589	148,589	71,764	-76,825	-51.7%		

# Nonproliferation Construction

**Outyear Funding** 

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Nonproliferation Construction		-	-	_
U.S. Construction				
18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition				
SPD Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	51,441	35,000	0	0
SPD Other Project Costs (OPC)	40,816	0	0	0
Subtotal, 18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition	92,257	35,000	0	0
24-D-XXX, Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project				
PDP Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	45,000	67,244	120,000	120,000
PDP Other Project Costs (OPC)	0	0	0	0
Subtotal, 24-D-XXX, Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project	45,000	67,244	120,000	120,000
Subtotal, U.S. Construction	137,257	102,244	120,000	120,000
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	137,257	102,244	120,000	120,000

#### Nonproliferation Construction Projects Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Nonproliferation Construction Projects</li> <li>U.S. Construction:</li> <li>18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Project: The decrease reflects the completion of long-lead procurement awards associated with Critical Decision (CD) – 3A Phase 2 and the completion of final design work required to support CD 2/3, Approval of Performance Baseline and Start of Construction.</li> </ul>	-76,825
Total, Nonproliferation Construction Projects	-76,825

#### Nonproliferation Construction U.S. Construction

#### Description

The Nonproliferation Construction program pursues the dilute and dispose strategy to fulfill the United States' commitment to dispose of 34 metric tons of plutonium. The dilute and dispose strategy consists of blending plutonium with an inert mixture, packaging it for safe storage and transport, and disposing of it in a geologic repository. The Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) project will add additional glovebox capacity at the SRS to increase plutonium dilution throughput and aid in the removal of plutonium from the state of South Carolina.

In FY 2022, DOE/NNSA reviewed the Management and Operations (M&O) contractor's submittal of a higher confidence, risk-informed plan to achieve CD-2/3 for the SPD project. The plan reflects required design changes identified during the 60-percent design review in FY 2021. These changes will delay final design to support CD-2/3 to FY 2023. The plan includes an updated acquisition strategy in which the M&O contractor will augment a portion of the design activities by involving external design subcontractors to support completion of final design. DOE/NNSA will be evaluating how the contractor's revised forecast to CD-2/3 will impact the total project cost (TPC) through CD-4 to determine if the current high-end range value for TPC and CD-4 date of FY 2028 is still feasible. Additionally, a team of DOE/NNSA subject matter experts (SMEs) from throughout the DOE Complex conducted a Technical Independent Project Review (TIPR) of the project's design, cost, and schedule. The TIPR identified additional design needed to support the safety-related fire protection system. DOE/NNSA is awaiting the final report and recommendations from the TIPR.

Furthermore, in FY 2022, the project will:

- Award all contracts for Long Lead Equipment (LLE) being procured under CD-3A Phase 2,
- Start receiving procured LLE,
- Request approval of CD-3A Phase 3, additional site preparation, and once approved, commence field work, and
- Complete design of all major systems supporting the plutonium processing gloveboxes (i.e., ventilation, electrical, fire detection/suppression, security, etc.).

In FY 2023, the project will complete the final design review and request CD-2/3, Approval of Performance Baseline and Start of Construction, to start construction on project scope not authorized by CD-3A. The first glovebox will be fabricated and shipped along with the diesel generator. The project will also continue supporting technology maturation, risk management, and project management.

#### Other Project Cost (OPC)

This activity supports all other costs related to a project that are not included in the total estimated cost (TEC). OPCs include, but are not limited to: research and development, conceptual design and conceptual design report, cold start-up and commissioning costs, National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) documentation, project data sheet preparation, siting, and permitting requirements. These costs are part of the approved baseline and the total project cost (TPC) of the project.

#### Total Estimated Costs (TEC)

This activity supports the design, long-lead equipment procurement, site preparation, and construction of the project.

#### Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

 Complete final design to support Critical Decision (CD) – 2/3, Approve Performance Baseline/Approve Start of Construction, for the SPD Project.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed physical termination activities on the mixed oxide (MOX) fuel fabrication facility (MFFF) project.
- Completed 60% design for the SPD Project.
- Completed CD-3A Phase 1 early site preparation for the SPD Project.
- Completed CD-3A Phase 2 long-lead equipment approval process for the SPD Project.

# Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/

Nonproliferation Construction

#### FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

#### **U.S.** Construction

# Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
U.S. Construction \$148,589,000	U.S. Construction \$71,764,000	U.S. Construction -\$76,825,000
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Project \$148,589,000	18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Project \$71,764,000	18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Project -\$76,825
SPD OPC \$30,589,000	SPD OPC \$1,279,000	SPD OPC -\$29,310,000
<ul> <li>Supported activities such as project management and project controls support, procurement support, design authority activities, operations and security support, and start-up planning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supports activities such as project management and project controls support, procurement support, design authority activities, operations and security support, and start-up planning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects the completion of many CD-1 activities as the project moves to CD-2/3, which is predominately TEC.</li> </ul>
SPD TEC \$118,000,000	SPD TEC \$70,485,000	SPD TEC -\$47,515,000
<ul> <li>Supported Preliminary Design.</li> <li>Advanced design of gloveboxes and specialized engineered electrical equipment.</li> <li>Continued the final design and project documentation required to support a third phase of CD-3A.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete the fabrication, receipt, inspection and acceptance of long-lead procurements.</li> <li>Complete final design for CD-2/3.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease reflects the completion of awarding long-lead procurements associated with Critical Decision (CD) – 3A Phase 2 and the completion of final design work required to support CD 2/3, Approval of Performance Baseline and Start of Construction.</li> </ul>

#### Nonproliferation Construction Construction Projects Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)
24-D-XXX Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project ^a						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	3,400,000	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Project Cost, 23-D-XXX Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project	3,400,000	0	0	0	0	0
18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	474,710	54,000	118,000	145,784	70,485	-75,299
Other Project Cost (OPC)	145,382	62,482	30,589	10,216	1,279	-8,937
Total Project Cost, 18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	620,092	116,482	148,589	156,000	71,764	-84,236
Total All Construction Projects						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	3,874,710	54,000	118,000	145,784	70,485	-75,299
Other Project Cost (OPC)	145,382	62,482	30,589	10,216	1,279	-8,937
Total Project Cost (TPC) All Construction Projects	4,020,092	116,482	148,589	156,000	71,764	-84,236

^a Critical Decision (CD)-0 was approved on July 2021 for the Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) project with an estimated rough order-of-magnitude (ROM) range from \$1 Billion to \$3.4 Billion. An independent cost review was conducted by the NNSA Office of Cost Estimating and Program Evaluation (CEPE) that supported the ROM cost range. The funding profile for future years will be updated when estimates are validated and a baseline is approved through the CD process.

# **Outyears Nonproliferation Construction**

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion
24-D-XXX Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	45,000	67,244	120,000	120,000	3,047,756
Other Project Cost (OPC)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Project Cost, 23-D-XXX Pit Disassembly and Processing (PDP) Project	45,000	67,244	120,000	120,000	3,047,756
18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	51,441	35,000	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	40,816	0	0	0	0
Total Project Cost, 18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	92,257	35,000	0	0	0
Total All Construction Projects					
TEC	96,441	102,244	120,000	120,000	3,047,756
OPC	40,816	0	0	0	0
TPC All Construction Projects	137,257	102,244	120,000	120,000	3,047,756

#### 18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina Project is for Design and Construction

#### 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

**Summary:** The FY 2023 Request for the Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) project is \$71,764,000. The high-end of the cost range approved at CD (Critical Decision)-1 is \$620,092,000. The project is currently going through a replan that is expected to be approved by Q4 FY 2022. A Federal Project Director Level II has been assigned to this project and has approved this Construction Project Data Sheet. Funding for this project is controlled at the Total Project Cost (TPC) level. Appropriations may be used for design, construction, or other project costs (OPC).

#### Significant Changes^a

DOE/NNSA initiated this project in FY 2018. The most recent DOE-approved CD for the project is CD-3A Phase 2, *Long Lead Procurement*, which was approved on December 21, 2020.

In FY 2021, the project:

- Reached the 60 percent design complete milestone,
- Completed CD-3A Phase 1 early site preparation on June 1, 2021, which isolates the project boundary from the operating facility,
- Completed CD-3A Phase 2 long-lead equipment approval process on December 21, 2020 and initiated procurement activities of the equipment,
- Conducted the final design review of CD-3A Phase 3 additional early site preparation on March 29, 2021, and
- Continued progressing the final design and documentation necessary to reach CD-2/3.

In FY 2022, DOE/NNSA reviewed the Management and Operations (M&O) contractor's submittal of a higher confidence, risk-informed plan to achieve CD-2/3 for the SPD project. This plan reflects required design changes identified during the 60 percent design review in FY 2021, delaying final design and CD-2/3 from FY 2022 to FY 2023. The plan includes an updated acquisition strategy in which the M&O contractor will augment a portion of the design activities by involving external design subcontractors to support completion of final design. DOE/NNSA is evaluating how the contractor's revised forecast to CD-2/3 will impact the TPC through CD-4, to determine if the current high-end range value for TPC and CD-4 date of FY 2028 is still feasible. Additionally, a DOE/NNSA team comprised of subject matter experts (SMEs) throughout the DOE Complex conducted a Technical Independent Project Review (TIPR) of the project's design, cost, and schedule. The TIPR identified that the project needed additional design to support the safety-related Fire Protection System. DOE/NNSA is awaiting the final report and recommendations from the TIPR.

Additionally in FY 2022, the project will:

- Award all contracts for Long Lead Equipment (LLE) being procured under CD-3A Phase 2 and will start receiving procured LLE;
- Request approval of CD-3A Phase 3, additional Site Preparation, and once approved, will commence field work; and
- Complete design documentation of all major systems supporting the plutonium processing gloveboxes (i.e., ventilation, electrical, fire detection/suppression, security, etc.).

In FY 2023, the project will:

- Complete the final design review and request CD-2/3, *Approval of Performance Baseline and Start of Construction*, to start construction on project scope not authorized by CD-3A;
- Complete environmental documents and permits, fire protection documents, and obtain approval of them from the Head of Field Element;
- Complete nuclear safety and criticality documentation, and obtain approval from the Safety Basis Approval Authority;
- Complete the operations plan and final vulnerability and dose assessments;

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^a Funding and schedules shown throughout the CPDS are estimates and consistent with the high end of the cost range.

- Continue risk and project management; and
- Continue planning for construction, testing, start-up, and operations.

The funding profile for future years will be updated when the estimates are validated, and a baseline has been approved as part of the critical decision process.

# Critical Milestone History

Fiscal Quarter or Date								
Fiscal Year	CD-0	Conceptual Design Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Final Design Complete	CD-3	D&D Complete	CD-4
FY 2018	10/31/1997	2/2/2017	3QFY2018	1QFY2022	4QFY2021	1QFY2022	N/A	4QFY2027
FY 2019	10/31/1997	2/2/2017	4QFY2018	4QFY2022	4QFY2021	4QFY2022	N/A	4QFY2027
FY 2020	10/31/1997	2/2/2017	1QFY2020	4QFY2022	4QFY2021	4QFY2022	N/A	4QFY2028
FY 2021	10/31/1997	9/30/2019	12/19/2019	4QFY2022	4QFY2021	4QFY2022	N/A	2QFY2028
FY 2022	10/31/1997	9/30/2019	12/19/2019	4QFY2022	2QFY2022	4QFY2022	N/A	2QFY2028
FY 2023	10/31/1997	9/30/2019	12/19/2019	4QFY2023	2QFY2023	4QFY2023	N/A	2QFY2028

**CD-0** – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range **Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed (if applicable)

**CD-1** – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete (d)

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

**D&D Complete** – Completion of D&D work

 $\textbf{CD-4}-Approve\,Start\,of\,Operations\,or\,Project\,Closeout$ 

Fiscal Quarter or Date							
Fiscal Year	Performance Baseline Validation	CD-3A	CD-3A Phase 1	CD-3A Phase 2	CD-3A Phase 3		
FY 2018	1QFY2022	1QFY2020	N/A	N/A	N/A		
FY 2019	4QFY2022	4QFY2019	N/A	N/A	N/A		
FY 2020	4QFY2022	2QFY2020	N/A	N/A	N/A		
FY 2021	4QFY2022	2QFY2020	N/A	N/A	N/A		
FY 2022	4QFY2022	2/13/2020	N/A	N/A	N/A		
FY 2023	4QFY2023	12/21/2020	2/13/2020	12/21/2020	4QFY2022		

CD-3A – Early site preparations and long lead procurement for glovebox and specialized engineered equipment.

#### Project Cost History

			1 10001 0(0	arter or Date			
Fiscal Year	TEC, Design	TEC, Construction	TEC, Total	OPC, Except D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	TPC
FY 2018	165,000	255,000	420,000	80,000	N/A	80,000	500,000
FY 2019	154,820	261,780	416,600	83,400	N/A	83,400	500 <i>,</i> 000
FY 2020	71,044	365,440	436,484	152,319	N/A	152,319	588 <i>,</i> 803
FY 2021	89,189	385,521	474,710	145,382	N/A	145,382	620,092
FY 2022	89,189	385,521	474,710	145,382	N/A	145,382	620,092
FY 2023	187,106	287,604	474,710	145,382	N/A	145,382	620,092

#### Fiend Overter or Date

#### 2. Project Scope and Justification

#### Scope

Approximately 15,000 ft² of processing space in the existing Hazard Category 2 K-Area Facility will be utilized for the project, which will expand the dilution capability. In addition, a 10,000 ft² support building will be located adjacent to the existing structure. To increase dilution throughput capacity, gloveboxes, equipment, and support systems (i.e., glovebox ventilation, fire suppression, glovebox rooms with airlocks, material control and accountability equipment, monitoring equipment, lag storage, etc.) will be installed in the existing KArea Facility.

#### Justification

The mission of the dilute and dispose strategy is to remove plutonium from the State of South Carolina by providing processing, characterization, and storage capabilities to efficiently and permanently dispose of 34 metric tons of plutonium, thereby eliminating excess nuclear weapons materials.

It is a Departmental priority to remove certain inventories of plutonium from the State of South Carolina. Therefore, the removal of plutonium from Savannah River Site (SRS) for final disposition is a key objective of the program. Although the dilute and dispose strategy relies on mature technologies currently in use at DOE facilities, additional capacity is required to increase throughput in order to remove plutonium from SRS and disposition the full 34 metric tons of plutonium to meet NNSA's commitments to the state of South Carolina. The additional capacity will be provided by the SPD Project. The project will include new gloveboxes and associated process and process support equipment and security features for the diluted plutonium product until eventual characterization, packaging, and shipment for disposal.

A quantitative risk analysis was completed to confirm a bounding cost range based on conceptual design. A Risk Management Plan (RMP) and a Risk and Opportunity Assessment Report (ROAR) were approved for the project and are updated as needed. The contingency included in this data sheet is consistent with the criteria found in the Association for Advancement of Cost Engineering International (AACEI) recommended practices and DOEG 413.3-21 for a Class 3 estimate.

In accordance with DOE Order 413.3B, Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets, an appropriate National Environment Policy Act (NEPA) review is required to support the project. DOE Order 413.3B requires final NEPA documentation prior to CD-2 for the project with a Record of Decision (ROD) after CD-2 approval, but prior to CD-3. In April 2015, DOE issued the Surplus Plutonium Disposition Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SPD SEIS, DOE/EIS-0283-S2). Although the SPD SEIS ROD does not contain a reference to the installation of any specific number of gloveboxes for the purpose of implementing the Dilute and Dispose strategy for the 6 metric tons (MT) of non-pit plutonium, the information contained in the Savannah River Site and Los Alamos National Laboratory Timing and Throughput Assumptions Used for the Surplus Plutonium Disposition Supplemental EIS (April 2015) indicates that installation and operation of three additional glovebox lines were analyzed as part of the development of the SPD Supplemental EIS. Because the installation of three additional glovebox lines for implementing the Dilute and Dispose strategy for the six metric tons (MT) of non-pit plutonium was previously analyzed and is consistent with the conceptual design for the SPD Project, no additional NEPA analyses or decisions are required to design, procure, and construct the SPD Project.

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The SPD project is being conducted in accordance with the project management requirements in DOE O 413.3B, *Program* and *Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*, and has met all appropriate project management requirements to date.

#### Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

Performance Measure ^a	Threshold	Objective
Dilution throughput capacity	1.5 metric tons per year	N/A

#### 3. Financial Schedule

([	Oollars in Thousands)		
	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC) ^b			
Design			
FY 2020	29,000	29,000	23,877ª
FY 2021	72,000	72,000	61,397
FY 2022	61,189	61,189	55,916
FY 2023	24,917	24,917	45,916
FY 2024	0	0	0
Total Design	187,106	187,106	187,106
Construction			
FY 2020	25,000	25,000	6 <i>,</i> 983ª
FY 2021	46,000	46,000	9,909
FY 2022	84,595	84,595	20,489
FY 2023	45,568	45,568	12,001
FY 2024	51,441	51,441	73,883
FY 2025	35,000	35,000	77,991
FY 2026	0	0	62,616
FY 2027	0	0	23,732
Total, Construction	287,604	287,604	287,604
Total Estimated Costs (TEC)			
FY 2020	54,000	54,000	30,860ª
FY 2021	118,000	118,000	71,306
FY 2022	145,784	145,784	76,405
FY 2023	70,485	70,485	57,917
FY 2024	51,441	51,441	73,883
FY 2025	35,000	35,000	77,991
FY 2026	0	0	62,616
FY 2027	0	0	23,732
Total TEC	474,710	474,710	474,710

Other Project Costs^c

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^a Key Performance Parameters will be finalized upon approval of the project baseline.

^b FY 2020 actual costs have been corrected from the FY 2022 PDS to reflect the correct split between design and construction actual costs.

^c Budget authority shown for FY 2017 through FY 2019 for other project costs was appropriated in the Material Management and Minimization program to support planning and design activities for the dilute and dispose strategy. **Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Construction/** 

	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2017	5,750	5,750	4,225
FY 2018	6,732	6,732	7,415
FY 2019	25,000	25,000	20,267
FY 2020	25,000	25,000	21,241ª
FY 2021	30,589	30,589	13,238
FY 2022	10,216	10,216	12,324
FY 2023	1,279	1,279	12,500
FY 2024	40,816	40,816	12,750
FY 2025	0	0	10,035
FY 2026	0	0	10,529
FY 2027	0	0	10,099
FY 2028	0	0	10,759
Total OPC	145,382	145,382	145,382
Total Project Costs (TPC)			
FY 2017 ^a	5,750	5 <i>,</i> 750	4,225
FY 2018 ^a	6,732	6,732	7,415
FY 2019	25,000	25,000	20,267
FY 2020 ^b	79,000	79,000	52,101
FY 2021	148,589	148,589	84,544
FY 2022	156,000	156,000	88,729
FY 2023	71,764	71,764	70,417
FY 2024	92,257	92,257	86,633
FY 2025	35,000	35,000	88,026
FY 2026	0	0	73,145
FY 2027	0	0	33,831
FY 2028	0	0	10,759
Grand Total	620,092	620,092	620,092

 $^{^{\}rm a}$  FY 2017 and 2018 actual costs corrected from the FY 2020 and FY 2021 PDS

 $^{^{\}rm b}$  Includes funds for early procurement of engineered equipment.

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	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
Design	150,106	80,314	N/A
Contingency	37,000	8 <i>,</i> 875	N/A
Total, Design	187,106	89,189	N/A
Construction			
Site Work	27,255	61,255	N/A
Long Lead Equipment	21,329	21,329	N/A
Equipment	21,737	21,737	, N/A
Other Construction	157,511	209,150	N/A
Contingency	59,772	72,050	N/A
Total, Construction	287,604	385,521	N/A
Total Estimated Cost	474,710	474,710	N/A
Contingency, TEC	80,925	80,925	N/A
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC except D&D			
R&D	0	0	C
Conceptual Planning	2,340	2,340	N/A
Conceptual Design	25,905	25,905	N/A
Other OPC Costs	N/A	N/A	
NNSA Other Direct Costs	19,600	19,600	N/A
Execution/Start-up Phase	11,139	11,139	N/A
Startup and Training	18,111	18,111	N/A
CD-3A Phase - Support	7,430	7,430	N/A
CD-3A Phase Design OPC Support	6,452	6 <i>,</i> 452	N/A
Preliminary / Final Design	43,659	43,659	N/A
Phase OPC Support			
Contingency	10,746	10,746	N/A
Total, OPC	145,382	145,382	N/A
Contingency, OPC	10,746	10,746	N/A
Total Project Cost	620,092	620,092	N/A
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	91,671	91,671	N/A

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

# 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

	(Dollars in Thousands)									
Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Total
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2018	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	108,000	56,000	85,000	62,000	69,000	59,000	38,000	23,000	500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2019	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	132,750	59,000	74,750	62,000	60,000	59,000	35 <i>,</i> 000	17,500	500,000
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2020	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	116,482	65 <i>,</i> 000	74,750	62,000	62,000	183,000	16,000	9,571	588,803
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2021	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	116,482	148,589	115,705	101,779	101,192	36,345	0	0	620,092
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2022	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	116,482	148,589	156,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	199,021	0	620,092
	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 2023	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TPC	116,482	148,589	156,000	71,764	92,257	35,000	N/A	N/A	620,092

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy (fiscal quarter or date)	3Q FY 2028
Expected Useful Life (number of years)	20 years
Expected Future Start of D&D of this capital asset (fiscal quarter)	4Q FY 2048

Related Funding Requirements (Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)

	DudgerAuthonity	In winners of Donars			
	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs		
	Previous Total	Current Total	Previous Total	Current Total	
	Estimate Estimate		Estimate	Estimate	
Operations and Maintenance	58.3	58.3	1,166	1,166	

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# 7. D&D Information

Approximately 15,000 ft² of processing space in the existing Hazard Category 2 K-Area Facility will be required for the project. In addition, a 10,000 ft⁻² new support building will be located adjacent to the existing structure. The new square footage is reported below. The MOX-T demolished about 34 temporary buildings. At a minimum, these two buildings would offset the new area being constructed: 285-015F was 7,258 square feet and 717-045F was 8,540 square feet.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at Savannah River Site (K-Area).	10,000
Area of D&D in this project at Savannah River Site (K-Area).	N/A
Area at Savannah River Site (K-Area) to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project,	
including area previously "banked"	N/A
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	N/A
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project, including area	
previously "banked"	15,798
Total area eliminated	N/A

# 8. Acquisition Approach

The acquisition strategy, which was developed as part of the CD-1 package, is with the M&O contractor for the design and construction of the SPD Project. The M&O contractor will employ other design and construction subcontractors as may be deemed of best value to the project.

### Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

# Overview

Among the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) diverse nuclear security roles is the mission to counter the threat of nuclear terrorism and nuclear proliferation and respond to all manner of nuclear incidents and accidents worldwide. The NNSA Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response (NCTIR) Program evaluates and assesses nuclear and radiological threats and uses the scientific knowledge resident at the National Laboratories to inform domestic and international policies and regulations, contingency planning, training, and international capacity building. These activities in turn strengthen national and international counterterrorism, counterproliferation, and nuclear incident response capabilities.

The NCTIR Program includes the following subprograms:

- The Emergency Operations (EO) subprogram provides both the structure and processes to ensure a comprehensive and integrated approach to emergency management and continuity of operations, thereby safeguarding the health and safety of workers and the public, protecting the environment, and enhancing the resilience of the Department and the Nation. In addition, EO coordinates a whole-of-community approach to mitigating, preventing, preparing for, responding to, and recovering from all-hazards emergencies, improving readiness and effectiveness of the DOE Emergency Management System on a programmatic and performance level, while promoting unity of effort and a culture of continuous improvement. In FY 2021, responsibility and oversight for the Emergency Communication Network (ECN) shifted to the NNSA Office for Information Management.
- The **Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation (CTCP) subprogram** reduces the threat of nuclear and radiological terrorism and proliferation through innovative science, technology, and policy solutions. Further, CTCP maintains the capability to avert, respond to, or mitigate the consequences of nuclear and radiological incidents and accidents in the United States and abroad. The following subprograms support CTCP:
  - <u>The Nuclear Incident Response / Nuclear Emergency Support Team (NEST) subprogram</u> provides flexible and effective response and technical reach-back capabilities for any nuclear/radiological incident or accident in the United States or abroad by applying the unique technical expertise in NNSA's nuclear security enterprise. These missions require that highly trained response personnel and specialized technical equipment are on continuous standby to deploy to provide an integrated response for nuclear weapon accidents, counter-weapons of mass destruction (WMD) operations, radiological/nuclear public health emergencies, national exercises, and security operations for National Special Security Events and other national significant events.
  - <u>The National Technical Nuclear Forensics (NTNF) subprogram</u> provides nuclear forensics technical and operational capabilities in response to nuclear/radiological incidents, including identifying and assessing high-value samples; device disposition; device assessment; analysis of interdicted nuclear materials; and maintenance of the National Nuclear Material Archive (NNMA). These missions involve specialized personnel, equipment, and facilities as well as the use of highly sophisticated tools and techniques. In addition, the NTNF subprogram shares leadership of the interagency nuclear forensics mission, ensuring a U.S. Government integrated, coordinated nuclear forensics capability through strategic planning, program coordination, and continual capability improvement.
  - <u>The Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building subprogram</u> leverages NNSA's technical expertise to strengthen domestic and international partners' preparedness and capabilities to respond to radiological or nuclear incidents, accidents, and terrorism. These activities exercise and expand state and local radiological and nuclear incident response capabilities and enable key international partners to effectively address radiological or nuclear incidents in their region with or without U.S. involvement as far from U.S. territory as possible.
  - <u>The Nuclear Threat Science subprogram</u> provides the Nation's technical capability to understand and defeat nuclear threat devices, including improvised nuclear devices (IND), radiological dispersal devices (RDD), and lost or

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stolen foreign nuclear weapons, as well as to develop foundational technologies supporting nuclear counterproliferation efforts. Nuclear Threat Science maintainsthis technical capability by 1) assessing nuclear threat device concepts; 2) evaluating protection requirements for nuclear materials; 3) conducting classified Nuclear Threat Reduction (NTR) technical and policy exchanges with the United Kingdom and France; and 4) improving WMD device defeat capabilities. Technical work on device assessment also supports the Department of Defense (DoD), Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and Intelligence Community in policy, planning, analytic, and operational capabilities.

# Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program Funding

				(Dollars in Thousands)	
		FY 2022		FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request
	FY 2021	Annualized	FY 2023	vs	vs
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Program					
Emergency Operations	36,000	36,000	29,896	-6,104	-17.0%
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation					
Nuclear Incident Response / Nuclear Emergency Support Team	206,558	206,558	223,472	+16,914	+8.2%
National Technical Nuclear Forensics	40,000	40,000	42,555	+2,555	+6.4%
Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building	9,655	9,655	11,167	+1,512	+15.7%
Nuclear Threat Science	85,300	85,300	131,880	+46,580	+54.6%
Subtotal, Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	341,513	341,513	409,074	+67,561	+19.8%
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Program	377,513	377,513	438,970	+61,457	+16.3%

# Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program Outyear Funding

		(Dollars in [·]	Thousands)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Program				
Emergency Operations	15,123	15,683	15 <i>,</i> 805	15,798
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation				
Nuclear Incident Response / Nuclear Emergency Support Team	227,446	235,553	236,559	235,417
National Technical Nuclear Forensics	44,363	45,911	46,145	45,984
Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building	11,809	12,242	12,281	12,197
Nuclear Threat Science	137,591	144,498	146,323	147,220
Subtotal, Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	421,209	438,204	441,308	440,818
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Program	436,332	453,887	457,113	456,616

# Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>Emergency Operations: Reflects a net decrease resulting from the following changes:</li> <li>A decrease of \$21.1 million associated with the realignment of management responsibility and authority for IT and Cyber services and solutions for the Emergency Communications Network (ECN) from the NCTIR program to the IT and Cybersecurity program within Weapons Activities.</li> <li>An increase of \$15.0 million for investments in consolidated emergency operations center and alternate operations centers' infrastructure and supporting communications equipment, and classified communications system improvements to support continuity operations and infrastructure improvements required by OMB/OSTP Directive 16-1 and EO 13961.</li> </ul>	-6,104
<b>Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation</b> : The increase will address critical gaps identified in requirements and responsibility to execute the DOE Primary Mission Essential Function – 2, <i>Respond to Nuclear Incidents</i> . Funding will enhance CTCP's ability to identify and address WMD response across agencies. In addition, funding will bolster CTCP's effort to provide solutions for countering nuclear proliferation through applied analysis, testing, concept development, technology development, predictive modeling, and testing.	+67,561
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	+61,457

# Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program Emergency Operations

# Description

The Emergency Operations subprogram is DOE's Office of Primary Interest (OPI) for several unique and mandated Emergency Management and Continuity functions, offices, and capabilities including:

- Consolidated Emergency Operations Center
- Unified Coordination Group
- Enterprise-wide emergency management policy, procedure, training, and exercise responsibilities
- Continuity of Operations and Government Programs
- Emergency Management Advisory Committee
- Enduring Constitutional Government Programs
- Federal Mission Resilience Strategy implementation

The FY 2023 Budget Request will focus HQ EO activities and resources across five subprograms:

- The Emergency Management Policy subprogram develops and implements emergency management policy, directives, guidance, and plans for DOE and NNSA; assists Headquarters, Field Elements, and facility contractors in implementing effective emergency management programs in compliance with DOE policies; leads the exchange of Management and Operating (M&O) best practices via the Emergency Management Issues Special Interest Group (EMI-SIG).
- The Emergency Management Programs subprogram implements, manages, and coordinates a readiness assurance program to ensure the DOE emergency management program is executed in accordance with directives, regulations, policies, and applicable laws. The subprogram develops, leads, and evaluates national level exercises, performs periodic oversight functions on behalf of Field Element Managers in accordance with the Chief of Defense Nuclear Safety and facilitates cross-cutting emergency management related collaboration via the Federal Officials Emergency Management Advisory Committee (EMAC).
- The Continuity Programs subprogram executes DOE and NNSA Continuity of Operations (COOP), Continuity of Government (COG), and Enduring Constitutional Government (ECG) programs to advance the National Continuity Policy and ensures availability and interoperability of continuity communications systems across DOE/NNSA. In addition, the subprogram, along with interagency partners, deploys continuity capabilities during "with-notice" or "no-notice" emergencies and National Special Security Events, including the Presidential Inauguration and State of the Union Address, and in accordance with Executive Order 13961, "Governance and Integration of Federal Mission Resilience", advances implementation of the Federal Mission Resilience Strategy (FMRS) across the enterprise
- The Consolidated Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) subprogram operates and maintains the Department's Emergency Watch Office, a single point-of-contact regarding local and national emergencies, heightened international tension, Departmental emergencies, natural disasters, and acts of terrorism. The program ensures that the Secretary of Energy, the Deputy Secretary, the Administrator, Program Secretarial Officers, and Field and Site Managers are kept fully and currently informed about emergency matters, serves as Unified Coordination Structure (UCS) Activation and Coordination Element (ACE), and staffs a cadre of Emergency Management Specialists responsible for whole-ofdepartment emergency management support.
- The Emergency Management Front Office provides all administrative, financial, and operational activities to ensure the efficiency and effectiveness of the Office of Emergency Operations. The subprogram manages business functions for all EO programs, to include human resources, budget, and logistics, and provides administrative support to EO leadership. Additional responsibilities within this subprogram include overseeing the strategic plan implementation and management of the continuous improvement program. This subprogram confirms EO programs are properly staffed and resourced to enable the successful accomplishment of their respective missions.

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Lead, manage, and operate the DOE/NNSA Consolidated Emergency Operations Center.
- Achieve Full Operational Capability of the Emergency Management Readiness Assurance Reporting Dashboard (EMRAD).
- Mature the Emergency Management Readiness Assurance Reporting Program.
- Advance emergency management, continuity of operations, higher-level continuity programs and technical qualification programs.
- Lead the design and development of DOE participation in key exercises, including Eagle Horizon.
- Institutionalize Executive Order 13961 and the related Federal Mission Resilience Strategy (FMRS), to include a viable Devolution capability.
- Ensure interoperability of emergency communications systems across DOE/NNSA and with interagency partners.
- Update and validate emergency management and continuity directives, guides, and technical planning basis standards.
- Enhance the security and resilience of the Department and Nation.

# FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Served as a lead in the COVID-19 response for the Department, to include providing daily situational awareness to and issuing coordination with DOE and NNSA, hosting recurring task force meetings, development of the Senior Leadership Briefing distributed across the emergency management enterprise, and creating several mitigation and recovery plans.
- Implemented and encouraged a proactive response during the initial stages of the coronavirus pandemic, resulting in public health-focused engagements with Department leadership and the development, promulgation, and distribution of a Pandemic Response Plan during the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic that has helped guide DOE and NNSA activities since March 2020.
- Developed over 500 Pandemic Situation Reports and Senior Leadership Briefings.
- Delivered comprehensive COVID-19 Common Operating Picture to all headquarters elements, labs, plants, and sites, their surrounding communities, and the interagency.
- Established and led an NNSA COVID-19 Recovery Working Group.
- Drafted substantial portions of NNSA's COVID-19 Recovery Plan.
- Developed the DOE Reopening Reporting Criteria, also referred to as the "Stoplight Chart."
- Institutionalized the Emergency Management Readiness Assurance Reporting Tool.
- Drove Federal Mission Resilience Strategy (FMRS) creation and initial implementation across the Department and the inter-agency.
- Improved interoperability of continuity communications systems across DOE/NNSA and with interagency partners by approximately 30 percent as reported by the White House Communications Office's D-16-1 quarterly compliance rating.
- Updated and validated emergency management and continuity orders, directives, guides, and technical planning basis standards.
- Hosted the 35th offering of the longest standing cooperative organization through a DOE-wide emergency
  management-based forum, referred to as the Emergency Management Issues Special Interest Group, which has met
  annually since 1986. Participants met to discuss a variety of topics, focused on preparedness, mitigation, response, and
  recovery, and based on the DOE Comprehensive Emergency Management System. Participation in the FY 2021 session
  included over 2,300 participants.
- In response to a March 2021 tasker from the Assistant to the President and Homeland Security Advisor, initiated and guided a complete assessment of the Department's essential functions, to include the Primary Mission Essential Functions (PMEFs) reportable to key White House officials during continuity events, and overseeing multiple updates to the DOE/NNSA Continuity of Operations and Continuity of Government overarching plan and procedures. These, in turn, helped position the Department as a leader in the National Security Council's development of and proposed implementation strategy for the Federal Mission Resilience across all Federal executive agencies.
- Developed and promulgated the FY 2020 Annual Report on the Status of the Department's Emergency Management System, capturing input from 38 sites, facilities, and activities within the DOE/NNSA enterprise, and reflecting readiness assurance results for eight key DOE entities and 12 NNSA entities.

• Developed and received approval on a framework establishing a standardized process to evaluate the readiness of the DOE/NNSA emergency management programs to respond at a programmatic and performance level while promoting a culture of continuous improvement across DOE.

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)		
<ul> <li>Emergency Operations \$36,000,000</li> <li>Executed Continuity of Operations and Government Programs.</li> <li>Implemented a Unified Coordination Structure.</li> <li>Provided ECN dedicated communications capabilities in support of the global emergency management and response mission of the DOE/NNSA and its Government partners.</li> <li>Operated the CEOC which manages the 24 hours/day, 7 days/week, 365 days/year (24/7/365) single-point-of-contact for Departmental and interagency notifications regarding situations requiring unified coordination.</li> <li>Ensured all DOE/NNSA Headquarters, Labs', Plants', and Sites' Emergency Management Programs will be ready to guarantee a comprehensive and integrated approach to emergency management, including planning, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emergency Operations \$29,896,000</li> <li>Provide emergency management expertise, leadership, and guidance across the entire DOE/NNSA emergency management enterprise.</li> <li>Execute Continuity of Operations and Continuity of Government Programs.</li> <li>Operate and maintain the Consolidated Emergency Operations Center to receive, coordinate, validate, and disseminate emergency information to various DOE, NNSA, interagency, and other program offices and related entities.</li> <li>Host the 37th annual Department-wide emergency management forum.</li> <li>Reinstitute and strengthen the site liaison program in implementing revised DOE/NNSA emergency management and continuity orders, to include site training and exercises postponed during the COVID travel pause.</li> <li>Provide two additional nodes to an unclassified communications network and improved support to classified communications systems.</li> <li>Assess key site readiness assurance levels, culminating in the development and promulgation of the annual report for the Department's Emergency Management System, based on FY 2022 evaluations and submissions.</li> <li>Refine and host the Unified Coordination Structure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emergency Operations -\$6,104,000</li> <li>The overall decrease of \$6.1 million reflects a transfer of the Emergency Communications Network (ECN) from EO to the IT and Cybersecurity program in Weapons Activities.</li> <li>The decrease associated with the ECN is offset b an increase of \$15 million. This includes \$9.7 million for infrastructure upgrades to EO and Continuity facilities, emergency equipment, and installation costs in several locations. It also includes \$3.1 million for upgraded unclassified communications systems and \$1.1 million for support to secure communications networks. In support of emergency responders, \$1.1 million will convert a critical information system to a relational database.</li> </ul>		

# **Emergency Operations**

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

#### Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation

# Description

The Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation (CTCP) subprogram provides technical expertise, practical tools, and scientifically informed policy recommendations to advance U.S. nuclear counterterrorism and counterproliferation objectives. CTCP focuses on nuclear and radiological incidents and accidents, with the core mission to prepare for and respond to such events.

The **Nuclear Incident Response (NIR) / Nuclear Emergency Support Team (NEST)** subprogram serves as the nation's last line of defense against a nuclear or radiological incident or accident. Its mission is to apply the unique technical expertise within NNSA's nuclear security enterprise to prepare for, prevent, respond to, and where possible mitigate nuclear or radiological incidents domestically and abroad. NNSA's strategic approach to incident response activities is to ensure a central point of contact and an integrated response to all emergencies involving radionuclides.

This subprogram works closely with other DOE elements as well as other federal organizations, including the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), DoD, FBI, and the Intelligence Community to provide technical assistance to respond domestically or abroad to nuclear and radiological incidents, including terrorist threats involving nuclear materials, and to conduct exercises and provide support to the NEST programs to ensure safe incident resolution and the protection of public safety and the environment. CTCP accomplishes this mission by ensuring the appropriate infrastructure is in place to provide command, control, coordination, and communications of NNSA nuclear incident response assets. Incident response personnel must be properly organized, trained, and equipped to rapidly deploy in response to an incident.

Specialized NEST response teams are trained and equipped to execute a variety of national security and public health and safety missions, to include searching for, identifying, characterizing, defeating, and taking possession of a nuclear or radiological device; supporting efforts to recover nuclear material outside of regulatory control; and providing preventive radiological and nuclear detection support to federal, state, and local public safety organizations for major public events. NEST provides technical support to the FBI to respond to nuclear threat devices, including specialized technology and training for regional teams to locate and identify radiological/nuclear devices and prevent these devices from detonating. This Budget Request transitions the Capability Forward initiative to a steady state sustainment mode based on the anticipated completion of comprehensive program activities in FY 2022 to enhance the capabilities of regional FBI counter-WMD teams to take decisive action against a WMD device, and enhance 14 cities with decisive WMD defeat capabilities, accelerating life-saving responses to nuclear and radiological threats.

Funding in the FY 2023 Request will continue to address NEST public health and safety capability needs. NEST is also trained and equipped to support federal, state, and local entities' response to accidents and incidents involving the release of nuclear or radiological materials. These teams provide technical analysis to support protective action guidance – such as evacuation, shelter-in place, and medical treatment – during a radiological response. NEST analysis is based on predictive modeling of atmospheric dispersal, real-time radiological measurements, and the latest medical science.

The **National Technical Nuclear Forensics (NTNF)** subprogram directly maintains the nuclear forensics technical and operational capabilities that support the U.S. Government nuclear forensics core mission areas of pre-detonation device, post-detonation, and pre-detonation materials analysis through implementation of specialized programs. The NTNF subprogram holds key roles in supporting ground sample collection, performing in-field sample processing, device disassembly, nuclear material analysis, and device assessment through reverse engineering. The NTNF subprogram sustains mission readiness through training, drills, and exercises for responders, maintenance and development of highly sophisticated equipment, tools, and techniques, technical integration, and maintenance of specialized pre- and post-detonation response teams and facilities. Additionally, continued development of the National Nuclear Material Archive (NNMA) ensures high-value historical nuclear material samples are identified, prioritized, analyzed, and characterized. Comparative analysis of material characteristics significantly aids assessment of interdicted materials and thus enhances technical nuclear forensics capabilities for attribution.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

The FY 2023 Budget Request supports the NTNF programs' continued development and maintains operational and scientific expertise at the National Laboratories to provide whole-of-government nuclear forensics response activities and support to attribution. Credible nuclear forensics capabilities constitute an essential element of the nation's nuclear deterrence strategy, helping to dissuade foreign states from supporting or facilitating non-state actors' acquisition of nuclear materials, either wittingly or unwittingly. National-level requirements to support nuclear forensics are outlined in presidential policies that specify interagency roles and responsibilities to maintain mission readiness and provide capabilities for operational response, analysis, and assessment in support of attribution. These requirements have been updated in FY 2022.

The **Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building** subprogram mission is to strengthen preparedness for all radiological or nuclear incidents, accidents, and terror threats posing a potential risk to the United States territory, citizens, or its interests. This subprogram works domestically with federal, state, and local officials to expand their capabilities to respond to a radiological or nuclear threat or incident. As part of a robust strategy to protect America from potential radiological or nuclear threats, this program also cooperates with key international partners to strengthen their ability to effectively address radiological or nuclear incidents in their region—withor without U.S. involvement—as far from U.S. territory as possible.

Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building subprogram activities include technical exchanges, joint technical experiments, workshops, exercises, technical assistance and support, policy development, and training with partners. These activities address the full range of potential radiological or nuclear threats. This subprogram assesses global security trends, risks, and requirements annually to plan, prioritize, and implement radiological/nuclear counterterrorism and incident response joint activities.

The FY 2023 Budget Request sustains and expands preparedness training both domestically and internationally which contributes to the NNSA mission to strengthen emergency preparedness and response capabilities for Federal, State, local, and international stakeholders. This budget request will also continue to support NNSA's Laboratory capabilities, including but not limited to, plume modeling, training, and support for the cytogenetics biodosimetry laboratory.

The **Nuclear Threat Science** subprogram provides the nation's technical capability to understand and defeat nuclear threat devices, including improvised nuclear devices (INDs), radiological dispersal devices (RDD), and lost or stolen foreign nuclear weapons. Nuclear Threat Science maintains and advances this technical capability through partnerships with NNSA's nuclear weapons design laboratories and production facilities and through technical and policy exchanges with the United Kingdom and France. Nuclear Threat Science also conducts focused science on explosive and nuclear material behaviors. In particular, Nuclear Threat Science performs integrated experiments as part of risk assessments of nuclear materials and nuclear threat devices in support of interagency and international partners. Collectively, this work shapes the United States' understanding of nuclear terrorism threats and nuclear proliferation threats. This understanding is used to support policies and procedures to improve nuclear material protection and the technical capabilities available for crisis operations.

The Nuclear Threat Science subprogram informs policies and procedures across multiple departments and agencies and is coordinated across NNSA and within the U.S. interagency to ensure maximum alignment with agreed-upon joint goals and ongoing programs.

This FY 2023 Budget Request will continue to enhance NNSA's laboratory capabilities (e.g., modeling/simulation, tools, expertise) for highly specialized nuclear threat science assessments, while improving predictive capabilities in support of crisis operations. Nuclear Threat Science will conduct scientific studies, including integrated experiments with the NNSA Office of Defense Programs, to ensure that material security and risk management policies and missions are informed by defensible and relevant assessments of potential threats. This subprogram will support the requirement to perform technical assessments in support of the Design Basis Threat (DBT) that governs DOE's nuclear material security posture. Similar technical expertise will continue to support Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) international nuclear security engagements by providing technical inputs for risk prioritization. This Budget Request also continues the technical work plans under the bilateral and trilateral classified channels that enable the sharing of best practices with foreign partners to reduce nuclear terrorism and nuclear proliferation risks.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

# Highlights of the FY 2023 Budget Request

- Ensure NEST is prepared to successfully respond to successfully respond to radiological/nuclear incidents with key personnel, trained and equipped.
- Addresses NEST staffing shortfalls, improves operational integration and full spectrum training and exercises in accordance with interagency objectives, and enables critical technology development and supporting infrastructure requirements.
- Maintain and improve NEST capabilities internally and through coordination with interagency partners in planned and emergent training, exercises, and response operations.
- Increase participation in national level and interagency exercises.
- Sustain operational response capabilities of NEST and interagency partners.
- Meet coordinated programmilestones and equipment recapitalization goals.
- Provide security and assessment capabilities for nuclear threat device designs across the entire counterterrorism and counterproliferation mission space, including improvised nuclear devices by evaluating nuclear threat device concepts and materials, developing, and maintaining predictive modeling capabilities, and executing selected focused and integrated experiments.
- Evaluate unique nuclear technologies for counterterrorism and counterproliferation applications. Develop and validate tools, perform contingency planning efforts, implement training, and maintain expertise to support NNSA, DoD, and FBI capabilities for the counterterrorism and counterproliferation mission.
- Address a critical gap in nuclear counterproliferation with NNSA expertise and technology.
- Enable new approaches to inform and provide solutions to the USG to counter and disrupt nuclear proliferation.
- Address the demand for broader counterproliferation analysis and approaches which benefits USG partners.
- Increase capacity to perform assessments of nuclear threat device designs and materials in support of DoD strategic partnership.
- Maintain and develop technical and operational nuclear forensics capabilities and operational readiness through its nuclear forensics programs.
- Lead the USG National Nuclear Forensics Program, including capability development, assessment, and interagency coordination of all program facets to support the characterization and attribution of nuclear material, device, accident, or attack.
- Initiate operational capability to conduct Design Heritage assessments for support to attributing origin of a device used in an attack
- Expand national security work relevant to nuclear forensics at the laboratories to rebuild diminishing essential nuclear forensics expertise and expertise in assessment of detonation prompt effects.
- Increase participation in national level and interagency exercises and participation in international technical exchanges with U.S. allies.
- Conduct in person and virtual trainings, technical exchanges, workshops, and exercises with domestic and foreign partners and international organizations to improve global capacity to respond to nuclear and radiological events.
- Strengthen domestic and international emergency preparedness and response through nuclear counterterrorism and incident response training, exercises, exchanges, and development of emergency management programs.
- Conduct analysis of radiological dispersal device experiments to improve response to such terror events.
- Expand international collaboration for medical response to radiological events.
- Develop new trainings and exercises to address emerging needs, combining virtual and in-person methods, and incorporating advanced learning techniques.

### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Identified safe and innovative ways in a pandemic environment to train and maintain NEST readiness to respond to a radiological or nuclear emergency, including nuclear forensics operations.
- Advanced U.S. nuclear threat reduction and emergency preparedness policy objectives through engagements with international organizations and foreign partners, bolstering global response capabilities and reinforcing mechanisms for cooperation.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

- Conducted virtual training in partnership with the FBI to enhance emergency preparedness and response capabilities domestically.
- Designed seven new virtual training courses to expand knowledge base for domestic and international radiological first responders.
- Conducted joint International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) training courses on incident and nuclear security preparedness and response.
- Conducted training and exercises to support nuclear security preparedness and response with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).
- Advanced radiological/nuclear emergency preparedness response domestically and internationally by conducting 50 virtual or in-person training events on topics including crisis communication, nuclear incident response, medical response, and security of major public events. Achieved increased confidence in new energetic disablement tools and improved accuracy in predictive modeling capabilities in support of the counter-WMD mission.
- Delivered two specialized readiness assessments to the national nuclear incident response teams.
- Executed two major integrated experiments in support of nuclear materials characterization assessments.
- NEST continued equipment recapitalization, innovation, and delivery of equipment to first responders while participating in an interagency process to identify response gaps and potential remediation options.
- Improved and integrated NEST Public Health and Safety programs to ensure an agile and interoperable capability that is mutually supportive across all mission areas, including mission partner engagement, anomaly detection, analysis, and assessment.
- In cooperation with the NNSA Office of Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development program, continued to support the development of new tools that support WMD device defeat, nuclear search, detection, and remediation.
- Conducted strategic messaging efforts to educate interagency partners, congressional audiences, and member of the general public about the CTCP mission, as well as influence adversary perceptions of the U.S. Government counterterrorism and counterproliferation capabilities.
- NEST conducted 12 unscheduled operations and 26 scheduled operations, including Preventive Radiological/Nuclear Detection support to the Presidential Inauguration, Presidential Address to a Joint Session of Congress, New Year's Eve celebrations in Las Vegas and New York City, Super Bowl LV, the 2021 Independence Day celebration on the National Mall, and the 76th Session of the United Nations General Assembly.
- NEST continued to hone operational readiness through participation in 27 exercises and joint drills, as well as numerous small-footprint and virtual training venues.
- NEST continued to test and field new tools for FBI regional teams as part of the NNSA-FBI "Capability Forward" initiative to accelerate life-saving responses to nuclear and radiological threats.
- Continued AMSPhase II recapitalization procurement efforts to replace two aging two rotary-wing aircraft, with delivery of new aircraft expected in the first quarter of FY 2024.
- Completed three demonstration projects for technologies to address emerging proliferation threats.
- Completed the initial identification of high-value nuclear forensics specimens needed for the NNMA and improved analytical capacity.
- Effectively maintained cooperative relationships with international partners for nuclear forensics technical exchanges by utilizing a suite of virtual capabilities.
- Improved nuclear forensics infrastructure, equipment, technology, and capabilities through increased investments.

# **Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation**

#### Activities and Explanation of Changes

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2021 Enacted FY 2023 Request	
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation \$341,513,000	Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation \$409,074,000	Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation +\$67,561,000
Nuclear Incident Response/Nuclear Emergency Support Team \$206,558,000	Nuclear Incident Response/Nuclear Emergency Support Team \$223,472,000	Nuclear Incident Response/Nuclear Emergency Support Team +\$16,914,000
<ul> <li>Provided technical assistance to federal, state, tribal, local, and international government agencies to deal with incidents, including terrorist threats that involve potential use of nuclear materials.</li> <li>Provided technical assistance to a Lead Federal Agency to search for or detect illicit radiological or nuclear material.</li> <li>Continued collection and expert analysis of radiological material signatures through DOE Radiological Triage Program.</li> <li>Supported lead federal agencies to address threats posed by domestic and foreign terrorists likely to have both the will and means to employ nuclear devices and weapons-usable nuclear materials.</li> <li>Sustained WMD defeat capabilities for an identified critical mission area. This effort includes predictive capability.</li> <li>Provided DOE/NNSA technical assistance for the planning, execution, and evaluation of national level exercises, including but not limited to: Marble Challenge, Nuclear Weapons Accident/Incident Exchange (NUWAIX), and other DoD-led exercises in which DOE/NNSA is not the lead.</li> <li>Implemented advanced training for consequence management response teams and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rapidly respond to locate and identify radiological/nuclear devices and prevent these devices from detonating: Rapidly respond to evaluate and recover any damaged U.S. nuclear weapons.</li> <li>Detect nuclear or radiological materials during high-profile events or in response to a threat. Lead the Federal Government's monitoring and technical assessment efforts after a nuclear or radiological incident or accident.</li> <li>Procurement mission critical equipment to recapitalize equipment that has exceeded its useful life.</li> <li>Priorities include handheld and vehicle-borne radiation detection equipment, high resolution spectroscopic identification systems, correlated neutron detectors, high-energy radiography equipment, and contamination survey meters.</li> <li>Sustain enhancements of render safe capabilities to current Stabilization cities in conjunction with the FBI.</li> <li>Provide improved technical equipment and additional training to address the increased demand for radiological/nuclear device stabilization capabilities.</li> <li>Deliver training and maintain equipment to sustain and enhance the ability of specialized</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Addresses staffing shortfalls, improves operational integration and full-spectrum training and exercises in accordance with interagency objectives.</li> <li>Enables critical technology development and supporting infrastructure requirements.</li> <li>Expands depth and expertise of critical NEST skillsets through increased frequency of Remote Technical Assistance activations and training.</li> <li>Enhances remote technical assistance capability within the Public Health and Safety mission area in support of field operations conducted by interagency partners and NEST operators.</li> </ul>

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
<ul> <li>home teams based on requirements of updated mission analyses that reflect lessons learned from responses and exercises. Sustain data communications systems for communications between the field teams and home teams.</li> <li>Provided continued decision support tools to radiological response efforts, in the event of the intentional or accidental release of radiological or nuclear material, as well as, informing recovery planning efforts.</li> <li>Improved clarity of guidance provided to public health officials on evacuation recommendations and health effects from the accidental or intentional release of radiological materials based on the latest science.</li> <li>Worked jointly with the federal coordinating agency, which is usually DHS/FEMA, during any radiological accident or incident.</li> <li>Coordinated with the EPA/NRC and other elements within DOE, to provide support to safeguard the public and environment and mitigate the effects of a nuclear or radiological accident or incident.</li> <li>Conducted recapitalization efforts for critical incident response equipment that is beyond its planned life cycle.</li> <li>Sustained capability for existing and increased number of stabilization cities including training and equipment maintenance.</li> <li>Deployed to additional cities and upgrade infrastructure and specialized technical equipment, as needed.</li> </ul>	regional teams (Stabilization teams) to respond to a nuclear terrorism threat. • Develop science and technologies that are most promising to improve the quality or speed of nuclear terrorism threat response.	

Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
National Technical Nuclear Forensics \$40,000,000	National Technical Nuclear Forensics \$42,555,000	National Technical Nuclear Forensics +\$2,555,000
<ul> <li>Provided technical and operational capabilities in support of the U.S. Government interagency NTNF program.</li> <li>Led and coordinated the interagency Nuclear Forensics Steering Committee.</li> <li>Advanced analysis methodologies for interdicted materials.</li> <li>Maintained readiness to respond to pre- and post- detonation nuclear events.</li> <li>Participated in one Ground Collection Task Force field exercise and one enhanced training event.</li> <li>Fully supported two Post-Detonation device assessment training and exercise events.</li> <li>Conducted preventative and corrective facility maintenance at P-Tunnel, NNSS for support to the Pre-Detonation Device Program. Continue to address broader infrastructure improvements at the NNSS.</li> <li>Continued LANL PF-4/TA-55 plans and procedure development in support of Pre-Detonation Device Program requirements.</li> <li>Conduct operational capability enhancements for Bulk Special Nuclear Materials Analysis Program (BSAP).</li> <li>Identified, consolidated, and analyzed historical nuclear material samples for the NNMA.</li> <li>Led U.S. nuclear forensics technical collaboration efforts with the United Kingdom under the Nuclear Threat Reduction channel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide technical and operational capabilities in support of the U.S. Government interagency NTNF program.</li> <li>Lead and coordinate the interagency nuclear forensics mission.</li> <li>Examine advancing analytic techniques for interdicted materials, ground samples, air samples, and prompt signals.</li> <li>Maintain readiness to respond to pre- and post-detonation nuclear events.</li> <li>Participate in one Ground Collection Task Force field exercise and one enhanced training event.</li> <li>Participate in two Post-Detonation device assessment training and drill events.</li> <li>Conduct two DFEAT exercises.</li> <li>Sustain preventative and corrective facility maintenance at P-Tunnel, NNSS for support to the Pre-Detonation Device Program. Continue to address broader infrastructure improvements at the NNSS.</li> <li>Expand operational capacity for Bulk Special Nuclear Materials Analysis Program (BSAP) laboratories at LANL and LLNL.</li> <li>Identify, prioritize, analyze, and characterize historical nuclear forensics program through administration of the NNMA.</li> <li>Lead U.S. nuclear forensics technical collaboration efforts with the United Kingdom under the Nuclear Threat Reduction channel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Transitions the Nuclear Weapon Design Heritage capability to operational status in coordination with DOE-IN.</li> <li>Supports development, transition, and sustainment of nuclear detonation prompt effects expertise.</li> <li>Provides additional training for new personnel on deployable and fixed-laboratory response te ams.</li> <li>Supports special nuclear forensics studies to address any capability gaps.</li> </ul>

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building \$9,655,000	Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building \$11,167,000	Counterterrorism Response and Capacity Building +\$1,512,000
<ul> <li>Designed virtual content and conduct three <i>Silent Thunder</i> domestic WMD counterterrorism tabletop exercises (TTXs).</li> <li>Designed seven new virtual training courses to expand knowledge base for domestic and international radiological first responders.</li> <li>Conducted virtual courses focused on radiological incident response fundamentals and crisis communications to build capacity for NATO allies.</li> <li>Conducted 20 virtual radiological crisis communications courses for domestic and international first responders.</li> <li>Designed virtual course for domestic and international first responders.</li> <li>Designed virtual course content and conducted an <i>Eminent Discovery</i> international radiological/nuclear terrorism interdiction response TTX.</li> <li>Conducted two international incident preparedness and response technical exchange workshops.</li> <li>Engaged key international partners bilaterally to coordinate nuclear and radiological incident preparedness and response.</li> <li>Conducted joint IAEA training courses on incident and nuclear security preparedness and response.</li> <li>Supported international policy development and execution with IAEA to strengthen global harmonization and coordination on nuclear and radiological incident preparedness and response.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct 18 advanced partnership engagements, specialized technical exchanges, and workshops.</li> <li>Conduct seven <i>Silent Thunder</i> domestic WMD counterterrorism TTXs.</li> <li>Develop a combined virtual training and inperson instruction program for increased reach and impact for both domestic and international training.</li> <li>Address additional demand for Policy &amp; Partnership events and sustain strategic outreach, leveraging hybrid training formats to reach a broader audience.</li> <li>Conduct 13 international nuclear and radiological training courses, operational support, and provide technical support.</li> <li>Conduct 15 multilateral and bilateral scenariobased policy discussions, CT domestic and international TTXs.</li> <li>Develop new Counterterrorism Response &amp; Capacity Building Respond initiatives in concert with DNN <i>Prevent-Counter</i> mission and support activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Funds two additional advanced partnership engagements to further harmonize international cooperation.</li> <li>Provides opportunities to redesign specific training courses to combine the strengths of virtual training with in-person instruction, creating resource-effective training to reach larger audiences.</li> <li>Enhances virtual and augmented reality training tools to expand user experience and retention of information.</li> <li>Supports increased international collaboration in medical response to radiological events.</li> <li>Funds analysis of radiological dispersal device experiments conducted to improve response to terror events.</li> </ul>
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation/ Nuclear Counterterrorism and		

Incident Response Program

FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Conducted operational training and support missions for foreign major public events.		· · · · · ·
Nuclear Threat Science \$85,300,000	Nuclear Threat Science \$131,880,000	Nuclear Threat Science +\$46,580,000
<ul> <li>Performed high-precision threat device modeling and experiments.</li> <li>Conducted Tier Threat Modeling Archive Validation project.</li> <li>Conducted technical assessment in support of USG nuclear material security efforts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain capability to perform assessments of nuclear threat devices.</li> <li>Maintain the integrity of sensitive nuclear threat related information protected under the Sigma 20 program, while protecting the information from unauthorized disclosure.</li> <li>Manage classified bilateral nuclear counterterrorism technical exchanges with the United Kingdom and France and provide leadership to the trilateral P3 Nuclear Threat Reduction framework.</li> <li>Execute integrated experiments to validate nuclear threat assessments.</li> <li>Develop predictive modeling tools and nuclear threat device training for the WMD defeat community and other operational partners.</li> <li>Conduct foundational science to support technical assessments of nuclear materials, explosives, and nuclear threat device designs in support of operational partners and the intelligence and security communities.</li> <li>Conduct research of technologies in support of U.S. Government CTCP strategic priorities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Addresses critical gap and demand from USG partners for broader nuclear counterproliferation analysis and capability development with NNSA expertise and newtechnology.</li> <li>Enables new approaches to inform and provide solutions to the USG to counter and disrupt nuclear proliferation.</li> <li>Increases support for technical assessments in support of interagency priorities, including nuclear materials security initiatives, threat characterization activities, and DoD operational planning efforts. All of which aids in growing and maintaining a steady cadre of technical experts for such priorities.</li> </ul>

# Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items						
of Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	3,622	3,701	3,783	+161
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	2,250	2,300	2,351	+101
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	5,872	6,001	6,134	+262
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	3,622	3,701	3,783	+161
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	3,622	3,701	3,783	+161

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	2,250	2,300	2,351	+101
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	2,250	2,300	2,351	+101
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	5,872	6,001	6,134	+262

FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

		(D	ollars in Thousand	ls)	
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Outyears
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))					
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	3,866	3,951	4,038	4,127	N/A
Minor Construction	2,403	2,456	2,510	2,565	N/A
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	6,269	6,407	6,548	6,692	N/A
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)					
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	3,866	3,951	4,038	4,127	N/A
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	3,866	3,951	4,038	4,127	N/A
		(D	ollars in Thousand	ls)	
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	LL				
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	2,403	2,456	2,510	2,565	N/A
Total, Minor Construction Projects	2,403	2,456	2,510	2,565	N/A
Total, Capital Summary	6,269	6,407	6,548	6,692	N/A

Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

FY 2021

FY 2022

FY 2023

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Argonne National Laboratory			
Conversion	18,961	16,562	17,04
Nuclear Material Removal	1,800	550	80
Material Disposition	150	0	10
Laboratory and Partnership Support	2,953	0	
Material Management and Minimization	23,864	17,112	17,94
Radiological Security	2,548	2,327	2,26
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	324	1,000	33
Global Material Security	2,872	3,327	2,59
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	10,064	10,064	12,76
Proliferation Detection R&D	3,090	2,510	3,47
Nonproliferation Fuels Development	4,400	771	0,41
Forensics R&D	4,400	575	87
	375	0	38
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program			
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	8,740	3,856	4,73
Emergency Operations	230	30	(
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	3,358	3,358	3,88
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	3,588	3,388	3,93
Total Argonne National Laboratory	49,128	37,747	41,97
Brookhaven National Laboratory			
Conversion	700	250	30
Material Management and Minimization	700	250	30
Radiological Security	461	205	41
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	1,407	1,012	1,43
Global Material Security	1,868	1,217	1,84
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	2,886	2,886	3,65
Proliferation Detection R&D	5,771	9,093	6,48
Forensics R&D	564	475	56
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	6,335	9,568	7,05
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	2,672	2,839	3,50
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	2,672	2,839	3,50
Total Brookhaven National Laboratory	14,461	16,760	16,36
Carlsbad Area Office			
Radiological Security	55	0	4
Global Material Security	55	0	2
Total Carlsbad Area Office	55	0	4
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory			
Proliferation Detection R&D	750	750	84
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	750	750	84
Total Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	750	750	84
daho National Laboratory			
Conversion	45,914	34,650	49,85
Nuclear Material Removal	8,685	9,100	13,03
			62,88
Material Management and Minimization	54,599	43,750	02,00
Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security	54,599 2,327	43,750 5,934	
-			2,39
International Nuclear Security	2,327	5,934	2,39
International Nuclear Security Radiological Security	2,327 10,939	5,934 13,100	2,30 9,73 12,13

# Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

	(Dollars in Thousanus)			
		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
		Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
		Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Proliferation Detection R&D		5,945	5,540	6,68
Nonproliferation Fuels Development		8,340	1,508	
Forensics R&D		937	900	93
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		450	200	4,993
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		15,672	8,148	12,614
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation		4,890	5,622	6,81
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response		4,890	5,622	6,81
Total Idaho National Laboratory		90,573	80,375	97,16
Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC)				
Material Disposition		3,777	3,500	4,030
Material Management and Minimization		3,777	3,500	4,030
International Nuclear Security		60	0	6
Global Material Security		60	0	6
•				1,18
Proliferation Detection R&D		1,050	1,000	
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		1,050	1,000	1,18 ⁻
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation		34,093	30,769	44,44
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response		34,093	30,769	44,44
Total Kansas City National Security Complex (KCNSC)		38,980	35,269	49,710
Kansas City Site Office				
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		2,960	2,960	3,75
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		0	200	
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		0	200	
Total Kansas City Site Office		2,960	3,160	3,75
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory				
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		784	784	999
Proliferation Detection R&D		8,055	13,600	9,05
		50	120	5
Forensics R&D		66		
Forensics R&D Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		8,105	13,720	9,10
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		8,105	13,720	45
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations		8,105 637	13,720 450	45 83-
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation		8,105 637 456	13,720 450 0	45 83- 1,28-
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory		8,105 637 456 1,093	13,720 450 0 450	45 83 1,28
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory		8,105 637 456 1,093	13,720 450 0 450	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b>
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b>	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b>	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b>
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b>
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 0	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200 100	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 0 500	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200 100 300	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 4,64
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 0 0 500 4,515 5,059	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 4,64 4,50
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory</b> Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response <b>Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Conversion</b> Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 0 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450	13,720 450 0 450 <b>14,954</b> 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33 31,00
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response <b>Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Conversion</b> Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33 31,00 33,16
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497 22,742	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187 17,042	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33 31,00 33,16 23,38
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Forensics R&D		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497 22,742 11,643	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187 17,042 10,119	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33 31,00 33,16 23,39 11,64
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497 22,742 11,643 6,950	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187 17,042 10,119 12,500	45 83 1,28 <b>11,38</b> 10 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33 31,00 33,16 23,39 11,64 13,04
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory</b> Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497 22,742 11,643 6,950 70,832	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187 17,042 10,119 12,500 67,848	45 83 1,28 11,38 11,38 10 10 10 4,64 4,50 4,19 13,33 31,00 33,16 23,39 11,64 13,04 81,25
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory</b> Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D NNSA Bioassurance Program		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497 22,742 11,643 6,950 70,832 0	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187 17,042 10,119 12,500 67,848 0	45 83 1,28 11,38 11,38 11,38 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D Emergency Operations Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response <b>Total Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory</b> <b>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory</b> Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		8,105 637 456 1,093 <b>9,982</b> 500 0 500 4,515 5,059 4,117 13,691 24,450 29,497 22,742 11,643 6,950 70,832	13,720 450 0 450 14,954 0 200 100 300 9,487 6,041 2,000 17,528 24,450 28,187 17,042 10,119 12,500 67,848	9,10 45 83 1,28 11,38 11,38 11,38 11,38 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

(Dolla	rs in Thousands)		
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Total Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	185,		
Los Alamos National Laboratory		450 1.405	
Conversion		450 1,495	
Nuclear Material Removal		800 750	
Material Disposition		075 62,573	
Laboratory and Partnership Support		325 0	
Material Management and Minimization		650 64,818	
International Nuclear Security		153 3,456	
Radiological Security		556 24,475	
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence		107 10,000	
Global Material Security	105,		
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		304 22,304	
Proliferation Detection R&D		689 36,479	
Nuclear Detonation Detection		660 95,852	
Forensics R&D		565 10,196	
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		450 0	
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	135,	364 142,527	
NNSA Bioassurance Program		0 0	5,00
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	65,	804 66,507	80,18
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response		804 66,507	
Total Los Alamos National Laboratory	405,	938 334,087	477,45
National Energy Technology Lab			
Material Disposition		650 750	72
Material Management and Minimization		650 750	72
International Nuclear Security		763 500	78
Global Material Security		763 500	78
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		104 104	13
Fotal National Energy Technology Lab	1,	517 1,354	1,63
Nevada National Security Site			
Nuclear Material Removal		0 100	
Material Management and Minimization		0 100	
International Nuclear Security		243 0	25
Radiological Security		857 535	76
Global Material Security	1,	100 535	1,01
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		296 296	37
Proliferation Detection R&D	14,	985 12,500	16,84
Nuclear Detonation Detection		139 25,871	
Forensics R&D		120 906	
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		000 15,800	
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		244 55,077	
Emergency Operations		609 21,609	
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation		144 41,767	
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response		753 63,376	
Total Nevada National Security Site	110,		
NNSA Albuquerque Complex		287 735	4.00
Conversion			
Nuclear Material Removal		0 3,850	
Nuclear Material Removal		500 0	
Laboratory and Partnership Support		500 0	
	37,	500         0           787         4,585           644         2,295	2,00

### Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

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	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Radiological Security	26,084	30,937	23,22
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	73,183	72,750	74,47
Global Material Security	110,911	105,982	109,66
Proliferation Detection R&D	17,500	15,000	19,67
Nuclear Detonation Detection	6,104	11,727	8,08
Forensics R&D	496	0	5,49
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	490 14,601	10,100	14,92
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	38,701	36,827	48,18
	1,179	30,827	40,10
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS		305	
Nonproliferation Construction	1,179		
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	307	0	
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	307	0	FF 70
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments - DNN	14,348	14,348	55,70 <b>215,5</b> 5
Fotal NNSA Albuquerque Complex	203,233	162,047	215,55
INSA Production Office (NPO)			50.00
Conversion Material Dispectition	0	0	50,00
Material Disposition	29,025	5,000	25,14
Material Management and Minimization Fotal NNSA Production Office (NPO)	29,025 <b>29,025</b>	5,000 <b>5,000</b>	75,14 <b>75,1</b> 4
	29,023	5,000	75,14
Dak Ridge Institute for Science & Education			
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	74	74	ç
Nonpromeration & Arms Control			
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	1,973	3,088	3,13
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	1,973 1,973 <b>2,047</b>	3,088 3,088 <b>3,162</b>	3,13 3,13 <b>3,22</b>
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory	1,973 <b>2,047</b>	3,088 <b>3,162</b>	3,13 <b>3,22</b>
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375	3,088 <b>3,162</b> 2,850	3,13 <b>3,22</b> 2,02
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947	3,088 <b>3,162</b> 2,850 7,275 2,600	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595	3,088 <b>3,162</b> 2,850 7,275 2,600 0	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725	3,13 <b>3,22</b> 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Fotal Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028	3,088 <b>3,162</b> 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,26
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552	3,088 <b>3,162</b> 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,26 16,51
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,28 16,5 ⁻ 22,98
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,28 16,51 22,98 48,77
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 16,57 22,96 48,77 26,57
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,42 16,57 22,96 48,77 26,57 35,55
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433	3,088 <b>3,162</b> 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,28 16,57 22,96 48,77 26,57 35,56 44
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,22 16,57 22,96 48,77 26,57 35,56 44
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,28 16,57 22,98 48,77 26,57 35,59 44 3,67
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,28 16,57 22,98 48,77 26,57 35,59 44 3,67 20,22
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,26 16,57 22,96 48,77 26,57 35,559 44 3,67 20,22 59,95
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D NNSA Bioassurance Program	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586 0	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727 0	3,11 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,26 16,57 22,96 48,77 26,57 35,56 44 3,67 20,24 5,99 2,50
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D NNSA Bioassurance Program Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586 0 11,415	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727 0 6,615	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,2£ 16,51 22,96 48,77 26,57 35,55 44 3,67 20,24 59,96 2,50 9,48
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D NNSA Bioassurance Program Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	1,973 <b>2,047</b> 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586 0	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727 0	3,11 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,41 9,24 16,5 ⁻ 22,99 48,7 ⁻ 26,5 ⁻ 35,56 44 3,6 ⁻ 20,24 59,99 2,50 9,94 8,948
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Date Ridge National Laboratory Conversion Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D NNSA Bioassurance Program Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge National Laboratory	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586 0 11,415	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727 0 6,615	3,11 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,41 9,24 16,5 ⁻ 22,99 48,7 ⁻ 26,5 ⁻ 35,56 44 3,6 ⁻ 20,24 59,99 2,50 9,94 8,948
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation         Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response         Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education         Dak Ridge National Laboratory         Conversion         Nuclear Material Removal         Material Disposition         Laboratory and Partnership Support         Material Management and Minimization         International Nuclear Security         Radiological Security         Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence         Global Material Security         Nonproliferation Detection         Nonproliferation Detection         Nonproliferation Tuels Development         Forensics R&D         Nonproliferation Stewardship Program         Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D         NNSA Bioassurance Program         Counterterrorism & Incident Response         Total Oak Ridge National Laboratory	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586 0 11,415 11,415 1152,863	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727 0 6,615 6,615 <b>130,218</b>	3,13 3,22 2,02 5,94 4,50 12,47 9,28 16,51 22,98 48,77 26,57 35,58 44 3,67 20,24 59,98 2,50 9,48 9,48 <b>159,76</b>
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Dak Ridge Institute for Science & Education Nuclear Material Removal Material Disposition Laboratory and Partnership Support Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security Radiological Security Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence Global Material Security Nonproliferation & Arms Control Proliferation Detection R&D Nuclear Detonation Detection Nonproliferation Fuels Development Forensics R&D Nonproliferation Stewardship Program Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D NNSA Bioassurance Program Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	1,973 2,047 1,375 6,827 2,947 2,595 13,744 9,028 18,552 22,581 50,161 20,957 31,661 433 7,000 3,673 13,819 56,586 0 11,415	3,088 3,162 2,850 7,275 2,600 0 12,725 13,169 14,786 11,239 39,194 20,957 32,995 180 1,227 3,450 12,875 50,727 0 6,615	3,13

Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

FY 2021

FY 2022

FY 2023

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory			
Conversion	27,281	20,115	15,494
Nuclear Material Removal	175	675	200
Material Disposition	2,900	3,600	1,986
Laboratory and Partnership Support	462	0	1,500
Material Management and Minimization	30,818	24,390	17,680
International Nuclear Security	36,389	14,680	37,411
			65,564
Radiological Security	73,644	100,586	
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	50,491	61,236	51,384
Global Material Security	160,524	176,502	154,359
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	18,781	18,781	23,814
Proliferation Detection R&D	23,637	22,030	26,574
Nuclear Detonation Detection	19,166	16,095	19,718
Forensics R&D	4,746	4,438	4,746
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	450	350	9,962
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	47,999	42,913	61,000
NNSA Bioassurance Program	0	0	2,500
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	3,182	2,700	(
Nonproliferation Construction	3,182	2,700	(
Emergency Operations	960	1,326	2,376
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	5,954	4,711	4,350
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	6,914	6,037	6,726
Total Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	268,218	271,323	266,079
Pantex Plant	6.000	E 900	E 540
Material Disposition	6,000	5,800	5,519
Material Management and Minimization	6,000	5,800	5,519
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	503	503	638
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	2,606	3,076	3,258
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Pantex Plant	2,606 <b>9,109</b>	3,076 <b>9,379</b>	3,258 <b>9,41</b> 5
Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory			
Proliferation Detection R&D	760	460	855
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	760	460	855
Total Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory	760	460	855
Richland Operations Office			
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	2,914	2,105	2,788
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	2,914	2,105	2,788
Total Richland Operations Office	2,914	2,105	2,788
Sandia National Laboratories			
Conversion	1,000	700	700
Nuclear Material Removal	0	100	(
Material Disposition	660	350	300
Material Management and Minimization	1,660	1,150	1,000
International Nuclear Security	7,793	16,595	8,012
Global Material Security	7,793	16,595	8,012
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	11,426	11,426	14,487
Proliferation Detection R&D	31,064	29,650	34,924
Nuclear Detonation Detection	105,091	94,895	105,225
Forensics R&D	1,634	2,000	1,634

#### Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
		Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
		Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		450	150	460
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		138,239	126,695	142,243
NNSA Bioassurance Program		0	0	5,000
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation		62,415	56,578	74,305
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Sandia National Laboratories		62,415 <b>221,533</b>	56,578 <b>212,444</b>	74,305 <b>245,047</b>
		221,000	212,777	243,047
Sandia Site Office				
Radiological Security		33,411	48,066	29,745
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence		12,261	9,000	12,478
Global Material Security		45,672	57,066	42,223
Total Sandia Site Office		45,672	57,066	42,223
Savannah River Operations Office				
International Nuclear Security		131	46	135
Global Material Security		131	46	135
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		4,825	4,825	C
Total Savannah River Operations Office		4,956	4,871	135
Savannah River Site				
Conversion		8,253	3,714	5,777
Nuclear Material Removal		17,723	13,600	15,550
Material Disposition		47,034	42,368	55,861
Laboratory and Partnership Support		1,545	0	(
Material Management and Minimization		74,555	59,682	77,188
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence		40	00,002	41
Global Material Security		40	0	41
Nonproliferation & Arms Control		2,057	2,057	8,726
Proliferation Detection R&D		11,207	13,456	12,600
Forensics R&D		1,728		1,728
			1,650	
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program		575	200	5,121
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		13,510	15,306	19,449
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS		143,565	142,905	66,764
Nonproliferation Construction		143,565	142,905	66,764
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation		3,701	3,385	4,051
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response		3,701	3,385	4,051
Total Savannah River Site		237,428	223,335	176,219
SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory				
Proliferation Detection R&D		1,007	1,300	1,133
Forensics R&D		729	275	729
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		1,736	1,575	1,862
Total SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory		1,736	1,575	1,862
Washington Headquarters				
Conversion		3,023	24,619	7,060
Nuclear Material Removal		640	500	1,000
Material Disposition		1,335	51,530	18,111
Laboratory and Partnership Support		13,000	60,000	(
		17,998	136,649	26,17
Material Management and Minimization				
Material Management and Minimization International Nuclear Security		1,939	9,007	1,993
•		1,939 2,630	9,007 21,610	
International Nuclear Security				1,993 2,341 467

### Funding by Site Detail

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation FY 2023

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	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request Detail
	Requested Total	Requested Total	Requested Total
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	18,24	8 18,248	23,138
Proliferation Detection R&D	32,04	7 28,790	36,618
Nuclear Detonation Detection	4,59	5 5,324	10,327
Nonproliferation Fuels Development	26	0 16,494	0
Forensics R&D	1,28	8 3,750	702
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	13,48	0 6,450	17,312
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	51,67	0 60,808	64,959
18-D-150, Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	66	3 2,679	5,000
Nonproliferation Construction	66	3 2,679	5,000
Emergency Operations	12,56	4 12,585	26,970
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	15,86	7 38,159	35,748
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	28,43	1 50,744	62,718
Total Washington Headquarters	122,03	8 303,833	186,787
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant			
Material Disposition	7,59		11,932
Material Management and Minimization	7,59		11,932
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	35		450
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	3,11		508
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response Total Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	3,11		508 <b>12,890</b>
rotal waste isolation Pliot Plant	11,06	,007	12,890
Y-12 National Security Complex			
Conversion	2,25	6 4,310	3,070
Nuclear Material Removal	3,35	0 3,300	3,875
Material Disposition	14,56	3 6,300	25,025
Laboratory and Partnership Support	62	0 0	0
Material Management and Minimization	20,78	9 13,910	31,970
International Nuclear Security	1,95	4 3,770	2,009
Radiological Security	7,20	4 12,332	6,414
Nuclear Smuggling Detection and Deterrence	3	0 1,000	31
Global Material Security	9,18	8 17,102	8,454
Nonproliferation & Arms Control	4,78	0 4,780	6,061
Proliferation Detection R&D	1,28	5 1,660	1,446
Forensics R&D	95	2 1,146	951
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	30	0 1,075	6,284
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	2,53	7 3,881	8,681
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	4	0 3,690	5,192
Nuclear Counterterrorism & Incident Response	4	0 3,690	5,192
Total Y-12 National Security Complex	37,33	4 43,363	60,358
Total Funding by Site - Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,260,00	0 2,260,000	2,469,305

# **Naval Reactors**

# **Naval Reactors**

### Naval Reactors Proposed Appropriation Language

For Department of Energy expenses necessary for Naval Reactors' activities to carry out the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition (by purchase, condemnation, construction, or otherwise) of real property, plant, and capital equipment, facilities, and facility expansion, [\$1,684,000,000] \$2,081,445,000 to remain available until expended[, of which, \$91,000,000 shall be transferred to "Department of Energy—Energy Programs— Nuclear Energy", for the Advanced Test Reactor (ATR)]: *Provided*, that [\$51,700,000] \$58,525,000 shall be available until September 30, [2023] 2024 for program direction.

# **Explanation of Changes**

Changes from the FY 2021 Enacted language consist of changes to the requested funding amount and the period of availability of program direction funding. The FY 2023 Budget Request reflects a 23.6% increase from FY 2021 Enacted levels (not including the ATR transfer). Increased funding in FY 2023 relative to FY 2021 maintains support for the current fleet, continues advanced technology development investment in support of today's fleet and future capabilities, and supports infrastructure modernization and reduction of legacy environmental liabilities. Additionally, the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project (SFHP) funding profile is updated to reflect the remaining resources required to fund the updated Total Project Cost.

# **Public Law Authorizations**

- P.L. 83-703, "Atomic Energy Act of 1954"
- Executive Order 12344 (42 U.S.C. 7158), "Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program"
- P.L. 106-65, National Nuclear Security Administration Act, as amended
- P.L. 117-81, National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
- P.L. 117-103, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022

	FY 2021	FY 2022		FY 2023 Request vs	FY 2023 Request vs			
	Enacted	Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Naval Reactors	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	397,445	23.6%			
Total Naval Reactors	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	397,445	23.6%			

# Overview

The Naval Reactors (NR) appropriation is responsible for U.S. Navy nuclear propulsion work, beginning with reactor plant technology development and design, continuing through reactor plant operation and maintenance, and ending with final disposition of naval spent nuclear fuel. The program ensures the safe and reliable operation of reactor plants in nuclear-powered submarines and aircraft carriers (constituting over 40% of the Navy's major combatants)^b and fulfills the Navy's requirements for new nuclear propulsion plants that meet current and future national defense requirements.

Naval Reactors mission includes ensuring the safety of reactors and associated naval nuclear propulsion plants, and control of radiation and radioactivity associated with naval nuclear propulsion activities, including prescribing and enforcing standards and regulations for these areas, as they affect the environment and the safety and health of workers, operators, and the general public. Naval Reactors maintains oversight in areas such as security, nuclear safeguards and transportation, radiological controls, public information, procurement, logistics, and fiscal management.

As part of the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA), Naval Reactors is working to provide the U.S. Navy with nuclear propulsion plants that are capable of responding to the challenges of the 21st-century security environment.

# Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget Request

Naval Reactors request of \$2,081,445,000 in FY 2023 is for continued achievement of its core objective of ensuring the safe and reliable operation of the Nation's nuclear fleet.

Naval Reactors request supports continued reinvestment in advanced technology development, modernization of infrastructure, and remediation of environmental liabilities.

Naval Reactors request includes additional funding for the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project (SFHP) and to support Navy timelines for future attack submarine development.

### **Major Outyear Priorities and Assumptions**

The outyear funding (FY 2024 through FY 2027) for Naval Reactors is \$7,582,476,000. Outyear funding supports Naval Reactors core mission of providing proper maintenance and safety oversight, and addressing emergent operational issues and technology obsolescence for 97 operating reactor plants. This includes 67 submarines, 11 aircraft carriers, and five research, development, and training platforms (including the land-based prototypes). Outyear funding also supports Naval Reactors continued achievement of ongoing new plant design projects, as well as continued achievement of its legacy responsibilities, such as ensuring proper management of naval spent nuclear fuel, prudent recapitalization of aging facilities, and cleanup of environmental liabilities.

### Department of Energy (DOE) Working Capital Fund (WCF) Support

The Naval Reactors appropriation projected contribution to the DOE WCF for FY 2023 is \$2,563,000. This funding covers certain shared enterprise activities including managing enterprise-wide systems and data, telecommunications, and supporting the integrated acquisition environment.

# FY 2023 Congressional Budget Justification

^a Throughout this document, funding does not reflect the mandated transfer of \$91 million in FY 2021 and FY 2022 to the Office of Nuclear Energy for operation of the Advanced Test Reactor.

^b Major combatants, in this instance, include aircraft carriers, submarines, and surface combatants based on the "Active in Commission" column from the Naval Vessel Register.

#### **Rickover Fellowship Program**

Naval Reactors manages the fellowship to attract and develop technical leaders in the areas of reactor technology and design as it pertains to naval nuclear propulsion. NR anticipates spending \$1,387,632 in FY 2023 to support this program.

# **Naval Reactors Funding**

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	FY 2023 Request vs			
	Enacted	Annualized CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
Naval Reactors								
Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure	530,600	530,600	695,165	+164,565	31.0%			
Naval Reactors Development	568,000	568,000	798,590	+230,590	40.6%			
S8G Prototype Refueling	135,000	135,000	20,000	-115,000	-85.2%			
Columbia-Class Reactor Systems Development	64,700	64,700	53 <i>,</i> 900	-10,800	-16.7%			
Program Direction	51,700	51,700	58 <i>,</i> 525	+6,825	13.2%			
Construction	334,000	334,000	455,265	+121,265	36.3%			
Total, Naval Reactors	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	+397,445	23.6%			

# **Outyears for Naval Reactors Funding**

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027			
	Request	Request	Request	Request			
Naval Reactors							
Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure	720,543	801,430	802,473	775,484			
Naval Reactors Development	835,319	840,340	864,138	813,090			
S8G Prototype Refueling	0	0	0	0			
Columbia-Class Reactor Systems Development	52,900	45,608	35,300	29,700			
Program Direction	59 <i>,</i> 538	61,622	63,779	67,811			
Construction	234,750	118,600	147,851	212,200			
Total, Naval Reactors	1,903,050	1,867,600	1,913,541	1,898,285			

# Naval Reactors

# Funding by Program

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2021	FY 2022 Annualized	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	FY 2023 Request vs		
	Enacted	CR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Naval Reactors							
Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure							
Research Reactor Facility Operations & Maintenance	142,900	142,900	116,800	-26,100	-18.3%		
MARF Defueling and Layup	7,098	7 <i>,</i> 098	57,100	+50,002	704.5%		
Laboratory Facility Regulation, Compliance, & Protection	138,859	138,859	158,415	+19,556	14.1%		
Nuclear Spent Fuel Management	124,013	124,013	147,180	+23,167	18.7%		
Radiological/Environmental Remediation & Demolition	76,325	76,325	131,400	+55,075	72.2%		
Technical Infrastructure Operations Support	0	0	18,250	+18,250	100.0%		
Capital Equipment	0	0	16,500	+16,500	100.0%		
Minor Construction	41,405	41,405	49,520	+8,115	19.6%		
Total, Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure	530,600	530,600	695,165	+164,565	31.0%		
Naval Reactors Development							
Ship Construction & Maintenance Support	34,800	34,800	39,000	+4,200	12.1%		
Nuclear Reactor Technology	182,600	182,600	282,150	+99,550	54.5%		
Reactor Systems & Component Technology	258,600	258,600	361,450	+102,850	39.8%		
Advanced Test Reactor Operations	91,000	91,000	90,890	-110	-0.1%		
Capital Equipment	1,000	1,000	25,100	+24,100	2410.0%		
Total, Naval Reactors Development	568,000	568,000	798,590	+230,590	40.6%		
S8G Prototype Refueling	135,000	135,000	20,000	-115,000	-85.2%		
Columbia-Class Reactor Systems Development	64,700	64,700	53,900	-10,800	-16.7%		
Program Direction	51,700	51,700	58,525	+6,825	13.2%		
Construction	334,000	334,000	455,265	+121,265	36.3%		
Total, Naval Reactors	1,684,000	1,684,000	2,081,445	+397,445	23.6%		

# **Outyears for Naval Reactors Funding**

	(Dollars	in Thousands)		
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
	Request	Request	Request	Request
Naval Reactors				
Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure				
Research Reactor Facility Operations & Maintenance	104,600	100,000	113,500	149,700
MARF Defueling and Layup	84,100	85 <i>,</i> 900	48,000	600
Laboratory Facility Regulation, Compliance, & Protection	168,050	168,304	176,325	178,407
Nuclear Spent Fuel Management	158,250	188,700	210,000	215,800
Radiological/Environmental Remediation & Demolition	132,400	151,400	169,704	140,907
Technical Infrastructure Operations Support	19,700	21,200	21,900	21,900
Capital Equipment	3,600	14,100	0	0
Minor Construction	49,843	71,826	63,044	68,170
Total, Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure	720,543	801,430	802,473	775,484
Naval Reactors Development				
Ship Construction & Maintenance Support	39,000	39,200	39,300	39,900
Nuclear Reactor Technology	282,502	284,892	299,450	272,520
Reactor Systems & Component Technology	406,018	405,800	414,650	389,300
Advanced Test Reactor Operations	92,799	94,748	96,738	98,770
Capital Equipment	15,000	15,700	14,000	12,600
Total, Naval Reactors Development	835,319	840,340	864,138	813,090
S8G Prototype Refueling	0	0	0	0
Columbia-Class Reactor Systems Development	52,900	45,608	35,300	29,700
Program Direction	59,538	61,622	63,779	67,811
Construction	234,750	118,600	147,851	212,200
Total, Naval Reactors	1,903,050	1,867,600	1,913,541	1,898,285

### Naval Reactors Explanation of Major Changes (Dollars in Thousands)

	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Naval Reactors	rizozi Liacteu (3)
<b>Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure:</b> This increase (+31%) supports progression toward achieving remediation goals in decontamination and decommissioning efforts, continued recapitalization of infrastructure, and increasing efforts to prepare for delivery of the Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility.	+164,565
<b>Naval Reactors Development:</b> This increase (+41%) supports development of the methods, models, materials, components, and systems required for future platforms to achieve enhanced capability, improved affordability, and sustained reliability and provide continuous support to U.S. Navy fleet operations.	+230,590
<b>S8G Prototype Refueling:</b> This decrease (-85%) is consistent with the project's revised funding profile and supports project completion in FY 2023.	-115,000
<i>Columbia</i> -class Reactor Systems Development: This decrease (-17%) is consistent with the project's planned funding profile and supports FY 2023 production, analysis, and testing execution.	-10,800
<b>Program Direction:</b> This funding increase (+13%) includes funding for personnel and pay related costs, travel requirements, and IT hardware and maintenance operations.	+6,825
<b>Construction:</b> This increase (+36%) supports cost increases for the Spent Fuel Handling Project, in addition to funding a new start construction project at the Bettis site.	+121,265
Total, Naval Reactors	+397,445

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#### Naval Reactors Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure

#### Description

The Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure resources ensure Naval Reactors maintains an integrated and effective enterprise across program sites located in Pennsylvania, New York, and Idaho, to provide safe and environmentally conscious operation of the nuclear fleet. The Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure program resources provide funding for work associated with the operation of one land-based nuclear prototype and lay-up of one land-based prototype at the Kesselring Site located in West Milton, NY; two dedicated, government-owned, contractor-operated laboratory facilities, Knolls and Bettis located in Niskayuna, NY and West Mifflin, PA, respectively; and naval spent nuclear fuel handling facilities and operations at the Naval Reactors Facility at the Idaho National Laboratory in Idaho. These resources fund work that ensures unique Naval Reactors' infrastructure and advanced naval nuclear capabilities are maintained well into the future. These efforts include:

- Operation, maintenance, and lay-up of the DOE land-based prototypes supporting technology development and nuclear operator training.
- Planning and preparations to defuel the Modifications and Additions to Reactor Facilities (MARF) prototype and perform the necessary work to leave the plant in a benign condition for eventual disassembly.
- Activities to ensure Naval Reactors program operations meet or exceed applicable federal, state, and local standards and requirements.
- Disposition of naval spent nuclear fuel from the inactivation and refueling of ships.
- Remediation, dismantlement, and disposal of inactive Naval Reactors program systems, facilities, and areas.
- Providing technical infrastructure support at laboratory facilities enabling technical work supporting the operations of the fleet as well as design and development efforts.
- Design and procurement of capital equipment.
- Design and construction of facilities and infrastructure to provide for capacity, security, safety, environmental, and obsolescence needs.

#### Research Reactor Facility Operations & Maintenance

The mission of this subprogram is to support one land-based prototype located at the Kesselring Site in New York through the following work efforts:

- Test and examine reactor materials, components, systems, and new design applications under actual operating conditions.
- Provide a ship-like operating platform to train nuclear operators.
- Support improved design activities for the operating prototypes and perform systematic preventive maintenance, corrective maintenance, upgrades, and modifications on the prototypes and their support equipment.
- Evaluate problems using engineering tests and other troubleshooting techniques.
- Procure and maintain adequate spare parts, material, specialized tools and instrumentation for troubleshooting and prototype testing.

#### MARF Defueling and Layup

The mission of this subprogram is to defuel and layup the MARF prototype in order to place the plant in a safe and benign condition for eventual dismantlement and off-site disposal. The requested funds permit the design and construction of defueling facilities, the preparation and staging of required equipment for defueling, and the training and proper execution of defueling activities.

#### Laboratory Facility Regulation, Compliance & Protection

The mission of this subprogram is to ensure that Naval Reactors operations and design activities meet or exceed applicable federal, state, and local standards and requirements, such as Radiological Controls, Environmental, Safety and Health, Quality Assurance, and Nuclear Materials Management. This compliance is accomplished by:

- Personnel training, instruction, supervision, independent oversight, and formal auditing.
- Extensive personnel and environmental sampling and monitoring programs to ensure operations have no discernible impact on human health or the environment.

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- Preparing and issuing numerous reports required by federal, state, and local regulations and requirements.
- Reviewing of new and existing nuclear plant design and the related procurement of nuclear fuel and new project equipment.

Naval Reactors' radiological workforce is a highly trained group, capable of responding in the event of a radiological accident, as well as supporting routine radiological operations.

#### Nuclear Spent Fuel Management

The mission of this subprogram is to fulfill Naval Reactors' cradle-to-grave responsibility for aspects of naval nuclear propulsion by properly managing naval spent nuclear fuel (NSNF). Specifically, resources in this subprogram support the safe reception, handling, preparation, packaging, and temporary storage of NSNF coming from the nuclear-powered fleet and prototypes. This includes fuel handling operations at Department of Energy facilities, mechanically processing NSNF at the Naval Reactors Facility (NRF) in the State of Idaho, packaging the NSNF for dry storage in a geologic repository or interim storage facility, and disposing of the radiological waste by-products produced by these processes. The subprogram also supports nuclear-powered warship deployments by managing Naval Reactors NSNF shipping container capacity for aircraft carrier and submarine refueling overhauls and defueling inactivation operations; conducts destructive and non-destructive examinations of expended naval cores and irradiated test specimens from the Advanced Test Reactor located at the Idaho National Laboratory; and manages the construction of projects that directly support improvements to the NSNF receiving, processing, packaging, and disposal efforts, reducing radiological risks at the NRF.

#### Radiological/Environmental Remediation & Demolition

The mission of this subprogram is to remediate, dismantle, and dispose of inactive Naval Reactors systems, facilities, and areas that once supported research and development, design, testing, training, and prototype operations. Requirements are prioritized based on a criteria model that ensures currently available funding is provided to projects most critical to Naval Reactors with emphasis on balancing factors such as risk reduction and inactive facility lifecycle costs.

#### Technical Infrastructure and Operations Support

The mission of this subprogram is to support laboratory and testing facilities at Naval Nuclear Laboratory (NNL) to enable the technical work supporting the operations of the naval nuclear fleet, as well as engineering and development efforts required to ensure continued performance, safety and reliability, and resolution of emergent fleet problems. This includes the preparation and maintenance of infrastructure at program laboratory sites (e.g., laboratory space/building, test loops, hot cells) to support Program technical work (e.g., testing, engineering and analysis, design, and examinations). The upfront work needed to prepare laboratory facilities is distinct from operating the systems or test programs within such facilities (e.g., actual execution/performance of the test once a test loop has been prepared). Technical infrastructure such as test loops are large in size and require significant infrastructure (e.g., building dimensions, utilities, ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code calculations support in order to prepare the tests for safe operations. The skills required to engineer and maintain technical infrastructure are similar to the skills used to support general facility infrastructure (e.g., general office buildings), and test engineers work collaboratively with site facilities engineers to maintain safe and reliable test operation.

#### Capital Equipment

The mission of this subprogram is to provide the critical technical tools and equipment to ensure that Naval Reactors can achieve its mission. This subprogram includes Major Items of Equipment (MIE) and non-MIE. Capital equipment is defined as non-construction related equipment, computer systems, tooling, and furniture or fixtures having useful life of two or more years and costing greater than \$500,000. The tools and equipment are required to support the other work efforts within the sub-categories of Naval Reactors Operations and Infrastructure (e.g. operator training and facilities maintenance).

# Minor Construction Projects

The mission of this subprogram is to execute minor construction projects of a general nature, the Total Estimated Cost of which may not exceed the established minor construction threshold. Minor construction projects are necessary to adapt facilities to new or improved production techniques, to effect economies of operations, and to reduce or eliminate health, fire, and security vulnerabilities. These projects provide for design and construction, additions, and improvements to land, buildings, and utility systems, and they may include construction of small new buildings, additions to roads, and general

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area improvements. Funding is derived from established site construction plans and may be used for emergent and unforeseen infrastructure needs.

### Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget Request

The increase of \$164,565,000 supports progression toward achieving remediation goals in decontamination and decommissioning efforts, continued recapitalization of infrastructure, and increasing efforts to prepare for delivery of the Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility.

#### FY 2024-FY 2027 Key Milestones

Research Reactor Facility Operations and Maintenance

- Obtain core depletion data from the land-based prototype to validate designs and methods of current operating fleet cores.
- Perform maintenance on the land-based prototype, including replacement of major reactor plant, steam plant, and safety system components.
- Conduct core test programs and evaluations on the land-based prototype to validate current and future fleet core designs/methods as well as prototype reactor core performance.
- Conduct testing of electronic power generation and conversion units deployed in the fleet and provide test bed for software and hardware upgrades prior to fleet deployment to ensure that problems with new technologies and designs are resolved before broader application and do not affect the deployed nuclear fleet.
- Develop technology for future fleet deployment with the use of chemistry automation testing that provides improved data and reduced time and exposure requirements for future fleet application.
- Operate and maintain Engineered Safety Features System.

#### MARF Defueling and Layup

- Complete detailed facility designs.
- Initiate material ordering and facilities preparation.
- Construct and outfit defueling facility.
- System preparation and plant disassembly.
- Execute fuel removal, shipment to NRF and plant layup.

#### Laboratory Facility Regulation, Compliance & Protection

- Administer radiological controls, including radiological monitoring, radiological engineering, radiation health, radiological controls training, and auditing.
- Provide regulatory compliance oversight and auditing in environmental programs, environmental monitoring, safety, and industrial hygiene.
- Operate mixed, hazardous, and radiological waste storage and processing facilities.
- Prepare waste shipment for treatment or disposal.
- Develop tools and training for organizations to apply Program quality of work principles, quality system requirements, and NR program standards to Naval Nuclear Laboratory (NNL) work.
- Perform internal audits and inspections of NNL work.
- Provide oversight of suppliers for NNL procurements.
- Establish and maintain policies and procedures for nuclear material control and accountability and nuclear criticality safety.

#### Nuclear Spent Fuel Management

- Package spent fuel canisters of NSNF into dry storage to support an agreement with the State of Idaho for NSNF located in water pool storage for a period less than six years.
- Mechanically process NSNF modules for placement into dry storage to support legal requirements in the agreement with the State of Idaho.
- Load sleeves of NSNF for packaging method B disposal to support legal requirements in the agreement with the State of Idaho.

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- Receive, unload, and return for next use or ultimate disposal, shipping containers of NSNF to support aircraft carrier and submarine refuelings/defuelings and inactivation operations.
- Deliver processing and packaging hardware, fuel handling equipment, and fuel handling procedures in support of NSNF, and Packaging Method B dry storage campaigns.
- Train personnel and checkout equipment/procedures for commencement of operations in the Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility (NSFHF).

#### Radiological/Environmental Remediation & Demolition

All sites:

- Conduct remediation of inactive NR Program contaminated systems, facilities, and areas to reduce potential environmental liabilities.
- Continue execution of NNL, NR, and Department of Energy-Environmental Management (DOE-EM) collaborative tasks that support facility turnover to DOE-EM, including but not limited to site walkdowns, project scoping, project schedules, establishment of supporting infrastructure, utility re-routes, historical preservation, and environmental evaluations.

Bettis Laboratory (BL):

• Complete multiple waste load-out campaigns in the Materials Evaluation Laboratory

Naval Reactors Facility (NRF):

- Complete dismantlement of the S1W Prototype Complex.
- Commence dismantlement of A1W Prototype support facilities.

Knolls Laboratory (KL):

- Continue environmental remediation to support United States EPA and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) initiatives for Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) and Area of Concerns (AOCs) identified. Environmental remediation projects are in accordance with NYSDEC approved Corrective Action work schedules.
- Execute abatement of asbestos in numerous radiologically controlled spaces throughout the site.
- Complete capping of the Knolls Laboratory Land Disposal Area and prepare required regulatory reports.
- Commence F Complex demolition.
- Complete demolition of Q-Complex, including subsequent soil remediation and underground pier removal.
- Complete removing support systems from the former laboratory critical facilities (Flexible Plastic Reactor (FPR), the Pressurized Test Reactor (PTR), the Full Core Physics Experiment (FCPE) and the Thermal Test Reactor (TTR)).

Kesselring Site (KS):

- Complete D&D of multiple legacy industrial facilities in the southeast quadrant of the site.
- Commence D&D of Hortonsphere complex.

#### Technical Infrastructure and Operations Support

• Consolidate laboratory manpower efforts while transitioning operations in an effort to complete Knolls, Bettis corrosion testing consolidation by FY31, which will add efficiencies while retracting future costs for the program.

#### Capital Equipment

• Laboratory Network Upgrades; replaces network infrastructure which provides basic connectivity for every IT system used in the NR Program. Nearly every enterprise application, database, file repository, website, etc. is connected through this network infrastructure.

#### Minor Construction Projects

- BL AMTL Upgrade EMTF Infrastructure
- BL Simulation Development Laboratory (SDL) and Bettis Reactor Engineering School (BRES)
- KL Data Center Power and Capacity Upgrades
- KL 002 Outfall

#### **Naval Reactors**

- KS Storm Water Upgrades
- KS CAS Relocation
- KS Radio Upgrade
- NRF Expended Core Facility (ECF) Electric Heat Conversion

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Issued plan for MARF servicing facility modifications to support defueling and commence the detailed facility designs.
- Prepared detailed plans for starting operations in the new Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project facility.
- Packaged 6 spent fuel canisters into dry storage to support meeting time requirements in an agreement with the State of Idaho for NSNF located in water pool storage.
- Mechanically processed 86 NSNF modules for placement into dry storage to support legal requirements in the agreement with the State of Idaho.
- Loaded 15 sleeves of NSNF for packaging method B disposal to support legal requirements in the agreement with the State of Idaho.
- Received, unloaded, and returned for next use or ultimate disposal 8 shipping containers of NSNF to support aircraft carrier and submarine refuelings/defuelings and inactivation operations.
- Completed removal of the D1G Prototype Primary Shield Tank.
- Completed multiple waste load-out campaigns in the Materials Evaluation Laboratory at Bettis.

#### Naval Reactors Naval Reactors Development

### Description

The Naval Reactors Development (NRD) resources fund work that ensures the current and future fleet is the most advanced, well-maintained, and capable nuclear fleet in the world. This funding supports unique technologies used in naval reactors that are crucial to delivering superior navyfleet operations and dominance in the maritime domain to counter the increasing threats from our adversaries. These efforts include:

- Supporting naval operations and strategic mission needs by providing technical support to the fleet and ensuring safe reactor operations through engineering solutions to emergent reactor plant issues, enabling equipment replacement and maintenance, and tracking reactor performance over time.
- Developing and enhancing the fundamental methods, modeling, and materials used in reactor cores and plants, which reduce lifecycle costs and improves performance.
- Designing and maintaining the major reactor plant components and plant systems required for technologically superior naval nuclear propulsion.
- Providing funding for the operation of the Advanced Test Reactor (ATR) to DOE Office of Nuclear Energy and performing irradiation testing for ongoing evaluation of new material applications and core designs.
- Designing and procuring capital equipment in support of the work above.

#### Ship Construction & Maintenance Support

The mission of this subcategory is to directly support both the operation and new construction of the nuclear-powered fleet. Operating reactors require continuous mechanical, thermal, hydraulic, materials, and chemistry analyses to fully evaluate the impact of existing design features, core materials, and system modifications on reactor performance and to ensure safe operation throughout the life of the core. While overall fleet support efforts are funded acrossall Naval Reactors Development subprograms (excluding the Advanced Test Reactor), SCMS supports direct efforts. This includes analyses to extend the reactor operational life of a ship, reactor servicing technical support, new instrumentation and control system qualification prior to ship installation, emergent problem resolution arising during propulsion plant component manufacturing, installation, testing or operation, and continued technical validation of a ship's reactor performance and safety basis through operational life of the ship. Also, maintenance of the reactor plants involves designing equipment and systems to safely handle new fuel and highly radioactive spent fuel including safely maintaining plant components, and resolving emergent obsolescence issues. These efforts are closely associated with the more comprehensive technology efforts that underpin NR's fleet support efforts in Nuclear Reactor Technology (NRT) and Reactor Systems & Component Technology (RSCT).

#### Nuclear Reactor Technology

The mission of this subcategory is to develop and deploy core material systems that improve nuclear safety, stealth capability, tactical ability, and reactor plant capability and performance; and to support the qualification of the manufacture of those systems at the naval nuclear core vendor. The materials testing executed using NRT resources forms the basis for naval nuclear reactor operational capability, which has enabled over 65 years of safe nuclear reactor operations while increasing reactor plant performance and reducing platform lifecycle cost. This research and development capability informs new design decisions and enables timely response to issues encountered in the operating fleet. Advanced fuel and poison development efforts, including specimen manufacture, irradiation testing, and post irradiation examination, are executed using resources from this subcategory. Lastly, this subcategory supports the examination of expended fuel modules and irradiated core components at the Expended Core Facility located at the Naval Reactors Facility, which is part of the Idaho National Laboratory. This examination capability provides real performance data on hardware to ultimately understand both long-term material behavior and design impacts.

#### Reactor Systems & Component Technology

The mission of this subcategory is to provide Naval Reactors with the technology for major reactor plant components (e.g., steam generators, reactor coolant pumps, valves) as well as plant systems (e.g., instrumentation and control). This subcategory provides the support and expertise necessary to ensure the satisfactory operation of reactor plant components in the naval nuclear fleet and prototypes, to design and implement *Virginia*-class and *Ford*-class reactor plant components,

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and to develop higher power density, faster to build, and more affordable components for technology insertion applications in existing ship classes. The major objectives of instrumentation and control component and system development are to deliver the next generation of instrumentation, control, and electrical equipment for naval nuclear propulsion applications to improve ship mission capabilities, reactor safety, and widen the advanced technology gap over our adversaries. This subcategory also enables the Program's advanced technology incubator effort to accelerate the pace of R&D that holds promise for step-change advancements and asymmetrical warfighting advantages for naval nuclear propulsion.

### Advanced Test Reactor Operations

The mission of this subcategory is to provide a prototypical thermal irradiation environment to support core design, manufacturing development, fleet support, and analytical model development for reactor materials and nuclear fuels. The ATR is a test reactor facility owned by the DOE Office of Nuclear Energy and operated by its contractor. Naval Reactors has sole use of five of nine ATR test loops. This subprogram provides the majority of the ATR's base operations funding.

#### Capital Equipment

The mission of this subcategory is to provide the critical technical tools and equipment to ensure that Naval Reactors can achieve its mission. This subprogram includes both MIE (major items of equipment) and non-MIE. Capital equipment is defined as non-construction related equipment, computer systems, tooling, and furniture or fixtures having a useful life of two or more years and costinggreater than \$500,000. The tools and equipment are required to support other work efforts within the subcategories of Naval Reactors Development (e.g., designing and testing of reactor plant systems, developing new technologies).

#### Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget Request

The increase of \$230,590,000 supports development of the methods, models, materials, components, and systems required for future platforms to achieve enhanced capability, improved affordability, and sustained reliability and provides continuous support to U.S. Navy fleet operations. Recent increases in this area of NR's budget come at a pivotal time for the NR Program, in which over the last decade, the need for generational investment in infrastructure, which is not yet complete, required a reduction in mid- to long- term technology development efforts. During this time, historic technology development efforts were leveraged to support *Columbia*-class design and existing nuclear-powered submarines and aircraft carriers in the fleet. In order to account for deferred technology R&D to support infrastructure investments, Naval Reactors must identify and develop cutting-edge technologies to aggressively improve propulsion plant capability and dramatically reduce design, acquisition, and lifecycle cost and timespans. This investment in R&D is a critical step in maintaining the Navy's dominance in the maritime domain.

#### FY 2024-FY 2027 Key Milestones

#### Ship Construction & Maintenance Support

- Validate reactor performance and safety basis through operational life of *Los Angeles*-class, *Ohio*-class, *Virginia*-class, *Seawolf*-class, *Nimitz*-class, and *Ford*-class ships.
- Perform thermal and mechanical analyses to extend the reactor and propulsion plant operational life of the submarine fleet and carrier fleet, ensuring the overall number of nuclear ships continues to meet strategic requirements. This includes service life extension work for *Los Angeles*-class, *Ohio*-class, and *Nimitz*-class.
- Perform integrated reactor plant analysis and instrumentation and control system qualification prior to ship installation to ensure safe and reliable operation.
- Support resolution of fabrication or shipyard issues for reactor equipment in production.
- Support emergent obsolescence management issues of technology and equipment pertaining to construction and maintenance support.

#### Nuclear Reactor Technology

- Support manufacture of the first *Columbia*-class reactor core and continued manufacture of *Virginia*-class and *Ford*-class reactor cores.
- Deliver Electro-Discharge Machining (EDM) equipment as a modern replacement for Expended Core Facility underwater milling equipment for fuel separation. EDM will provide more inherent safety features and more efficient, automated processing capability.

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- Complete design and delivery of lower-end reactor module inspection equipment needed for examination of modern core hardware and execute this first-of-a-kind inspection on the Advanced Fleet Reactor core.
- Perform core examinations on structural and fuel materials of a land-based prototype core informing operating Fleet performance and new design decisions.
- Operate, upgrade, and maintain material testing and examination capabilities. These capabilities enable maintaining reactor plant safety for new materials and manufacturing deviations, and allows for minimum impact to ship's operating availability.
- Execute vendor manufacturing development necessary to scale-up improvements in fuel and core manufacturing to increase yields, increase efficiency, and reduce cost. This requires transfers and implementation of laboratory-designed specialized equipment at production facilities.
- Complete core physics exams in operating ships to confirm reactor operating lifetime performance.
- Complete conceptual design for long-term continuity of expended core testing and examination capabilities. Examination of naval spent cores is critical to validating the safe operation of cores in the fleet, resolving technical issues, refining analytical models, and establishing spent fuel shipping requirements.

#### Reactor Systems & Component Technology

- Develop predictive methodologies and data analytics for evaluation of in-service components in order to reduce lifecycle costs (e.g., reduce total planned nuclear maintenance workload of the fleet by 30%), optimally schedule repairs and thereby increase operational availability.
- Develop and implement advanced instrumentation & control systems exploiting passive cooling, enhanced cybersecurity features, and increased computational capability for fleet applications to increase performance and reduce acquisition and lifecycle costs.
- Research, develop, and test new sensor technologies for integration into existing and future propulsion plants in order to better enable predictive maintenance, and improve accuracy and plant responsiveness, increased sensor density (e.g., more sensing elements per instrument), thereby reducing required number of sensors while enhancing operator-assisted control systems and operational reliability.
- Develop and integrate technologies (e.g., advanced power conversion equipment) to improve shipboard power density and efficiency, enabling more capable and compact systems (e.g., reducing electrical component cabinet volume by up to 50%), and thereby reducing weight and hull size impacts.
- Develop and qualify advanced manufacturing capabilities, such as powder metallurgy hot isostatic pressing (PM-HIP) and additive manufacturing (AM), for near-term operating platform insertions. These manufacturing technologies enable performance-enhancing designs with unique or complex geometries while reducing cost and production timespan and improving resilience of the industrial base.
- Design, build, test, and qualify improved heat exchangers for reactor plant application, with the goal of increasing power density to enhance capability, lower cost, and reduce ship weight and hull size impacts.
- Establish external technology incubation sources to identify relevant emergent technologies (e.g., artificial intelligence, advanced robotics, energy storage) that potentially provide a step-change in naval nuclear plant competitive advantage.
- Develop, improve, and employ reactor design, analysis, and simulation software tools for new plants to improve capability while reducing cost and development time.
- Develop radiation shield methods and perform analyses for reactor plants, and radioactive material handling equipment and facilities; and, verify their effectiveness through shield surveys.
- Provide structural analyses and assessments for new designs and existing fleet to ensure propulsion continuity and safe operation under battle shock and ship maneuvering transients.
- Perform testing and analysis of noise sources in components and develop tests to improve propulsion plant acoustics and submarine stealth.
- Continue to monitor and redesign components and integrated systems as necessary to remove future emergent obsolescence issues.

# Advanced Test Reactor Operations

• Perform operations, maintenance, and engineering support work necessary to operate the ATR for a target of 210 days per year (three 60-day irradiation test cycles and up to two transient tests). These test cycles are necessary to obtain

# **Naval Reactors**

data to define performance limits of fuel fabricated from existing fuel manufacturing technologies and support continued safe reactor operations.

- Safely handle, ship, and receive 14 irradiation test trains per year from the Naval Reactors Facility where irradiations test specimens are assembled and examined. This work is necessary as part of preparing new Navy test specimens for the ATR and inspecting and characterizing specimens that have been irradiated.
- Procure nuclear fuel and spare parts to support ATR operations.
- Refurbish the components and infrastructure to bring a currently unusable ATR test loop back into service. This refurbishment will enable subsequent refurbishment of other operating test loop equipment and infrastructure to greatly improve ATR reliability. The funding for the first refurbishment is categorized under Nuclear Reactor Technology.

#### Capital Equipment

- Procure High Performance Computing equipment to enable design and analysis workload to be completed at a much lower cost than physical tests.
- Replace Radiological Materials Laboratory (RML) High Radiation scanning electron microscope (SEM) to safely analyze radioactive materials used to evaluate fracture surfaces, determine chemical constituents, and provide detailed metallographic images on expended core hardware and irradiation test specimens.
- Recapitalize the Thermal Hydraulic 1 (TH1) Test Loop into a modernized facility. The existing Thermal Hydraulics
  Laboratory Loop 84, a steam/water test loop, is operating beyond its design life and cannot meet the strategic longterm needs of future testing. The TH1 Test Loop will allow for testing under prototypic conditions and configurations.
- Procure a state-of-the-art metal Additive Manufacturing (AM) machine to support continued development of AM and enable rapid design iteration of pre-production components.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Core design and analyses supported continued safe and reliable operation of reactors across the fleet.
- Performed and coordinated expended core examinations. These examinations determined performance of actual operating naval cores.
- Certified and began use of a new irradiation test specimen transfer cask supporting shipment between the Naval Reactors Facility and the Advanced Test Reactor that was designed to better satisfy modern safety and regulatory shipping requirements.
- Continued development of new manufacturing processes (PM-HIP and AM), executing targeted material testing to validate key performance attributes in a shorter time than prior material qualification efforts.
- Designed and built a prototype compact heat exchanger for use in performance testing.
- Initiated integrated work plan for next generation reactor fuel system, including initiation of vendor and laboratory scoping work.
- Accelerated the Naval Reactors' advanced technology incubator effort to develop technologies that enable a stepchange in competitive advantage for naval nuclear propulsion plants.
- Performed operations, maintenance and engineering support work for the ATR including two 60-day irradiation test cycles and initiated Core Internals Changeout, a once-per-decade maintenance effort on the ATR that will be completed in FY 2022.
- Safely shipped and received six Naval Reactors program irradiation test trains.
- Suspended Enhanced Lifetime Element fuel development and initiated new fuel concept development.

#### Naval Reactors S8G Prototype Refueling

#### Description

The land-based prototype located at the Kesselring Site in West Milton, New York serves as a critical operating reactor to demonstrate technology advancements for fleet application. The land-based prototype requires a refueling overhaul, which began in FY 2018. Originally built as a prototype for the *Ohio*-class submarine propulsion plant, this testing platform has been integral to the development of technologies used for the *Virginia* Class and *Seawolf* Class, which have resulted in improved performance and reliability while reducing lifecycle costs. Continued operation of this land-based prototype and development of advanced core technology will enable extended core lifetimes, more efficient use of nuclear fuel, greater compactness, and cross-platform adaptability. By constructing the replacement Technology Demonstration Core (TDC) for the prototype with technologies planned for the *Columbia* Class, technical, cost, and schedule risks to the ship construction program will be mitigated. The manufacturing development, technology demonstration, and new core technologies development began in FY 2010.

Overhaul of reactor and steam plant systems will be performed in conjunction with the land-based prototype refueling overhaul. System overhaul includes the required preventative and corrective maintenance to support subsequent plant operations. In addition, establishing critical site infrastructure to support the Land-based Prototype Refueling Overhaul is required to enable safe and efficient execution of the overhaul.

The land-based prototype reactor plant provides a cost-effective test and evaluation platform, for new technologies, materials, and components before they are introduced to the fleet, and a vital training platform for reactor plant operators. To preserve this critical research and development asset for the long-term and to achieve a life-of-ship core for the *Columbia* Class, the refueling overhaul execution effort will be completed in FY 2023 to support operator training and proof-of-concept for the *Columbia* Class core. Naval Reactors requests \$20,000,000 for this effort in FY 2023.

#### Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget Request

The decrease of \$115,000,000 is consistent with the project's revised funding profile and supports refueling overhaul execution and completion in early FY 2023.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

- Completed removal of spent nuclear fuel.
- Completed engineering assessments supporting plant modifications.

#### Naval Reactors Columbia-class Reactor Systems Development

#### Description

*Ohio*-class ballistic missile submarines (SSBNs) have been the backbone of the Nation's sea-based strategic deterrent since the early 1980s. Recapitalization of this strategic asset is required as the *Ohio* Class retires. With the *Columbia* Class, the Navy plans to maintain its sea-based strategic deterrent force with a class of 12 ships, two fewer than today's *Ohio* Class, due in part to a life-of-ship-core. This new life-of-ship core will eliminate the need for mid-life reactor refuelings, overhauls that are an over-three-year evolution during which the ship is unavailable for service. By increasing class operational availability, development of a new reactor plant for the *Columbia* Class will permit 12 *Columbia*-class submarines to do the work of 14 *Ohio*-class submarines—an operational and sustainment savings of over \$40 billion over the life of the class.

Research, development, and design for the *Columbia*-class SSBN began in FY 2010. The new design will leverage *Virginia*class technology, as well as manufacturing development and demonstration efforts being performed as part of the landbased S8G Prototype Refueling Overhaul program. NR must design a new reactor plant to meet the Navy's required capabilities, maximize operational availability, and reduce acquisition and lifecycle costs. The DOE reactor plant design and development work for the *Columbia* will continue in FY 2023 and beyond to include oversight of the manufacture of lead ship reactor plant components including the core, and conduct the requisite safety analysis for the lead ship reactor plant.

Work to support the *Columbia*-class SSBN is tightly synchronized with Navy-funded propulsion plant work. The DOE-funded design work includes reactor plant component design and development, core design analysis and manufacturing development, reactor plant instrumentation and control design and development, reactor plant configuration, reactor systems development and integration, and reactor performance, analysis, and validation. Lead submarine construction began in FY 2021. NR requests \$53,900,000 for this effort in FY 2023.

#### Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget Request

The decrease of \$10,800,000 is consistent with the project's planned funding profile and supports FY 2023 production, oversight analysis, and testing execution.

#### Naval Reactors Program Direction

#### Description

Due to the essential nature of nuclear reactor work, Naval Reactors provides centrally controlled, technical management of program operations. Federal employees directly oversee and set policies and procedures for developing new reactor plants, operating existing reactor plants, facilities supporting these plants, contractors, and the Bettis and Knolls Atomic Power Laboratories. In addition, these employees interface with other DOE offices and local, state, and Federal regulatory agencies.

Naval Reactors' Federal employees are typically recruited from a community of highly trained military engineers who have completed a rigorous five-year on-the-job training program unique to Naval Reactors. This training program has groomed engineers with skill sets far beyond that of nuclear engineers found in the commercial and Federal sectors.

Travel funds are used to perform oversight activities of facilities located worldwide that require comprehensive audits and in-person visits to ensure compliance and safety. Additionally, Naval Reactors Representative positions at the field sites (to include locations in the United Kingdom, Japan, Hawaii, and the continental United States) rotate periodically due to retirements, attrition, and succession planning.

Other Related Expenses includes the maintenance of Naval Reactors' IT hardware, engineering software, working capital funding, and related licenses supporting mission-essential technical work. Additionally, these funds will support planned upgrades and maintenance of video teleconferencing equipment, security investigations of Federal personnel, and training requirements.

#### Highlights and Major Changes in the FY 2023 Budget Request

The increase for the Naval Reactors Program Direction budget includes general increases for personnel and pay related costs and IT hardware and maintenance. Additionally, NR will continue to reshape the workforce to manage knowledge transfer to ensure the accomplishment of the NR mission.

#### FY 2024-FY 2027 Key Milestones

• NR plans to continue developing its highly technical workforce to ensure the NR mission is preserved well into the future.

#### FY 2021 Accomplishments

 Provided for all facets of administrative control and oversight of the Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program ("Naval Reactors"), including developing and overseeing substantial modifications and improvements to management and work policies necessitated by the COVID-19 pandemic.

# Naval Reactors Program Direction Funding

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Naval Reactors							
Headquarters							
Salaries and Benefits	27,877	27,877	31,034	+3,158	11.3%		
Travel	480	480	470	-10	-2.1%		
Other Related Expenses	2,663	2,663	3,611	+947	35.6%		
Total, Headquarters	31,020	31,020	35,115	+4,095	13.2%		
Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office							
Salaries and Benefits	18,584	18,584	20,690	+2,105	11.3%		
Travel	320	320	313	-7	-2.1%		
Other Related Expenses	1,776	1,776	2,407	+632	35.6%		
Total, Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office	20,680	20,680	23,410	+2,730	13.2%		
Total Program Direction							
Salaries and Benefits	46,461	46,461	51,724	+5,263	11.3%		
Travel	800	800	783	-17	-2.1%		
Other Related Expenses	4,439	4,439	6,018	+1,579	35.6%		
Total, Program Direction	51,700	51,700	58,525	+6,825	13.2%		
Planned FTEs	246	246	246	246	246		

# Naval Reactors Outyears Program Direction

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request			
Naval Reactors							
Headquarters							
Salaries and Benefits	31,270	32,128	33,011	34,818			
Travel	481	491	502	513			
Other Related Expenses	3,973	4,354	4,755	5,356			
Total, Headquarters	35,723	36,973	38,267	40,687			
Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office							
Salaries and Benefits	20,846	21,419	22,007	23,212			
Travel	320	327	334	342			
Other Related Expenses	2,648	2,903	3,170	3,570			
Total, Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office	23,815	24,649	25,512	27,124			
Total Program Direction							
Salaries and Benefits	52,116	53,547	55,018	58,030			
Travel	801	818	836	855			
Other Related Expenses	6,621	7,257	7,925	8,926			
Total, Program Direction	59,538	61,622	63,779	67,811			
Planned FTEs	246	246	246	252			

# Naval Reactors Program Direction - Other Related Expenses

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2023 Request vs	FY 2023 Request vs		
Other Related Expenses	Enacted	AnnualizedCR	Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)		
Transportation	674	674	606	-68	-10.1%		
Communications, Utilities and Miscellaneous Charges	359	359	320	-39	-10.9%		
Other Services from Federal Sources	588	588	866	+278	47.3%		
Advisory and Assistance Services	166	166	175	+9	5.4%		
Operation and Maintenance of Facilities	259	259	388	+129	49.8%		
Operations and Maintenance of Equipment	631	631	856	+225	35.7%		
Supplies and Materials	262	262	480	+218	83.2%		
Equipment	751	751	1,878	+1,127	150.1%		
Working Capital Fund	749	749	449	-300	-40.1%		
Total, Other Related Expenses	4,439	4,439	6,018	+1,579	35.6%		

#### Outyears Program Direction - Other Related Expenses

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
Other Related Expenses	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request			
Transportation	667	731	798	899			
Communications, Utilities and Miscellaneous Charges	351	386	421	474			
Other Services from Federal Sources	953	1,044	1,140	1,284			
Advisory and Assistance Services	193	211	231	260			
Operation and Maintenance of Facilities	427	468	511	576			
Operations and Maintenance of Equipment	942	1,032	1,127	1,270			
Supplies and Materials	528	578	632	711			
Equipment	2,066	2,265	2,474	2,786			
Working Capital Fund	494	542	591	666			
Total, Other Related Expenses	6,621	7,257	7,925	8,926			

	Activities and Explanation of Changes	
FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	Explanation of Changes FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted
Salaries and Benefits \$46,461,000	Salaries and Benefits \$51,724,000	Salaries and Benefits +\$5,263,000
• (U) Federal salaries and benefits for employees that directly oversee and set policies and procedures for developing new reactor plants, operating existing reactor plants, facilities supporting these plants, contractors, and the Bettis and Knolls Atomic Power Laboratories.	• (U) Federal salaries and benefits for employees that directly oversee and set policies and procedures for developing new reactor plants, operating existing reactor plants, facilities supporting these plants, contractors, and the Bettis and Knolls Atomic Power Laboratories.	<ul> <li>(U) Reflects an increase for personnel and pay related costs as well as anticipated costs of benefits.</li> </ul>
Travel \$800,000	Travel \$783,000	Travel -\$17,000
<ul> <li>Perform oversight activities of facilities located worldwide that require comprehensive audits and in-person visits to ensure compliance and safety.</li> <li>Rotation of Naval Reactors Representatives at the field sites (U.K., Japan, Hawaii, and the continental United States) due to retirement, attrition, and succession planning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Performed oversight activities of facilities located worldwide that require comprehensive audits and in-person visits to ensure compliance and safety.</li> <li>Rotation of Naval Reactors Representatives at the field sites (U.K., Japan, Hawaii, and the continental United States) due to retirement, attrition, and succession planning.</li> </ul>	Decrease reflects expected reduction in travel requirement to execute oversight activities.
Other Related Expenses \$4,439,000	Other Related Expenses \$6,018,000	Other Related Expenses +\$1,579,000
<ul> <li>Maintenance of Naval Reactors' IT hardware, engineering software, and related licenses supporting mission essential technical work.</li> <li>Support planned upgrades and maintenance of video teleconferencing equipment, security investigation of Federal personnel, and training requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintenance of Naval Reactors' IT hardware, engineering software, and related licenses supporting mission essential technical work.</li> <li>Supported planned upgrades and maintenance of video teleconferencing equipment, security investigation of Federal personnel, and training requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase supports IT and maintenance operations.</li> </ul>

Program Direction

# Naval Reactors

# Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of						
Equipment (MIE))						
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	1,000	7,000	41,600	+40,600
Minor Construction	N/A	N/A	41,405	36,600	49,520	+8,115
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	N/A	N/A	42,405	43,600	91,120	+48,715
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	1,000	1,500	12,700	+11,700
High Performance Computer (2022 Buy)	5,500	0	0	5,500	0	0
High Performance Computer (2023 Buy)	5,500	0	0	0	5,500	+5,500
High Performance Computer (2024 Buy)	5,500	0	0	0	0	0
High Performance Computer (2025 Buy)	5,500	0	0	0	0	0
High Performance Computer (2026 Buy)	5,500	0	0	0	0	0
High Performance Computer (2027 Buy)	5,500	0	0	0	0	0
RML High Radiation Scanning Electron Microscope Replacement	5,000	0	0	0	5,000	+5,000
E1 Crane Replacement, Extended Core Facility (ECF)	7,000	0	0	0	7,000	+7,000
E4 Crane Replacement, Extended Core Facility (ECF)	7,000	0	0	0	7,000	+7,000
TH1 Test Loop, BL	23,600	0	0	0	4,400	+4,400
M-140 Cranes, Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility	14,100	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	N/A	N/A	1,000	7,000	41,600	+40,600

# Naval Reactors Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2021 Enacted (\$)
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)						
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	N/A	N/A	6,405	3,944	4,111	-2,294
BL AMTL Upgrade EMTF Infrastructure	7,900	3,580	0	560	3,760	+3,760
BL A7 Office Building	19,000	0	0	19,000	0	0
BL Simulation Development Laboratory and BRES	19,000	0	0	0	19,000	+19,000
BL SVTF/FSVTL	14,600	0	0	0	0	0
BL Craft Facility	19,807		0	0	0	0
BL Warehouse Upgrade	8,079	0	0	0	480	+480
KL Legacy Eliminating Office Building	19,000	0	19,000	0	0	-19,000
KL 002 Outfall	7,600	0	0	0	800	+800
KL Radio Upgrade	17,800	0	0	1,000	0	0
KL Data Center Power and Capacity Upgrades	12,911	0	0	1,259	11,652	+11,652
KL RML HVAC Upgrade	12,261	1,945	0	0	0	0
KL RML Building Envelope	6,939	0	0	0	630	+630
KS Storm Water Upgrades	5,207	0	0	0	650	+650
KS Radio Upgrade	17,678	0	0	0	1,603	+1,603
KS CAS Relocation	6,100	445	300	0	5,355	+5,055
KS High Yard 30 Upgrade	11,460	623	0	10,837	0	0
NRF D&D Supporting Infrastructure	15,700	0	15,700	0	0	-15,700
NRF ECF Electric Heat Conversion	13,500	0	0	0	1,000	+1,000
NRF Transporter Path	6,745	0	0	0	479	+479
NRF Integrated Electric Heat Conversion	13,500	0	0	0	0	0
NRF M140 Unloading Station	15,400	0	0	0	0	0
NRF Office Building #3	19,000	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Minor Construction Projects	N/A	N/A	41,405	36,600	49,520	+8,115
Total, Capital Summary	N/A	N/A	42,405	43,600	91,120	+48,715

# Naval Reactors Outyears Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears	
Capital Operating Expenses Summary (including (Major Items of Equipment (MIE))	<u> </u>				J	
Capital Equipment >\$500K (including MIE)	18,600	29,800	14,000	12,600	N/A	
Minor Construction	49,843	71,826	63,044	68,170	N/A	
Total, Capital Operating Expenses	68,443	101,626	77,044	80,770	N/A	
Capital Equipment > \$500K (including MIE)						
Total Non-MIE Capital Equipment (>\$500K and <\$5M)	7,300	5,800	6,600	0	N/A	
High Performance Computer (2024 Buy)	5,500	0	0	0	0	
High Performance Computer (2025 Buy)	0	5,500	0	0	0	
High Performance Computer (2026 Buy)	0	0	5,500	0	0	
High Performance Computer (2027 Buy)	0	0	0	5,500	0	
TH1 Test Loop, BL	5,800	4,400	1,900	7,100	0	
M-140 Cranes	0	14,100	0	0	0	
Total, Capital Equipment (including MIE)	18,600	29,800	14,000	12,600	N/A	

# Naval Reactors Outyears Capital Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	FY 2024 Request	FY 2025 Request	FY 2026 Request	FY 2027 Request	Outyears	
Minor Construction Projects (Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	<b></b>				,	
Total Minor Construction Projects (TEC <\$5M)	9,844	10,660	26,180	36,670	N/A	
BL SVTF/FSVTL	14,600	0	0	0	0	
BL Craft Facility	0	0	19,807	0	0	
BL Warehouse Upgrade	7,599	0	0	0	0	
KL 002 Outfall	0	6,800	0	0	0	
KL Radio Upgrade	16,800	0	0	0	0	
KL RML HVAC Upgrade	0	10,316	0	0	0	
KL RML Building Envelope	0	6,309	0	0	0	
KS Storm Water Upgrades	0	0	4,557			
KS Radio Upgrade	0	16,075	0	0	0	
NRF ECF Electric Heat Conversion	0	0	12,500	0	0	
NRF Transporter Path	0	6,266	0	0	0	
NRF Integrated ECF Electric Heat Conversion	1,000	0	0	12,500	0	
NRF M140 Unloading Station	0	15,400	0	0	0	
NRF Office Building #3	0	0	0	19,000	0	
Total, Minor Construction Projects	49,843	71,826	63,044	68,170	N/A	
Total, Capital Summary	68,343	101,626	77,044	80,770	N/A	

# Naval Reactors Construction Projects Summary

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	Total	Prior Years	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Enacted	FY 2023 Request	FY 2023 Request vs FY 2022 Enacted (\$)
26-D-XXX East Side Office Building						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	62,851	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	1,489	0	0	598	125	-473
TPC, 26-D-XXX East Side Office Building	64,340	0	0	598	125	-473
25-D-XXX Naval Examination Acquisition Project						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	TBD	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	TBD	18,100	11,200	15,100	23,300	+8,200
TPC, 23-D-XXX Naval Examination Acquisition Project	TBD ^a	18,100	11,200	15,100	23,300	+8,200
24-D-XXX KL Central Chiller and Piping						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	69,800	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	2,351	0	50	505	61	-444
TPC, 24-D-XXX KL Central Chiller and Piping	72,151	0	50	505	61	-444
24-D-XXX NRF Medical Science Complex						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	33,200	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	2,631	1,466	108	108	176	+68
TPC, 24-D-XXX NRF Medical Science Complex	35,831	1,466	108	108	176	+68
24-D-XXX NRF South and West Boundary						
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	39,700	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	3,114	0	0	1,500	790	-710
TPC, 24-D-XXX NRF South and West Boundary	42,814	0	0	1,500	790	-710

^a Critical Decision (CD)-0, Mission Need, was approved on January 3, 2018 with a total project cost range of \$500,000K to \$1,266,000K (FY18 dollars), which is based on a rough-order of magnitude estimate.

# Naval Reactors

#### 23-D-533 BL Component Test Complex

Total Project Cost (TPC) All Construction Projects	TBD	1,124,614	346,312	466,360	481,300	+14,940
Other Project Cost (OPC)	198,197	198,314	12,312	19,640	26,035	+6,395
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	2,569,391	926,300	334,000	446,720	455,265	+8,545
Total All Construction Projects						
TPC, 14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project ^{ab}	2,333,000	1,100,300	330,000	400,000	397,845	-2,155
Other Project Cost (OPC)	174,000	174,000	0	0	0	0
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	2,159,000	926,300	330,000	400,000	397,845	-2,155
14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project						
TPC, 21-D-530, KL Steam and Condensate Upgrades	62,500	543	4,275	635	405	-230
Other Project Cost (OPC)	3,500	543	275	635	405	-230
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	59,000	0	4,000	0	0	0
21-D-530, KL Steam and Condensate Upgrades						
TPC, 22-D-531, KL Chemistry and Radiological Health Building	45,870	783	170	42,608	80	-42,528
Other Project Cost (OPC)	4,250	783	170	988	80	-908
22-D-531, KL Chemistry and Radiological Health Building Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	41,620	0	0	41,620	0	-41,620
TPC, 22-D-532, KL Security Upgrades	48,836	240	9	5,236	44	-5,192
Other Project Cost (OPC)	2,036	240	9	136	44	-92
22-D-532, KL Security Upgrades Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	46,800	0	0	5,100	0	-5,100
TPC, 23-D-533 BL Component Test Complex	62,246	3,182	500	70	58,474	+58,40
Other Project Cost (OPC)	4,826	3,182	500	70	1,054	+98
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	57,420	0	0	0	57,420	+57,42

^a The Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriation Act, 2015 provided funding for Other Project Costs (OPC) within project funds beginning in FY 2015. All prior year funding was OPC.

# **Naval Reactors**

^b The total amount of the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project entries is \$2,384,295, but the total is stated as \$2,333,000, consistent with the most recent performance baseline. This difference stems from the FY 2022 Enacted amount of \$400,000 compared to the FY 2022 Request of \$348,705.

# **Outyears Construction Summary**

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears to
	Request	Request	Request	Request	Completion
26-D-XXX East Side Office Building					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	0	62,851	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	98	18	530	0	120
TPC, 26-D-XXX East Side Office Building	98	18	63,381	0	120
25-D-XXX Naval Examination Acquisition Project					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	60,000	85,000	110,000	TBD
Other Project Cost (OPC)	29,100	32,400	10,200	14,300	TBD
TPC, 23-D-XXX Naval Examination Acquisition Project	29,100	92,400	95,200	124,300	TBD
24-D-XXX KL Central Chiller and Piping					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	4,000	0	0	65 <i>,</i> 800	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	55	720	100	530	330
TPC, 24-D-XXX KL Central Chiller and Piping	4,055	720	100	66,330	330
24-D-XXX NRF Medical Science Complex					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	33,200	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	143	180	200	233	17
TPC, 24-D-XXX NRF Medical Science Complex	33,343	180	200	233	17
24-D-XXX NRF South and West Boundary					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	3,300	0	0	36,400	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	147	0	0	0	677
TPC, 24-D-XXX NRF South and West Boundary	3,447	0	0	36,400	677
23-D-533 BL Component Test Complex					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	0	0	12	8	0
TPC, 23-D-533 BL Component Test Complex	0	0	12	8	0

22-D-532, KL Security Upgrades					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	41,700	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	237	595	95	47	633
TPC, 22-D-532, KL Security Upgrades	237	42,295	95	47	633
22-D-531, KL Chemistry and Radiological Health Building					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	0	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	1,990	239	0	0	0
TPC, 22-D-531, KL Chemistry and Radiological Health Building	1,990	239	0	0	0
21-D-530, KL Steam and Condensate Upgrades					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	55,000	0	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	740	617	285	0	0
TPC, 21-D-530, KL Steam and Condensate Upgrades	55,740	617	285	0	0
14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project					
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)	139,250	16,900	0	0	0
Other Project Cost (OPC)	0	0	0	0	0
TPC, 21-D-512, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project	139,250	16,900	0	0	0
Total All Construction Projects					
TEC	234,750	118,600	147,851	212,200	0
OPC	32,510	34,769	11,422	15,118	TBD
TPC All Construction Projects	267,260	153,369	159,273	227,318	TBD

#### 22-D-532, KL Security Upgrades

#### **Research and Development**

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-11, "Preparation, Submission, and Execution of the Budget," requires the reporting of research and development (R&D) data. Consistent with this requirement, Naval Reactors R&D activities funded by NNSA are displayed below.

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
	FY 2021	FY 2022		FY 2023 Request vs	FY 2023 Request vs			
	Enacted	Annualized CR	FY 2023 Request	FY 2021 Enacted (\$)	FY 2021 Enacted (%)			
<b>Research and Deve</b>	lopment (R&D)							
Basic	0	0	0	+0	0%			
Applied	0	0	0	+0	0%			
Development	1,140,270	1,140,270	1,312,770	+172,500	15%			
Subtotal, R&D	1,140,270	1,140,270	1,312,770	+172,500	15%			
Equipment	1,000	1,000	25,100	+24,100	2410%			
Construction	330,000	330,000	455,265	+125,265	38%			
Total, R&D	1,471,270	1,471,270	1,793,135	+321,865	22%			

#### 23-D-533, Component Test Complex (CTC) Project Bettis Laboratory Site (BLS), West Mifflin, PA Project is for Design and Construction

# 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

# <u>Summary</u>

The FY 2023 Request for 23-D-533, Component Test Complex (CTC), is \$57,420K for Total Estimated Cost (TEC) activities. The Total Project Cost (TPC) is \$62,246K, approved at Critical Decision (CD) CD-3 on February 9, 2022, with a CD-4 of 4Q FY 2027.

A Federal Project Director at the appropriate level has been assigned to this project.

# Significant Changes

This project is a new start in FY2023. The Original Validated Baseline was approved in 2019. Since then, this project incurred a two-year delay as part of NR's FY 2021 efforts to prioritize other major projects. Additionally, following a performance baseline revision, the scope was updated to include consolidation of all Program large-scale thermal and hydraulic testing operations/facilities in the CTC, allowing the retiring of redundant facilities that are no longer required to satisfy long-term Program mission needs.

# **Critical Milestone History**

#### Fiscal Quarter or Date

		Conceptual Design			Final Design		D&D	
<b>Fiscal Year</b>	CD-0	Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Complete	CD-3	Complete	CD-4
FY 2023	7/31/2014	11/30/2017	12/5/2017	7/19/2019	3Q FY2024	2/9/2022	N/A	4Q FY2027

CD-0 – Approve Mission Need for a construction project with a conceptual scope and cost range

Conceptual Design Complete - Actual date the conceptual design was completed

CD-1 – Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Estimated/Actual date the project design will be/was complete/d

**CD-3** – Approve Start of Construction

D&D Complete – Completion of D&D work

**CD-4** – Approve Start of Operations or Project Completion

# Project Cost History

(Dollars in Thousands)							
	TEC,	TEC,		OPC Except			
Fiscal Year	Design ^a	Construction	TEC, Total	D&D	OPC, D&D	OPC, Total	TPC
FY 2023	N/A	57,420	57,420	4,826	0	4,826	62,246

# 2. Project Scope and Justification

# <u>Scope</u>

This project will provide a 40,900 square foot consolidated test facility for executing large-scale thermal-hydraulic test programs (a critical technical discipline of the Program) with increased efficiency, greater reliability, and lower operational cost. The project delivers a multi-use complex containing test laboratories and office spaces to support the operating fleet, new reactor and plant features, and new technology development for future applications. This project recapitalizes high usage test facilities that no longer efficiently support the Naval Reactors needs due to their age, design, configuration, and

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^a Design portion of the Design-Build contract is estimated to be approximately \$3.3M of the total TEC.

condition. This project also consolidates all large-scale thermal-hydraulic testing at Bettis, eventually retiring redundant facilities at Knolls that are no longer required to satisfy long-term Program mission needs.

# **Justification**

Many test facilities at Naval Nuclear Laboratory (NNL) sites are in old buildings with aging infrastructure that create obstacles to the quick and efficient execution of contemporary test programs. The services in the facility buildings are old; not well documented; inefficient; and expensive to repair, maintain, and modify. An insufficient number of employee offices are located near the labs they support, resulting in test operations not being as efficient and effective as they could be otherwise. Upon completion, this project will enable the repurposing or inactivation of Bettis building H-2, where the Thermal Hydraulics Laboratory is located, once the test loops and support facilities are moved into the new complex.

# Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs, represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The Objective KPPs represent the desired project performance.

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective
The project shall provide adaptable connection	Tie-in connections every 25 feet with tie-in	No change
points for test support utilities that are regularly	connection defined as a piping branch off the	
spaced throughout the facility to allow for	header, a valve, and aleak-proofpipe or tubing end	
straightforward connection to the testloops that are	(i.e. plug, cap, blind flange, etc.)	
planned to move to the facility (Loop 84, Loop 29,		
Loop T30, Loop 27E, Loop 28, APWR).		
The project shall provide dual electrical power feeds	Primary service will be provided from 13.2 KV loop	No change
to the new facility to support testing operations. In	from BMOSS circuit breakers A18 and B15 through	
the event of an unplanned loss of one of the two	seven (7) loop switches.Each of the seven (7) loop	
power feeds, the system will not provide automatic	switches will be located above the primary	
transfer from onefeed to another, however, it will	disconnect switch of each corresponding pad	
provide the ability to manually switchall facility loads	mounted transformers in the transformer area.	
to the energized feedand to isolate the de-energized		
feed. Additionally, when necessary, the system will		
permit a manual transfer of all the loads to a single		
feed (without interruption) when preparing for		
preventative maintenance and repairs on the other		
feed.		
The project shall provide crane access to Loop 84,	Location shall be such that the entire footprint is	No change
Loop 29, Loop T30, the main high-bay space	within the access area of the 20-ton cranebridge and	
including the truck bay, the laser-testing mezzanine	two 20-ton hooks.	
and the assemblyroom. This will greatly improve the		
lab's ability to move test sections, test loop piping		
and vessels, and other large facility components to		
efficiently assemble test loops and test support		
systems in the new Laboratory.		
The project shall modern, efficiently arranged office	38 office areas	51 office areas
areas in close proximity to the test lab. These office		
spaces will provide optimized work areas for test		
sponsor engineers, engineers that design and		
construct the test systems, engineers that oversee		
testing operations, other support personnel, and the		
respective managers for each of these groups.		

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective
The project shall provide industrial lab support	All rooms shall be provided per PSrequirements.	No change
spaces (chemistry lab, data lab, electronics lab,		
assembly room, control room, meeting rooms,		
locker rooms, break room) necessary to support		
efficient laboratory operations.		
	All specific requirementsfor DC power system must	No change
rectifiers and a patch panel distribution system to	be met.	
provide uniform DC power for test section heating		
for thermal hydraulic testing. The patch panel will		
provide the ability to connect any of the rectifiers to		
any of the test loops in the lab that utilize DC power		
The project shall provide an Uninterruptable Power		No change
Supply (UPS) system capable of supporting electrical	-	
loads associated with process control systems (PCS)	power system.	
and data acquisition systems (DAS). Associated loads		
will typically include servers, switches, computers,		
and displays, as well as control and acquisition		
hardware components.		

# 3. Financial Schedule

	Dollars in Thousands		
	Budget Authority (Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)		Obligations	COSIS
Total, Design	N/A ^b	N/A	N/A
Construction	N/A	NA	N/A
	F7 420	57.420	F 20
FY 2023 FY 2024	<u> </u>	57,420	520
		0	2,652
FY 2025	0	0	21,814
FY 2026	0	0	30,624
FY 2027	0	0	1,810
Total, Construction	57,420	57,420	57,420
Total Estimated Costs			
FY 2023	57,420	57,420	520
FY 2024	0	0	2,652
FY 2025	0	0	21,814
FY 2026	0	0	30,624
FY 2027	0	0	1,810
Total, TEC	57,420	57,420	57,420
Other Project Cost (OPC)			
OPC, except D&D			
FY 2015	446	446	379
FY 2016	424	424	465
FY 2017	762	762	762
FY 2018	430	430	455
FY 2019	1,032	1,032	1,032
FY 2020	88	88	88
FY 2021	500	500	465
FY 2022	70	70	68
FY 2023	1,054	1,054	496
FY 2024	0	0	300
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	12	12	301
FY 2027	8	8	15
Total OPC, except D&D	4,826	4,826	4,826
OPC, D&D			
Total OPC, D&D	0	0	0

 $^{^{\}rm b}$  Design portion of the Design-Build contract is estimated to be approximately \$3.3M of the total TEC.

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	Budget Authority	Obligations	Casta
Total Other Project Costs	(Appropriations)	Obligations	Costs
FY 2015	446	446	379
FY 2016	424	424	465
FY 2017	762	762	762
FY 2018	430	430	455
FY 2019	1,032	1,032	1,032
FY 2020	88	88	88
FY 2021	500	500	465
FY 2022	70	70	68
FY 2023	1,054	1,054	496
FY 2024	0	0	300
FY 2025	0	0	0
FY 2026	12	12	301
FY 2027	8	8	15
Total, OPC	4,826	4,826	4,826
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
FY 2015	446	446	379
FY 2016	424	424	465
FY 2017	762	762	762
FY 2018	430	430	455
FY 2019	1,032	1,032	1,032
FY 2020	88	88	88
FY 2021	500	500	465
FY 2022	70	70	68
FY 2023	58,474	58,474	1,016
FY 2024	0	0	2,952
FY 2025	0	0	21,814
FY 2026	12	12	30,925
FY 2027	8	8	1,825
Grand Total	62,246	62,246	62,246

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

# **Overall Project**

Overall Project	(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)			
	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Original Validated Baseline ^c	
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)				
Design				
Total, Design ^d	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Construction				
Construction	48,118	N/A	34,800	
<b>Construction Support</b>	2,944	N/A	2,200	
Equipment	28	N/A	65	
Contingency	6,330	N/A	7,235	
Total, Construction	57,420	N/A	44,300	
Total Estimated Cost	57,420	N/A	44,300	
Contingency, TEC	6,330	N/A	7,235	
Other Project Cost (OPC)				
OPC except D&D				
Pre-Conceptual Design	743	N/A	743	
Conceptual Design	1,100	N/A	1,100	
Performance Specification	983	N/A	1,000	
Other OPC Costs	2,000	N/A	4,380	
Contingency	0	N/A	0	
Total, OPC	4,826	N/A	7,223	
Contingency, OPC	0	N/A	0	
Total Project Cost	62,246	N/A	51,523	
Total Contingency (TEC+OPC)	6,330	N/A	7,235	

^d Design portion of the Design-Build contract is estimated to be approximately \$3.3M of the total TEC.

Naval Reactors/Construction

23-D-533, Component Test Complex Project

^c The Original Validated Baseline was approved in 2019. Since then, this project incurred a two-year delay as part of NR's FY2021 prioritization efforts to finance other major projects. Additionally, the scope was updated to include consolidation of all Program large-scale thermal and hydraulic testing operations/facilities in the CTC, allowing the retiring of redundant facilities that are no longer required to satisfy long-term Program mission needs.

## 5. Schedule of Appropriations Requests

Request Year	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Outyears	Total
	TEC	0	0	0	57,420	0	0	0	0	0	57,420
FY 2023	OPC	3,182	500	70	1,054	0	0	12	8	0	4,826
	TPC	3,182	500	70	58,474	0	0	12	8	0	62,246

(Dollars in Thousands

# 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation or Beneficial Occupancy
Expected Useful Life
Expected Future Start of D&D of this Capital Asset

4Q FY2026 50 years 1Q FY2076

# Related FundingRequirements

(Budget Authority in Millions of Dollars)							
	Ann	ual Costs	Life Cycle Costs				
	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate	Previous Total Estimate	Current Total Estimate			
Operations and							
Maintenance	1.1	1.1	55.0	55.0			

## 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed is replacing existing facilities, however, the costs of D&D of the existing facilities that are being replaced are not included in the costs of this construction project as these are not within the footprint of the construction area.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this project at site	40,900
Area of D&D in this project at site	0
Area at site to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside	39,986
the project including area previously "banked"	
Area of D&D in this project at other sites	0
	914
putside the project including area previously "banked"	
Total area eliminated	40,900

## 8. Acquisition Approach

This project will be executed as a design-build project.

# 14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho Project is for Design and Construction

## 1. Summary, Significant Changes, and Schedule and Cost History

## <u>Summary</u>

The FY 2023 Request for 14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project is \$397,845K of Total Project Cost (TPC) funding. The FY 2023 budget request of \$398M will enable the project to continue permanent construction activities such as erecting the structural steel, placing the water pool concrete, and procuring the utility systems. Further, this budget request supports the project's ability to manage continuation of volatile economic conditions that are expected to impact pricing of remaining subcontracts, in addition to managing execution of challenging construction sequences. Critical Decision (CD)-2/3, Performance Baseline and Start of Permanent Construction, was approved on September 24, 2018 with a total project cost (TPC) of \$1,686,500K and a CD-4 of 3Q FY 2025. On October 31, 2019, a revision to the Performance Baseline was approved with a TPC of \$2,060,000K and a CD-4 date of 3Q FY 2026. On July 13, 2021, a second revision to the Performance Baseline was approved with a TPC of \$2,333,000K and a CD-4 date of 3Q FY 2026.

## **Significant Changes**

This Construction Project Data Sheet (CPDS) is an update of the FY 2022 CPDS and does not include a new start for the budget year.

The impacts from economic conditions on current and future construction subcontracts compounded by efforts to address differing site conditions resulted in a cost increase for the Project in FY 2021. Notably, market conditions influenced by the pandemic tangibly impacted major procurement actions in FY 2021 resulting in costs that exceeded Project estimates. The pandemic also introduced work delays on active construction subcontracts, requiring additional resources to maintain the Project schedule. Considerable uncertainty remains with how the pandemic-influenced market conditions will impact future construction subcontract costs; additional funding is requested to address this uncertainty. In addition, the degree of variability in the bedrock surface revealed upon the completion of mass excavation activities in FY 2020 was higher than predicted by the Project, complicating the turnover of the construction site to a major construction subcontractor and the initial work in the excavation. Actions to recover from the differing site conditions were complicated by the pandemic, the onset of which coincided with the Project's discovery of the site conditions. In response to these challenges, Naval Reactors approved a revision to the Performance Baseline in July 2021 with a TPC of \$2,333,000K. Naval Reactors did not change the CD-4 date of 3Q FY2026 or Project scope with the revision. Consistent with the revision, the CPDS has been updated to reflect the required funding profile through Project Closeout (FY 2027), including the required annual appropriations, obligations, and costs. In addition, the CPDS documents an increase to the Total Estimated Cost for Design to reflect actual design costs incurred through FY 2021 and a re-categorization of ~\$37,000K in costs incurred in FY 2019 from the construction to the design cost category to more accurately reflect the use of these funds for design activities.

A Federal Project Director has been assigned to this project and has approved this CPDS.

## **Critical Milestone History**

#### (Fiscal Quarter or Date)

				(i iseai Quui				
		Conceptual						
		Design			Final Design		D&D	
<b>Fiscal Year</b>	CD-0	Complete	CD-1	CD-2	Complete	CD-3	Complete ^a	CD-4
FY 2014	03/29/2008		1Q FY 2014	3Q FY 2015	4Q FY 2016	4Q FY 2016	N/A	4Q FY 2022
FY 2015	03/29/2008		1Q FY 2014	3Q FY 2015	4Q FY 2016	4Q FY 2016	N/A	4Q FY 2022
FY 2015 Rev ^b	03/29/2008		1Q FY 2015	3Q FY 2017	4Q FY 2018	1Q FY 2018	N/A	4Q FY 2024
FY 2016°	03/29/2008		2Q FY 2015	1Q FY 2018	4Q FY 2019	4Q FY 2018	N/A	3Q FY 2025
FY 2017	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	1Q FY 2018	3Q FY 2020 d	4Q FY 2018	N/A	3Q FY 2025
FY 2018	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	$4QFY2018^{e}$	3Q FY 2020	4Q FY 2018	N/A	3Q FY 2025
FY 2019	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	4Q FY 2018	3Q FY 2020	4Q FY 2018	N/A	3Q FY 2025
FY 2020	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	09/24/2018	3Q FY 2020	09/24/2018	N/A	3Q FY 2025
FY 2021	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	09/24/2018	$2QFY2021^{f}$	09/24/2018	N/A	3Q FY 2026 ^f
FY 2022	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	09/24/2018	03/04/2021	09/24/2018	N/A	3Q FY 2026
FY 2023	03/29/2008	03/19/2015	03/19/2015	09/24/2018	03/04/2021	09/24/2018	N/A	3Q FY 2026

CD-0 – Approve Mission Need

**Conceptual Design Complete** – Actual date the conceptual design was completed

**CD-1** – Approve Alternate Selection and Cost Range

**CD-2** – Approve Performance Baseline

Final Design Complete – Actual date the facility design was completed

CD-3 – Approve Start of Construction/Execution

D&D Complete - Completion of D&D work (see Section 5)

CD-4 – Approve Start of Operations or Project Completion

## (Fiscal Quarter or Date)

Fiscal Year	CD-3A	CD-3B	CD-4A
FY 2017	2Q FY 2017	1Q FY2018	3Q FY 2024
FY 2018	12/7/2016	4Q FY 2017	3Q FY 2024
FY 2019	12/7/2016	6/14/2017	3Q FY 2024
FY 2020	12/7/2016	6/14/2017	3Q FY 2024
FY 2021	12/7/2016	6/14/2017	3Q FY 2025 ^f
FY 2022	12/7/2016	6/14/2017	3Q FY 2025
FY 2023	12/7/2016	6/14/2017	3Q FY 2025
CD-3A – Start	of Long Lead	Material Procu	urement

**CD-3B** – Start of Early Site Preparation

CD-4A – Start of M-290 Shipping Container Unloading Operations

#### Naval Reactors/Construction

14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho

^a D&D is not within the scope of this project.

^b The FY 2015 Revision incorporated the expected impacts of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 funding reductions.

^c The FY 2016 CPDS incorporated the impacts from the FY 2015 delayed appropriation.

^d The FY 2017 CPDS incorporated a phased design.

^e The FY 2018 CPDS revised the CD-2 milestone date to be consistent with revisions to DOE Order 413.3.

^f The FY 2021 CPDS revised the dates for final design complete, CD-4A, and CD-4 to reflect the October 2019 Performance Baseline revision.

## **Project Cost History**

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	TEC,	TEC,	TEC,	OPC,	OPC,	OPC,	
Fiscal Year	Design	Construction	Total	Except D&D	D&D	Total	TPC
FY 2014	369,400	917,100	1,286,500	165,000	N/A	165,000	1,451,500
FY 2015	369,400	917,100	1,286,500	165,000	N/A	165,000	1,451,500
FY 2015 Rev ^a	263,000	1,144,900	1,407,000	178,200	N/A	178,200	1,586,100
FY 2016 ^b	268,800	1,182,100	1,450,900	195,600	N/A	195,600	1,646,500
FY 2017 ^c	239,800	1,232,600	1,472,400	174,100	N/A	174,100	1,646,500
FY 2018	239,800	1,232,600	1,472,400	174,100	N/A	174,100	1,646,500
FY 2019 ^d	306,982	1,165,418	1,472,400	174,100	N/A	174,100	1,646,500
FY 2020 ^e	302,489	1,169,911	1,472,400	174,100	N/A	174,100	1,686,500 ^f
FY 2021 ^g	278,860	1,607,140	1,886,000	174,000	N/A	174,000	2,060,000
FY 2022	276,896	1,609,104	1,886,000	174,000	N/A	174,000	2,060,000
FY 2023 ^h	332,288	1,826,712	2,159,000	174,000	N/A	174,000	2,333,000

#### (Dollars in Thousands)

## 2. Project Scope and Justification

## <u>Scope</u>

The Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project will design and construct a new facility, the Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility, to incorporate the capabilities for naval spent nuclear fuel handling that currently exist in the Expended Core Facility and its support facilities. Additionally, a major portion of this new facility is required to support additional capability, which does not exist in the Expended Core Facility, to handle full-length aircraft carrier naval spent nuclear fuel received in M-290 shipping containers. The Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility footprint will be approximately 213,000 square feet. Of this, approximately 121,000 square feet is required for spent fuel shipping container and dry storage operations, which includes approximately 17,000 square feet for water pool spent fuel preparation and in-process storage. The remainder of the facility, approximately 92,000 square feet, is required for waste management, facility systems operations, staging, and administrative office space. The Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project has completed the final design, site preparation has completed, and permanent construction has begun.

The following represents the general scope of the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project:

- Design and construct a facility and facility systems for naval spent nuclear fuel handling, including the capability to receive, unload, prepare, and package naval spent nuclear fuel.
- Design and construct infrastructure needed to support naval spent nuclear fuel handling operations.
- Design and procure equipment to make the facility ready for use to receive, unload, prepare, and package naval spent nuclear fuel, where appropriate.
- Provide the new capability to unload M-290 spent fuel shipping containers.
- Prepare testing, operating, and preventive maintenance procedures and drawings, where appropriate, for the naval spent nuclear fuel handling process systems, equipment, facilities, and facility systems.
- Develop training programs and conduct personnel training, where appropriate.
- Develop project management procedures and manage Project activities.
- Provide support services needed for the Project.

#### Naval Reactors/Construction

# 14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project,

Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho

^a The FY 2015 Revision incorporated the expected impacts of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 funding reductions.

^b The FY 2016 CPDS incorporated the impacts from the FY 2015 delayed appropriation.

^c Divisions between cost categories were updated based on progression of the Project designs and CD-1 completion.

^d Divisions between cost categories were updated to account for the phased design.

^e Divisions between cost categories were updated based on establishment of the Performance Baseline in September 2018.

^f The total amount of the entries in this row is \$1,646,500, but the total is stated as \$1,686,500 to reflect the TPC that was established with the CD-2/3 Performance Baseline. The additional \$40M was first reflected in the FY 2021 CPDS.

^g The FY 2021 CPDS revised the TEC, OPC, and TPC to reflect the October 2019 Performance Baseline Revision and included the \$40M funding requirement from the initial Performance Baseline that was not reflected in the FY 2020 CPDS.

^h The FY 2023 CPDS revised the TEC, OPC, and TPC to reflect the July 2021 Performance Baseline Revision.

- Manage subcontracts supporting the design and construction.
- Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act.

## **Justification**

The mission of Naval Reactors is to provide the nation with militarily effective nuclear propulsion plants and to ensure their safe, reliable, long-lived, and affordable operation. Naval Reactors maintains total responsibility for all aspects of the U.S. Navy's nuclear propulsion systems, including research, design, construction, testing, operation, maintenance, and disposal. At the end of reactor service life, Naval Reactors transports naval spent nuclear fuel from its origin (e.g., servicing shipyards and naval training platforms) to the Naval Reactors Facility at the Idaho National Laboratory.

The Expended Core Facility, located at the Naval Reactors Facility in Idaho, is the only facility with the capabilities to receive naval spent nuclear fuel shipping containers and process naval spent nuclear fuel. Although the existing Expended Core Facility continues to be maintained and operated in a safe and environmentally responsible manner, the infrastructure is over 60 years old, does not meet current standards (i.e., requirements that were not applicable at the time of construction), and requires recapitalization. The Expended Core Facility is also incapable of receiving full-length aircraft carrier naval spent nuclear fuel, which is required to support aircraft carrier refuelings. The magnitude of required sustainment efforts and incremental infrastructure upgrades within the Expended Core Facility pose substantial risk to the continued preparation of naval spent nuclear fuel for long term storage. Specifically, sustainment efforts could require delays to naval spent nuclear fuel shipping container unloading operations, which would interrupt refueling and defueling schedules for nuclear-powered vessels and would adversely affect the operational availability of the nuclear fleet. If this interruption were to extend over long periods of time, the ability to sustain fleet operations would be impacted, resulting ultimately in a significant decrement to the Navy's responsiveness and agility to fulfill military missions worldwide.

The existing Expended Core Facility at the Naval Reactors Facility in Idaho is a single facility that is approximately 197,000 square feet. However, other facilities at the Naval Reactors Facility support operations within the Expended Core Facility and include additional areas for administrative support and warehouse storage. The Expended Core Facility has two major capabilities: (1) to receive, unload, prepare, and package naval spent nuclear fuel, and (2) to conduct examinations of naval spent nuclear fuel and irradiation test specimens from the Advanced Test Reactor.

Actions necessary to continue Naval Reactors' ability to support naval spent nuclear fuel handling were the subject of an Environmental Impact Statement. The Final Environmental Impact Statement for recapitalization of the infrastructure supporting naval spent nuclear fuel was published on September 30, 2016 and included an assessment of the environmental impacts associated with handling of naval spent nuclear fuel for the following alternatives:

- (1) No Action Alternative Maintain the naval spent nuclear fuel handling capabilities of the existing Expended Core Facility by continuing to use the existing infrastructure while performing corrective maintenance and repairs.
- (2) Overhaul Alternative Recapitalize the naval spent nuclear fuel handling capabilities of the Expended Core Facility by overhauling the existing facility with major refurbishment projects for the infrastructure and water pools.
- (3) New Facility Alternative, including the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project Recapitalize the naval spent nuclear fuel handling capabilities of the Expended Core Facility by constructing and operating a new facility at one of two potential locations at the Naval Reactors Facility in Idaho.

The National Environmental Policy Act Record of Decision, which identified the New Facility Alternative as the preferred method to recapitalize the naval spent nuclear fuel handling capabilities of the Expended Core Facility, was published on December 5, 2016.

Naval Reactors has an equivalency to the project management requirements in DOE Order 413.3, *Program and Project Management for the Acquisition of Capital Assets*. The Project is being conducted in accordance with the Naval Reactors Implementation Bulletin for DOE O 413.3, and appropriate project management requirements have been met.

Prior to CD-2/3 approval, an independent cost estimate was completed by the Department of Defense Office of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation.

Naval Reactors/Construction 14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho

# Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)

The Threshold KPPs represent the minimum acceptable performance that the project must achieve. Achievement of the Threshold KPPs will be a prerequisite for approval of CD-4, Project Completion. The KPPs were formally established as part of the Performance Baseline and approval of CD-2/3.

Performance Measure	Threshold	Objective
Provide the facility (infrastructure) to	An approximately 185,000 square	An approximately 245,000 square
receive, unload, prepare, and package full-	foot facility, which includes an	foot facility, which includes an
length aircraft carrier and submarine naval	approximate 15,000 square foot	approximate 20,000 square foot
spent nuclear fuel.	water pool.	water pool.
Provide equipment to receive and unload	Receive and unload 7 M-290	Receive and unload 9 M-290 and 12
naval spent nuclear fuel.	shipping containers per year.	M-140 shipping containers per year.
	Initially inspect and prepare 62	Initially inspect and prepare 96 full-
Provide equipment to initially inspect and	full-length NIMITZ Class aircraft	length aircraft carrier and 64
prepare naval spent nuclear fuel for	carrier spent nuclear fuel modules	submarine spent nuclear fuel
ultimate disposal.	per year.	modules per year.
Provide equipment to package naval spent	Package 6 naval spent fuel	Package 10 naval spent fuel canisters
nuclear fuel into canisters for dry storage.	canisters per year.	per year.
	Storage for 126 full-length NIMITZ	Storage for 408 aircraft carrier and
Provide equipment to temporarily store	Class aircraft carrier spent nuclear	submarine spent nuclear fuel
naval spent nuclear fuel in the water pool.	fuel modules.	modules.
Provide equipment to manage remote-		
handled low level waste generated from	Package and ship 9 remote-	
receiving, unloading, preparing, and	handled low level waste canisters	Package and ship 20 remote-handled
packaging spent nuclear fuel.	per year.	low level waste canisters per year.

## 3. Project Cost and Schedule

# **Financial Schedule**

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations) ^{ab}	Obligations ^a	Costs
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)			
Design			
FY 2015	N/A	N/A	19,542
FY 2016	N/A	N/A	56,846
FY 2017	N/A	N/A	65,964
FY 2018	N/A	N/A	78,704
FY 2019	N/A	N/A	62,026
FY 2020	N/A	N/A	32,263
FY 2021	N/A	N/A	16,943
Total, Design	N/A	N/A	332,288
Construction			
FY 2017	N/A	N/A	1,867
FY 2018	N/A	N/A	11,530

^a Due to the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015, the TEC and OPC appropriations/obligations for FY 2015 and beyond are combined into the TPC appropriations/obligations.

^b The total amount of the SFHP Project entries is \$2,384,295, but the total is stated as \$2,333,000, consistent with the most recent performance baseline. This difference is reflective of the FY22 Enacted amount of \$400,000 compared to the request of \$348,705.

	Budget Authority		
	(Appropriations) ^{ab}	<b>Obligations</b> ^a	Costs
FY 2019	N/A	N/A	66,979
FY 2020	N/A	N/A	138,986
FY 2021	N/A	N/A	242,454
FY 2022	N/A	N/A	473,945
FY 2023	N/A	N/A	542,387
FY 2024	N/A	N/A	311,589
FY 2025	N/A	, N/A	28,720
FY 2026	N/A	N/A	8,255
Total Construction	N/A	N/A	1,826,712
TEC		.,,	_,===;,===;,==
FY 2015	N/A	N/A	19,542
FY 2016	N/A	N/A	56,846
FY 2017	N/A	N/A	67,831
FY 2018	N/A	N/A	90,234
FY 2019	N/A	N/A	129,005
FY 2020	N/A	N/A	171,249
FY 2021	N/A	N/A	259,397
FY 2022	N/A	N/A	473,945
FY 2023	N/A	N/A	542,387
FY 2024	N/A	N/A	311,589
FY 2025	N/A	, N/A	28,720
FY 2026	N/A	, N/A	8,255
Total, TEC	N/A	N/A	2,159,000
Other Project Cost (OPC)	, ,		, ,
FY 2010	6,600	6,600	6,372
FY 2011	36,100	36,100	31,168
FY 2012	25,200	25,200	29,420
FY 2013	29,000	29,000	27,172
FY 2014	25,400	25,400	28,017
FY 2015	N/A	N/A	8,514
FY 2016	N/A	N/A	1,567
FY 2017	N/A	N/A	1,990
FY 2018	N/A	N/A	3,448
FY 2019	N/A	N/A	2,658
FY 2020	N/A	N/A	3,616
FY 2021	N/A	N/A	2,949
FY 2022	N/A	N/A	5,135
FY 2023	N/A	N/A	6,186
FY 2024	N/A	N/A	5,786
FY 2025	N/A	N/A	4,319
FY 2026	N/A	N/A	4,026
FY 2027	N/A	N/A	1,657
Total, OPC	N/A	N/A	174,000
Total Project Cost (TPC)			
FY 2010	6,600	6,600	6,372
FY 2011	36,100	36,100	31,168
FY 2012	25,200	25,200	29,420

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	Budget		
	Authority		
	(Appropriations) ^{ab}	<b>Obligations</b> ^a	Costs
FY 2013	29,000	29,000	27,172
FY 2014	25,400	25,400	28,017
FY 2015	70,000	70,000	28,056
FY 2016	86,000	86,000	58,413
FY 2017	100,000	100,000	69,821
FY 2018	197,000	197,000	93,682
FY 2019	287,000	287,000	131,663
FY 2020	238,000	238,000	174,865
FY 2021	330,000	330,000	262,346
FY 2022	400,000	348,705	479,080
FY 2023	397,845	397,845	548,573
FY 2024	139,250	139,250	317,375
FY 2025	16,900	16,900	33,039
FY 2026	0	0	12,281
FY 2027	0	0	1,657
Grand Total	2,333,000	2,333,000	2,333,000

# 4. Details of Project Cost Estimate

(Budg	(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)				
	Current Total	Previous Total	Original Validated		
	Estimate	Estimate ^a	Baseline		
Total Estimated Cost (TEC)					
Design					
Design	332,288	275,896	300,789		
Contingency	0	1,000	1,700		
Total, Design	332,288	276,896	302,489		
Construction					
Long Lead Material and Site					
Preparation	57,010	57,010	41,148		
Spent Fuel Handling Equipment	224,354	224,354	215,454		
Facility Construction	1,346,500	1,268,221	845,841		
Contingency	198,848	59,519	107,468		
Total, Construction	1,826,712	1,609,104	1,209,911		
Total Estimated Cost	2,159,000	1,886,000	1,512,400		
Contingency, TEC	198,848	60,519	109,168		
Other Project Cost (OPC)					
Conceptual Planning	37,540	37,540	37,540		
Conceptual Design	99,427	99,427	99,427		
Start-up	20,852	20,852	26,273		
Other (e.g., EIS, Project Reviews)	12,029	12,029	7,301		
Contingency	4,152	4,152	3,559		
Total, OPC	174,000	174,000	174,100		
Contingency, OPC	4,152	4,152	3,559		
Total Project Cost	2,333,000	2,060,000	1,686,500		
Total, Contingency (TEC+OPC)	203,000	64,671	112,727		

^a Previous Total Estimate is from the FY 2022 CPDS.

Naval Reactors/Construction

¹⁴⁻D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project,

Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho

## 5. Schedule of Appropriation Requests

Request YearTypePriorYearsFY 2022FY 2024FY 2025FY 2026FY 20										
FY 2014         IC 5,700         9,300         0         0         0         0         0         1,65,000           FY 2014         TPC         1,339,500         60,000         0         0         0         0         1,451,500           FY 2015         TPC         1,235,800         50,700         0         0         0         0         1,451,500           FY 2015         OPC         155,700         9,300         0         0         0         0         0         1,451,500           FY 2015         OPC         1,391,500         66,000         3,200         19,700         0         0         0         1,451,500           FY 2015         TPC         1,288,100         66,900         33,200         19,700         0         0         1,407,900           FY 2015         TPC         1,438,500         73,600         41,100         29,300         3,600         0         1,85,00         17,80,00           FY 2015         TPC         1,438,500         73,600         44,100         24,500         19,700         0         0         1,450,900           FY 2017         TPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         3,60		Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Total
FY Col         1,391,500         6,000         0         0         0         0         0         1,255,00           FY 2015         TPC         1,331,500         60,000         0         0         0         0         0         1,285,500           FY 2015         OPC         1,557,00         9,300         0         0         0         0         0         1,55,00           FY 2015         TPC         1,391,500         66,000         33,200         19,700         0         0         0         1,473,500           OPC         150,400         66,900         33,200         19,700         0         0         1,473,200           OPC         1,438,500         73,600         41,100         29,300         3,600         0         1,586,100           FY 2016         OPC         1,438,500         73,600         44,00         3,600         4,000         1,95,00         1,586,100           FY 2016         OPC         1,158,200         186,100         54,800         24,500         19,700         0         1,456,500           FY 2017         TPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         3,000         3,800         1,447,400	FY 2014	TEC	1,235,800	50,700	0	0	0	0	0	1,286,500
FY 2015         FO 000000000000000000000000000000000000		OPC	155,700	9,300	0	0	0	0	0	165,000
FY 2015         OPC         155,700         9,300         0         0         0         0         0         0         165,000           FY 2015         OPC         1,391,500         60,000         0         0         0         0         0         1,451,500           FY 2015         OPC         150,400         66,900         33,200         19,700         0         0         0         1,407,900           FY 2015         OPC         150,400         6,700         7,900         9,600         3,600         0         0         1,407,900           FY 2015         OPC         1,543,800         73,600         41,100         29,300         3,600         0         0         1,586,100           FY 2015         OPC         1,155,800         186,100         54,800         24,500         19,700         0         0         1,450,900           FY 2016         OPC         1,58,700         6,900         7,200         8,500         10,300         4,000         0         1,646,500           FY 2017         TPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         23,600         0         1,472,400           FY 2017         OPC		TPC	1,391,500	60,000	0	0	0	0	0	1,451,500
N1-000         0.000         0.000         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1,451,500           FY 2015 Rev         TEC         1,288,100         66,900         33,200         19,700         0         0         0         1,407,900           FY 2015 Rev         TEC         1,50,400         6,700         7,900         9,600         3,600         0         0         1,407,900           TPC         1,438,500         73,600         41,100         29,300         3,600         0         0         1,586,100           FY 2016         TFC         1,165,800         186,100         54,800         24,500         19,700         0         0         1,450,900           FY 2016         OPC         158,700         6,900         7,200         8,500         10,300         4,000         0         1,450,900           FY 2017         OPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         30,000         4,000         0         1,472,400           FY 2017         OPC         1,49,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,474,200           FY 2017         TF	FY 2015	TEC	1,235,800	50,700	0	0	0	0	0	1,286,500
FY 2015         C (1,2),51,000         C (1,2),000         C (1,2),000 <thc (1,2),000<="" th=""> <thc (1,2),000<="" th=""></thc></thc>		OPC	155,700	9,300	0	0	0	0	0	165,000
FY 2015 Rev         Inc.		TPC	1,391,500	60,000	0	0	0	0	0	1,451,500
Rev         DPC         150,400         6,700         7,900         9,000         3,600         0         0         0         178,200           TPC         1,438,500         73,600         41,100         29,300         3,600         0         0         1,58,6100           FY2016         OPC         1,165,800         186,100         54,800         24,500         19,700         0         0         1,450,900           FY2016         OPC         158,700         6,900         7,200         8,500         10,300         4,000         0         1,450,900           FY2017         OPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         30,000         4,000         0         1,646,500           FY2017         OPC         1,49,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,472,400           FY2017         OPC         1,49,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY2018         OPC         1,49,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY2018 <t< td=""><td></td><td>TEC</td><td>1,288,100</td><td>66,900</td><td>33,200</td><td>19,700</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1,407,900</td></t<>		TEC	1,288,100	66,900	33,200	19,700	0	0	0	1,407,900
TPC1,438,50073,60041,10029,3003,600001,586,100FY 2016TC1,165,800186,10054,80024,50019,700001,450,900FY 2016OPC158,7006,9007,2008,50010,3004,00001,646,500TPC1,324,500193,00062,00033,00030,0004,00001,646,500FY 2017OPC1,475,500186,70057,30029,30023,600001,472,400TPC1,325,300193,00061,70032,90029,8003,80001,646,500FY 2018TPC1,189,500186,70043,30029,30023,600001,472,400FY 2018OPC149,8006,30044,003,6006,2003,80001,472,400FY 2018OPC1,49,8006,30047,70032,90029,8003,80001,472,400FY 2019OPC1,339,300193,00047,70032,90029,8003,80001,472,400FY 2019OPCN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/A01,472,400FY 2019OPCN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/A01,472,400FY 2019TPC1,339,300193,00047,70032,90029,8003,80001,646,500FY 2019OPCN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN		OPC	150,400	6,700	7,900	9,600	3,600	0	0	178,200
FY 2016         OPC         158,700         6,900         7,200         8,500         10,300         4,000         0         195,600           FY 2016         OPC         158,700         6,900         7,200         8,500         10,300         4,000         0         195,600           FY 2017         TPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,646,500           FY 2017         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,472,400           FY 2017         OPC         1,325,300         193,000         61,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,472,400           FY 2018         OPC         1,489,500         186,700         43,300         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,472,400           FY 2018         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2018         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500	nev	TPC	1,438,500	73,600	41,100	29,300	3,600	0	0	1,586,100
TPC         1,324,500         193,000         62,000         33,000         30,000         4,000         0         1,646,500           FY2017         TEC         1,175,500         186,700         57,300         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,472,400           FY2017         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         62,000         3,800         0         1,472,400           FY2017         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         62,000         3,800         0         1,472,400           FY2017         OPC         1,325,300         193,000         61,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY2018         OPC         1,49,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,472,400           FY2018         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY2019*         OPC         1,439,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY2019*		TEC	1,165,800	186,100	54,800	24,500	19,700	0	0	1,450,900
FY 2017         TEC         1,175,500         186,700         57,300         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,472,400           FY 2017         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         174,100           TPC         1,325,300         193,000         61,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2018         OPC         1,189,500         186,700         43,300         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,646,500           FY 2018         OPC         1,189,500         186,700         43,300         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,472,400           FY 2018         OPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2019*         TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         1,472,400           FY 2019*         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019*         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A	FY 2016	OPC	158,700	6,900	7,200	8,500	10,300	4,000	0	195,600
FY 2017         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         174,100           TPC         1,325,300         193,000         61,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2018         TEC         1,189,500         186,700         43,300         29,300         23,600         0         0         1,472,400           FY 2018         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2018         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2019         OPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2019         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,646,500           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A <td></td> <td>TPC</td> <td>1,324,500</td> <td>193,000</td> <td>62,000</td> <td>33,000</td> <td>30,000</td> <td>4,000</td> <td>0</td> <td>1,646,500</td>		TPC	1,324,500	193,000	62,000	33,000	30,000	4,000	0	1,646,500
Interview         Interview <thinterview< th="">         Interview         <thinterview< th="">         Interview         Interview</thinterview<></thinterview<>	FY 2017	TEC	1,175,500	186,700	57,300	29,300	23,600	0	0	1,472,400
Inc         Inclusion         Incl		OPC	149,800	6,300	4,400	3,600	6,200	3,800	0	174,100
FY 2018         OPC         149,800         6,300         4,400         3,600         6,200         3,800         0         1,74,100           TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2019 ^a TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,646,500           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,646,500 ^b FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N		TPC	1,325,300	193,000	61,700	32,900	29,800	3,800	0	1,646,500
TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,646,500           FY 2019 ^a TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2020         TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,646,500           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,686,500 ^b FY 2021         TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/		TEC	1,189,500	186,700	43,300	29,300	23,600	0	0	1,472,400
FY 2019 ^a TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,400           TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3800         0         1,646,500           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,74,100           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,646,500           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,646,500 ^b FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,886,000         1,886,000 </td <td>FY 2018</td> <td>OPC</td> <td>149,800</td> <td>6,300</td> <td>4,400</td> <td>3,600</td> <td>6,200</td> <td>3,800</td> <td>0</td> <td>174,100</td>	FY 2018	OPC	149,800	6,300	4,400	3,600	6,200	3,800	0	174,100
FY 2019 ^a OPC         N/A		TPC	1,339,300	193,000	47,700	32,900	29,800	3,800	0	1,646,500
TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3800         0         1,646,500           FY 2020         TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,886,000           FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,74,000		TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	1,472,400
FY 2020         TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,472,000           TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,686,500 ^b FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,74,000	FY 2019ª	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	174,100
FY 2020         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         174,100           TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,686,500 ^b FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,886,000           FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,886,000		TPC	1,339,300	193,000	47,700	32,900	29,800	3800	0	1,646,500
TPC         1,339,300         193,000         47,700         32,900         29,800         3,800         0         1,686,500 ^b FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,886,000	FY 2020	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	1,472,000
TEC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         1,886,000         1,886,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000         1,740,000		OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	174,100
FY 2021         OPC         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         0         174,000		TPC	1,339,300	193,000	47,700	32,900	29,800	3,800	0	1,686,500 ^b
	FY 2021	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	1,886,000
TPC         1,430,300         193,000         64,400         32,900         13,100         3,800         0         2,060,000 ^c		OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	174,000
		TPC	1,430,300	193,000	64,400	32,900	13,100	3,800	0	2,060,000°

⁽Dollars in Thousands)

## Naval Reactors/Construction

14-D-901, Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho

^a Per the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015, the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project Major Construction Project funding includes both Total Estimated Cost and Other Project Cost. For clarity, the FY2019 CPDS was updated to reflect appropriations only at the Total Project Cost level.

^b The total amount of the entries is \$1,646,500, but the total is stated as \$1,686,500 to reflect the TPC that was established with the CD-2/3 Performance Baseline. The additional \$40 million was first reflected in the FY 2021 CPDS.

^c The total amount of the entries is \$1,737,500, but the total is stated as \$2,060,000 to reflect the TPC that was established with the October 2019 Performance Baseline Revision. The FY 2021 appropriation request included requirement updates through FY 2021 only, including the \$40M funding requirement with an additional \$51M requirement to implement the Performance Baseline revision. The FY 2021 appropriation schedule also included a shift of \$16.7M from FY 2025 to FY 2023 from the initial Performance Baseline that was not reflected in the FY 2020 CPDS.

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Request	Туре	Prior Years	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	Total
Year								
FY 2022	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,886,000
	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	174,000
	TPC	1,430,300	348,705	157,845	106,250	16,900	0	2,060,000
FY 2023 ^{ab}	TEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,159,000
	OPC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	174,000
	TPC	1,430,300	400,000	397,845	139,250	16,900	0	2,333,000

(dollars in thousands)

## 6. Related Operations and Maintenance Funding Requirements

Start of Operation of Beneficial Occupancy	4Q FY 2025
Expected Useful Life	40 years
Expected Future Start of D&D	4Q FY 2065

Related FundingRequirements
(Budget Authority in Thousands of Dollars)

	Annual	Costs	Life Cycle Costs				
	Previous Total	Current Total	Previous Total	Current Total			
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate			
Operations and Maintenance	166.4	166.4	6,656	6,656			

## 7. D&D Information

The new area being constructed in this project is replacing existing facilities. However, spent fuel handling operations in the existing Expended Core Facility will overlap with operations in the new Naval Spent Fuel Handling Facility for a period of 5 to 12 years, and examination operations in the existing Expended Core Facility will continue for the foreseeable future; therefore, the costs associated with D&D of the Expended Core Facility are not included in the costs cited for the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project.

	Square Feet
New area being constructed by this Project at the Naval Reactors Facility	213,000
Area of D&D in this Project at the Naval Reactors Facility	0
Area at the Naval Reactors Facility to be transferred, sold, and/or D&D outside the project including area previously "banked"	0
Area of D&D in this Project at other sites	0
Area at other sites to be transferred, sold, and/or D&Doutside the Project including area previously "banked"	0
Total area eliminated	0

^a Consistent with the July 2021 Performance Baseline Revision, the FY 2023 CPDS has been updated to reflect the required funding profile through Project Closeout (FY 2027).

^b The total amount of the SFHP Project entries is \$2,384,295, but the total is stated as \$2,333,000, consistent with the most recent performance baseline. This difference is reflective of the FY 2022 Enacted amount of \$400,000 compared to the request of \$348,705. NNSA will re-evaluate the outyear funding profile for this project as part of the FY 2024 Budget process.

## 8. Acquisition Approach

The integrated Management & Operating (M&O) prime partners will plan and execute the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project in accordance with requirements. Naval spent nuclear fuel handling equipment will be procured through the procurement M&O partners. An Engineering, Procurement, and Construction Management (EPCM) firm was selected as the subcontracting strategy for design and construction management of the facility and facility systems. A 2019 amendment to the EPCM's contract changed the contract type from cost plus fixed fee to cost plus incentive fee, reflecting the maturing design and the improved certainty in Project costs and schedules. Long-lead materials were purchased and site preparation work was performed ahead of CD-2/3.

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

#### SEC. 301.

(a) No appropriation, funds, or authority made available by this title for the Department of Energy shall be used to initiate or resume any program, project, or activity or to prepare or initiate Requests For Proposals or similar arrangements (including Requests for Quotations, Requests for Information, and Funding Opportunity Announcements) for a program, project, or activity if the program, project, or activity has not been funded by Congress.

(b)

(1) Unless the Secretary of Energy notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress at least 3 full business days in advance, none of the funds made available in this title may be used to—

(A) make a grant allocation or discretionary grant award totaling \$1,000,000 or more;
(B) make a discretionary contract award or Other Transaction Agreement totaling
\$1,000,000 or more, including a contract covered by the Federal Acquisition Regulation;
(C) issue a letter of intent to make an allocation, award, or Agreement in excess of the limits in subparagraph (A) or (B); or

(D) announce publicly the intention to make an allocation, award, or Agreement in excess of the limits in subparagraph (A) or (B).

(2) The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress within 15 days of the conclusion of each quarter a report detailing each grant allocation or discretionary grant award totaling less than \$1,000,000 provided during the previous quarter.

(3) The notification required by paragraph (1) and the report required by paragraph (2) shall include the recipient of the award, the amount of the award, the fiscal year for which the funds for the award were appropriated, the account and program, project, or activity from which the funds are being drawn, the title of the award, and a brief description of the activity for which the award is made.

(c) The Department of Energy may not, with respect to any program, project, or activity that uses budget authority made available in this title under the heading "Department of Energy—Energy Programs", enter into a multiyear contract, award a multiyear grant, or enter into a multiyear cooperative agreement unless—

(1) the contract, grant, or cooperative agreement is funded for the full period of performance as anticipated at the time of award; or

(2) the contract, grant, or cooperative agreement includes a clause conditioning the Federal Government's obligation on the availability of future year budget authority and the Secretary notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress at least 3 days in advance.
(d) The amounts made available by this title may be reprogrammed for any program, project, or activity, and the Department shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress at least 30 days prior to the use of any proposed reprogramming that would cause any program, project, or activity funding level to increase or decrease by more than \$5,000,000 or 10 percent, whichever is less, during the time period covered by this Act.

(e) None of the funds provided in this title shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds that—

(1) creates, initiates, or eliminates a program, project, or activity;

(2) increases funds or personnel for any program, project, or activity for which funds are denied or restricted by this Act; or

(3) reduces funds that are directed to be used for a specific program, project, or activity by this Act.

(f)

(1) The Secretary of Energy may waive any requirement or restriction in this section that applies to the use of funds made available for the Department of Energy if compliance with such requirement or restriction would pose a substantial risk to human health, the environment, welfare, or national security.

(2) The Secretary of Energy shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of any waiver under paragraph (1) as soon as practicable, but not later than 3 days after the date of the activity to which a requirement or restriction would otherwise have applied. Such notice shall include an explanation of the substantial risk under paragraph (1) that permitted such waiver.

(g) The unexpended balances of prior appropriations provided for activities in this Act may be available to the same appropriation accounts for such activities established pursuant to this title. Available balances may be merged with funds in the applicable established accounts and thereafter may be accounted for as one fund for the same time period as originally enacted.

SEC. 302. Funds appropriated by this or any other Act, or made available by the transfer of funds in this Act, for intelligence activities are deemed to be specifically authorized by the Congress for purposes of section 504 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3094) during fiscal year 2023 until the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year 2023.

SEC. 303. None of the funds made available in this title shall be used for the construction of facilities classified as high-hazard nuclear facilities under 10 CFR Part 830 unless independent oversight is conducted by the Office of Enterprise Assessments to ensure the project is in compliance with nuclear safety requirements.

SEC. 304. None of the funds made available in this title may be used to approve critical decision–2 or critical decision–3 under Department of Energy Order 413.3B, or any successive departmental guidance, for construction projects where the total project cost exceeds \$100,000,000, until a separate independent cost estimate has been developed for the project for that critical decision.

SEC. 305. Notwithstanding section 161 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6241), upon a determination by the President in this fiscal year that a regional supply shortage of refined petroleum product of significant scope and duration exists, that a severe increase in the price of refined petroleum product will likely result from such shortage, and that a draw down and sale of refined petroleum product would assist directly and significantly in reducing the adverse impact of such shortage, the Secretary of Energy may draw down and sell refined petroleum product from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Proceeds from a sale under this section shall be deposited into the SPR Petroleum Account established in section 167 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6247), and such amounts shall be available for obligation, without fiscal year limitation, consistent with that section.

SEC. 306. Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 40401(a)(2) of Public Law 117–58, paragraph (3) of section 16512(r) of title 42, United States Code, and section (I) of section 17013 of title 42, United States Code, shall not apply for fiscal year 2023.

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